Changes for the Better





Service Handbook

Model

PURY-P200, P250, P300, P350, P400, P450YJM-A PURY-P400, P450, P500, P550, P600, P650, P700, P750, P800, P850, P900YSJM-A(1) PURY-EP200, EP250, EP300, EP350YJM-A PURY-EP400, EP450, EP500, EP550, EP600, EP650, EP700YSJM-A(1)

Safety Precautions

Before installing the unit, thoroughly read the following safety precautions.
Observe these safety precautions for your safety.

This symbol is intended to alert the user to the presence of important instructions that must be followed to avoid the risk of serious injury or death.

This symbol is intended to alert the user to the presence of important instructions that must be followed to avoid the risk of serious injury or damage to the unit.

•After reading this manual, give it to the user to retain for future reference.

•Keep this manual for easy reference. When the unit is moved or repaired, give this manual to those who provide these services.

When the user changes, make sure that the new user receives this manual.

Ask your dealer or a qualified technician to install the unit.

Improper installation by the user may result in water leakage, electric shock, smoke, and/or fire.

Properly install the unit on a surface that can withstand the weight of the unit.

Unit installed on an unstable surface may fall and cause injury.

Only use specified cables. Securely connect each cable so that the terminals do not carry the weight of the cable.

Improperly connected or fixed cables may produce heat and start a fire.

Take appropriate safety measures against strong winds and earthquakes to prevent the unit from falling.

If the unit is not installed properly, the unit may fall and cause serious injury to the person or damage to the unit.

Do not make any modifications or alterations to the unit. Consult your dealer for repair.

Improper repair may result in water leakage, electric shock, smoke, and/or fire.

Do not touch the heat exchanger fins.

The fins are sharp and dangerous.

In the event of a refrigerant leak, thoroughly ventilate the room.

If refrigerant gas leaks and comes in contact with an open flame, poisonous gases will be produced.

When installing the All-Fresh type units, take it into consideration that the outside air may be discharged directly into the room when the thermo is turned off.

Direct exposure to outdoor air may have an adverse effect on health. It may also result in food spoilage.

Properly install the unit according to the instructions in the installation manual.

Improper installation may result in water leakage, electric shock, smoke, and/or fire.

Have all electrical work performed by an authorized electrician according to the local regulations and instructions in this manual, and a dedicated circuit must be used.

Insufficient capacity of the power supply circuit or improper installation may result in malfunctions of the unit, electric shock, smoke, and/or fire.

Securely attach the terminal block cover (panel) to the unit.

If the terminal block cover (panel) is not installed properly, dust and/or water may infiltrate and pose a risk of electric shock, smoke, and/or fire.

Only use the type of refrigerant that is indicated on the unit when installing or reinstalling the unit.

Infiltration of any other type of refrigerant or air into the unit may adversely affect the refrigerant cycle and may cause the pipes to burst or explode.

When installing the unit in a small room, exercise caution and take measures against leaked refrigerant reaching the limiting concentration.

Consult your dealer with any questions regarding limiting concentrations and for precautionary measures before installing the unit. Leaked refrigerant gas exceeding the limiting concentration causes oxygen deficiency.

Consult your dealer or a specialist when moving or reinstalling the unit.

Improper installation may result in water leakage, electric shock, and/or fire.

After completing the service work, check for a gas leak.

If leaked refrigerant is exposed to a heat source, such as a fan heater, stove, or electric grill, poisonous gases may be produced.

Do not try to defeat the safety features of the unit.

Forced operation of the pressure switch or the temperature switch by defeating the safety features of these devices, or the use of accessories other than the ones that are recommended by MITSUBISHI may result in smoke, fire, and/or explosion.

Only use accessories recommended by MITSUBISHI.

Ask a qualified technician to install the unit. Improper installation by the user may result in water leakage, electric shock, smoke, and/or fire.

Control box houses high-voltage parts.

When opening or closing the front panel of the control box, do not let it come into contact with any of the internal components. Before inspecting the inside of the control box, turn off the power, keep the unit off for at least 10 minutes, and confirm that the voltage between FT-P and FT-N on INV Board has dropped to DC20V or less. (It takes about 10 minutes to discharge electricity after the power supply is turned off.)

Precautions for handling units for use with R410A

A CAUTION

Do not use the existing refrigerant piping.

•A large amount of chlorine that is contained in the residual refrigerant and refrigerator oil in the existing piping may cause the refrigerator oil in the new unit to deteriorate. •R410A is a high-pressure refrigerant and can cause the existing pipes to burst.

Use refrigerant pipes made of phosphorus deoxidized copper. Keep the inner and outer surfaces of the pipes clean and free of such contaminants as sulfur, oxides, dust, dirt, shaving particles, oil, and water.

These types of contaminants inside the refrigerant pipes may cause the refrigerant oil to deteriorate.

Store the pipes to be installed indoors, and keep both ends of the pipes sealed until immediately before brazing. (Keep elbows and other joints wrapped in plastic.)

Infiltration of dust, dirt, or water into the refrigerant system may cause the refrigerating machine oil to deteriorate or cause the unit to malfunction.

Use a small amount of ester oil, ether oil, or alkylbenzene to coat flares and flanges.

Infiltration of a large amount of mineral oil may cause the refrigerating machine oil to deteriorate.

Charge liquid refrigerant (as opposed to gaseous refrigerant) into the system.

If gaseous refrigerant is charged into the system, the composition of the refrigerant in the cylinder will change and may result in performance loss.

Use a vacuum pump with a reverse-flow check valve.

If a vacuum pump that is not equipped with a reverse-flow check valve is used, the vacuum pump oil may flow into the refrigerant cycle and cause the refrigerating machine oil to deteriorate.

Prepare tools for exclusive use with R410A. Do not use the following tools if they have been used with the conventional refrigerant (gauge manifold, charging hose, gas leak detector, reverse-flow check valve, refrigerant charge base, vacuum gauge, and refrigerant recovery equipment.).

- •If the refrigerant or the refrigerating machine oil left on these tools are mixed in with R410A, it may cause the refrigerating machine oil to deteriorate.
- •Infiltration of water may cause the refrigerating machine oil to deteriorate.
- •Gas leak detectors for conventional refrigerants will not detect an R410A leak because R410A is free of chlorine.

Do not use a charging cylinder.

If a charging cylinder is used, the composition of the refrigerant will change, and the unit may experience power loss.

Exercise special care when handling the tools for use with R410A.

Infiltration of dust, dirt, or water into the refrigerant system may cause the refrigerating machine oil to deteriorate.

Only use refrigerant R410A.

The use of other types of refrigerant that contain chlorine (i.e. R22) may cause the refrigerating machine oil to deteriorate.

Before installing the unit

🕂 WARNING

Do not install the unit where a gas leak may occur.

If gaseous refrigerant leaks and piles up around the unit, it may be ignited.

Do not use the unit to keep food items, animals, plants, artifacts, or for other special purposes.

The unit is not designed to preserve food products.

Do not use the unit in an unusual environment.

•Do not install the unit where a large amount of oil or steam is present or where acidic or alkaline solutions or chemical sprays are used frequently. Doing so may lead to a remarkable drop in performance, electric shock, malfunctions, smoke, and/or fire.

•The presence of organic solvents or corrosive gas (i.e. ammonia, sulfur compounds, and acid) may cause gas leakage or water leakage.

When installing the unit in a hospital, take appropriate measures to reduce noise interference.

High-frequency medical equipment may interfere with the normal operation of the air conditioner or vice versa.

Do not install the unit on or over things that cannot get wet.

When the humidity level exceeds 80% or if the drainage system is clogged, the indoor unit may drip water. Drain water is also discharged from the outdoor unit. Install a centralized drainage system if necessary.

Before installing the unit (moving and reinstalling the unit) and performing electrical work

Properly ground the unit.

Do not connect the grounding wire to a gas pipe, water pipe, lightning rod, or grounding wire from a telephone pole. Improper grounding may result in electric shock, smoke, fire, and/or malfunction due to noise interference.

Do not put tension on the power supply wires.

If tension is put on the wires, they may break and result in excessive heat, smoke, and/or fire.

Install an earth leakage breaker to avoid the risk of electric shock.

Failure to install an earth leakage breaker may result in electric shock, smoke, and/or fire.

Use the kind of power supply wires that are specified in the installation manual.

The use of wrong kind of power supply wires may result in current leak, electric shock, and/or fire.

Use breakers and fuses (current breaker, remote switch <switch + Type-B fuse>, moulded case circuit breaker) with the proper current capacity.

The use of wrong capacity fuses, steel wires, or copper wires may result in malfunctions, smoke, and/or fire.

Do not spray water on the air conditioner or immerse the air conditioner in water.

Otherwise, electric shock and/or fire may result.

When handling units, always wear protective gloves to protect your hands from metal parts and high-temperature parts.

Periodically check the installation base for damage.

If the unit is left on a damaged platform, it may fall and cause injury.

Properly install the drain pipes according to the instructions in the installation manual. Keep them insulated to avoid dew condensation.

Improper plumbing work may result in water leakage and damage to the furnishings.

Exercise caution when transporting products.

- •Products weighing more than 20 kg should not be carried alone.
- •Do not carry the product by the PP bands that are used on some products.
- •Do not touch the heat exchanger fins. They are sharp and dangerous.
- •When lifting the unit with a crane, secure all four corners to prevent the unit from falling.

Properly dispose of the packing materials.

- •Nails and wood pieces in the package may pose a risk of injury.
- •Plastic bags may pose a risk of choking hazard to children. Tear plastic bags into pieces before disposing of them.

Before the test run

A CAUTION

Turn on the unit at least 12 hours before the test run.

Keep the unit turned on throughout the season. If the unit is turned off in the middle of a season, it may result in malfunctions.

To avoid the risk of electric shock or malfunction of the unit, do not operate switches with wet hands.

Do not touch the refrigerant pipes with bare hands during and immediately after operation.

During or immediately after operation, certain parts of the unit such as pipes and compressor may be either very cold or hot, depending on the state of the refrigerant in the unit at the time. To reduce the risk of frost bites and burns, do not touch these parts with bare hands.

Do not operate the unit without panels and safety guards.

Rotating, high-temperature, or high-voltage parts on the unit pose a risk of burns and/or electric shock.

Do not turn off the power immediately after stopping the operation.

Keep the unit on for at least five minutes before turning off the power to prevent water leakage or malfunction.

Do not operate the unit without the air filter.

Dust particles may build up in the system and cause malfunctions.

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${\rm X}$ LED Monitor Display on the Outdoor Unit Board

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[1] Read Before Servicing

- Check the type of refrigerant used in the system to be serviced. Refrigerant Type Multi air conditioner for building application CITY MULTI R2 YJM-A series R410A
- 2. Check the symptoms exhibited by the unit to be serviced. Refer to this service handbook for symptoms relating to the refrigerant cycle.
- 3. Thoroughly read the safety precautions at the beginning of this manual.
- 4. Preparing necessary tools: Prepare a set of tools to be used exclusively with each type of refrigerant. Refer to "Necessary Tools and Materials" for information on the use of tools.(page 4)
- 5. Verification of the connecting pipes: Verify the type of refrigerant used for the unit to be moved or replaced.
 *Use refrigerant pipes made of phosphorus deoxidized copper. Keep the inner and outer surfaces of the pipes clean and free of such contaminants as sulfur, oxides, dust, dirt, shaving particles, oil, and water.
 *These types of contaminants inside the refrigerant pipes may cause the refrigerant oil to deteriorate.
- 6. If there is a leak of gaseous refrigerant and the remaining refrigerant is exposed to an open flame, a poisonous gas hydrofluoric acid may form. Keep workplace well ventilated.

🔨 CAUTION

•Install new pipes immediately after removing old ones to keep moisture out of the refrigerant circuit.

•The use of refrigerant that contains chloride, such as R22, will cause the refrigerating machine oil to deteriorate.

[2] Necessary Tools and Materials

Prepare the following tools and materials necessary for installing and servicing the unit.

Tools for use with R410A (Adaptability of tools that are for use with R22 or R407C) 1. To be used exclusively with R410A (not to be used if used with R22 or R407C)

| Tools/Materials | Use | Notes |
|---|---------------------------------------|---|
| Gauge Manifold | Evacuation and refrigerant charging | Higher than 5.09MPa[738psi] on the high-pressure side |
| Charging Hose | Evacuation and refrigerant charging | The hose diameter is larger than the conventional model. |
| Refrigerant Recovery Cylinder | Refrigerant recovery | |
| Refrigerant Cylinder | Refrigerant charging | The refrigerant type is indicated. The cylinder is pink. |
| Charging Port on the Refrigerant Cylinder | Refrigerant charging | The charge port diameter is larger than that of the current port. |
| Flare Nut | Connection of the unit with the pipes | Use Type-2 Flare nuts. |

2. Tools and materials that may be used with R410A with some restrictions

| Tools/Materials | Use | Notes |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|---|
| Gas Leak Detector | Gas leak detection | The ones for use with HFC refrigerant may be used. |
| Vacuum Pump | Vacuum drying | May be used if a check valve adapter is attached. |
| Flare Tool | Flare processing | Flare processing dimensions for the piping in the system using the new re- frigerant differ from those of R22. Re- fer to I [3] Piping Materials. |
| Refrigerant Recovery Equipment | Refrigerant recovery | May be used if compatible with R410A. |

3. Tools and materials that are used with R22 or R407C that may also be used with R410A

| Tools/Materials | Use | Notes |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Vacuum Pump with a Check Valve | Vacuum drying | |
| Bender | Bending pipes | |
| Torque Wrench | Tightening flare nuts | Only the flare processing dimensions for pipes that have a diameter of ø12.7 (1/2") and ø15.88 (5/8") have been changed. |
| Pipe Cutter | Cutting pipes | |
| Welder and Nitrogen Cylinder | Welding pipes | |
| Refrigerant Charging Meter | Refrigerant charging | |
| Vacuum Gauge | Vacuum level check | |

4. Tools and materials that must not be used with R410A

| Tools/Materials | Use | Notes |
|--|-----|-------------------|
| Charging Cylinder Refrigerant charging | | Prohibited to use |

Tools for R410A must be handled with special care to keep moisture and dust from infiltrating the cycle.

[3] Piping Materials

Do not use the existing piping!

1. Copper pipe materials

| O-material (Annealed) | Soft copper pipes (annealed copper pipes). They can easily be bent with hands. | |
|-----------------------|--|--|
| 1/2H-material (Drawn) | Hard copper pipes (straight pipes). They are stronger than the O-material (Annealed) at the same radial thickness. | |

•The distinction between O-materials (Annealed) and 1/2H-materials (Drawn) is made based on the strength of the pipes themselves.

2. Types of copper pipes

| Maximum working pressure | Refrigerant type |
|--------------------------|------------------|
| 3.45 MPa [500psi] | R22, R407C etc. |
| 4.30 MPa [624psi] | R410A etc. |

3. Piping materials/Radial thickness

Use refrigerant pipes made of phosphorus deoxidized copper. The operation pressure of the units that use R410A is higher than that of the units that use R22. Use pipes that have at least the radial thickness specified in the chart below. (Pipes with a radial thickness of 0.7 mm or less may not be used.)

| Pipe size (mm[in]) | | Radial thickness (mm) | Туре | |
|--------------------|----------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| ø6.35 | [1/4"] | 0.8t | | |
| ø9.52 | [3/8"] | 0.8t | O-material (Annealed) | |
| ø12.7 | [1/2"] | 0.8t | o material (Amilealea) | |
| ø15.88 | [5/8"] | 1.0t | | |
| ø19.05 | [3/4"] | 1.0t | | |
| ø22.2 | [7/8"] | 1.0t | | |
| ø25.4 | [1"] | 1.0t | | |
| ø28.58 | [1-1/8"] | 1.0t | 1/2H-material, H-material (Drawn) | |
| ø31.75 | [1-1/4"] | 1.1t | | |
| ø34.93 | [1-3/8"] | 1.1t | | |
| ø41.28 | [1-5/8"] | 1.2t | | |

•The pipes in the system that uses the refrigerant currently on the market are made with O-material (Annealed), even if the pipe diameter is less than ø19.05 (3/4"). For a system that uses R410A, use pipes that are made with 1/2H-material (Drawn) unless the pipe diameter is at least ø19.05 (3/4") and the radial thickness is at least 1.2t.

•The figures in the radial thickness column are based on the Japanese standards and provided only as a reference. Use pipes that meet the local standards.

4. Thickness and refrigerant type indicated on the piping materials

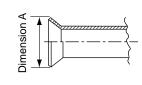
Ask the pipe manufacturer for the symbols indicated on the piping material for new refrigerant.

5. Flare processing (O-material (Annealed) and OL-material only)

The flare processing dimensions for the pipes that are used in the R410A system are larger than those in the R22 system.

Flare processing dimensions (mm[in])

| Pine si | ze (mm[in]) | A dimension (mm) | |
|--------------------|-------------|------------------|------------|
| Pipe size (mm[in]) | | R410A | R22, R407C |
| ø6.35 | [1/4"] | 9.1 | 9.0 |
| ø9.52 | [3/8"] | 13.2 | 13.0 |
| ø12.7 | [1/2"] | 16.6 | 16.2 |
| ø15.88 | [5/8"] | 19.7 | 19.4 |
| ø19.05 | [3/4"] | 24.0 | 23.3 |



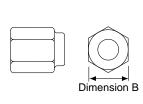
(Ø19.05 pipes should have a radial thickness of 1.2 t and be made of annealed materials.) If a clutch-type flare tool is used to flare the pipes in the system using R410A, the length of the pipes must be between 1.0 and 1.5 mm. For margin adjustment, a copper pipe gauge is necessary.

6. Flare nut

The flare nut type has been changed to increase the strength. The size of some of the flare nuts have also been changed.

Flare nut dimensions (mm[in])

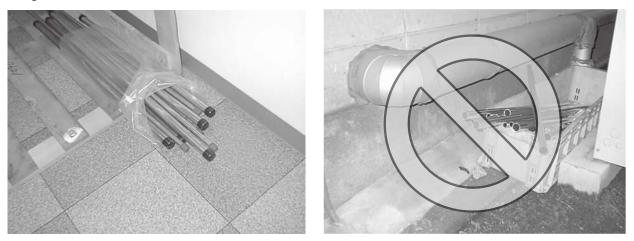
| Pipe size (mm[in]) | | B dimension (mm) | | |
|--------------------|-------------|------------------|------------|--|
| Fipe Siz | | R410A | R22, R407C | |
| ø6.35 | [1/4"] | 17.0 | 17.0 | |
| ø9.52 | [3/8"] 22.0 | | 22.0 | |
| ø12.7 | [1/2"] | 26.0 | 24.0 | |
| ø15.88 | [5/8"] | 29.0 | 27.0 | |
| ø19.05 | [3/4"] | 36.0 | 36.0 | |



The figures in the radial thickness column are based on the Japanese standards and provided only as a reference. Use pipes that meet the local standards.

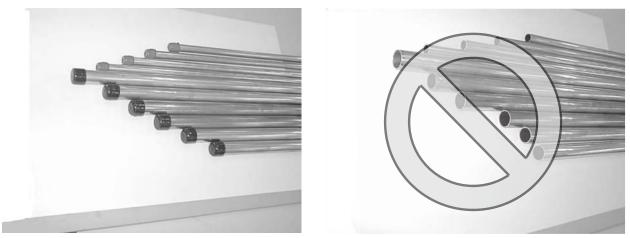
[4] Storage of Piping

1. Storage location



Store the pipes to be used indoors. (Warehouse at site or owner's warehouse) If they are left outdoors, dust, dirt, or moisture may infiltrate and contaminate the pipe.

2. Sealing the pipe ends



Both ends of the pipes should be sealed until just before brazing. Keep elbow pipes and T-joints in plastic bags.

The new refrigerator oil is 10 times as hygroscopic as the conventional refrigerating machine oil (such as Suniso) and, if not handled with care, could easily introduce moisture into the system. Keep moisture out of the pipes, for it will cause the oil to deteriorate and cause a compressor failure.

[5] Pipe Processing

Use a small amount of ester oil, ether oil, or alkylbenzene to coat flares and flanges.

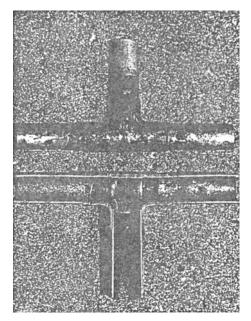
Note

- •Use a minimum amount of oil.
- •Use only ester oil, ether oil, and alkylbenzene.

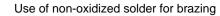
[6] Brazing

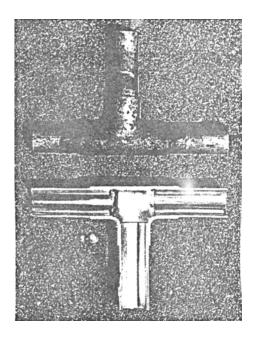
No changes have been made in the brazing procedures. Perform brazing with special care to keep foreign objects (such as oxide scale, water, and dust) out of the refrigerant system.

Example: Inside the brazed connection



Use of oxidized solder for brazing





1. Items to be strictly observed

•Do not conduct refrigerant piping work outdoors if raining.

+Use non-oxidized solder.

•Use a brazing material (BCuP-3) that requires no flux when brazing between copper pipes or between a copper pipe and copper coupling.

•If installed refrigerant pipes are not immediately connected to the equipment, then braze and seal both ends.

2. Reasons

•The new refrigerating machine oil is 10 times as hygroscopic as the conventional oil and is more likely to cause unit failure if water infiltrates into the system.

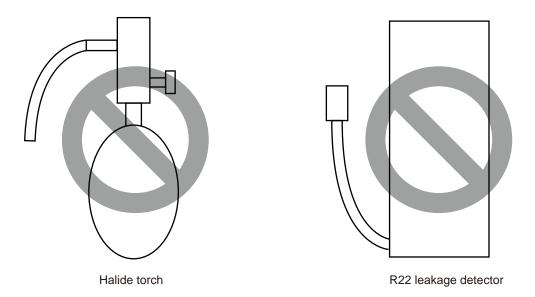
•Flux generally contains chloride. Residual flux in the refrigerant circuit will cause sludge to form.

3. Notes

Do not use commercially available antioxidants because they may cause the pipes to corrode or refrigerating machine oil to deteriorate.

[7] Air Tightness Test

No changes have been made in the detection method. Note that a refrigerant leak detector for R22 will not detect an R410A leak.



1. Items to be strictly observed

•Pressurize the equipment with nitrogen up to the design pressure (4.15MPa[601psi]), and then judge the equipment's air tightness, taking temperature variations into account.

•Refrigerant R410A must be charged in its liquid state (vs. gaseous state).

2. Reasons

•Oxygen, if used for an air tightness test, poses a risk of explosion. (Only use nitrogen to check air tightness.) •Refrigerant R410A must be charged in its liquid state. If gaseous refrigerant in the cylinder is drawn out first, the composition of the remaining refrigerant in the cylinder will change and become unsuitable for use.

3. Notes

Procure a leak detector that is specifically designed to detect an HFC leak. A leak detector for R22 will not detect an HFC(R410A) leak.

[8] Vacuum Drying (Evacuation)



(Photo1) 15010H



(Photo2) 14010

Recommended vacuum gauge: ROBINAIR 14010 Thermistor Vacuum Gauge

1. Vacuum pump with a reverse-flow check valve (Photo1)

To prevent the vacuum pump oil from flowing into the refrigerant circuit during power OFF or power failure, use a vacuum pump with a reverse-flow check valve.

A reverse-flow check valve may also be added to the vacuum pump currently in use.

2. Standard of vacuum degree (Photo 2)

Use a vacuum pump that attains 0.5Torr(65Pa) or lower degree of vacuum after 5 minutes of operation, and connect it directly to the vacuum gauge. Use a pump well-maintained with an appropriate lubricant. A poorly maintained vacuum pump may not be able to attain the desired degree of vacuum.

3. Required precision of vacuum gauge

Use a vacuum gauge that registers a vacuum degree of 5Torr(650Pa) and measures at intervals of 1Torr(130Pa). (A recommended vacuum gauge is shown in Photo2.)

Do not use a commonly used gauge manifold because it cannot register a vacuum degree of 5Torr(650Pa).

4. Evacuation time

•After the degree of vacuum has reached 5Torr(650Pa), evacuate for an additional 1 hour. (A thorough vacuum drying removes moisture in the pipes.)

•Verify that the vacuum degree has not risen by more than 1Torr(130Pa) 1hour after evacuation. A rise by less than 1Torr(130Pa) is acceptable.

•If the vacuum is lost by more than 1Torr(130Pa), conduct evacuation, following the instructions in section 6. Special vacuum drying.

5. Procedures for stopping vacuum pump

To prevent the reverse flow of vacuum pump oil, open the relief valve on the vacuum pump side, or draw in air by loosening the charge hose, and then stop the operation.

The same procedures should be followed when stopping a vacuum pump with a reverse-flow check valve.

6. Special vacuum drying

•When 5Torr(650Pa) or lower degree of vacuum cannot be attained after 3 hours of evacuation, it is likely that water has penetrated the system or that there is a leak.

If water infiltrates the system, break the vacuum with nitrogen. Pressurize the system with nitrogen gas to

0.5kgf/cm²G(0.05MPa) and evacuate again. Repeat this cycle of pressurizing and evacuation either until the degree of vacuum below 5Torr(650Pa) is attained or until the pressure stops rising.

•Only use nitrogen gas for vacuum breaking. (The use of oxygen may result in an explosion.)

7. Notes

•To evacuate air from the entire system Applying a vacuum through the check joints at the refrigerant service valve on the high and low pressure sides (BV1 and 2) is not enough to attain the desired vacuum pressure.

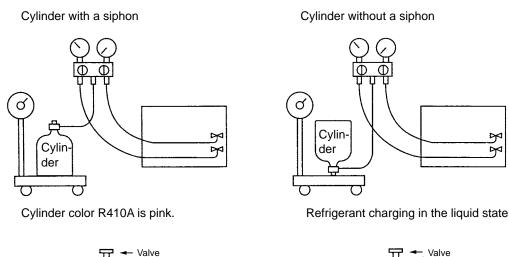
Be sure to apply a vacuum through the check joints at the refrigerant service valve on the high and low pressure sides (BV1 and 2) and also through the check joints on the high and low pressure sides (CJ1 and 2). *To evacuate air only from the outdoor units

Apply a vacuum through the check joints on the high and low pressure sides (CJ1, and 2).

•To evacuate air from the indoor units and extension pipes

Apply a vacuum through the check joints at the refrigerant service valve on the high and low pressure sides (BV1 and 2).

[9] Refrigerant Charging





Valve

1. Reasons

R410A is a pseudo-azeotropic HFC blend (boiling point R32=-52°C[-62°F], R125=-49°C[-52°F]) and can almost be handled the same way as a single refrigerant, such as R22. To be safe, however, draw out the refrigerant from the cylinder in the liquid phase. If the refrigerant in the gaseous phase is drawn out, the composition of the remaining refrigerant will change and become unsuitable for use.

2. Notes

When using a cylinder with a siphon, refrigerant is charged in the liquid state without the need for turning it upside down. Check the type of the cylinder on the label before use.

[10] Remedies to be taken in case of a Refrigerant Leak

If the refrigerant leaks out, it may be replenished. The entire refrigerant does not need to be replaced. (Charge refrigerant in the liquid state.)

Refer to "IX [5] Refrigerant Leak."(page 332)



[11] Characteristics of the Conventional and the New Refrigerants

1. Chemical property

As with R22, the new refrigerant (R410A) is low in toxicity and chemically stable nonflammable refrigerant.

However, because the specific gravity of vapor refrigerant is greater than that of air, leaked refrigerant in a closed room will accumulate at the bottom of the room and may cause hypoxia.

If exposed to an open flame, refrigerant will generate poisonous gases. Do not perform installation or service work in a confined area.

| | New Refrigera | ant (HFC type) | Conventional Refriger- ant (HCFC type) |
|---|--|--|---|
| | R410A | R407C | R22 |
| | R32/R125 | R32/R125/R134a | R22 |
| Composition (wt%) | (50/50) | (23/25/52) | (100) |
| Type of Refrigerant | Pseudo-azeotropic Refrigerant | Non-azeotropic Refrigerant | Single Refrigerant |
| Chloride | Not included | Not included | Included |
| Safety Class | A1/A1 | A1/A1 | A1 |
| Molecular Weight | 72.6 | 86.2 | 86.5 |
| Boiling Point (°C/°F) | -51.4/-60.5 | -43.6/-46.4 | -40.8/-41.4 |
| Steam Pressure (25°C,MPa/77°F,psi) (gauge) | 1.557/226 | 0.9177/133 | 0.94/136 |
| Saturated Steam Density (25°C,kg/m ³ /77°F,psi) | 64.0 | 42.5 | 44.4 |
| Flammability | Nonflammable | Nonflammable | Nonflammable |
| Ozone Depletion Coefficient (ODP) ^{*1} | 0 | 0 | 0.055 |
| Global Warming Coefficient (GWP) ^{*2} | 1730 | 1530 | 1700 |
| Refrigerant Charging Method | Refrigerant charging in the liquid state | Refrigerant charging in the liquid state | Refrigerant charging in the gaseous state |
| Replenishment of Refrigerant after a Refrigerant Leak | Available | Available | Available |

*1 When CFC11 is used as a reference

*2 When CO_2 is used as a reference

2. Refrigerant composition

R410A is a pseudo-azeotropic HFC blend and can almost be handled the same way as a single refrigerant, such as R22. To be safe, however, draw out the refrigerant from the cylinder in the liquid phase. If the refrigerant in the gaseous phase is drawn out, the composition of the remaining refrigerant will change and become unsuitable for use. If the refrigerant leaks out, it may be replenished. The entire refrigerant does not need to be replaced.

3. Pressure characteristics

The pressure in the system using R410A is 1.6 times as great as that in the system using R22.

| | | Pressure (gauge) | |
|---------------------|----------|------------------|----------|
| Temperature (°C/°F) | R410A | R407C | R22 |
| | MPa/psi | MPa/psi | MPa/psi |
| -20/-4 | 0.30/44 | 0.18/26 | 0.14/20 |
| 0/32 | 0.70/102 | 0.47/68 | 0.40/58 |
| 20/68 | 1.34/194 | 0.94/136 | 0.81/117 |
| 40/104 | 2.31/335 | 1.44/209 | 1.44/209 |
| 60/140 | 3.73/541 | 2.44/354 | 2.33/338 |
| 65/149 | 4.17/605 | 2.75/399 | 2.60/377 |

[12] Notes on Refrigerating Machine Oil

1. Refrigerating machine oil in the HFC refrigerant system

HFC type refrigerants use a refrigerating machine oil different from that used in the R22 system. Note that the ester oil used in the system has properties that are different from commercially available ester oil.

| Refrigerant | Refrigerating machine oil |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| R22 | Mineral oil |
| R407C | Ester oil |
| R410A | Ester oil |

2. Effects of contaminants^{*1}

Refrigerating machine oil used in the HFC system must be handled with special care to keep contaminants out. The table below shows the effect of contaminants in the refrigerating machine oil on the refrigeration cycle.

3. The effects of contaminants in the refrigerating machine oil on the refrigeration cycle.

| Cause | | | Symptoms | Effects on the refrigerant cycle | |
|------------------------------|------------------|---|---|---|--|
| Water infiltration | | | Frozen expansion valve and capillary tubes | Clogged expansion valve and capillary tubes Poor cooling performance Compressor overheat | |
| | | Hydrolysis | Sludge formation and ad- hesion Acid generation Oxidization Oil degradation | Motor insulation failure Burnt motor Coppering of the orbiting scroll Lock Burn-in on the orbiting scroll | |
| Air infiltration | Air infiltration | | | | |
| | Dust, dirt | Adhesion to expansion valve and capillary tubes | | Clogged expansion valve, capillary tubes, and drier Poor cooling performance Compressor overheat | |
| Infiltration of contaminants | | | ontaminants into the com- | Burn-in on the orbiting scroll | |
| | Mineral oil etc. | Sludge formati | on and adhesion | Clogged expansion valve and capillary tubes Poor cooling performance Compressor overheat | |
| | | Oil degradation | | Burn-in on the orbiting scroll | |

*1. Contaminants is defined as moisture, air, processing oil, dust/dirt, wrong types of refrigerant, and refrigerating machine oil.

II Restrictions

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[1] System configuration

1. Table of compatible indoor units

The table below summarizes the types of indoor units that are compatible with different types of outdoor units.

(1) Standard combinations

| Outd | loor units | Compos | ing units | Maximum total capacity of connectable indoor units | Maximum number of connectable in- door units | Types of connectable indoor units |
|------|------------|-----------|-----------|--|--|-----------------------------------|
| P200 | YJM-A | - | - | 100 - 300 | 20 | P15 - P250 models |
| P250 | YJM-A | - | - | 125 - 375 | 25 | R410A series indoor units |
| P300 | YJM-A | - | - | 150 - 450 | 30 | |
| P350 | YJM-A | - | - | 175 - 525 | 35 | |
| P400 | YJM-A | - | - | 200 - 600 | 40 | |
| | YSJM-A1 | P200YJM-A | P200YJM-A | 200 - 600 | | |
| P450 | YJM-A | - | - | 225 - 675 | 45 | |
| | YSJM-A1 | P250YJM-A | P200YJM-A | 225 - 675 | | |
| P500 | YSJM-A | P250YJM-A | P250YJM-A | 250 - 750 | 50 | |
| | YSJM-A1 | P300YJM-A | P200YJM-A | 250 - 750 | | |
| P550 | YSJM-A | P300YJM-A | P250YJM-A | 275 - 825 | | |
| P600 | YSJM-A | P300YJM-A | P300YJM-A | 300 - 900 | | |
| | YSJM-A1 | P350YJM-A | P250YJM-A | 300 - 900 | | |
| P650 | YSJM-A | P350YJM-A | P300YJM-A | 325 - 975 | | |
| P700 | YSJM-A | P400YJM-A | P300YJM-A | 350 - 1050 | | |
| | YSJM-A1 | P350YJM-A | P350YJM-A | 350 - 1050 | | |
| P750 | YSJM-A | P400YJM-A | P350YJM-A | 375 - 1125 | | |
| P800 | YSJM-A | P400YJM-A | P400YJM-A | 400 - 1200 | | |
| | YSJM-A1 | P450YJM-A | P350YJM-A | 400 - 1200 | 1 | |
| P850 | YSJM-A | P450YJM-A | P400YJM-A | 425 - 1275 | | |
| P900 | YSJM-A | P450YJM-A | P450YJM-A | 450 - 1350 | 1 | |

Note

1) "Maximum total capacity of connectable indoor units" refers to the sum of the numeric values in the indoor unit model names.

2) If the total capacity of the indoor units that are connected to a given outdoor unit exceeds the capacity of the outdoor unit, the indoor units will not be able to perform at the rated capacity when they are operated simultaneously. Select a combination of units so that the total capacity of the connected indoor units is at or below the capacity of the outdoor unit whenever possible.

(2) High COP combinations

| Outdo | oor units | Compos | ing units | Maximum total capacity of connectable indoor units | Maximum number of connectable in- door units | Types of connectable indoor units |
|-------|-----------|------------|------------|--|--|-----------------------------------|
| EP200 | YJM-A | - | - | 100 - 300 | 20 | P15 - P250 models |
| EP250 | YJM-A | - | - | 125 - 375 | 25 | R410A series indoor units |
| EP300 | YJM-A | - | - | 150 - 450 | 30 | |
| EP350 | YJM-A | - | - | 175 - 525 | 35 | |
| EP400 | YSJM-A | EP200YJM-A | EP200YJM-A | 200 - 600 | 40 | |
| EP450 | YSJM-A | EP250YJM-A | EP200YJM-A | 225 - 675 | 45 | |
| EP500 | YSJM-A | EP300YJM-A | EP200YJM-A | 250 - 750 | 50 | |
| | YSJM-A1 | EP250YJM-A | EP250YJM-A | 250 - 750 | | |
| EP550 | YSJM-A | EP300YJM-A | EP250YJM-A | 275 - 825 | | |
| EP600 | YSJM-A | EP300YJM-A | EP300YJM-A | 300 - 900 | | |
| | YSJM-A1 | EP350YJM-A | EP250YJM-A | 300 - 900 | | |
| EP650 | YSJM-A | EP350YJM-A | EP300YJM-A | 325 - 975 | 1 | |
| EP700 | YSJM-A | EP350YJM-A | EP350YJM-A | 350 - 1050 | 1 | |

Note

1) "Maximum total capacity of connectable indoor units" refers to the sum of the numeric values in the indoor unit model names.

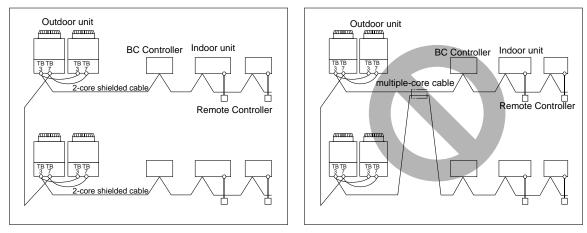
2) If the total capacity of the indoor units that are connected to a given outdoor unit exceeds the capacity of the outdoor unit, the indoor units will not be able to perform at the rated capacity when they are operated simultaneously. Select a combination of units so that the total capacity of the connected indoor units is at or below the capacity of the outdoor unit whenever possible.

[2] Types and Maximum allowable Length of Cables

1. Wiring work

- (1) Notes
- 1) Have all electrical work performed by an authorized electrician according to the local regulations and instructions in this manual.
- 2) Install external transmission cables at least 5cm [1-31/32"] away from the power supply cable to avoid noise interference.
- (Do not put the control cable and power supply cable in the same conduit tube.)
- 3) Provide grounding for the outdoor unit as required.
- 4) Run the cable from the electric box of the indoor or outdoor unit in such way that the box is accessible for servicing.
- 5) Do not connect power supply wiring to the terminal block for transmission line. Doing so will damage the electronic components on the terminal block.
- 6) Use 2-core shielded cables as transmission cables.

Use a separate 2-core control cable for each refrigerant system. Do not use a single multiple-core cable to connect indoor units that belong to different refrigerant systems. The use of a multiple-core cable may result in signal transmission errors and malfunctions.



TB3: Terminal block for indoor-outdoor transmission line TB7: Terminal block for centralized control

(2) Control wiring

Different types of control wiring are used for different systems.

Refer to section "[5] An Example of a System to which an MA Remote Controller is connected - [7] An Example of a System to which both MA Remote Controller and ME Remote Controller are connected" before performing wiring work.

Types and maximum allowable length of cables

Control lines are categorized into 2 types: transmission line and remote controller line.

Use the appropriate type of cables and observe the maximum allowable length specified for a given system. If a given system has a long transmission line or if a noise source is located near the unit, place the unit away from the noise source to reduce noise interference.

1) M-NET transmission line

| Cable type | Facility type | All facility types |
|--|--------------------------|---|
| | Туре | Shielded cable CVVS, CPEVS, MVVS |
| | Number of cores | 2-core cable |
| | Cable size | Larger than 1.25mm ² [AWG16] |
| Maximum tra line distance outdoor unit thest indoor | between the and the far- | 200 m [656ft] max. |
| Maximum transmission line distance for central- ized control and Indoor/ outdoor transmission line (Maximum line distance via outdoor unit) | | 500 m [1640ft] max. *The maximum overall line length from the power supply unit on the transmission lines for centralized control to each outdoor unit or to the system controller is 200m [656ft] max. |

[II Restrictions]

2) Remote controller wiring

| | | MA remote controller ^{*1} | ME remote controller ^{*2} |
|-----------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| Oshla hara | Туре | VCTF, VCTFK, CVV, CVS, VVR, VVF, VCT | Shielded cable MVVS |
| | Number of cores | 2-core cable | 2-core cable |
| Cable type | Cable size | 0.3 to 1.25mm ² ^{*3} [AWG22 to 16] (0.75 to 1.25mm ²) ^{*4} [AWG18 to 16] | 0.3 to 1.25mm ² ^{*3} [AWG22 to 16] (0.75 to 1.25mm ²) ^{*4} [AWG18 to 16] |
| Maximum ove length | erall line | 200 m [656ft] max. | The section of the cable that exceeds 10m [32ft] must be included in the maximum in- door-outdoor transmission line distance. |

*1 MA remote controller refers to MA remote controller (PAR-20MAA, PAR-21MAA), MA simple remote controller, and wireless remote controller.

*2 ME remote controller refers to ME remote controller and ME simple remote controller.

*3 The use of cables that are smaller than 0.75mm² [AWG18] is recommended for easy handling.

*4 When connected to the terminal block on the Simple remote controller, use cables that meet the cable size specifications shown in the parenthesis.

[3] Switch Settings and Address Settings

1. Switch setting

Refer to section "[5] An Example of a System to which an MA Remote Controller is connected - [7] An Example of a System to which both MA Remote Controller and ME Remote Controller are connected" before performing wiring work. Set the switches while the power is turned off.

If the switch settings are changed while the unit is being powered, those changes will not take effect, and the unit will not function properly.

| Units on which to se | et the switches | Symbol | Units to which the power must be shut off |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------|---|
| CITY MULTI indoor unit Main/sub unit | | IC | Outdoor units *3 and Indoor units |
| LOSSNAY, OA processing u | init ^{*1} | LC | Outdoor units *3 and LOSSNAY |
| ATW Booster Unit | | BU | Outdoor units and Booster Unit |
| | Water Hex Unit | AU | Outdoor units and Water Hex Unit |
| ME remote controller | Main/sub remote controller | RC | Outdoor units *3 |
| MA remote controller | Main/sub remote controller | MA | Indoor units |
| CITY MULTI outdoor unit ^{*2} | | OC,OS | Outdoor units *3 |
| BC controller | Main | BC | Outdoor units *3 and BC controller |
| | Sub1, 2 | BS1, BS2 | Outdoor units *3 and BC controller |

*1. Applicable when LOSSNAY units are connected to the indoor-outdoor transmission line.

*2. The outdoor units in the same refrigerant circuit are automatically designated as OC and OS in the order of capacity from large to small (if two or more units have the same capacity, in the order of address from small to large).
 *2. Turn off the outdoor units in the outdoor units have the same refrigerent elevit.

*3. Turn off the power to all the outdoor units in the same refrigerant circuit.

2. M-NET Address settings

(1) Address settings table

The need for address settings and the range of address setting depend on the configuration of the system.

| Unit or controller | | Sym- bol | Address setting range | Setting method | Factory address setting |
|---|---|-------------|--------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|
| CITY MULTI indoor unit M-NET adapter M-NET con- trol interface Free Plan adapter | Main/sub unit | IC | 0, 01 to 50 ^{*1 *4} *6*7 | Assign the smallest address to the main indoor unit in the group, and assign sequential address numbers to the rest of the indoor units in the same group. In an R2 system with a sub BC controller, make the settings for the indoor units in the following order. (i) Indoor unit to be connected to the main BC controller (ii) Indoor unit to be connected to sub BC controller 1 ((ii) Indoor unit to be connected to sub BC controller 2 Make the settings for the indoor units in the indoor units in the formula "(i) < (ii) < (iii)" is true. | 00 |
| LOSSNAY, O | A processing unit | LC | 0, 01 to 50 ^{*1 *4 *6*7} | Assign an arbitrary but unique address to each of these units | 00 |
| ATW | Booster Unit | BU | 50 | after assigning an address to all indoor units. | |
| | Water Hex Unit | AU | | | |
| ME remote controller | Main remote controller | RC | 101 to 150 | Add 100 to the smallest address of all the indoor units in the same group. | 101 |
| | Sub remote controller | RC | 151 to 200 ^{*3} | Add 150 to the smallest address of all the indoor units in the same group. | |
| MA remote co | ontroller | MA | No address mote contro | settings required. (The main/sub setting must be made if 2 re- llers are connected to the system.) | Main |
| CITY MULTI o | butdoor unit | OC OS | 0, 51 to 100 ^{1 2} 67 | Assign an address that equals the lowest address of the indoor units in the same refrigerant circuit plus 50. Assign sequential addresses to the outdoor units in the same refrigerant circuit. The outdoor units in the same refrigerant circuit are automatically designated as OC and OS. | 00 |
| Auxiliary out- door unit | BC controller (main) | BC | 0, 51 to 100 ^{*1 *2} *6 | Assign an address that equals the address of the outdoor unit in the same refrigerant system plus 1. If a given address overlaps any of the addresses that are assigned to the outdoor units or to the sub BC controller, use a different, unused address within the setting range. | 00 |
| | BC controller (sub1, 2) | BS1 BS2 | 51 to 100 | Assign an address to both the sub BC controller 1 and 2 that equals the lowest address of the indoor units that are connected to each of them plus 50. If a sub BC controller is connected, the automatic startup function is not available. | |
| System con- troller | Group remote control- ler | GR SC | 201 to 250 | Assign an address that equals the sum of the smallest group number of the group to be controlled and 200. | 201 |
| | System remote con- troller | SR SC | | Assign an arbitrary but unique address within the range listed on the left to each unit. | |
| | ON/OFF remotecon- troller | AN SC | | Assign an address that equals the sum of the smallest group number of the group to be controlled and 200. | |
| | Schedule timer (compatible with M-NET) | ST SC | | Assign an arbitrary but unique address within the range listed on the left to each unit. | 202 |
| | Central controller AG-150A GB-50ADA G(B)-50A | TR SC | 0, 201 to 250 | Assign an arbitrary but unique address within the range listed on the left to each unit. The address must be set to "0" to con- trol the K-control unit. | 000 |
| | LM adapter | SC | 201 to 250 | Assign an arbitrary but unique address within the range listed on the left to each unit. | 247 |

*1. If a given address overlaps any of the addresses that are assigned to other units, use a different, unused address within the setting

*1. If a given address overlaps any of the addresses that are assigned to other units, use a different, unused address within the setting range.
*2. To set the outdoor unit address or the auxiliary outdoor unit address to "100," set the rotary switches to "50."
*3. To set the ME remote controller address to "200," set the rotary switches to "00."
*4. Some models of indoor units have two or three control boards. Assign an address to the No.1, No. 2, and No. 3 control boards so that the No. 2 control board address equals the No. 1 control board address plus 2.
*5. The outdoor units in the same refrigerant circuit are automatically designated as OC, and OS. They are designated as OC, and OS in the descending order of capacity (ascending order of address if the capacities are the same).
*6. No address settings are required for units in a system with a single outdoor unit (with some exceptions). Address setting is required if a sub BC controller is connected.
*7. If a given address overlaps any of the addresses that are assigned to other units, use a different, unused address within the setting range.

range.

(2) Power supply switch connector connection on the outdoor unit

(Factory setting: The male power supply switch connector is connected to CN41.)

There are limitations on the total number of units that are connectable to each refrigerant system. Refer to the DATABOOK for details.

| System configura- tion | Connection to the system con- troller | Power supply unit for transmission lines | Group operation of units in a sys- tem with multiple outdoor units | Power supply switch connector connection |
|------------------------------|--|--|---|--|
| System with one outdoor unit | _ | _ | _ | Leave CN41 as it is (Factory setting) |
| System with multi- | Not connected | _ | Not grouped | |
| ple outdoor units | | | Grouped | Disconnect the male connector from the fe- |
| | With connection to the indoor unit system | Not required | Grouped/not grouped | male power supply switch connector (CN41) and connect it to the female power supply switch connector (CN40) on only one of the outdoor units. ^{*2} |
| | With connection to the central- ized control sys- tem | Not required ^{*1} (Powered from the outdoor unit) | Grouped/not grouped | *Connect the S (shielded) terminal on the terminal block (TB7) on the outdoor unit whose CN41 was replaced with CN40 to the ground terminal (,,) on the electric box. |
| | | Required *1 | Grouped/not grouped | Leave CN41 as it is (Factory setting) |

*1 The need for a power supply unit for transmission lines depends on the system configuration. Some controllers, such as GB-50ADA, have a function to supply power to the transmission lines.

*2 The replacement of the power jumper connector from CN41 to CN40 must be performed on only one outdoor unit in the system.

(3) Settings for the centralized control switch for the outdoor unit (Factory setting: SW2-1 are set to OFF.)

| System configuration | Centralized control switch settings |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| Connection to the system controller Not connected | Leave it to OFF. (Factory setting) |
| Connection to the system controller Connected | ON |

*1. Set SW2-1 on all outdoor units in the same refrigerant circuit to the same setting.

*2. When only the LM adapter is connected, leave SW2-1 to OFF (as it is).

(4) Selecting the position of temperature detection for the indoor unit (Factory setting: SW1-1 set to "OFF".)

To stop the fan during heating Thermo-OFF (SW1-7 and 1-8 on the indoor units to be set to ON), use the built-in thermistor on the remote controller or an optional thermistor.

To use the built-in sensor on the remote controller, set the SW1-1 to ON. 1)

Some models of remote controllers are not equipped with a built-in temperature sensor.

Use the built-in temperature sensor on the indoor unit instead.

•When using the built-in sensor on the remote controller, install the remote controller where room temperature can be detected. (Note) Factory setting for SW1-1 on the indoor unit of the All-Fresh Models is ON.

2) When an optional temperature sensor is used, set SW1-1 to OFF, and set SW3-8 to ON.

•When using an optional temperature sensor, install it where room temperature can be detected.

(5) Various start-stop controls (Indoor unit settings)

Each indoor unit (or group of indoor units) can be controlled individually by setting SW 1-9 and 1-10.

| Function | Operation of the indoor unit when the operation is resumed after the unit | | Setting (SW1) ^{*4 *5} | |
|--|---|-----|--------------------------------|--|
| T dholon | was stopped | 9 | 10 | |
| Power ON/OFF by the plug ^{*1,*2,*3} | Indoor unit will go into operation regardless of its operation status before power off (power failure). (In approx. 5 minutes) | OFF | ON | |
| Automatic restoration after power failure | Indoor unit will go into operation if it was in operation when the power was turned off (or cut off due to power failure). (In approx. 5 minutes) | ON | OFF | |
| | Indoor unit will remain stopped regardless of its operation status before power off (power failure). | OFF | ON | |

*1. Do not cut off power to the outdoor unit. Cutting off the power supply to the outdoor unit will cut off the power supply to the crankcase heater and may cause the compressor to malfunction when the unit is put back into operation.

^{*2.} Not applicable to units with a built-in drain pump or humidifier. *3. Models with a built-in drain pump cannot be turned on/off by the plug individually. All the units in the same refrigerant circuits will be turned on or off by the plug.

^{*4.} Requires that the dipswitch settings for all the units in the group be made. *5. To control the external input to and output from the air conditioners with the PLC software for general equipment via the AG-150A, GB-50ADA, or G(B)-50A, set SW1-9 and SW1-10 to ON. With these settings made, the power start-stop function becomes disabled. To use the auto recovery function after power failure while these settings are made, set SW1-5 to ON.

(6) Miscellaneous settings

Cooling-only setting for the indoor unit: Cooling only model (Factory setting: SW3-1 "OFF.") When using indoor unit as a cooling-only unit, set SW3-1 to ON.

(7) Various types of control using input-output signal connector on the outdoor unit (various connection options)

| Туре | Usage | Function | Terminal to be used ^{*1} | Option |
|-------------|--|---|---|---|
| Input | Prohibiting cooling/heating operation (thermo OFF) by an external input to the outdoor unit. | DEMAND (level) | CN3D ^{*2} | Adapter for external input (PAC- |
| | Performs a low level noise operation of the outdoor unit by an ex- ternal input to the outdoor unit. * It can be used as the silent operation device for each refrigerant system. | Low-noise mode (level) ^{*3 *4} | | (FAC- SC36NA-E) |
| | Forces the outdoor unit to perform a fan operation by receiving signals from the snow sensor. $^{^{\ast}\! 5}$ | Snow sensor signal input (level) | CN3S | |
| | Cooling/heating operation can be changed by an external input to the outdoor unit (OC). | Auto-changeover | CN3N | |
| Out- put | How to extract signals from the outdoor unit *It can be used as an operation status display device. *It can be used for an interlock operation with external devices. | Operation status of the compressor ^{*5} Error status ^{*6} | CN51 | Adapter for external out- put (PAC- SC37SA-E) |

- *1. For detailed drawing, refer to "Example of wiring connection".
- *2. For details, refer to the next section "Demand control".
- *3. Low-noise mode is valid when Dip SW4-4 on the outdoor unit is set to OFF. When DIP SW4-4 is set to ON, 4 levels of on-DEMAND are possible, using different configurations of low-noise mode input and DEMAND input settings. When 2 or more outdoor units exist in one refrigerant circuit system, 8 levels of on-DEMAND are possible.
- *4. By setting Dip SW5-5, the Low-noise mode can be switched between the Capacity priority mode and the Low-noise priority mode.

When SW5-5 is set to ON: The low-noise mode always remains effective.

When SW5-5 is set to OFF: The low noise mode is cancelled when certain outside temperature or pressure criteria are met, and the unit goes into normal operation (capacity priority mode).

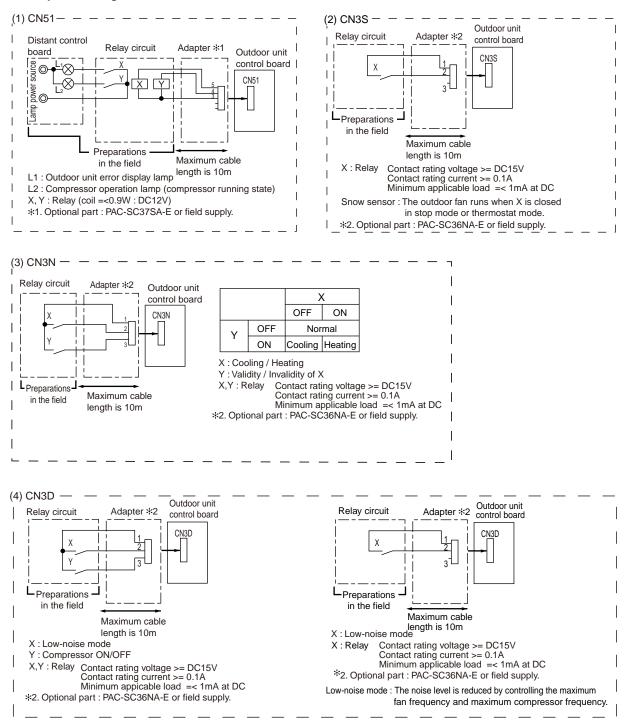
| Low-noise mod is effective. | | Capacity priority mode becomes effective. | |
|--|---|---|--|
| Cooling | Heating | Cooling | Heating |
| TH7<30°C[86°F] and 63HS1<32kg/cm ² | TH7>3°C[37°F] and 63LS>4.6kg/cm ² | TH7>35°C[95°F] or 63HS1>35kg/cm ² | TH7<0°C[32°F] or 63LS<3.9kg/cm ² |

*5. Each outdoor unit in the system with multiple outdoor units requires the signal input/output setting to be made.

*6. Take out signals from the outdoor unit (OC) if multiple outdoor units exist in a single system.

-) Wiring should be covered by insulation tube with supplementary insulation.
- 2) Use relays or switches with IEC or equivalent standard.
- 3) The electric strength between accessible parts and control circuit should have 2750V or more.

Example of wiring connection



3. Demand control

1) General outline of control

Demand control is performed by using the external signal input to the 1-2 and 1-3 pins of CN3D on the outdoor units (OC and OS). Between 2 and 8 steps of demand control is possible by setting Dip SW4-4 on the outdoor units (OC and OS).

| No | Demand control switch | DipSW4-4 | | Input to CN3D* ² | |
|----|---------------------------------------|----------|-----|-----------------------------|--|
| | Demand control switch | OC | OS | | |
| 1 | 2 steps (0-100%) | OFF | OFF | OC | |
| 2 | 4 steps (0-50-75-100%) | ON | OFF | OC | |
| 3 | | OFF | ON | OS | |
| 4 | 8 steps (0-25-38-50-63-75-88-100%) | ON | ON | OC and OS | |

*1 Available demand functions

Single-outdoor-unit system: 2 and 4 steps shown in the rows 1 and 2 in the table above only.

(Incorrect) $100\% \rightarrow 0\% \rightarrow 50\%$ The units may go into the Thermo-OFF mode. (Correct) $100\% \rightarrow 75\% \rightarrow 50\%$

*4 The percentage of the demand listed in the table above is an approximate value based on the compressor volume and does not necessarily correspond with the actual capacity.

*5 Notes on using demand control in combination with the low-noise mode To enable the low-noise mode, it is necessary to short-circuit 1-2 pin of CN3D on the outdoor unit whose SW4-4 is set to OFF. When SW4-4 is set to ON on all outdoor units, the following operations cannot be performed.

 Performing 4-step demand in combination with the low-noise operation in a single-outdoor-unit system. Performing 8-step demand in combination with the low-noise operation in a two-outdoor-unit system.

2) Contact input and control content

2-step demand control

The same control as the Thermo-OFF is performed by closing 1-3 pin of CN3D.

| CN3D | |
|-------|------|
| 1-3 | |
| Open | 100% |
| Close | 0% |

4-step demand control (When SW4-4 is set to ON on an outdoor unit)

Demand capacity is shown below.

| CN3D | 1-2P | | |
|-------|------|-------|--|
| 1-3P | Open | Close | |
| Open | 100% | 75% | |
| Close | 0% | 50% | |

8-step demand control (When SW4-4 is set to ON on two outdoor units) Demand capacity is shown below.

| 8-step demand | | No.2 CN3D | | | | |
|---------------|---------------|---------------|------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | | 1-2P | Open | | Short-circuit | |
| No.1 CN3D | 1-2P | 1-3P | Open | Short-circuit | Open | Short-circuit |
| | Open | Open | 100% | 50% | 88% | 75% |
| | | Short-circuit | 50% | 0% | 38% | 25% |
| | Short-circuit | Open | 88% | 38% | 75% | 63% |
| | | Short-circuit | 75% | 25% | 63% | 50% |

*1. The outdoor units whose SW4-4 is set to ON are designated as No. 1 and No. 2 in the order of address from small to large. Ex) When outdoor units whose SW4-4 is set to ON are designated as OC and OS, OC=No. 1 and OS=No. 2.

[4] Sample System Connection

Examples of typical system connection are shown on pages [5] to [7]. Refer to the Installation Manual that came with each device or controller for details.

(1) An example of a system to which an MA remote controller is connected

| | System configuration | Connection to the system controller | Address start up for in- door and outdoor units | Notes |
|---|---|---|--|--|
| 1 | System with one out- door unit | NO | Automatic address setup | |
| 2 | System with one out- door unit | NO | Manual address setup | Connection of multiple LOSS- NAY units |
| 3 | Grouping of units in a system with multiple outdoor units | NO | Manual address setup | |
| 4 | System with one out- door unit | With connection to transmission line for centralized control | Manual address setup | |
| 5 | System with one out- door unit | With connection to indoor-outdoor transmission line | Manual address setup | |
| 6 | System with one out- door unit | With connection to transmission line for centralized control | Manual address setup | Connection of multiple LOSS- NAY units |

(2) An example of a system to which an ME remote controller is connected

| | System configuration | Connection to the system controller | Address start up for indoor and outdoor units | Notes |
|---|-----------------------------------|---|--|-------|
| 1 | System with one out- door unit | With connection to transmission line for centralized control | Manual address setup | |

(3) An example of a system to which both MA remote controller and ME remote controller are connected

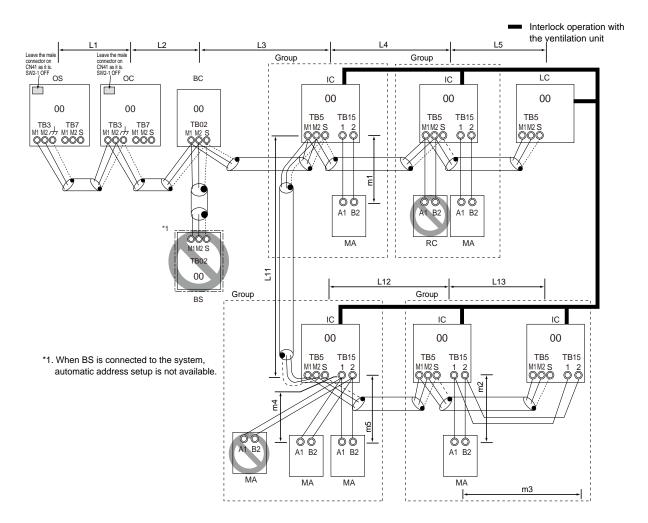
| | System configuration | Connection to the system controller | Address start up for in- door and outdoor units | Notes |
|---|-----------------------------------|---|--|-------|
| 1 | System with one out- door unit | With connection to transmission line for centralized control | Manual address setup | |

*MA remote controller and ME remote controller cannot both be connected to the same group.

[5] An Example of a System to which an MA Remote Controller is connected

1. System with one outdoor unit (automatic address setup for both indoor and outdoor units)

(1) Sample control wiring



(2) Cautions

- 1) ME remote controller and MA remote controller cannot both be connected to the same group of indoor units.
- 2) No more than 2 MA remote controllers can be connected to a group of indoor units.
- When the number of the connected indoor units is as shown in the table below, one or more transmission boosters (sold separately) are required.

To connect two transmission boosters, connect them in parallel. (Observe the maximum number of connectable indoor units that are listed in the specifications for each outdoor unit.)

| | Number of transmission booster (sold separately) re- quired | | |
|--|---|---------------|--|
| | 1 unit | 2 units | |
| When the P200 and P250 mod- els are not included in the con- nected indoor units | 27 - 50 units | - | |
| When the P200 and P250 mod- els are included in the connect- ed indoor units | 21 - 39 units | 40 - 50 units | |

•The table above shows the number of transmission boosters that is required by the system with three BC controllers. For each BC controller that is subtracted from the above-mentioned system, two additional indoor units can be connected.

- Automatic address setup is not available if start-stop input(CN32, CN51, CN41) is used for a group operation of indoor units. Refer to "[5] 2. Manual address setup for both indoor and outdoor units"(page 30)
- 5) To connect more than 2 LOSSNAY units to indoor units in the same system, refer to "[5] 2. An example of a system with one outdoor unit to which 2 or more LOSSNAY units are connected".(page 30)

(3) Maximum allowable length

- Indoor/outdoor transmission line Maximum distance (1.25mm² [AWG16] or larger) L1 +L2+L3+L4+L5≤200m[656ft] L1 +L2+L3+L11+L12+L13≤200m[656ft]
- Transmission line for centralized control No connection is required.
- MA remote controller wiring Maximum overall line length (0.3 to 1.25mm² [AWG22 to 16]) m1≤200m [656ft] m2+m3≤200m [656ft] m4+m5≤200m [656ft]

1) Indoor/outdoor transmission line

Daisy-chain terminals M1 and M2 of the terminal block for indoor-outdoor transmission line (TB3) on the outdoor units (OC and OS), of the terminal block for indoor-outdoor transmission line (TB02) on the main BC controller (BC), and of the terminal block for indoor-outdoor transmission line (TB5) on each indoor unit (IC). (Non-polarized two-wire)

•Only use shielded cables.

Note

The outdoor units in the same refrigerant circuit are automatically designated as OC and OS in the order of capacity from large to small (if two or more units have the same capacity, in the order of address from small to large).

Shielded cable connection

Daisy-chain the ground terminal ($_{r/r}$) on the outdoor units (OC and OS), the S terminal of the terminal block (TB02) on the BC controller (BC), and the S terminal of the terminal block (TB5) on the indoor unit (IC) with the shield of the shielded cable.

- 2) Transmission line for centralized control No connection is required.
- MA remote controller wiring

Connect terminals 1 and 2 on the terminal block for MA remote controller line (TB15) on the indoor unit (IC) to the terminal block on the MA remote controller (MA). (Non-polarized two-wire)

When 2 remote controllers are connected to the system

When 2 remote controllers are connected to the system, connect terminals 1 and 2 of the terminal block (TB15) on the indoor unit (IC) to the terminal block on the two MA remote controllers.

•Set one of the MA remote controllers as a sub controller. (Refer to the Instruction Manual for the MA remote controller for the setting method.)

Group operation of indoor units

To perform a group operation of indoor units (IC), daisychain terminals 1 and 2 on the terminal block (TB15) on all indoor units (IC) in the same group, and then connect terminals 1 and 2 on the terminal block (TB15) on the indoor unit on one end to the terminal block on the MA remotecontroller. (Non-polarized two-wire)

•When performing a group operation of indoor units that have different functions, "Automatic indoor/outdoor addresssetup" is not available.

4) LOSSNAY connection

Connect terminals M1 and M2 on the terminal block(TB5) on the indoor unit (IC) to the appropriate terminals on the terminal block (TB5) on LOSSNAY (LC). (Non-polarized two-wire)

 Interlock operation setting with all the indoor units in the same system will automatically be made. (It is required that the Lossnay unit be turned on before the outdoorunit.)

•When performing an interlocked operation of part of the indoor units in the system with a LOSSNAY unit, using a LOSSNAY unit alone without interlocking it with any units, performing an interlock operation of more than 16 indoor units with a LOSSNAY unit, or connecting two or more LOSSNAY units to the same refrigerant system, the automatic IC/OC address setup function is not available.

5) Switch setting

No address settings required.

| Proce- dures | Unit | or controller | | Address set- ting range | Setting method | Notes | Factory setting |
|-----------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------|---|--|-----------------|
| 1 | Indoor unit | Main unit Sub unit | IC IC | | | Port number setting is re- quired To perform a group opera- tion of indoor units that fea- ture different functions, the automatic IC/OC address setup function is not avail- able. | 00 |
| 2 | LOSSNAY | | LC | No settings required. | - | | 00 |
| 3 | MA remote con- troller | Main remote con- troller | MA | No settings required. | - | | Main |
| | | Sub remote con- troller | MA | Sub remote con- troller | Settings to be made with the Sub/Main switch | | |
| 4 | Outdoor unit | | OC OS | No settings required. | - | | 00 |
| 5 | Auxiliary outdoor unit | BC controller | BC | No settings required. | - | | 00 |

Note

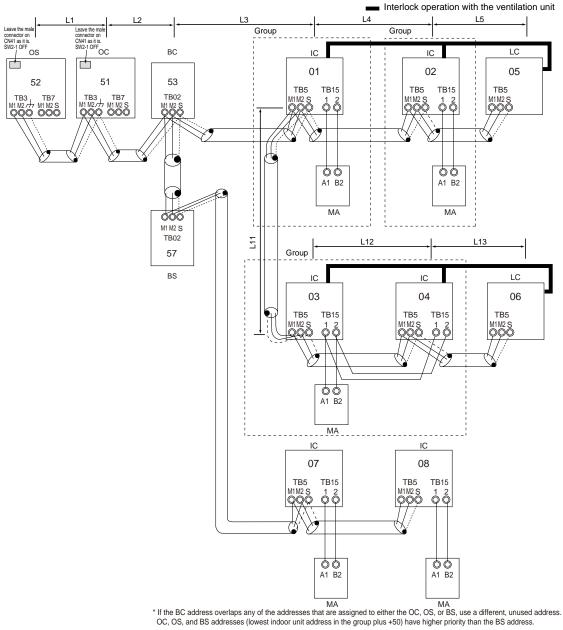
The outdoor units in the same refrigerant circuit are automatically designated as OC and OS.

They are designated as OC and OS in the descending order of capacity (ascending order of address if the capacities are the same).

(5) Address setting method

An example of a system with one outdoor unit to which 2 or more LOSSNAY units are connected 2. (manual address setup for both indoor and outdoor units)

(1) Sample control wiring



(2) Cautions

- ME remote controller and MA remote controller cannot 1) both be connected to the same group of indoor units.
- No more than 2 MA remote controllers can be connected 2) to a group of indoor units.
- 3) When the number of the connected indoor units is as shown in the table below, one or more transmission boosters (sold separately) are required. To connect two transmission boosters, connect them in parallel. (Observe the maximum number of connectable indoor units that are listed in the specifications for each outdoor unit.)

| | Number of tra booster (sold required | |
|---|--|------------------|
| | 1 unit | 2 units |
| When the P200 and P250 models are not included in the connected indoor units | 27 - 50 units | - |
| When the P200 and P250 models are in- cluded in the connected indoor units | 21 - 39 units | 40 - 50 units |

•The table above shows the number of transmission boosters that is required by the system with three BC controllers. For each BC controller that is subtracted from the above-mentioned system, two additional indoor units can be connected.

(3) Maximum allowable length

- Indoor/outdoor transmission line 1) Same as [5] 1.
- Transmission line for centralized control 2) No connection is required.
- 3) MA remote controller wiring Same as [5] 1.

1) Indoor/outdoor transmission line

Daisy-chain terminals M1 and M2 of the terminal block for indoor-outdoor transmission line (TB3) on the outdoor units (OC and OS), of the terminal block for indoor-outdoor transmission line (TB02) on the main and sub BC controllers (BC and BS), and of the terminal block for indoor-outdoor transmission line (TB5) on each indoor unit (IC). (Non-polarized two-wire)

•Only use shielded cables.

Note

The outdoor units in the same refrigerant circuit are automatically designated as OC and OS in the order of capacity from large to small (if two or more units have the same capacity, in the order of address from small to large).

Shielded cable connection

Daisy-chain the ground terminal ($_{H_7}$) on the outdoor units (OC and OS), the S terminal of the terminal block (TB02) on BC and BS, and the S terminal of the terminal block (TB5) on the indoor unit (IC) with the shield of the shielded cable.

(5) Address setting method

T

- 2) Transmission line for centralized control No connection is required.
- 3) MA remote controller wiring

Same as [5] 1. When 2 remote controllers are connected to the system

Same as [5] 1.

Group operation of indoor units

Same as [5] 1. 4) LOSSNAY connection

> Connect terminals M1 and M2 on the terminal block (TB5) on the indoor unit (IC) to the appropriate terminals on the terminal block (TB5) on LOSSNAY (LC). (Non-polarized two-wire)

> •Interlock setting between the indoor units and LOSS-NAY units must be entered on the remote controller. (Refer to "IV [3] Interlock Settings via the MA Remote Controller" or the installation manual for the MA remote controller for the setting method.)

> > -

5) Switch setting

Address setting is required as follows.

| Proce- dures | Unit or controller | | Address setting range | Setting method | Notes | Fac- tory set- ting | |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|------|
| 1 | Indoor Main unit unit | | IC | 01 to 50 | Assign the smallest address to the main unit in the group. In a system with a sub BC controller, make the settings for the indoor units in the following order. (i) Indoor unit to be connected to the main BC controller (ii) Indoor unit to be connected to sub BC controller 1 (iii) Indoor unit to be connected to sub BC controller 2 Make the settings for the indoor units in the way that the formula "(i) < (ii) < (iii)" is true. | Port number setting is required To perform a group op- eration of indoor units that feature different functions, designate the indoor unit in the group with the greatest number of functions as the main unit. | 00 |
| | | Sub unit | | | Assign sequential numbers starting with the address of the main unit in the same group +1. (Main unit address +1, main unit address +2, main unit address +3, etc.) | | |
| 2 | LOSSNAY | | LC | 01 to 50 | Assign an arbitrary but unique address to each of these units after assigning an address to all indoor units. | None of these addresses may overlap any of the indoor unit addresses. | 00 |
| 3 | MA remote controller | Main remote controller | MA | No set- tings re- quired. | - | | Main |
| | | Sub remote controller | MA | Sub remote controller | Settings to be made with the Sub/ Main switch | | |
| 4 | Outdoor unit | | OC OS | 51 to 100 | Assign sequential address to the outdoor units in the same refrigerant circuit. The outdoor units are automatically des- ignated as OC and OS.(Note) | •To set the address to 100, set the rotary switches to 50. •If the addresses that is as- signed to the main BC con- troller overlaps any of the | 00 |
| 5 | 5 Auxiliary outdoor unit BC | | BS | 51 to 100 | Assign an address that equals the sum of the smallest address of the indoor units that are connected to the sub BC controller and 50. | addresses that are assigned to the outdoor units or to the sub BC controller, use a dif- ferent, unused address with- in the setting range. | |
| | | BC control- ler (Main) | BC | | OC (or OS if it exists) +1 | •The use of a sub BC control- ler requires the connection of a main BC controller. | |

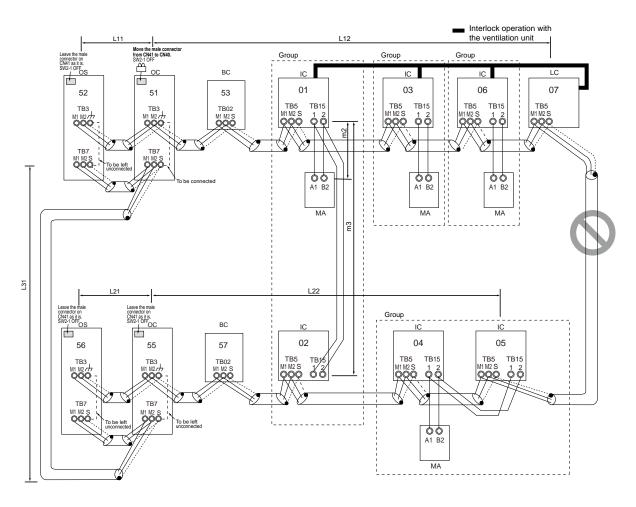
Note

The outdoor units in the same refrigerant circuit are automatically designated as OC and OS.

They are designated as OC and OS in the descending order of capacity (ascending order of address if the capacities are the same).

3. Group operation of units in a system with multiple outdoor units

(1) Sample control wiring



(2) Cautions

- 1) ME remote controller and MA remote controller cannot both be connected to the same group of indoor units.
- 2) No more than 2 MA remote controllers can be connected to a group of indoor units.
- Do not connect the terminal blocks (TB5) on the indoor units that are connected to different outdoor units with each other.
- 4) Replacement of male power jumper connector (CN41) must be performed only on one of the outdoor units.
- Provide grounding to S terminal on the terminal block for transmission line for centralized control (TB7) on only one of the outdoor units.
- 6) When the number of the connected indoor units is as shown in the table below, one or more transmission boosters (sold separately) are required. To connect two transmission boosters, connect them in parallel. (Observe the maximum number of connectable indoor units that are listed in the specifications for each outdoor unit.)

| | Number of trans er (sold separa | smission boost- tely) required |
|--|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | 1 unit | 2 units |
| When the P200 and P250 models are not included in the connected indoor units | 27 - 50 units | - |
| When the P200 and P250 models are included in the connected indoor units | 21 - 39 units | 40 - 50 units |

•The left table shows the number of transmission boosters that is required by the system with three BC controllers. For each BC controller that is subtracted from the above-mentioned system, two additional indoor units can be connected.

(3) Maximum allowable length

- Indoor/outdoor transmission line Maximum distance (1.25mm² [AWG16] or larger) L11+L12≤200m [656ft] L21+L22≤200m [656ft]
- Transmission line for centralized control L31+L21≤200m [656ft]
- 3) MA remote controller wiring Same as [5] 1.
- 4) Maximum line distance via outdoor unit (1.25mm² [AWG16] or larger) L12(L11)+L31+L22(L21)≤500m [1640ft]

1) Indoor/outdoor transmission line Same as [5] 2.

Shielded cable connection Same as [5] 2.

2) Transmission line for centralized control Daisy-chain terminals M1 and M2 on the terminal block for transmission line for centralized control (TB7) on the outdoor units (OC) in different refrigerant circuits and on the OC and OS (Note a) in the same refrigerant circuit. (Note b) If a power supply unit is not connected to the transmission line for centralized control, replace the power jumper connector on the control board from CN41 to CN40 on only one of the outdoor units.

Note

- a) The outdoor units in the same refrigerant circuit are automatically designated as OC and OS in the order of capacity from large to small (if two or more units have the same capacity, in the order of address from small to large).
- b) If TB7's on the outdoor units in the same refrigerant circuit are not daisy-chained, connect the transmission line for the central control system to TB7 of the OC. (Note a).To maintain the central control even during an OC failure or a power failure, connect TB7 on OC and OS together. (If there is a

(5) Address setting method

problem with the outdoor unit whose power jumper was moved from CN41 to CN40, central control is not possible, even if TB7's are daisy-chained.) •Only use shielded cables.

•Only use shielded cables.

Shielded cable connection

Daisy-chain the S terminal on the terminal block (TB7) on the outdoor units (OC, OS) with the shield wire of the shielded cable. Short-circuit the earth terminal ($_{/_{T}}$) and the S terminal on the terminal block (TB7) on the outdoor unit whose power jumper connector is mated with CN40.

3) MA remote controller wiring

Same as [5] 1.

When 2 remote controllers are connected to the system

Same as [5] 1.

Group operation of indoor units

- Same as [5] 1. 4) LOSSNAY connection
- Same as [5] 2.
- 5) Switch setting

Address setting is required as follows.

| Proce- dures | Unit or controller | | Address setting range | Setting method | Notes | Fac- tory set- ting | |
|-----------------|---|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|---|--|------|
| 1 | Indoor Main unit IC unit | | IC | 01 to 50 | Assign the smallest address to the main unit in the group. In a system with a sub BC controller, make the settings for the indoor units in the following order. (i) Indoor unit to be connected to the main BC controller (ii) Indoor unit to be connected to sub BC controller 1 (iii) Indoor unit to be connected to sub BC controller 2 Make the settings for the indoor units in the way that the formula "(i) < (ii) < (iii)" | Port number setting is required To perform a group op- eration of indoor units that feature different functions, designate the indoor unit in the group with the greatest number of functions as the main unit. | 00 |
| | | Sub unit | | | Assign sequential numbers starting with the address of the main unit in the same group +1. (Main unit address +1, main unit address +2, main unit address +3, etc.) | | |
| 2 | LOSSNAY LC | | LC | 01 to 50 | Assign an arbitrary but unique address to each of these units after assigning an ad- dress to all indoor units. | None of these addresses may overlap any of the indoor unit addresses. | 00 |
| 3 | MA remote controller | Main remote controller | MA | No set- tings re- quired. | - | | Main |
| | | Sub remote controller | MA | Sub remote controller | Settings to be made with the Sub/ Main switch | | |
| 4 | Outdoor unit | | OC OS | 51 to 100 | Assign sequential address to the outdoor units in the same refrigerant circuit. The outdoor units are automatically des- ignated as OC and OS.(Note) | To set the address to 100, set the rotary switches to 50. If the addresses that is as- signed to the main BC con- troller overlaps any of the | 00 |
| 5 | 5 Auxiliary outdoor unit BCcon- troller (S | | BS | 51 to 100 | Assign an address that equals the sum of the smallest address of the indoor units that are connected to the sub BC controller and 50. | addresses that are assigned to the outdoor units or to the sub BC controller, use a dif- ferent, unused address with- in the setting range. | |
| | | BC control- ler (Main) | BC | | OC (or OS if it exists) +1 | •The use of a sub BC control- ler requires the connection of a main BC controller. | |

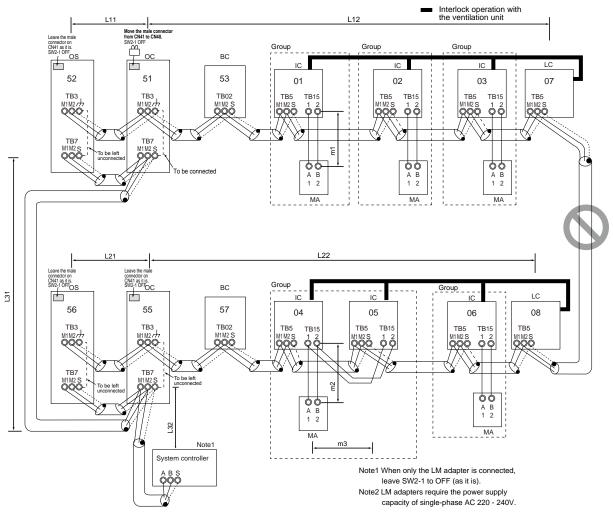
Note

The outdoor units in the same refrigerant circuit are automatically designated as OC and OS.

They are designated as OC and OS in the descending order of capacity (ascending order of address if the capacities are the same).

4. A system in which a system controller is connected to the transmission line for centralized control and which is powered from an outdoor unit

(1) Sample control wiring



(2) Cautions

- 1) ME remote controller and MA remote controller cannot both be connected to the same group of indoor units.
- 2) No more than 2 MA remote controllers can be connected to a group of indoor units.
- Do not connect the terminal blocks (TB5) on the indoor units that are connected to different outdoor units with each other.
- Replacement of male power jumper connector (CN41) must be performed only on one of the outdoor units. (not required if power to the transmission line for centralized control is supplied from a controller with a power-supply function, such as
- When the number of the connected indoor units is as shown in the table below, one or more transmission boosters (sold separately) are required.

To connect two transmission boosters, connect them in parallel. (Observe the maximum number of connectable indoor units that are listed in the specifications for each outdoor unit.)

| | Number of trans (sold separately | |
|--|----------------------------------|---------------|
| | 1 unit | 2 units |
| When the P200 and P250 models are not included in the connected indoor units | 27 - 50 units | - |
| When the P200 and P250 models are included in the connected in- door units | 21 - 39 units | 40 - 50 units |

•The left table shows the number of transmission boosters that is required by the system with three BC controllers. For each BC controller that is subtracted from the above-mentioned system, two additional indoor units can be connected.

 When a power supply unit is connected to the transmission line for centralized control, leave the power jumper connector on CN41 as it is (factory setting).

(3) Maximum allowable length

- 1) Indoor/outdoor transmission line Same as [5] 3.
- Transmission line for centralized control L31+L32(L21) ≤200m [656ft]
- MA remote controller wiring Same as [5] 1.
- 4) Maximum line distance via outdoor unit (1.25mm² [AWG16] or larger)
 L32+L31+L12(L11) ≤500m [1640ft]
 L32+L22(L21) ≤500m [1640ft]
 L12(L11)+L31+L22(L21) ≤500m[1640ft]

1) Indoor/outdoor transmission line Same as [5] 2.

Only use shielded cables. Shielded cable connection

Same as [5] 2.

2) Transmission line for centralized control

Daisy-chain terminals A and B on the system controller, terminals M1 and M2 on the terminal block for transmission line for centralized control (TB7) on the outdoor units (OC) in different refrigerant circuits and on the outdoor units (OC and OS) (Note a) in the same refrigerant circuit. (Note b)

a) in the same refrigerant circuit. (Note b) When both of the following conditions are met, move the power jumper connector on the control board from CN41 to CN40 on only one of the outdoor units: (1) No power supply units are connected to the transmission line for centralized control AND (2) No controllers with a power-supply function are connected to the system.

If a system controller is connected, set the central control switch (SW2-1) on the control board of all outdoor units to "ON."

Note

- a) The outdoor units in the same refrigerant circuit are automatically designated as OC and OS in the order of capacity from large to small (if two or more units have the same capacity, in the order of address from small to large).
 b) If TB7's on the outdoor units in the same refrigerant circuit are
- b) If TB7's on the outdoor units in the same refrigerant circuit are not daisy-chained, connect the transmission line for the central control system to TB7 of the OC. (Note a). To maintain the central control even during an OC failure or a power failure, connect TB7 on OC and OS together. (If there is a problem with the outdoor unit whose power jumper was moved from CN41 to CN40, central control is not possible, even if TB7's are daisy-chained.)

(5) Address setting method

•Only use shielded cables.

Shielded cable connection

Daisy-chain the S terminal of the terminal block (TB7) on the system controller, OC, and OS with the shield of the shielded cable. Short-circuit the earth terminal ($_{H_7}$) and the S terminal on the terminal block (TB7) on the outdoor unit whose power jumper connector is mated with CN40.

3) MA remote controller wiring

Same as [5] 1.

When 2 remote controllers are connected to the system

Same as [5] 1.

Group operation of indoor units

Same as [5] 1. 4) LOSSNAY connection

> Connect terminals M1 and M2 on the terminal block (TB5) on the indoor unit (IC) to the appropriate terminals on the terminal block for indoor-outdoor transmission line (TB5) on LOSSNAY (LC). (Non-polarized two-wire)

•Indoor units must be interlocked with the LOSSNAY unit using the system controller. (Refer to the operation manual for the system controller for the setting method.) Interlock setting from the remote controller is required if the ON/OFF remote controller alone or the LM adapter alone is connected.

5) Switch setting

Address setting is required as follows.

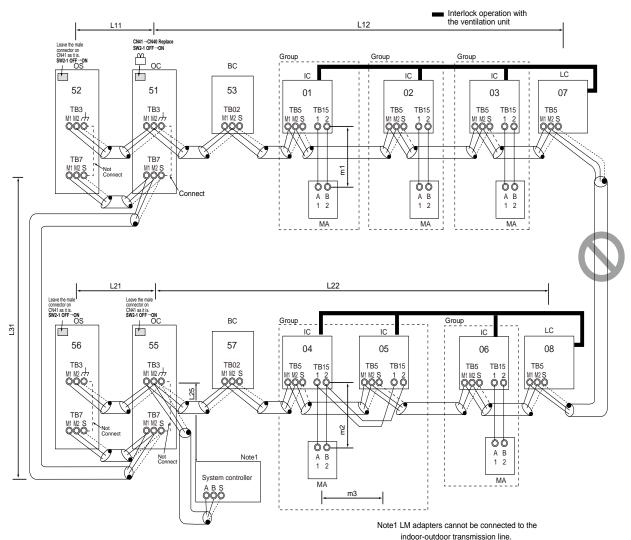
| Proce- dures | Unit or controller | | Ad- dress setting range | Setting method | Notes | Fac- tory set- ting | |
|-----------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|--|------|
| 1 | Indoor unit | Main unit | IC | 01 to 50 | Assign the smallest address to the main unit in the group. In a system with a sub BC controller, make the settings for the indoor units in the fol- lowing order. (i) Indoor unit to be connected to the main BC controller (ii) Indoor unit to be connected to sub BC controller 1 (iii) Indoor unit to be connected to sub BC controller 2 Make the settings for the indoor units in the way that the formula "(i) < (iii) < (iii)" is true. | Port number setting is required To perform a group op- eration of indoor units that feature different functions, designate the indoor unit in the group with the greatest number of functions as the main unit. | 00 |
| | | Sub unit | | | Assign sequential numbers starting with the address of the main unit in the same group +1. (Main unit address +1, main unit address +2, main unit address +3, etc.) | | |
| 2 | LOSSNAY | / | LC | 01 to 50 | Assign an arbitrary but unique address to each of these units after assigning an address to all indoor units. | None of these addresses may overlap any of the indoor unit addresses. | 00 |
| 3 | MA remote controller | Main remote con- troller | MA | No set- tings re- quired. | - | Make the same indoor unit group settings with the system controller as the ones that were made with the MA remote | Main |
| | Controller | Sub remote con- troller | MA | Sub remote controller | Settings to be made with the Sub/ Main switch | controller. | |
| 4 | Outdoor u | nit (Note) | OC OS | 51 to 100 | Assign sequential address to the outdoor units in the same refrigerant circuit. The outdoor units are automatically designated as OC and OS.(Note) | To set the address to 100, set the rotary switches to 50. If the addresses that is as- signed to the main BC con- troller overlaps any of the | 00 |
| 5 | Auxiliary outdoor unit | BCcon- troller (Sub) | BS | 51 to 100 | Assign an address that equals the sum of the smallest address of the indoor units that are connected to the sub BC controller and 50. | addresses that are assigned to the outdoor units or to the sub BC controller, use a dif- ferent, unused address with- | |
| | | BC control- ler (Main) | BC | | OC (or OS if it exists) +1 | The use of a sub BC control- ler requires the connection of a main BC controller. | |

Note

The outdoor units in the same refrigerant circuit are automatically designated as OC and OS.

They are designated as OC and OS in the descending order of capacity (ascending order of address if the capacities are the same).

- 5. An example of a system in which a system controller is connected to the indoor-outdoor transmission line (except LM adapter)
- (1) Sample control wiring



(2) Cautions

- ME remote controller and MA remote controller cannot both be connected to the same group of indoor units.
- No more than 2 MA remote controllers can be connected to a group of indoor units.
- 3) Do not connect the terminal blocks (TB5) on the indoor units that are connected to different outdoor units with each other.
- Replacement of male power jumper connector (CN41) must be performed only on one of the outdoor units. (not required if power to the transmission line for centralized control is supplied from a controller with a power-supply function, such as GB-50ADA)
- Provide grounding to S terminal on the terminal block for transmission line for centralized control (TB7) on only one of the outdoor units.
- A maximum of 3 system controllers can be connected to the indooroutdoor transmission line, with the exception that only one G(B)-50A may be connected.
- 7) When the total number of indoor units exceeds 20 (12 if one or more indoor units of the 200 model or above is connected), it may not be possible to connect a system controller to the indoor-outdoor transmission line.
- When the number of the connected indoor units is as shown in the table below, one or more transmission boosters (sold separately) are required.

To connect two transmission boosters, connect them in parallel. (Observe the maximum number of connectable indoor units that are listed in the specifications for each outdoor unit.)

| | Number of transmission booster (sold separately) required | | |
|---|---|------------------|--|
| | 1 unit | 2 units | |
| When the P200 and P250 models are not included in the connected indoor units | 27 - 50 units | - | |
| When the P200 and P250 models are in- cluded in the connected indoor units | 21 - 39 units | 40 - 50 units | |

•The table above shows the number of transmission boosters that is required by the system with three BC controllers. For each BC controller that is subtracted from the above-mentioned system, two additional indoor units can be connected.

(3) Maximum allowable length

- 1) Indoor/outdoor transmission line
- Maximum distance (1.25mm² [AWG16] or larger) L11+L12≤200m [656ft] L21+L22≤200m [656ft] L25≤200m [656ft]
- Transmission line for centralized control L31+L21≤200m [656ft]
- 3) MA remote controller wiring
- Same as [5] 1.
 Maximum line distance via outdoor unit (1.25mm² [AWG16] or larger)
 L25+L31+L12(L11)≤500m [1640ft]
 L12(L11)+L31+L22(L21)≤500m [1640ft]

1) Indoor/outdoor transmission line

Daisy-chain terminals M1 and M2 of the terminal block for indooroutdoor transmission line (TB3) on the outdoor units (OC and OS) (Note a), of the terminal block for indoor-outdoor transmission line (TB02) on the main and sub BC controllers (BC and BS), of the terminal block for indoor-outdoor transmission line (TB5) on each indoor unit (IC), and the S terminal of the system controller.(Nonpolarized two-wire)

•Only use shielded cables.

Note

a) The outdoor units in the same refrigerant circuit are automatically designated as OC and OS in the order of capacity from large to small (if two or more units have the same capacity, in the order of address from small to large).

Shielded cable connection

(5) Address setting method

Daisy-chain the ground terminal ($_{H_{1}}$) on the outdoor units (OC and OS), the S terminal of the terminal block (TB02) on the BC and BS, and the S terminal of the terminal block (TB5) on the indoor unit (IC) with the shield of the shielded cable.

2) Transmission line for centralized control

Daisy-chain terminals M1 and M2 on the terminal block for transmission line for centralized control (TB7) on the outdoor units (OC) in different refrigerant circuits and on the OC and OS in the same refrigerant circuit.(Note b)

When both of the following conditions are met, move the power jumper connector on the control board from CN41 to CN40 on only one of the outdoor units: (1) No power supply units are connected to the transmission line for centralized control AND (2) No controllers with a power-supply function are connected to the system. Set the central control switch (SW2-1) on the control board of all outdoor units to "ON."

Note

b) If TB7's on the outdoor units in the same refrigerant circuit are not daisy-chained, connect the transmission line for the central control system to TB7 of the OC. (Note a). To maintain the central control even during an OC failure or a power failure, connect TB7 on OC and OS together. (If there is a problem with the outdoor unit whose power jumper was moved from CN41 to CN40, central control is not possible, even if TB7's are daisy-chained.)
 *Only use shielded cables.

Shielded cable connection

Daisy-chain the S terminal on the terminal block (TB7) on the outdoor units (OC, OS) with the shield wire of the shielded cable. Shortcircuit the earth terminal ($_{r}$) and the S terminal on the terminal block (TB7) on the outdoor unit whose power jumper connector is mated with CN40.

3) MA remote controller wiring

Same as [5] 1.

When 2 remote controllers are connected to the system Same as [5] 1.

Group operation of indoor units

Same as [5] 1.

4) LOSSNAY connection

Connect terminals M1 and M2 on the terminal block (TB5) on the indoor units (IC) to the appropriate terminals on the terminal block for indoor-outdoor transmission line (TB5) on LOSSNAY (LC). (Non-polarized two-wire)

 Indoor units must be interlocked with the LOSSNAY unit using the system controller. (Refer to the operation manual for the system controller for the setting method.) Interlock setting from the remote controller is required if the ON/OFF remote controller alone is connected.

5) Switch setting

Address setting is required as follows.

Ad-Fac-Procedress torv Unit or controller Setting method Notes dures setting setrange ting IC Assign the smallest address to the main unit +Port number setting is 1 Indoor Main unit 01 to 00 in the group. unit 50 required In a system with a sub BC controller, make •To perform a group opthe settings for the indoor units in the following order. eration of indoor units (i) Indoor unit to be connected to the main BC that feature different controller functions, designate (ii) Indoor unit to be connected to sub BC the indoor unit in the controller 1 group with the greatest (iii) Indoor unit to be connected to sub BC number of functions as controller 2 Make the settings for the indoor units in the way that the formula "(i) < (ii) < (iii)" is true. the main unit. Assign sequential numbers starting with the address of the main unit in the same group Sub unit +1. (Main unit address +1, main unit address +2, main unit address +3, etc.) LOSSNAY Assign an arbitrary but unique address to 2 LC 01 to None of these addresses may 00 each of these units after assigning an address overlap any of the indoor uni 50 to all indoor units. addresses 3 MA Main MA Make the same indoor unit No set-Main group settings with the system remote contings reremote controller as the ones that were made with the MA remote troller quired. controller Sub Sub MA Settings to be made with the Sub/ controller. remote remote con-Main switch troller controller Assign sequential address to the outdoor units in the same refrigerant circuit. 4 51 to 100 •To set the address to 100 OC 00 Outdoor unit set the rotary switches to 50 OS •The outdoor units are automatically desig-+If the addresses that is asnated as OC and OS.(Note) signed to the main BC controller overlaps any of the addresses that are assigned 5 BCcon-Auxiliary BS 51 to 100 Assign an address that equals the sum of the troller (Sub) to the outdoor units or to the smallest address of the indoor units that are outdoor sub BC controller, use a dif-ferent, unused address with-in the setting range. connected to the sub BC controller and 50. unit BC control-ler (Main) BC OC (or OS if it exists) +1 The use of a sub BC controller requires the connection of a main BC controller.

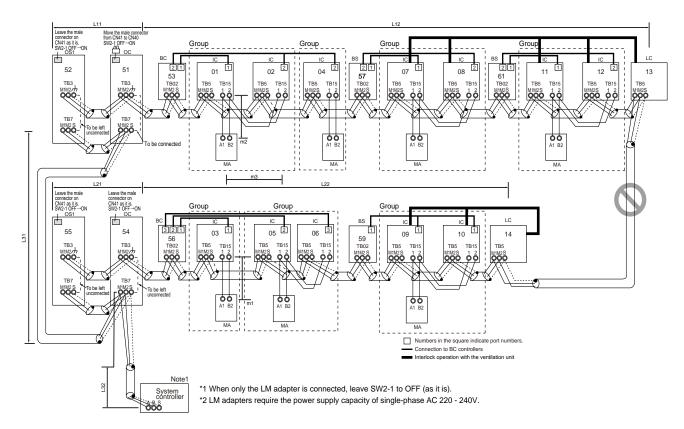
Note

The outdoor units in the same refrigerant circuit are automatically designated as OC and OS.

They are designated as OC and OS in the descending order of capacity (ascending order of address if the capacities are the same).

6. A system with multiple BC controller connections (with a system controller connected to the centralized control line)

(1) Sample control wiring



(2) Cautions

- 1) ME remote controller and MA remote controller cannot both be connected to the same group of indoor units.
- No more than 2 MA remote controllers can be connected to a group of indoor units.
- 3) Do not connect the terminal blocks (TB5) on the indoor units that are connected to different outdoor units with each other.
- Replacement of male power jumper connector (CN41) must be performed only on one of the outdoor units. (not required if power to the transmission line for centralized control is supplied from a controller with a power-supply function, such as GB-50ADA)
- Short-circuit the S (shield) terminal of the terminal block for the central control unit (TB7) and the ground terminal (7) on the outdoor unit whose power jumper was moved from CN41 to CN40.
- 6) When the number of the connected indoor units is as shown in the table below, one or more transmission boosters (sold separately) are required.

To connect two transmission boosters, connect them in parallel. (Observe the maximum number of connectable indoor units that are listed in the specifications for each outdoor unit.)

| | Number of tr booster (sold required | |
|---|---|------------------|
| | 1 unit | 2 units |
| When the P200 and P250 models are not included in the connected indoor units | 27 - 50 units | - |
| When the P200 and P250 models are in- cluded in the connected indoor units | 21 - 39 units | 40 - 50 units |

•The table above shows the number of transmission boosters that is required by the system with three BC controllers. For each BC controller that is subtracted from the above-mentioned system, two additional indoor units can be connected.

 When a power supply unit is connected to the transmission line for centralized control, leave the power jumper connector on CN41 as it is (factory setting).

(3) Maximum allowable length

- Indoor/outdoor transmission line Maximum distance (1.25mm² [AWG16] or larger) L11+L12≤200m [656ft] L21+L22≤200m [656ft]
- Transmission line for centralized control L31+L32(L21) ≤200m [656ft]
- A) MA remote controller wiring
 Maximum overall line length (0.3 to 1.25mm² [AWG22 to 16]) m1≤200m [656ft] m2+m3≤200m [656ft]
- 4) Maximum line distance via outdoor unit (1.25mm² [AWG16] or larger)
 L32+L31+L12(L11) ≤500m [1640ft]
 L32+L32+L32(L21) ≤500m [1640ft]

L32+L22(L21) ≤500m [1640ft] L12(L11)+L31+L22(L21) ≤500m[1640ft]

1) Indoor/outdoor transmission line

Daisy-chain terminals M1 and M2 of the terminal block for indoor-outdoor transmission line (TB3) on the outdoor units (OC and OS) (Note a), of the terminal block for indoor-outdoor transmission line (TB02) on the main and sub BC controllers (BC and BS), and of the terminal block for indoor-outdoor transmission line (TB5) on each indoor unit (IC). (Non-polarized two-wire) Only use shielded cables.

Note

a) The outdoor units in the same refrigerant circuit are automatically designated as OC and OS in the order of capacity from large to small (if two or more units have the same capacity, in the order of address from small to large).

Shielded cable connection

Daisy-chain the ground terminal $(_{rT_{7}})$ on the outdoor units (OC and OS), the S terminal of the terminal block (TB02) on the BC and BS, and the S terminal of the terminal block (TB5) on the indoor unit (IC) with the shield of the shielded cable.

2) Transmission line for centralized control

Daisv-chain terminals A and B of the system controller, M1 and M2 terminals of TB7 (terminal block for centralized control system connection) on the outdoor units (OC) in different refrigerant systems, and M1 and M2 terminals of TB7 (terminal block for centralized con-trol system connection) on the outdoor units (OC and OS (Note)) in the same refrigerant circuit.

When both of the following conditions are met, move the power jumper connector on the control board from CN41 to CN40 on only one of the outdoor units: (1) No power supply units are connected to the transmission line for centralized control AND (2) No controllers with a power-supply function are connected to the system. When connecting a system controller, set the centralized control switch (SW2-1) on the control board of all indoor units to "ON."

Note

b) If TB7's on the outdoor units in the same refrigerant circuit are not daisy-chained, connect the transmission line for the central control system to TB7 of the OC. (Note a).To maintain the central control even during an OC failure or a power failure, connect TB7 on OC and OS together. (If there is a problem with the outdoor unit whose power jumper was moved from CN41 to CN40, central control is not possible, even if TB7's are daisy-chained.)

•Only use shielded cables.

Shielded cable connection

Daisy-chain the S terminal of the terminal block (TB7) on the system controller, OC, and OS with the shield of the shielded cable. Short-circuit the earth terminal ($_{r}$) and the S terminal on the terminal block (TB7) on the outdoor unit whose power jumper connector is mated with CN40. MA remote controller wiring

3)

Same as [5] 1.

When 2 remote controllers are connected to the system Same as [5] 1.

Group operation of indoor units

Same as [5] 1. LOSSNAY connection 4)

> Connect terminals M1 and M2 on the terminal block (TB5) on the indoor unit (IC) to the appropriate terminals on the terminal block for indoor-outdoor transmission line (TB5) on LOSSNAY (LC). (Non-polarized two-wire)

> +Indoor units must be interlocked with the LOSSNAY unit using the system controller. (Refer to the operation manual for the system controller for the setting method.) Interlock setting from the remote controller is required if the ON/OFF remote controller alone or the LM adapter alone is connected.

5) Switch setting

Address setting is required as follows.

(5) Address setting method

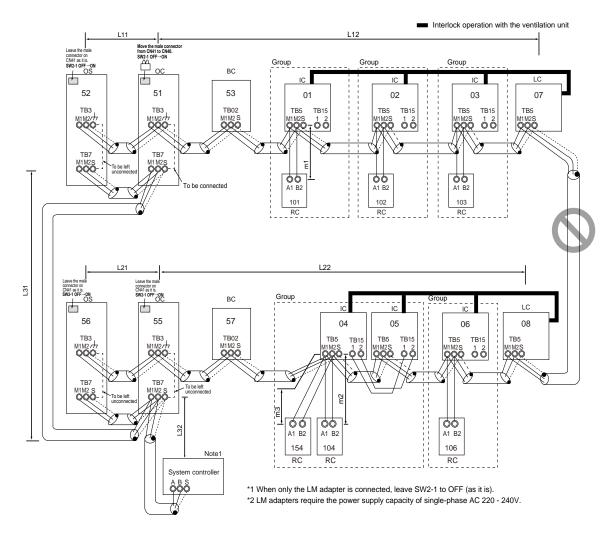
| Pro ce- du- res | Unit or controller | | r | Ad- dress setting range | Setting method | Notes | Fac- tory set- ting | | |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------|----------------------------------|---|---|------------------------------|--|--|
| 1 | 1 Indoor Main unit unit | | IC | 01 to 50 | Assign the smallest address to the main unit in the group. In a system with a sub BC controller, make the settings for the indoor units in the following order. (i) Indoor unit to be connected to the main BC controller (ii) Indoor unit to be connected to sub BC controller 1 (iii) Indoor unit to be connected to sub BC controller 2 Make the settings for the indoor units in the way that the formula "(i) < (ii) < (iii)" is true. | Port number setting is required To perform a group operation of indoor units that feature different functions, designate the indoor unit in the group with the greatest number of functions. | 00 | | |
| | | Sub unit | | | Assign sequential numbers starting with the address of the main unit in the same group +1. (Main unit address +1, main unit address +2, main unit address +3, etc.) | tions as the main unit. | | | |
| 2 | 2 LOSSNAY LC | | LC | 01 to 50 | Assign an arbitrary but unique address to each of these units after assigning an address to all indoor units. | None of these addresses may overlap any of the indoor unit ad- dresses. | 00 | | |
| 3 | 3 MA remote control- | | MA | No set- tings re- quired. | - | Make the same indoor unit group settings with the system controller as the ones that were made with the MA remote controller. | Main | | |
| | ler | Sub re- mote con- troller | MA | Sub re- mote controller | Settings to be made with the Sub/Main switch | | | | |
| 4 | | | OC OS | 51 to 100 | The sum of the smallest address of the indoor units in the same system and 50. Assign sequential address to the outdoor units in the same refrigerant circuit. The outdoor units are automatically designated as OC and OS.(Note) | •To set the address to 100, set the rotary switches to 50. | 00 | | |
| 5 | ry out- | | BS | 51 to 100 | Assign an address that equals the sum of the smallest address of the indoor units that are connected to the sub BC controller and 50. | •To set the address to 100, set the rotary switches to 50. •If the addresses that is assigned | 00 | | |
| | door unit | | door unit | BC con- troller (Main) | BC | 51 to 100 | OC (or OS if it exists) +1 | to the main BC controller over- laps any of the addresses that are assigned to the outdoor units or to the sub BC control- ler, use a different, unused ad- dress within the setting range. •The use of a sub BC controller requires the connection of a main BC controller. | |

Note

The outdoor units in the same refrigerant circuit are automatically designated as OC and OS. They are designated as OC and OS in the descending order of capacity (ascending order of address if the capacities are the same).

[6] An Example of a System to which an ME Remote Controller is connected

(1) Sample control wiring



(2) Cautions

- 1) ME remote controller and MA remote controller cannot both be connected to the same group of indoor units.
- No more than 2 ME remote controllers can be connected to a group of indoor units.
- 3) Do not connect the terminal blocks (TB5) on the indoor units that are connected to different outdoor units with each other.
- Replace the power jumper connector of the control board from CN41 to CN40 on only one of the outdoor units. (not required if power to the transmission line for centralized control is supplied from a controller with a power-supply function, such as GB-50ADA)
- 5) Provide an electrical path to ground for the S terminal on the terminal block for centralized control on only one of the outdoor units.
- When the number of the connected indoor units is as shown in the table below, one or more transmission boosters (sold separately) are required.

To connect two transmission boosters, connect them in parallel. (Observe the maximum number of connectable indoor units that are listed in the specifications for each outdoor unit.)

| | Number of transmission booster (sold separately) required | | | |
|--|---|------------------|------------------|--|
| | 1 unit | 2 units | 3 units | |
| When the P200 and P250 mod- els are not included in the con- nected indoor units | 15 - 34 units | 35 - 50 units | - | |
| When the P200 and P250 mod- els are included in the connected indoor units | 11 - 26 units | 27 - 42 units | 43 - 50 units | |

•The left table shows the number of transmission boosters that is required by the system with three BC controllers. For each BC controller that is subtracted from the above-mentioned system, two additional indoor units can be connected.

 When a power supply unit is connected to the transmission line for centralized control, leave the power jumper connector on CN41 as it is (factory setting).

(3) Maximum allowable length

- 1) Indoor/outdoor transmission line Same as [5] 3.
- Transmission line for centralized control Same as [5] 4.
- ME remote controller wiring Maximum overall line length (0.3 to 1.25mm² [AWG22 to 16])

m1≤10m [32ft]

m2+m3≤10m [32ft]

If the standard-supplied cable must be extended, use a cable with a diameter of 1.25mm^2 [AWG16]. The section of the cable that exceeds 10m [32ft] must be included in the maximum indoor-outdoor transmission line distance described in (1).

When connected to the terminal block on the Simple remote controller, use cables that meet the following cable size specifications: 0.75 - 1.25 mm² [AWG18-16].

 Maximum line distance via outdoor unit (1.25 mm² [AWG16] or large) Same as [5] 4.

(4) Wiring method

 Indoor/outdoor transmission line Same as [5] 2.
 Shielded cable connection

Same as [5] 2.

 Transmission line for centralized control Same as [5] 4.

Shielded cable connection Same as [5] 4.

3) ME remote controller wiring
 ME remote controller is connectable anywhere on the indoor-outdoor transmission line.
 When 2 remote controllers are connected to the system

Refer to the section on Switch Setting.

Performing a group operation (including the group operation of units in different refrigerant circuits). Refer to the section on Switch Setting.

- 4) LOSSNAY connection
- Same as [5] 4.
- 5) Switch setting

Address setting is required as follows.

(5) Address setting method

| Proce- dures | Unit | or controller | | Ad- dress setting range | Setting method | Notes | Fac- tory set- ting |
|-----------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------|----------------------------------|--|---|------------------------------|
| 1 | Indoor unit | Main unit | IC | 01 to 50 | Assign the smallest address to the main unit in the group. In a system with a sub BC controller, make the settings for the indoor units in the fol- lowing order. (i) Indoor unit to be connected to the main BC controller (ii) Indoor unit to be connected to sub BC controller 1 (iii) Indoor unit to be connected to sub BC controller 2 Make the settings for the indoor units in the way that the formula "(i) < (ii) < (iii)" is true. | Port number setting is required To perform a group op- eration of indoor units that have different func- tions, set the indoor unit in the group with the greatest number of functions as the main unit. | 00 |
| | | | | | +1. (Main unit address +1, main unit address +2, main unit address +3, etc.) | | |
| 2 | LOSSNAY | / | LC | 01 to 50 | Assign an arbitrary but unique address to each of these units after assigning an address to all indoor units. | None of these addresses may overlap any of the indoor unit addresses. | 00 |
| 3 | ME Main remote controller | | RC | 101 to 150 | Add 100 to the main unit address in the group | It is not necessary to set the 100s digit. To set the address to 200, set the rotary switches to 00. | 101 |
| | | Sub remote con- troller | RC | 151 to 200 | Add 150 to the main unit address in the group | | |
| 4 | Outdoor u | nit | OC OS | 51 to 100 | Assign sequential address to the outdoor units in the same refrigerant circuit. The outdoor units are automatically desig- nated as OC and OS.(Note) | To set the address to 100, set the rotary switches to 50. If the addresses that is as- signed to the main BC con- troller overlaps any of the | 00 |
| 5 | Auxiliary outdoor unit | BCcon- troller (Sub) | BS | 51 to 100 | Assign an address that equals the sum of the smallest address of the indoor units that are connected to the sub BC controller and 50. | addresses that are assigned to the outdoor units or to the sub BC controller, use a dif- ferent, unused address with- | |
| | | BC control- ler (Main) | BC | | OC (or OS if it exists) +1 | The use of a sub BC controller requires the connection of a main BC controller. | |

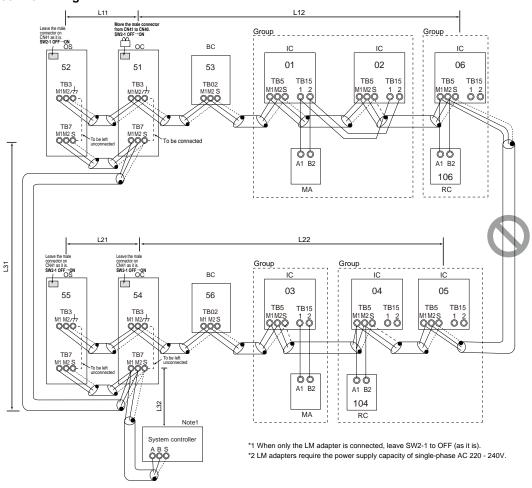
Note

The outdoor units in the same refrigerant circuit are automatically designated as OC and OS.

They are designated as OC and OS in the descending order of capacity (ascending order of address if the capacities are the same).

[7] An Example of a System to which both MA Remote Controller and ME Remote Controller are connected

(1) Sample control wiring



(2) Cautions

- 1) Be sure to connect a system controller.
- 2) ME remote controller and MA remote controller cannot both be connected to the same group of indoor units.
- Assign to the indoor units connected to the MA remote controller addresses that are smaller than those of the indoor units that are connected to the ME remote controller.
- 4) No more than 2 ME remote controllers can be connected to a group of indoor units.
- 5) No more than 2 MA remote controllers can be connected to a group of indoor units.
- 6) Do not connect the terminal blocks (TB5) on the indoor units that are connected to different outdoor units with each other.
- Replace the power jumper connector of the control board from CN41 to CN40 on only one of the outdoor units. (not required if power to the transmission line for centralized control is supplied from a controller with a power-supply function, such as GB-50ADA)
- 8) Provide an electrical path to ground for the S terminal on the terminal block for centralized control on only one of the outdoor units.
- 9) When the number of the connected indoor units is as shown in the table below, one or more transmission boosters (sold separately) are required.

To connect two transmission boosters, connect them in parallel. (Observe the maximum number of connectable indoor units that are listed in the specifications for each outdoor unit.)

| | | transmission booster rately) required | | |
|--|------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------|--|
| | 1 unit | 2 units | 3 units | |
| When the P200 and P250 mod- els are not included in the con- nected indoor units | 15 - 34 units | 35 - 50 units | - | |
| When the P200and P250 models are included in the connected in- door units | 11 - 26 units | 27 - 42 units | 43 - 50 units | |

•The left table shows the number of transmission boosters that is required by the system with three BC controllers. For each BC controller that is subtracted from the above-mentioned system, two additional indoor units can be connected.

 When a power supply unit is connected to the transmission line for centralized control, leave the power jumper connector on CN41 as it is (factory setting).

(3) Maximum allowable length

- 1) Indoor/outdoor transmission line
 - Same as [5] 3.
- 2) Transmission line for centralized control Same as [5] 4.
- 3) MA remote controller wiring
- Same as [5] 1.
- ME remote controller wiring Same as [6]
- Maximum line distance via outdoor unit (1.25 mm² or larger) Same as [5] 4.

- 1) Indoor/outdoor transmission line Same as [5] 2. Shielded cable connection Same as [5] 2.
- 2) Transmission line for centralized control Same as [5] 4. Shielded cable connection
 - Same as [5] 4.
- 3) MA remote controller wiring (When 2 remote controllers are connected to the system

Group operation of indoor units)

Same as [5] 1. ME remote controller wiring 4)

(When 2 remote controllers are connected to the system Group operation of indoor units)

- Same as [6] 5) LOSSNAY connection
- Same as [5] 4. Switch setting 6)

Address setting is required as follows.

(5) Address setting method

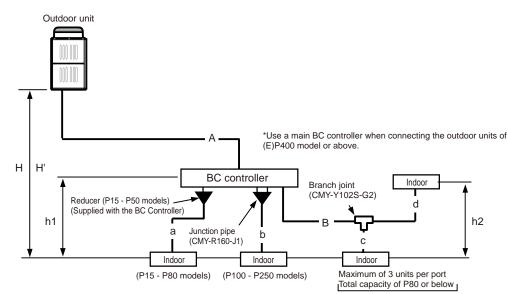
| Pro- ce- dure s | U | nit or co | ntroller | | Ad- dress set- ting range | Setting method | Notes | Facto- ry set- ting |
|--------------------------|--|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------|--|---|---|---------------------------|
| | Opera- tion with the MA re- mote controller | In- door unit | Main unit | IC | 01 to 50 | Assign the smallest address to the main unit in the group. In a system with a sub BC controller, make the settings for the indoor units in the following order. (i) Indoor unit to be connected to the main BC controller (ii) Indoor unit to be connected to sub BC controller 1 (iii) Indoor unit to be connected to sub BC controller 2 Make the settings for the indoor units in the way that the formula "(i) < (iii) < (iii)" is true. | Assign an address smaller than that of the indoor unit that is connected to the ME remote controller. Enter the same indoor unit group set- tings on the system controller as the ones that were entered on the MA re- mote controller. To perform a group operation of indoor units that have different functions, des- ignate the indoor unit in the group with the greatest number of Port number setting is required | 00 |
| | | | Sub unit | IC | 01 to 50 | Assign sequential numbers start- ing with the address of the main unit in the same group +1. (Main unit address +1, main unit address +2, main unit address +3, etc.) | | |
| | | MA re- mote con- | Main re- mote control- ler | MA | No set- tings re- quired. | - | | Main |
| | | troller | Sub remote control- ler | MA | Sub remote control- ler | Settings to be made according to the remote controller func- tion selection | | |
| 2 | Opera- tion with the | In- door unit | Main unit | IC | 01 to 50 | Assign the smallest address to the main unit in the group. | Make the initial settings for the indoor unit group settings via the system con- | 00 |
| | ME re- mote controller | | Sub unit | IC | 01 to 50 | Assign sequential numbers starting with the address of the main unit in the same group +1. (Main unit address +1, main unit address +2, main unit address +3, etc.) | | |
| | | ME re- mote con- | Main re- mote control- ler | RC | 101 to 150 | Add 100 to the main unit ad- dress in the group. | | 101 |
| | | troller | Sub remote control- ler | RC | 151 to 200 | Add 150 to the main unit ad- dress in the group. | | |
| 3 | LOSSNAY | | LC | 01 to 50 | Assign an arbitrary but unique address to each of these units after assigning an address to all indoor units. | None of these addresses may over- lap any of the indoor unit addresses. | 00 | |
| 4 | Outdoor u | nit | | OC OS | 51 to 100 | Assign sequential address to the outdoor units in the same refrigerant circuit. The outdoor units are automatically designated as OC and OS.(Note) | To set the address to 100, set it to 50. If the addresses that is assigned to the main BC controller overlaps any of the addresses that are assigned to the outdoor units or to the sub BC controller, use a different, unused address within the setting range. | 00 |
| 5 | Auxiliary outdoor unit | BCcontr | oller (Sub) | BS | 51 to 100 | Assign an address that equals the sum of the smallest address of the indoor units that are connected to the sub BC controller and 50. | •The use of a sub BC controller requires the connection of a main BC controller. | |
| | | BC contr (Main) | roller | BC | | OC (or OS if it exists) +1 | | |

Note

The outdoor units in the same refrigerant circuit are automatically designated as OC and OS. They are designated as OC and OS in the descending order of capacity (ascending order of address if the capacities are the same).

[8] Restrictions on Pipe Length

(1) System that requires 16 BC controller ports or fewer <System with only the main BC controller or standard BC controller>



Unit: m [ft]

| Operation | | | Pipe sections | Allowable length of pipes |
|----------------------|--|--------------------------------|---------------|--|
| Length | Total pipe length | | A+B+a+b+c+d | Refer to the restrictions on the total piping length.(page 52) |
| | Total pipe length fro the farthest indoor u | m the outdoor unit to init | A+B+d | 165 [541] or less (Equivalent length 190 [623] or less) |
| | Between outdoor ur | nit and BC controller | A | 110 [360] or less |
| | Between BC control | ller and indoor unit | B+d | 40 [131] or less ^{*1} |
| Height difference | Between indoor onit above | | н | 50 [164] or less |
| | and outdoor units | Outdoor unit below indoor unit | H' | 40 [131] or less |
| | Between indoor unit | t and BC controller | h1 | 15[49](10[32]) or less ^{*2} |
| | Between indoor unit | ts | h2 | 15[49](10[32]) or less ^{*2} |

*1. When the total piping length between the BC controller and indoor units (P250 model excluded) exceeds 40 m [131 ft], observe the restrictions on the vertical separation and piping length below.

*2. When the capacity of the connected indoor units is P200 or above, use the figures in the parentheses as a reference.

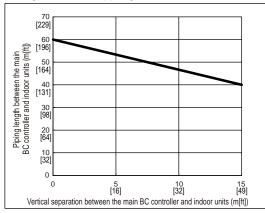
Note

 To connect the P100 through P140 models of indoor units, use an optional junction pipe kit (Model: CMY-R160-J1) and merge the two ports before connecting them. (In that case, set DIP SW4-6 on the BC controller to ON.) It is also possible to connect the P100 through P140 models of units to a port, although the cooling performance will somewhat decrease. (In that case, set DIP SW4-6 on the BC controller to OFF.)

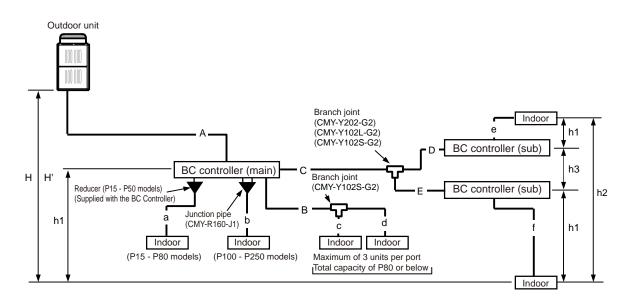
(The factory setting for DIP SW4-6 is OFF.)

- 2) Do not connect the P200 or P250 models of indoor units and other models of indoor units at the same port.
- 3) All the units that are connected to the same ports can only be operated in the same operation mode (cooling/heating).

The height difference and the pipe length between BC controller and indoor units



(2) System that requires more than 16 BC controller ports or with multiple BC controllers <System with one outdoor unit>



| | Operation | | Pipe sections | Allowable length of pipes |
|---------------------------|---|--|---------------------------|--|
| Length | Total pipe length | | A+B+C+D+E+a+b+c+d+e +f | Refer to the restrictions on the total piping length.(page 52) |
| | Total pipe length door unit to the fa unit | | A+C+E+f | 165 [541] or less (Equivalent length 190 [623] or less) |
| | Between outdoor controller | unit and BC | A | 110 [360] or less |
| | Between BC cont door unit | roller and in- | B+d or C+D+e or C+E+f | 40 [131] or less ^{*1} |
| Height differ- ence | Between indoor and outdoor | Outdoor unit above in- door unit | н | 50 [164] or less |
| | units | Outdoor unit below in- door unit | H' | 40 [131] or less |
| | Between indoor u controller | init and BC | h1 | 15 [49](10[32]) or less ^{*2} |
| | Between indoor u | inits | h2 | 15 [49](10[32]) or less ^{*2} |
| | Between the BC ((main or sub) and controller | | h3 | 15 [49] or less |

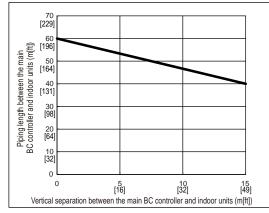
*1. When the total piping length between the BC controller and indoor units (P250 model excluded) exceeds 40 m [131 ft], observe the restrictions on the vertical separation and piping length on the next page.

*2. When the capacity of the connected indoor units is P200 or above, use the figures in the parentheses as a reference.

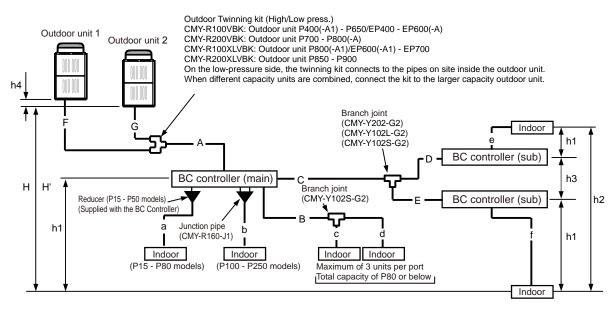
Note

- 1) A system that requires more than 16 BC controller ports requires two or three BC controllers (main and sub), and three pipes will be used between the main and the sub BC controllers.
- 2) When connecting two sub BC controllers, observe the maximum allowable length in the table above.
- 3) When connecting two sub BC controllers, install them in parallel.
- 4) To connect the P100 through P140 models of indoor units, use an optional junction pipe kit (Model: CMY-R160-J1) and merge the two ports before connecting them. (In that case, set DIP SW4-6 on the BC controller to ON.)
 It is also possible to connect the P100 through P140 models of units to a port, although the cooling performance will somewhat decrease. (In that case, set DIP SW4-6 on the BC controller to OFF.)
 (The factory setting for DIP SW4-6 is OFF.)
- 5) Do not connect the P200 or P250 models of indoor units and other models of indoor units at the same port.
- 6) All the units that are connected to the same ports can only be operated in the same operation mode (cooling/heating).
- 7) The maximum capacity of the indoor units that is connectable to the CMB-P-V-GB1 types of sub BC controllers is P350 or below (when two GB1 type controllers are connected P350 or below for both combined). The maximum total capacity of indoor units that is connectable to the sub BC controller CMB-P1016V-HB1 is P350 or below. If at least one CMB-P1016V-HB1 unit is connected, the maximum total capacity of connectable indoor units to a system with two sub controllers is P450 or below.

The height difference and the pipe length between BC controller and indoor units



(3) System that requires more than 16 BC controller ports or with multiple BC controllers <System with two outdoor units>



Unit: m [ft]

| | Operat | tion | Pipe sections | Allowable length of pipes |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| Length | Total pipe length | | F+G+A+B+C+D+E+a+b+ c+d+e+f | Refer to the restrictions on the total pip- ing length.(page 52) |
| | Total pipe length the farthest indoc | from the outdoor unit to or unit | F(G)+A+C+E+f | 165 [541] or less (Equivalent length 190 [623] or less) |
| | Between outdoor | unit and BC controller | F(G)+A | 110 [360] or less |
| | Between BC cont | troller and indoor unit | B+d or C+D+e or C+E+f | 40 [131] or less ^{*1} |
| | Between indoor u | inits | F+G | 5 [16] or less |
| Height differ- | Between indoor and outdoor | Outdoor unit above indoor unit | Н | 50 [164] or less |
| ence | units | Outdoor unit below in- door unit | H' | 40 [131] or less |
| | Between indoor u | init and BC controller | h1 | 15 [49](10[32]) or less ^{*2} |
| | Between indoor u | inits | h2 | 15 [49](10[32]) or less ^{*2} |
| | Between the BC and the sub BC c | controller (main or sub) controller | h3 | 15 [49] or less |
| | Between outdoor | units | h4 | 0.1 [0.3] or less |

*1. When the total piping length between the BC controller and indoor units (P250 model excluded) exceeds 40 m [131 ft], observe the restrictions on the vertical separation and piping length on the next page.

*2. When the capacity of the connected indoor units is P200 or above, use the figures in the parentheses as a reference.

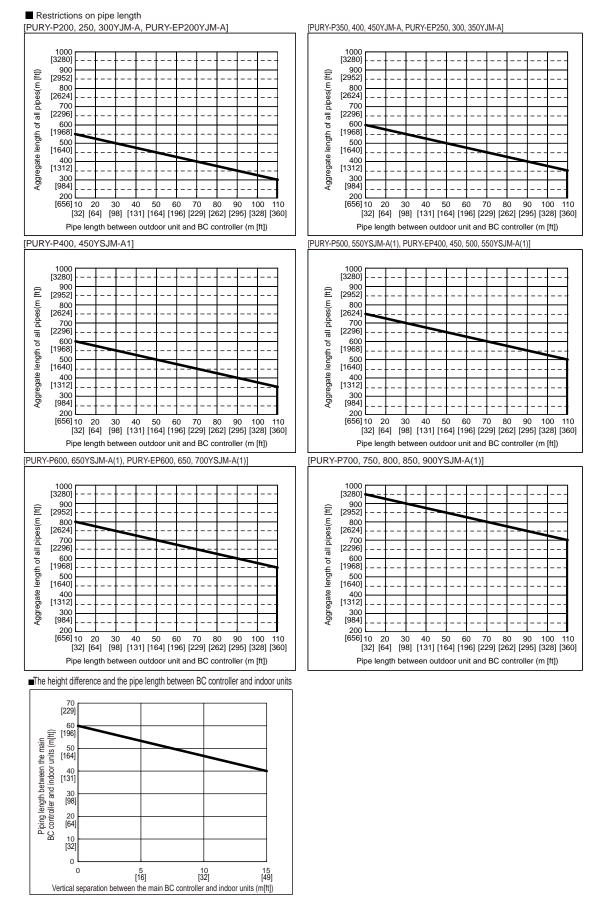
Note

- 1) A system that requires more than 16 BC controller ports requires two or three BC controllers (main and sub), and three pipes will be used between the main and the sub BC controllers.
- 2) When connecting two sub BC controllers, observe the maximum allowable length in the table above.
- 3) When connecting two sub BC controllers, install them in parallel.
- 4) To connect the P100 through P140 models of indoor units, use an optional junction pipe kit (Model: CMY-R160-J1) and merge the two ports before connecting them. (In that case, set DIP SW4-6 on the BC controller to ON.)
 It is also possible to connect the P100 through P140 models of units to a port, although the cooling performance will somewhat decrease. (In that case, set DIP SW4-6 on the BC controller to OFF.)
 (The factory setting for DIP SW4-6 is OFF.)
- 5) Do not connect the P200 or P250 models of indoor units and other models of indoor units at the same port.
- 6) All the units that are connected to the same ports can only be operated in the same operation mode (cooling/heating).

Note

7) The maximum capacity of the indoor units that is connectable to the CMB-P-V-GB1 types of sub BC controllers is P350 or below (when two GB1 type controllers are connected P350 or below for both combined).

The maximum total capacity of indoor units that is connectable to the sub BC controller CMB-P1016V-HB1 is P350 or below. If at least one CMB-P1016V-HB1 unit is connected, the maximum total capacity of connectable indoor units to a system with two sub controllers is P450 or below.



1. Refrigerant pipe size

(1) Between outdoor unit and BC controller (Part A)

| | | Unit : mm [inch] |
|---------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| Outdoor units | High-pressure pipe | Low-pressure pipe |
| (E)P200 | ø15.88 [5/8"] | ø19.05 [3/4"] |
| (E)P250 | ø19.05 [3/4"] | ø22.2 [7/8"] |
| (E)P300 | ø19.05 [3/4"] | ø22.2 [7/8"] |
| (E)P350 | ø19.05 [3/4"] | ø28.58 [1-1/8"] |
| (E)P400 | ø22.2 [7/8"] | ø28.58 [1-1/8"] |
| (E)P450 | ø22.2 [7/8"] | ø28.58 [1-1/8"] |
| (E)P500 | ø22.2 [7/8"] | ø28.58 [1-1/8"] |
| (E)P550 | ø28.58 [1-1/8"] | ø28.58 [1-1/8"] |
| (E)P600 | ø28.58 [1-1/8"] | ø28.58 [1-1/8"] |
| (E)P650 | ø28.58 [1-1/8"] | ø28.58 [1-1/8"] |
| (E)P700 | ø28.58 [1-1/8"] | ø34.93 [1-3/8"] |
| P750 | ø28.58 [1-1/8"] | ø34.93 [1-3/8"] |
| P800 | ø28.58 [1-1/8"] | ø34.93 [1-3/8"] |
| P850 | ø28.58 [1-1/8"] | ø41.28 [1-5/8"] |
| P900 | ø28.58 [1-1/8"] | ø41.28 [1-5/8"] |

(2) Between BC controller and indoor units (Sections a, b, c, d, e, and f)

Unit : mm [inch]

| Indoor unit | Liquid pipe | Gas pipe |
|-------------|--------------|---------------|
| P15 - P50 | ø6.35 [1/4"] | ø12.7 [1/2"] |
| P63 - P140 | ø9.52 [3/8"] | ø15.88 [5/8"] |
| P200 | ø9.52 [3/8"] | ø19.05 [3/4"] |
| P250 | ø9.52 [3/8"] | ø22.2 [7/8"] |

(3) Between the main and sub BC controllers (Section C)

Unit : mm [inch]

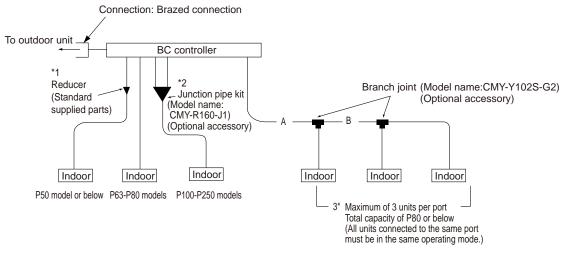
| Total capacity of downstream indoor units | Liquid pipe | High-pressure gas pipe | Low-pressure gas pipe |
|--|---------------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| - P200 | ø9.52 [3/8"] | ø15.88 [5/8"] | ø19.05 [3/4"] |
| P201 - P300 | ø9.52 [3/8"] | ø19.05 [3/4"] | ø22.2 [7/8"] |
| P301 - P350 | ø12.7 [1/2"] | ø19.05 [3/4"] | ø28.58 [1-1/8"] |
| P351 - P400 | ø12.7 [1/2"] | ø22.2 [7/8"] | ø28.58 [1-1/8"] |
| P401 - P500 | ø15.88 [5/8"] | ø22.2 [7/8"] | ø28.58 [1-1/8"] |

Select the proper size pipes for the main unit based on the total capacity of the indoor units that are connected to both sub BC controllers. Select the proper size pipes for the sub controller side based on the total capacity of the indoor units that are connected to the sub controller.

2. Connecting the BC controller

(1) Size of the pipe that fits the standard BC controller ports

(E)P200 - (E)P350 models



The ports of the BC controller accommodates the pipes on P63-P140 models of indoor units. To connect other types of indoor units, follow the procedure below.

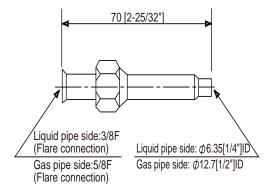
Unit : mm [inch]

| Operatio | n | Pipe sections | | |
|-------------------|---------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Operatio | Л | High-pressure side (liquid) | Low-pressure side (gas) | |
| Outdoor unit side | (E)P200 | ø15.88 [5/8"] (Brazed connection) | ø19.05 [3/4"] (Brazed connection) | |
| | (E)P250 | ø19.05 [3/4"] (Brazed connection) | ø22.2 [7/8"] (Brazed connection) | |
| | (E)P300 | ø19.05 [3/4"] (Brazed connection) | ø22.2 [7/8"] (Brazed connection) | |
| | (E)P350 | ø19.05 [3/4"] (Brazed connection) | ø28.58 [1-1/8"] (Brazed connection) | |
| Indoor unit | side | ø9.52 [3/8"] (Flare connection) | ø15.88 [5/8"] (Flare connection) | |

* BC controllers can only be connected to (E)P200 - (E)P350 models of outdoor units.

Note

 To connect P15 - P50 models of indoor units use the reducer that is supplied with the BC controller.



Note) Use the flare nut that is supplied with the BC controller.

Note

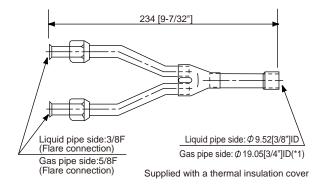
- 3) To connect multiple indoor units to a port (or to a junction pipe)
 - •Maximum total capacity of connected indoor units: P80 or below (in a system with a junction pipe: P250 or below) •Maximum number of connectable indoor units: 3 units
 - •Branch joint: Use CMY-Y102S-G2 (optional accessory).

•Refrigerant pipe selection (size of the pipes in sections A and B in the figure above): Select the proper size pipes based on the total capacity of the downstream indoor units, using the table below as a reference.

| Total capacity of indoor units | Liquid pipe | Gas pipe |
|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------|
| P140 or below | ø9.52 [3/8"] | ø15.88 [5/8"] |
| P141 - P200 | ø9.52 [3/8"] | ø19.05 [3/4"] |
| P201 - P250 | ø9.52 [3/8"] | ø22.2 [7/8"] |

Note

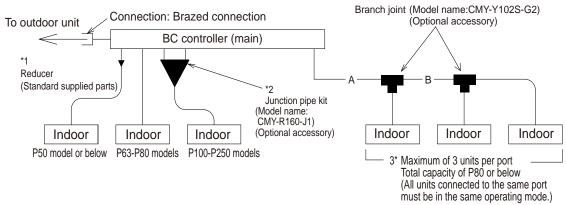
2) To connect P100 - P250 models of indoor units (or when the total capacity of indoor units exceeds P81), use a junction pipe kit and merge the two nozzles.



Unit : mm [inch]

(2) Size of the pipe that fits the main BC controller ports

(E)P200 - (E)P900 models



The ports of the BC controller accommodates the pipes on P63-P140 models of indoor units. To connect other types of indoor units, follow the procedure below.

Note

- 1) To connect P15-P50 models of indoor units use the reducer that is supplied with the BC controller.
- 2) To connect the units between the P100 and P250 models of indoor units (or when the total capacity of indoor units is P81 or above), use a junction pipe kit and merge the two nozzles.
- 3) To connect multiple indoor units to a port (or to a junction pipe)
 - •Maximum total capacity of connected indoor units: P80 or below (in a system with a junction pipe: P250 or below) •Maximum number of connectable indoor units: 3 units
 - •Branch joint: Use CMY-Y102S-G2 (optional accessory).

•Refrigerant pipe selection (size of the pipes in sections A and B in the figure above): Select the proper based on the total capacity of the downstream indoor units, using the table below as a reference.

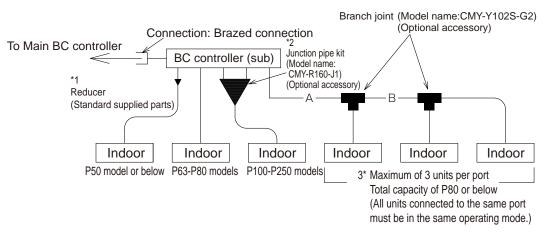
Unit : mm [inch]

| Total capacity of indoor units | Liquid pipe | Gas pipe |
|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------|
| P140 or below | ø9.52 [3/8"] | ø15.88 [5/8"] |
| P141 - P200 | ø9.52 [3/8"] | ø19.05 [3/4"] |
| P201 - P250 | ø9.52 [3/8"] | ø22.2 [7/8"] |

Unit : mm [inch]

| Operation | | Pipe sections | | |
|-------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| | | High-pressure side (liquid) | Low-pressure side (gas) | |
| Outdoor unit side | (E)P200 | ø15.88 [5/8"] (Brazed connection) | ø19.05 [3/4"] (Brazed connection) | |
| | (E)P250 | ø19.05 [3/4"] (Brazed connection) | ø22.2 [7/8"] (Brazed connection) | |
| | (E)P300 | ø19.05 [3/4"] (Brazed connection) | ø22.2 [7/8"] (Brazed connection) | |
| | (E)P350 | ø19.05 [3/4"] (Brazed connection) | ø28.58 [1-1/8"] (Brazed connection | |
| | (E)P400 | ø22.2 [7/8"] (Brazed connection) | ø28.58 [1-1/8"] (Brazed connection) | |
| | (E)P450 | ø22.2 [7/8"] (Brazed connection) | ø28.58 [1-1/8"] (Brazed connection) | |
| | (E)P500 | ø22.2 [7/8"] (Brazed connection) | ø28.58 [1-1/8"] (Brazed connection) | |
| | (E)P550 | ø28.58 [1-1/8"] (Brazed connection) | ø28.58 [1-1/8"] (Brazed connection) | |
| | (E)P600 | ø28.58 [1-1/8"] (Brazed connection) | ø28.58 [1-1/8"] (Brazed connection) | |
| | (E)P650 | ø28.58 [1-1/8"] (Brazed connection) | ø28.58 [1-1/8"] (Brazed connection) | |
| | (E)P700 | ø28.58 [1-1/8"] (Brazed connection) | ø34.93 [1-3/8"] (Brazed connection) | |
| | P750 | ø28.58 [1-1/8"] (Brazed connection) | ø34.93 [1-3/8"] (Brazed connection) | |
| | P800 | ø28.58 [1-1/8"] (Brazed connection) | ø34.93 [1-3/8"] (Brazed connection) | |
| | P850 | ø28.58 [1-1/8"] (Brazed connection) | ø41.28 [1-5/8"] (Brazed connection) | |
| | P900 | ø28.58 [1-1/8"] (Brazed connection) | ø41.28 [1-5/8"] (Brazed connection) | |
| Indoor unit side | | ø9.52 [3/8"] (Flare connection) | ø15.88 [5/8"] (Flare connection) | |

(3) Size of the pipe that fits the sub BC controller ports



The ports of the BC controller accommodates the pipes on P63-P140 models of indoor units. To connect other types of indoor units, follow the procedure below.

Note

- 1) To connect P15-P50 models of indoor units use the reducer that is supplied with the BC controller.
- To connect the units between the P100 and P250 models of indoor units (or when the total capacity of indoor units is P81 or above), use a junction pipe kit and merge the two nozzles.
- 3) To connect multiple indoor units to a port (or to a junction pipe)

Maximum total capacity of connected indoor units: P80 or below (in a system with a junction pipe: P250 or below)
Maximum number of connectable indoor units: 3 units

*Branch joint: Use CMY-Y102S-G2 (optional accessory).

•Refrigerant pipe selection (size of the pipes in sections A and B in the figure above): Select the proper based on the total capacity of the downstream indoor units, using the table below as a reference.

Unit : mm [inch]

| Total capacity of indoor units | Liquid pipe | Gas pipe |
|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------|
| P140 or below | ø9.52 [3/8"] | ø15.88 [5/8"] |
| P141 - P200 | ø9.52 [3/8"] | ø19.05 [3/4"] |
| P201 - P250 | ø9.52 [3/8"] | ø22.2 [7/8"] |

Unit : mm [inch]

| Operation | | Pipe sections | | |
|-------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| | Total capacity of the indoor units that are connected to the BC controller | Liquid pipe side | High-pressure side (liquid) | Low-pressure side (gas) |
| Main BC controller side | - P200 | ø9.52 [3/8"] (Brazed connection) | ø15.88 [5/8"] (Brazed connection) | ø19.05 [3/4"] (Brazed connection) |
| | P201 - P300 | ø9.52 [3/8"] (Brazed connection) | ø19.05 [3/4"] (Brazed connection) | ø22.2 [7/8"] (Brazed connection) |
| | P301 - P350 | ø12.7 [1/2"] (Brazed connection) | ø19.05 [3/4"] (Brazed connection) | ø28.58 [1-1/8"] (Brazed connection) |
| | P351 - P400 | ø12.7 [1/2"] (Brazed connection) | ø22.2 [7/8"] (Brazed connection) | ø28.58 [1-1/8"] (Brazed connection) |
| | P401 - P450 | ø15.88 [5/8"] (Brazed connection) | ø22.2 [7/8"] (Brazed connection) | ø28.58 [1-1/8"] (Brazed connection) |

Select the proper size pipes for the main unit based on the total capacity of the indoor units that are connected to both sub BC controllers. Select the proper size pipes for the sub controller side based on the total capacity of the indoor units that are connected to the sub controller.

III Outdoor Unit Components

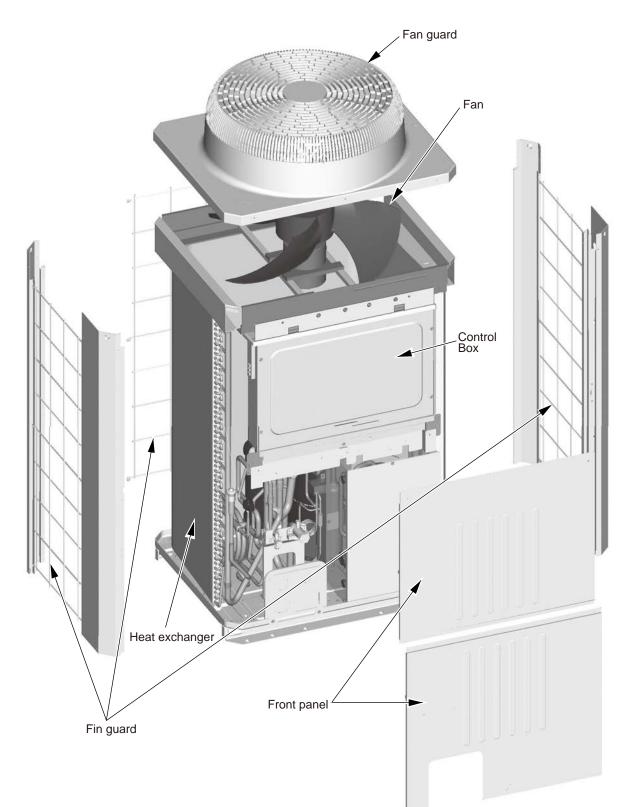
| [1] | Outdoor Unit Components and Refrigerant Circuit | .61 |
|-----|---|-----|
| [2] | Control Box of the Outdoor Unit | .66 |
| [3] | Outdoor Unit Circuit Board | .67 |
| [4] | BC Controller Components | .72 |
| [5] | Control Box of the BC Controller | .75 |
| [6] | BC Controller Circuit Board | .76 |

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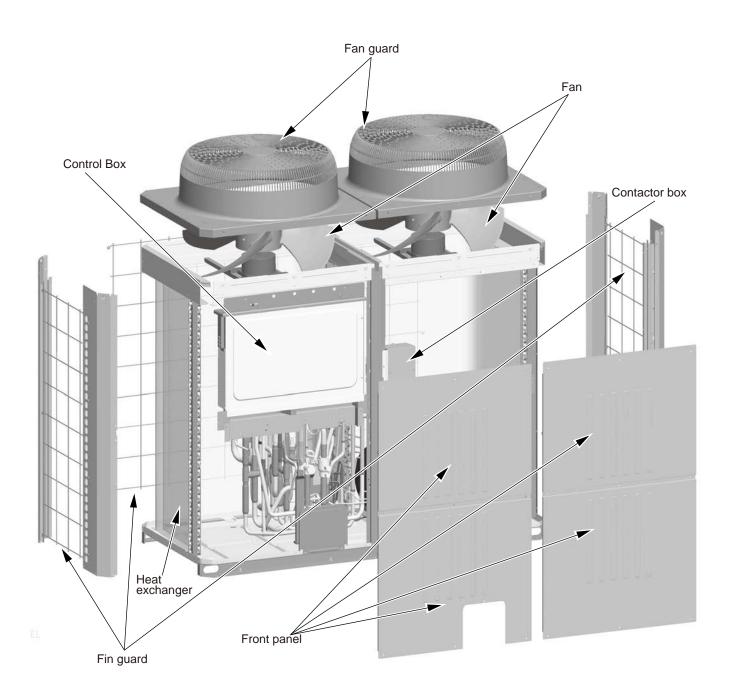
[1] Outdoor Unit Components and Refrigerant Circuit

1. Front view of a outdoor unit

(1) PURY-(E)P200, (E)P250, (E)P300, P350, P400YJM-A

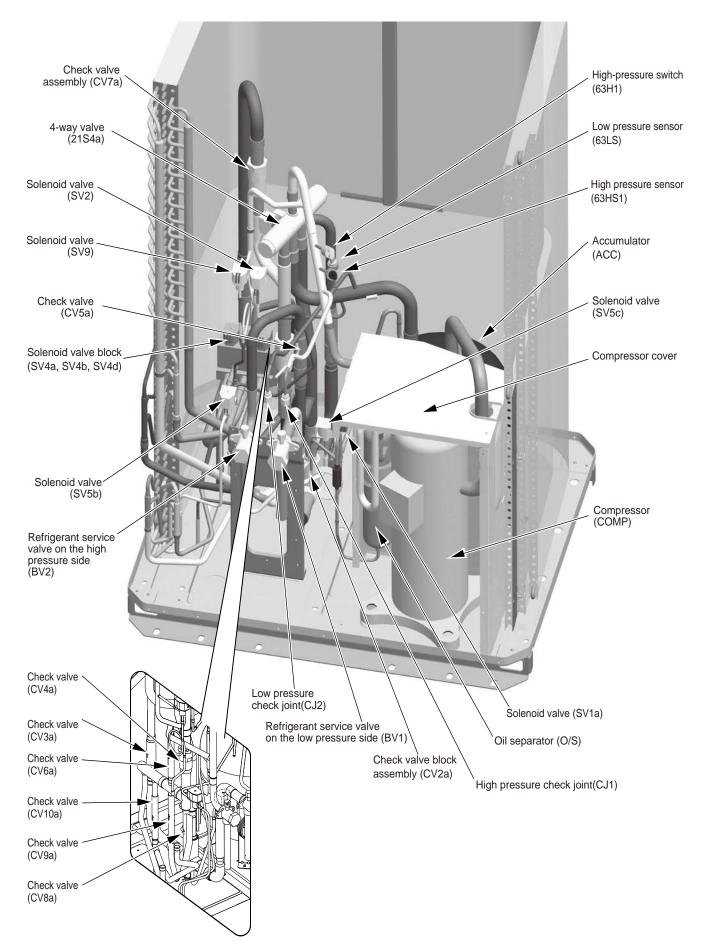


(2) PURY-EP350, P450YJM-A

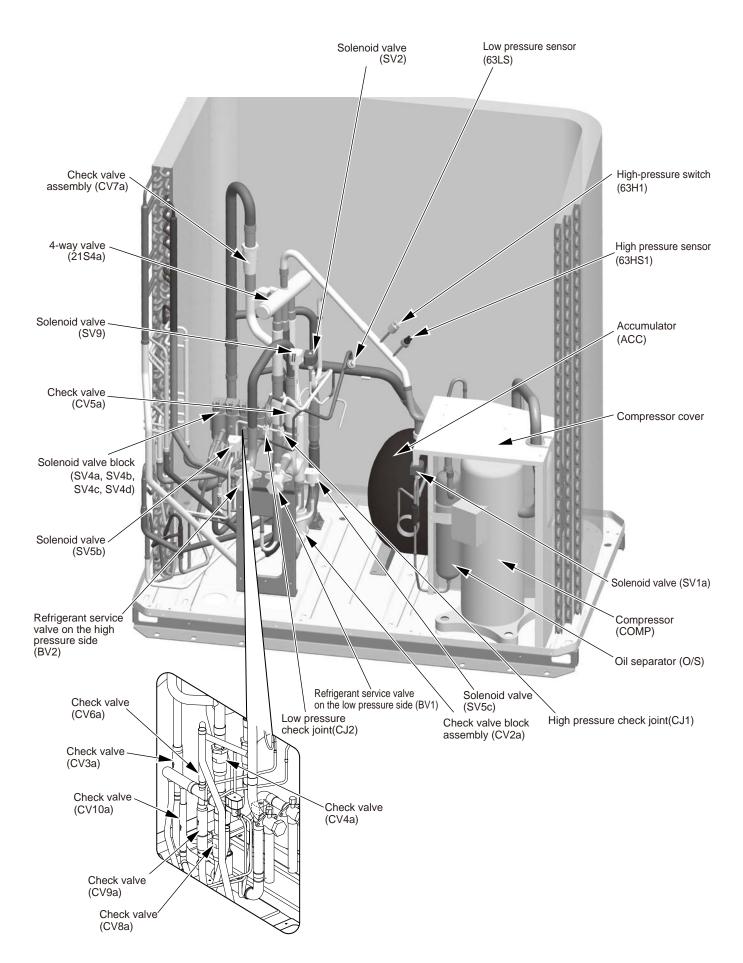


2. Refrigerant circuit

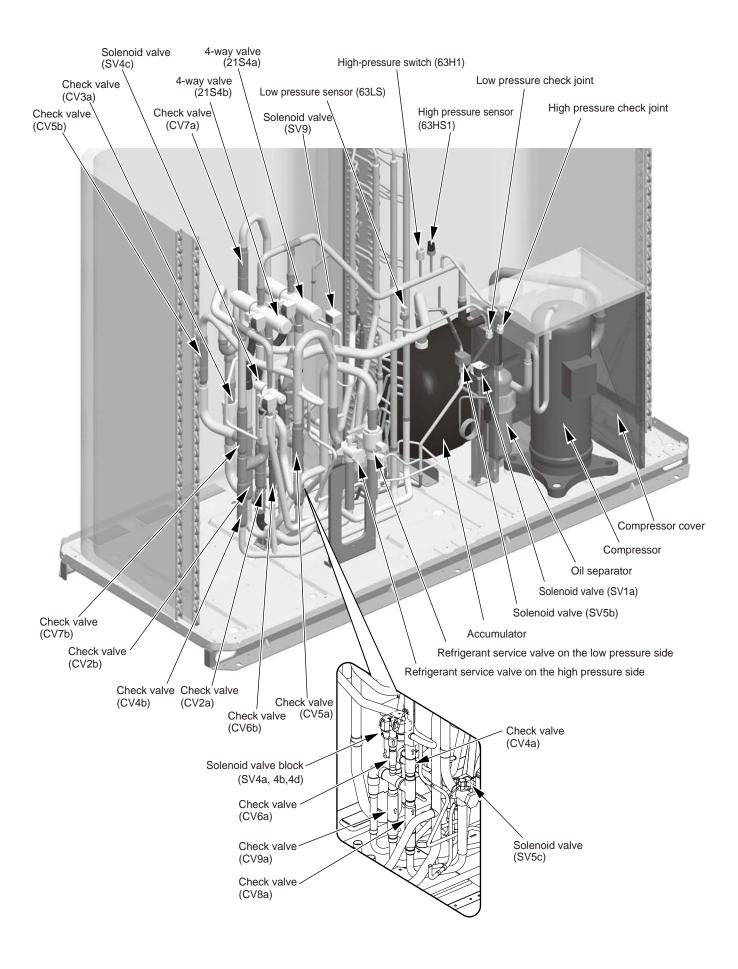
(1) PURY-(E)P200, P250, P300YJM-A



(2) PURY-EP250, EP300, P350, P400YJM-A

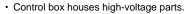


(3) PURY-EP350, P450YJM-A



[2] Control Box of the Outdoor Unit

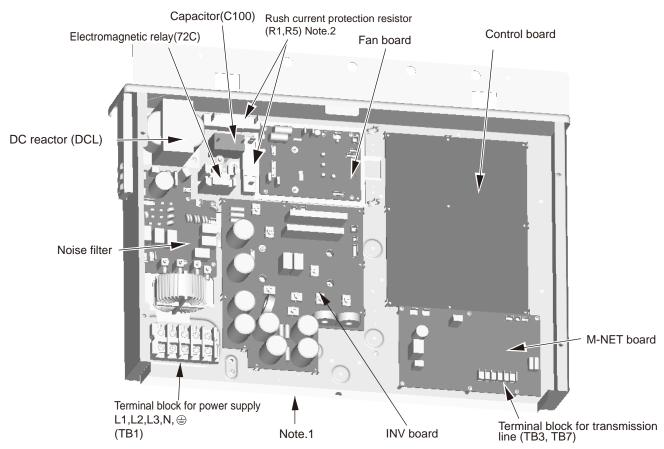
<HIGH VOLTAGE WARNING>





When opening or closing the front panel of the control box, do not let it come into contact with any of the internal components.
Before inspecting the inside of the control box, turn off the power, keep the unit off for at least 10 minutes,

and confirm that the voltage between FT-P and FT-N on INV Board has dropped to DC20V or less. (It takes about 10 minutes to discharge electricity after the power supply is turned off.)

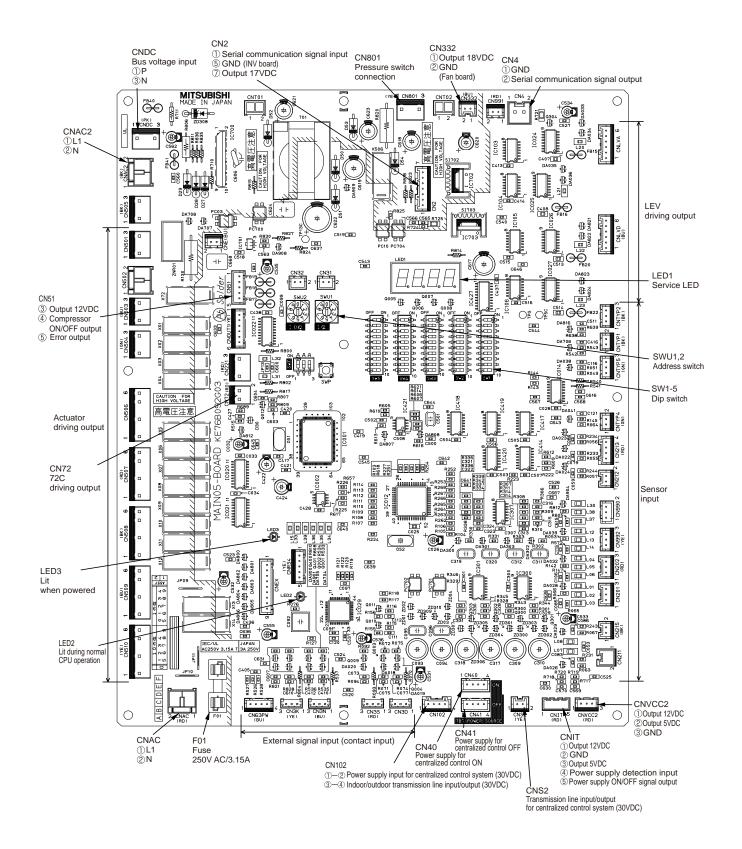


Note

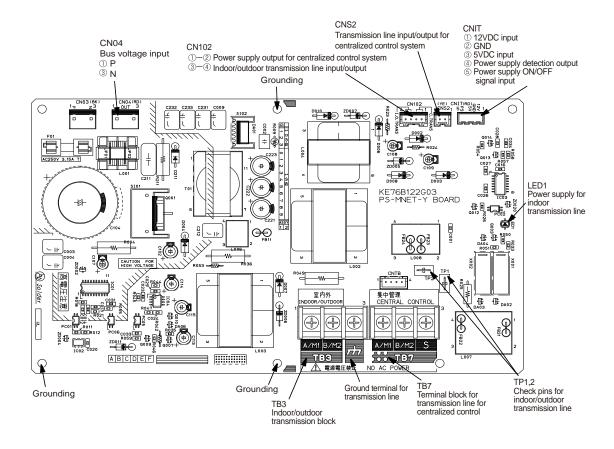
- 1) Exercise caution not to damage the bottom and the front panel of the control box. Damage to these parts affect the waterproof and dust proof properties of the control box and may result in damage to its internal components.
- 2) Faston terminals have a locking function. Make sure the cable heads are securely locked in place. Press the tab on the terminals to remove them.

[3] Outdoor Unit Circuit Board

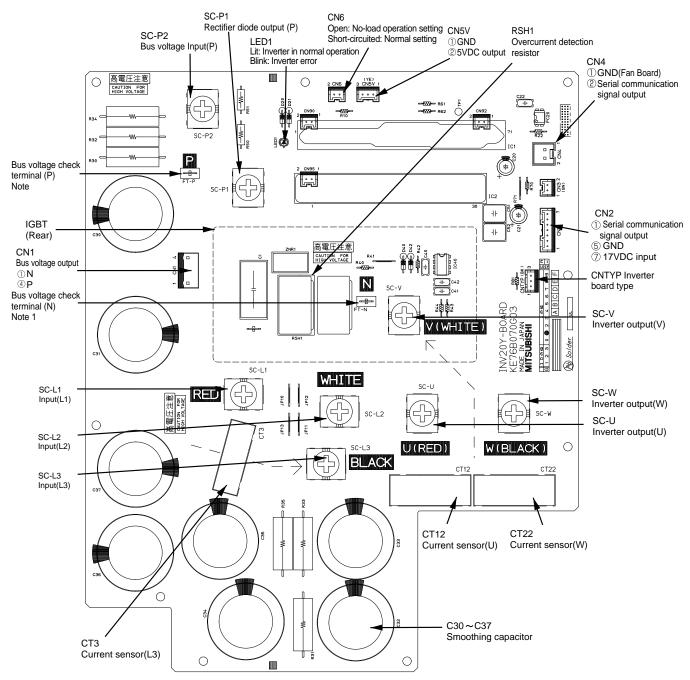
1. Outdoor unit control board



2. M-NET board



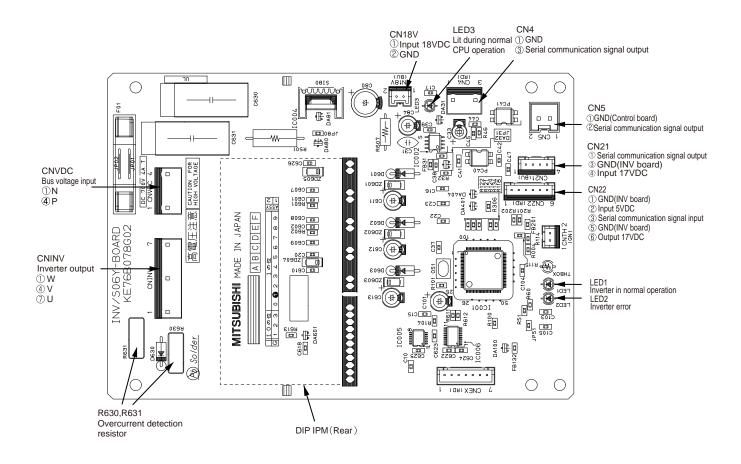
3. INV board



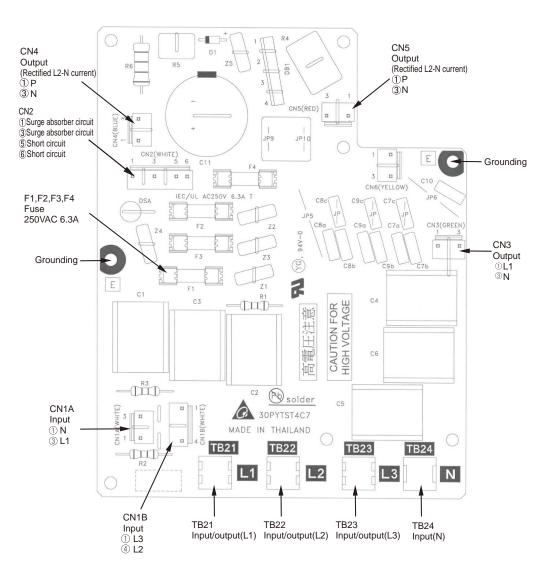
Note

 Before inspecting the inside of the control box, turn off the power, keep the unit off for at least 10 minutes, and confirm that the voltage between FT-P and FT-N on INV Board has dropped to DC20V or less. It takes about 10 minutes to discharge electricity after the power supply is turned off.

4. Fan board

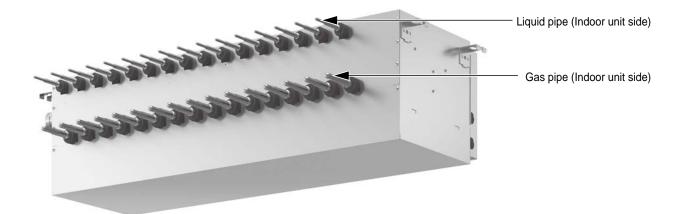


5. Noise Filter

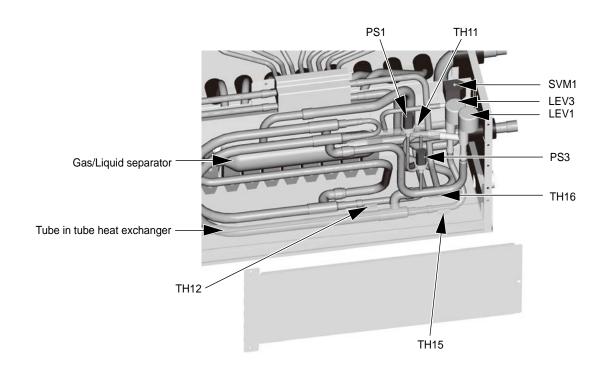


[4] BC Controller Components

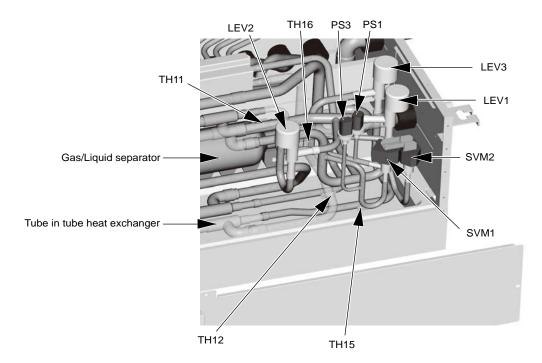
1. CMB-P O V-G1, GA1, HA1 (1) Front



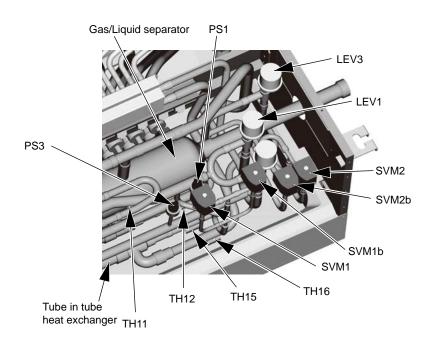
(2) Rear view <G1 type>



(3) Rear view <GA1 type>



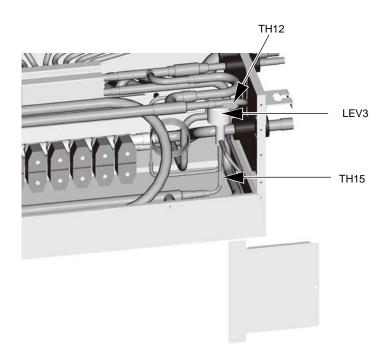
(4) Rear view <HA1 type>



2. CMB-P__ V-GB1, HB1 (1) Front

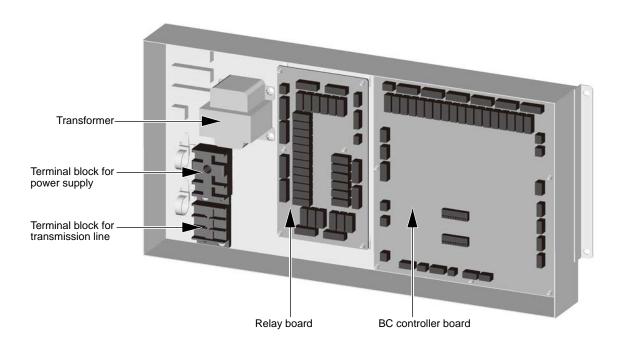
Liquid pipe (Indoor unit side) Gas pipe (Indoor unit side)

(2) Rear view



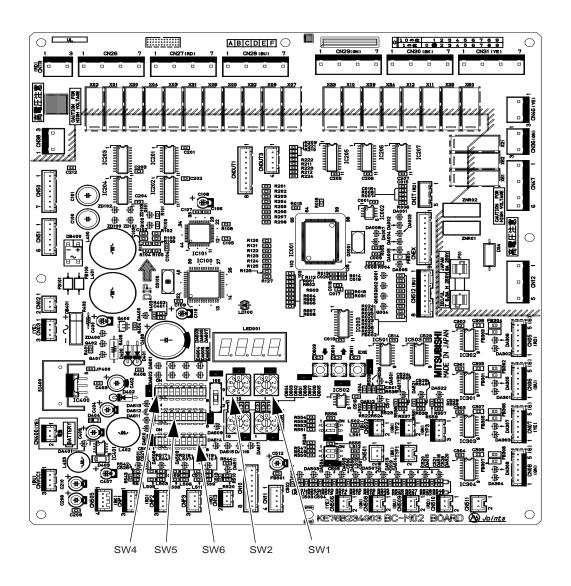
[5] Control Box of the BC Controller

1. CMB-P1016V-G1, GA1, HA1

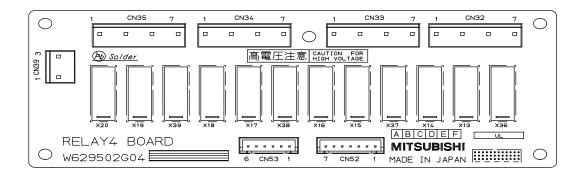


[6] BC Controller Circuit Board

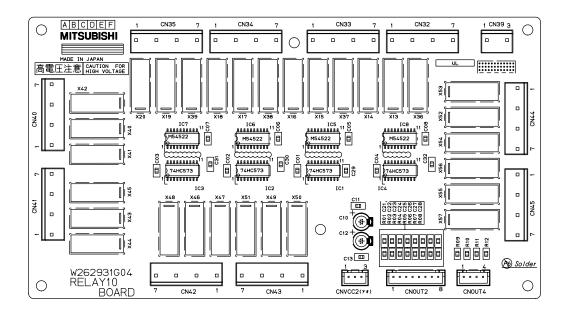
1. BC controller circuit board (BC board)



2. RELAY BOARD (RELAY 4 board)



3. RELAY BOARD (RELAY 10 board)



IV Remote Controller

| [1] | Functions and Specifications of MA and ME Remote Controllers | . 81 |
|-----|--|------|
| [2] | Group Settings and Interlock Settings via the ME Remote Controller | . 82 |
| [3] | Interlock Settings via the MA Remote Controller | .86 |
| [4] | Using the built-in Temperature Sensor on the Remote Controller | . 87 |

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[1] Functions and Specifications of MA and ME Remote Controllers

There are two types of remote controllers: ME remote controller, which is connected on the indoor-outdoor transmission line, and MA remote controller, which is connected to each indoor unit.

1. Comparison of functions and specifications between MA and ME remote controllers

| Functions/specifications | MA remote controller ^{*1*2} | ME remote controller ^{*2*3} |
|--|---|---|
| Remote controller address settings | Not required | Required |
| Indoor/outdoor unit address set- tings | Not required (required only by a system with one outdoor unit) ^{*4} | Required |
| Wiring method | Non-polarized 2-core cable *To perform a group operation, daisy- chain the indoor units using non-polar- ized 2-core cables. | Non-polarized 2-core cable |
| Remote controller connection | Connectable to any indoor unit in the group | Connectable anywhere on the indoor-out- door transmission line |
| Interlock with the ventilation unit | Each indoor unit can individually be in- terlocked with a ventilation unit. (Set up via remote controller in the group.) | Each indoor unit can individually be inter- locked with a ventilation unit. (Set up via remote controller.) |
| Changes to be made upon group- ing change | MA remote controller wiring between in- door units requires rewiring. | Either the indoor unit address and remote controller address must both be changed, or the registration information must be changed via MELANS. |

*1. MA remote controller refers to MA remote controller (PAR-20MAA, PAR-21MAA), MA simple remote controller, and wireless remote controller.

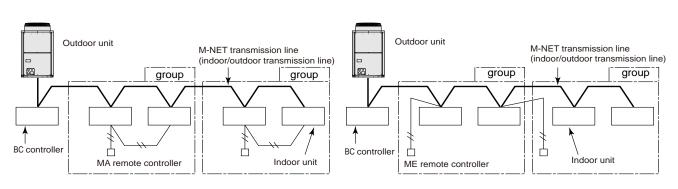
- *2. Either the MA remote controller or the ME remote controller can be connected when a group operation of units in a system with multiple outdoor units is conducted or when a system controller is connected.
- *3. ME remote controller refers to ME remote controller and ME simple remote controller.
- *4. Depending on the system configuration, some systems with one outdoor unit may require address settings.

2. Remote controller selection criteria

MA remote controller and ME remote controller have different functions and characteristics. Choose the one that better suits the requirements of a given system. Use the following criteria as a reference.

| MA remote controller ^{*1*2} | ME remote controller ^{*1*2} |
|---|---|
| There is little likelihood of system expansion and grouping changes. Grouping (floor plan) has been set at the time of installation. | There is a likelihood of centralized installation of remote controllers, system expansion, and grouping changes. Grouping (floor plan) has not been set at the time of installation. To connect the remote controller directly to the OA processing unit. |

- *1. ME remote controller and MA remote controller cannot both be connected to the same group of indoor units.
- *2. A system controller must be connected to a system to which both MA remote controller and ME remote controller are connected.



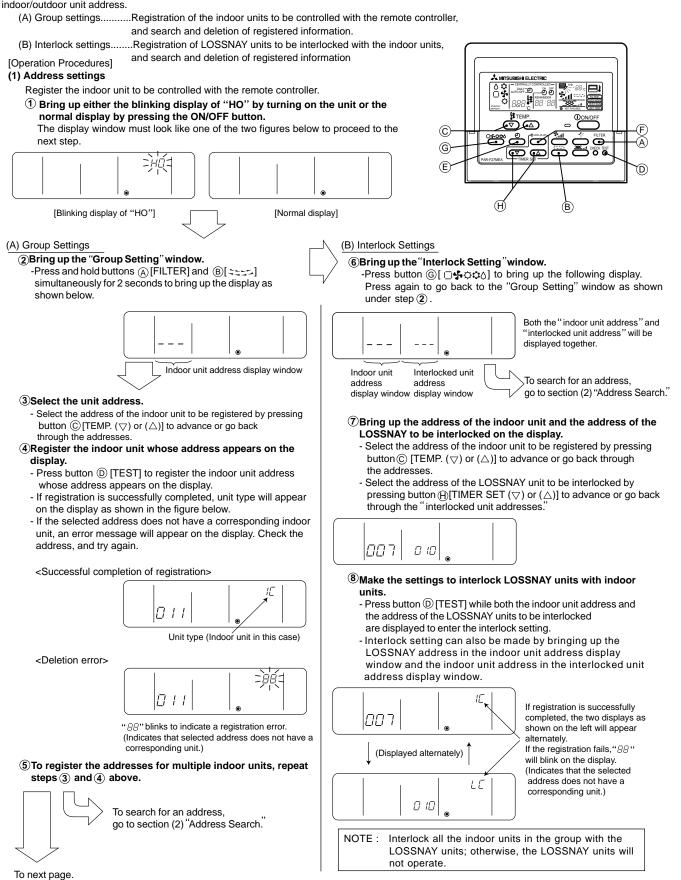
<System with MA remote controller>

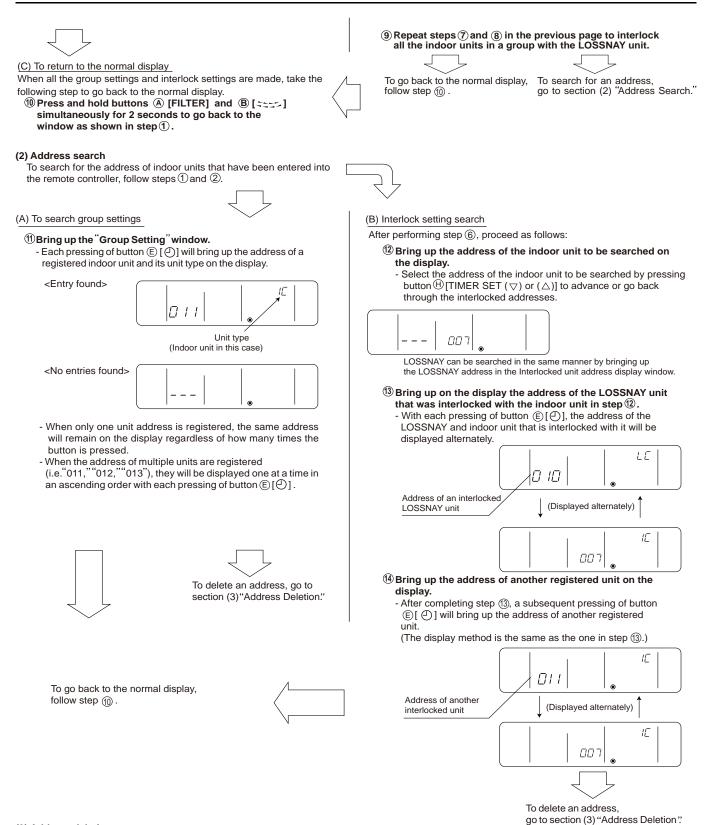
<System with ME remote controllers>

[2] Group Settings and Interlock Settings via the ME Remote Controller

1. Group settings/interlock settings

Make the following settings to perform a group operation of units that are connected to different outdoor units or to manually set up the indoor/outdoor unit address.





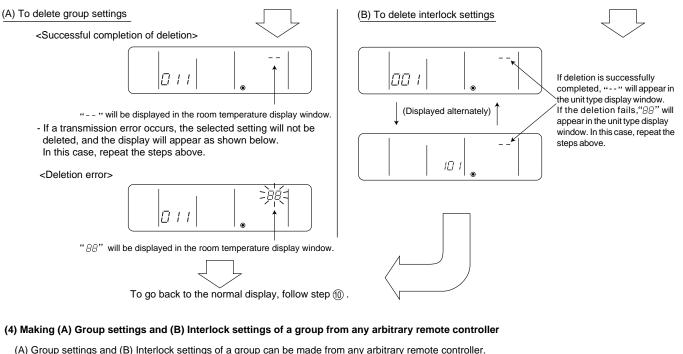
(3) Address deletion

The addresses of the indoor units that have been entered into the remote controller can be deleted by deleting the group settings. The interlock settings between units can be deleted by deleting the interlock settings.

Follow the steps in section (2) "Address Search" to find the address to be deleted and perform deletion with the address being displayed in the display window. To delete an address, the address must first be bought up on the display.

⁽⁵⁾Delete the registered indoor unit address or the interlock setting between units.

- Press button (F) [CLOCK→ON→OFF] twice while either the indoor unit address or the address of the interlocked unit is displayed on the display to delete the interlock setting.



(A) Group settings and (B) Interlock settings of a group can be made from any arbitrary remote controller. Refer to "(B) Interlock Settings" under section 1 "Group Settings/Interlock Settings" for operation procedures. Set the address as shown below.

- (A) To make group settings
 - Interlocked unit address display window...Remote controller address

Indoor unit address display window......The address of the indoor unit to be controlled with the remote controller

(B) To make interlock settings Interlocked unit address display window...LOSSNAY address Indoor unit address display window..........The address of the indoor unit to be interlocked with the LOSSNAY

2. Remote controller function selection via the ME remote controller

In the remote controller function selection mode, the settings for four types of functions can be made or changed as necessary. 1) Skip-Auto-Mode setting

- The automatic operation mode that is supported by some simultaneous cooling/heating type units can be made unselectable via the ME remote controller.
- 3) Room temperature display selection mode (Display or non-display of room temperature)
- Although the suction temperature is normally displayed on the remote controller, the setting can be changed so that it will not appear on the remote controller.
- 4) Narrowed preset temperature range mode. The default temperature ranges are 19°C to 30°C in the cooling/dry mode and 17°C to 28°C in the heating mode and 19°C to 28°C in the auto mode. By changing these ranges (raising the lower limit for the cooling/dry mode and lowering the upper limit for the heating mode), energy can be saved.

NOTE

When making the temperature range setting on the simultaneous cooling/heating type units that supports the automatic operation mode to save on energy consumption, enable the Skip-Auto-Mode setting to make the automatic operation mode unselectable. If the automatic operation mode is selected, the energy-saving function may not work properly.

When connected to the air conditioning units that do not support the automatic operation mode, the setting for the Skip-Auto-Mode, restricted preset temperature range mode (AUTO), and operation mode display selection mode are invalid. If an attempt is made to change the preset temperature range,

"LIMIT TEMP." appears on the display. Normal display [Function selection mode sequence on the remote controller] (1)↑ ↓(1) Remote controller function selection mode Skip-Auto-Mode setting I ELECTR *2②↑↓③ [Normal display] Temperature range setting mode (AUTO) 3 2 2 ①: Press and hold the [CHECK] and 2↑↓3 ()ON/OF Operation mode display selection mode (Display or non-display of the automatic mode) [🕬 🕬] buttons simultaneously 5 3 for two seconds 2↑↓3 *2 ②: [SET TEMP. (▽)] button Restricted preset temperature range mode (Cooling) ③: [SET TEMP. (\triangle)] button 4 $2\uparrow\downarrow3$ Restricted preset temperature range mode (Heating) 1 2 3 2↑↓3 *1 : Skip-Auto-Mode is enabled Room temperature display selection mode *2 : Skip-Auto-Mode is disabled

[Operation Procedures]

- 1. Press the [ON/OFF] button on the remote controller to bring the unit to a stop. The display will appear as shown in the previous page (Normal display).
- 2. Press buttons ① [CHECK] and [□♣;;;;] simultaneously for 2 seconds to go into the "Skip-Auto-Mode setting." under the remote controller function selection mode. Press button② [SET TEMP. (▽)] or ③ [SET TEMP. (△)] to go into the other four modes under the remote controller function selection mode.

Skip-Auto-Mode setting (Making the automatic operation mode unselectable)

This setting is valid only when the controller is connected to the simultaneous cooling/heating type air conditioning units that support the automatic operation mode.

• " 🟳 " blinks and either "ON" or "OFF" lights up on the controller. Pressing the ④ [TIMER SET (△) or (▽)] button switches between "ON" and "OFF."

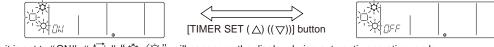


- When set to "ON," the automatic operation mode is available for selection in the function selection mode.
- When set to "OFF," the automatic operation mode is not available for selection in the function selection mode, and an automatic operation cannot be performed.

(The automatic operation mode is skipped in the function selection mode sequence.)

Operation mode display selection mode (Changing the type of display that appears during the automatic mode operation)

- When connected to the air conditioning units that do not support the automatic operation mode, the setting for this mode is invalid.
- " \square " " \square " " \square " will blink, and either "ON" or "OFF" will light up. Press button ④ [TIMER SET (Δ) or (∇)] in this state to switch between "ON" and "OFF."



When it is set to "ON," " ↓" "↓ ⁄○" will appear on the display during automatic operation mode.
When it is set to "OFF," only " ↓" will appear on the display during automatic operation mode.

Restricted preset temperature range mode (The range of preset temperature can be changed.) 1) Temperature range setting for the cooling/dry mode

"☆ / Ô "will light up in the display window, and the temperature range for the cooling/dry mode will appear on the display. [Lower limit temperature]: Appears in the preset temperature display window [Upper limit temperature: Appears in the time display window Switch between the Lower and Upper limit temperature setting by pressing the ⑤ [CLOCK-ON-OFF] button. The selected temperature setting blinks.

| <i>) </i> 9 (- 30 _ | [TIMER SET (\triangle) ((\bigtriangledown))] button | <i>13</i>) <i>30</i> (|
|-------------------------|---|--------------------------|

[The left figure shows the display that appears when the current temperature range setting is between 19°C and 30°C in the Cool/Dry mode, and the lower limit temperature is selected to be set.]

Press button ④ [TIMER SET (\triangle) or (\bigtriangledown)] to set the lower limit temperature to the desired temperature.

[Settable range for the lower limit temperature]: $19^{\circ} \iff 30^{\circ}$ (Settable up to the upper limit temperature that is shown on the display) [Settable range for the upper limit temperature]: $30^{\circ} C \iff 19^{\circ}$ (Settable up to the lower limit temperature that is shown on the display)

2) Temperature range setting for heating

" " and the settable temperature range for heating appear on the display.

As with the Cool/Dry mode, use the (5) [CLOCK-ON-OFF] button and the (4) [TIMER SET (Δ) or (∇)] to set the temperature range.

[Settable range for the lower limit temperature]: $17^{\circ}C \iff 28^{\circ}C$ (Settable up to the upper limit temperature that is shown on the display) [Settable range for the upper limit temperature]: $28^{\circ}C \iff 17^{\circ}C$ (Settable up to the lower limit temperature that is shown on the display)

3) Temperature range setting for the automatic mode

When connected to the air conditioning units that do not support the automatic operation mode, the setting for this mode is invalid.

" 1, and the temperature range for the automatic operation mode appear on the display.

As with the Cool/Dry mode, use the () [CLOCK-ON-OFF] button and the () [TIMER SET (\triangle) or (∇)] to set the temperature range.

[Settable range for the lower limit temperature]: $19^{\circ}C \iff 28^{\circ}C$ (Settable up to the upper limit temperature that is shown on the display) [Settable range for the upper limit temperature]: $28^{\circ}C \iff 19^{\circ}C$ (Settable up to the lower limit temperature that is shown on the display)

Room temperature display selection mode (Switching between the display or non-display of room temperature on the controller)

 "88°C" blinks and either "ON" or "OFF" lights up on the controller. Pressing the ④ [TIMER SET (△) or (▽)] button switches between "ON" and "OFF."

• When set to "ON," room temperature always appears on the display during operation.

When set to "OFF," room temperature does not appear on the display during operation.

-*88*.c

-88

DEE

[3] Interlock Settings via the MA Remote Controller

1. LOSSNAY interlock setting (Make this setting only when necessary.)

(1) MA Remote Controller (PAR-21MAA)

* When the upper controller is connected, make the setting using the upper controller.

NOTE: When using LOSSNAY units in conjunction, interlock the addresses of all indoor units within the group and address of LOSSNAY units.

Perform this operation to enter the interlock setting between the LOSSNAY and the indoor units to which the remote controller is connected, or to search and delete registered information.

In the following example, the address of the indoor unit is 05 and the address of the LOSSNAY unit is 30.

[Operation Procedures]

① Press the ①[ON/OFF] button on the remote controller to bring the unit to a stop.

The display window on the remote controller must look like the figure below to proceed to step 2.



(2) Press and hold the [FILTER] and [SET] buttons simultaneously for two seconds to perform a search for the LOSSNAY that is interlocked with the indoor unit to which the remote controller is connected.



③Search result

- The indoor unit address and the interlocked LOSSNAY address will appear alternately.

| SETTING OF VENTILATION | | SETTING OF VENTILATION | 30 | |
|---------------------------|------|---------------------------|----|--|
| 05 | | | | |



<LOSSNAY address and LOSSNAY>

- Without interlocked LOSSNAY settings

| SETTING OF | |
|------------|------|
| 05 | |

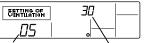
④ If no settings are necessary, exit the window by pressing and holding the [FILTER] and [<===] buttons simultaneously for 2 seconds.

Go to step **1. Registration Procedures** to make the interlock settings with LOSSNAY units, or go to step **2. Search Procedures** to search for a particular LOSSNAY unit.

Go to step **3. Deletion Procedures** to delete any LOSSNAY settings.

< 1. Registration Procedures >

- (5) To interlock an indoor unit with a LOSSNAY unit, press the [HEMP. (∇) or (\triangle)] button on the remote controller that is connected to the indoor unit, and select its address (01 to 50).
- **(6)** Press the [\bigcirc CLOCK (\bigtriangledown) or (\triangle)] button to select the address of the LOSSNAY to be interlocked (01 to 50).



Indoor unit address LOSSNAY address

- (7) Press the [TEST] button to register the address of the selected indoor unit and the interlocked LOSSNAY unit.
- Registration completed

The registered indoor unit address and "IC," and the interlocked LOSSNAY address and "LC" will appear alternately.

| SETTING OF VENTILATION | | | SETTING OF VENTILATION | 30 | |
|---------------------------|------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|----|--|
| 05 | <i>I</i> C | $\left \longleftrightarrow \right $ | | LE | |

| - Registration error | |
|----------------------|--|
|----------------------|--|

If the registration fails, the indoor unit address and the LOSSNAY address will be displayed alternately.

| SETTING OF | | | SETTING OF | 30 | |
|------------|----|-----------------------|------------|----|--|
| 05 | 88 | \longleftrightarrow | | 88 | |

Registration cannot be completed: The selected unit address does not have a corresponding indoor unit or a LOSSNAY unit. Registration cannot be completed: Another LOSSNAY has already been interlocked with the selected indoor unit.

< 2. Search Procedures >

(8) To search for the LOSSNAY unit that is interlocked with a particular indoor unit, enter the address of the indoor unit into the remote controller that is connected to it.



(9) Press the [O MENU] button to search for the address of the LOSSNAY unit that is interlocked with the selected indoor unit. - Search completed (With a LOSSNAY connection)

The indoor unit address and "IC," and the interlocked LOSSNAY address and "LC" will appear alternately.

|--|--|--|--|--|--|

- Search completed (No interlocked settings with a LOSSNAY exist.)

| | • | • | |
|---------------------------|---|---|--|
| SETTING OF VENTILATION | | | |
| 05 | | | |
| | | | |

- The selected address does not have a corresponding indoor unit.



< 3. Deletion Procedures >

Take the following steps to delete the interlock setting between a LOSSNAY unit and the interlocked indoor unit from the remote controller that is connected to the indoor unit.

(1) Find the address of the LOSSNAY to be deleted (See section 2. Search Procedures.), and bring up the result of the search for both the indoor unit and LOSSNAY on the display.

| SETTING OF VENTILATION | | SETTING OF VENTILATION | 30 | |
|---------------------------|------------|---------------------------|----|---|
| 05 | <i>I</i> C | | LE | _ |

(1) Press the [ON/OFF] button twice to delete the address of the LOSSNAY unit that is interlocked with the selected indoor unit.

- Registration completed

The indoor unit address and "--," and the interlocked LOSSNAY address and "--" will appear alternately.

| | $] \longleftrightarrow$ | SETTING OF | _ |
|--|-------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|
| -Deletion error If the deletion fails | | | |
| | $] \longleftrightarrow$ | SETTING OF CENTILATION | 30 88 |

[4] Using the built-in Temperature Sensor on the Remote Controller

1. Selecting the position of temperature detection (Factory setting: SW1-1 on the controller board on the indoor unit is set to OFF.)

To use the built-in sensor on the remote controller, set the SW1-1 on the controller board on the indoor unit to ON.

•Some models of remote controllers are not equipped with a built-in temperature sensor. Use the built-in temperature sensor on the indoor unit instead.

•When using the built-in sensor on the remote controller, install the remote controller where room temperature can be detected.

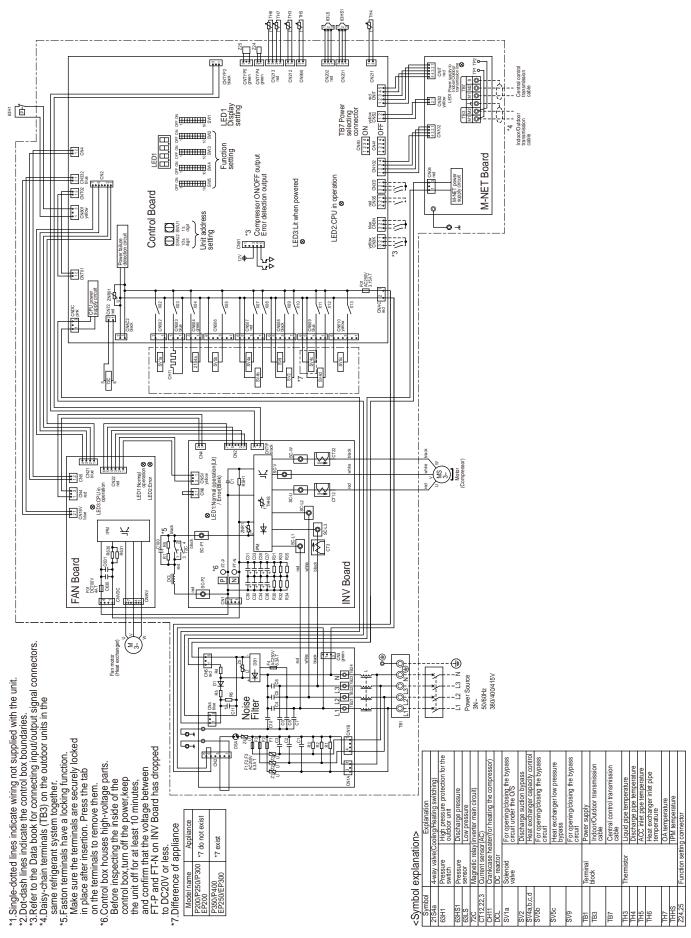
V Electrical Wiring Diagram

| [1] | Electrical Wiring Diagram of the Outdoor Unit | . 91 |
|-----|---|------|
| [2] | Electrical Wiring Diagram of the BC Controller | . 93 |
| [3] | Electrical Wiring Diagram of Transmission Booster | 103 |

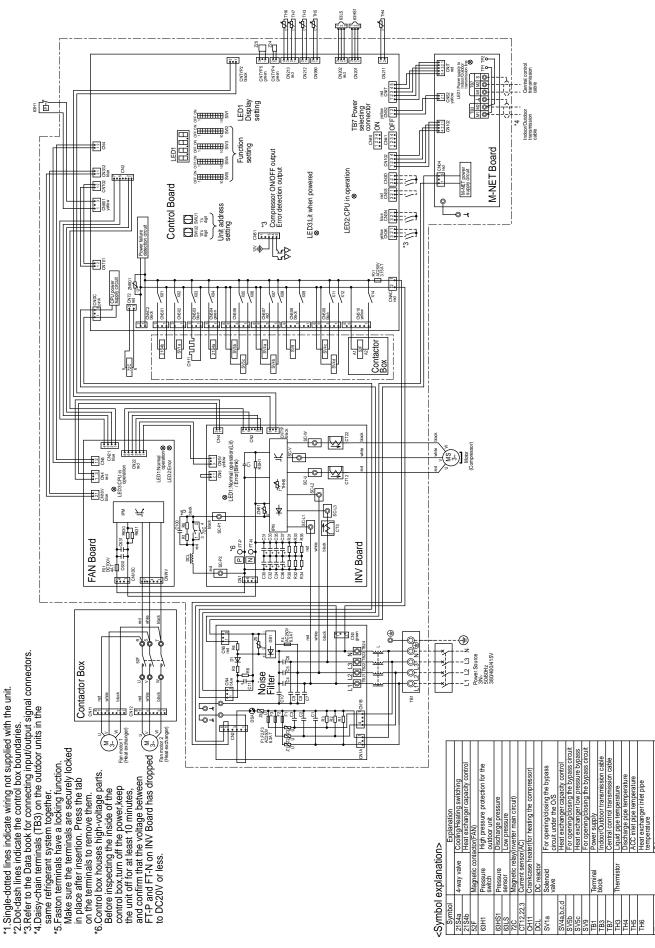
- 90 -

[1] Electrical Wiring Diagram of the Outdoor Unit

(1) PURY-(E)P200, (E)P250, (E)P300, P350, P400YJM-A



(2) PURY-EP350, P450YJM-A



[2] Electrical Wiring Diagram of the BC Controller

(1) CMB-P104V-G1 model

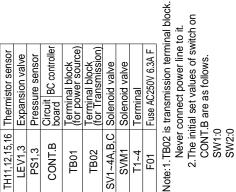
Name Transformer

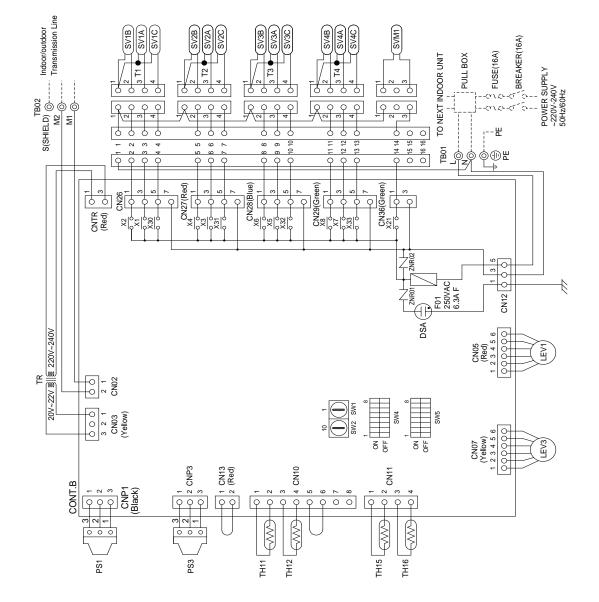
Symbol

TH11,12,15,16

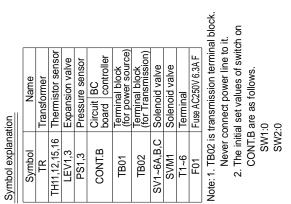
Ř

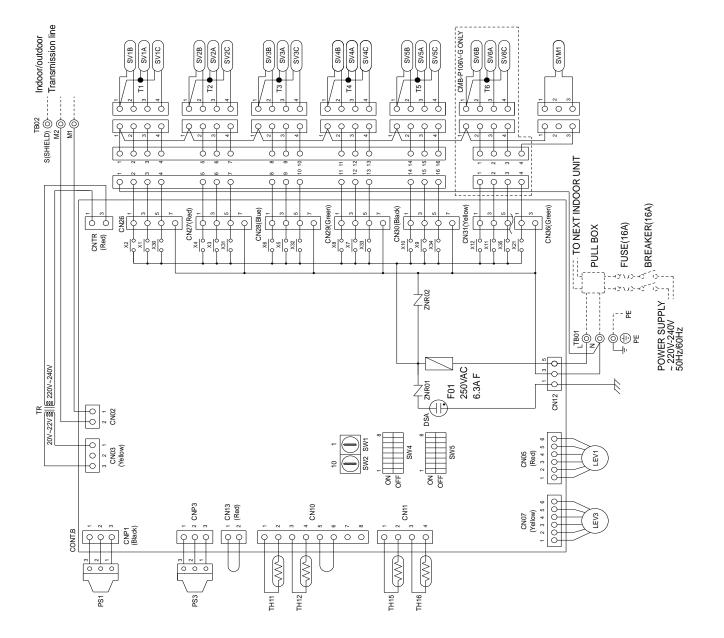
Symbol explanation





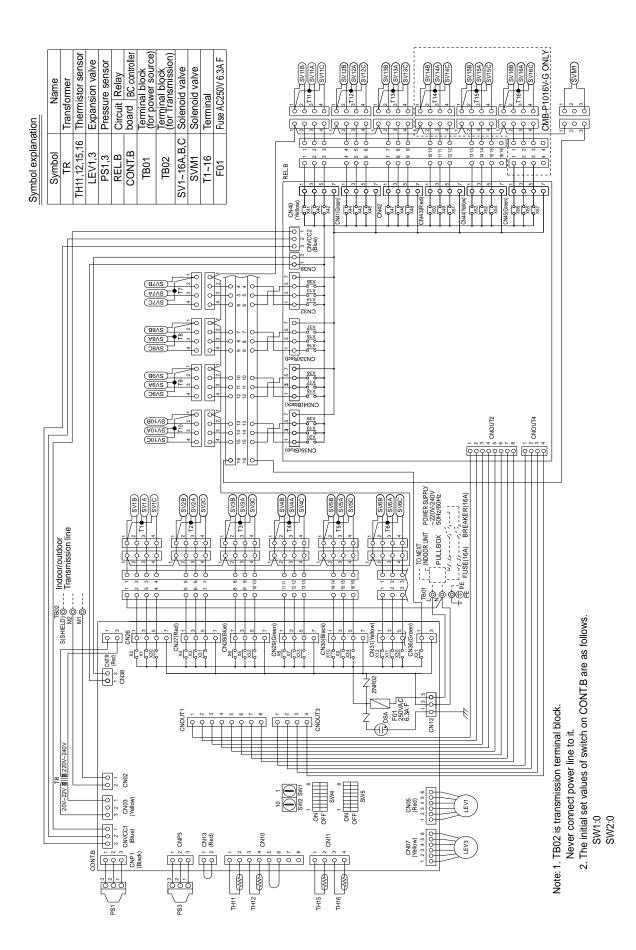
[V Electrical Wiring Diagram]





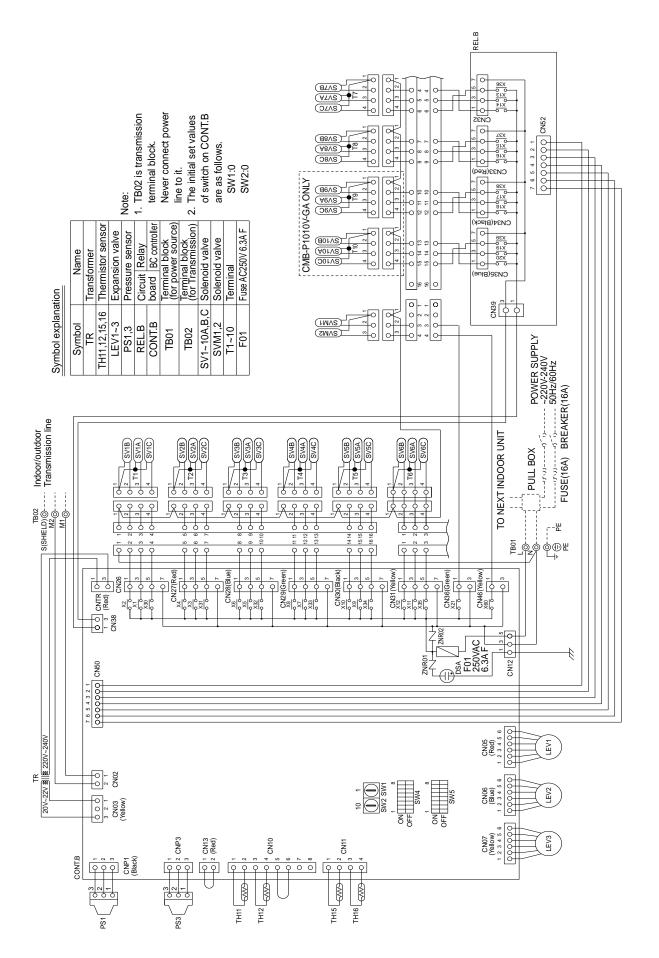
| planation DI Name 5.16 Transformer 5.16 Thermistor sensor 3 Expansion valve 8 Circuit 8 Circuit 9 Doard 10 Terminal block. 11 TBO2 is transmission 12 Terminal block. 13 Circuit 14 Terminal block. 15/C Solenoid valve 16/C Solenoid valve 1 Terminal block. 1 Terminal block. 1 Terminal block. 1 Solenoid valve 1 Solenoid valve 1 Solenoid valve 1 Eve AC250V 6.3AF | CMB-PTOTON-G ONLY CMB-PTOTON-G | |
|--|---|--|
| Symbol explanation TB02 Indoor/outdoor Statieub) Statieub) Statieub) Statieu | 3841 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 | |
| | $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | |

(3) CMB-P108,1010V-G1 models

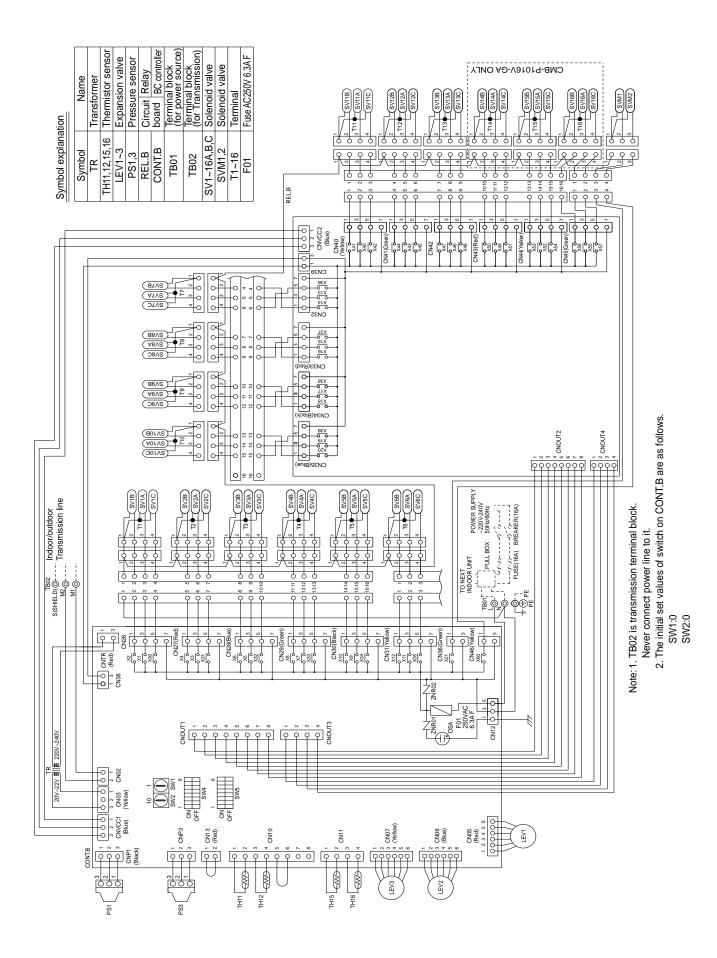


(4) CMB-P1013,1016V-G1 models

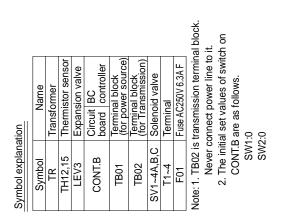
(5) CMB-P108,1010V-GA1 models

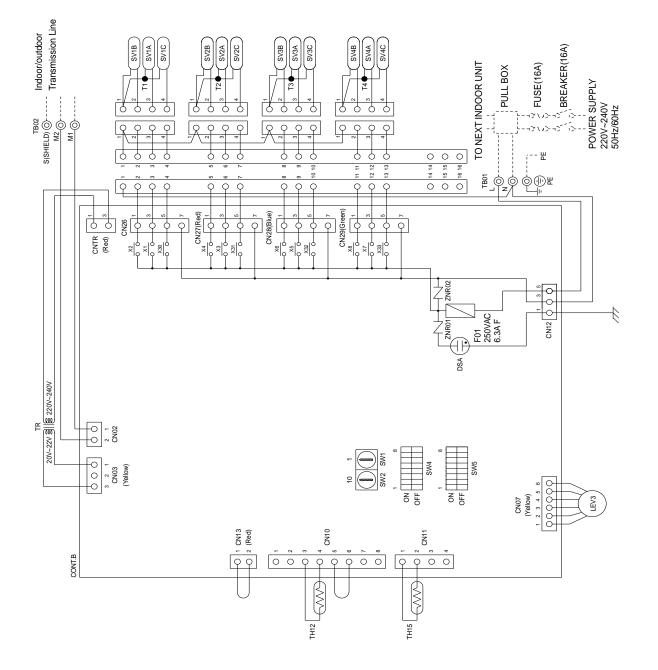


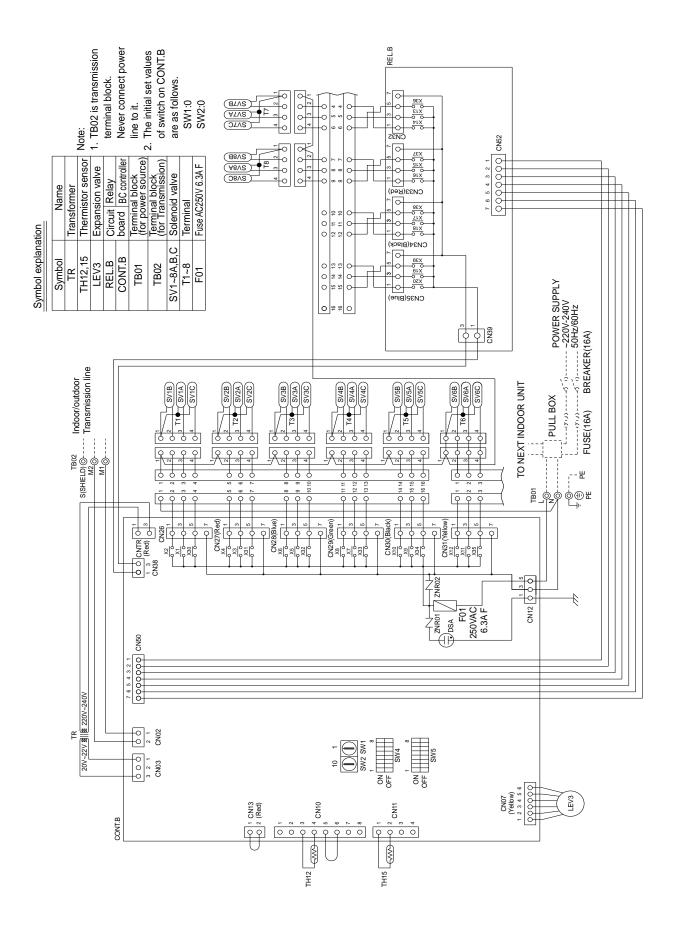
(6) CMB-P1013,1016V-GA1 models



(7) CMB-P104V-GB1 model

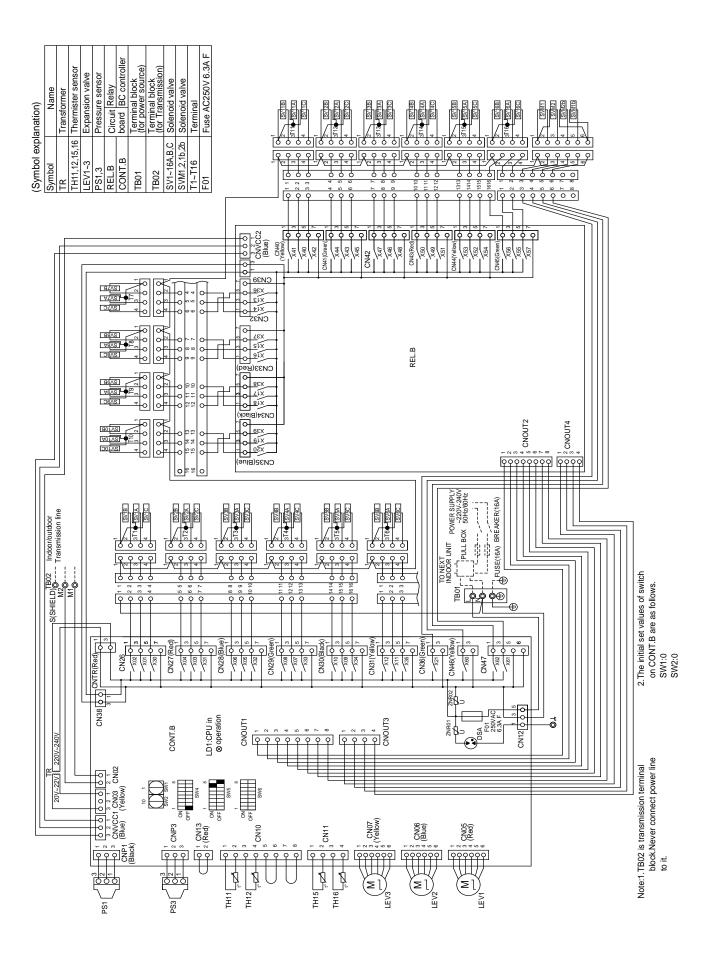




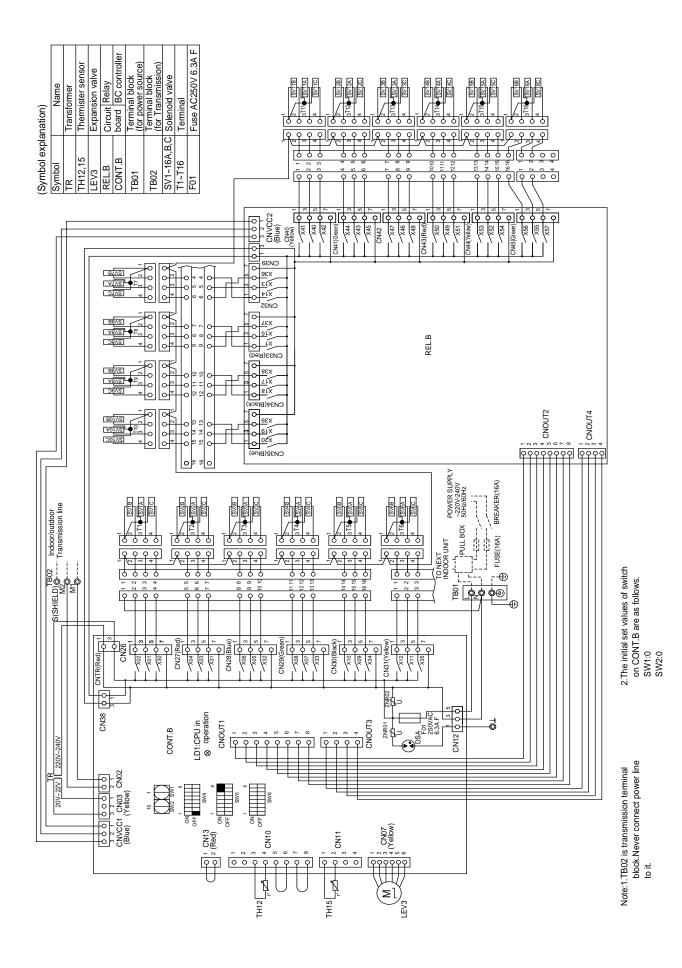


(8) CMB-P108V-GB1 model

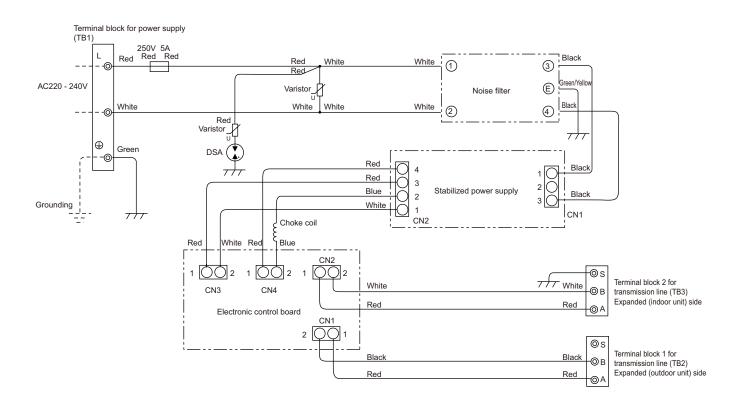
(9) CMB-P1016V-HA1 model



(10) CMB-P1016V-HB1 model



[3] Electrical Wiring Diagram of Transmission Booster



VI Refrigerant Circuit

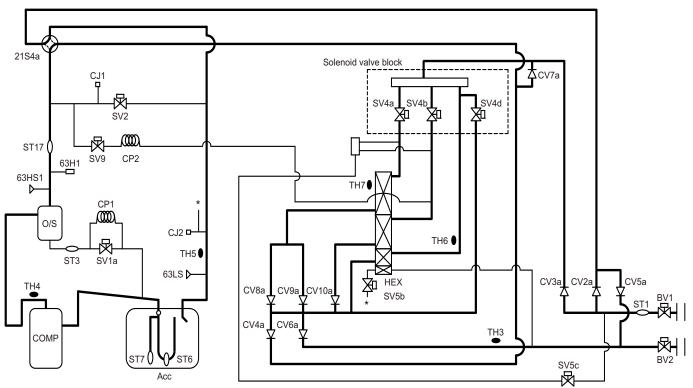
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| [2] | Principal Parts and Functions11 | 17 |

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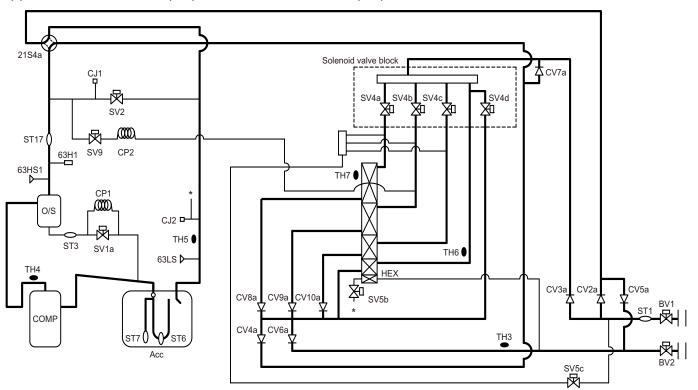
[1] Refrigerant Circuit Diagram

1. Outdoor unit

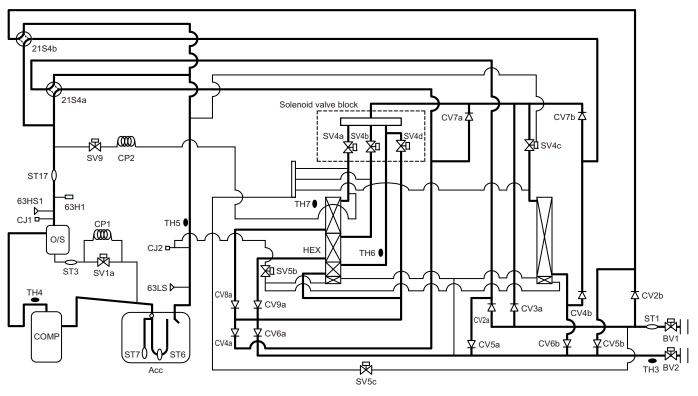
(1) PURY-P200, P250, P300YJM-A(-BS), PURY-EP200YJM-A(-BS)



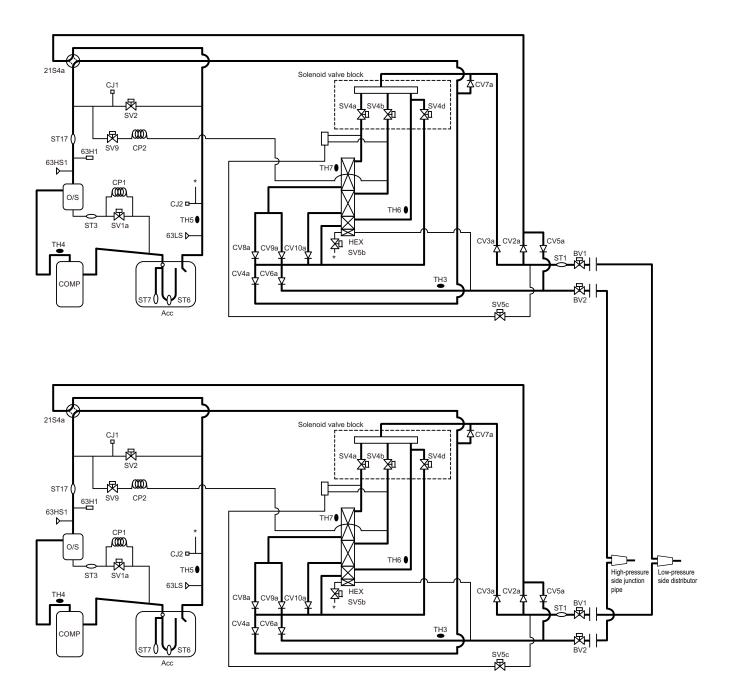
(2) PURY-P350, P400YJM-A(-BS), PURY-EP250, EP300YJM-A(-BS)



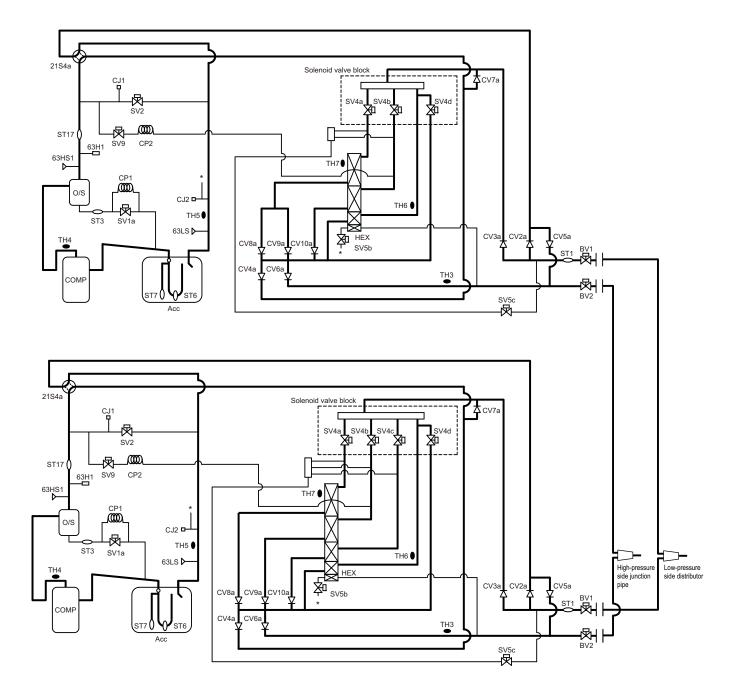
(3) PURY-P450YJM-A(-BS), PURY-EP350YJM-A(-BS)



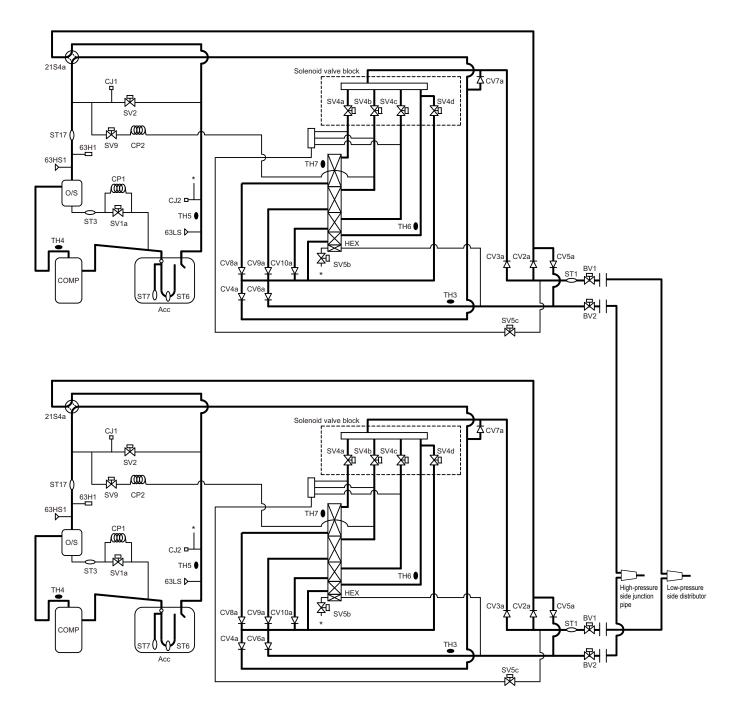
(4) PURY-P500, P550, P600YSJM-A(-BS), PURY-P400, P450, P500YSJM-A1(-BS) PURY-EP400YSJM-A(-BS)



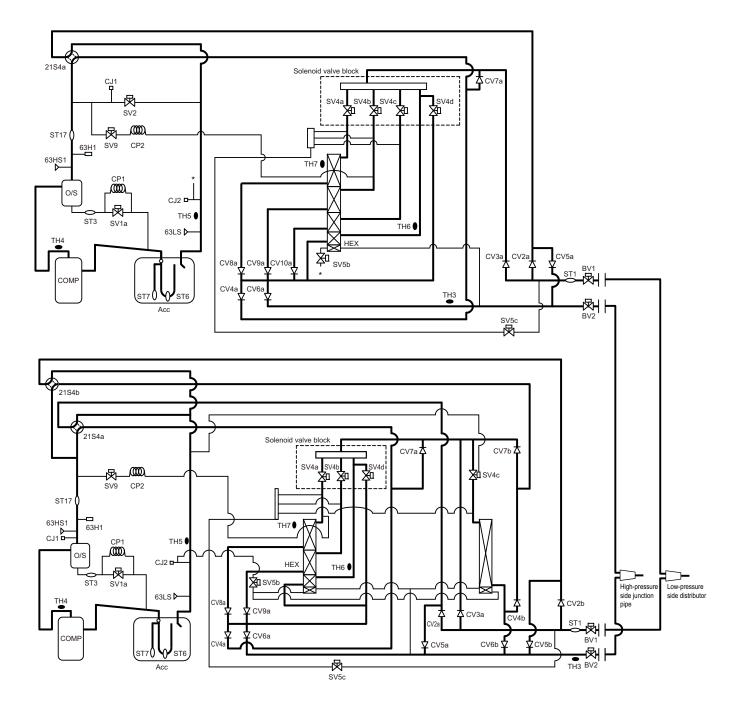
(5) PURY-P650, P700YSJM-A(-BS), PURY-P600YSJM-A1(-BS) PURY-EP450, EP500YSJM-A(-BS)



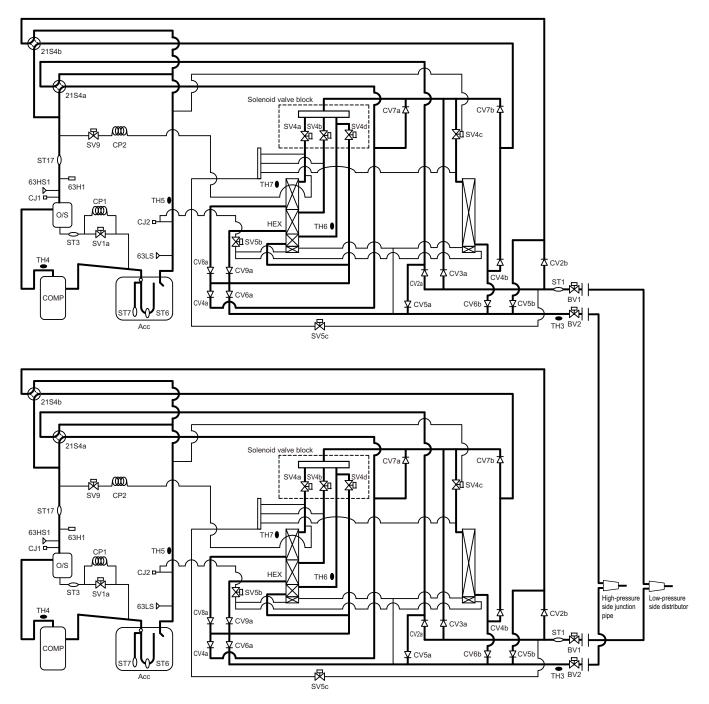
(6) PURY-P750, P800YSJM-A(-BS), PURY-P700YSJM-A1(-BS) PURY-EP550, EP600YSJM-A(-BS), PURY-EP500YSJM-A1(-BS)



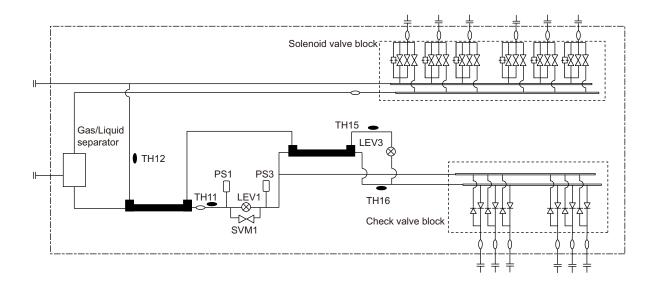
(7) PURY-P850YSJM-A(-BS), PURY-P800YSJM-A1(-BS), PURY-EP650YSJM-A(-BS) PURY-EP600YSJM-A1(-BS)



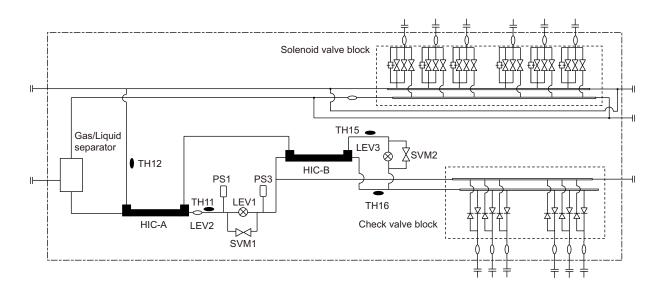
(8) PURY-P900YSJM-A(-BS), PURY-EP700YSJM-A(-BS)



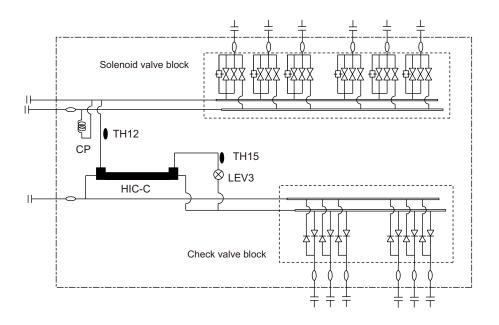
- 2. BC controller
- (1) CMB-P104, P1010V-G1



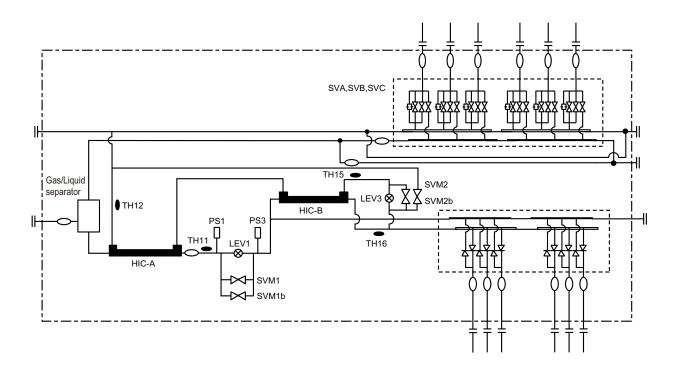
(2) CMB-P108, P1013, P1016V-GA1 (main)



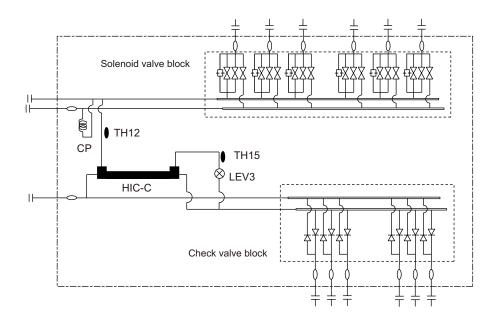
(3) CMB-P104, P108V-GB1 (sub)



(4) CMB-P1016V-HA1 (main)



(5) CMB-P1016V-HB1 (sub)



[2] Principal Parts and Functions

1. Outdoor unit

| Part name | Symbols (functions) | Notes | Notes Usage Specifications | | Check meth- od |
|---|------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| Com- pressor | MC1 (Comp1) | | Adjusts the amount of circulating refrigerant by adjusting the operat- ing frequency based on the oper- ating pressure data | 200 - 250 models Low-pressure shell scroll compressor Wirewound resistance 20°C[68°F] : 0.71 ohm 300 - 400 models Low-pressure shell scroll compressor Wirewound resistance 20°C[68°F] : 0.323 ohm | |
| High pres- sure sensor | 63HS1 | | Detects high pressure Regulates frequency and provides high-pressure protection | Con- nector G3HS1 Con- 1 2 3 Con- nector Pressure [MPa] = 1.38 x Vout [V]-0.69 Pressure [MPa] = (1.38 x Vout [V]-0.69) x 145 = (1.38 x Vout [V]-0.6 | |
| Low pres- sure sensor | 63LS | | Detects low pressure Provides low-pressure pro- tection | 63LS Pressure 0-1.7 MPa [247psi] Vout 0.5-3.5V Con- nector 1.2.3 Pressure [MPa] =0.566 x Vout [V] - 0.283 Pressure [psi] =(0.566 x Vout [V] - 0.283) x 145 1 GND (Black) 2 2 Vout (White) 3 | |
| Pres- sure switch | 63H1 | | Detects high pressure Provides high-pressure pro- tection | 4.15MPa[601psi] OFF set- ting | |
| Thermis- tor | TH4 (Discharge) | | Detects discharge air temper- ature Provides high-pressure pro- tection | Degrees Celsius $R_{120} = 7.465k\Omega$ $R_{25/120} = 4057$ $R_t =$ $7.465exp[4057(\frac{1}{273 + t} - \frac{1}{393})]$ | Resistance check |
| | | | 0°C[32°F] :698kohm 10°C[50°F] :413kohm 20°C[68°F] :250kohm 30°C[86°F] :160kohm 40°C[104°F] :104kohm 50°C[122°F] : 70kohm 60°C[140°F] : 48kohm 70°C[158°F] : 34kohm 80°C[176°F] : 24kohm 90°C[194°F] :17.5kohm 100°C[212°F] :13.0kohm 110°C[230°F] : 9.8kohm | 273+t 393 ^J | |
| Electro- magnet- ic contac- tor | 52F | P450 and EP350 only | Turns ON and OFF the output to the fan motor. | AC220-240V | Refer to the section on trouble- shooting the outdoor unit fan for the ON/OFF pattern of the electro- magnetic contactors.(page 307) |

| Part name | Symbols (functions) | Notes | Usage | Specifications | Check meth- od |
|------------------------|--|---|---|--|--------------------------------------|
| Thermis- tor | TH3 (Pipe temperature) | | Controls defrosting during heating operation | Degrees Celsius $R_0 = 15k\Omega$ $R_{0/80} = 3460$ $R_0 = 1000 (1000)$ | Resistance check |
| | TH7 (Outdoor tem- perature) | | Detects outdoor air tempera- ture Controls fan operation | $R_{t} = 15 \exp\{3460 \ (\frac{1}{273 + t} - \frac{1}{273})\}$ $0^{\circ}C[32^{\circ}F] : 15 \text{kohm}$ | |
| | TH5 | | Fan operated on the 63LS and TH5 values. | 10°C[50°F] :9.7kohm 20°C[68°F] :6.4kohm 25°C[77°F] :5.3kohm | |
| | TH6 | | Controls defrosting during heating operation | 30°C[86°F] :4.3kohm 40°C[104°F] :3.1kohm | |
| | THHS Inverter heat sink tem- perature | | Controls inverter cooling fan based on THHS temperature | $\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Degrees Celsius} \\ R_{50} &= 17 k \Omega \\ R_{25/120} &= 4016 \\ R_{t} &= 17 exp \{ 4016 \ (\frac{1}{273 + t} - \frac{1}{323}) \} \end{array}$ | |
| | | | | 0°C[32°F] :161kohm 10°C[50°F] :97kohm 20°C[68°F] :60kohm 25°C[77°F] :48kohm 30°C[86°F] :39kohm 40°C[104°F] :25kohm | |
| Sole- noid valve | SV1a Discharge-suc- tion bypass | | High/low pressure bypass at start-up and stopping, and capacity control during low- load operation | AC220 - 240V Open while being powered/ closed while not being pow- ered | Continuity check with a tester |
| | SV2 | | High-pressure-rise preven- tion | *Only SV4c on the P450 and EP350 models are closed while being powered and | |
| | SV4a - SV4d Heat exchanger capacity control | | Controls outdoor unit heat ex- changer capacity | open while not being pow- ered. | |
| | SV5b Heat exchanger capacity control | | Prevents high-pressure-rise Controls defrost cycle | AC220 - 240V Closed while being powered/ open while not being pow- ered | |
| | SV5c | | Allows the refrigerant to pass through the bypass pipe to pre- vent an accumulation of liquid re- frigerant | AC220 - 240V Open while being powered/ closed while not being pow- ered | |
| | SV9 | | High-pressure-rise prevention | AC220 - 240V Open while being powered/ closed while not being pow- ered | |
| Heater | CH11 | | Heats the refrigerant in the com- pressor | Cord heater P200 - P250, EP200 models 1646 ohm 35W P300 - P450, EP250, EP300 models 1280 ohm 45W | Resistance check |
| 4-way valve | 21S4a | | Changeover between heating and cooling | AC220-240V Dead: cooling cycle Live: heating cycle | Continuity check with a tester |
| Fan motor | FAN motor 1,2 | Only the P450 and EP350 models have FAN motor 2. | Regulates the heat exchanger ca- pacity by adjusting the operating frequency and operating the pro- peller fan based on the operating pressure. | AC342V, 50.5Hz, 920W | |

2. Indoor Unit

| Part Name | Symbol (functions) | Notes | Usage | Specification | Check method |
|--------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Linear expan- sion valve | LEV | | Adjusts superheat at the indoor heat exchanger outlet during cooling Adjusts subcool at the heat exchanger outlet of the indoor unit during cooling | DC12V Opening of stepping motor driving valve 0-(1400) puls- es | Refer to the section "Continuity Test with a Tester". Continuity between white, red, and or- ange. Continuity between yellow, brown, and blue. |
| Thermis- tor | TH1 (Suction air temperature) | | Indoor unit control (Thermo) | $R_{0}=15k\Omega$ $R_{0/80}=3460$ $R_{t} = \frac{1}{15exp\{3460(\frac{1}{273+t}-\frac{1}{273})\}}$ $0^{\circ}C [32^{\circ}F]:15kohm$ $10^{\circ}C [50^{\circ}F]:9.7kohm$ $20^{\circ}C [68^{\circ}F]:6.4kohm$ $25^{\circ}C [77^{\circ}F]:5.3kohm$ | Resistance check |
| | TH2 (Pipe temper- ature) | | Indoor unit control (Frost prevention, Hot adjust) LEV control during heat- ing operation (subcool detection). | | |
| | TH3 (Gas pipe temperature) | Gas pipe eration (superheat detection) 40°C [104°F] :3.1kohm | | | |
| | TH4 Outdoor air temperature) | | Indoor unit control (Thermo) | | |
| | Temperature sensor (In- door air tem- perature) | | Indoor unit control (Thermo) | | |

3. BC controller

(1) G1 type

| Part name | Symbols (functions) | Part code | Usage | Specifications | Check method |
|--------------------|---|--------------|--|---|--------------------------------------|
| Pressure sensor | PS1 (High pres- sure side) | | Detects high pressure LEV control | Pressure 0-4.15 MPa [601psi] Vout 0.5-3.5V 123 0.0711/0.098 MPa [14psi] | |
| | PS3 (Intermedi- ate pres- sure) | | Detects intermediate pressure LEV control | Con- nector Pressure [MPa] =1.38 x Vout [V]-0.69 Pressure [ps] =(1.38 x Vout [V]-0.69) x 145 1 GND (Black) 2 Vout (White) 3 Vcc (DC5V) (Red) | |
| Thermistor | TH11 (Liquid inlet tempera- ture) | | LEV control (Liquid level control) | $R_0 = 15k\Omega$ $R_{0'80} = 3460$ $R_1 = 15exp[3460 (\frac{1}{273 + t} - \frac{1}{273})]$ | |
| | TH12 (Bypass outlet tem- perature) | | LEV control (Superheat) | 0°C[32°F] : 15kohm 10°C[50°F] :9.7kohm 20°C[68°F] :6.4kohm 25°C[77°F] :5.3kohm | |
| | TH15 (Bypass in- let tempera- ture) | | LEV control (Superheat) | 30°C[86°F] :4.3kohm 40°C[104°F] :3.1kohm | |
| | TH16 (Liquid re- frigerant tempera- ture) | | LEV control (Subcool) | | |
| Solenoid valve | SVM1 | | Opens during cooling and de- frost modes | AC220-240V Open while being powered/ closed while not being pow- | Continuity check with a tester |
| | SV∎A | | Provides refrigerant to indoor unit in cooling operation | ered | lester |
| | SV∎B | | Provides refrigerant to indoor unit in heating operation | | |
| | SV∎C | | Provides refrigerant to indoor unit in cooling operation | | |
| LEV | LEV1 | | 1) Liquid level control | DC12V | Same as indoor LEV |
| | LEV3 | | 2) Pressure differential con- trol | Opening of a valve driven by a stepping motor 0-2000 pulses | |

(2) GA1 type

| Part name | Symbols (functions) | Part code | Usage | Specifications | Check method |
|--------------------|---|--------------|--|---|--------------------------------------|
| Pressure sensor | PS1 (High pres- sure side) PS3 | | Detects high pressure LEV control Detects intermediate | PS1 Pressure 0-4.15 MPa [601psi] Vout 0.5-3.5V 0.071V/0.098 MPa [14psi] Pressure [MPa] =1.38 x Vout [V]-0.69 Pressure [psi] | |
| | (Intermedi- ate pres- sure) | | pressure 2) LEV control | =(1.38 x Vout [V] - 0.69) x 145 1 GND (Black) 2 Vout (White) 3 Vcc (DC5V) (Red) | |
| Thermistor | TH11 (Liquid inlet tempera- ture) | | LEV control (Liquid level control) | R ₀ = 15kΩ R _{0/80} = 3460 R _t = 15exp{3460} $(\frac{1}{273+t} - \frac{1}{273})$ } | |
| | TH12 (Bypass outlet tem- perature) | | LEV control (Superheat) | 0°C[32°F] : 15kohm 10°C[50°F] :9.7kohm 20°C[68°F] :6.4kohm 25°C[77°F] :5.3kohm | |
| | TH15 (Bypass in- let tempera- ture) | | LEV control (Superheat) | rol (Superheat) 20 °C[86°F] :4.3kohm 40°C[104°F] :3.1kohm | |
| | TH16 (Liquid re- frigerant tempera- ture) | | LEV control (Subcool) | | |
| Solenoid valve | SVM1 | | Opens during cooling and de- frost modes | AC220-240V Open while being powered/ closed while not being pow- | Continuity check with a tester |
| | SVM2 | | Pressure differential control | ered | lester |
| | SV∎A | | Provides refrigerant to indoor unit in cooling operation | | |
| | SV∎B | | Provides refrigerant to indoor unit in heating operation | | |
| | SV∎C | | Provides refrigerant to indoor unit in cooling operation | | |
| LEV | LEV1 | | Liquid level control Pressure differential control Subcool control | DC12V Opening of a valve driven by a stepping motor 41 - 3000 pulses | Same as indoor LEV |
| | LEV3 | | | DC12V Opening of a valve driven by a stepping motor 0 - 2000 pulses | |

(3) GB1 type

| Part name | Symbols (functions) | Part code | Usage | Specifications | Check method |
|-------------------|--|--------------|--|--|----------------------------|
| Thermistor | TH12 (Bypass outlet tem- perature) | | LEV control (Superheat) | $R_0 = 15k\Omega$ $R_{0/80} = 3460$ $R_1 = 15 \exp[3460 \left(\frac{1}{273 + t} - \frac{1}{273}\right)]$ | |
| | TH15 (Bypass in- let tempera- ture) | | LEV control (Superheat) | 0°C[32°F] : 15kohm 10°C[50°F] :9.7kohm 20°C[68°F] :6.4kohm 25°C[77°F] :5.3kohm 30°C[86°F] :4.3kohm 40°C[104°F] :3.1kohm | |
| Solenoid valve | SV∎A | | Provides refrigerant to indoor unit in cooling operation | AC220-240V Open while being powered/ | Continuity check with a |
| | SV∎B | | Provides refrigerant to indoor unit in heating operation | closed while not being pow- ered | tester |
| | SV∎C | | Provides refrigerant to indoor unit in cooling operation | | |
| LEV | C | | DC12V Opening of a valve driven by a stepping motor 0-2000 pulses | Same as indoor LEV | |

(4) HA1 type

| Part name | Symbols (functions) | Part code | Usage | Specifications | Check method |
|--------------------|---|--------------|--|---|----------------------------|
| Pressure sensor | PS1 (High pres- sure side) | | Detects high pressure LEV control | Pressure 0-4.15 MPa [601psi] Vout 0.5~3.5V 0.071V/0.098 MPa [14psi] | |
| | PS3 (Intermedi- ate pres- sure) | | Detects intermediate pressure LEV control | Con- nector Pressure [wr a] =1.38 x Vout [V]-0.69 Pressure [psi] =(1.38 x Vout [V]-0.69) x 145 1 GND (Black) 2 Vout (White) 3 Vcc (DCSV) (Red) | |
| Thermistor | TH11 (Liquid inlet tempera- ture) | | LEV control (Liquid level control) | R ₀ = 15kΩ R _{0/80} = 3460 R _t = 15exp{3460} $(\frac{1}{273+t} - \frac{1}{273})$ } | |
| | TH12 (Bypass outlet tem- perature) | | LEV control (Superheat) | 0°C[32°F] : 15kohm 10°C[50°F] :9.7kohm 20°C[68°F] :6.4kohm 25°C[77°F] :5.3kohm | |
| | TH15 (Bypass in- let tempera- ture) | | LEV control (Superheat) | 30°C[86°F] :4.3kohm 40°C[104°F] :3.1kohm | |
| | TH16 (Liquid re- frigerant tempera- ture) | | LEV control (Subcool) | | |
| Solenoid valve | SVM1 | | Opens during cooling and de- frost modes | AC220-240V Open while being powered/ | Continuity check with a |
| | SVM1b | | Opens during cooling and de- frost modes | closed while not being pow- ered | tester |
| | SVM2 | | Pressure differential control | | |
| | SVM2b | | Pressure differential control | | |
| | SV∎A | | Provides refrigerant to indoor unit in cooling operation | | |
| | SV∎B | | Provides refrigerant to indoor unit in heating operation | | |
| | SV∎C | | Provides refrigerant to indoor unit in cooling operation | | |
| LEV | LEV1 | | Liquid level control Pressure differential control Subcool control | DC12V Opening of a valve driven by a stepping motor 41 - 3000 pulses | Same as indoor LEV |
| | LEV3 | | | DC12V Opening of a valve driven by a stepping motor 0 - 2000 pulses | |

(5) HB1 type

| Part name | Symbols (functions) | Part code | Usage | Specifications | Check method | |
|-------------------|--|--------------|--|--|----------------------------|--|
| Thermistor | TH12 (Bypass outlet tem- perature) | | LEV control (Superheat) | $R_0 = 15k\Omega$ $R_{0/80} = 3460$ $R_1 = 15 \exp[3460 \left(\frac{1}{273 + t} - \frac{1}{273}\right)]$ | | |
| | TH15 (Bypass in- let tempera- ture) | | LEV control (Superheat) | 0°C[32°F] : 15kohm 10°C[50°F] :9.7kohm 20°C[68°F] :6.4kohm 25°C[77°F] :5.3kohm 30°C[86°F] :4.3kohm 40°C[104°F] :3.1kohm | | |
| Solenoid valve | SV∎A | | Provides refrigerant to indoor unit in cooling operation | AC220-240V Open while being powered/ | Continuity check with a | |
| | SV∎B | | Provides refrigerant to indoor unit in heating operation | closed while not being pow- ered | tester | |
| | SV∎C | | Provides refrigerant to indoor unit in cooling operation | | | |
| LEV | | | DC12V Opening of a valve driven by a stepping motor 0-2000 pulses | Same as indoor LEV | | |

VII Control

| [1] | Functions and Factory Settings of the Dipswitches | 127 |
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| [3] | Controlling BC Controller | 147 |
| [4] | Operation Flow Chart | 148 |

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[1] Functions and Factory Settings of the Dipswitches

1. Outdoor unit

(1) Control board

| Switch | | Function | Function according to switch setting | | Switch setting timing | | Units that re- quire switch setting Note.2 | |
|--------|---|---|--|--|---|--|---|----|
| | | | OFF | ON | OFF | ON | OC | OS |
| SWU | 1-2 | Unit address setting | Set to 00 or 51-100 v | with the dial switch | Before powe | r on | С | С |
| SW1 | 1-10 | For self-diagnosis/ operation monitoring | Refer to the LED mo outdoor unit board. | nitor display on the | Anytime after | r power on | С | С |
| | 1 | Centralized control switch | Without connection to the centralized controller | With connection to the centralized con- troller | Before powe | r on | В | В |
| | 2 | Deletion of connec- tion information | Normal control | Deletion | Before powe | r on | A | - |
| | 3 | Deletion of error his- | (OC) Storage of IC/ OC error history | (OC) Deletion of IC/ OC error history | Anytime after power on (When switched from OFF | | С | С |
| | | tory SW | (OS) Storage of OS error history | (OS) Deletion of OS error history | to ON) | | | |
| | 4 Pump down mode Normal control Pump de | | Pump down mode | After being en while the con stopped | nergized and npressor is | A | - | |
| SW2 | 5 | - | - | - | | - | - | - |
| | 6 | - | - | - | | - | - | - |
| | 7 | Forced defrost (Note 3) | Normal control | Forced defrost starts | 10 minutes after com- pressor startup | Anytime af- ter power on (When switched from OFF to ON) | A | A |
| | 8 | Defrost timer setting (Note 3) | 50 minutes | 90 minutes | Anytime after power on (When switched from OFF to ON) | | В | В |
| | 9 | Target evaporating temperature setting (Note 4) | 0°C [32°F] | -2°C [28°F] /-4°C [25°F] /-6°C [21°F] | Anytime after power on (When switched from OFF to ON) | | A | - |
| | 10 | - | - | - | | - | - | - |
| | | | | | | | | |

Note

1) Unless otherwise specified, leave the switch to OFF where indicated by "-," which may be set to OFF for a reason.

2) A: Only the switch on either the OC or OS needs to be set for the setting to be effective on both units.

B: The switches on both the OC and OS need to be set to the same setting for the setting to be effective. C: The setting is effective for the unit on which the setting is made.

- 3) Refer to "VII [2] Controlling the Outdoor Unit" for details.(page 133)
- 4) Target evaporating temperature will change as shown in the table below each time SW2-9 is turned ON and OFF.

| SW2-9 | $\frown OFF \rightarrow ON \rightarrow OFF \rightarrow ON \rightarrow OFF \rightarrow ON$ |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Target evaporating temperature | $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ |

| Switch | | Function | Function accordin | g to switch setting | Switch set | tting timing | set | hat re- switch ting te.2 |
|--------|----|--|--|---|------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----|-----------------------------------|
| | | | OFF | ON | OFF ON | | OC | OS |
| | 1 | Test run mode: en- abled/disabled | SW3-2 disabled | SW3-2 enabled | Anytime afte | r power on | A | - |
| | 2 | Test run mode: ON/ OFF | Stops all ICs | Sends a test-run signal to all IC | | After power on and when SW3-1 is on. | | - |
| | | Defrost start temper- ature | <p200 -="" p300=""> <ep200> -10°C [14°F]</ep200></p200> | 5°C [22°E] | Anutimo offo | r power op | В | В |
| | 3 | (Note 4) | <p350 -="" p400=""> <ep250 -="" ep300=""> -8°C [18°F]</ep250></p350> | -5°C [23°F] | Anytime afte | r power on | | |
| | 4 | Defrost end temper- ature | <p200 -="" p300=""> <ep200> 10°C [50°F]</ep200></p200> | <p200 -="" p300=""> <ep200> 15°C [59°F]</ep200></p200> | Anytime afte | r power on ng defrost op- | В | В |
| SW3 | 4 | (Note 4) | <p350 -="" p400=""> <ep250 -="" ep300=""> 7°C [45°F]</ep250></p350> | <p350 -="" p400=""> <ep250 -="" ep300=""> 12°C [54°F]</ep250></p350> | eration) | ig denost op- | | |
| | 5 | - | - | - | | - | - | - |
| | 6 | Temperature unit setting | Centigrade | Fahrenheit | Anytime afte | r power on | С | С |
| | 7 | Heating mode selec- tion at low outside temperature | Performance priori- ty mode | COP priority mode | Anytime after power on | | A | - |
| | 8 | - | - | - | | - | - | |
| | 9 | Model setting (High static pressure setting (outdoor)) | Outdoor standard static pressure | Outdoor high static pressure | Before being energized | | С | С |
| | 10 | Model setting (High static pressure setting (outdoor)) | High static pressure 60Pa | High static pressure 30Pa | Before being energized | | С | С |
| | 1 | Enable/disenable high sensible operation | Normal operation mode | High sensible heat operation mode | Before being energized | | | - |
| | 2 | - | - | - | | - | - | - |
| | 3 | Refrigerant amount adjustmentNormal operation modeRefrigerant amount adjust modeAnytime after being ener- gized (except during initial startup mode. Automatically cancelled 90 minutes after compressor startup) | | A | - | | | |
| SW4 | 4 | Low-noise mode/ step demand switch- ing | Low-noise mode (Note 3) | Step demand mode Refore beind energized | | С | С | |
| | 5 | - | - | - | | - | - | - |
| | 6 | Cumulative com- pressor operation time data deletion | Cumulative com- pressor operation time data is retained. | ed. Cumulative compressor operation time data is deleted. Anytime after power on (when the unit is turned on) | | С | С | |
| | 7 | - | - | - | | - | - | - |
| | 8 | - | - | - | | | - | - |
| | 9 | | | | | - | - | - |
| | 10 | - | - | - | | | - | - |

Note

- 1) Unless otherwise specified, leave the switch to OFF where indicated by "-," which may be set to OFF for a reason.
- 2) A: Only the switch on either the OC or OS needs to be set for the setting to be effective on both units.
 - B: The switches on both the OC and OS need to be set to the same setting for the setting to be effective.
 - C: The setting is effective for the unit on which the setting is made.
- 3) The noise level is reduced by controlling the compressor frequency and outdoor fan rotation speed
- A setting of CN3D is required.(page 25)
- 4) Refer to "VII [2] Controlling the Outdoor Unit" -7- Defrost Operation Control.(page 136)

| Sw | vitch | Function | Function accordir | ng to switch setting | Switch set | ting timing | quire set | hat re- switch ting te.2 |
|-----|-------|--------------------------|---|----------------------|------------------------|-------------|-----------|-----------------------------------|
| | | | OFF | ON | OFF | ON | OC | OS |
| | 1 | | | | | | С | С |
| | 2 | Model selection | See the table below | (Note 4) | Before being | eneraized | | |
| | 3 | | | | | og.200 | | |
| | 4 | | | | | | | |
| SW5 | 5 | Low-noise mode selection | Capacity priority mode(Note 3) Low-noise mode Before being energized | | energized | A | - | |
| | 6 | - | - | - | | - | - | - |
| | 7 | Model selection | See the table below | (Note 4). | Before being energized | | В | В |
| | 8 | - | - | - | | | - | - |
| | 9 | - | | | | - | - | - |
| | 10 | Backup heating | Disabled Enabled | | Anytime after | r power on | Α | - |

Note

1) Unless otherwise specified, leave the switch to OFF where indicated by "-," which may be set to OFF for a reason.

2) A: Only the switch on either the OC or OS needs to be set for the setting to be effective on both units.B: The switches on both the OC and OS need to be set to the same setting for the setting to be effective.C: The setting is effective for the unit on which the setting is made.

3) When set to the capacity priority mode and if the following conditions are met, the quiet mode will terminate, and the unit will go back into the normal operation mode.
Cooling only/Cooling main: Outride temperature is high or high processories high.

Cooling-only/Cooling-main: Outside temperature is high or high pressure is high.

Heating-only/Heating-main: Outside temperature is low or low pressure is low. (page 23)

4) The table below summarizes the factory settings for dipswitches SW5-1 through SW5-4, and SW5-7. The factory setting for all other dipswitches is OFF.

| | | model | | | |
|-----|-----|-------|-----|----|---------------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 7 | moder |
| OFF | ON | OFF | OFF | ON | (E)P200 model |
| ON | ON | OFF | OFF | ON | (E)P250 model |
| OFF | OFF | ON | OFF | ON | (E)P300 model |
| OFF | ON | ON | OFF | ON | (E)P350 model |
| ON | ON | ON | OFF | ON | P400 model |
| OFF | OFF | OFF | ON | ON | P450 model |

(2) INV board

Functions are switched with the following connector.

| Connector | Function | | ding to connec- or | Setting timing | |
|--------------------------------------|--|------------------------------|--|-----------------|----------|
| | | Enabled | Disabled | Enabled | Disabled |
| CN6 short- circuit con- nector | Enabling/disabling the following error detection functions; ACCT sensor failure (5301 Detail No. 115) ACCT sensor circuit failure (5301 Detail No.117) IPM open/ACCT erroneous wiring (5301 Detail No. 119) Detection of ACCT erroneous wiring (5301 Detail No.120) | Error detec- tion enabled | Error detec- tion disable (No load op- eration is pos- sible.) | Anytime after p | ower on |

Note

•CN6 short-circuit connector is mated with the mating connector.

•Leave the short-circuit connector on the mating connector during normal operation to enable error detection and protect the equipment from damage.

2. Function of the switch (Indoor unit)

- (1) Dipswitches
- 1) SW1,3

| Swi | tch | Function | Function accordin | g to switch setting | Switch se | tting timing | Nata |
|-----|-----|---|-----------------------------------|--|-------------------------|----------------|---|
| | | | OFF | ON | OFF | ON | Notes |
| | 1 | Room temperature detection position | Indoor unit inlet | Built-in sensor on the remote controller | | | Set to ON (built-in sensor on the remote controller) on All Fresh (PEFY-VMH-F) model units |
| | 2 | Clogged filter detection | Not available | Available | | | |
| | 3 | Filter check reminder time setting | 100h | 2500h | | | |
| | 4 | Outside air intake | Disabled | Enabled | | | Always set to OFF on PKFY-VBM model units |
| | 5 | Remote display option | Fan output | Thermo-ON signal | | | |
| SW1 | 6 | Humidifier control | During heating operation | Always on while in the heating mode | | | |
| | 7 | Fan speed setting for Heating Thermo-OFF | Very Low | Low | | | |
| | | Forced heating operation at OA temp of 5°C or below | Not available | Available | | | Applicable to All Fresh model units (PEFY-VMH-F) only |
| | | Fan speed setting for Heating Thermo-OFF | According to the SW1-7 setting | Preset speed | | | |
| | 8 | - | - | - | While the ur | nit is stopped | Applicable to All Fresh model units (PEFY-VMH-F) only |
| | 9 | Self-recovery after power failure | Disabled | Enabled | (Remote controller OFF) | | |
| | 10 | Power source start-stop | Disabled | Enabled | | | |
| | 1 | Unit model selection | Heat pump | Cooling only | | | |
| | 2 | Louver | Not available | Available | | | |
| | 3 | Vane | Not available | Available | | | |
| | 4 | Vane swing function | Not available | Available | | | Always set to OFF on PKFY-VBM model units |
| SW3 | 5 | - | - | - | | | |
| | 6 | Vane angle limit setting for cooling operation | Downblow B,C | Horizontal | | | Always set to Downblow B or C on PKFY-VBM model units |
| | | Initial vane position | Enabled | Disabled | | | PLFY-VLMD model only |
| | 7 | Automatic LEV value conversion function | Not available | Available | | | |
| | 8 | Heating 4°C [7.2°F] up | Enabled | Disabled | | | Set to OFF on floor-standing (PFFY) type units |
| | 9 | SHm setting | 2°C [3.6°F] | 5°C [9°F] | | | The setting depends on the model and type. |
| | 10 | SCm setting | 10°C [18°F] | 15°C [27°F] | | | The setting depends on the model and type. |

Note 1. Settings in the shaded areas are factory settings. (Refer to the table below for the factory setting of the switches whose factory settings are not indicated by the shaded cells.) Note 2. If both SW1-7 and SW1-8 are set to ON, the fan remains stopped during heating Thermo-OFF.

To prevent incorrect temperature detection due to a build-up of warm air around the indoor unit, use the built-in temperature sensor on the remote controller (SW1-1) instead of the one on the indoor unit inlet thermistor.

Note 3. By setting SW3-1, SW1-7, and SW1-8 to a certain configuration, the fan can be set to remain stopped during cooling Thermo-OFF. See the table below for details.

| SI | witch set | ting | Fan speed duri | ng Thermo-OFF | | |
|-------|-----------|-------|----------------|---------------|------------------------|--|
| SW3-1 | SW1-7 | SW1-8 | Heating | Cooling | Cooling-only/heat pump | |
| | OFF | OFF | Very Low | | | |
| OFF | ON | OFF | Low | Preset speed | Heat pump | |
| | OFF | ON | Preset speed | | | |
| | ON | | Stop | | | |
| | OFF | 055 | - | Preset speed | Cooling only | |
| ON | ON | OFF | - | r reset speed | Cooling-only | |
| | OFF | | - | Stop | | |
| | ON | ON | Stop | Stop | Heat pump | |

2) SW2

| Model | P15 | P20 | P25 | P32 | P40 | P50 | P63 | P71 | P80 | P100 | P125 | P140 | P200 | P250 |
|-----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Capacity (model) code | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 13 | 14 | 16 | 20 | 25 | 28 | 40 | 50 |
| SW2 setting | 123456 ON OFF |

Note. The setting timing for SW2 is before power is turned on.

(2) Address switch

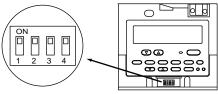
Actual indoor unit address setting varies in different systems. Refer to the installation manual for the outdoor unit for details on how to make the address setting. Each address is set with a combination of the settings for the 10's digit and 1's digit. (Example)

When setting the address to "3", set the 1's digit to 3, and the 10's digit to 0. When setting the address to "25", set the 1's digit to 5, and the 10's digit to 2.

3. Function of the switch <Remote controller>

(1) MA remote controller (PAR-20MAA)

The SW is located at the bottom of the remote controller under the cover. Operate the switches to perform the remote controller main/sub setting or other function settings. Normally, do not change the settings of switches other than the SW1 (main/ sub switching switch). (All the switches are set to "ON" at factory setting.)



Switching switch

Remote controller

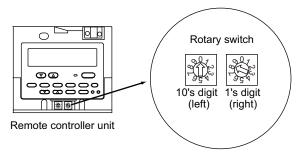
| Switch | Function | ON | OFF | Operation by switch settings | Switch setting timing |
|--------|--|-------------------|-----------------------|--|-----------------------|
| 1 | Remote controller Main Sub | | Sub | When two remote controllers are connected to one group, set either of the remote controllers to "Sub". | Before power on |
| 2 | At power on of the remote controller | Normal startup | Timer mode startup | When the program timer (only few stock products are available) is connected, set to "Timer mode startup" to resume the operation with timer mode after power is restored. | Before power on |
| 3 | Cooling/heating display set by automatic setting | Displayed | Not displayed | When the automatic mode is set and the "Cooling"/"Heating" display is not necessary, set to "Not displayed". | Before power on |
| 4 | Suction temperature display (discharge temperature display) | Displayed | Not displayed | When the suction temperature (discharge temperature) display is not necessary, set to "Not displayed". | Before power on |

Note

The MA remote controller (PAR-21MAA) does not have the switches listed above. Refer to the installation manual for the function setting.

(2) ME remote controller (PAR-F27MEA)

Set the address of the remote controller with the rotary switch.



Example: In case of address 108

| | Address setting range | Setting method | | | | |
|--------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Main remote controller | 101-150 | Add 100 to the smallest address of all the indoor units in the same group. | | | | |
| Sub remote controller | 151-200 | Add 150 to the smallest address of all the indoor units in th same group. | | | | |
| Setting of rotary switch | | Address No. | | | | |
| 01-99 ^{*1} | 101-199 with the 100's digit automatically being set to 1 ^{*2} | | | | | |
| 00 | 200 | | | | | |

*1. At factory shipment, the rotary switch is set to 01.

*2. The address range that can be set with the ME remote controller is between 101 and 200. When the dials are set to a number between 01 and 99, the 100's digit is automatically set to [1]. When the dials are set to 00, the 100's digit is automatically set to [2].

Note

To set addresses, use a precision slotted screw driver [2.0 mm [0.08 in] (w)], and do not apply than 19.6N. The use of any other tool or applying too much load may damage the switch.

4. Switch functions <BC controller> (Control board)

| Su | vitch | Function | Function accordir | ng to switch setting | Switch cotting timing | |
|------|--------|----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| 30 | VILCII | Function | OFF | ON | Switch setting timing | |
| | 1 | Model setting | R410A | - | Always leave this switch to OFF. | |
| SW4 | 2 - 5 | - | - | - | - | |
| 3004 | 6 | No. of ports ^{*1} | 1 | 2 | Before being energized | |
| | 7, 8 | - | - | - | - | |
| | 1 - 6 | - | - | - | - | |
| SW5 | 7 | Model setting | Refer to the table below | N. | Before being energized | |
| | 8 | Model setting | Refer to the table below | W. | Before being energized | |

*1. When a junction pipe kit was used to merge two ports to connect the indoor units with a total capacity of between P81 and P140, turn DIP SW4-6 to ON. When connecting a main and a sub BC controller, change the SW setting on only the main BC controller. (It is not necessary to change the SW setting on the sub BC controller.)

Model setting

| Switc | h | SW | /5-8 |
|-------|-----|----------------|----------------|
| Owne | | OFF | ON |
| SW5-7 | OFF | G1 | type |
| 000-1 | ON | GA1 (HA1) type | GB1 (HB1) type |

[2] Controlling the Outdoor Unit

-1- Outline of Control Method

- •The outdoor units are designated as OC and OS in the order of capacity from large to small (if two or more units have the same capacity, in the order of address from small to large).
- •The setting of outdoor unit can be verified by using the self-diagnosis switch (SW1).

| [| SW1 | Display |
|---|-------------------------|---|
| | ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 | The unit is designated as the OC: "oc" appears on the display. The unit is designated as OS: "oS" appears on the display |

•The OC determines the operation mode and the control mode, and it also communicates with the indoor units.

•The OS exercises autonomous distributed control (over defrost, error detection, and actuator control etc.) according to the operation/control mode signals that are sent from the OC.

-2- Startup sequence rotation

•At the initial startup, outdoor units start up in the order of "OC and OS." When the cumulative operation time of the OC reaches two hours, the OS will start up before the OC at the next start up.

•Startup sequence rotation is performed while all the indoor units are stopped. (Even after two hours of operation, startup sequence rotation is not performed while the compressor is in operation.)

In a system with multiple outdoor units (OC and OS), when the integrated operation time of the unit in operation (either OC or OS) reaches one hour during a cooling operation at low outside temperature, that unit will stop and the other unit will go into operation.

•Refer to [-10-Control at Initial Start-up] for the initial startup.

- •Performing startup sequence rotation does not change the basic operation of OC and OS. Only startup sequence is changed.
- •Startup sequence of the outdoor units can be checked with the self-diagnosis switch (SW1) on the OC.

| SW1 | Display | |
|-----|--|--|
| | ■ OC→OS: "oc" and the "OC" address appear alternately on the display. ■ OS→OC: "oS" and the "OS" address appear alternately on the display. | |

-3- Initial Control

•When the power is turned on, the initial processing of the microcomputer is given top priority.

•During the initial processing, control processing of the operation signal is suspended. (The control processing is resumed after the initial processing is completed. Initial processing involves data processing in the microcomputer and initial setting of each of the LEV opening. This process will take up to 5 minutes.)

•During the initial processing, the LED monitor on the outdoor unit's control board displays S/W version -> refrigerant type -> heat pump -> cooling only and capacity -> and communication address in turn every second.

-4- Control at Start-up

•The upper limit of frequency during the first 3 minutes of the operation is 50 Hz.

•When the power is turned on, normal operation will start after the initial start-up mode (to be described later) has been completed (with a restriction on the frequency).

-5- Bypass Control

Bypass solenoid valves (SV1a), which bypass the high- and low- pressure sides, perform the following functions.

(1) Bypass solenoid valve (SV1a) (ON = Open)

| Operation | SV1a | | |
|--|--|---|--|
| Operation | ON | OFF | |
| When each indoor unit compressor startup | ON for 4 minutes. | | |
| After the restoration of thermo or 3 minutes after restart | ON for 4 minutes. | | |
| During cooling or heating operation with the compressor stopped | Always ON. Exception: OFF when 63HS1-63LS is 0.2MPa[29psi] or less | | |
| After the operation has stopped | ON for 3 minutes. Exception: OFF when 63HS1-63LS is 0.2MPa[29psi] or less | | |
| During defrost operation | ON | | |
| While the compressor is operating at the minimum frequency and when the low pressure (63LS) drops (3 or more minutes after compressor startup) | When low pressure (63LS) drops below 0.23MPa[33psi]. | When low pressure (63LS) ex- ceeds 0.38MPa[55psi]. | |
| When high pressure (63HS1) rises | When 63HS1 exceeds 3.62MPa[525psi] | When 63HS1 is or below 3.43MPa[497psi] and 30 seconds have passed | |

(2) Bypass solenoid valve (SV9) (ON = Open)

| Operation | SV9 | | |
|---|--|---|--|
| operation | ON | OFF | |
| When high pressure (63HS1) rises during the heating operation | When 63HS1 exceeds 3.50MPa [507psi] | When SV5b is ON and the pressure is 2.70MPa[391psi]or below | |
| Others | Always OFF | | |

(3) Bypass solenoid valve (SV2) (ON = Open)

| Operation | SV2 | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| | ON | OFF | |
| When high pressure (63HS1) rises during the heating operation | When SV5b is OFF and the pres- sure is 3.50MPa[507psi]or below | When 63HS1 exceeds 2.70MPa [391psi] | |
| When startup or resuming operation after a defrost cycle | OFF | | |
| During defrost cycle | ON | | |
| Others | Always OFF | | |

(4) Bypass solenoid valve (SV5b) (ON = Open)

| Operation | SV5b | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| operation | ON | OFF | |
| When high pressure (63HS1) rises during the heating operation | When SV2 is OFF and the pressure is 2.70MPa[391psi]or below | When SV9 is ON and the pressure is 3.50MPa[507psi]or below | |
| At startup | | | |
| During defrost cycle | ON (open) | | |
| When returning to normal operation after completion of the defrost cycle | ON for 5 minutes and goes OFF | | |
| Others | Always OFF | | |

(5) Bypass solenoid valve (SV5c) (ON = Open)

| Operation | SV5c | | |
|---------------------------|--|---|--|
| Operation | ON | OFF | |
| While the unit is stopped | Always ON | | |
| Cooling mode | When one or more of the following valves is turned OFF: SV4a through SV4c. | When the condition on the left is not met | |
| Defrost mode | Always OFF on the P200 - P400 through EP200 - EP300 models and always ON on the P450 and EP350 models. | | |
| Others | Always OFF | | |

-6- Compressor Frequency Control

•Depending on the capacity required, the frequency of the compressor is controlled to keep constant evaporation temperature (0°C [32°F] = 0.71 MPa [103 psi]) during cooling operation, and condensing temperature (49°C [120°F] = 2.88 MPa [418 psi]) during heating operation.

•The table below summarizes the operating frequency ranges of the inverter compressor during normal operation.

•The OS in the multiple-outdoor-unit system operates at the actual compressor frequency value that is calculated by the OS based on the preliminary compressor frequency value that the OC determines.

| Model | Frequency/cooling (Hz) | | Frequency/heating (Hz) | |
|-------------|------------------------|-----|------------------------|-----|
| | Max | Min | Max | Min |
| P200 model | 52 | 14 | 53 | 19 |
| P250 model | 65 | 14 | 71 | 19 |
| P300 model | 74 | 18 | 81 | 15 |
| P350 model | 95 | 18 | 101 | 15 |
| P400 model | 97 | 18 | 102 | 15 |
| P450 model | 111 | 18 | 117 | 15 |
| EP200 model | 52 | 14 | 53 | 19 |
| EP250 model | 58 | 18 | 67 | 15 |
| EP300 model | 74 | 18 | 81 | 15 |
| EP350 model | 95 | 18 | 101 | 15 |

Note

The maximum frequency during heating operation depends on the outside air temperature and the dipswitch settings.

(1) Pressure limit

The upper limit of high pressure (63HS1) is preset, and when it exceeds the upper limit, the frequency is decreased every 15 seconds.

•The actuation pressure is when the high-pressure reading on 63HS1 is 3.58MPa[519psi].

(2) Discharge temperature limit

Discharge temperature (TH4) of the compressor in operation is monitored, and when it exceeds the upper limit, the frequency is decreased every minute.

Operating temperature is 115°C [239°F].

(3) Periodic frequency control

Frequency control other than the ones performed at start-up, upon status change, and for protection is called periodic frequency control (convergent control) and is performed in the following manner.

Periodic control cycle

Periodic control is performed after the following time has passed

+30 seconds after either compressor start-up or the completion of defrost operation

+30 seconds after frequency control based on discharge temperature or pressure limit

The amount of frequency change

The amount of frequency change is controlled to approximate the target value based on the evaporation temperature (Te) and condensing temperature (Tc).

-7- Defrost Operation Control

(1) Starting the defrost operation

•The defrost cycle will start when all of the three conditions (outside temperature, cumulative compressor operation time, and pipe temperature) under <Condition 1>, <Condition 2>, or <Condition 3> are met.

| | Condition 1 | Condition 2 | Condition 3 |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Outside temperature (TH7) | -5°C [23°F] or above -5°C [23°F | |] or below |
| Cumulative compressor operation time | 50 minutes or more 90 minutes or more if the defrost prohibit timer is set to 90. | | 250 minutes or more |
| Pipe temperature (TH6) | The pipe temperature has stayed below the temperatures in the table below (Note1) for three minutes. | The pipe temperature (TH6) has stayed at or below the val- ue obtained from the formula "Outside temperature (TH7) - $10^{\circ}C$ [$18^{\circ}F$]" for three minutes. or the 63LS reading has stayed below the value obtained from the formula " $1.5 + 0.02 \times$ ($20+TH7$)" for three minutes. | The pipe temperature has stayed below the temperatures in the table below (Note1) for three minutes |

Note

1) Pipe temperature(TH6)

| | P200 - P300, EP200 | P350, P400, EP250, EP300 | P450, EP350 |
|-----------|--------------------|--------------------------|-------------|
| SW3-3 OFF | -10ºC | -8ºC | -8ºC |
| SW3-3 ON | -5ºC | -5°C | -5°C |

•The defrost cycle will not start if other outdoor units are in the defrost cycle or until a minimum of 10 minutes have passed since the completion of the last defrost cycle.

•If 10 minutes have passed since compressor startup or since the completion of a defrost cycle, a forced defrost cycle can be started by setting DIP SW2-7 to ON.

•Even if the defrost-prohibit timer is set to 90 minutes (or 150 minutes for "Condition 3" to be met), the actual defrost-prohibit time for the next defrost cycle is 50 minutes if the last defrost cycle took 12 minutes.

•All units in the heating mode will simultaneously go into the defrost cycle in a system with multiple units. The units that are not in operation may or may not go into the defrost cycle, depending on the cumulative operation time of their compressors.

(2) Defrost operation

| Outdoou unit | Compressor frequency | Model | Compressor frequency | | |
|---------------|----------------------|---|----------------------|--|--|
| | | P200 - P300, EP200 models | 65 Hz | | |
| | | P350, P400, EP250, EP300 models | 103 Hz | | |
| | | P450, EP350 models | 103 Hz | | |
| | Outdoor unit fan | Stopped | | | |
| | SV1a | ON (open |) | | |
| | SV2 | P200 - P400, EP200 - EP300 P450, EP350 mo | | | |
| | SV5b | ON (close | a) | | |
| | SV5c | P200 - P400, EP200 - EP300 models: ON (closed) P450, EP350 models: ON (open) | | | |
| | 21S4a, 21S4b | OFF | | | |
| | SV9 | OFF (closed) | | | |
| BC controller | LEV1 | G1 type: 4000, GA1 type: 6000, HA1 type: 8000 | | | |
| | LEV3 | G1 type: 1000, GA1 type: 2000, HA1 type: 2000 GB1, HB1 type: 60 (full closed) | | | |
| | SVM1 | ON | | | |
| | SVM2 | OFF | | | |
| | SVM1b | ON | | | |
| | SVM2b | OFF | | | |
| | SV∎B | OFF | | | |
| | SV∎A | Ports that are connected to the indoor units in cooling Thermo-C Other ports : OFF | | | |

(3) Stopping the defrost operation

•The defrost cycle ends when 12 minutes have passed since the beginning of the cycle, or when the pipe temperature (TH3 and TH6) has been continuously detected for 2 minutes that exceeds the values in the table below •Defrost operation will not stop its operation for 4 minutes once started.

•In the multiple-outdoor-unit system, defrosting is stopped on all units at the same time.

| Model | TH3 | | |
|---------------------|-------------|-------------|--|
| Model | SW3 - 3 OFF | SW3 - 3 ON | |
| P200 - P300 models | 10°C [50°F] | 15°C [59°F] | |
| P300 model | 10°C [50°F] | 15°C [59°F] | |
| P350, P400 models | 7°C [45°F] | 12°C [54°F] | |
| P450 model | 7°C [45°F] | 12°C [54°F] | |
| EP200 model | 10°C [50°F] | 15°C [59°F] | |
| EP250, EP300 models | 7°C [45°F] | 12°C [54°F] | |
| EP350 model | 7°C [45°F] | 12°C [54°F] | |

(4) Problems during defrost operation

•If a problem is detected during defrost operation, the operation will be stopped, and the defrost prohibition time based on the integrated compressor operation time will be set to 50 minutes.

(5) Change in the number of operating indoor units during defrost operation

•Even when there is a change in the number of operating indoor units during defrost operation, the operation will continue, and an adjustment will be made after the completion of the defrost operation.

•Defrost operation will be continued, even if the indoor units stop or under the Thermo-OFF conditions until it has run its course.

-8- Refrigerant Recovery Control

Refrigerant recovery is performed for each BC port during heating operation to prevent the refrigerant from accumulating inside the units that are stopped (in the fan mode), in the cooling mode, or in the heating Thermo-OFF mode. It is also performed during cooling operation to prevent an excessive amount of refrigerant from accumulating in the outdoor heat exchanger.

Starting criteria for the refrigerant recovery cycle (during Cooling-only, Cooling-main, Heating-only, or Heating-main mode)

The refrigerant recovery mode starts when all of the following conditions are met:

 When 5 minutes have passed in the Heating-only or Heating-main mode or 30 seconds have passed in the Cooling-only or Cooling-main mode since the completion of the previous refrigerant recovery cycle AND the when following conditions are met.

TH4 > 105°C [221°F]

2) When the port is not in the 4-minute restart delay mode

Starting criteria for the refrigerant recovery cycle (during Cooling-only, Cooling-main, Heating-only, or Heating-main mode)

- When the port is in the cooling Thermo-OFF, fan, or stop mode SV■C at the port turns on for 30 seconds. (■ indicates port No.)
- 2) The opening of LEV1 and LEV3 is increased.

-9- Capacity Control of Outdoor Fan

(1) Control method

- •Depending on the capacity required, the rotation speed of the outdoor unit fan is controlled by the inverter to keep a constant condensing temperature of (outside temperature +10°C [18°F]) during cooling operation and a constant evaporation temperature of (0°C [32°F] =0.71 MPa [103psi]) during heating operation.
- •The OS in the multiple-outdoor-unit system operates at the actual outdoor unit fan control value that is calculated by the OS based on the preliminary outdoor unit fan control value that the OC determines.

(2) Control

•Outdoor unit fan stops while the compressor is stopped (except in the presence of input from snow sensor).

•The fan operates at full speed for 5 seconds after start-up.(Only when TH7<0°C [32°F])

•The outdoor unit fan stops during defrost operation.

•On the P450 and EP350 models of outdoor units, before the second fan goes into operation, the capacity of the first fan is reduced to 50%.

(3) Outdoor unit heat exchanger capacity control patterns

| Model | Operation mode | Operation | | Solenoid valve | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|-----------|------|----------------|------|------|------|
| Model | | patterns | SV4a | SV4b | SV4c | SV4d | SV5c |
| P200 - P300 | Cooling- | 1 | OFF | OFF | - | ON | ON |
| through EP200 models | only Cooling- | 2 | OFF | OFF | - | OFF | ON |
| | main | 3 | OFF | ON | - | OFF | ON |
| | | 4 | ON | OFF | - | OFF | ON |
| | | 5 | ON | ON | - | OFF | OFF |
| | Heating- only | 1 | ON | ON | - | OFF | OFF |
| | Heating- | 1 | ON | ON | - | ON | OFF |
| | main | 2 | ON | ON | - | OFF | OFF |
| | Defrost | 1 | ON | ON | - | OFF | OFF |
| P350 - P400 | Cooling- | 1 | OFF | OFF | OFF | ON | ON |
| through EP250 - EP300 models | only Cooling- | 2 | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | ON |
| | main | 3 | OFF | OFF | ON | OFF | ON |
| | | 4 | OFF | ON | ON | OFF | ON |
| | | 5 | ON | ON | ON | OFF | OFF |
| | Heating- only | 1 | ON | ON | ON | OFF | OFF |
| | Heating- main | 1 | ON | ON | ON | ON | OFF |
| | | 2 | ON | ON | ON | OFF | OFF |
| | Defrost | 1 | ON | ON | ON | OFF | OFF |
| P450 and EP350 | Cooling- | 1 | OFF | OFF | OFF | ON | ON |
| models | only Cooling- | 2 | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | ON |
| | main | 3 | OFF | ON | OFF | OFF | ON |
| | | 4 | ON | ON | OFF | OFF | ON |
| | | 5 | ON | ON | ON | OFF | OFF |
| | Heating- only | 1 | ON | ON | ON | OFF | OFF |
| | Heating- | 1 | ON | ON | ON | ON | OFF |
| | main | 2 | ON | ON | ON | OFF | OFF |
| | Defrost | 1 | ON | ON | ON | OFF | ON |

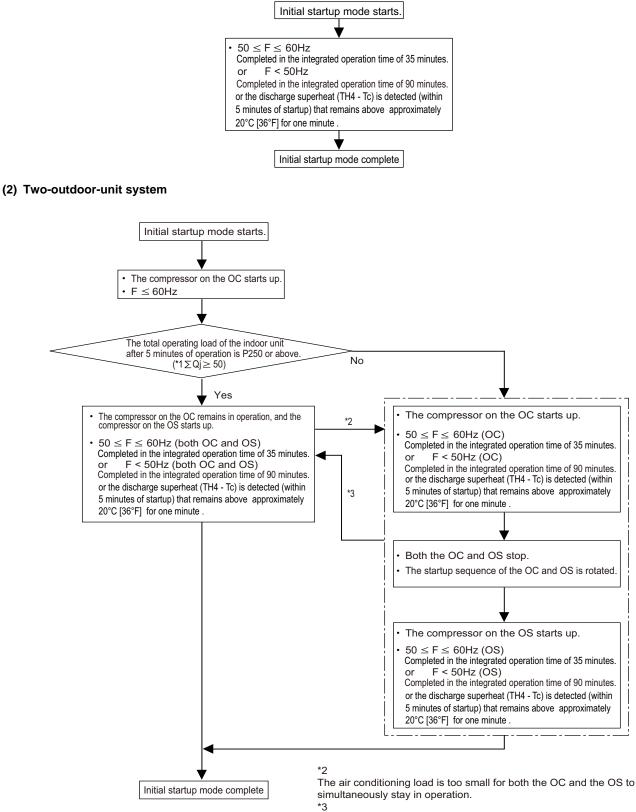
*SV4c turns on when energized on the P350, P400, EP250, and EP300 models. and it turns on when de-energized on the P450 and EP350 models. (All other valves turn on when energized.)

-10- Control at Initial Start-up

•When started up for the first time before 12 hours have elapsed after power on, the unit goes into the initial startup mode. •At the completion of the initial operation mode on the OC and OS, they will go into the normal control mode.

1. Flowchart of initial operation

(1) Single-outdoor-unit system



The air conditioning load is high enough for both OC and OS to simultaneously stay in operation.

*1 ΣQj:Total capacity (models) code

Refer to the VII [1] 2.(1) Dipswitches for the capacity code (page 130).

-11- Emergency Operation Mode

1. Problems with the outdoor unit

- •Systems with two outdoor units have a mode that allows one of the outdoor units to perform a backup operation when the other outdoor unit in the system malfunctions.
- •This mode can be started by performing an error reset via the remote controller.

(1) Starting the emergency operation

- 1) When an error occurs, the error source and the error code will be displayed on the display on the remote controller.
- 2) The error is reset using the remote controller.
- 3) If an error code appears that permits an emergency operation in step 1) above, (See the table below.), the retry operation starts.
- 4) If the same error is detected during the retry operation (step 3 above), an emergency operation can be started by resetting the error via the remote controller.

Error codes that permit an emergency operation (Applicable to both OC and OS)

| Trouble source | | Error codes that permit an emergency operation | Error code description | |
|----------------|-----|---|--|--|
| | | 0403 | Serial communication error | |
| | | 4220,4225 | Bus voltage drop | |
| Compressor | | 4230 | Heatsink overheat protection | |
| Fan motor | | 4240 | Overload protection | |
| Inverter | | 4250,4225 | Overcurrent relay trip | |
| | | 5110 | Heatsink temperature sensor failure (THHS) | |
| | | 5301 | Current sensor/circuit failure | |
| Thermistor | TH3 | 5103 | Heat exchanger outlet thermistor fault | |
| | TH4 | 5104 | Discharge temperature sensor failure | |
| | TH5 | 5105 | Accumulator inlet temperature sensor failure | |
| | TH6 | 5106 | Heat exchanger inlet thermistor fault | |
| TH7 | | 5107 | Outside air temperature sensor failure | |
| Power | | 4102 | Open phase | |
| | | 4115 | Power supply sync signal abnormality | |

Emergency operation pattern

2 outdoor units

| | | Compressor failure pattern | | |
|---|---------|----------------------------|-----------|--|
| OC | | Trouble | Normal | |
| OS | | Normal | Trouble | |
| Emergency operation | Cooling | Permitted | Permitted | |
| | Heating | Permitted | Permitted | |
| Maximum total capacity of indoor units (Note 1) | | 60% | | |

Note

1) If an attempt is made to put into operation a group of indoor units whose total capacity exceeds the maximum allowable capacity, some of the indoor units will go into the same condition as Thermo-OFF.

(2) Ending the emergency operation

1) End conditions

When one of the following conditions is met, emergency operation stops, and the unit makes an error stop.

- •When the integrated operation time of compressor in cooling mode has reached four hours.
- •When the integrated operation time of compressor in heating mode has reached two hours.

•When an error is detected that does not permit the unit to perform an emergency operation.

2) Control at or after the completion of emergency operation

•At or after the completion of emergency operation, the compressor stops, and the error code reappears on the remote controller.

•If another error reset is performed at the completion of an emergency mode, the unit repeats the procedures in section (1) above.

•To stop the emergency mode and perform a current-carrying operation after correcting the error, perform a power reset.

2. Communication circuit failure or when some of the outdoor units are turned off

This is a temporary operation mode in which the outdoor unit that is not in trouble operates when communication circuit failure occurs or when some of the outdoor units are turned off.

(1) Starting the emergency operation (When the OC is in trouble)

- 1) When an error occurs, the error source and the error code appear on the display on the remote controller.
- 2) Reset the error via the remote controller to start an emergency operation.

Precautions before servicing the unit

•When the OC is in trouble, the OS temporarily takes over the OC's function and performs an emergency operation. When this happens, the indoor unit connection information are changed.

•In a system that has a billing function, a message indicating that the billing system information has an error may appear on the TG-2000A. Even if this message appears, do not change (or set) the refrigerant system information on the TG-2000A. After the completion of an emergency operation, the correct connection information will be restored.

(2) Starting the emergency operation (When the OS is in trouble)

1) A communication error occurs. -> An emergency operation starts in approximately six minutes.

Error codes that permit an emergency operation (Applicable to both OC and OS)

| Trouble source | Error codes that permit an emergency operation Error code description | Error code description | |
|--|--|--------------------------|--|
| Circuit board failure or the power to the out- | 6607 | No acknowledgement error | |
| door units is off | 6608 | No response error | |

Emergency operation pattern

2 outdoor units

| | | Compressor failure pattern | | |
|---|---------|--|-----------|--|
| OC | | Trouble | Normal | |
| OS | | Normal | Trouble | |
| Emergency op- | Cooling | Permitted Permitted | | |
| eration | Heating | Permitted | Permitted | |
| Maximum total capacity of indoor units (Note 1) | | Capacity that matches the total capacity of the operable outdoor units | | |

Note

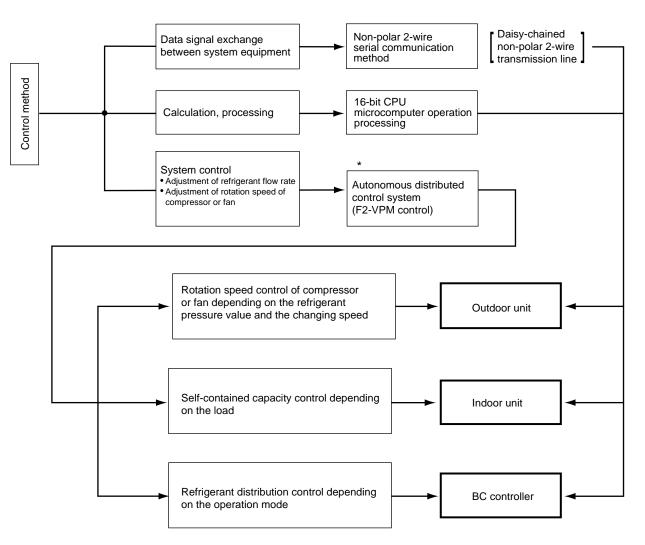
1) If an attempt is made to put into operation a group of indoor units whose total capacity exceeds the maximum allowable capacity, some of the indoor units will go into the same condition as Thermo-OFF.

(3) Ending the emergency operation

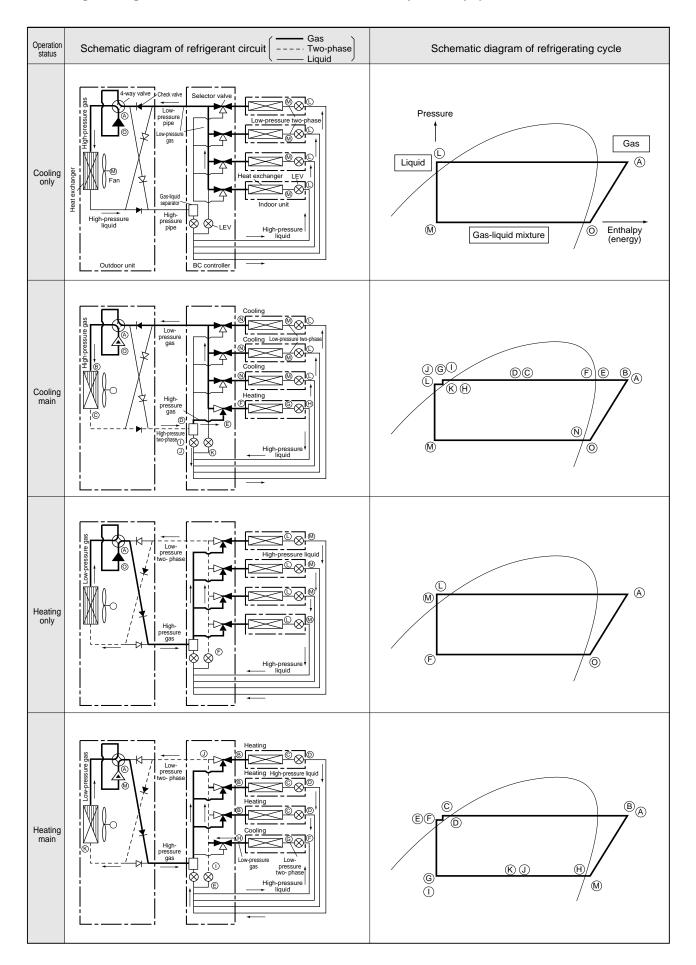
When communication is restored, the emergency mode is cancelled, and the units go into the normal operation mode.

-12- Control Method

The control system configuration for the PURY models is shown in the chart below.



Autonomous distributed control system : A system that consists of three independent sub control systems, instead of a single centralized control system, that work together to maintain the overall control of the entire system.



-13- Cooling/heating Circuit Control and General Function of System Equipment

-14- Operation Mode

(1) Indoor unit operation mode

The operation mode can be selected from the following 6 modes using the remote controller.

| 1 | Cooling mode |
|---|--------------------------------|
| 2 | Heating mode |
| 3 | Dry mode |
| 4 | Automatic cooling/heating mode |
| 5 | Fan mode |
| 6 | Stopping mode |

(2) Outdoor unit operation mode

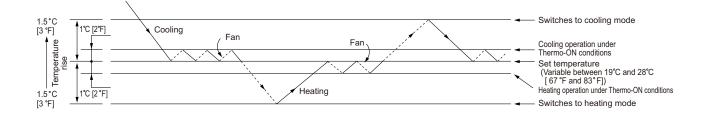
| 1 | Cooling only mode | All indoor units in operation are in cooling mode. |
|---|-------------------|--|
| 2 | Heating only mode | All indoor units in operation are in heating mode. |
| 3 | Cooling main mode | Coexistence of units in cooling and heating modes. |
| 4 | Heating main mode | Coexistence of units in cooling and heating modes. |
| 5 | Stopping mode | All indoor units are in fan mode or stopping mode. |

Note

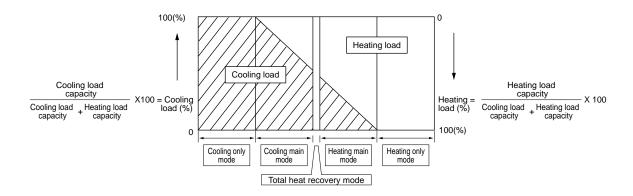
When units in cooing and heating coexist, the operation mode (cooling main mode or heating main mode) will be determined, based on the refrigerant pressure in the R2 refrigerant circuit and speed variation data.

(3) Operation pattern for automatic cooling/heating mode

When the automatic cooling/heating mode is selected from remote controller functions, the indoor temperature will be detected in pattern as shown in the figure below, and the operation mode (cooling or heating) will automatically be selected.



(4) Relationship between the operation mode and the load capacity (kW) (within a system)



-15- DEMAND Control

Cooling/heating operation can be prohibited (Thermo-OFF) by an external input to the indoor units.

Note

When DIP SW4-4 is set to ON, the 4-step DEMAND control is enabled. Eight-step demand control is possible in the system with two outdoor units.

Refer to Chapter II [3] 2.(7) "Various types of control using input-output signal connector on the outdoor unit (various connection options)" for details.(page 23)

[3] Controlling BC Controller

1. Control of SV■A, SV■ B, and SV ■C

SV ■A, SV■ B, and SV ■C turn on or off depending on the operation mode of the branch.

| | | Mode | | | |
|------|------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | | Cooling | Heating | Stopped | Defrost |
| | SV∎A | ON | OFF | OFF | OFF |
| Port | SVB | OFF | ON | OFF | OFF |
| - | SV∎C | ON | OFF | OFF | OFF |

2. Control of SVM1 snd SVMb

SVM turns on or off depending on the operation mode.

| Operation mode | Cooling only | Cooling main | Heating only | Heating main | Defrost | Stopped |
|-------------------|--------------|---|--------------|--------------|---------|---------|
| SVM1,1b | ON | Pressure dif- ferential con- trol ^{*1} | OFF | OFF | ON | OFF |

*1. Pressure differential control: The detected differential pressure (PS1 and P3) is controlle every minute so as to be within a certain range.

3. Control of LEV

LEV opening (sj) is controlled as follows depending on the operation mode.

| | Operation mode | Cooling only | Cooling main | Heating only | Heating main | Defrost | Stopped |
|-----------------|----------------|---------------------------------|--|---|---|-------------------------|---------|
| G1,GA1 | LEV1 | 2000 | Liquid level | 110 | 110 ^{*3} | 2000 | 1200 |
| HA1 type | LEV3 | Superheat control ^{*4} | control ^{*1} dif- ferential control ^{*2} | Pressure dif- ferential con- trol ^{*2} | Pressure dif- ferential con- trol ^{*2} | G1:1000 GA1,HA1:2000 | 60 |
| GB1,HB1 type | LEV3 | Superheat control ^{*4} | Superheat control ^{*4} | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 |

*1. Liquid level control: The liquid level detected by the liquid inlet temperature (TH11 sensor) is controlled so as to be within a certain range.

- *2. Pressure differential control: The detected differential pressure (PS1 and P3) is controlle every minute so as to be within a certain range.
- *3. Can be 110 or more due to pressure rise on the liquid side (PS1).
- *4. Superheat control: The amound of superheat that is calculated on the bypass inlet and outlet temperature (TH12, TH15) is controlled every minute so as to be within a certain range.

4. Control of SVM2, and SVM2b

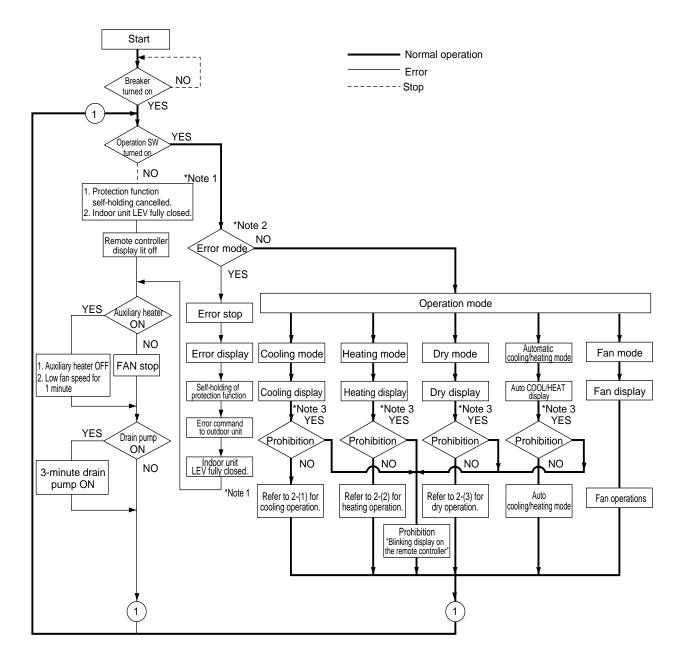
| Operation mode | Cooling only | Cooling main | Heating only | Heating main | Defrost | Stopped |
|-------------------|--------------|--------------|--|--|---------|---------|
| SVM2,2b | OFF | OFF | Pressure differ- ential control ^{*1} | Pressure differ- ential control ^{*1} | OFF | OFF |

*1. Pressure differential control: The detected differential pressure (PS1 and P3) is controlled every minute so as to be within a certain range.

[4] Operation Flow Chart

1. Mode determination flowchart

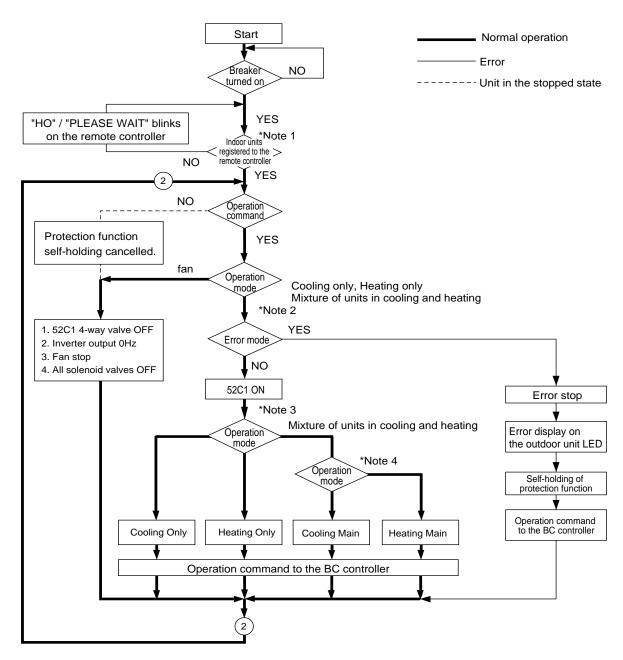
(1) Indoor unit (cooling, heating, dry, fan mode)



*Note 1. Indoor unit LEV fully closed : Opening 41.

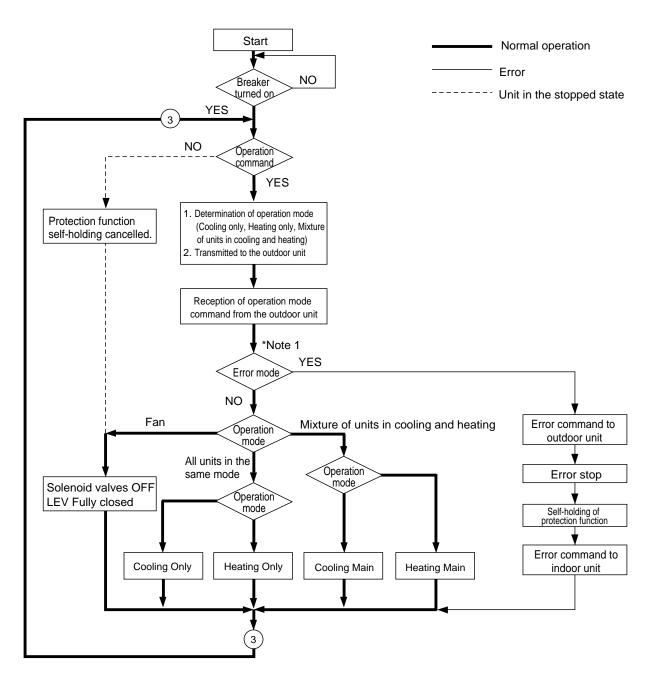
- *Note 2. The system may go into the error mode on either the indoor unit side or the BC controller or outdoor unit side. If some of the indoor units are experiencing a problem, only those indoor units that are experiencing the problem will stop. If the BC controller or the outdoor unit is experiencing a problem, all the connected units will stop.
- *Note 3. If multiple indoor units are connected to a port and there is a discrepancy in the operation mode between the indoor unit and the port, the operation will be prohibited. (Operation mode blinks on the remote controller, the Fan stops, indoor unit LEV becomes fully closed.)

(2) Outdoor unit (cooling only, heating only, cooling main and heating main modes)



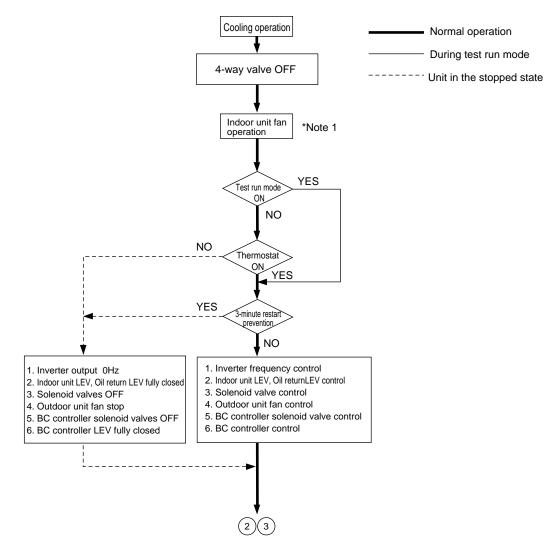
- *Note 1. For about 3 minutes after power on, search for the indoor unit address, for the remote controller address, and for the group information will start. During this, "HO"/ "PLEASE WAIT" blinks on the display of the remote controller. When the indoor unit to be controlled by the remote controller is missing, "HO"/ "PLEASE WAIT" keeps blinking on the display of the remote controller even after 3 or more minutes after power on.
- *Note 2. The system may go into the error mode on either the indoor unit or the outdoor unit side. The outdoor stops only when all of the connected indoor units are experiencing problems. The operation of even a single indoor unit will keep the outdoor unit running. The error will be indicated on the LED display.
- *Note 3. The units will follow the operation mode commands from the BC controller
- *Note 4. When the operation mode commands from the BC controllers are mixed (both cooling and heating), the actual operation mode is determined by the outdoor unit.

(3) BC controller (cooling only, heating only, cooling main and heating main modes)



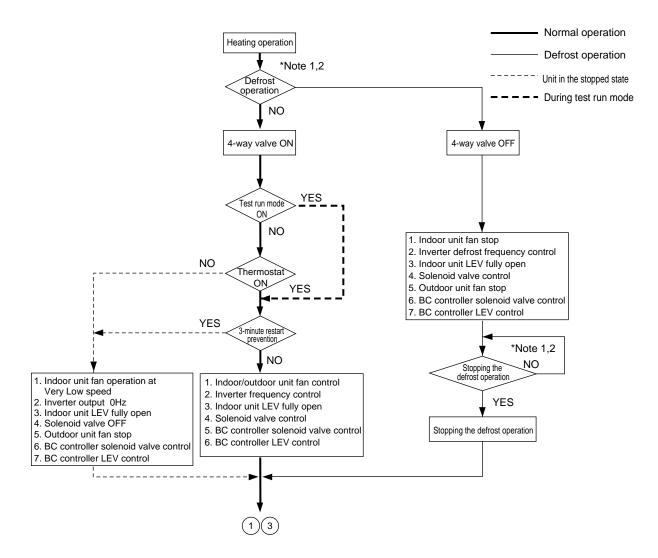
Note 1. The system may go into the error mode on either the indoor unit side or the BC controller or outdoor unit side. If some of the indoor units are experiencing a problem, only those indoor units that are experiencing the problem will stop. If the BC controller or the outdoor unit is experiencing a problem, all the connected units will stop. 2. Operations in each mode

(1) Cooling operation



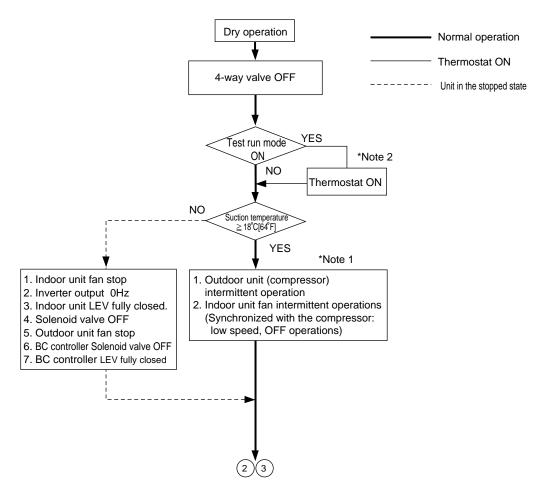
*Note 1. The indoor fan operates at the set notch under cooling mode regardless of the ON/OFF state of the thermostat.

(2) Heating operation



- *Note 1. When the outdoor unit goes into the defrost mode, defrost command is sent to the BC controller and indoor units. Upon reception of the command, the indoor units will go into the defrost mode. When defrosting is completed and upon receiving the signal that indicates the completion of defrosting, indoor units will resume the heating operation. *Note 2. Defrost end condition: 10 or more minutes must pass after defrost operation.
- or Outdoor unit piping temperature : refer to "-7- Defrost operation control" of [2] Controlling the Outdoor Unit. (page 136)

(3) Dry operation



- *Note 1.When the indoor unit inlet temperature exceeds 18°C [64°F], the outdoor unit (compressor) and the indoor unit fan start the intermittent operation simultaneously. When the indoor unit inlet temperature becomes 18°C [64°F], or less, the fan always runs (at low speed). The outdoor unit, the indoor unit, and the solenoid valve operate in the same way as they do in the cooling operation when the compressor is turned on.
- *Note 2.Thermostat is always kept on during test run mode, and indoor and outdoor unit intermittent operation (ON) time is a little longer than that of normal operation.

VIII Test Run Mode

| [1] | Items to be checked before a Test Run | .157 |
|-----|---|-------|
| [2] | Test Run Method | . 158 |
| [3] | Operating Characteristic and Refrigerant Amount | .159 |
| [4] | Adjusting the Refrigerant Amount | .159 |
| [5] | Refrigerant Amount Adjust Mode | .162 |
| [6] | The following symptoms are normal. | .164 |
| [7] | Standard Operation Data (Reference Data) | .165 |

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[1] Items to be checked before a Test Run

(1) Check for refrigerant leak and loose cables and connectors.

(2) Measure the insulation resistance between the power supply terminal block and the ground with a 500V megger and make sure it reads at least 1.0Mohm.

Note

•Do not operate the unit if the insulation resistance is below 1.0Mohm.

- •Do not apply megger voltage to the terminal block for transmission line. Doing so will damage the controller board.
- •The insulation resistance between the power supply terminal block and the ground could go down to close to 1Mohm immediately after installation or when the power is kept off for an extended period of time because of the accumulation of refrigerant in the compressor.

•If insulation resistance reads at least 1Mohm, by turning on the main power and powering the belt heater for at least 12 hours, the refrigerant in the compressor will evaporate and the insulation resistance will go up.

•Do not measure the insulation resistance of the terminal block for transmission line for the unit remote controller.

(3) Make sure the valves on both the high-pressure and low-pressure sides are fully open.

Note

Securely tighten the cap.

(4) Check the phase sequence and the voltage of the power supply.

(5) [When a transmission booster is connected]

Turn on the transmission booster before turning on the outdoor units.

Note

If the outdoor units are turned on first, the connection information for the refrigerant circuit may not be properly recognized.
In case the outdoor units are turned on before the transmission booster is turned on, perform a power reset on the outdoor units after turning on the power booster.

(6) Turn on the main power to the unit at least 12 hours before test run to power the belt heater.

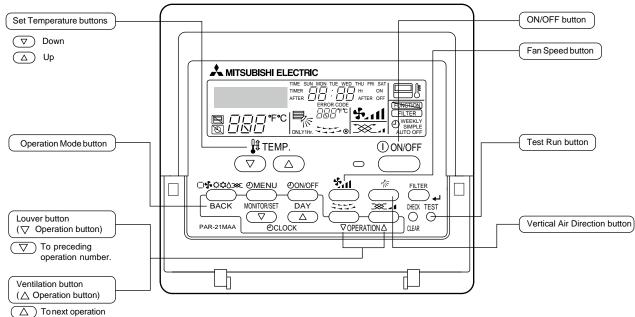
Note

Insufficient powering time may result in compressor damage.

(7) When a power supply unit is connected to the transmission line for centralized control, perform a test run with the power supply unit being energized. Leave the power jumper connector on CN41 as it is (factory setting).

[2] Test Run Method

The figure shows an MA remote controller (PAR-21MAA).



number.

| (| Operation p | rocedures |
|---|----------------------|--|
| Turn on the main power. | \rightarrow | "PLEASE WAIT" appears on the LCD for up to five minutes. Leave the power on for 12 hours. (Energize the belt heater.) |
| Press the Test button twice. | \rightarrow | Operation mode display "TEST RUN" and OPERATION MODE are displayed alternately. |
| Press the Operation Mode button. | ε → | Make sure that the air is blowing out. |
| Switch to cooling (or heating) operation by pressi \rightarrow Make sure that cold (or warm) air blows out. | ng the Opera | ation Mode button. ⊡∳≎‡¢∆≫⊂ |
| Press the Fan Speed button. 😵 📶 | \rightarrow | Make sure that the fan speed changes with each pressing of the buttor |
| Change the air flow direction by pressing the Ver | tical Air Dire | ction button |
| ightarrow Make sure that the air flow direction changes | with each pr | ressing of the button. |
| \rightarrow Confirm the operation of outdoor unit fan. | | |
| Confirm the operation of all interlocked equipment | nt, such as v | entilation equipment. |
| Cancel the test run by pressing the ON/OFF b | utton. \rightarrow | Stop |
| Note 1: Refer to the following pages if an error cor 2: The OFF timer will automatically stop the | | on the remote controller or when the unit malfunctions. |
| 3: The remaining time for the test run will be | displayed in | the time display during test run. |
| controller during test run. | | ill be displayed in the room temperature display window on the remote |
| | | he display when the Vane Control button is pressed. This is normal. |

- 6: If an external input is connected, perform a test run using the external input signal.
- 7: Test run all systems for at least 15 minutes to detect possible system errors.

[3] Operating Characteristic and Refrigerant Amount

It is important to have a clear understanding of the characteristics of refrigerant and the operating characteristics of air conditioners before attempting to adjust the refrigerant amount in a given system.

1. Operating characteristic and refrigerant amount

- The following table shows items of particular importance.
- 1) During cooling operation, the amount of refrigerant in the accumulator is the smallest when all indoor units are in operation.
- 2) During heating operation, the amount of refrigerant in the accumulator is the largest when all indoor units are in operation.
- 3) General tendency of discharge temperature
 - •Discharge temperature tends to rise when the system is short on refrigerant.

•Changing the amount of refrigerant in the system while there is refrigerant in the accumulator has little effect on the discharge temperature.

- •The higher the pressure, the more likely it is for the discharge temperature to rise.
- •The lower the pressure, the more likely it is for the discharge temperature to rise.
- 4) When the amount of refrigerant in the system is adequate, the compressor shell temperature is 10 to 60°C [18 to 108°F] higher than the low pressure saturation temperature (Te).

-> If the temperature difference between the compressor shell temperature and low pressure saturation temperature (Te) is smaller than 5°C [9°F], an overcharging of refrigerant is suspected.

[4] Adjusting the Refrigerant Amount

1. Symptoms

Overcharging or undercharging of refrigerant can cause the following symptoms: Before attempting to adjust the amount of refrigerant in the system, thoroughly check the operating conditions of the system. Then, adjust the refrigerant amount by running the unit in the refrigerant amount adjust mode.

| The system comes to an abnormal stop, displaying 1500 (overcharged refrigerant) on the controller. | Overcharged refrigerant |
|--|---------------------------------|
| The operating frequency does not reach the set frequency, and there is a problem with performance. | Insufficient refrigerant amount |
| The system comes to an abnormal stop, displaying 1102 (abnormal discharge temper- ature) on the controller. | |

2. Amount of refrigerant

(1) To be checked during operation

Operate all indoor units in either cooling-only or heating-only mode, and check such items as discharge temperature, subcooling, low pressure, suction temperature, and shell bottom temperature to estimate the amount of refrigerant in the system.

| Symptoms | Conclusion |
|--|----------------------|
| Discharge temperature is high. (Normal discharge temperature is below 95°C [203°F].) | Slightly under- |
| Low pressure is unusually low. | charged refrigerant |
| Suction superheat is large. (Normal suction superheat is less than 20°C [36°F].) | |
| Compressor shell bottom temperature is high. (The difference between the compressor shell bottom temperature and low pressure saturation temperature (Te) is greater than 60°C [108°F].) | |
| Discharge superheat is small. (Normal discharge superheat is greater than 10°C [18°F].) | Slightly overcharged |
| Compressor shell bottom temperature is low. (The difference between the compressor shell bottom temperature and low pressure saturation temperature (Te) is less than 5°C [9°F].) | refrigerant |

3. Amount of refrigerant to be added

The amount of refrigerant that is shown in the table below is factory-charged to the outdoor units. The amount necessary for extended pipe (field piping) is not included and must be added on site.

| Outdoor unit model | P200 | P250 | P300 | P350 | P400 | P450 |
|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|------|
| Amount of pre-charged refrigerant in the outdoor unit (kg) | 9.5 | 9.5 | 9.5 | 11.8 | 11.8 | 11.8 |
| Amount of pre-charged refrigerant in the outdoor unit [lbs-oz] | 21-0 | 21-0 | 21-0 | 26-1 | 26-1 | 26-1 |
| Outdoor unit model | EP200 | EP250 | EP300 | EP350 | | |
| Amount of pre-charged refrigerant in the outdoor unit (kg) | 9.5 | 11.8 | 11.8 | 11.8 | | |
| Amount of pre-charged refrigerant in the outdoor unit [lbs-oz] | 21-0 | 26-1 | 26-1 | 26-1 | | |

(1) Calculation formula

The amount of refrigerant to be added depends on the size and the length of field piping. (unit in m[ft])

Amount of added refrigerant (kg) = $(0.36 \times L_1) + (0.23 \times L_2) + (0.16 \times L_3) + (0.11 \times L_4) + (0.2 \times L_5)$ + $(0.12 \times L_6)$ + $(0.06 \times L_7)$ + $(0.024 \times L_8)$ + α_1 + α_2 + α_3 + α_4

Amount of added refrigerant (oz) = $(3.88 \times L_1') + (2.48 \times L_2') + (1.73 \times L_3') + (1.19 \times L_4') + (2.16 \times L_5')$ + (1.30 x L₆') + (0.65 x L₇') + (0.26 x L₈') + α_1 + α_2 + α_3 + α_4 +

L₁: Length of ø28.58[1-1/8"] high pressure pipe (m)

- L₂: Length of ø22.2[7/8"] high pressure pipe (m)
- L_3^- : Length of ø19.05[3/4"] high pressure pipe (m)
- L_4 : Length of ø15.88[5/8"] high pressure pipe (m) L_5 : Length of ø15.88[5/8"] liquid pipe (m)
- L_6 : Length of ø12.7[1/2"] liquid pipe (m)
- L₇: Length of ø9.52[3/8"] liquid pipe (m)
- L₈ : Length of $\emptyset 6.35[1/4"]$ liquid pipe (m) $\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \alpha_3, \alpha_4, \alpha_1', \alpha_2', \alpha_3', \alpha_4'$: Refer to the table

below

| Outdoor unit total | Amount for the BC controllers (main/sub) | | |
|-----------------------------|--|---------------------|--|
| index | $\alpha_{1}(kg)$ | $\alpha_{1'}(oz)$ | |
| | a 1(kg) | u ₁ (02) | |
| (E)P200 model | 2.0 | 71 | |
| (E)P250 - (E)P500 models | 3.0 | 106 | |
| (E)P550 - P900 models | 5.0 | 177 | |

| BC controller (main) | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| HA1-type $\alpha_2(kg) \alpha_2'(oz)$ | | | | | |
| 1 unit 2.0 71 | | | | | |

| BC controller (sub) | | | | | |
|---------------------|------------------|------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Total number of BC | $\alpha_{3}(kg)$ | <i>α</i> ₃ ' (oz) | | | |
| 1 | 1.0 | 35 | | | |
| 2 2.0 71 | | | | | |

| Total capacity of connected indoor | | | Amount for the Indoor unit | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------|------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| L | units | | $\alpha_4(kg)$ | α ₄ ' (oz) | |
| | - | 80 | 2.0 | 71 | |
| 81 | - | 160 | 2.5 | 89 | |
| 161 | - | 330 | 3.0 | 106 | |
| 331 | - | 390 | 3.5 | 124 | |
| 391 | - | 480 | 4.5 | 159 | |
| 481 | - | 630 | 5.0 | 177 | |
| 631 | - | 710 | 6.0 | 212 | |
| 711 | - | 800 | 8.0 | 283 | |
| 801 | - | 890 | 9.0 | 318 | |
| 891 | - | 1070 | 10.0 | 353 | |
| 1071 | - | 1250 | 12.0 | 424 | |
| 1251 | - | | 14.0 | 494 | |

Round up the calculation result to the nearest 0.1kg. (Example: 18.04kg to 18.1kg)

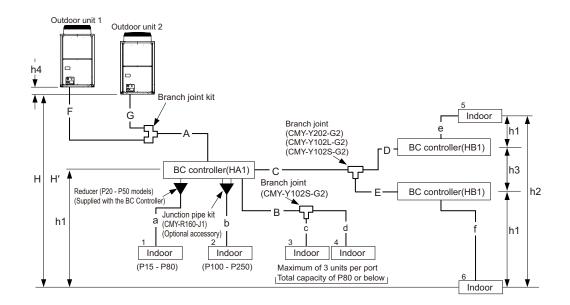
Round up the calculation result in increments of 4oz (0.1kg) or round it up to the nearest 1oz. (Example: 78.21oz to 79oz)

HWF10050

| L ₁ ' | : Length of | ø28.58[1-1/8' |] high pres | sure pipe [ft] |
|------------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|----------------|

- : Length of ø22.2[7/8"] high pressure pipe [ft] L₂
- L_{3,} : Length of ø19.05[3/4"] high pressure pipe [ft]
- L₄ : Length of ø15.88[5/8"] high pressure pipe [ft]
- : Length of ø15.88[5/8"] liquid pipe [ft] : Length of ø12.7[1/2"] liquid pipe [ft] L₅'
- L₆]
- : Length of ø9.52[3/8"] liquid pipe [ft]
- L₈' : Length of ø6.35[1/4"] liquid pipe [ft]

(2) Example



(3) Sample calculation

| | Indoor unit1:80 model | A:¢28.58 | [1-1/8"] | 40m[131ft] | a:¢9.52 [3/8"] | 10m[32ft] |
|-----------|-----------------------------|------------|----------|------------|------------------------|-----------|
| | Indoor unit2:250 model | B:¢9.52 | [3/8"] | 10m[32ft] | b:¢9.52 [3/8"] | 5m[16ft] |
| | Indoor unit3:32 model | C:ø9.52 | [3/8"] | 20m[65ft] | c:¢6.35 [1/4"] | 5m[16ft] |
| When < | Indoor unit4:40 model | D:ø9.52 | [3/8"] | 5m[16ft] | d:¢6.35 [1/4"] | 10m[32ft] |
| | Indoor unit5:32 model | E:\$\$9.52 | [3/8"] | 5m[16ft] | e:¢6.35 [1/4"] | 5m[16ft] |
| | Indoor unit6:63 model | F: | [7/8"] | 3m[9ft] | f:\$\$\phi_9.52 [3/8"] | 5m[16ft] |
| | | G:ø19.05 | [3/4"] | 1m[3ft] | | |
| Outdoor ι | unit 1: P400 model | | | | | |
| Outdoor ι | unit 2: P300 model | | | | | |
| The agar | egate length of each liquid | nine type | | | | |

The aggregate length of each liquid pipe type.

The final result will be as follows:

Amount of refrigerant to be charged = 40×0.36+3×0.23+1×0.16+50×0.06+20×0.024+5+2+2+5

= 38.94kg ≈ 39.0kg

[5] Refrigerant Amount Adjust Mode

1. Procedures

Follow the procedures below to add or extract refrigerant as necessary depending on the operation mode.

When the function switch (SW4-3) on the main board on the outdoor unit (OC only) is turned to ON, the unit goes into the refrigerant amount adjust mode, and the following sequence is followed.

Note

SW4-3 on the OS is invalid, and the unit will not go into the refrigerant amount adjust mode.

Operation

When the unit is in the refrigerant amount adjust mode, the LEV on the indoor unit does not open as fully as it normally does during cooling operation to secure subcooling.

Note

- Adjust the refrigerant amount based on the values of TH4, TH3, TH6, and Tc, following the flowchart below. Check the TH4, TH3, TH6, and Tc values on the OC, OS by following the flowchart. The TH4, TH3, TH6, and Tc values can be displayed by setting the self-diagnosis switch (SW1) on the main board on the OC, OS.
- 2) There may be cases when the refrigerant amount may seem adequate for a short while after starting the unit in the refrigerant amount adjust mode but turn out to be inadequate later on (when the refrigerant system stabilizes).

When the amount of refrigerant is truly adequate.

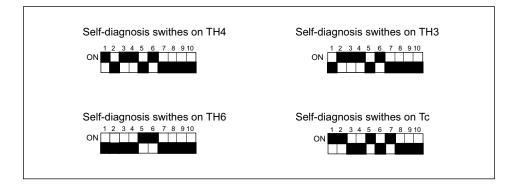
BC controller SC11 is 5°C [9°F] or above AND indoor unit SH is between 5 and 15°C [9 and 27°F].

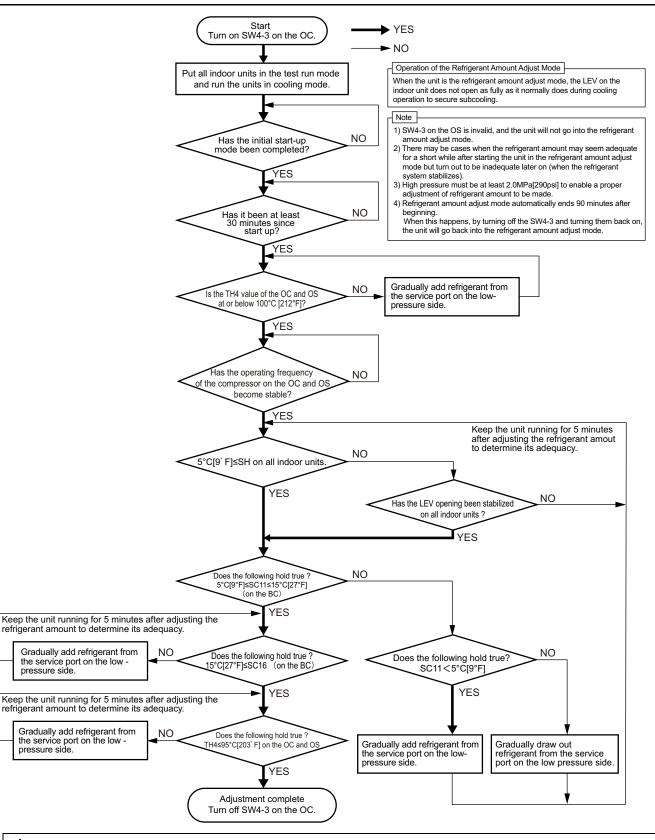
The refrigerant amount may seem adequate at the moment, but may turn out to be inadequate later on.

BC controller SC11 is below 5°C [9°F] or the indoor unit SH is below 5°C [9°F].

Wait until the value of SC11 reaches 5°C [9°F] or above AND the SH of indoor units is between 5 and 15°C [9 and 27°F] to determine if the refrigerant charge is adequate.

- 3) High pressure must be at least 2.0MPa [290psi] to enable a proper adjustment of refrigerant amount to be made.
- 4) Refrigerant amount adjust mode automatically ends 90 minutes after beginning. When this happens, by turning off the SW4-3 and turning them back on, the unit will go back into the refrigerant amount adjust mode.





Do not release the extracted refrigerant into the air.

A CAUTION

Charge liquid refrigerant (as opposed to gaseous refrigerant) into the system.

•If gaseous refrigerant is charged into the system, the composition of the refrigerant in the cylinder will change and may result in performance loss.

[6] The following symptoms are normal.

| Symptoms | Remote controller display | Cause |
|--|---|--|
| The indoor unit does not start after starting cooling (heating) operation. | "Cooling (heating)" icon blinks on the display. | The unit cannot perform a heating (cooling) operation when other indoor units are performing a cooling (heating) operation. |
| The auto vane adjusts its posi- tion by itself. | Normal display | After an hour of cooling operation with the auto vane in the vertical posi- tion, the vane may automatically move into the horizontal position. Louver blades will automatically move into the horizontal position while the unit is in the defrost mode, pre-heating stand-by mode, or when the thermostat triggers unit off. |
| The fan stops during heating operation. | Defrost | The fan remains stopped during defrost operation. |
| The fan keeps running after the unit has stopped. | Unlit | When the auxiliary heater is turned on, the fan operates for one minute after stopping to dissipate heat. |
| The fan speed does not reach the set speed when operation switch is turned on. | STAND BY | The fan operates at extra low speed for 5 minutes after it is turned on or until the pipe temperature reaches 35°C[95°F], then it operates at low speed for 2 minutes, and finally it operates at the set speed. (Pre-heating stand-by) |
| When the main power is turned on, the display shown on the right appears on the in- door unit remote controller for 5 minutes. | "HO" or "PLEASE WAIT" icons blink on the display. | The system is starting up. Wait until the blinking display of "HO" or "PLEASE WAIT" go off. |
| The drain pump keeps run- ning after the unit has stopped. | Unlit | The drain pump stays in operation for three minutes after the unit in the cooling mode is stopped. |
| The drain pump is running while the unit is stopped. | | When drain water is detected, the drain pump goes into operation even while the unit is stopped. |
| Indoor unit and BC controller make noise during cooling/ heating changeover. | Normal display | This noise is made when the refrigerant circuit is reversed and is normal. |
| Sound of the refrigerant flow is heard from the indoor unit im- mediately after starting opera- tion. | Normal display | This is caused by the transient instability of the refrigerant flow and is nor- mal. |
| Warm air sometimes comes out of the indoor units that are not in the heating mode. | Normal display | This is due to the fact that the LEVs on some of the indoor units are kept slightly open to prevent the refrigerant in the indoor units that are not operating in the heating mode from liquefying and accumulating in the compressor. It is part of a normal operation. |

[7] Standard Operation Data (Reference Data)

1. Single unit (Standard)

(1) Cooling only operation

| | | Operation | | Outdoor unit model | | | |
|-----------------------|---|----------------------------------|----------------|--------------------|------|--------------|---------|
| | | Operation | F | PURY-P200YJI | M-A | PURY-P2 | 50YJM-A |
| Model name | e of BC control | ler | | CMB-P104V-G1 | | CMB-P104V-G1 | |
| | | Indoor | | 27°C/ 19°C | ; | 27°C/ | 19°C |
| | Ambient | Indoor | DB/WB | [81°F/ 66°F |] | [81°F/ | 66°F] |
| | tempera- ture | Outdoor | | 35°C/ - | | 35°C/ | - |
| | | Ouldoor | | [95°F/ -] | | [95°F/ | -] |
| | | No. of connected units | Unit | 2 | | 2 | 2 |
| Operating | Indoor unit | No. of units in operation | | 2 | | 2 |) |
| conditions | | Model | _ | 100/100 | | 125/ | 125 |
| | | Fan speed | | Hi | | F | li |
| | | Main pipe | | 5 [17] | | 5 | [17] |
| | Piping | Branch pipe | m [ft] | 10 [33] | | 10 | [33] |
| | | Total pipe length | | 25 [82] | | 25 | [82] |
| | Amount of refrigerant | | kg [lbs-oz] | 16.3 [36] | | 17.5 | [39] |
| | Electric current | | А | 8.7 | | 7. | 4 |
| Outdoor unit | Voltage | | V | 400 | | 40 | 00 |
| | Compressor frequency | | Hz | 52 | 52 6 | | 5 |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | | Pulse | 325/325 | | 387/ | 387 |
| ing | BC controller (LEV1/LEV3) | | 1 0136 | 2000/160 | | 2000 | /170 |
| | High pressure(63HS1)/ Low pressure(63LS) | | | 2.96/ 0.80 | | 2.96/ | 0.78 |
| Pressure | | | MPa | [429/ 116] | | [429/ | 113] |
| 1000010 | BC controlle | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | 2.81/ 2.81 | | 2.81/ | 2.81 |
| | Intermediate | e part(PS3) | | [408/ 408] | | [408/ | 408] |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 90 [194] | | 85 | [185] |
| | | Heat exchanger outlet (TH3) | | 39 [102] | | 39 | [102] |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | 8 [46] | | 8 | [46] |
| Temp. of each sec- | | Accumulator outlet | °C | 8 [46] | | 8 | [46] |
| tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | 19 [66] | | 19 | [66] |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 47 [117] | | 40 | [104] |
| | | LEV inlet | | 19 [66] | | 19 | [66] |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger liquid pipe (TH2) | | 6 [43] | | 6 | [43] |

| | | Operation | | Outdoor unit model | | | |
|-------------------------|--|---|----------------|--------------------|----------------|--|--|
| | | Operation | F | PURY-P300YJM-A | PURY-P350YJM-A | | |
| Model name | of BC control | ler | | CMB-P104V-G1 | CMB-P104V-G1 | | |
| | | | | 27°C/ 19°C | 27°C/ 19°C | | |
| | Ambient | Indoor | | [81°F/ 66°F] | [81°F/ 66°F] | | |
| | tempera- ture | | DB/WB | 35°C/ - | 35°C/ - | | |
| | | Outdoor | | [95°F/ -] | [95°F/ -] | | |
| | | No. of connected units | Linit | 3 | 3 | | |
| Operating | Indoor unit | No. of units in operation | Unit | 3 | 3 | | |
| Operating conditions | | Model | | 100/100/100 | 100/125/125 | | |
| | | Fan speed | - | Hi | Hi | | |
| | | Main pipe | | 5 [17] | 5 [17] | | |
| | Piping | Branch pipe | m [ft] | 10 [33] | 10 [33] | | |
| | | Total pipe length | | 35 [115] | 35 [115] | | |
| | Amount of refrigerant | | kg [lbs-oz] | 18.1 [40] | 20.9 [47] | | |
| | Electric current | | А | 9.1 | 11.9 | | |
| Outdoor unit | Voltage | | V | 400 | 400 | | |
| | Compressor frequency | | Hz | 74 | 95 | | |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | | Pulse | 325/325/325 | 325/387/387 | | |
| ing | BC controller (LEV1/LEV3) | | | 2000/180 | 2000/190 | | |
| | High pressu | High pressure(63HS1)/ Low pressure(63LS) | | 3.12/ 0.86 | 3.03/ 0.79 | | |
| Pressure | Low pressur | | | [453/ 125] | [439/ 115] | | |
| 1 1633016 | | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | 2.93/ 2.93 | 2.72/ 2.72 | | |
| | Intermediate | part(PS3) | | [425/ 425] | [395/ 395] | | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 86 [187] | 92 [198] | | |
| | | Heat exchanger outlet (TH3) | | 41 [106] | 40 [104] | | |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | 8 [46] | 8 [46] | | |
| Temp. of each sec- | unit | Accumulator outlet | °C | 8 [46] | 8 [46] | | |
| tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | 19 [66] | 19 [66] | | |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 42 [108] | 42 [108] | | |
| | | LEV inlet | | 19 [66] | 19 [66] | | |
| | Indoor unit Heat exchanger liquid pipe (TH2) | | | 6 [43] | 6 [43] | | |

| | | Operation | | Outdoor unit model | | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|--------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| | | Operation | F | PURY-P400YJM-A | PURY-P450YJM-A | | |
| Model name | of BC control | ler | | CMB-P108V-GA1 | CMB-P108V-GA1 | | |
| | | | | 27°C/ 19°C | 27°C/ 19°C | | |
| | Ambient | Indoor | | [81°F/ 66°F] | [81°F/ 66°F] | | |
| | tempera- ture | | DB/WB | 35°C/ - | 35°C/ - | | |
| | | Outdoor | | [95°F/ -] | [95°F/ -] | | |
| | | No. of connected units | Unit | 4 | 4 | | |
| Operating | Indoor unit | No. of units in operation | Unit | 4 | 4 | | |
| conditions | | Model | | 100/100/100/100 | 100/100/125/125 | | |
| | | Fan speed | | Hi | Hi | | |
| | | Main pipe | | 5 [17] | 5 [17] | | |
| | Piping | Branch pipe | m [ft] | 10 [33] | 10 [33] | | |
| | | Total pipe length | | 45 [148] | 45 [148] | | |
| | Amount of refrigerant | | kg [lbs-oz] | 22.9 [51] | 22.9 [51] | | |
| | Electric current | | A | 14.2 | 15.2 | | |
| Outdoor unit | Voltage | | V | 400 | 400 | | |
| | Compressor frequency | | Hz | 97 | 111 | | |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | | Pulse | 325/325/325/325 | 325/325/387/387 | | |
| ing | BC controller (LEV1/LEV3) | | | 2000/200 | 2000/210 | | |
| | High pressure(63HS1)/ | | | 3.16/ 0.89 | 3.15/ 0.85 | | |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [458/ 129] | [457/ 123] | | |
| 1000016 | | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | 2.75/ 2.75 | 2.70/ 2.70 | | |
| | Intermediate | e part(PS3) | | [399/ 399] | [392/ 392] | | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 91 [196] | 90 [194] | | |
| | | Heat exchanger outlet (TH3) | | 42 [108] | 40 [104] | | |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | 8 [46] | 8 [46] | | |
| Temp. of each sec- | | Accumulator outlet | °C | 8 [46] | 8 [46] | | |
| tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | 19 [66] | 19 [66] | | |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 40 [104] | 40 [104] | | |
| | | LEV inlet | | 17 [63] | 17 [63] | | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger liquid pipe (TH2) | | 4 [39] | 4 [39] | | |

(2) Heating only operation

| | Operation | | | | Outdoor unit model | | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------|---------|---------|--|
| | | Operation | | PURY-P200YJM-A | | PURY-P2 | 50YJM-A | |
| Model name | e of BC control | ler | | CMB-P104V-G1 | | CMB-P1 | 04V-G1 | |
| | | Indoor | | 20°C/ - | | 20°C/ | - | |
| | Ambient | Indoor | DB/WB | [68°F/ -] | | [68°F/ | -] | |
| | tempera- ture | Outdoor | | 7°C/ 6 | °C | 7°C/ | 6°C | |
| | | Outdoor | | [45°F/ 43 | 3°F] | [45°F/ | 43°F] | |
| | | No. of connected units | Unit | 2 | | 2 | 2 | |
| Operating | Indoor unit | No. of units in operation | Offic | 2 | | 2 | 2 | |
| conditions | | Model | | 100/10 | 00 | 125/ | 125 | |
| | | Fan speed | | Hi | | F | li | |
| | | Main pipe | | 5 [1 | 7] | 5 | [17] | |
| | Piping | Branch pipe | m [ft] | 10 [3 | 33] | 10 | [33] | |
| | | Total pipe length | | 25 [8 | 32] | 25 | [82] | |
| | Amount of refrigerant | | kg [lbs-oz] | 16.3 [36] | | 17.5 | [39] | |
| | Electric current | | A | 6.0 | | 7.7 | | |
| Outdoor unit | Voltage | | V | 400 | | 40 | 00 | |
| | Compressor frequency | | Hz | 53 | | 7 | 1 | |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | | Pulse | 332/33 | 32 | 406/ | 406 | |
| ing | BC controller (LEV1/LEV3) | | | 110/520 | | 110/ | 590 | |
| | High pressu | High pressure(63HS1)/ | | 2.64/ 0 | .64 | 2.90/ | 0.64 | |
| Pressure | Low pressure(63LS) | | MPa | [383/ 93 | 3] | [421/ | 93] | |
| Flessule | BC controlle | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | 2.61/ 2 | .29 | 2.87/ | 2.55 | |
| | Intermediate | part(PS3) | | [379/ 33 | 32] | [416/ | 370] | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 73 [1 | 63] | 80 | [176] | |
| | | Heat exchanger inlet (TH6) | | -1 [3 | 80] | 0 | [32] | |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | -2 [2 | 28] | -2 | [28] | |
| Temp. of each sec- | | Accumulator outlet | °C | -3 [2 | 27] | -3 | [27] | |
| tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | -3 [2 | 27] | -3 | [27] | |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 40 [1 | 04] | 40 | [104] | |
| | | LEV inlet | | 37 [9 | 99] | 38 | [100] | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger gas pipe (TH3) | | 70 [1 | 58] | 70 | [158] | |

| | | Operation | | Outdoor unit model | | | |
|-------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|--------------------|----------------|--|--|
| | | Operation | - | PURY-P300YJM-A | PURY-P350YJM-A | | |
| Model name | of BC control | ler | | CMB-P104V-G1 | CMB-P104V-G1 | | |
| | | la de es | | 20°C/ - | 20°C/ - | | |
| | Ambient | Indoor | | [68°F/ -] | [68°F/ -] | | |
| | tempera- ture | Outdoor | DB/WB | 7°C/ 6°C | 7°C/ 6°C | | |
| | | Outdoor | | [45°F/ 43°F] | [45°F/ 43°F] | | |
| | | No. of connected units | Unit | 3 | 3 | | |
| Operating | Indoor unit | No. of units in operation | Unit | 3 | 3 | | |
| Operating conditions | | Model | | 100/100/100 | 100/125/125 | | |
| | | Fan speed | | Hi | Hi | | |
| | | Main pipe | | 5 [17] | 5 [17] | | |
| | Piping | Branch pipe | m [ft] | 10 [33] | 10 [33] | | |
| | | Total pipe length | | 35 [115] | 35 [115] | | |
| | Amount of refrigerant | | kg [lbs-oz] | 18.1 [40] | 20.9 [47] | | |
| | Electric current | | А | 9.2 | 11.4 | | |
| Outdoor unit | Voltage | | V | 400 | 400 | | |
| | Compressor frequency | | Hz | 81 | 101 | | |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | | Pulse | 332/332/332 | 332/406/406 | | |
| ing | BC controller (LEV1/LEV3) | | | 110/660 | 110/730 | | |
| | High pressu | re(63HS1)/ | | 2.68/ 0.58 | 2.88/ 0.60 | | |
| Pressure | Low pressur | Low pressure(63LS) | | [389/ 84] | [418/ 87] | | |
| 1000016 | | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | 2.64/ 2.32 | 2.84/ 2.52 | | |
| | Intermediate | e part(PS3) | | [383/ 336] | [412/ 365] | | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 81 [178] | 84 [183] | | |
| | | Heat exchanger inlet (TH6) | | 0 [32] | 1 [34] | | |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | -3 [27] | -4 [25] | | |
| Temp. of each sec- | unit | Accumulator outlet | °C | -4 [25] | -4 [25] | | |
| tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | -4 [25] | -4 [25] | | |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 40 [104] | 40 [104] | | |
| | | LEV inlet | | 39 [102] | 39 [102] | | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger gas pipe (TH3) | | 70 [158] | 70 [158] | | |

| | | Operation | | Outdoor unit model | | | |
|-------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|--------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| | | Operation | F | PURY-P400YJM-A | PURY-P450YJM-A | | |
| Model name | of BC control | ler | | CMB-P108V-GA1 | CMB-P108V-GA1 | | |
| | | la de se | | 20°C/ - | 20°C/ - | | |
| | Ambient | Indoor | | [68°F/ -] | [68°F/ -] | | |
| | tempera- ture | Outdoor | DB/WB | 7°C/ 6°C | 7°C/ 6°C | | |
| | | Outdoor | | [45°F/ 43°F] | [45°F/ 43°F] | | |
| | | No. of connected units | Unit | 4 | 4 | | |
| Operating | Indoor unit | No. of units in operation | Unit | 4 | 4 | | |
| Operating conditions | | Model | | 100/100/100/100 | 100/100/125/125 | | |
| | | Fan speed | | Hi | Hi | | |
| | | Main pipe | | 5 [17] | 5 [17] | | |
| | Piping | Branch pipe | m [ft] | 10 [33] | 10 [33] | | |
| | | Total pipe length | | 45 [148] | 45 [148] | | |
| | Amount of refrigerant | | kg [lbs-oz] | 22.9 [51] | 22.9 [51] | | |
| | Electric current | | A | 13.4 | 15.3 | | |
| Outdoor unit | Voltage | Voltage | | 400 | 400 | | |
| | Compressor frequency | | Hz | 102 | 117 | | |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | | Pulse | 332/332/332/332 | 332/332/406/406 | | |
| ing | BC controller (LEV1/LEV3) | | | 110/800 | 110/870 | | |
| | High pressure(63HS1)/ | | | 2.68/ 0.56 | 2.68/ 0.56 | | |
| Pressure | Low pressur | Low pressure(63LS) | | [389/ 81] | [389/ 81] | | |
| i lessure | | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | 2.64/ 2.32 | 2.64/ 2.32 | | |
| | Intermediate | Intermediate part(PS3) | | [383/ 336] | [383/ 336] | | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 82 [180] | 82 [180] | | |
| | | Heat exchanger inlet (TH6) | | 1 [34] | 1 [34] | | |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | -4 [25] | -4 [25] | | |
| Temp. of each sec- | unit | Accumulator outlet | °C | -4 [25] | -4 [25] | | |
| tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | -4 [25] | -4 [25] | | |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 40 [104] | 40 [104] | | |
| | | LEV inlet | | 37 [99] | 37 [99] | | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger gas pipe (TH3) | | 70 [158] | 70 [158] | | |

2. 2-unit combination (Standard)

(1) Cooling only operation

| | | | | | Outdoor unit model | | | |
|-----------------------|---|----------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|----------|-------|--|
| | | Operation | ſ | | PURY-P400YSJM-A1 | | | |
| | | | | PURY-P200YJM-A PURY-P200YJM-A | | | | |
| Model name | of BC control | er | | | CMB-P108V-GA1 | | | |
| | | Indoor | | | 27°C/ | 19°C | | |
| | Ambient tempera- | Indoor | DB/WB | | [81°F/ | 66°F] | | |
| | ture | Outdoor | | | 35°C/ | - | | |
| | | Culdool | | | [95°F/ | -] | | |
| | | No. of connected units | Unit | | | 4 | | |
| Operating conditions | Indoor unit | No. of units in operation | Offic | | 4 | 4 | | |
| | | Model | _ | | 100/100 | /100/100 | | |
| | | Fan speed | | | ŀ | Hi | | |
| | | Main pipe | | | 5 | [17] | | |
| | Piping | Branch pipe | m [ft] | | 10 [33] | | | |
| | | Total pipe length | | 45 [148] | | | | |
| | Amount of refrigerant | | kg [lbs-oz] | 30.1 [67] | | | | |
| | Electric current | | A | | 11.3 | | | |
| Outdoor unit | Voltage | | V | | 400 | | | |
| | Compressor frequency | | Hz | 52 | 52 52 | | 2 | |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | | Pulse | 325/325/325 | | | | |
| ing | BC controller (LEV1/LEV3) | | 1 0136 | 2000/200 | | | | |
| | High pressure(63HS1)/ Low pressure(63LS) | | | 2.96/ | 0.80 | 2.96/ | 0.80 | |
| Pressure | | | MPa | [429/ | 116] | [429/ | 116] | |
| 11000010 | BC controlle | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | | 2.81/ | 2.81 | | |
| | Intermediate | part(PS3) | | | [408/ | 408] | | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 90 | [194] | 90 | [194] | |
| | | Heat exchanger outlet (TH3) | | 39 | [102] | 39 | [102] | |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | 8 | [46] | 8 | [46] | |
| Temp. of each sec- | | Accumulator outlet | °C | 8 | [46] | 8 | [46] | |
| each sec- tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | 19 | [66] | 19 | [66] | |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 47 | [117] | 47 | [117] | |
| | | LEV inlet | | | 19 | [66] | | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger liquid pipe (TH2) | | | 6 | [43] | | |

| | | | | Out | door ur | nit model | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|---------------|---------|-----------|---------|
| | | Operation | | PUR | Y-P450 | YSJM-A1 | |
| | | | | PURY-P250YJM- | A | PURY-P2 | 00YJM-A |
| Model name | of BC control | er | | CMB-P108V-GA1 | | | |
| | | Indoor | | 2 | 27°C/ | 19°C | |
| | Ambient tempera- ture | Indoor | | [8 | 81°F/ | 66°F] | |
| | | Outdoor | DB/WB | 3 | 35°C/ | - | |
| | | Ouldoor | | [9 | 95°F/ | -] | |
| | | No. of connected units | Unit | | 4 | | |
| | la de en cueit | No. of units in operation | Unit | | 4 | | |
| Operating conditions | Indoor unit | Model | | 10 | 0/100/1 | 125/125 | |
| | | Fan speed | - | | Hi | l | |
| | | Main pipe | | | 5 | [17] | |
| | Piping | Branch pipe | m [ft] | 10 [33] | | | |
| | | Total pipe length | | | 45 | [148] | |
| | Amount of re | efrigerant | kg [lbs-oz] | 30.1 [67] | | | |
| | Electric curre | ent | А | | 13. | 1 | |
| Outdoor unit | Voltage | Voltage | | | 40 | 0 | |
| | Compressor frequency | | Hz | 65 52 | | 2 | |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | Indoor unit | | 32 | 5/325/3 | 387/387 | |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | Pulse _ | 2000/210 | | | |
| | High pressu | | | 2.96/ 0.79 | | 2.96/ | 0.79 |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [429/ 115] | | [429/ | 115] |
| 11035010 | BC controlle | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | | 2.81/ | 2.81 | |
| | Intermediate | part(PS3) | | | [408/ | 409] | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 88 [190] | | 88 | [190] |
| | | Heat exchanger outlet (TH3) | | 39 [102] | | 39 | [102] |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | 8 [46] | | 8 | [46] |
| Temp. of each sec- | | Accumulator outlet | °C | 8 [46] | | 8 | [46] |
| each sec- tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | 19 [66] | | 19 | [66] |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 43 [109] | | 43 | [109] |
| | | LEV inlet | | | 19 | [66] | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger liquid pipe (TH2) | | | 6 | [43] | |

| | | | | Outdoor | r unit model | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|----------------|--|--|
| | | Operation | | PURY-P | 500YSJM-A | | |
| | | | - | PURY-P250YJM-A | PURY-P250YJM-A | | |
| Model name | of BC control | er | | CMB-P | 108V-GA1 | | |
| | | Indoor | | 27°C | / 19°C | | |
| | Ambient | Indoor | DB/WB | [81°F | / 66°F] | | |
| | tempera- ture | Outdoor | | 35°C | / - | | |
| | | | | [95°F | / -] | | |
| | | No. of connected units | Unit | | 5 | | |
| Operating | Indoor unit | No. of units in operation | | | 5 | | |
| conditions | | Model | _ | 100/100/ | 100/100/100 | | |
| | | Fan speed | | | Hi | | |
| | | Main pipe | | | 5 [17] | | |
| | Piping | Branch pipe | [ft] | 10 [33] | | | |
| | | Total pipe length | | 55 | 5 [181] | | |
| | Amount of refrigerant | | kg [lbs-oz] | 31.2 [69] | | | |
| | Electric curre | ent | A | , | 15.6 | | |
| Outdoor unit | Voltage | | V | | 400 | | |
| | Compressor frequency | | Hz | 65 65 | | | |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | Indoor unit | | 325/325/325/325/325 | | | |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | Pulse – | 2000/220 | | | |
| | High pressu | | | 2.96/ 0.78 | 2.96/ 0.78 | | |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [429/ 113] | [429/ 113] | | |
| | BC controlle | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | 2.81 | / 2.81 | | |
| | Intermediate | part(PS3) | | [408 | / 410] | | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 85 [185] | 88 [194] | | |
| | | Heat exchanger outlet (TH3) | | 39 [102] | 40 [104] | | |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | F | 8 [46] | 8 [46] | | |
| Temp. of each sec- | | Accumulator outlet | °C | 8 [46] | 8 [46] | | |
| each sec- tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | 19 [66] | 19 [66] | | |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 40 [104] | 40 [104] | | |
| | | LEV inlet | | 19 | 9 [66] | | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger liquid pipe (TH2) | | 6 | 6 [43] | | |

| | | | | Outdoor | unit model | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|----------------|--|--|
| | | Operation | | PURY-P50 | 0YSJM-A1 | | |
| | | | | PURY-P300YJM-A | PURY-P200YJM-A | | |
| Model name | of BC control | er | | CMB-P1 | 08V-GA1 | | |
| | | Indoor | | 27°C/ | 19°C | | |
| | Ambient | Indoor | DB/WB | [81°F/ | 66°F] | | |
| | tempera- ture | Outdoor | | 35°C/ | - | | |
| | | | | [95°F/ | -] | | |
| | | No. of connected units | Unit | | 5 | | |
| Operating | Indoorunit | No. of units in operation | Unit | | 5 | | |
| Operating conditions | Indoor unit | Model | | 100/100/1 | 00/100/100 | | |
| | | Fan speed | | Hi | | | |
| | | Main pipe | | 5 | [17] | | |
| | Piping | Branch pipe | m [ft] | 10 [33] | | | |
| | | Total pipe length | | 55 | [181] | | |
| | Amount of refrigerant | | kg [lbs-oz] | 31.2 [69] | | | |
| | Electric curre | ent | A | 1 | 5.5 | | |
| Outdoor unit | Voltage | | V | 4 | 00 | | |
| | Compressor frequency | | Hz | 74 52 | | | |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | Indoor unit | | 325/325/325/325/325 | | | |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | Pulse _ | 2000/220 | | | |
| | High pressu | | | 3.04/ 0.83 | 3.04/ 0.83 | | |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [441/ 120] | [441/ 120] | | |
| . 1000010 | BC controlle | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | 2.87/ | 2.87 | | |
| | Intermediate | part(PS3) | | [416/ | 416] | | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 88 [190] | 88 [190] | | |
| | | Heat exchanger outlet (TH3) | | 40 [104] | 40 [104] | | |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | 8 [46] | 8 [46] | | |
| Temp. of each sec- | | Accumulator outlet | °C | 8 [46] | 8 [46] | | |
| each sec- tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | 19 [66] | 19 [66] | | |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 44 [111] | 44 [111] | | |
| | | LEV inlet | | 19 | [66] | | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger liquid pipe (TH2) | | 6 | [43] | | |

| | | | | Outdoor | unit model | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|----------------|--|--|
| | | Operation | | PURY-P5 | 50YSJM-A | | |
| | | | | PURY-P300YJM-A | PURY-P250YJM-A | | |
| Model name | of BC control | er | | CMB-P108V-GA1 | | | |
| | | la de en | | 27°C/ 19°C | | | |
| | Ambient | Indoor | | [81°F/ | 66°F] | | |
| | tempera- ture | Outdoor | DB/WB | 35°C/ | - | | |
| | | | | [95°F/ | -] | | |
| | | No. of connected units | Unit | | 5 | | |
| Operating | Indoor unit | No. of units in operation | | | 5 | | |
| conditions | | Model | | 100/100/1 | 00/125/125 | | |
| | | Fan speed | | Hi | | | |
| | | Main pipe | | 5 | [17] | | |
| | Piping | Branch pipe | m [ft] | 10 [33] | | | |
| | | Total pipe length | | 55 | [181] | | |
| | Amount of refrigerant | | kg [lbs-oz] | 33.8 [75] | | | |
| | Electric curre | Electric current | | 1 | 8.2 | | |
| Outdoor unit | Voltage | Voltage | | 4 | 00 | | |
| | Compressor frequency | | Hz | 74 65 | | | |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | Indoor unit | | 325/325/325/387/387 | | | |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | Pulse | 2000/230 | | | |
| | High pressu | | | 3.04/ 0.82 | 3.04/ 0.82 | | |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [441/ 119] | [441/ 119] | | |
| 11000010 | BC controlle | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | 2.87/ | 2.87 | | |
| | Intermediate | part(PS3) | | [416/ | 416] | | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 86 [187] | 86 [187] | | |
| | | Heat exchanger outlet (TH3) | | 40 [104] | 40 [104] | | |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | 8 [46] | 8 [46] | | |
| Temp. of each sec- | | Accumulator outlet | °C | 8 [46] | 8 [46] | | |
| tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | 19 [66] | 19 [66] | | |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 41 [106] | 41 [106] | | |
| | | LEV inlet | | 19 | [66] | | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger liquid pipe (TH2) | | 6 | [43] | | |

| | | | | | Outdoor ι | unit model | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|---------------|--------------|----------|
| | | Operation | | | PURY-P6 | 00YSJM-A | |
| | | | - | PURY-P30 | 0YJM-A | PURY-P3 | BOOYJM-A |
| Model name | of BC control | er | | | CMB-P108V-GA1 | | |
| | | Indoor | | | 27°C/ 19°C | | |
| | Ambient | Indoor | | | [81°F/ | 66°F] | |
| | tempera- ture | | DB/WB | | 35°C/ | - | |
| | | Outdoor | | | [95°F/ | -] | |
| | | No. of connected units | 11-14 | | (| 6 | |
| o <i>i</i> : | | No. of units in operation | Unit _ | | (| 6 | |
| Operating conditions | Indoor unit | Model | | | 100/100/100 | /100/100/100 | |
| | | Fan speed | | | ŀ | li | |
| | | Main pipe | | | 5 | [17] | |
| | Piping | Branch pipe | [ft] | 10 [33] | | | |
| | | Total pipe length | [14] | | 65 | [214] | |
| | Amount of refrigerant | | kg [lbs-oz] | | 34.4 [76] | | |
| | Electric curre | ent | А | | 20 |).6 | |
| Outdoor unit | Voltage | | V | | 40 | 00 | |
| | Compressor frequency | | Hz | 74 | 74 74 | | 4 |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | Indoor unit | | 325/325/325/325/325 | | | |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | Pulse – | 2000/240 | | | |
| | High pressu | re(63HS1)/ | | 3.12/ | 0.86 | 3.12/ | 0.86 |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [453/ | 125] | [453/ | 125] |
| Flessule | BC controlle | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | | 2.93/ | 2.93 | |
| | Intermediate | part(PS3) | | | [425/ | 425] | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 86 | [187] | 86 | [187] |
| | | Heat exchanger outlet (TH3) | | 41 | [106] | 41 | [106] |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | 8 | [46] | 8 | [46] |
| Temp. of each sec- | | Accumulator outlet | °C | 8 | [46] | 8 | [46] |
| tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | 19 | [66] | 19 | [66] |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 42 | [108] | 42 | [108] |
| | | LEV inlet | | | 19 | [66] | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger liquid pipe (TH2) | | | 6 | [43] | |

| | | | | | Outdoor u | unit model | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|-------------|--------------|----------|
| | | Operation | | | PURY-P60 | 0YSJM-A1 | |
| | | | - | PURY-P350 | DYJM-A | PURY-P2 | 250YJM-A |
| Model name | of BC control | er | | CMB-P108V-GA1 | | | |
| | | Indoor | | | 27°C/ | 19°C | |
| | Ambient tempera- ture | Indoor | | | [81°F/ | 66°F] | |
| | | Outdoor | DB/WB | | 35°C/ | - | |
| | | | | | [95°F/ | -] | |
| | | No. of connected units | Unit | | (| 6 | |
| Operating | la de en cueit | No. of units in operation | Unit | | (| 6 | |
| conditions | Indoor unit | Model | | ŕ | 100/100/100 | /100/100/100 | |
| | | Fan speed | - | | ŀ | Hi | |
| | | Main pipe | | | 5 | [17] | |
| | Piping | Branch pipe | m [ft] | 10 [33] | | | |
| | | Total pipe length | | | 65 | [214] | |
| | Amount of re | efrigerant | kg [lbs-oz] | | 36.7 [81] | | |
| | Electric curre | ent | А | | 20 |).1 | |
| Outdoor unit | Voltage | Voltage | | | 40 | 00 | |
| | Compressor frequency | | Hz | 95 | 95 65 | | 5 |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | Indoor unit | | 325/325/325/325/325/325 | | | |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | Pulse - | 2000/240 | | | |
| | High pressu | | | 3.00/ 0 | .79 | 3.00/ | 0.79 |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [435/ 1 | 15] | [435/ | 115] |
| 1000016 | BC controlle | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | | 2.77/ | 2.77 | |
| | Intermediate | part(PS3) | | | [402/ | 402] | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 89 [| 192] | 89 | [192] |
| | | Heat exchanger outlet (TH3) | | 40 [| 104] | 40 | [104] |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | 8 [4 | 46] | 8 | [46] |
| Temp. of each sec- | | Accumulator outlet | °C | 8 [4 | 46] | 8 | [46] |
| tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | 19 [(| 66] | 19 | [66] |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 41 [| 106] | 41 | [106] |
| | | LEV inlet | | | 19 | [66] | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger liquid pipe (TH2) | | | 6 | [43] | |

| | | | | Outdoor | unit model | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|---------------|----------|
| | | Operation | | PURY-P6 | 50YSJM-A | |
| | | | | PURY-P350YJM-A | PURY-P3 | BOOYJM-A |
| Model name | of BC control | er | | CMB-P1 | CMB-P108V-GA1 | |
| | | Indoor | | 27°C/ | 19°C | |
| | Ambient tempera- ture | maoor | | [81°F/ | 66°F] | |
| | | Outdoor | DB/WB | 35°C/ | - | |
| | | Outdoor | | [95°F/ | -] | |
| | | No. of connected units | Linit | | 6 | |
| On and the s | la de en conit | No. of units in operation | Unit _ | | 6 | |
| Operating conditions | Indoor unit | Model | | 100/100/100 |)/100/125/125 | |
| | | Fan speed | | | Hi | |
| | | Main pipe | | 5 | [17] | |
| | Piping | Branch pipe | m [ft] | 10 [33] | | |
| | | Total pipe length | | 65 | [214] | |
| | Amount of re | efrigerant | kg [lbs-oz] | 37.7 [84] | | |
| | Electric curre | ent | А | 2 | 2.6 | |
| Outdoor unit | Voltage | | V | 4 | 00 | |
| | Compressor frequency | | Hz | 95 74 | | 4 |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | Indoor unit | | 325/325/325/325/387/387 | | |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | Pulse | 2000/250 | | |
| | High pressu | | | 3.08/ 0.83 | 3.08/ | 0.83 |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [447/ 120] | [447/ | 120] |
| Tiessure | | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | 2.83/ | 2.83 | |
| | Intermediate | part(PS3) | | [410/ | 410] | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 89 [192] | 89 | [192] |
| | | Heat exchanger outlet (TH3) | | 40 [104] | 40 | [104] |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | 8 [46] | 8 | [46] |
| Temp. of each sec- | | Accumulator outlet | °C | 8 [46] | 8 | [46] |
| tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | 19 [66] | 19 | [66] |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 42 [108] | 42 | [108] |
| | | LEV inlet | | 19 | [66] | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger liquid pipe (TH2) | | 6 | [43] | |

| | | | | Outdoor | r unit model | | |
|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------|-----------------|--|--|
| | | Operation | - | PURY-P | 700YSJM-A | | |
| | | | | PURY-P400YJM-A | PURY-P300YJM-A | | |
| Model name | of BC control | ler | | CMB-P | 1016V-HA1 | | |
| | | Indoor | | 27°C | / 19°C | | |
| | Ambient | Indoor | DB/WB | [81°F | / 66°F] | | |
| | tempera- ture | Outdoor | | 35°C | ;/ - | | |
| | | Outdoor | | [95°F | 7 -] | | |
| | | No. of connected units | Unit | | 7 | | |
| Operating | Indoor unit | No. of units in operation | | | 7 | | |
| conditions | | Model | _ | 100/100/100/ | 100/100/100/100 | | |
| | | Fan speed | | Hi | | | |
| | | Main pipe | | : | 5 [17] | | |
| | Piping | Branch pipe | m [ft] | 10 [33] | | | |
| | | Total pipe length | | 7 | 5 [247] | | |
| | Amount of re | efrigerant | kg [lbs-oz] 38.3 [85] | | | | |
| | Electric curre | ent | А | : | 25.1 | | |
| Outdoor unit | Voltage | Voltage | | | 400 | | |
| | Compressor frequency | | Hz | 97 74 | | | |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | Indoor unit | | 325/325/325/ | 325/325/325/325 | | |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | Pulse – | 2000/260 | | | |
| | High pressu | | | 3.14/ 0.88 | 3.14/ 0.88 | | |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [455/ 128] | [455/ 128] | | |
| . 1000010 | BC controlle | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | 2.84 | / 2.84 | | |
| | Intermediate | part(PS3) | | [412 | / 412] | | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 89 [192] | 89 [192] | | |
| | | Heat exchanger outlet (TH3) | | 42 [108] | 42 [108] | | |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | 8 [46] | 8 [46] | | |
| Temp. of each sec- | | Accumulator outlet | °C | 8 [46] | 8 [46] | | |
| each sec- tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | 19 [66] | 19 [66] | | |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 41 [106] | 41 [106] | | |
| | | LEV inlet | | 18 | 3 [64] | | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger liquid pipe (TH2) | | ! | 5 [41] | | |

| | | | | Outdoor u | unit model | |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------|----------------|----------------|---------|
| | | Operation | | PURY-P70 | 0YSJM-A1 | |
| | | | | PURY-P350YJM-A | PURY-P3 | 50YJM-A |
| Model name | of BC control | ler | | CMB-P1016V-HA1 | | |
| | | Indoor | | 27°C/ | 19°C | |
| | Ambient | Indoor | | [81°F/ | 66°F] | |
| | tempera- ture | Outdoor | DB/WB | 35°C/ | - | |
| | | Outdoor | | [95°F/ | -] | |
| | | No. of connected units | Unit | - | 7 | |
| | la da an cuit | No. of units in operation | Unit | - | 7 | |
| Operating conditions | Indoor unit | Model | | 100/100/100/10 | 00/100/100/100 |) |
| | | Fan speed | | ŀ | li | |
| | | Main pipe | | 5 | [17] | |
| | Piping | Branch pipe | m [ft] | 10 [33] | | |
| | | Total pipe length | | 75 | [247] | |
| | Amount of refrigerant kg [lbs-oz] 40 | | | | 6 [90] | |
| | Electric curre | ent | А | 24 | 1.6 | |
| Outdoor unit | Voltage | Voltage | | 40 | 00 | |
| | Compressor frequency | | Hz | 95 95 | | 5 |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | Indoor unit | | 325/325/325/32 | 25/325/325/325 | ; |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | Pulse _ | 2000/260 | | |
| | High pressu | | | 3.03/ 0.79 | 3.03/ | 0.79 |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [439/ 115] | [439/ | 115] |
| 11000010 | BC controlle | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | 2.72/ | 2.72 | |
| | Intermediate | e part(PS3) | | [395/ | 395] | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 92 [198] | 92 | [198] |
| | | Heat exchanger outlet (TH3) | | 40 [104] | 40 | [104] |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | 8 [46] | 8 | [46] |
| Temp. of each sec- | | Accumulator outlet | °C | 8 [46] | 8 | [46] |
| tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | 19 [66] | 19 | [66] |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 42 [108] | 42 | [108] |
| | | LEV inlet | | 19 | [66] | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger liquid pipe (TH2) | | 6 | [43] | |

| | | | | | Outdoor ι | unit model | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|---------------|---------------|----------|
| | | Operation | - | | PURY-P7 | 50YSJM-A | |
| | | | | PURY-P4 | 00YJM-A | PURY-P3 | 350YJM-A |
| Model name | of BC control | ler | | | CMB-P10 |)16V-HA1 | |
| | | Indoor | | | 27°C/ | 19°C | |
| | Ambient | Indoor | DB/WB | | [81°F/ | 66°F] | |
| | tempera- ture | Outdoor | | | 35°C/ | - | |
| | | | | | [95°F/ | -] | |
| | | No. of connected units | Unit | | - | 7 | |
| Operating | Indoor unit | No. of units in operation | | | - | 7 | |
| conditions | | Model | _ | 1 | 00/100/100/10 | 00/100/125/12 | 5 |
| | | Fan speed | | | ŀ | Hi | |
| | | Main pipe | | | 5 | [17] | |
| | Piping | Branch pipe | m [ft] | 10 [33] | | | |
| | | Total pipe length | | | 75 | [247] | |
| | Amount of refrigerant | | kg [lbs-oz] | 42.6 [94] | | | |
| | Electric curre | ent | А | | 27 | 7.8 | |
| Outdoor unit | Voltage | Voltage | | | 40 | 00 | |
| | Compressor frequency | | Hz | 97 95 | | 5 | |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | Indoor unit | | 325/325/325/325/325/387/387 | | | |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | Pulse – | 2000/270 | | | |
| | High pressu | | | 3.10/ | 0.84 | 3.10/ | 0.84 |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [450/ | 122] | [450/ | 122] |
| | BC controlle | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | | 2.74/ | 2.74 | |
| | Intermediate | part(PS3) | | | [397/ | 397] | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 91 | [196] | 91 | [196] |
| | | Heat exchanger outlet (TH3) | | 41 | [106] | 41 | [106] |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | 8 | [46] | 8 | [46] |
| Temp. of each sec- | | Accumulator outlet | °C | 8 | [46] | 8 | [46] |
| each sec- tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | 19 | [66] | 19 | [66] |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 41 | [106] | 41 | [106] |
| | | LEV inlet | | | 18 | [64] | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger liquid pipe (TH2) | | | 5 | [41] | |

| | | | | Outdoor u | unit model | | |
|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------|------------------|--|--|
| | | Operation | | PURY-P8 | 00YSJM-A | | |
| | | | | PURY-P400YJM-A PURY-P400YJM-/ | | | |
| Model name | of BC control | er | | CMB-P1016V-HA1 | | | |
| | | Indoor | | 27°C/ | 19°C | | |
| | Ambient | Indoor | DB/WB | [81°F/ | 66°F] | | |
| | tempera- ture | Outdoor | | 35°C/ | - | | |
| | | Outdoor | | [95°F/ | -] | | |
| | | No. of connected units | Unit | 1 | 8 | | |
| Operating | Indoorunit | No. of units in operation | Unit | { | 8 | | |
| conditions | Indoor unit | Model | | 100/100/100/100 | /100/100/100/100 | | |
| | | Fan speed | | Hi | | | |
| | | Main pipe | | 5 | [17] | | |
| | Piping | Branch pipe | m [ft] | 10 [33] | | | |
| | | Total pipe length | | 85 | [279] | | |
| | Amount of re | efrigerant | kg [lbs-oz] | 43.2 [96] | | | |
| | Electric curre | ent | А | 29 | 9.7 | | |
| Outdoor unit | Voltage | | V | 40 | 00 | | |
| | Compressor frequency | | Hz | 97 97 | | | |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | Indoor unit | | 325/325/325/325/325/325/325/325 | | | |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | Pulse _ | 2000/280 | | | |
| | High pressu | | | 3.16/ 0.89 | 3.16/ 0.89 | | |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [458/ 129] | [458/ 129] | | |
| 1000016 | | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | 2.75/ | 2.75 | | |
| | Intermediate | part(PS3) | | [399/ | 399] | | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 91 [196] | 91 [196] | | |
| | | Heat exchanger outlet (TH3) | | 42 [108] | 42 [108] | | |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | 8 [46] | 8 [46] | | |
| Temp. of each sec- | | Accumulator outlet | °C | 8 [46] | 8 [46] | | |
| tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | 19 [66] | 19 [66] | | |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 40 [104] | 40 [104] | | |
| | | LEV inlet | | 17 | [63] | | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger liquid pipe (TH2) | | 4 | [39] | | |

| | | | | Outdoor u | ınit model | |
|-------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------|------------------|--|
| | | Operation | | PURY-P80 | 0YSJM-A1 | |
| | | | | PURY-P450YJM-A | PURY-P350YJM-A | |
| Model name | of BC control | er | | CMB-P1016V-HA1 | | |
| | | Indoor | | 27°C/ | 19°C | |
| | Ambient | Indoor | DB/WB | [81°F/ | 66°F] | |
| | tempera- ture | Outdoor | | 35°C/ | - | |
| | | Outdoor | | [95°F/ | -] | |
| | | No. of connected units | Unit | 8 | 3 | |
| | Indoor unit | No. of units in operation | Unit | 8 | 3 | |
| Operating conditions | | Model | | 100/100/100/100/ | /100/100/100/100 | |
| | | Fan speed | | F | łi | |
| | | Main pipe | | 5 | [17] | |
| | Piping | Branch pipe | m [ft] | 10 [33] | | |
| | | Total pipe length | | 85 | [279] | |
| | Amount of re | efrigerant | kg [lbs-oz] | 43.2 [96] | | |
| | Electric curre | ent | А | 28 | 3.0 | |
| Outdoor unit | Voltage | | V | 40 | 00 | |
| | Compressor frequency | | Hz | 111 95 | | |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | Indoor unit | | 325/325/325/325/325/325/325/325 | | |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | Pulse - | 2000/280 | | |
| | High pressu | re(63HS1)/ | | 3.09/ 0.82 | 3.09/ 0.82 | |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [448/ 119] | [448/ 119] | |
| | BC controlle | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | 2.71/ | 2.71 | |
| | Intermediate | part(PS3) | | [393/ | 393] | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 91 [196] | 91 [196] | |
| | | Heat exchanger outlet (TH3) | | 40 [104] | 40 [104] | |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | 8 [46] | 8 [46] | |
| Temp. of each sec- | | Accumulator outlet | °C | 8 [46] | 8 [46] | |
| tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | 19 [66] | 19 [66] | |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 41 [106] | 41 [106] | |
| | | LEV inlet | | 18 | [64] | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger liquid pipe (TH2) | | 5 | [41] | |

| | | | | Outdoor u | nit model | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| | | Operation | | PURY-P85 | 50YSJM-A | |
| | | | | PURY-P450YJM-A PURY-P400YJM- | | |
| Model name | of BC control | er | | CMB-P1016V-HA1 | | |
| | | Indoor | | 27°C/ 19°C | | |
| | Ambient | Indoor | DB/WB | [81°F/ | 66°F] | |
| | tempera- ture | Outdoor | | 35°C/ | - | |
| | | | | [95°F/ | -] | |
| - | | No. of connected units | Unit | 8 | 3 | |
| Operating | Indoor unit | No. of units in operation | Unit | 8 | 3 | |
| conditions | | Model | _ | 100/100/100/100/ | 100/100/125/125 | |
| | | Fan speed | | F | li | |
| | Piping | Main pipe | | 5 | [17] | |
| | | Branch pipe | m [ft] | 10 [33] | | |
| | | Total pipe length | | 85 | [279] | |
| | Amount of refrigerant | | kg [lbs-oz] | 44.2 [98] | | |
| Outdoor unit | Electric curre | Electric current | | 30 | .7 | |
| | Voltage | Voltage | | 40 | 00 | |
| | Compressor | frequency | Hz | 111 | 97 | |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | | Pulse | 325/325/325/325/325/325/387/387 | | |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | 1 0130 | 2000/290 | | |
| | High pressu | | | 3.15/ 0.87 | 3.15/ 0.87 | |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [457/ 126] | [457/ 126] | |
| 11000010 | BC controlle | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | 2.72/ | 2.72 | |
| | Intermediate | part(PS3) | | [395/ | 395] | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 90 [194] | 90 [194] | |
| | | Heat exchanger outlet (TH3) | | 41 [106] | 41 [106] | |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | 8 [46] | 8 [46] | |
| Temp. of each sec- | | Accumulator outlet | °C | 8 [46] | 8 [46] | |
| each sec- tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | 19 [66] | 19 [66] | |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 40 [104] | 40 [104] | |
| | | LEV inlet | | 17 | [63] | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger liquid pipe (TH2) | | 4 | [39] | |

| | | | | Outdoor u | init model | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|--|
| | | Operation | | PURY-P90 | DOYSJM-A | |
| | | | | PURY-P450YJM-A PURY-P450YJM | | |
| Model name | of BC control | er | | CMB-P1016V-HA1 | | |
| | | Indoor | | 27°C/ 19°C | | |
| | Ambient | maoor | DB/WB | [81°F/ | 66°F] | |
| | tempera- ture | Outdoor | | 35°C/ | - | |
| | | Outdoor | | [95°F/ | -] | |
| | | No. of connected units | Unit | ç | 9 | |
| Oneration | la de en cueit | No. of units in operation | Unit | Ş |) | |
| Operating conditions | Indoor unit | Model | | 100/100/100/100/10 | 00/100/100/100/100 | |
| | | Fan speed | | F | łi | |
| | | Main pipe | | 5 | [17] | |
| | Piping | Branch pipe | m [ft] | 10 [33] | | |
| | | Total pipe length | | 95 | [312] | |
| | Amount of refrigerant | | kg [lbs-oz] | 45.8 [101] | | |
| Outdoor Voltage | Electric curre | tric current | | 31 | .7 | |
| | Voltage | | V | 400 | | |
| | Compressor | frequency | Hz | 111 | 111 | |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | | Pulse | 325/325/325/325/325/325/325/325/325 | | |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | 1 0136 | 2000 |)/300 | |
| | High pressu | | | 3.15/ 0.85 | 3.15/ 0.85 | |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [457/ 123] | [457/ 123] | |
| 1033016 | BC controlle | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | 2.70/ | 2.70 | |
| | Intermediate | part(PS3) | | [392/ | 392] | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 90 [194] | 90 [194] | |
| | | Heat exchanger outlet (TH3) | | 40 [104] | 40 [104] | |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | 8 [46] | 8 [46] | |
| Temp. of | | Accumulator outlet | °C | 8 [46] | 8 [46] | |
| each sec- tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | 19 [66] | 19 [66] | |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 40 [104] | 40 [104] | |
| | | LEV inlet | | 17 | [63] | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger liquid pipe (TH2) | | 4 | [39] | |

(2) Heating only operation

| | | | | Outdoor u | unit model | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|--|
| | | Operation | Γ | PURY-P40 | 00YSJM-A1 | |
| | | | | PURY-P200YJM-A | PURY-P200YJM-A | |
| Model name | of BC control | er | | CMB-P1 | 08V-GA1 | |
| | | la de en | | 20°C/ | - | |
| | Ambient | Indoor | | [68°F/ | -] | |
| | tempera- ture | Outdates | DB/WB | 7°C/ | 6°C | |
| | | Outdoor | | [45°F/ | 43°F] | |
| | | No. of connected units | Unit | | 4 | |
| Operating | Indoor unit | No. of units in operation | Unit | | 4 | |
| Operating conditions | Indoor unit | Model | | 100/100 | /100/100 | |
| | | Fan speed | | ŀ | li | |
| | Piping | Main pipe | | 5 | [17] | |
| | | Branch pipe | m [ft] | 10 | 10 [33] | |
| | | Total pipe length | | 45 | [148] | |
| | Amount of refrigerant | | kg [lbs-oz] | 30.1 [67] | | |
| | Electric current | | A | 12 | 2.2 | |
| | Voltage | | V | 400 | | |
| | Compressor | frequency | Hz | 53 | 53 | |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | | Pulse | 332/332/332/332 | | |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | r uise | 110 | /800 | |
| | High pressu | | | 2.64/ 0.64 | 2.64/ 0.64 | |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [383/ 93] | [383/ 93] | |
| Tiessure | | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | 2.61/ 2.29 | | |
| | Intermediate | part(PS3) | | [379/ | 332] | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 73 [163] | 73 [163] | |
| | | Heat exchanger inlet (TH6) | | -1 [30] | -1 [30] | |
| | Outdoor | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | F | -2 [28] | -2 [28] | |
| Temp. of | unit | Accumulator outlet | °C | -3 [27] | -3 [27] | |
| each sec- tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | -3 [27] | -3 [27] | |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | F | 40 [104] | 40 [104] | |
| | | LEV inlet | F | 37 | [99] | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger gas pipe (TH3) | F | 70 | [158] | |

| | | | | Outdoor | r unit model | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|--------------|--|
| | | Operation | | PURY-P4 | 450YSJM-A1 | |
| | | | | PURY-P250YJM-A PURY-P200YJM | | |
| Model name | of BC control | er | | CMB-P108V-GA1 | | |
| | | Indoor | | 20°C/ - | | |
| | Ambient | Indoor | | [68°F | -/ -] | |
| | tempera- ture | Outdoor | DB/WB | 7°C | C/ 6°C | |
| | | Outdoor | | [45°F | 7/ 43°F] | |
| | | No. of connected units | Unit | | 4 | |
| Operating | la de en cueit | No. of units in operation | | | 4 | |
| conditions | Indoor unit | Model | | 100/10 | 00/125/125 | |
| | | Fan speed | | | Hi | |
| | Piping | Main pipe | | ! | 5 [17] | |
| | | Branch pipe | m [ft] | 10 | 10 [33] | |
| | | Total pipe length | | 4 | 5 [148] | |
| | Amount of refrigerant | | kg [lbs-oz] | 30.1 [67] | | |
| Outdoor | Electric curre | Electric current | | | 14.0 | |
| | Voltage | | V | 400 | | |
| | Compressor | frequency | Hz | 71 | 53 | |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | | Pulse | 332/332/406/406 | | |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | 1 0130 | 11 | 0/870 | |
| | High pressu | | | 2.77/ 0.64 | 2.77/ 0.64 | |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [402/ 93] | [402/ 93] | |
| T TESSUIE | BC controlle | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | 2.74/ 2.42 | | |
| | Intermediate | part(PS3) | | [397 | 7/ 351] | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 77 [171] | 77 [171] | |
| | | Heat exchanger inlet (TH6) | | 0 [32] | 0 [32] | |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | -2 [28] | -2 [28] | |
| Temp. of each sec- | | Accumulator outlet | °C | -3 [27] | -3 [27] | |
| tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | -3 [27] | -3 [27] | |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 40 [104] | 40 [104] | |
| | | LEV inlet | | 38 | 8 [100] | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger gas pipe (TH3) | | 7(| 0 [158] | |

| | | | | Outdoor u | unit model | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|------------|--|--|
| | | Operation | | PURY-P5 | 00YSJM-A | | |
| | | | | PURY-P250YJM-A PURY-P250YJM | | | |
| Model name | of BC control | er | | CMB-P1 | 08V-GA1 | | |
| | | Indoor | | 20°C/ - | | | |
| | Ambient | Indoor | DB/WB | [68°F/ | -] | | |
| | tempera- ture | Outdoor | | 7°C/ | 6°C | | |
| | | Outdoor | | [45°F/ | 43°F] | | |
| Operating conditions | | No. of connected units | Unit | ł | 5 | | |
| | la de en cueit | No. of units in operation | Unit | ł | 5 | | |
| | Indoor unit | Model | | 100/100/10 | 00/100/100 | | |
| | | Fan speed | | ŀ | łi | | |
| | | Main pipe | | 5 | [17] | | |
| | Piping | Branch pipe | m [ft] | 10 [33] | | | |
| | | Total pipe length | | 55 | 55 [181] | | |
| | Amount of refrigerant | | kg [lbs-oz] | 31.2 [69] | | | |
| Outdoor | Electric curre | lectric current | | 15 | 5.9 | | |
| | Voltage | | V | 400 | | | |
| | Compressor | frequency | Hz | 71 | 71 | | |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | | Pulse | 332/332/332/332/332 | | | |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | r uise | 110. | /940 | | |
| | High pressu | | | 2.90/ 0.64 | 2.90/ 0.64 | | |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [421/ 93] | [421/ 93] | | |
| 11035010 | BC controlle | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | 2.87/ | 2.55 | | |
| | Intermediate | part(PS3) | | [416/ | 370] | | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 80 [176] | 80 [176] | | |
| | | Heat exchanger inlet (TH6) | | 0 [32] | 0 [32] | | |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | -2 [28] | -2 [28] | | |
| Temp. of each sec- | | Accumulator outlet | °C | -3 [27] | -3 [27] | | |
| tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | -3 [27] | -3 [27] | | |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 40 [104] | 40 [104] | | |
| | | LEV inlet | | 38 | [100] | | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger gas pipe (TH3) | | 70 | [158] | | |

| | | | | Outdoor | unit model | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|------------|--|
| | | Operation | | PURY-P50 | 00YSJM-A1 | |
| | | | - | PURY-P300YJM-A PURY-P200YJM | | |
| Model name | Model name of BC controller | | | CMB-P1 | 08V-GA1 | |
| | | la de ce | | 20°C/ - | | |
| | Ambient | Indoor | | [68°F/ | -] | |
| | tempera- ture | | DB/WB | 7°C/ | 6°C | |
| | | Outdoor | | [45°F/ | 43°F] | |
| Operating | | No. of connected units | Linit | | 5 | |
| | la de en conit | No. of units in operation | Unit _ | | 5 | |
| conditions | Indoor unit | Model | | 100/100/1 | 00/100/100 | |
| | | Fan speed | | | Hi | |
| | | Main pipe | | 5 | [17] | |
| | Piping | Branch pipe | m [ft] | 10 [33] | | |
| | | Total pipe length | | 55 [181] | | |
| | Amount of refrigerant | | kg [lbs-oz] | 31.2 [69] | | |
| Outdoor | Electric curre | Electric current | | 1 | 5.8 | |
| | Voltage | Voltage | | 400 | | |
| | Compressor | frequency | Hz | 81 | 53 | |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | | Pulse | 332/332/332/332 | | |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | r uise | 110/940 | | |
| | High pressu | | | 2.66/ 0.61 | 2.66/ 0.61 | |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [386/ 88] | [386/ 88] | |
| 1000016 | BC controlle | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | 2.63/ | 2.31 | |
| | Intermediate | part(PS3) | | [381/ | 335] | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 77 [171] | 77 [171] | |
| | | Heat exchanger inlet (TH6) | | 0 [32] | 0 [32] | |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | -3 [27] | -3 [27] | |
| Temp. of each sec- | | Accumulator outlet | °C | -4 [25] | -4 [25] | |
| tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | -4 [25] | -4 [25] | |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 40 [104] | 40 [104] | |
| | | LEV inlet | | 38 | [100] | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger gas pipe (TH3) | | 70 | [158] | |

| | | | | Outdoor | unit model | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|-------------|--|
| | | Operation | | PURY-P | 550YSJM-A | |
| | | | | PURY-P300YJM-A PURY-P250YJM | | |
| Model name | of BC control | er | | CMB-P | 108V-GA1 | |
| | | la de en | | 20°C/ - | | |
| | Ambient | Indoor | DB/WB | [68°F/ | / -] | |
| | tempera- ture | Outdoor | | 7°C/ | / 6°C | |
| | | Outdoor | | [45°F/ | / 43°F] | |
| | | No. of connected units | Unit | | 5 | |
| | Indoor unit | No. of units in operation | | | 5 | |
| Operating conditions | | Model | | 100/100/1 | 100/125/125 | |
| | | Fan speed | | | Hi | |
| | | Main pipe | | 5 | 5 [17] | |
| | Piping | Branch pipe | m [ft] | 10 [33] | | |
| | | Total pipe length | | 55 [181] | | |
| | Amount of refrigerant | | kg [lbs-oz] | 33.8 [75] | | |
| | Electric curre | ectric current | | 1 | 7.8 | |
| Outdoor unit | Voltage | Voltage | | 400 | | |
| | Compressor | frequency | Hz | 81 | 71 | |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | | Pulse | 332/332/332/406/406 | | |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | 1 0130 | 110/1010 | | |
| | High pressu | | | 2.79/ 0.61 | 2.79/ 0.61 | |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [405/ 88] | [405/ 88] | |
| | | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | 2.76/ | 2.44 | |
| | Intermediate | part(PS3) | | [400/ | / 354] | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 81 [178] | 81 [178] | |
| | | Heat exchanger inlet (TH6) | | 0 [32] | 0 [32] | |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | -3 [27] | -3 [27] | |
| Temp. of each sec- | | Accumulator outlet | °C | -4 [25] | -4 [25] | |
| tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | -4 [25] | -4 [25] | |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 40 [104] | 40 [104] | |
| | | LEV inlet | | 39 | [102] | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger gas pipe (TH3) | | 70 | [158] | |

| | | | | Outdoor | unit model | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|---------------|---------|
| | | Operation | | PURY-P6 | 00YSJM-A | |
| | | | | PURY-P300YJM-A PURY-P300YJM | | 00YJM-A |
| Model name | Model name of BC controller | | | CMB-P1 | 08V-GA1 | |
| | | Indoor | | 20°C/ | - | |
| | Ambient | Indoor | DB/WB | [68°F/ | -] | |
| | tempera- ture | Outdoor | | 7°C/ | 6°C | |
| | | Outdoor | | [45°F/ | 43°F] | |
| Operating conditions | | No. of connected units | Unit – | | 6 | |
| | Indoor unit | No. of units in operation | Unit | | 6 | |
| | Indoor unit | Model | | 100/100/100 |)/100/100/100 | |
| | | Fan speed | | | Hi | |
| | | Main pipe | | 5 | [17] | |
| | Piping | Branch pipe | m [ft] | 10 [33] | | |
| - | | Total pipe length | | 65 [214] | | |
| | Amount of refrigerant | | kg [lbs-oz] | 34.4 [76] | | |
| | Electric curre | Electric current | | 2 | 0.0 | |
| Outdoor unit | Voltage | Voltage | | 400 | | |
| | Compressor | frequency | Hz | 81 | 8 | 1 |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | | Pulse - | 332/332/332/332/332/332 | | |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | 1 0130 | 110/1080 | | |
| | High pressu | | | 2.68/ 0.58 | 2.68/ | 0.58 |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [389/ 84] | [389/ | 84] |
| 11000010 | | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | 2.64/ | 2.32 | |
| | Intermediate | part(PS3) | | [383/ | 336] | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 81 [178] | 81 | [178] |
| | | Heat exchanger inlet (TH6) | | 0 [32] | 0 | [32] |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | -3 [27] | -3 | [27] |
| Temp. of each sec- | | Accumulator outlet | °C | -4 [25] | -4 | [25] |
| tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | -4 [25] | -4 | [25] |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 40 [104] | 40 | [104] |
| | | LEV inlet | | 39 | [102] | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger gas pipe (TH3) | | 70 | [158] | |

| | | | | | Outdoor u | unit model | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------|----------|
| | | Operation | | | PURY-P60 | 0YSJM-A1 | |
| | | | | | PURY-P350YJM-A PURY-P250YJM | | 250YJM-A |
| Model name | Model name of BC controller | | | CMB-P108V-GA1 | | | |
| | | Indoor | | 20°C/ - | | | |
| | Ambient | Indoor | DB/WB | | [68°F/ | -] | |
| | tempera- ture | Outdoor | | | 7°C/ | 6°C | |
| | | Outdoor | | | [45°F/ | 43°F] | |
| | | No. of connected units | Unit | | | 6 | |
| | la de en cueit | No. of units in operation | Unit | | | 6 | |
| Operating conditions | Indoor unit | Model | | | 100/100/100 | /100/100/100 | |
| | | Fan speed | - | | ŀ | Hi | |
| | | Main pipe | | | 5 | [17] | |
| | Piping | Branch pipe | m [ft] | | 10 [33] | | |
| | | Total pipe length | | 65 [214] | | | |
| | Amount of refrigerant | | kg [lbs-oz] | | 36.7 [81] | | |
| Outdoor | Electric curre | Electric current | | | 19.5 | | |
| | Voltage | Voltage | | | 400 | | |
| | Compressor | frequency | Hz | 1(|)1 | 7 | 1 |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | | Pulse | 332/332/332/332/332/332 | | | |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | r uise | | 110/1080 | | |
| | High pressu | | | 2.89/ | 0.62 | 2.89/ | 0.62 |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [419/ | 90] | [419/ | 90] |
| Tiessure | BC controlle | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | | 2.85/ | 2.53 | |
| | Intermediate | part(PS3) | | | [413/ | 367] | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 82 | [180] | 82 | [180] |
| | | Heat exchanger inlet (TH6) | | 1 | [34] | 1 | [34] |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | -3 | [27] | -3 | [27] |
| Temp. of each sec- | | Accumulator outlet | °C | -4 | [25] | -4 | [25] |
| tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | -4 | [25] | -4 | [25] |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 40 | [104] | 40 | [104] |
| | | LEV inlet | | | 39 | [102] | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger gas pipe (TH3) | | | 70 | [158] | |

| | | | | | Outdoor u | unit model | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------|----------|
| | | Operation | | | PURY-P6 | 50YSJM-A | |
| | | | | PURY-P3 | PURY-P350YJM-A PURY-P300YJM | | BOOYJM-A |
| Model name | Model name of BC controller | | | | CMB-P108V-GA1 | | |
| | | Indoor | | 20°C/ - | | | |
| | Ambient | Indoor | | | [68°F/ | -] | |
| | tempera- ture | Outdoor | DB/WB | | 7°C/ | 6°C | |
| | | Outdoor | | | [45°F/ | 43°F] | |
| | | No. of connected units | Unit | | (| 6 | |
| | la de en cueit | No. of units in operation | Unit | | (| 6 | |
| Operating conditions | Indoor unit | Model | | | 100/100/100 | /100/125/125 | |
| | | Fan speed | - | | ŀ | Hi | |
| | | Main pipe | | | 5 | [17] | |
| | Piping | Branch pipe | m [ft] | | 10 [33] | | |
| | | Total pipe length | | | 65 [214] | | |
| | Amount of refrigerant | | kg [lbs-oz] | | 37.7 [84] | | |
| | Electric curre | Electric current | | | 21 | 1.5 | |
| Outdoor unit | Voltage | Voltage | | | 400 | | |
| | Compressor | frequency | Hz | 1(|)1 | 8 | 1 |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | | Pulse | 332/332/332/332/406/406 | | | |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | r uise | | 110/1150 | | |
| | High pressu | | | 2.78/ | 0.58 | 2.78/ | 0.58 |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [403/ | 84] | [403/ | 84] |
| 1000010 | BC controlle | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | | 2.74/ 2.42 | | |
| | Intermediate | part(PS3) | | | [397/ | 351] | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 83 | [181] | 83 | [181] |
| | | Heat exchanger inlet (TH6) | | 1 | [34] | 1 | [34] |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | -3 | [27] | -3 | [27] |
| Temp. of each sec- | | Accumulator outlet | °C | -4 | [25] | -4 | [25] |
| tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | -4 | [25] | -4 | [25] |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 40 | [104] | 40 | [104] |
| | | LEV inlet | | | 38 | [100] | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger gas pipe (TH3) | | | 70 | [158] | |

| | | | | Outdoor | unit model | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|----------------|--|
| | | Operation | | PURY-P7 | 00YSJM-A | |
| | | | | PURY-P400YJM-A PURY-P300YJM | | |
| Model name | of BC control | er | | CMB-P1016V-HA1 | | |
| | | Indoor | | 20°C/ - | | |
| | Ambient | Indoor | DB/WB | [68°F/ | -] | |
| | tempera- ture | Outdoor | DB/WB | 7°C/ | 6°C | |
| | | Outdoor | | [45°F/ | 43°F] | |
| Operating | | No. of connected units | Unit | | 7 | |
| | la de en cueit | No. of units in operation | Unit | | 7 | |
| conditions | Indoor unit | Model | | 100/100/100/1 | 00/100/100/100 | |
| | | Fan speed | | ł | Hi | |
| | Piping | Main pipe | | 5 | [17] | |
| | | Branch pipe | m [ft] | 10 | 10 [33] | |
| | | Total pipe length | | 75 | [247] | |
| | Amount of refrigerant | | kg [lbs-oz] | 38.3 [85] | | |
| | Electric curre | ctric current | | 23 | 3.4 | |
| Outdoor unit | Voltage | | V | 400 | | |
| | Compressor | frequency | Hz | 102 | 81 | |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | | Pulse - | 332/332/332/332/332/332/332 | | |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | i uise | 110/ | /1220 | |
| | High pressu | | | 2.68/ 0.57 | 2.68/ 0.57 | |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [389/ 83] | [389/ 83] | |
| i lessure | BC controlle | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | 2.64/ | 2.32 | |
| | Intermediate | part(PS3) | | [383/ | 336] | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 82 [180] | 82 [180] | |
| | | Heat exchanger inlet (TH6) | | 1 [34] | 1 [34] | |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | -4 [25] | -4 [25] | |
| Temp. of each sec- | | Accumulator outlet | °C | -4 [25] | -4 [25] | |
| tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | -4 [25] | -4 [25] | |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 40 [104] | 40 [104] | |
| | | LEV inlet | | 38 | [100] | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger gas pipe (TH3) | | 70 | [158] | |

| | | | | Outdoor | unit model | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|--|
| | | Operation | | PURY-P7 | 00YSJM-A1 | |
| | | | | PURY-P350YJM-A PURY-P350YJM | | |
| Model name | of BC control | ler | | CMB-P1016V-HA1 | | |
| | | Indoor | | 20°C/ - | | |
| | Ambient | Indoor | DB/WB | [68°F/ | ′-] | |
| | tempera- ture | Outdoor | | 7°C/ | / 6°C | |
| | | Outdoor | | [45°F/ | ′ 43°F] | |
| | | No. of connected units | Unit | | 7 | |
| | la da an cuit | No. of units in operation | | | 7 | |
| Operating conditions | Indoor unit | Model | | 100/100/100/1 | 100/100/100/100 | |
| | | Fan speed | | | Hi | |
| | | Main pipe | | 5 | [17] | |
| | Piping | Branch pipe | m [ft] | 10 [33] | | |
| | | Total pipe length | | 75 | 6 [247] | |
| | Amount of refrigerant | | kg [lbs-oz] | 40.6 [90] | | |
| | Electric curre | Electric current | | 2 | 22.9 | |
| Outdoor unit | Voltage | Voltage | | 400 | | |
| | Compressor | frequency | Hz | 101 | 101 | |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | | Pulse - | 332/332/332/332/332/332/332 | | |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | 1 4130 | 110/1220 | | |
| | High pressu | | | 2.88/ 0.60 | 2.88/ 0.60 | |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [418/ 87] | [418/ 87] | |
| 11000010 | | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | 2.84/ | 2.52 | |
| | Intermediate | e part(PS3) | | [412/ | 365] | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 84 [183] | 84 [183] | |
| | | Heat exchanger inlet (TH6) | | 1 [34] | 1 [34] | |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | -4 [25] | -4 [25] | |
| Temp. of | unit | Accumulator outlet | °C | -4 [25] | -4 [25] | |
| each sec- tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | -4 [25] | -4 [25] | |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 40 [104] | 40 [104] | |
| | | LEV inlet | | 39 | [102] | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger gas pipe (TH3) | | 70 | [158] | |

| | | | | Outdoor unit model | | | |
|-----------------------|------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|------------------------------|----------------|--|--|
| | | Operation | | PURY-P7 | 50YSJM-A | | |
| | | | | PURY-P400YJM-A PURY-P350YJM- | | | |
| Model name | of BC control | er | | CMB-P1016V-HA1 | | | |
| | | Indoor | | 20°C/ | - | | |
| | Ambient | maoor | DB/WB | [68°F/ | -] | | |
| | tempera- ture | Outdoor | | 7°C/ | 6°C | | |
| | | Outdoor | | [45°F/ | 43°F] | | |
| Operating | | No. of connected units | Unit | | 7 | | |
| | Indoor unit | No. of units in operation | Unit | | 7 | | |
| conditions | Indoor unit | Model | | 100/100/100/1 | 00/100/125/125 | | |
| | | Fan speed | | ŀ | Hi | | |
| | | Main pipe | | 5 | [17] | | |
| | Piping | Branch pipe | m [ft] | 10 [33] | | | |
| | | Total pipe length | | 75 [247] | | | |
| | Amount of re | efrigerant | kg [lbs-oz] | 42.6 [94] | | | |
| Outdoor | Electric current | | А | 25 | 5.3 | | |
| | Voltage | | V | 4 | 00 | | |
| | Compressor | frequency | Hz | 102 101 | | | |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | | Pulse | 332/332/332/332/332/406/406 | | | |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | r uise | 110/ | 1290 | | |
| | High pressu | | | 2.78/ 0.58 | 2.78/ 0.58 | | |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [403/ 84] | [403/ 84] | | |
| | | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | 2.74/ | 2.42 | | |
| | Intermediate | part(PS3) | | [397/_351] | | | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 83 [181] | 83 [181] | | |
| | | Heat exchanger inlet (TH6) | | 1 [34] | 1 [34] | | |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | -4 [25] | -4 [25] | | |
| Temp. of each sec- | | Accumulator outlet | °C | -4 [25] | -4 [25] | | |
| tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | -4 [25] | -4 [25] | | |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 40 [104] | 40 [104] | | |
| | | LEV inlet | | 38 | [100] | | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger gas pipe (TH3) | | 70 | [158] | | |

| | | | | Outdoor u | Outdoor unit model | | |
|-----------------------|------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|--|--|
| | | Operation | | PURY-P80 | DOYSJM-A | | |
| | | | | PURY-P400YJM-A PURY-P400YJ | | | |
| Model name | of BC control | er | | CMB-P10 | 016V-HA1 | | |
| | | Indoor | | 20°C/ | - | | |
| | Ambient | maoor | DB/WB | [68°F/ | -] | | |
| | tempera- ture | Outdoor | | 7°C/ | 6°C | | |
| | | Outdoor | | [45°F/ | 43°F] | | |
| | | No. of connected units | Unit | 8 | 3 | | |
| Operating conditions | Indoor unit | No. of units in operation | | 8 | 3 | | |
| | | Model | _ | 100/100/100/100/ | /100/100/100/100 | | |
| | | Fan speed | | ŀ | łi | | |
| | | Main pipe | | 5 | [17] | | |
| | Piping | Branch pipe | [ft] | 10 [33] | | | |
| | | Total pipe length | | 85 | [279] | | |
| | Amount of re | efrigerant | kg [lbs-oz] | 43.2 [96] | | | |
| Outdoor | Electric current | | А | 27 | 7.3 | | |
| | Voltage | Voltage | | 40 | 00 | | |
| | Compressor | frequency | Hz | 102 102 | | | |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | | Pulse - | 332/332/332/332/332/332/332/332 | | | |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | T disc | 110/ | 1360 | | |
| | High pressu | | | 2.68/ 0.56 | 2.68/ 0.56 | | |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [389/ 81] | [389/ 81] | | |
| | | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | 2.64/ | 2.32 | | |
| | Intermediate | part(PS3) | | [383/ | 336] | | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 82 [180] | 82 [180] | | |
| | | Heat exchanger inlet (TH6) | | 1 [34] | 1 [34] | | |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | -4 [25] | -4 [25] | | |
| Temp. of each sec- | | Accumulator outlet | °C | -4 [25] | -4 [25] | | |
| tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | -4 [25] | -4 [25] | | |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 40 [104] | 40 [104] | | |
| | | LEV inlet | | 37 | [99] | | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger gas pipe (TH3) | | 70 | [158] | | |

| | | | | Outdoor unit model | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------|------------------|--|
| | | Operation | | PURY-P80 | 0YSJM-A1 | |
| | | | | PURY-P450YJM-A PURY-P350YJM | | |
| Model name | of BC control | er | | CMB-P1016V-HA1 | | |
| | | Indoor | | 20°C/ | - | |
| | Ambient tempera- | Indoor | DB/WB | [68°F/ | -] | |
| | ture | Outdoor | | 7°C/ | 6°C | |
| | | Ouldoor | | [45°F/ | 43°F] | |
| | | No. of connected units | Unit | : | 8 | |
| Operating | Indoor unit | No. of units in operation | Onic | 8 | 8 | |
| conditions | | Model | _ | 100/100/100/100 | /100/100/100/100 | |
| | | Fan speed | | ŀ | li | |
| | Piping | Main pipe | | 5 | [17] | |
| | | Branch pipe | [ft] | 10 [33] | | |
| | | Total pipe length | | 85 [279] | | |
| | Amount of re | efrigerant | kg [lbs-oz] | 43.2 [96] | | |
| | Electric current | | А | 27 | 7.1 | |
| | Voltage | | V | 40 | 00 | |
| | Compressor | frequency | Hz | 117 101 | | |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | | Pulse - | 332/332/332/332/332/332/332/332 | | |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | T disc | 110/ | 1360 | |
| | High pressu | | | 2.78/ 0.58 | 2.78/ 0.58 | |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [403/ 84] | [403/ 84] | |
| 11000010 | | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | 2.74/ | 2.42 | |
| | Intermediate | part(PS3) | | [397/ 351] | | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 83 [181] | 83 [181] | |
| | | Heat exchanger inlet (TH6) | | 1 [34] | 1 [34] | |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | -4 [25] | -4 [25] | |
| Temp. of each sec- | | Accumulator outlet | °C | -4 [25] | -4 [25] | |
| tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | -4 [25] | -4 [25] | |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 40 [104] | 40 [104] | |
| | | LEV inlet | | 38 | [100] | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger gas pipe (TH3) | | 70 | [158] | |

| | | | | Outdoor unit model | | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------|---------------------------------|------------------|--|--|
| | | Operation | F | PURY-P85 | 50YSJM-A | | |
| | | | - | PURY-P450YJM-A PURY-P400YJ | | | |
| Model name | of BC control | ler | | CMB-P1016V-HA1 | | | |
| | | Indoor | | 20°C/ | - | | |
| | Ambient | Indoor | | [68°F/ | -] | | |
| | tempera- ture | 0.11 | DB/WB | 7°C/ | 6°C | | |
| Operating Ir conditions | | Outdoor | | [45°F/ | 43°F] | | |
| | | No. of connected units | Unit | 8 | 3 | | |
| | la da en conit | No. of units in operation | Unit | 8 | 3 | | |
| | Indoor unit | Model | | 100/100/100/100/ | (100/100/125/125 | | |
| | | Fan speed | | Н | li | | |
| | | Main pipe | | 5 | [17] | | |
| | Piping | Branch pipe | m [ft] | 10 [33] | | | |
| | | Total pipe length | [14] | 85 [279] | | | |
| | Amount of refrigerant [lbs-oz] | | 44.2 | 44.2 [98] | | | |
| Outdoor | Electric curre | Electric current | | 29 | .8 | | |
| | Voltage | Voltage | | 400 | | | |
| | Compressor | frequency | Hz | 117 | 102 | | |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | | Pulse - | 332/332/332/332/332/332/406/406 | | | |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | r uise | 110/1430 | | | |
| | High pressu | | | 2.68/ 0.56 | 2.68/ 0.56 | | |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [389/ 81] | [389/ 81] | | |
| Tiessule | BC controlle | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | 2.64/ 2.32 | | | |
| | Intermediate | part(PS3) | | [383/ 336] | | | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 82 [180] | 82 [180] | | |
| | | Heat exchanger inlet (TH6) | | 1 [34] | 1 [34] | | |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | -4 [25] | -4 [25] | | |
| Temp. of each sec- | unit | Accumulator outlet | °C | -4 [25] | -4 [25] | | |
| tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | -4 [25] | -4 [25] | | |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 40 [104] | 40 [104] | | |
| | | LEV inlet | | 37 | [99] | | |
| | Indoor unit | | | 70 | [158] | | |

| | | | | Outdoor unit model | | | |
|-----------------------|------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|--|--|
| | | Operation | | PURY-P9 | 00YSJM-A | | |
| | | | | PURY-P450YJM-A PURY-P450YJM- | | | |
| Model name | of BC control | er | | CMB-P10 | 016V-HA1 | | |
| | | Indoor | | 20°C/ | - | | |
| | Ambient | Indoor | DB/WB | [68°F/ | -] | | |
| | tempera- ture | Outdoor | | 7°C/ | 6°C | | |
| | | Outdoor | | [45°F/ | 43°F] | | |
| Operating conditions | | No. of connected units | Unit | | 9 | | |
| | Indoor unit | No. of units in operation | Unit | | 9 | | |
| | | Model | | 100/100/100/100/1 | 00/100/100/100/100 | | |
| | | Fan speed | | ł | Hi | | |
| | | Main pipe | | 5 | [17] | | |
| | Piping | Branch pipe | m [ft] | 10 [33] | | | |
| | | Total pipe length | | 95 [312] | | | |
| | Amount of re | efrigerant | kg [lbs-oz] | 45.8 [101] | | | |
| Outdoor | Electric current | | А | 3' | 1.6 | | |
| | Voltage | | V | 4 | 00 | | |
| | Compressor | frequency | Hz | 117 | 117 | | |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | | Pulse | 332/332/332/332/332/332/332/332/332 | | | |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | r uise | 110/ | (1500 | | |
| | High pressu | | | 2.68/ 0.56 | 2.68/ 0.56 | | |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [389/ 81] | [389/ 81] | | |
| 11000010 | | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | 2.64/ | 2.32 | | |
| | Intermediate | part(PS3) | | [383/ 336] | | | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 82 [180] | 82 [180] | | |
| | | Heat exchanger inlet (TH6) | | 1 [34] | 1 [34] | | |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | -4 [25] | -4 [25] | | |
| Temp. of each sec- | | Accumulator outlet | °C | -4 [25] | -4 [25] | | |
| tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | -4 [25] | -4 [25] | | |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 40 [104] | 40 [104] | | |
| | | LEV inlet | | 37 | [99] | | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger gas pipe (TH3) | | 70 | [158] | | |

3. Single unit (High-COP)

(1) Cooling only operation

| | | Onemation | | Outdoor unit model | | | |
|--|--------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------|----------------------|--------|----------|----------|
| Operation Model name of BC controller | | | | PURY-EP20 | 0YJM-A | PURY-EP2 | 250YJM-A |
| | | | | CMB-P104 | V-G1 | CMB-P1 | 04V-G1 |
| | | Indoor | | 27°C/ 19°C | | 27°C/ | 19°C |
| | Ambient | Indoor | | [81°F/ 6 | 6°F] | [81°F/ | 66°F] |
| | tempera- ture | Outdoor | DB/WB | 35°C/ - | | 35°C/ | - |
| | | Outdoor | | [95°F/ -] | | [95°F/ | -] |
| | No. of connected units 2 | | 2 | 2 | | | |
| Operating | Indoor unit | No. of units in operation | Offic | 2 | | 2 | 2 |
| conditions | | Model | - | 100/10 | 0 | 125/ | 125 |
| | | Fan speed | | Hi | | Н | li |
| | | Main pipe | | 5 [1 | 7] | 5 | [17] |
| | Piping | Branch pipe | m [ft] | 10 [3 | 3] | 10 | [33] |
| | | Total pipe length | | 25 [8 | 2] | 25 | [82] |
| | Amount of re | Amount of refrigerant | | 16.3 [3 | 6] | 19.8 | [44] |
| | Electric current | | А | 5.3 | | 7. | 1 |
| Outdoor unit | Voltage | Voltage | | 400 | | 40 | 00 |
| | Compressor | frequency | Hz | V 400 | | 6 | 5 |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | oor unit | | 325/325 | | 387/ | 387 |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | | 2000/10 | 60 | 2000 | /170 |
| | High pressu | | | 400 52 325/325 | .80 | 2.60/ | 0.78 |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [385/ 1 | 16] | [377/ | 113] |
| Flessule | BC controlle | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | 2.51/ 2 | .51 | 2.45/ | 2.45 |
| | Intermediate | part(PS3) | | [363/ 3 | 63] | [355/ | 355] |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 83 [1 | 81] | 77 | [171] |
| | | Heat exchanger outlet (TH3) | | 32 [9 | 90] | 31 | [88] |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | 8 [4 | 6] | 8 | [46] |
| Temp. of | unit | Accumulator outlet | °C | 8 [4 | 6] | 8 | [46] |
| each sec- tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | 19 [6 | 6] | 19 | [66] |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | F | 47 [1 | 17] | 40 | [104] |
| | | LEV inlet | F | 19 [6 | 66] | 19 | [66] |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger liquid pipe (TH2) | | 6 [4 | 3] | 6 | [43] |

| | | Operation | | Outdoor | r unit model | |
|-----------------------|------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| | | Operation | - | PURY-EP300YJM-A | PURY-EP350YJM-A | |
| Model name | of BC control | ler | | CMB-P104V-G1 | CMB-P104V-G1 | |
| | | | | 27°C/ 19°C | 27°C/ 19°C | |
| | Ambient | Indoor | | [81°F/ 66°F] | [81°F/ 66°F] | |
| | tempera- ture | Outdoor | DB/WB | 35°C/ - | 35°C/ - | |
| | | Outdoor | | [95°F/ -] | [95°F/ -] | |
| | | No. of connected units | units Unit | 3 | 3 | |
| Operating | Indoor unit | No. of units in operation | Unit | 3 | 3 | |
| conditions | | Model | | 100/100/100 | 100/125/125 | |
| | | Fan speed | | Hi | Hi | |
| | | Main pipe | | 5 [17] | 5 [17] | |
| | Piping | Branch pipe | m [ft] | 10 [33] | 10 [33] | |
| | | Total pipe length | | 35 [115] | 35 [115] | |
| | Amount of re | efrigerant | kg [lbs-oz] | 20.4 [45] | 20.9 [47] | |
| | Electric current | | A | 8.7 | 10.8 | |
| Outdoor unit | Voltage | Voltage | | 400 | 400 | |
| | Compressor | frequency | Hz | 74 | 95 | |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | Indoor unit | | 325/325/325 | 325/387/387 | |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | Pulse | 2000/180 | 2000/190 | |
| | High pressu | re(63HS1)/ | | 2.78/ 0.86 | 2.75/ 0.79 | |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [403/ 125] | [399/ 115] | |
| 1000016 | | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | 2.59/ 2.59 | 2.55/ 2.55 | |
| | Intermediate | e part(PS3) | | [375/ 375] | [370/ 370] | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 80 [176] | 80 [176] | |
| | | Heat exchanger outlet (TH3) | | 35 [95] | 35 [95] | |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | 8 [46] | 8 [46] | |
| Temp. of each sec- | | Accumulator outlet | °C | 8 [46] | 8 [46] | |
| tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | 19 [66] | 19 [66] | |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 42 [108] | 40 [104] | |
| | | LEV inlet | | 19 [108] | 19 [66] | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger liquid pipe (TH2) | | 6 [43] | 6 [43] | |

(2) Heating only operation

| | | Operation | | Outdoor unit model | | | |
|-------------------|------------------|----------------------------------|--|--------------------|----------|----------|----------|
| | | Operation | • | PURY-EP2 | 200YJM-A | PURY-EP: | 250YJM-A |
| Model name | e of BC control | ler | | CMB-P1 | 04V-G1 | CMB-P1 | 04V-G1 |
| | | Indoor | | 20°C/ | - | 20°C/ | - |
| | Ambient | Indoor | DB/WB | [68°F/ | -] | [68°F/ | -] |
| | tempera- ture | Outdoor | | 7°C/ | 6°C | 7°C/ | 6°C |
| | | Outdoor | | [45°F/ | 43°F] | [45°F/ | 43°F] |
| | | No. of connected units | Unit | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Operating | Indoor unit | No. of units in operation | Onit | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| conditions | | Model | | 100/ | '100 | 125/ | '125 |
| | | Fan speed | - Hi 5 [17] | F | li | | |
| | | Main pipe | | 5 | [17] | 5 | [17] |
| | Piping | Branch pipe | m [ft] | 10 | [33] | 10 | [33] |
| | | Total pipe length | | 25 | [82] | 25 | [82] |
| | Amount of re | efrigerant | kg [lbs-oz] | 16.3 | [36] | 19.8 | [44] |
| | Electric curre | Electric current | | 5. | 8 | 7. | 5 |
| Outdoor unit | Voltage | Voltage | | 40 | 00 | 4(| 00 |
| | Compressor | frequency | V 400 ency Hz 53 | 7 | 1 | | |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | | Pulse | 332/332 | | 406/ | 406 |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | Fuise | 110/520 | | 110/ | (590 |
| | High pressu | re(63HS1)/ | | 2.64/ | 0.69 | 2.90/ | 0.67 |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [383/ | 100] | [421/ | 97] |
| Flessule | BC controlle | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | 2.61/ | 2.29 | 2.87/ | 2.55 |
| | Intermediate | part(PS3) | | [379/ | 332] | [416/ | 370] |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 73 | [163] | 80 | [176] |
| | | Heat exchanger inlet (TH6) | | 1 | [34] | 1 | [34] |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | 0 | [32] | -1 | [30] |
| Temp. of | unit | Accumulator outlet | °C | -1 | [30] | -2 | [28] |
| each sec- tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | -1 | [30] | -2 | [28] |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 42 | [108] | 41 | [106] |
| | | LEV inlet | | 37 | [99] | 38 | [100] |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger gas pipe (TH3) | | 70 | [158] | 70 | [158] |

| | | Operation | | Outdoor unit model | | |
|-----------------------|------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|--------------------|-----------------|--|
| | | Operation | - | PURY-EP300YJM-A | PURY-EP350YJM-A | |
| Model name | of BC control | ler | | CMB-P104V-G1 | CMB-P104V-G1 | |
| | | la de es | | 20°C/ - | 20°C/ - | |
| | Ambient | Indoor | | [68°F/ -] | [68°F/ -] | |
| | tempera- ture | Outdoor | DB/WB | 7°C/ 6°C | 7°C/ 6°C | |
| | | Outdoor | | [45°F/ 43°F] | [45°F/ 43°F] | |
| | | No. of connected units | Unit | 3 | 3 | |
| Operating | Indoor unit | No. of units in operation | Unit | 3 | 3 | |
| conditions | | Model | | 100/100/100 | 100/125/125 | |
| | | Fan speed | | Hi | Hi | |
| | | Main pipe 5 [17] | 5 [17] | | | |
| _ | Piping | Branch pipe | m [ft] | 10 [33] | 10 [33] | |
| | | Total pipe length | | 35 [115] | 35 [115] | |
| | Amount of re | efrigerant | kg [lbs-oz] | 20.4 [45] | 20.9 [47] | |
| | Electric current | | А | 9.0 | 11.1 | |
| Outdoor unit | Voltage | Voltage | | 400 | 400 | |
| | Compressor | frequency | Hz | 81 | 101 | |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | | Pulse | 332/332/332 | 332/406/406 | |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | | 110/660 | 110/730 | |
| | High pressu | re(63HS1)/ | | 2.68/ 0.60 | 2.88/ 0.65 | |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [389/ 87] | [418/ 94] | |
| 1000016 | | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | 2.64/ 2.32 | 2.84/ 2.52 | |
| | Intermediate | e part(PS3) | | [383/ 336] | [412/ 365] | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 81 [178] | 80 [176] | |
| | | Heat exchanger inlet (TH6) | | 1 [34] | 1 [34] | |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | -2 [28] | -1 [30] | |
| Temp. of each sec- | | Accumulator outlet | °C | -3 [27] | -2 [28] | |
| tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | -3 [27] | -2 [28] | |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 41 [106] | 41 [106] | |
| | | LEV inlet | | 39 [102] | 38 [100] | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger gas pipe (TH3) | | 70 [158] | 70 [158] | |

4. 2-unit combination (High-COP)

(1) Cooling only operation

| | | | | | Outdoor u | unit model | | |
|----------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|------------------|------------|----------|--|
| | | Operation | _ | | PURY-EP400YSJM-A | | | |
| | | | | PURY-EP2 | 200YJM-A | PURY-EP | 200YJM-A | |
| Model name | e of BC control | ler | | | CMB-P108V-GA1 | | | |
| | | Indoor | | | 27°C/ | 19°C | | |
| | Ambient tempera- | Indoor | DB/WB | | [81°F/ | 66°F] | | |
| | ture | Outdoor | | | 35°C/ | - | | |
| | | Outdoor | | | [95°F/ | -] | | |
| Operating conditions | | No. of connected units | Unit | | 4 | 4 | | |
| | Indoor unit | No. of units in operation | Offic | | 2 | 4 | | |
| | | Model | _ | | 100/100 | /100/100 | | |
| | | Fan speed | | | ŀ | Hi | | |
| | Piping | Main pipe | m [ft] | | 5 | [17] | | |
| | | Branch pipe | | | 10 | [33] | | |
| | | Total pipe length | | | 45 | [148] | | |
| | Amount of re | efrigerant | kg [lbs-oz] | | 30.1 [67] | | | |
| Outdoor | Electric curre | Electric current | | | 10 |).9 | | |
| | Voltage | | V | | 400 | | | |
| | Compressor | frequency | Hz | 52 | 2 | 5 | 2 | |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | Indoor unit | | 325/325/325/325 | | | | |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | Pulse | 2000/200 | | | | |
| | High pressu | | | 2.96/ | 0.80 | 2.96/ | 0.80 | |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [429/ | 116] | [429/ | 116] | |
| T TOSSUIC | BC controlle | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | | 2.81/ | 2.81 | | |
| | Intermediate | e part(PS3) | | | [408/ | 408] | | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 90 | [194] | 90 | [194] | |
| | | Heat exchanger outlet (TH3) | | 39 | [102] | 39 | [102] | |
| | Outdoor | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | 8 | [46] | 8 | [46] | |
| Temp. of | unit | Accumulator outlet | °C | 8 | [46] | 8 | [46] | |
| each sec- tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | 19 | [66] | 19 | [66] | |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 47 | [117] | 47 | [117] | |
| | | LEV inlet | | | 19 | [66] | | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger liquid pipe (TH2) | | | 6 | [43] | | |

| | | | | Outdoor unit model | | | |
|-----------------------|------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|------------------------------|--------------|-----------|--|
| | | Operation | - | PURY | -EP450YSJM-A | | |
| | | | F | PURY-EP250YJM-A PURY-EP200YJ | | P200YJM-A | |
| Model name | of BC control | er | | CMB-P108V-GA1 | | | |
| | | lada ar | | 27 | 7°C/ 19°C | | |
| | Ambient | Indoor | | [8] | 1°F/ 66°F] | | |
| ture | tempera- ture | Outdoor | DB/WB | 35 | 5°C/ - | | |
| | | | | [98 | 5°F/ -] | | |
| | | No. of connected units | Unit | | 4 | | |
| | la de en cueit | No. of units in operation | Unit | | 4 | | |
| | Indoor unit | Model | | 100 | /100/125/125 | | |
| | | Fan speed | | | Hi | | |
| | Piping | Main pipe | | | 5 [17] | | |
| | | Branch pipe | m [ft] | 10 [33] | | | |
| | | Total pipe length | | 45 [148] | | | |
| | Amount of re | efrigerant | kg [lbs-oz] | 32.4 [72] | | | |
| Outdoor | Electric current | | A | | 12.6 | | |
| | Voltage | | V | 400 | | | |
| | Compressor | frequency | Hz | 65 52 | | 52 | |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | | Pulse | 325/325/387/387 | | | |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | 1 0136 | | 2000/210 | | |
| | High pressu | | | 2.96/ 0.79 | 2.96 | / 0.79 | |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [429/ 115] | [429 | / 115] | |
| Tiessure | BC controlle | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | 2 | .81/ 2.81 | | |
| | Intermediate | part(PS3) | | [4 | 408/ 409] | | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 88 [190] | 88 | 3 [190] | |
| | | Heat exchanger outlet (TH3) | | 39 [102] | 39 | 9 [102] | |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | 8 [46] | 8 | 3 [46] | |
| Temp. of each sec- | | Accumulator outlet | °C | 8 [46] | 8 | 3 [46] | |
| tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | 19 [66] | 19 | 9 [66] | |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 43 [109] | 43 | 3 [109] | |
| | | LEV inlet | | | 19 [66] | | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger liquid pipe (TH2) | | | 6 [43] | | |

| | | | | Outdoor unit model | | | |
|-----------------------|------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|------------|--|--|
| | | Operation | - | PURY-EP500YSJM-A | | | |
| | | | F | PURY-EP300YJM-A PURY-EP200YJM- | | | |
| Model name | of BC control | er | | CMB-P1 | 108V-GA1 | | |
| | | la de er | | 27°C/ | 19°C | | |
| | Ambient | Indoor | | [81°F/ | 66°F] | | |
| | tempera- ture | Outdoor | DB/WB | 35°C/ | - | | |
| | | Outdoor | | [95°F/ | -] | | |
| | | No. of connected units | Linit | | 5 | | |
| Operating | la de en conit | No. of units in operation | Unit | | 5 | | |
| operating conditions | Indoor unit | Model | | 100/100/1 | 00/100/100 | | |
| | | Fan speed | | | Hi | | |
| | | Main pipe | | 5 | [17] | | |
| | Piping | Branch pipe | | 10 [33] | | | |
| | | Total pipe length | [] | 55 [181] | | | |
| | Amount of re | efrigerant | kg [lbs-oz] | 33.5 [74] | | | |
| Outdoor | Electric current | | А | 1 | 4.3 | | |
| | Voltage | | V | 400 | | | |
| | Compressor | frequency | Hz | 74 | 52 | | |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | | Pulse | 325/325/325/325/325 | | | |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | r uise | 200 | 0/220 | | |
| | High pressu | | | 2.96/ 0.78 | 2.96/ 0.78 | | |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [429/ 113] | [429/ 113] | | |
| Tiessure | | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | 2.81/ | 2.81 | | |
| | Intermediate | part(PS3) | | [408/ | 409] | | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 85 [185] | 90 [194] | | |
| | | Heat exchanger outlet (TH3) | | 39 [102] | 40 [104] | | |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | 8 [46] | 8 [46] | | |
| Temp. of each sec- | | Accumulator outlet | °C | 8 [46] | 8 [46] | | |
| tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | 19 [66] | 19 [66] | | |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 40 [104] | 40 [104] | | |
| | | LEV inlet | | 19 | [66] | | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger liquid pipe (TH2) | | 6 | [43] | | |

| | | | | Outdoor unit model | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|--------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| | | Operation | - | PURY-EP5 | 500YSJM-A1 | | |
| | | | - | PURY-EP250YJM-A | PURY-EP250YJM-A | | |
| Model name | of BC control | er | | CMB-P108V-GA1 | | | |
| | | Indoor | | 27°C/ | 19°C | | |
| | Ambient tempera- ture | Indoor | DB/WB | [81°F/ | 66°F] | | |
| | | Outdoor | | 35°C/ | - | | |
| | | Outdoor | | [95°F/ | -] | | |
| | | No. of connected units | Unit | | 5 | | |
| Operating | Indoor unit | No. of units in operation | Unit | | 5 | | |
| Operating conditions | Indoor unit | Model | | 100/100/1 | 00/100/100 | | |
| | | Fan speed | | | Hi | | |
| | | Main pipe | | 5 | [17] | | |
| | Piping | Branch pipe | m [ft] | 10 [33] | | | |
| | | Total pipe length | | 55 [181] | | | |
| | Amount of refrigerant | | kg [lbs-oz] | 35.8 [79] | | | |
| | Electric current | | А | 1 | 4.7 | | |
| Outdoor unit | Voltage | | V | 400 | | | |
| | Compressor frequency | | Hz | 65 65 | | | |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | | Pulse | 325/325/325/325 | | | |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | r uise | 2000/220 | | | |
| | High pressu | | | 3.04/ 0.83 | 3.04/ 0.83 | | |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [441/ 120] | [441/ 120] | | |
| Tiessure | BC controlle | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | 2.87/ | 2.87 | | |
| | Intermediate | part(PS3) | | [416/ | 416] | | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 88 [190] | 88 [190] | | |
| | | Heat exchanger outlet (TH3) | | 40 [104] | 40 [104] | | |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | 8 [46] | 8 [46] | | |
| Temp. of each sec- | | Accumulator outlet | °C | 8 [46] | 8 [46] | | |
| tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | 19 [66] | 19 [66] | | |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 44 [111] | 44 [111] | | |
| | | LEV inlet | | 19 | [66] | | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger liquid pipe (TH2) | | 6 | [43] | | |

| | | | | Outdoor unit model | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| | | Operation | - | PURY-EP | 550YSJM-A | | |
| | | | - | PURY-EP300YJM-A | PURY-EP250YJM-A | | |
| Model name | of BC control | er | | CMB-P108V-GA1 | | | |
| | | lada ar | | 27°C/ | 19°C | | |
| | Ambient tempera- ture | Indoor | | [81°F/ | 66°F] | | |
| | | Outdoor | DB/WB | 35°C/ | - | | |
| | | Outdoor | | [95°F/ | -] | | |
| | | No. of connected units | Unit | | 5 | | |
| | la de en cueit | No. of units in operation | Unit | | 5 | | |
| Operating conditions | Indoor unit | Model | | 100/100/1 | 00/125/125 | | |
| | | Fan speed | | ł | Hi | | |
| | | Main pipe | | 5 | [17] | | |
| | Piping | Branch pipe | m [ft] | 10 [33] | | | |
| | | Total pipe length | | 55 [181] | | | |
| | Amount of refrigerant | | kg [lbs-oz] | 38.4 [85] | | | |
| | Electric current | | А | 10 | 6.2 | | |
| Outdoor unit | Voltage | | V | 400 | | | |
| | Compressor frequency | | Hz | 74 65 | | | |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | | Pulse | 325/325/325/387/387 | | | |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | 1 0136 | 2000/230 | | | |
| | High pressu | | | 3.04/ 0.82 | 3.04/ 0.82 | | |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [441/ 119] | [441/ 119] | | |
| T TESSUIE | BC controlle | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | 2.87/ | 2.87 | | |
| | Intermediate | part(PS3) | | [416/ | 416] | | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 86 [187] | 86 [187] | | |
| | | Heat exchanger outlet (TH3) | | 40 [104] | 40 [104] | | |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | 8 [46] | 8 [46] | | |
| Temp. of each sec- | | Accumulator outlet | °C | 8 [46] | 8 [46] | | |
| tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | 19 [66] | 19 [66] | | |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 41 [106] | 41 [106] | | |
| | | LEV inlet | | 19 | [66] | | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger liquid pipe (TH2) | | 6 | [43] | | |

| | | | | | Outdoor u | unit model | |
|-------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------------|----------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------|-------|
| | | Operation | | | PURY-EP6 | 00YSJM-A | |
| | | | - | PURY-EP3 | PURY-EP300YJM-A PURY-EP300YJM-/ | | |
| Model name | of BC control | er | | CMB-P108V-GA1 | | | |
| | | Indoor | | 27°C/ 19°C | | | |
| | Ambient tempera- | Indoor | DB/WB | | [81°F/ | 66°F] | |
| | ture | Outdoor | | | 35°C/ | - | |
| | | Outdoor | | | [95°F/ | -] | |
| | | No. of connected units | Unit | | (| 6 | |
| Operating | Indoor unit | No. of units in operation | Onit | | (| 6 | |
| Operating conditions | | Model | | | 100/100/100 | /100/100/100 | |
| | | Fan speed | | | ŀ | łi | |
| | Piping | Main pipe | | | 5 | [17] | |
| | | Branch pipe | [ft] | 10 [33] | | | |
| | | Total pipe length | | 65 [214] | | | |
| | Amount of re | Amount of refrigerant | | | 39.0 [86] | | |
| | Electric current | | А | | 17 | 7.7 | |
| Outdoor unit | Voltage | | V | | 400 | | |
| | Compressor frequency | | Hz | 74 | 74 74 | | 4 |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | | Pulse | 325/325/325/325/325/325 | | | |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | | 2000/240 | | | |
| | High pressu | | | 3.12/ | 0.86 | 3.12/ | 0.86 |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [453/ | 125] | [453/ | 125] |
| i recoure | | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | | 2.93/ | 2.93 | |
| | Intermediate | part(PS3) | | | [425/ | 425] | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 86 | [187] | 86 | [187] |
| | | Heat exchanger outlet (TH3) | | 41 | [106] | 41 | [106] |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | 8 | [46] | 8 | [46] |
| Temp. of each sec- | | Accumulator outlet | °C | 8 | [46] | 8 | [46] |
| tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | 19 | [66] | 19 | [66] |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 42 | [108] | 42 | [108] |
| | | LEV inlet | | | 19 | [66] | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger liquid pipe (TH2) | | | 6 | [43] | |

| | | | | Outdoor unit model | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| | | Operation | - | PURY-E | P600YSJM-A1 | | |
| | | | F | PURY-EP350YJM-A | PURY-EP250YJM-A | | |
| Model name | of BC control | er | | CMB-P108V-GA1 | | | |
| | | Indoor | | 27° | C/ 19°C | | |
| | Ambient tempera- ture | maoon | DB/WB | [81° | F/ 66°F] | | |
| | | Outdoor | | 35° | C/ - | | |
| | | Outdoor | | [95° | F/ -] | | |
| | | No. of connected units | Unit | | 6 | | |
| Operating | Indoor unit | No. of units in operation | Unit | | 6 | | |
| Operating conditions | Indoor unit | Model | | 100/100/1 | 00/100/100/100 | | |
| | | Fan speed | | | Hi | | |
| | Piping | Main pipe | | | 5 [17] | | |
| | | Branch pipe | - m [ft] | 10 [33] | | | |
| | | Total pipe length | | 65 [214] | | | |
| | Amount of refrigerant | | kg [lbs-oz] | 39.0 [86] | | | |
| | Electric current | | А | | 18.7 | | |
| Outdoor unit | Voltage | | V | | 400 | | |
| | Compressor frequency | | Hz | 95 65 | | | |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | | Pulse | 325/325/325/325/325/325 | | | |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | 1 0136 | 2000/240 | | | |
| | High pressu | | | 3.00/ 0.79 | 3.00/ 0.79 | | |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [435/ 115] | [435/ 115] | | |
| . 1000010 | | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | 2.7 | 7/ 2.77 | | |
| | Intermediate | part(PS3) | | [40 | 2/ 402] | | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 89 [192] | 89 [192] | | |
| | | Heat exchanger outlet (TH3) | | 40 [104] | 40 [104] | | |
| | Outdoor | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | 8 [46] | 8 [46] | | |
| Temp. of each sec- | unit | Accumulator outlet | °C | 8 [46] | 8 [46] | | |
| tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | 19 [66] | 19 [66] | | |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 41 [106] | 41 [106] | | |
| | | LEV inlet | | | 19 [66] | | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger liquid pipe (TH2) | | | 6 [43] | | |

| | | | | Outdoor unit model | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|---------------|-------|--|
| | | Operation | - | PURY-EP | 650YSJM-A | | |
| | | | F | PURY-EP350YJM-A PURY-EP300YJM- | | | |
| Model name | of BC control | er | | CMB-P108V-GA1 | | | |
| | | la de en | | 27°C/ | 19°C | | |
| | Ambient tempera- ture | Indoor | | [81°F/ | 66°F] | | |
| | | Outdoor | DB/WB | 35°C/ | - | | |
| | | Outdoor | | [95°F/ | -] | | |
| | | No. of connected units | Linit | | 6 | | |
| | la de en conti | No. of units in operation | Unit | | 6 | | |
| Operating conditions | Indoor unit | Model | | 100/100/100 |)/100/125/125 | | |
| | | Fan speed | | | Hi | | |
| | Piping | Main pipe | | 5 | [17] | | |
| | | Branch pipe | m [ft] | 10 [33] | | | |
| | | Total pipe length | [] | 65 [214] | | | |
| | Amount of refrigerant | | kg [lbs-oz] | 40.0 [89] | | | |
| | Electric current | | А | 2 | 0.0 | | |
| Outdoor unit | Voltage | | V | 400 | | | |
| | Compressor frequency | | Hz | 95 74 | | 4 | |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | | Pulse | 325/325/325/325/387/387 | | | |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | r uise | 2000/250 | | | |
| | High pressu | | | 3.08/ 0.83 | 3.08/ | 0.83 | |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [447/ 120] | [447/ | 120] | |
| 1000016 | | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | 2.83/ | 2.83 | | |
| | Intermediate | part(PS3) | | [410/ | 410] | | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 89 [192] | 89 | [192] | |
| | | Heat exchanger outlet (TH3) | | 40 [104] | 40 | [104] | |
| | Outdoor | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | 8 [46] | 8 | [46] | |
| Temp. of each sec- | unit | Accumulator outlet | °C | 8 [46] | 8 | [46] | |
| tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | 19 [66] | 19 | [66] | |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 42 [108] | 42 | [108] | |
| | | LEV inlet | | 19 | [66] | | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger liquid pipe (TH2) | | 6 | [43] | | |

| | | | | Outdoor unit model | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|------------------|--|--|
| | | Operation | | PURY-E | P700YSJM-A | | |
| | | | - | PURY-EP350YJM-A | PURY-EP350YJM-A | | |
| Model name | of BC control | er | | CMB-P1016V-HA1 | | | |
| | | lada ar | | 27°C | C/ 19°C | | |
| | Ambient | Indoor | | [81°] | F/ 66°F] | | |
| | tempera- ture | Outdoor | DB/WB | 35°C | C/ - | | |
| | | Outdoor | | [95° | F/ -] | | |
| | | No. of connected units | Unit | | 7 | | |
| | la de en cueit | No. of units in operation | Unit | | 7 | | |
| Operating conditions | Indoor unit | Model | | 100/100/100 | /100/100/100/100 | | |
| | | Fan speed | | | Hi | | |
| | Piping | Main pipe | | | 5 [17] | | |
| | | Branch pipe | [ft] | 10 [33] | | | |
| | | Total pipe length | | 75 [247] | | | |
| | Amount of refrigerant | | kg [lbs-oz] | 40.6 [90] | | | |
| | Electric current | | А | | 22.3 | | |
| Outdoor unit | Voltage | | V | 400 | | | |
| | Compressor frequency | | Hz | 95 95 | | | |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | | Pulse | 325/325/325/325/325/325/325 | | | |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | 1 0136 | 2000/260 | | | |
| | High pressu | re(63HS1)/ | | 3.14/ 0.88 | 3.14/ 0.88 | | |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [455/ 128] | [455/ 128] | | |
| 1 1633016 | BC controlle | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | 2.84 | 4/ 2.84 | | |
| | Intermediate | part(PS3) | | [41] | 2/ 412] | | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 89 [192] | 89 [192] | | |
| | | Heat exchanger outlet (TH3) | | 42 [108] | 42 [108] | | |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | 8 [46] | 8 [46] | | |
| Temp. of each sec- | | Accumulator outlet | °C | 8 [46] | 8 [46] | | |
| tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | 19 [66] | 19 [66] | | |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 41 [106] | 41 [106] | | |
| | | LEV inlet | | 1 | 8 [64] | | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger liquid pipe (TH2) | | | 5 [41] | | |

(2) Heating only operation

| | | | | Outdoo | or unit model | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------|---------------|--|--|
| | | Operation | F | PURY-E | P400YSJM-A | | |
| | | | | PURY-EP200YJM-A PURY-EP200YJM-A | | | |
| Model name | of BC control | er | | CMB-I | P108V-GA1 | | |
| | | Indoor | | 20°0 | C/ - | | |
| | Ambient | Indoor | DB/WB | [68°] | F/ -] | | |
| | tempera- ture | Outdoor | | 7°(| C/ 6°C | | |
| | | Outdoor | | [45°] | F/ 43°F] | | |
| | | No. of connected units | Unit | | 4 | | |
| Operating | Indoorunit | No. of units in operation | Unit | | 4 | | |
| Operating conditions | Indoor unit | Model | | 100/1 | 00/100/100 | | |
| | | Fan speed | | | Hi | | |
| | Piping | Main pipe | | | 5 [17] | | |
| | | Branch pipe | m [ft] | 10 [33] | | | |
| | | Total pipe length | | 4 | 15 [148] | | |
| | Amount of refrigerant | | kg [lbs-oz] | 30.1 [67] | | | |
| Outdoor | Electric current | | А | | 11.9 | | |
| | Voltage | | V | 400 | | | |
| | Compressor frequency | | Hz | 53 | 53 | | |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | Indoor unit | | 332/332/332/332 | | | |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | Pulse | 110/800 | | | |
| | High pressu | | | 2.64/ 0.69 | 2.64/ 0.69 | | |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [383/ 100] | [383/ 100] | | |
| i lessure | | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | 2.6 | 1/ 2.29 | | |
| | Intermediate | part(PS3) | | [37 | 9/ 332] | | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 73 [163] | 73 [163] | | |
| | | Heat exchanger inlet (TH6) | | 1 [34] | 1 [34] | | |
| | Outdoor | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | 0 [32] | 0 [32] | | |
| Temp. of each sec- tion | unit | Accumulator outlet | °C | -1 [30] | -1 [30] | | |
| | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | -1 [30] | -1 [30] | | |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 42 [108] | 42 [108] | | |
| | | LEV inlet | | 3 | 37 [99] | | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger gas pipe (TH3) | | 7 | 70 [158] | | |

| | | | | | Outdoor u | unit model | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------|---------------|------------|----------|
| | | Operation | - | | PURY-EP4 | 150YSJM-A | |
| | | | - | PURY-EP250YJM-A PURY-EP200YJM | | | 200YJM-A |
| Model name | of BC control | er | | | CMB-P108V-GA1 | | |
| | | Indoor | | | 20°C/ | - | |
| | Ambient tempera- ture | Indoor | DB/WB | | [68°F/ | -] | |
| | | Outdoor | | | 7°C/ | 6°C | |
| | | Outdoor | | | [45°F/ | 43°F] | |
| | | No. of connected units | Unit | | | 4 | |
| Operating | Indoor unit | No. of units in operation | Offic | | 4 | 4 | |
| conditions | | Model | | | 100/100 | /125/125 | |
| | | Fan speed | | | ł | Hi | |
| | | Main pipe | | | 5 | [17] | |
| | Piping | Branch pipe | m [ft] | 10 [33] | | | |
| | | Total pipe length | | 45 [148] | | | |
| | Amount of refrigerant | | kg [lbs-oz] | 32.4 [72] | | | |
| | Electric current | | A | | 13 | 3.5 | |
| Outdoor unit | Voltage | | V | | 40 | 00 | |
| | Compressor frequency | | Hz | 71 53 | | 3 | |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | | Pulse | 332/332/406/406 | | | |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | 1 0130 | | 110/870 | | |
| | High pressu | | | 2.77/ | 0.68 | 2.77/ | 0.68 |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [402/ | 99] | [402/ | 99] |
| 11000010 | BC controlle | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | | 2.74/ | 2.42 | |
| | Intermediate | part(PS3) | | | [397/ | 351] | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 77 | [171] | 77 | [171] |
| | | Heat exchanger inlet (TH6) | | 1 | [34] | 1 | [34] |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | -1 | [30] | -1 | [30] |
| Temp. of each sec- | | Accumulator outlet | °C | -2 | [28] | -2 | [28] |
| tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | -2 | [28] | -2 | [28] |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 41 | [106] | 41 | [106] |
| | | LEV inlet | | | 38 | [100] | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger gas pipe (TH3) | | | 70 | [158] | |

| | | | | Outdoor unit model | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| | | Operation | - | PURY-EP5 | 600YSJM-A | | |
| | | | - | PURY-EP300YJM-A | PURY-EP200YJM-A | | |
| Model name | of BC control | er | | CMB-P108V-GA1 | | | |
| | | lada ar | | 20°C/ | - | | |
| | Ambient tempera- ture | Indoor | | [68°F/ | -] | | |
| | | Outdoor | DB/WB | 7°C/ | 6°C | | |
| | | Outdoor | | [45°F/ | 43°F] | | |
| | | No. of connected units | Linit | Ę | 5 | | |
| | la de en conti | No. of units in operation | Unit | Ę | 5 | | |
| Operating conditions | Indoor unit | Model | | 100/100/10 | 00/100/100 | | |
| | | Fan speed | | F | łi | | |
| | | Main pipe | | 5 | [17] | | |
| | Piping | Branch pipe | [ft] | 10 [33] | | | |
| | | Total pipe length | [] | 55 [181] | | | |
| | Amount of refrigerant | | kg [lbs-oz] | 33.5 [74] | | | |
| Outdoor | Electric current | | А | 15 | i.1 | | |
| | Voltage | | V | 400 | | | |
| | Compressor frequency | | Hz | 81 53 | | | |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | | Pulse | 332/332/332/332/332 | | | |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | 1 0136 | 110/940 | | | |
| | High pressu | | | 2.66/ 0.65 | 2.66/ 0.65 | | |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [386/ 94] | [386/ 94] | | |
| T TESSUIE | | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | 2.63/ | 2.31 | | |
| | Intermediate | part(PS3) | | [381/ | 335] | | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 77 [171] | 77 [171] | | |
| | | Heat exchanger inlet (TH6) | | 1 [34] | 1 [34] | | |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | -1 [30] | -1 [30] | | |
| Temp. of | | Accumulator outlet | °C | -2 [28] | -2 [28] | | |
| each sec- tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | -2 [28] | -2 [28] | | |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 41 [106] | 41 [106] | | |
| | | LEV inlet | | 38 | [100] | | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger gas pipe (TH3) | | 70 | [158] | | |

| | | | | Outdoor unit model | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|--------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| | | Operation | - | PURY-EP5 | 00YSJM-A1 | | |
| | | | - | PURY-EP250YJM-A | PURY-EP250YJM-A | | |
| Model name | of BC control | er | | CMB-P108V-GA1 | | | |
| | | Indoor | | 20°C/ | - | | |
| | Ambient tempera- ture | Indoor | DB/WB | [68°F/ | -] | | |
| | | Outdoor | | 7°C/ | 6°C | | |
| | | Outdoor | | [45°F/ | 43°F] | | |
| | | No. of connected units | Unit | | 5 | | |
| Operating | Indoor unit | No. of units in operation | Unit | | 5 | | |
| Operating conditions | indoor unit | Model | | 100/100/10 | 00/100/100 | | |
| | | Fan speed | | ŀ | łi | | |
| | | Main pipe | | 5 | [17] | | |
| | Piping | Branch pipe | m [ft] | 10 [33] | | | |
| | | Total pipe length | | 55 [181] | | | |
| | Amount of refrigerant | | kg [lbs-oz] | 35.8 [79] | | | |
| Outdoor | Electric current | | А | 15 | 5.5 | | |
| | Voltage | | V | 400 | | | |
| | Compressor frequency | | Hz | 71 71 | | | |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | | Pulse | 332/332/332/332 | | | |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | r uise | 110/940 | | | |
| | High pressu | | | 2.90/ 0.67 | 2.90/ 0.67 | | |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [421/ 97] | [421/ 97] | | |
| T TESSUIE | | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | 2.87/ | 2.55 | | |
| | Intermediate | part(PS3) | | [416/ | 370] | | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 80 [176] | 80 [176] | | |
| | | Heat exchanger inlet (TH6) | | 1 [34] | 1 [34] | | |
| | Outdoor | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | -1 [30] | -1 [30] | | |
| Temp. of each sec- | unit | Accumulator outlet | °C | -2 [28] | -2 [28] | | |
| each sec- tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | -2 [28] | -2 [28] | | |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 41 [106] | 41 [106] | | |
| | | LEV inlet | | 38 | [100] | | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger gas pipe (TH3) | | 70 | [158] | | |

| | | | | Outdoor unit model | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|-------------|--|--|
| | | Operation | - | PURY-EP | 550YSJM-A | | |
| | | | - | PURY-EP300YJM-A PURY-EP250YJM- | | | |
| Model name | of BC control | er | | CMB-P108V-GA1 | | | |
| | | Indoor | | 20°C/ | / _ | | |
| | Ambient tempera- | Indoor | DB/WB | [68°F/ | ′-] | | |
| | ture | Outdoor | | 7°C/ | / 6°C | | |
| | | Outdoor | | [45°F/ | 43°F] | | |
| | | No. of connected units | Unit | | 5 | | |
| Operating | Indoor unit | No. of units in operation | Onit | | 5 | | |
| Operating conditions | Indoor unit | Model | | 100/100/2 | 100/125/125 | | |
| | | Fan speed | - | Hi | | | |
| | Piping | Main pipe | | 5 | 5 [17] | | |
| | | Branch pipe | [ft] | 10 [33] | | | |
| | | Total pipe length | | 55 [181] | | | |
| | Amount of refrigerant | | kg [lbs-oz] | 38.4 [85] | | | |
| | Electric current | | A | 1 | 6.7 | | |
| Outdoor unit | Voltage | | V | 400 | | | |
| | Compressor frequency | | Hz | 81 71 | | | |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | | Pulse | 332/332/332/406/406 | | | |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | 1 0136 | 110/1010 | | | |
| | High pressu | | | 2.79/ 0.64 | 2.79/ 0.64 | | |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [405/ 93] | [405/ 93] | | |
| . 1000010 | | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | 2.76/ | 2.44 | | |
| | Intermediate | part(PS3) | | [400/ | 354] | | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 81 [178] | 81 [178] | | |
| | | Heat exchanger inlet (TH6) | | 1 [34] | 1 [34] | | |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | -2 [28] | -2 [28] | | |
| Temp. of each sec- | | Accumulator outlet | °C | -3 [27] | -3 [27] | | |
| tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | -3 [27] | -3 [27] | | |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 41 [106] | 41 [106] | | |
| | | LEV inlet | | 39 | [102] | | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger gas pipe (TH3) | | 70 | [158] | | |

| | | | | Outdoor unit model | | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|-------|
| | | Operation | - | | PURY-EP6 | 00YSJM-A | |
| | | | - | PURY-EP300 | PURY-EP300YJM-A PURY-EP300YJM | | |
| Model name | of BC control | er | | CMB-P108V-GA1 | | | |
| | | Indoor | | | 20°C/ | - | |
| | Ambient tempera- | Indoor | DB/WB | | [68°F/ | -] | |
| | ture | Outdoor | | | 7°C/ | 6°C | |
| | | Outdoor | | | [45°F/ | 43°F] | |
| | | No. of connected units | Unit | | (| 6 | |
| Operating | Indoor unit | No. of units in operation | Onit | | (| 6 | |
| conditions | | Model | _ | 1(| 00/100/100 | /100/100/100 | |
| | | Fan speed | | Hi | | | |
| | | Main pipe | | | 5 | [17] | |
| | Piping | Branch pipe | m [ft] | 10 [33] | | | |
| | | Total pipe length | | 65 [214] | | | |
| | Amount of refrigerant | | kg [lbs-oz] | 39.0 [86] | | | |
| | Electric current | | A | | 18 | 3.2 | |
| Outdoor unit | Voltage | | V | 400 | | | |
| | Compressor frequency | | Hz | 81 81 | | 1 | |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | | Pulse | 332/332/332/332/332/332 | | | |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | 1 0150 | 110/1080 | | | |
| | High pressu | | | 2.68/ 0.0 | 60 | 2.68/ | 0.60 |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [389/ 87 | '] | [389/ | 87] |
| | BC controlle | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | | 2.64/ | 2.32 | |
| | Intermediate | part(PS3) | | | [383/ | 336] | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 81 [1] | | | [178] |
| | | Heat exchanger inlet (TH6) | | 1 [34 | 4] | 1 | [34] |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | -2 [23 | 8] | -2 | [28] |
| Temp. of each sec- | unit | Accumulator outlet | °C | -3 [2 | 7] | -3 | [27] |
| tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | -3 [2 | 7] | -3 | [27] |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 41 [10 | 06] | 41 | [106] |
| | | LEV inlet | | | 39 | [102] | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger gas pipe (TH3) | | | 70 | [158] | |

| | | | | | Outdoor u | unit model | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|----------------------------|-------------|--------------|-------|--|
| | | Operation | - | PURY-EP600YSJM-A1 | | | | |
| | | | - | PURY-EP350YJM-A PURY-EP250 | | | | |
| Model name | of BC control | er | | | CMB-P1 | 08V-GA1 | | |
| | | Indoor | | | 20°C/ | - | | |
| | Ambient tempera- | Indoor | DB/WB | | [68°F/ | -] | | |
| | ture | Outdoor | | | 7°C/ | 6°C | | |
| | | Outdool | | | [45°F/ | 43°F] | | |
| | | No. of connected units | Unit | | | 6 | | |
| Operating | Indoor unit | No. of units in operation | Onit | | | 6 | | |
| conditions | | Model | _ | | 100/100/100 | /100/100/100 | | |
| | | Fan speed | | | ŀ | Hi | | |
| | | Main pipe | | | 5 | [17] | | |
| | Piping | Branch pipe | m [ft] | 10 [33] | | | | |
| | | Total pipe length | | 65 [214] | | | | |
| | Amount of re | efrigerant | kg [lbs-oz] | 39.0 [86] | | | | |
| | Electric curre | ent | А | | 19 | 9.2 | | |
| Outdoor unit | Voltage | | V | | 40 | 00 | | |
| | Compressor | frequency | Hz | 1(| 101 71 | | | |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | | Pulse | | 332/332/332 | /332/332/332 | | |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | 1 0130 | 110/1080 | | | | |
| | High pressu | | | 2.89/ | 0.66 | 2.89/ | 0.66 | |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [419/ | 96] | [419/ | 96] | |
| 11000010 | BC controlle | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | 2.85/ 2.53 | | | | |
| | Intermediate | part(PS3) | | | [413/ | 367] | | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 80 | [176] | 80 | [176] | |
| | | Heat exchanger inlet (TH6) | | 1 | [34] | 1 | [34] | |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | -1 | [30] | -1 | [30] | |
| Temp. of each sec- | | Accumulator outlet | °C | -2 | [28] | -2 | [28] | |
| tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | -2 | [28] | -2 | [28] | |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 41 | [106] | 41 | [106] | |
| | | LEV inlet | | | 38 | [100] | | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger gas pipe (TH3) | | | 70 | [158] | | |

| | | | | | Outdoor u | unit model | | | |
|-------------------------|------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|---|-------------|--------------|-------|--|--|
| | | Operation | - | PURY-EP650YSJM-A PURY-EP350YJM-A PURY-EP300YJM-A | | | | | |
| | | | - | | | | | | |
| Model name | of BC control | er | | | CMB-P1 | 08V-GA1 | | | |
| | | Indoor | | | 20°C/ | - | | | |
| | Ambient | Indoor | DB/WB | | [68°F/ | -] | | | |
| | tempera- ture | Outdoor | | | 7°C/ | 6°C | | | |
| | | Outdoor | | | [45°F/ | 43°F] | | | |
| | | No. of connected units | Unit | | | 6 | | | |
| Operating | Indoor unit | No. of units in operation | Onit | | | 6 | | | |
| Operating conditions | Indoor unit | Model | | | 100/100/100 | /100/125/125 | | | |
| | | Fan speed | - | | ł | li | | | |
| | | Main pipe | | | 5 | [17] | | | |
| | Piping | Branch pipe | m [ft] | 10 [33] | | | | | |
| | | Total pipe length | | 65 [214] | | | | | |
| | Amount of re | efrigerant | kg [lbs-oz] | 40.0 [89] | | | | | |
| | Electric curre | ent | A | | 20 |).7 | | | |
| Outdoor unit | Voltage | | V | | 400 | | | | |
| | Compressor | frequency | Hz | 101 81 | | | | | |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | | Pulse | 332/332/332/332/406/406 | | | | | |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | 1 0136 | 110/1150 | | | | | |
| | High pressu | | | 2.78/ | 0.63 | 2.78/ | 0.63 | | |
| Pressure | Low pressur | e(63LS) | MPa | [403/ | 91] | [403/ | 91] | | |
| 11000010 | | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | 2.74/ 2.42 | | | | | |
| | Intermediate | part(PS3) | | | [397/ | 351] | | | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 80 | [176] | 80 | [176] | | |
| | | Heat exchanger inlet (TH6) | | 1 | [34] | 1 | [34] | | |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | -1 | [30] | -1 | [30] | | |
| Temp. of each sec- | | Accumulator outlet | °C | -2 | [28] | -2 | [28] | | |
| tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | -2 | [28] | -2 | [28] | | |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 41 | [106] | 41 | [106] | | |
| | | LEV inlet | | | 38 | [100] | | | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger gas pipe (TH3) | | | 70 | [158] | | | |

| | | | | Outdoor | unit model | | | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | Operation | - | PURY-EP700YSJM-A | | | | | |
| | | | - | PURY-EP350YJM-A PURY-EP350YJM- | | | | | |
| Model name | of BC control | ler | | CMB-P1 | 016V-HA1 | | | | |
| | | Indoor | | 20°C/ | - | | | | |
| | Ambient | Indoor | DB/WB | [68°F/ | -] | | | | |
| | tempera- ture | Outdoor | | 7°C/ | 6°C | | | | |
| | | Outdoor | | [45°F/ | 43°F] | | | | |
| | | No. of connected units | Unit | | 7 | | | | |
| | la da an cuit | No. of units in operation | Unit | | 7 | | | | |
| Operating conditions | Indoor unit | Model | | 100/100/100/1 | 00/100/100/100 | | | | |
| | | Fan speed | - | I | Hi | | | | |
| | | Main pipe | | 5 | [17] | | | | |
| | Piping | Branch pipe | m [ft] | 10 [33] | | | | | |
| | | Total pipe length | | 75 [247] | | | | | |
| | Amount of re | efrigerant | kg [lbs-oz] | 40.6 [90] | | | | | |
| | Electric curre | ent | А | 23 | 3.2 | | | | |
| Outdoor unit | Voltage | | V | 4 | 00 | | | | |
| | Compressor | frequency | Hz | 101 101 | | | | | |
| LEV open- | Indoor unit | | Pulse | 332/332/332/3 | 32/332/332/332 | | | | |
| ing | BC controlle | r (LEV1/LEV3) | 1 0136 | 110/1220 | | | | | |
| | High pressu | | | 2.88/ 0.65 | 2.88/ 0.65 | | | | |
| Pressure | Low pressure(63LS) | | MPa | [418/ 94] | [418/ 94] | | | | |
| riccourc | BC controlle | r on the liquid side(PS1)/ | [psi] | 2.84/ 2.52 | | | | | |
| | Intermediate | e part(PS3) | | [412/ | 365] | | | | |
| | | Discharge (TH4) | | 80 [176] | 80 [176] | | | | |
| | | Heat exchanger inlet (TH6) | | 1 [34] | 1 [34] | | | | |
| | Outdoor unit | Accumulator inlet (TH5) | | -1 [30] | -1 [30] | | | | |
| Temp. of each sec- | | Accumulator outlet | °C | -2 [28] | -2 [28] | | | | |
| tion | | Compressor inlet | [°F] | -2 [28] | -2 [28] | | | | |
| | | Compressor shell bottom | | 41 [106] | 41 [106] | | | | |
| | | LEV inlet | | 38 | [100] | | | | |
| | Indoor unit | Heat exchanger gas pipe (TH3) | | 70 | [158] | | | | |

IX Troubleshooting

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[1] Error Code Lists

| | | | | | | Sea | chec | l unit | | |
|----------------|----------------|--------------------|---|--|---|-------------|---------------|---------|-------------------|-------|
| Error Code | | | Error c | Error code definition | | Indoor unit | BC controller | LOSSNAY | Remote controller | Notes |
| 0403 | 4300 4305 | 01 05 (Note) | Serial communication | error | 0 | | | | | |
| 1102 | 1202 | - | Discharge temperatur | e fault | 0 | | | | | |
| 1301 | - | - | Low pressure fault | | 0 | | | | | |
| 1302 | 1402 | - | High pressure fault | | 0 | | | | | |
| 1500 | 1600 | - | Refrigerant overcharg | e | 0 | | | | | |
| - | 1605 | - | Preliminary suction pr | essure fault | 0 | | | | | |
| 2500 | - | - | Drain sensor submer | gence | | 0 | | | | |
| 2502 | - | - | Drain pump fault | | | 0 | 0 | | | |
| 2503 | - | - | Drain sensor (Thd) fa | ult | | 0 | | 0 | | |
| 2600 | - | - | Water leakage | | | | | 0 | | |
| 2601 | - | - | Water supply cutoff | | | | | 0 | | |
| 3121 | - | - | Out-of-range outside air temperature | | 0 | | | | | |
| 4102 | 4152 | - | Open phase | | 0 | | | | | |
| 4106 | - | - | Transmission power supply fault | | 0 | | | | | |
| 4109 | - | - | Fan operation status detection error | | | 0 | | | | |
| 4115 | - | - | Power supply signal s | ync error | 0 | | | | | |
| 4116 | - | - | RPM error/Motor erro | r | | 0 | | 0 | | |
| | | [108] | Abnormal bus voltage | drop | 0 | | | | | |
| 4220 | 4320 | [109] | Abnormal bus voltage | rise | 0 | | | | | |
| 4225 (Note) | 4325 (Note) | [111] | Logic error | | 0 | | | | | |
| | | [131] | Low bus voltage at sta | artup | 0 | | | | | |
| 4230 | 4330 | - | Heatsink overheat pro | otection | 0 | | | | | |
| 4240 | 4340 | - | Overload protection | | 0 | | | | | |
| | | [101] | IPM error | | 0 | | | | | |
| 4250 | 4350 | [104] | Short-circuited IPM/G | round fault | 0 | | | | | |
| 4255 | 4355 | [105] | Overcurrent error due | to short-circuited motor | 0 | | | | | |
| (Note) | (Note) | [106] | Instantaneous overcu | rrent (S/W detection) | 0 | | | | | |
| | | [107] | Overcurrent (effective | value)(S/W detection) | 0 | | | | | |
| 4260 | - | - | Heatsink overheat protection at startup | | 0 | | | | | |
| 5101 | 1202 | _ | Temperature sensor | Return air temperature (TH21) | | 0 | | | | |
| | | | fault | OA processing unit inlet temperature (TH4) | | | | 0 | | |
| 5102 | 1217 | - | Temperature sensor | Indoor unit pipe tempera- ture (TH22) | | 0 | | | | |
| | | | fault | OA processing unit pipe temperature (TH2) | | | | 0 | | |

| | | | | | | Sea | chec | l unit | | |
|---------------|-----------------------------------|---|--|---|--------------|-------------|---------------|---------|-------------------|--|
| Error Code | Prelimi- nary error code | Error (prelim- inary) detail code | Error c | ode definition | Outdoor unit | Indoor unit | BC controller | LOSSNAY | Remote controller | Notes |
| | | | | Indoor unit gas-side pipe temperature (TH23) | | 0 | | | | |
| 5103 | 1205 | 00 | Temperature sensor fault | OA processing unit gas- side pipe temperature (TH3) | | | | 0 | | |
| | | | | Pipe temperature at heat exchanger outlet (TH3) | 0 | | | | | |
| | | | | OA processing unit intake air temperature (TH1) | | | | 0 | | |
| 5104 | 1202 | - | Temperature sensor fault | Outside temperature (TH24) | | 0 | | | | Detectable only by the All- Fresh type in- door units |
| | | | | Outdoor unit discharge temperature (TH4) | 0 | | | | | |
| 5105 | 1204 | - | Temperature sensor fault | Accumulator inlet tempera- ture (TH5) | 0 | | | | | |
| 5106 | 1216 | - | Temperature sensor fault | Heat exchanger inlet tem- perature (TH6) | 0 | | | | | |
| 5107 | 1221 | - | Temperature sensor fault | Outside temperature (TH7) | 0 | | | | | |
| 5110 | 1214 | 01 | Temperature sensor fault | Heatsink temperature (THHS) | 0 | | | | | |
| 5111 | - | - | | Liquid inlet temperature (TH11) | | | 0 | | | |
| 5112 | - | - | Temperature sensor fault | Bypass outlet temperature (TH12) | | | 0 | | | |
| 5115 | - | - | (BC controller) | LEV3 outlet temperature (TH15) | | | 0 | | | |
| 5116 | - | - | | LEV3 inlet temperature (TH16) | | | 0 | | | |
| 5201 | - | - | High-pressure sensor | fault (63HS1) | 0 | | | | | |
| 5201 | 1402 | - | High-pressure sensor (Outdoor unit HPS/BC | | 0 | | 0 | | | |
| 5203 | - | - | Intermediate pressure (BC controller PS3) | e sensor fault | | | 0 | | | |
| | | [115] | ACCT sensor fault | | 0 | | | | | |
| E204 | 4200 | [117] | ACCT sensor circuit fa | ault | 0 | | | | | |
| 5301 | 4300 | [119] | Open-circuited IPM/Lo | pose ACCT connector | 0 | | | | | |
| | | [120] | Faulty ACCT wiring | | 0 | | | | | |
| 5401 | - | - | Temperature sensor fault | | | 0 | | | | |
| 5701 | - | - | Loose float switch connector | | | 0 | | | | |
| 6201 | - | - | Remote controller board fault (nonvolatile memory error) | | | | | | 0 | |
| 6202 | - | - | Remote controller boa | ard fault (clock IC error) | | | | | 0 | |
| 6600 | - | - | Address overlaps | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |

| | | | | | Sea | ched | l unit | | |
|---------------|-----------------------------------|---|--|--------------|-------------|---------------|---------|-------------------|-------|
| Error Code | Prelimi- nary error code | Error (prelim- inary) detail code | Error code definition | Outdoor unit | Indoor unit | BC controller | LOSSNAY | Remote controller | Notes |
| 6601 | - | - | Polarity setting error | | | | | 0 | |
| 6602 | - | - | Transmission processor hardware error | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 6603 | - | - | Transmission line bus busy error | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 6606 | - | - | Communication error between device and trans- mission processors | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 6607 | - | - | No ACK error | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 6608 | - | - | No response error | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 6831 | - | - | MA controller signal reception error (No signal reception) | | 0 | | | 0 | |
| 6832 | - | - | MA remote controller signal transmission error (Synchronization error) | | 0 | | | 0 | |
| 6833 | - | - | MA remote controller signal transmission error (H/ W error) | | 0 | | | 0 | |
| 6834 | - | - | MA controller signal reception error (Start bit de- tection error) | | 0 | | | 0 | |
| 7100 | - | - | Total capacity error | 0 | | | | | |
| 7101 | - | - | Capacity code setting error | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | |
| 7102 | - | - | Wrong number of connected units | 0 | | 0 | | | |
| 7105 | - | - | Address setting error | 0 | | | | | |
| 7106 | - | - | Attribute setting error | | | | 0 | | |
| 7107 | - | - | Port setting error | | | 0 | | | |
| 7110 | - | - | Connection information signal transmission/reception error | 0 | | | | | |
| 7111 | - | - | Remote controller sensor fault | | 0 | | 0 | | |
| 7113 | - | - | Function setting error | 0 | | | | | |
| 7117 | - | - | Model setting error | 0 | | | | | |
| 7130 | - | - | Incompatible unit combination | 0 | | | | | |

Note

The last digit in the check error codes in the 4000's and 5000's and two-digit detail codes indicate if the codes apply to inverter on fan inverter.

Example

Code 4225 (detail code 108): Bus voltage drop in the fan inverter system Code 4230 : Heatsink overheat protection in the inverter system

| The last digit | Inverter system |
|----------------|----------------------------|
| 0 or 1 | Compressor inverter system |
| 5 | Fan inverter system |

[2] Responding to Error Display on the Remote Controller

1. Error Code



Serial communication error

2. Error definition and error detection method

Serial communication error between the control board and the INV board on the compressor, and between the control board and the Fan board

Detail code 01: Between the control board and the INV board Detail code 05: Between the control board and the Fan board

3. Cause, check method and remedy

(1) Faulty wiring

- Check the following wiring connections.
- 1) Between Control board and Fan board

| Control board | FAN board |
|---------------|-----------|
| CN2 | CN21 |
| CN4 | CN4 |
| CN332 | CN18V |

2) Between Fan board and INV board

| FAN board | INV board |
|-----------|-----------|
| CN22 | CN2 |
| | CN5V |
| CN4 | CN4 |

(2) INV board failure, Fan board failure and Control board failure

Replace the INV board or the Fan board or control board when the power turns on automatically, even if the power source is reset.

Note

Refer to section -7- "Inverter" under part [4] Troubleshooting Principal Parts for error codes related to the inverter.(page 323)

1102

Discharge temperature fault

2. Error definition and error detection method

- 1) If the discharge temperature of 120 °C [248°F] or more is detected during the above operation (the first detection), the outdoor unit stops once, turns to anti-restart mode for 3 minutes, and restarts after 3 minutes automatically.
- 2) If the discharge temperature of 120° C [248°F] or more is detected again (the second detection) within 30 minutes after the second stop of the outdoor unit described above, the mode will be changed to 3 minute restart mode, then the outdoor unit will restart in 3 minutes.
- 3) If the discharge temperature of 120°C [248°F] or more is detected (the third detection) within 30 minutes after the stop of the outdoor unit described above (regardless of the first or the second stop), the outdoor unit will make an error stop, and the error code "1102" will be displayed.
- 4) If the discharge temperature of 120°C [248°F] or more is detected more than 30 minutes after the previous stop of the outdoor unit, the detection is regarded as the first detection, and the operation described in step 1 above will start.
- 5) For 30 minutes after the stop (the first stop or the second stop) of the outdoor unit, preliminary errors will be displayed on the LED display.

| | Cause | Check method and remedy |
|--|---|---|
| (1) | Gas leak, gas shortage | Refer to the page on refrigerant amount evaluation.(page 159) |
| (2) | Overload operation | Check operating conditions and operation status of indoor/ outdoor units. |
| (3) (4) (5) (6) | LEV failure on the indoor unit BC controller LEV malfunction Cooling only : LEV3 Cooling main : LEV1,3 Heating only or heating main : LEV3 Defrost : LEV3 BC controller SVM1 and 2 malfunction -> Cooling only or defrost BC controller SVA malfunction -> Cooling only or cooling main | Perform a heating operation and check the operation. Cooling: LEV on the indoor unit BC controller LEV1,3 SVM1,2 SVA,C Heating: LEV on the indoor unit BC controller LEV3 SVB SV4a, SV4b, SV4c, SV4d Refer to the page on troubleshooting LEV.(page 309) |
| (7) (8) | BC controller SVB malfunction -> Heating only or heating main Solenoid valve actuation failure (SV4a, | |
| (0) | SV4b, SV4c, or SV4d) :heating only, heating main | |
| (9) | Port address setting error. | Confirm the port address of the indoor unit. |
| (10) | Closed ball valve | Confirm that the ball valve is fully open. |
| (11) | Outdoor fan (including fan parts) failure, mo- tor failure, or fan controller malfunction Rise in discharge temp. by low pressure drawing for (3) - (11). | Check the fan on the outdoor unit. Refer to the section on troubleshooting the outdoor unit fan.(page 307) |
| (12) | Gas leak between low and high pressures (4-way valve failure, Compressor failure, So- lenoid valve (SV1a) failure) | Perform a cooling or heating operation and check the opera- tion. |
| (13) | Thermistor failure (TH4) | Check the thermistor resistor.(page 251) |
| (14) | Input circuit failure on the controller board thermistor | Check the inlet air temperature on the LED monitor. |

| 1301 | |
|------|--|
| | |

Low pressure fault

2. Error definition and error detection method

When starting the compressor from Stop Mode for the first time if low pressure reads 0.098MPa [14psi] immediately before start-up, the operation immediately stops.

| | Cause | Check method and remedy |
|-----|---|--|
| (1) | Inner pressure drop due to a leakage. | Refer to the section on troubleshooting the low pressure |
| (2) | Low pressure sensor failure | sensor.(page 302) |
| (3) | Short-circuited pressure sensor cable due to torn outer rubber | |
| (4) | A pin on the male connector is missing. | |
| (5) | Disconnected wire | |
| (6) | Failure of the low pressure input circuit on the controller board | |

1302

High pressure fault 1 (Outdoor unit)

2. Error definition and error detection method

- 1) If the pressure of 3.78MPa [548psi] or higher is detected by the pressure sensor during operation (the first detection), the outdoor stops once, turns to antirestart mode for 3 minutes, and restarts after 3 minutes automatically.
- 2) If the pressure of 3.78MPa [548psi] or higher is detected by the pressure sensor again (the second detection) within 30 minutes after the first stop of the outdoor unit, the outdoor unit stops once, turns to anti-restart mode for 3 minutes, and restarts after 3 minutes automatically.
- 3) If the pressure of 3.87MPa [561psi] or higher is detected by the pressure sensor (the third detection) within 30 minutes of the second stop of the outdoor unit, the outdoor unit will make an error stop, and the error code "1302" will be displayed.
- 4) If the pressure of 3.78MPa [548psi] or higher is detected more than 30 minutes after the stop of the outdoor unit, the detection is regarded as the first detection, and the operation described in step 1 above will start.
- 5) For 30 minutes after the stop of the outdoor unit, preliminary errors will be displayed on the LED display.
- The outdoor unit makes an error stop immediately when not only the pressure sensor but also the pressure switch detects 4.15^{+0,-0.15} MPa [601^{+0,-22} psi]

| | Cause | Check method and remedy |
|---|--|--|
| (1) (2) | Indoor unit LEV actuation failure BC controller LEV malfunction Heating only or heating main : Indoor LEV 3 | Perform a heating operation and check the op- eration. Cooling: LEV on the indoor unit BC controller LEV1,3 |
| (3)(4)(5) | Defrost : LEV3 BC controller SVM1 and 2 malfunction ->Cooling only or defrost BC controller SVA and SVC malfunction ->Cooling only or cooling main BC controller SVB malfunction ->Heating only or heating main Solenoid valve actuation failure (SV4a, SV4b, SV4c, or SV4d) ->Cooling only or cooling main | SVM1,1b,2,2b SVA Heating: LEV on the indoor unit BC controller LEV3 SVM2,2b SV4a,SV4b SV4c,SV4d Refer to the page on troubleshooting for LEV and solenoid valve.(page 309) |
| (6) | Port address setting error. | Confirm the port address of the indoor unit. |
| (7) | Refrigerant service valve actuation failure | Confirm that the refrigerant service valve is fully |
| (8) (9) | Short cycle on the indoor unit side Clogged filter on the indoor unit | Check the indoor units for problems and correct them, if any. |
| (10) | Reduced air flow due to dirty fan on the indoor unit fan | |
| (11) | Dirty heat exchanger of the indoor unit | |
| (12) | Indoor fan (including fan parts) failure or motor failure Items (7) through (12) above reduce the condensing capability of the unit, resulting in high-pressure rise during heating oper- ation. | |
| (13) | Short cycle on the outdoor unit | Check the outdoor units for problems and cor- |
| (14) | Dirty heat exchanger of the outdoor unit | rect them, if any. |
| (15) | Outdoor fan (including fan parts) failure, motor failure, or fan controller malfunction Items (13) through (15) above reduce the condensing capabil- ity of the unit, resulting in high-pressure rise during cooling op- eration. | Check the fan on the outdoor unit. Refer to the section on troubleshooting the out- door unit fan.(page 307) |
| (16) | Solenoid valve (SV1a) malfunction The by-pass valve (SV1a) can not control rise in high pressure. | Refer to the section on troubleshooting the sole- noid valve.(page 303) |
| (17) | Thermistor failure (TH3, TH7) | Check the thermistor resistor.(page 251) |
| (18) | Pressure sensor failure | Refer to the page on the troubleshooting of the pressure sensor. (page 301) |
| (19) | Failure of the thermistor input circuit and pressure sensor input circuit on the controller board | Check the sensor temperature/pressure on the LED monitor. |
| (20) | Thermistor mounting problem (TH3, TH7) | Check the sensor temperature/pressure on the |
| (21) | Disconnected male connector on the pressure switch (63H1) or disconnected wire | LED monitor. |

1302

High pressure fault 2 (Outdoor unit)

2. Error definition and error detection method

If the pressure of 0.098MPa [14psi] or lower is registered on the pressure sensor immediately before start-up, it will trigger an abnormal stop, and error code "1302" will be displayed.

3. Cause, check method and remedy

| | Cause | Check method and remedy | |
|-----|--|--|--|
| (1) | Inner pressure drop due to a leakage. | Refer to the page on the troubleshooting of the high | |
| (2) | Pressure sensor failure | pressure sensor.(page 301) | |
| (3) | Shorted-circuited pressure sensor cable due to torn outer rubber | | |
| (4) | A pin on the male connector on the pressure sensor is missing or contact failure | | |
| (5) | Disconnected pressure sensor cable | | |
| (6) | Failure of the pressure sensor input circuit on the controller board | | |

1. Error Code



Refrigerant overcharge

2. Error definition and error detection method

An error can be detected by the discharge temperature superheat.

- If the formula "TdSH ≤ 10°C [18°F]" is satisfied during operation (first detection), the outdoor unit stops, goes into the 3-minute restart mode, and starts up in three minutes.
- 2) If the formula "TdSH ≤ 10°C [18°F]" is satisfied again within 30 minutes of the first stoppage of the outdoor unit (second detection), the unit comes to an abnormal stop, and the error code "1500" appears.
- 3) If the formula "TdSH ≤ 10°C [18°F]" is satisfied 30 minutes or more after the first stoppage of the outdoor unit, the same sequence as Item "1 above (first detection) is followed.
- 4) For 30 minutes after the stop of the outdoor unit, preliminary errors will be displayed on the LED display.

| | Cause | Check method and remedy | |
|-----|---|--|--|
| (1) | Overcharged refrigerant | Refer to the page on refrigerant amount evaluation.(page 159) | |
| (2) | Thermistor input circuit failure on the control board | Check the temperature and pressure readings on the sensor that are displayed on the LED monitor. | |
| (3) | Faulty mounting of thermistor (TH4) | Check the temperature and pressure readings on the thermistor that are displayed on the LED monitor. | |

2500

Drain sensor submergence (Models with a drain sensor)

2. Error definition and error detection method

- 1) If an immersion of the drain sensor in the water is detected while the unit is in any mode other than the Cool/Dry mode and when the drain pump goes from OFF to ON, this condition is considered preliminary water leakage. While this error is being detected, humidifier output cannot be turned on.
- 2) If the immersion of the sensor in the water is detected four consecutive times at an hour interval, this is considered water leakage, and "2500" appears on the monitor.
- 3) Detection of water leakage is also performed while the unit is stopped.
- 4) Preliminary water leakage is cancelled when the following conditions are met:
 - •One hour after the preliminary water leakage was detected, it is not detected that the drain pump goes from OFF to ON. •The operation mode is changed to Cool/Dry.
 - •The liquid pipe temperature minus the inlet temperature is -10°C [-18°F] or less.

| | Cause | | Check method and remedy |
|-----|--|----------|---|
| (1) | Drain water drainage problem •Clogged drain pump •Clogged drain piping •Backflow of drain water from other units | | Check for proper drainage. |
| (2) | Adhesion of water drops to the drain sensor •Trickling of water along the lead wire •Rippling of drain water caused by filter clogging | 1) 2) | Check for proper lead wire installation. Check for clogged filter. |
| (3) | Failure of the relay circuit for the solenoid valve | | Replace the relay. |
| (4) | Indoor unit control board failure •Drain sensor circuit failure | | If the above item checks out OK, replace the indoor unit control board. |

| | - |
|------|---|
| 2500 | |

Drain sensor submergence (Models with a float switch)

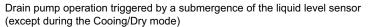
2. Error definition and error detection method

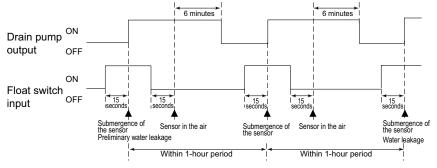
- 1) If an immersion of the float switch in the water is detected while the unit is in any mode other than the Cool/Dry mode and when the drain pump goes from OFF to ON, this condition is considered preliminary water leakage. While this error is being detected, humidifier output cannot be turned on.
- 2) If the drain pump turns on within one hour after preliminary water leakage is detected and the above-mentioned condition is detected two consecutive times, water leakage error water leakage is detected, and "2500" appears on the monitor.
- 3) Detection of water leakage is also performed while the unit is stopped.
- 4) Preliminary water leakage is cancelled when the following conditions are met:
 - •One hour after the preliminary water leakage was detected, it is not detected that the drain pump goes from OFF to ON. •The operation mode is changed to Cool/Dry.
 - •The liquid pipe temperature minus the inlet temperature is 10°C [-18°F] or less.

3. Cause, check method and remedy

| | Cause | Check method and remedy | |
|-----|---|--|--|
| (1) | Drain water drainage problem •Clogged drain pump •Clogged drain piping •Backflow of drain water from other units | Check for proper drainage. | |
| (2) | Stuck float switch Check for slime in the moving parts of the float switch. | Check for normal operation of the float switch. | |
| (3) | Float switch failure | Check the resistance with the float switch turned on and turned off. | |

<Reference>





2502

Drain pump fault (Models with a drain sensor)

2. Error definition and error detection method

- 1) Make the drain sensor thermistor self-heat. If the temperature rise is small, it is interpreted that the sensor is immersed in water. This condition is considered to be a preliminary error, and the unit goes into the 3-minute restart delay mode.
- 2) If another episode of the above condition is detected during the preliminary error, this is considered a drain pump error, and "2502" appears on the monitor.
- 3) This error is always detected while the drain pump is in operation.
- 4) The following criteria are met when the criteria for the forced stoppage of outdoor unit (system stoppage) are met.
 - *"Liquid pipe temperature inlet temperature ≤ -10°C [-18 °F] " has been detected for 30 minutes.
 - *The immersion of drain sensor is detected 10 consecutive times.

*The conditions that are listed under items 1) through 3) above are always met before the criteria for the forced stoppage of the outdoor unit.

- 5) The indoor unit that detected the conditions that are listed in item 4) above brings the outdoor unit in the same refrigerant circuit to an error stop (compressor operation prohibited), and the outdoor unit brings all the indoor units in the same refrigerant circuit that are in any mode other than Fan or Stop to an error stop. "2502" appears on the monitor of the units that came to an error stop.
- 6) Forced stoppage of the outdoor unit

Detection timing: The error is detected whether the unit is in operation or stopped.

7) Ending criteria for the forced stoppage of outdoor unit

Power reset the indoor unit that was identified as the error source and the outdoor unit that is connected to the same refrigerant circuit.

Forced stoppage of the outdoor unit cannot be cancelled by stopping the unit via the remote controller.

(Note) Items 1) - 3) and 4) - 7) are detected independently from each other.

Note

The address and attribute that appear on the remote controller are those of the indoor unit (or OA processing unit) that caused the error.

| 3. | Cause, | check | method | and | remedy |
|----|--------|-------|--------|-----|--------|
|----|--------|-------|--------|-----|--------|

| | Cause | | Check method and remedy |
|-----|--|----------|---|
| (1) | Drain pump failure | | Check for proper functioning of the drain pump. |
| (2) | Drain water drainage problem •Clogged drain pump •Clogged drain piping | | Check for proper drainage. |
| (3) | Adhesion of water drops to the drain sensor •Trickling of water along the lead wire •Rippling of drain water caused by filter clogging | 1) 2) | Check for proper lead wire installation. Check for clogged filter. |
| (4) | Indoor unit control board failure •Drain pump drive circuit failure •Drain heater output circuit failure | | If the above item checks out OK, replace the indoor unit control board. |
| (5) | Items (1) through (4) above and an indoor unit elec- tronic valve closure failure (leaky valve) occurred si- multaneously. | | Check the solenoid valves on the indoor unit for leaks. |

2502

Drain pump fault (Models with a float switch)

2. Error definition and error detection method

- 1) The immersion of sensor tip in water is detected by the ON/OFF signal from the float switch.
 - *Submergence of the sensor

When it is detected that the float switch has been ON for 15 seconds, it is interpreted that the sensor tip is immersed in water.

*Sensor in the air

When it is detected that the float switch has been OFF for 15 seconds, it is interpreted that the sensor tip is not immersed in water.

- 2) If it is detected that the float switch has been ON for 3 minutes after the immersion of the sensor tip was detected, this is considered a drain pump failure, and "2502" appears on the monitor.
 - *The total time it takes for this error to be detected is 3 minutes and 15 seconds, including the time it takes for the first immersion of the sensor tip to be detected.
- 3) Detection of drain pump failure is performed while the unit is stopped.
- 4) The following criteria are met when the criteria for the forced stoppage of outdoor unit (system stoppage) are met.
 - *"Liquid pipe temperature inlet temperature \leq 10°C [-18°F] " has been detected for 30 minutes.
 - *It is detected by the float switch that the sensor tip has been immersed in water for 15 minutes or more.
 - *The conditions that are listed under items 1) through 3) above are always met before the criteria for the forced stoppage of the outdoor unit.
- 5) The indoor unit that detected the conditions that are listed in item 4) above brings the outdoor unit in the same refrigerant circuit to an error stop (compressor operation prohibited), and the outdoor unit brings all the indoor units in the same refrigerant circuit that are in any mode other than Fan or Stop to an error stop.
- 6) Forced stoppage of the outdoor unit Detection timing: The error is detected whether the unit is in operation or stopped. This error is detected whether the unit is in operation or stopped.
- Ending criteria for the forced stoppage of outdoor unit Power reset the indoor unit that was identified as the error source and the outdoor unit that is connected to the same refrigerant circuit.

Forced stoppage of the outdoor unit cannot be cancelled by stopping the unit via the remote controller.

(Note) Items 1) - 3) and 4) - 7) are detected independently from each other.

Note

The address and attribute that appear on the remote controller are those of the indoor unit (or OA processing unit) that caused the error.

| | Cause | Check method and remedy |
|-----|---|--|
| (1) | Drain pump failure | Check for proper functioning of the drain pump mechanism |
| (2) | Drain water drainage problem •Clogged drain pump •Clogged drain piping | Check for proper drainage. |
| (3) | Stuck float switch Check for slime in the moving parts of the float switch. | Check for normal operation of the float switch. |
| (4) | Float switch failure | Check the resistance with the float switch turned on and turned off. |
| (5) | Indoor unit control board failure •Drain pump drive circuit failure •Float switch input circuit failure | Replace indoor unit control board. |
| (6) | Items (1) through (5) above and an indoor unit electronic valve closure failure (leaky valve) occurred simultane- ously. | Check the solenoid valves on the indoor unit for leaks. |

2503

Drain sensor (Thd) fault

2. Error definition and error detection method

•If the open or short circuit of the thermistor has been detected for 30 seconds, this condition is considered to be a preliminary error, and the unit goes into the 3-minute restart delay mode.

•If another episode of the above condition is detected during the preliminary error, this is considered a drain sensor error.(If the short or open circuit of the thermistor is no longer detected, normal operation will be restored in 3 minutes.)

•This error is detected when one of the following conditions are met.

*During Cool/Dry operation

*Liquid pipe temperature minus inlet temperature is equal to or smaller than - 10°C [-18°F] (except during the defrost cycle) *When the liquid temperature thermistor or suction temperature thermistor or short or open circuited.

*Drain pump is in operation.

*One hour has elapsed since the drain sensor went off.

Short: 90°C [194 °F] or above

Open: - 20°C [-4 °F] or below

| Cause | | | Check method and remedy | | |
|-------|--|----|--|--|--|
| (1) | Faulty connector (CN31) insertion. | 1) | Check for connector connection failure. Reinsert the connector, restart the operation, and check for proper operation. | | |
| (2) | Broken or semi-broken thermistor wire | 2) | Check for a broken thermistor wire. | | |
| (3) | Thermistor failure | 3) | Check the resistance of the thermistor. 0°C[32 °F]:6.0k Ω 10°C[50 °F]:3.9k Ω 20°C[68°F]:2.6k Ω 30°C[86°F]:1.8k Ω 40°C[104 °F]:1.3k Ω | | |
| (4) | Indoor unit control board (error detection circuit) failure | 4) | Replace the indoor unit control board if the problem recurs when the unit is operated with the No1 and No2 pins on the drain sensor connector (CN31) being short-circuited. If the above item checks out OK, there are no problems with the drain sensor. Turn off the power and turn it back on. | | |



Water leakage

2. Cause, check method and remedy

Check that water does not leak from the pipes in such as the humidifier.

1. Error Code



Water supply cutoff

| | Cause | Check method and remedy | |
|-----|---|---|--|
| (1) | The water tank of the humidifier is empty. | Check the amount of supply water. Check for the solenoid valve and for the connection. | |
| (2) | The solenoid valve for humidification is OFF. | Check the connector. | |
| (3) | Disconnected float switch | Check the connecting part. | |
| (4) | Poor operation of float switch | Check for the float switch. | |
| (5) | Frozen water tank | Turn off the power source of the water tank to defrost, and turn it on again. | |



Out-of-range outside air temperature

2. Error definition and error detection method

•When the thermistor temperature of -28°C[-18°F] or below has continuously been detected for 3 minutes during heating operation (during compressor operation), the unit makes an error stop and "3121" appears on the display. (Use the OC thermistor temperature to determine when two outdoor units are in operation.)

•The compressor restarts when the thermistor temperature is -26°C[-15°F] or above (both OC and OS) during error stop. (The error display needs to be canceled by setting the remote controller.)

•Outdoor temperature error is canceled if the units stop during error stop. (The error display needs to be canceled by setting the remote controller.)

3. Cause, check method and remedy

Check the following factors if an error is detected, without drop in the outdoor temperature.

| | Cause | Check method and remedy |
|-----|--|--|
| (1) | Thermistor failure | Check thermistor resistance. |
| (2) | Pinched lead wire | Check for pinched lead wire. |
| (3) | Torn wire coating | Check for wire coating. |
| (4) | A pin on the male connector is missing or contact failure | Check connector. |
| (5) | Disconnected wire | Check for wire. |
| (6) | Thermistor input circuit failure on the control board | Check the intake temperature of the sensor with the LED monitor. When the temperature is far different from the actual temper- ature, replace the control board. |

<Reference>

 $\label{eq:hort detection} \begin{array}{c} \mbox{Open detection} \\ \mbox{TH7} \quad 110\ ^\circ\mbox{C}\ [230\ ^\circ\mbox{F}\] \mbox{ and above } (0.4\ k\ \Omega) \quad -40\ ^\circ\mbox{C}\ [-40\ ^\circ\mbox{F}\] \mbox{ and below } (130\ k\ \Omega) \end{array}$

| 4102 | |
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| 4102 | |
| | |

Open phase

2. Error definition and error detection method

•An open phase of the power supply (L1 phase, N phase) was detected at power on. •The L3 phase current is outside of the specified range.

Note

The open phase of the power supply may not always be detected if a power voltage from another circuit is applied.

| | Cause | Check method and remedy |
|-----|---|--|
| (1) | Power supply problem •Open phase voltage of the power supply •Power supply voltage drop | Check the input voltage to the power supply terminal block TB1. |
| (2) | Noise filter problem •Coil problem •Circuit board failure | Check the coil connections. Check for coil burnout. Confirm that the voltage at the CN3 connector is 198 V or above. |
| (3) | Wiring failure | Confirm that the voltage at the control board connector CNAC is 198 V or above. If the voltage is below 198V, check the wiring connection between the noise filter board CN3, noise filter board CN2 and control board CNAC. Confirm that the wiring between noise filter TB23 and INV board SC-L3 is put through CT3. |
| (4) | Blown fuse | Check for a blown fuse (F01) on the control board. ->If a blown fuse is found, check for a short-circuiting or earth fault of the actuator. |
| (5) | CT3 failure | Replace the inverter if this problem is detected after the compres- sor has gone into operation. |
| (6) | Control board failure | Replace the control board if none of the above is causing the problem. |



<Transmission power supply fault Error detail code FF (Outdoor unit)>

2. Error definition and error detection method Transmission power output failure

3. Cause

- 1) Wiring failure
- 2) Transmission power supply cannot output voltage because overcurrent was detected.
- 3) Voltage cannot be output due to transmission power supply problem.
- 4) Transmission voltage detection circuit failure

4. Check method and remedy

Check the items in IX [4] -8- (2) Troubleshooting transmission power circuit of outdoor unit on all outdoor units in the same refrigerant circuit.(page 331)

<Transmission power supply fault other than error detail code FF (Outdoor unit)>

- 2. Error definition and error detection method
 - Transmission power reception failure

3. Cause

One of the outdoor units stopped supplying power, but no other outdoor units start supplying power.

4. Check method and remedy

Check the items in IX [4] -8- (2) Troubleshooting transmission power circuit of outdoor unit on all outdoor units in the same refrigerant circuit.(page 331)

1. Error Code



Indoor unit fan operation error

2. Error definition and error detection method

1) Connector CN28 has remained open-circuited for 100 consecutive secondsduring operation.

| | Cause | Check method and remedy |
|-----|---|---|
| (1) | Auxiliary relay (X13) fault | The coil or the wiring of the auxiliary relay connected to CN28 is faulty. |
| (2) | Connector (CN28) is disconnected. | Check the connector for proper connection. |
| (3) | Blown fuse | Check the fuse on the control circuit board. |
| (4) | Motor error (thermistor error inside the motor) | Check the unit fan for proper operation in the test run mode. If no problems are found with items 1 through 3 above and the fan does not operate, replace the motor. |



Power supply signal sync error

2. Error definition and error detection method

The frequency cannot be determined when the power is switched on.

3. Cause, check method and remedy

| | Cause | Check method and remedy |
|-----|---|--|
| (1) | Power supply error | Check the voltage of the power supply terminal block (TB1). |
| (2) | Noise filter problem •Coil problem •Circuit board failure | Check the coil connections. Check for coil burnout. Confirm that the voltage at the CN3 connector is 198 V or above. |
| (3) | Faulty wiring | Check fuse F01 on the control board. |
| (4) | Wiring failure Between noise filter CN3 and noise filter CN2 and con- trol board CNAC | Confirm that the voltage at the control board con- nector CNAC is 198 V or above. |
| (5) | Control board failure | If none of the items described above is applicable, and if the trouble reappears even after the power is switched on again, replace the control board. |

1. Error Code



RPM error/Motor error

2. Error definition and error detection method

+LOSSNAY

- *The motor keep running even if the power is OFF.
- *The thermal overload relay is ON. (Only for the three-phase model)

Indoor unit

If detected less than 180rpm or more than 2000rpm, the indoor unit will restart and keep running for 3 minutes. If detected again, the display will appear.

| | Cause | Check method and remedy |
|-----|-----------------------------|--|
| (1) | Board failure | Replace the board. |
| (2) | Motor malfunction | Check for the motor and the solenoid switch. |
| (3) | Solenoid switch malfunction | |

| 4220 | |
|------|--|
| | |
| 4225 | |
| 7220 | |
| | |

Abnormal bus voltage drop (Detail code 108)

2. Error definition and error detection method

If Vdc 289V or less is detected during Inverter operation. (S/W detection)

3. Cause, check method and remedy

(1) Power supply environment

Check whether the unit makes an instantaneous stop when the detection result is abnormal or a power failure occurs. Check whether the power voltage (Between L1 and L2, L2 and L3, and L1 and L3) is 342V or less across all phases.

(2) Voltage drop detected

4220

•Check the voltage between the FT-P and FT-N terminals on the INV board while the inverter is stopped and if it is 420 V or above, check the following items.

- 1) Confirm on the LED monitor that the bus voltage is above 289V.
- Replace the INV board if it is below 289 V.
- 2) Check the voltage at CN72 on the control board. ->Go to (3).
- 3) Check the noise filter coil connections and for coil burnout.
- Check the wiring connections between the following sections Between the noise filter board and INV board. Between the INV board and DCL. Replace 72C if no problems are found.

5) Check the IGBT module resistance on the INV board (Refer to the Trouble shooting for IGBT module). (page 328)

•Check the voltage between the FT-P and FT-N terminals on the INV board while the inverter is stopped and if it is less than 420 V, check the following items.

- 1) Check the coil connections and for coil burnout on the noise filter.
- 2) Check the wiring between the noise filter board and INV board.
- 3) Check the connection to SCP1 and SC-P2 on the INV board.
- 4) Check the in-rush current resistor value.
- 5) Check the 72C resistance value.
- 6) Check the DCL resistance value.

Replace the INV board if no problems are found.

4225

•Check the voltage at CNVDC on the Fan board while the inverter is stopped and if it is 420 V or above, check the following items.

- 1) Check the voltage at CN72 on the control board. ->Go to 3).
- 2) Check the noise filter coil connections and for coil burnout.
- 3) Check the wiring connections between the following sections
- Between the INV board and the Fan board.
- Check contents 4220
 - Replace the Fan board if no problems are found.

•Check the voltage at CNVDC on the Fan board while the inverter is stopped and if it is less than 420 V, check the following items.

- 1) Check the state of the wiring connections between the INV board and the Fan board.
- 2) Check contents 4220

Replace the Fan board if no problems are found.

(3) Control board failure

Confirm that DC12V is applied to the connector CN72 on the control board while the inverter is operating. If not, replace the control board.

Note

Refer to section -7- "Inverter" under part [4] Troubleshooting Principal Parts for error codes related to the inverter. (page 323)



Abnormal bus voltage rise (Detail code 109)

2. Error definition and error detection method

If Vdc \geq 830V is detected during inverter operation.

3. Cause, check method and remedy

(1) Different voltage connection

Check the power supply voltage on the power supply terminal block (TB1).

(2) INV board failure

If the problem recurs, replace the INV board. In the case of 4220: INV board In the case of 4225: Fan board

Note

Refer to section -7- "Inverter" under part [4] Troubleshooting Principal Parts for error codes related to the inverter. (page 323)

1. Error Code



Logic error (Detail code 111)

2. Error definition and error detection method

H/W error

If only the H/W error logic circuit operates, and no identifiable error is detected.

3. Cause, Check method and remedy

In the case of 4220

| | Cause | Check method and remedy | |
|-----|-------------------|--|--|
| (1) | External noise | | |
| (2) | INV board failure | Refer to IX [4] -7- (2) [1].(page 325) | |

In the case of 4225

| Cause | | Check method and remedy | |
|-------|-------------------|--|--|
| (1) | External noise | | |
| (2) | Fan board failure | Refer to IX [4] -7- (2) [6].(page 326) | |

Note



Low bus voltage at startup (Detail code 131)

2. Error definition and error detection method

When Vdc \leq 160 V is detected just before the inverter operation.

3. Cause, check method and remedy

(1) Inverter main circuit failure

Same as detail code 108 of 4220 error

Note

Refer to section -7- "Inverter" under part [4] Troubleshooting Principal Parts for error codes related to the inverter. (page 323)

1. Error Code



Heatsink overheat protection

2. Error definition and error detection method

When the heat sink temperature (THHS) remains at or above 100°C [212°F] is detected.

3. Cause, check method and remedy

| Cause | | Check method and remedy | |
|-------|--------------------------|--|--|
| (1) | Fan board failure | Refer to IX [4] -7- (2) [6].(page 326) | |
| (2) | Outdoor unit fan failure | Check the outdoor unit fan operation. If any problem is found with the fan operation, check the fan motor>Refer to IX [4] -7- (2) [5].(page 326) | |
| (3) | Air passage blockage | Check that the heat sink cooling air passage is not blocked | |
| (4) | THHS failure | 1) Check for proper installation of the INV board IGBT. (Check for proper instal- lation of the IGBT heatsink.) | |
| | | Check the THHS sensor reading on the LED monitor. ->If an abnormal value appears, replace the INV board. | |

Note



Overload protection

2. Error definition and error detection method

If the output current of "(Iac) >Imax (Arms)" or "THHS > 95°C[203°F] " is continuously detected for 10 minutes or more during inverter operation.

| Model | Imax(Arms) |
|--------------------------|------------|
| P200,P250 EP200 | 19 |
| P300-P450 EP250-EP350 | 27 |

3. Cause, check method and remedy

| | Cause | Check method and remedy |
|-----|--------------------------|--|
| (1) | Air passage blockage | Check that the heat sink cooling air passage is not blocked |
| (2) | Power supply environment | Power supply voltage is 342 V or above. |
| (3) | Inverter failure | Refer to IX [4] -7(page 323) |
| (4) | Compressor failure | Check that the compressor has not overheated during operation. -> Check the refrigerant circuit (oil return section). Refer to IX [4] -7- (2) [2].(page 325) |

Note

| | _ |
|------|---|
| 4250 | |
| 4255 | |
| | _ |

IPM error (Detail code 101)

2. Error definition and error detection method

In the case of 4250 Overcurrent is detected by the overcurrent detection resistor (RSH) on the INV board. In the case of 4255 IPM error signal is detected.

3. Cause, check method and remedy

In the case of 4250

| | Cause | Check method and remedy |
|-----|-------------------------|---|
| (1) | Inverter output related | Refer to IX [4] -7- (2) [1]-[4].(page 325) |
| | | Check the IGBT module resistance value of the INV board, if no problems are found. (Refer to the Trouble shooting for IGBT module)(page 328) |

In the case of 4255

| | Cause | Check method and remedy |
|-----|--|--|
| (1) | Fan motor abnormality | Refer to IX [4] -7- (2) [5].(page 326) |
| (2) | Fan board failure | Refer to IX [4] -7- (2) [6].(page 326) |
| (3) | Electromagnetic contactor (52F) actuation failure (P450, EP350 only) | Check the wiring between the FAN board, 52F, and fan motor. (page 307) |

Note



Instantaneous overcurrent (Detail code 106) Overcurrent (effective value) (Detail code 107)

2. Error definition and error detection method

Overcurrent 94Apeak or 22Arm and above is detected (P200-P250, EP200 models) OR 94Apeak or 35Arm and above is detected (P300-P450, EP250-EP350 model and above) by the current sensor.

3. Cause, check method and remedy

| Cause | Check method and remedy |
|-----------------------------|---|
| (1) Inverter output related | Refer to IX [4] -7- (2) [1]-[4]. (page 325) Check the IGBT module resistance value of the in- verter board, if no problems are found. (Refer to the Trouble shooting for IGBT module)(page 328) |

Note

Refer to section -7- "Inverter" under part [4] Troubleshooting Principal Parts for error codes related to the inverter.(page 323)

1. Error Code



Short-circuited IPM/Ground fault (Detail code 104)

2. Error definition and error detection method

When IPM/IGBT short damage or grounding on the load side is detected just before starting the inverter.

3. Cause, check method and remedy

| In | tne | case | σ | 4250 | |
|----|-----|------|---|------|--|
| | | | | | |

| Cause | | Check method and remedy |
|-------------------|-----------------|--|
| (1) Grounding fa | ault compressor | Refer to IX [4] -7- (2) [2].(page 325) |
| (2) Inverter outp | out related | Refer to IX [4] -7- (2) [1]-[4].(page 325) |

In the case of 4255

| | Cause | Check method and remedy |
|-----|--|--|
| (1) | Grounding fault of fan motor | Refer to IX [4] -7- (2) [5].(page 326) |
| (2) | Fan board failure | Refer to IX [4] -7- (2) [6].(page 326) |
| (3) | Electromagnetic contactor (52F) actuation failure (P450, EP350 only) | Check the wiring between the FAN board, 52F, and fan motor. (page 307) |

Note

| 4 | 250 |
|----|-----|
| 42 | 255 |

Overcurrent error due to short-circuited motor (Detail code 105)

2. Error definition and error detection method

When a short is detected on the load side just before starting the inverter operation.

3. Cause, Check method and remedy

In the case of 4250

| | Cause | Check method and remedy |
|-----|------------------------------|--|
| (1) | Short - circuited compressor | Refer to IX [4] -7- (2) [2].(page 325) |
| (2) | Output wiring | Check for a short circuit. |

In the case of 4255

| | Cause | Check method and remedy |
|-----|--|--|
| (1) | Short - circuited fan motor | Refer to IX [4] -7- (2) [5].(page 326) |
| (2) | Output wiring | Check for a short circuit. |
| (3) | Electromagnetic contactor (52F) actuation failure (P450, EP350 only) | Check the wiring between the FAN board, 52F, and fan motor. (page 307) |

Note

Refer to section -7- "Inverter" under part [4] Troubleshooting Principal Parts for error codes related to the inverter.(page 323)

1. Error Code



Heatsink overheat protection at startup

2. Error definition and error detection method

The heatsink temperature (THHS) remains at or above 100°C [212°F] for 10 minutes or more at inverter startup.

3. Cause, check method and remedy

Same as 4230 error

| 5101 | | |
|------|----|----|
| | 51 | 01 |

Return air temperature sensor (TH21) fault (Indoor unit) Return air temperature sensor (TH4) fault (OA processing unit)



Pipe temperature sensor (TH22) fault (Indoor unit) Pipe temperature sensor (TH2) fault (OA processing unit)



Gas-side pipe temperature sensor (TH23) fault (Indoor unit) Gas-side pipe temperature sensor (TH3) fault (OA processing unit)

5104

Intake air temperature sensor (TH1) fault (OA processing unit) Intake air temperature sensor (TH24) fault (All-fresh (100% outdoor air) type indoor unit)

2. Error definition and error detection method

•If a short or an open is detected during thermostat ON, the outdoor unit turns to anti-restart mode for 3 minutes. When the error is not restored after 3 minutes (if restored, the outdoor unit runs normally), the outdoor unit makes an error stop. Short: detectable at 90°C [194°F] or higher

Open: detectable at -40°C [-40°F] or lower

•Sensor error at gas-side cannot be detected under the following conditions.

*During heating operation

*During cooling operation for 3 minutes after the compressor turns on.

3. Cause, check method and remedy

| | Cause | Check method and remedy |
|-----|---|--|
| (1) | Thermistor failure | Check the thermistor resistor. |
| (2) | Connector contact failure | 0°C [32°F]: 15 kohm 10°C [50°F]: 9.7 kohm |
| (3) | Disconnected wire or partial disconnected thermistor wire | 20°C [68°F] : 6.4 kohm 30°C [86°F] : 4.3 kohm 40°C [104°F] : 3.1 kohm |
| (4) | Unattached thermistor or contact failure | |
| (5) | Indoor board (detection circuit) failure | Check the connector contact. When no fault is found, the indoor board is a failure. |

5103

Heat exchanger outlet temperature sensor (TH3) fault (Outdoor unit)



Discharge temperature sensor (TH4) fault (Outdoor unit)



Accumulator inlet temperature sensor (TH5) fault (Outdoor unit)



Heat exchanger inlet temperature sensor (TH6) fault (Outdoor unit)



Outside temperature sensor (TH7) fault (Outdoor unit)

2. Error definition and error detection method

•When a short (high temperature intake) or an open (low temperature intake) of the thermistor is detected (the first detection), the outdoor unit stops, turns to anti-restart mode for 3 minutes, and restarts when the detected temperature of the thermistor. •When a short or an open is detected again (the second detection) after the first restart of the outdoor unit, the outdoor unit stops, turns to anti-restart mode for 3 minutes, and restarts in 3 minutes when the detected temperature is within the normal range.

•When a short or an open is detected again (the third detection) after the previous restart of the outdoor unit, the outdoor unit makes an error stop.

•When a short or an open of the thermistor is detected just before the restart of the outdoor unit, the outdoor unit makes an error stop, and the error code "5102", "5103", 5104", "5105", "5106"or "5107" will appear.

•During 3-minute antirestart mode, preliminary errors will be displayed on the LED display.

•A short or an open described above is not detected for 10 minutes after the compressor start, during defrost mode, or for 3 minutes after defrost mode.

Cause Check method and remedy Thermistor failure Check thermistor resistance. (1)(2) Pinched lead wire Check for pinched lead wire. (3) Torn wire coating Check for wire coating. (4) A pin on the male connector is missing or Check connector. contact failure (5)Disconnected wire Check for wire. (6) Thermistor input circuit failure on the control Check the intake temperature of the sensor with the LED board monitor. When the temperature is far different from the actual temperature, replace the control board.

3. Cause, check method and remedy

<Reference>

Short detection

Open detection

```
5110
```

Heatsink temperature sensor (THHS) fault (Detail code 01)

2. Error definition and error detection method

When a short or an open of THHS is detected just before or during the inverter operation.

3. Cause, check method and remedy

| | Cause | Check method and remedy |
|-----|-------------------|---|
| (1) | INV board failure | If the problem recurs when the unit is put into operation, replace the INV board. |

Note

Refer to section -7- "Inverter" under part [4] Troubleshooting Principal Parts for error codes related to the inverter.(page 323)

1. Error Code



Liquid inlet temperature sensor (TH11) fault (BC controller)



Bypass outlet temperature sensor (TH12) fault (BC controller)



LEV3 outlet temperature sensor (TH15) fault (BC controller)



LEV3 inlet temperature sensor (TH16) fault (BC controller)

2. Error definition and error detection method

If a shorted (high temperature intake) or open (low temperature intake) thermistor (TH11, TH12, TH15, or TH16) is detected during operation, the unit makes an error stop, and an error code "5111," "5112," "5115," or "5116" appears on the display.
Detection of a short- or open-circuit as described above is suspended during the defrost cycle and for 3 minutes after the operation mode is changed.

3. Cause, check method and remedy

| | Cause | Check method and remedy |
|-----|---|--|
| (1) | Thermistor failure | Check thermistor resistance. |
| (2) | Pinched lead wire | Check for pinched lead wire. |
| (3) | Torn wire coating | Check for wire coating. |
| (4) | A pin on the male connector is missing or contact failure | Check connector. |
| (5) | Disconnected wire | Check for wire. |
| (6) | Thermistor input circuit failure on the control board | Check the intake temperature of the sensor with the LED monitor. When the temperature is far different from the actual temperature, replace the control board. |

Open detection

<Reference>

Short detection

| TH11 | 110 °C [230 °F] and above (0.4 k Ω) | -40 °C [-40 °F] and below (130 k Ω) |
|------|---|--|
| TH12 | 110 $^\circ \!\! C$ [230 $^\circ \!\! F$] and above (0.4 k $\Omega)$ | -40 $^\circ\text{C}$ [-40 $^\circ\text{F}$] and below (130 k $_\Omega\text{)}$ |
| TH15 | 70 $^\circ$ C [158 $^\circ$ F] and above (0.4 k Ω) | -40 $^\circ\text{C}$ [-40 $^\circ\text{F}$] and below (130 k $\Omega)$ |
| TH16 | 110 °C [230 °F] and above (0.4 k Ω) | -40 °C [-40 °F] and below (130 k Ω) |

5201

High-pressure sensor fault (63HS1)

2. Error definition and error detection method

•If the high pressure sensor detects 0.098MPa [14psi] or less during the operation, the outdoor unit stops once, turns to antirestart mode for 3 minutes, and restarts after 3 minutes when the detected high pressure sensor is 0.098MPa [14psi] or more. •If the high pressure sensor detects 0.098MPa [14psi] or less just before the restart, the outdoor unit makes an error stop, and the error code "5201" will appear.

•During 3-minute antirestart mode, preliminary errors will be displayed on the LED display.

*A error is not detected for 3 minutes after the compressor start, during defrost operation, or 3 minutes after defrost operation.

3. Cause, check method and remedy

| | Cause | Check method and remedy |
|-----|---|---|
| (1) | High pressure sensor failure | Refer to the page on the troubleshooting of the high pressure sensor. (IX [4] -1-) (page 301) |
| (2) | Pressure drop due to refrigerant leak | |
| (3) | Torn wire coating | |
| (4) | A pin on the male connector is missing or contact failure | |
| (5) | Disconnected wire | 1 |
| (6) | High pressure sensor input circuit failure on the control board | |

5201

High-pressure sensor fault (Outdoor unit 63HS1/BC controller PS1)

5203

Intermediate pressure sensor fault (BC controller PS3)

2. Error definition and error detection method

When a pressure sensor reading of 4.06 MPa [589 psi] or above is detected, error codes "5201" and "5203" will appear. The unit will continue its operation by using other sensors as a backup.

3. Cause, check method and remedy

| | Cause | Check method and remedy |
|-----|---|--|
| (1) | High pressure sensor failure | Refer to the page on the troubleshooting of the high pressure sensor. (IX [4] -1-)(page 301) |
| (2) | Pressure drop due to refrigerant leak | |
| (3) | Torn wire coating | |
| (4) | A pin on the male connector is missing or contact failure | |
| (5) | Disconnected wire | |
| (6) | High pressure sensor input circuit failure on the control board | |



ACCT sensor fault (Detail code 115)

2. Error definition and error detection method

When the formula "output current < 1.5 Arms" remains satisfied for 10 seconds while the inverter is in operation.

3. Cause, check method and remedy

| | Cause | Check method and remedy |
|-----|----------------------------|--|
| (1) | Inverter open output phase | Check the output wiring connections. |
| (2) | Compressor failure | Refer to IX [4] -7- (2) [2].(page 325) |
| (3) | INV board failure | Refer to IX [4] -7- (2) [1], [3], [4].(page 325) |

Note

Refer to section -7-"Inverter" under part [4] Troubleshooting Principal Parts for error codes related to the inverter.(page 323)

1. Error Code



ACCT sensor circuit fault (Detail code 117)

2. Error definition and error detection method

When an error value is detected with the ACCT detection circuit just before the inverter starts

3. Cause, check method and remedy

| | Cause | Check method and remedy |
|-----|--------------------|--|
| (1) | INV board failure | Refer to IX [4] -7- (2) [1], [3], [4].(page 325) |
| (2) | Compressor failure | Refer to IX [4] -7- (2) [2].(page 325) |

Note

5301

Open-circuited IPM/Loose ACCT connector (Detail code 119)

2. Error definition and error detection method

Presence of enough current cannot be detected during the self-diagnostic operation immediately before inverter startup.

3. Cause, check method and remedy

| | Cause | Check method and remedy |
|-----|--------------------------------|---|
| (1) | Inverter output wiring problem | Check output wiring connections. Confirm that the U- and W-phase output cables are put through CT12 and CT22 on the INV board respectively. |
| (2) | Inverter failure | Refer to IX [4] -7- (2) [3], [4].(page 325) |
| (3) | Compressor failure | Refer to IX [4] -7- (2) [2].(page 325) |

Note

Refer to section -7- "Inverter" under part [4] Troubleshooting Principal Parts for error codes related to the inverter.(page 323)

1. Error Code



Faulty ACCT wiring (Detail code 120)

2. Error definition and error detection method

Presence of target current cannot be detected during the self-diagnostic operation immediately before startup. (Detection of improperly mounted ACCT sensor)

3. Cause, check method and remedy

| | Cause | Check method and remedy |
|-----|--------------------------------|---|
| (1) | Inverter output wiring problem | Check output wiring connections. Confirm that the U- and W-phase output cables are put through CT12 and CT22 on the INV board respectively. |
| (2) | Inverter failure | Refer to IX [4] -7- (2) [3], [4].(page 325) |
| (3) | Compressor failure | Refer to IX [4] -7- (2) [2].(page 325) |

Note



Temperature sensor fault

2. Error definition and error detection method

•A short-circuit or an open-circuit of the humidity sensor is detected during operation.

3. Cause, check method and remedy

| | Cause | Check method and remedy | | | | |
|-----|---|-------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| (1) | Connector contact failure (CN30) (Loose connector) | 1) | Check the connector for proper contact. Reconnect the connector, and operate the unit to check for proper operation. | | | |
| (2) | Broken or partially broken humidity sensor wire | 2) | Check for broken humidity sensor wire. | | | |
| (3) | Humidity sensor fault | 3) | Check the output voltage across No. 1 and No. 3 pins of connector CN30 with the connector being connected to the indoor unit control board. 30% : 1.25V 40% : 1.52V 50% : 1.88V 60% : 2.19V 70% : 2.48V 80% : 2.79V | | | |
| (4) | Indoor unit control board (detection circuit) fault | 4) | If the above items check out okay, replace the indoor unit control board. | | | |



Loose float switch connector

- 2. Error definition and error detection method Detection of the disconnected float switch (open-phase condition) during operation
- 3. Cause, check method and remedy

(1) CN4F disconnection or contact failure

Check for disconnection of the connector (CN4F) on the indoor unit control board.

1. Error Code



Remote controller board fault (nonvolatile memory error)

2. Error definition and error detection method This error is detected when the data cannot be read out from the built-in nonvolatile memory on the remote controller.

3. Cause, check method and remedy

(1) Remote controller failure

Replace the remote controller.

1. Error Code



Remote controller board fault (clock IC error)

2. Error definition and error detection method This error is detected when the built-in clock on the remote controller is not properly functioning.

3. Cause, check method and remedy

(1) Remote controller failure

Replace the remote controller.

| 6600 | |
|------|---|
| | _ |

Address overlaps

2. Error definition and error detection method

An error in which signals from more than one indoor units with the same address are received

Note

The address and attribute that appear on the remote controller indicate the controller that detected the error.

3. Cause, check method and remedy

| | Cause | Check method and remedy | | |
|-----|--|---|--|--|
| (1) | Two or more of the following have the same address: Outdoor units, BC controllers, indoor units, LOSSNAY units, controllers such as ME remote controllers. | Find the unit that has the same address as that of the error source. Once the unit is found, correct the address. Then, turn | | |
| | <example> 6600 "01" appears on the remote controller Unit #01 detected the error.</example> | off the outdoor units, indoor units, and LOSSNAY units, keep them all turned off for at least five minutes, and turn them back on. | | |
| | Two or more units in the system have 01 as their ad- dress. | •When air conditioning units are operating normally despite the address overlap error | | |
| (2) | Signals are distorted by the noise on the transmission line. | Check the transmission wave shape and noise on the transmission line. See the section "Investigation of Transmission Wave Shape/Noise." | | |

1. Error Code



Polarity setting error

2. Error definition and error detection method

The error detected when transmission processor cannot distinguish the polarities of the M-NET transmission line.

3. Cause, check method and remedy

| | Cause | Check method and remedy |
|-----|--|--|
| (1) | No voltage is applied to the M-NET transmission line that AG-150A/GB-50ADA/PAC-YG50ECA/BAC-HD150 are connected to. | Check if power is supplied to the M-NET transmission line of the AG-150A/GB-50ADA/PAC-YG50ECA/BAC- HD150, and correct any problem found. |
| (2) | M-NET transmission line to which AG-150A/GB- 50ADA/PAC-YG50ECA/BAC-HD150 are connected is short-circuited. | |

6602

Transmission processor hardware error

2. Error definition and error detection method

Although "0" was surely transmitted by the transmission processor, "1" is displayed on the transmission line.

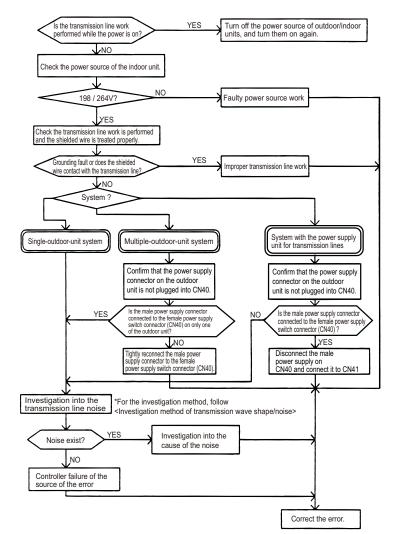
Note

The address/attribute appeared on the display on the remote controller indicates the controller where an error occurred.

3. Cause

- 1) When the wiring work of or the polarity of either the indoor or outdoor transmission line is performed or is changed while the power is on, the transmitted data will collide, the wave shape will be changed, and an error will be detected.
- 2) Grounding fault of the transmission line
- 3) When grouping the indoor units that are connected to different outdoor units, the male power supply connectors on the multiple outdoor units are connected to the female power supply switch connector (CN40).
- 4) When the power supply unit for transmission lines is used in the system connected with MELANS, the male power supply connector is connected to the female power supply switch connector (CN40) on the outdoor unit.
- 5) Controller failure of the source of the error
- 6) When the transmission data is changed due to the noise on the transmission line
- 7) Voltage is not applied on the transmission line for centralized control (in case of grouped indoor units connected to different outdoor units or in case of the system connected with MELANS)

4. Check method and remedy



6603

Transmission line bus busy error

2. Error definition and error detection method

•Generated error when the command cannot be transmitted for 4-10 minutes in a row due to bus-busy

•Generated error when the command cannot be transmitted to the transmission line for 4-10 minutes in a row due to noise

Note

The address/attribute appeared on the display on the remote controller indicates the controller where an error occurred.

3. Cause, check method and remedy

| | Cause | Check method and remedy |
|-----|--|---|
| (1) | The transmission processor cannot be transmit- ted as the short-wavelength voltage like noise ex- ists consecutively on the transmission line. | Check the transmission wave shape and noise on the transmission line. See the section "Investigation of Transmission Wave Shape/Noise." -> No noise indicates that the error source controller is a failure. -> If noise exists, investigate the noise. |
| (2) | Error source controller failure | |

1. Error Code

6606

Communication error between device and transmission processors

2. Error definition and error detection method

Communication error between the main microcomputer on the indoor unit board and the microcomputer for transmission

Note

The address/attribute appeared on the display on the remote controller indicates the controller where an error occurred.

3. Cause, check method and remedy

| | Cause | Check method and remedy | | |
|-----|---|---|--|--|
| (1) | Data is not properly transmitted due to accidental erroneous operation of the controller of the error source. | Turn off the power source of the outdoor and the indoor units.(When the power source is turned off separately, the microcomputer will not be reset, and the error will not be | | |
| (2) | Error source controller failure | corrected.) -> If the same error occurs, the error source controller is a failure. | | |

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No ACK error

2. Error definition and error detection method

The error is detected when no acknowledgement (ACK signal) is received after the transmission. (eg. When the data is transmitted six times in a row with 30 seconds interval, the error is detected on the transmission side.)

Note

The address/attribute appeared on the display on the remote controller indicates the controller which did not provide the response (ACK).

3. System configuration

(1) System with one outdoor unit

| Error source address | Error dis- play | Detection method | | Cause | Check method and remedy |
|--|--|---|---|---|--|
| Outdoor unit (OC) | ME re- mote con- troller (RC) MA re- mote con- troller (MA) | No ac- knowl- edgement (ACK) at IC trans- mission to OC | (1) (2) (3) (4) | Contact failure of transmission line of OC or IC Decrease of transmission line voltage/signal by ex- ceeding acceptable range of transmission wiring. Farthest:200 m [656ft] or less Remote controller wiring: 10m [32ft] or less Erroneous sizing of transmission line (Not within the range below). Wire diameter: 1.25mm ² [AWG16] or more Indoor unit control board failure | Turn off the power source of the outdoor unit, and turn it on again. If the error is accidental, it will run normally. If not, check the causes (1) - (4). |
| BC con- troller (BC) | ME re- mote con- troller (RC) MA re- mote con- troller (MA) | No ac- knowl- edgement (ACK) at IC trans- mission to BC | (1) (2) (3) (4) | When BC controller address is changed or modified during operation. Faulty or disconnected transmission wiring of BC controller Disconnected connector of BC controller (CN02) Faulty control board of BC controller | Turn off the outdoor/in- door units for 5 or more minutes, and turn them on again. If the error is accidental, they will run normally. If not, check the causes (1) - (4). |
| Indoor unit (IC) | | | (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) | When IC unit address is changed or modified during operation. Faulty or disconnected IC transmission wiring Disconnected IC connector (CN2M) Indoor unit controller failure ME remote controller failure | Turn off the outdoor/in- door units for 5 or more minutes, and turn them on again. If the error is accidental, they will run normally. If not, check the causes (1) - (5). |
| LOSS- NAY (LC) | ME re- mote con- troller (RC) MA re- mote con- troller (MA) | No ac- knowl- edgement (ACK) at IC trans- mission to LC | (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) | The power source of LOSSNAY has been shut off. When the address of LOSSNAY is changed in the middle of the operation Faulty or disconnected transmission wiring of LOSSNAY Disconnected connector (CN1) on LOSSNAY Controller failure of LOSSNAY | Turn off the power source of LOSSNAY and turn it on again. If the error is accidental, it will run normally. If not, check the causes (1) - (5). |
| ME re- mote con- control- ler (RC) MA re- mote con- troller (RC) MA re- mote con- troller (MA) | | No ac- knowl- edgement (ACK) at IC trans- mission to RC | (1) (2) (3) (4) | Faulty transmission wiring at IC unit side. Faulty wiring of the transmission line for ME remote controller When the address of ME remote controller is changed in the middle of the operation ME remote controller failure | Turn off the power source of the outdoor unit for 5 minutes or more, and turn it on again. If the error is accidental, it will run normally. If not, check the causes (1) - (4). |

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No ACK error

2. Error definition and error detection method

The error is detected when no acknowledgement (ACK signal) is received after the transmission. (eg. When the data is transmitted six times in a row with 30 seconds interval, the error is detected on the transmission side.)

Note

The address/attribute appeared on the display on the remote controller indicates the controller which did not provide the response (ACK).

3. System configuration

(2) Grouping of units in a system with multiple outdoor units

| Error source address | Error display | Detection method | | Cause | | Check method and remedy |
|----------------------------|--|---|-----|---|----|--|
| Outdoor unit (OC) | ME remote controller (RC) MA remote controller (MA) | No acknowl- edgement (ACK) at IC transmission to OC | | Same cause as that for system with one outdoor unit | | Same remedy as that for sys- tem with one outdoor unit |
| BC con- troller (BC) | ME remote controller (RC) MA remote controller (MA) | No acknowl- edgement (ACK) at IC transmission to BC | | Same cause as that for system with one outdoor unit | | Same remedy as that for sys- tem with one outdoor unit |
| Indoor unit (IC) | ME remote controller (RC) MA remote controller (MA) | No acknowl- edgement (ACK) at RC transmission to IC | (1) | Same causes as (1) - (5) for system with one outdoor unit | 1) | Turn off the power sources of the outdoor and indoor units for 5 or more minutes, and turn them on again. If the error is accidental, the will run normal- ly.If not, check the cause 2). |
| | | | (2) | Disconnection or short circuit of the transmission line for the out- door unit on the terminal block for centralized control line connection (TB7) | 2) | Check the causes of (1) - (5). If the cause is found, correct it. If no cause is found, check 3). |
| | | | (3) | When multiple outdoor units are connected and the power source of one of the outdoor units has been shut off. | 3) | Check the LED displays for troubleshooting on other re- mote controllers whether an error occurs. |
| | | | (4) | The male power supply connector of the outdoor unit is not connect- ed to the female power supply switch connector (CN40). | | If an error is found, -> If an error is found, check the check code definition, and correct the error. |
| | | | (5) | The male power supply connec- tors on 2 or more outdoor units are connected to the female pow- er supply switch connector (CN40) for centralized control. | | If no error is found, -> Indoor unit board failure |
| | | | | If an error occurs, after the unit runs normally once, the following causes may be considered. •Total capacity error (7100) •Capacity code error (7101) •Error in the number of con- nected units (7102) •Address setting error (7105) | | |

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No ACK error

2. Error definition and error detection method

The error is detected when no acknowledgement (ACK signal) is received after the transmission. (eg. When the data is transmitted six times in a row with 30 seconds interval, the error is detected on the transmission side.)

Note

The address/attribute appeared on the display on the remote controller indicates the controller which did not provide the response (ACK).

3. System configuration

(2) Grouping of units in a system with multiple outdoor units

| Error source address | Error display | Detection method | | Cause | | Check method and remedy |
|----------------------------|--|---|-----|---|----|--|
| LOSS- NAY (LC) | ME remote controller (RC) MA remote controller (MA) | No acknowl- edgement (ACK) at IC transmission to LC | (1) | Factors (1) through (5) in the "Factors in system with one outdoor unit" (When perform- ing an interlocked operation of the LOSSNAY unit and the indoor units that are connect- ed to different outdoor units.) | 1) | Turn off the power source of LOSSNAY for 5 or more min- utes, and turn it on again. If the error is accidental, it will run normally. If not, check the cause 2). |
| | | | (2) | Disconnection or short circuit of the transmission line for the outdoor unit on the termi- nal block for centralized con- trol line connection (TB7) | 2) | Check the causes of (1) - (5). If the cause is found, correct it. If no cause is found, check 3). |
| | | | (3) | When multiple outdoor units are connected and the power source of one of the outdoor units has been shut off. | 3) | Same cause as that for indoor unit described in 3) |
| | | | (4) | The male power supply con- nector of the outdoor unit is not connected to the female power supply switch connec- tor (CN40). | | |
| | | | (5) | The male power supply con- nectors on 2 or more outdoor units are connected to the fe- male power supply switch connector (CN40) for central- ized control. | | |
| | | | | If an error occurs, after the unit runs normally once, the following causes may be con- sidered. | | |
| | | | | •Total capacity error (7100) •Capacity code error (7101) | | |
| | | | | Error in the number of connected units (7102) Address setting error (7105) | | |

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| | | |

No ACK error

2. Error definition and error detection method

The error is detected when no acknowledgement (ACK signal) is received after the transmission. (eg. When the data is transmitted six times in a row with 30 seconds interval, the error is detected on the transmission side.)

Note

The address/attribute appeared on the display on the remote controller indicates the controller which did not provide the response (ACK).

3. System configuration

(2) Grouping of units in a system with multiple outdoor units

| Error source address | Error display | Detection method | | Cause | | Check method and remedy |
|--|--|---|-----|--|----|--|
| ME re- mote con- troller (RC) | ME remote controller (RC) MA remote controller (MA) | No acknowl- edgement (ACK) at IC transmission to RC | (1) | Same causes as (1) - (4) for system with one outdoor unit | 1) | Turn off the power source of LOSSNAY for 5 or more min- utes, and turn it on again. If the error is accidental, it will run normally. If not, check the cause 2). |
| | | | (2) | Disconnection or short circuit of the transmission line for the outdoor unit on the termi- nal block for centralized con- trol line connection (TB7) | 2) | Check the causes of (1) - (5). If the cause is found, correct it. If no cause is found, check 3). |
| | | | (3) | When multiple outdoor units are connected and the power source of one of the outdoor units has been shut off. | 3) | Same cause as that for indoor unit described in 3) |
| | | | (4) | The male power supply con- nector of the outdoor unit is not connected to the female power supply switch connec- tor (CN40). | | |
| | | | (5) | The male power supply con- nectors on 2 or more outdoor units are connected to the fe- male power supply switch connector (CN40) for central- ized control. | | |
| | | | | If the problem recurs after normal operation is restored, the problem is caused by one of the following factors: •Total capacity error (7100) | | |
| | | | | Capacity code setting error (7101) Error in the number of connected units (7102) Address setting error (7105) | | |

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No ACK error

2. Error definition and error detection method

The error is detected when no acknowledgement (ACK signal) is received after the transmission. (eg. When the data is transmitted six times in a row with 30 seconds interval, the error is detected on the transmission side.)

Note

The address/attribute appeared on the display on the remote controller indicates the controller which did not provide the response (ACK).

3. System configuration

| Error source address | Error display | Detection method | Cause | Check method and remedy |
|------------------------------|---|---|---|--|
| Out- door unit (OC) | ME remote controller (RC) System control- ler (SC) MA remote controller (MA) | No acknowl- edgement (ACK) at IC transmis- sion to OC | Same cause as that for system with one outdoor unit | Same remedy as that for system with one outdoor unit |
| BC con- troller (BC) | ME remote controller (RC) system control- ler (SC) MA remote controller (MA) | No acknowl- edgement (ACK) at IC transmis- sion to BC | Same cause as that for system with one outdoor unit | Same remedy as that for system with one outdoor unit |

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No ACK error

2. Error definition and error detection method

The error is detected when no acknowledgement (ACK signal) is received after the transmission. (eg. When the data is transmitted six times in a row with 30 seconds interval, the error is detected on the transmission side.)

Note

The address/attribute appeared on the display on the remote controller indicates the controller which did not provide the response (ACK).

3. System configuration

| Error source address | Error display | Detection method | | Cause | CI | heck method and remedy |
|----------------------------|--|---|-----|---|----|--|
| Indoor unit (IC) | ME remote controller (RC) MA remote controller (MA) | No acknowl- edgement (ACK) at RC transmis- sion to IC | | Same as grouping of units in a system with multiple outdoor units | | Same remedy as that for grouping of units in a sys- tem with multiple outdoor units |
| | System control- | No acknowl- | 1. | Error occurrence on some IC | | Same remedy as that for |
| | ler (SC) | edgement (ACK) at SC transmis- | (1) | Same cause as that for system with one outdoor unit | | system with one outdoor unit |
| | | sion to IC | 2. | Error occurrence on all IC in the system with one outdoor unit | 1) | Check the LED display for troubleshooting on the outdoor unit. |
| | | | (1) | Total capacity error (7100) | | •If an error is found, |
| | | | (2) | Capacity code error (7101) | | check the check code definition, and correct |
| | | | (3) | Error in the number of connected units (7102) | | the error. If no error is found, check 2). |
| | | | (4) | Address setting error (7105) | | |
| | | | (5) | Disconnection or short circuit of the trans- mission line for the outdoor unit on the ter- minal block for centralized control line connection (TB7) | 2) | Check (5) - (7) on the left. |
| | | | (6) | Turn off the power source of the outdoor unit | | |
| | | | (7) | Malfunction of electrical system for the outdoor unit | | |
| | | | 3. | Error occurrence on all IC | | Check voltage of the transmission line for cen- |
| | | | (1) | Same causes as (1) - (7) described in 2. | | tralized control. |
| | | (2 | (2) | The male power supply connectors on 2 or more outdoor units are connected to the female power supply switch connector (CN40) for the transmission line for cen- tralized control. | | 20V or more: Check (1) and (2) on the left. Less than 20V: Check (3) on the left. |
| | | | (3) | Disconnection or shutdown of the power source of the power supply unit for trans- mission line | | |
| | | | (4) | System controller (MELANS) malfunction | | |

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No ACK error

2. Error definition and error detection method

The error is detected when no acknowledgement (ACK signal) is received after the transmission. (eg. When the data is transmitted six times in a row with 30 seconds interval, the error is detected on the transmission side.)

Note

The address/attribute appeared on the display on the remote controller indicates the controller which did not provide the response (ACK).

3. System configuration

| Error source address | Error display | Detection method | | Cause | | Check method and remedy | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|-----|---|----|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|-----|---|
| ME re- mote con- troller (RC) | ME remote controller (RC) System con- troller (SC) MA remote controller (MA) | No acknowl- edgement (ACK) at IC transmission to RC | | Same as grouping of units in a system with multiple outdoor units | | Same remedy as that for grouping of units in a system with multiple outdoor units | | | | | | | | | | |
| | System con- | No acknowl- | 1. | Error occurrence on some IC | | Same remedy as that for | | | | | | | | | | |
| | troller (SC) | edgement (ACK) at MELANS | (1) | Same cause as that for system with one outdoor unit | | system with one outdoor unit | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | transmission to RC | 2. | Error occurrence on all IC in the system with one outdoor unit | 1) | Check the LED display for troubleshooting on the out- door unit. | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | (1) | An error is found by the outdoor unit. Total capacity error (7100) Capacity code error (7101) Error in the number of connected units (7102) Address setting error (7105) | | If an error is found, check the check code definition, and correct the error. If no error is found, check the cause 2). | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | (2) | Disconnection or short circuit of the transmission line for the outdoor unit on the terminal block for centralized control line connection (TB7) | 2) | Check (2) - (4) on the left. | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | (3) | Turn off the power source of the outdoor unit | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | (4) | Malfunction of electrical system for the outdoor unit |
| | | | 3. | Error occurrence on all IC | | Check (1) - (4) on the left. | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | (1) | Same causes as (1) - (4) described in 2. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | (2) | When the power supply unit for transmission lines is used and the male power supply connector is connected to the female power supply switch connector (CN40) for the transmission line for central- ized control | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | (3) | Disconnection or shutdown of the power source of the power supply unit for transmission line | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | (4) | System controller (MELANS) mal- function | | | | | | | | | | | | |

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No ACK error

2. Error definition and error detection method

The error is detected when no acknowledgement (ACK signal) is received after the transmission. (eg. When the data is transmitted six times in a row with 30 seconds interval, the error is detected on the transmission side.)

Note

The address/attribute appeared on the display on the remote controller indicates the controller which did not provide the response (ACK).

3. System configuration

| Error source address | Error display | Detection method | | Cause | (| Check method and remedy |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----|---|----|---|
| System controller | ME remote controller | No acknowl- edgement | 1. | Error display on some displays on ME remote controllers | | Check (1) - (3) on the left. |
| (SC) | (RC) MA remote controller | (ACK) at IC transmission to SC | (1) | Faulty wiring of the transmission line for ME remote controller | | |
| | (MA) | | (2) | Disconnection or contact failure of the transmission connector for ME remote controller | | |
| | | | (3) | ME remote controller failure | | |
| | | | 2. | Error occurrence on all IC in the system with one outdoor unit | 1) | Check the LED display for troubleshooting on the out- door unit. |
| | | | (1) | An error is found by the outdoor unit. Total capacity error (7100) Capacity code error (7101) Error in the number of connected units (7102) Address setting error (7105) | | If an error is found, check the check code definition, and correct the error. If no error is found, check the cause 2) |
| | | | (2) | Disconnection or short circuit of the transmission line for the outdoor unit on the terminal block for cen- tralized control line connection (TB7) | 2) | Check (2) - (4) on the left. |
| | | | (3) | Turn off the power source of the outdoor unit | | |
| | | | (4) | Malfunction of electrical system for the outdoor unit | | |
| | | | 3. | Error display on all displays on ME remote controllers | | Check (1) - (4) on the left |
| | | | (1) | Same causes as (1) - (4) described in 2. | | |
| | | | (2) | When the power supply unit for transmission lines is used and the male power supply connector is connected to the female power sup- ply switch connector (CN40) for the transmission line for centralized control | | |
| | | | (3) | Disconnection or shutdown of the power source of the power supply unit for transmission line | | |
| | | | (4) | System controller (MELANS) mal- function | | |

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No ACK error

2. Error definition and error detection method

The error is detected when no acknowledgement (ACK signal) is received after the transmission. (eg. When the data is transmitted six times in a row with 30 seconds interval, the error is detected on the transmission side.)

Note

The address/attribute appeared on the display on the remote controller indicates the controller which did not provide the response (ACK).

3. System configuration

(4) Errors that are not limited to a particular system

| Error source ad- dress | Error dis- play | Detection method | Cause | Check method and remedy |
|--|--------------------|---------------------|--|---|
| Address which should not be existed | - | - | (1) Although the address of ME remote controller has been changed after the group is set using ME remote controller, the indoor unit is keeping the memory of the previous ad- dress. The same symptom will appear for the registration with SC. | Delete unnecessary informa- tion of non-existing address which some indoor units have. Use either of the following two methods for deletion. |
| | | | (2) Although the address of LOSSNAY has been changed after the interlock registration of LOSSNAY is made using ME remote controller, the in- door unit is keeping the mem- ory of the previous address. | Address deletion by ME remote controller Delete unnecessary address in- formation using the manual set- ting function of ME remote controller. Refer to this service handbook "IV. [2]. Group Set- tings and Interlock Settings via the ME Remote Controller 1. (3) Address deletion".(page 83) |
| | | | | 2) Deletion of connection informa- tion of the outdoor unit by the deleting switch |
| | | | | Note that the above method will delete all the group set- tings set via the ME remote controller and all the inter- lock settings between LOSS- NAY units and indoor units. |
| | | | | Turn off the power source of the outdoor unit, and wait for 5 minutes. Turn on the dip switch (SW2- 2) on the outdoor unit control board. |
| | | | | Turn on the power source of the outdoor unit, and wait for 5 minutes. Turn off the power source of the outdoor unit, and wait for 5 minutes. |
| | | | | 5 minutes. Turn off the dip switch (SW2-2) on the outdoor unit control board. Turn on the power source of the outdoor unit. |

6608

No response error

2. Error definition and error detection method

•When no response command is returned although acknowledgement (ACK) is received after transmission, an error is detected.

•When the data is transmitted 10 times in a row with 3 seconds interval, an error is detected on the transmission side.

Note

The address/attribute appeared on the display on the remote controller indicates the controller where an error occurred.

3. Cause

- 1) The transmission line work is performed while the power is on, the transmitted data will collide, and the wave shape will be changed.
- 2) The transmission is sent and received repeatedly due to noise.
- Decrease of transmission line voltage/signal by exceeding acceptable range of transmission wiring. Farthest:200m [656ft] or less

Remote controller wiring:12m [39ft] or less

 The transmission line voltage/signal is decreased due to erroneous sizing of transmission line. Wire diameter: 1.25mm²[AWG16] or more

4. Check method and remedy

- 1) When an error occurs during commissioning, turn off the power sources for the outdoor unit, indoor unit, BC controller, and LOSSNAY for 5 or more minutes, and then turn them on again.
 - When they return to normal operation, the cause of the error is the transmission line work performed with the power on.
 - •If an error occurs again, check the cause 2).
- 2) Check 3) and 4) above.
 - •If the cause is found, correct it.
 - If no cause is found, check 3).
- Check transmission wave shape/ noise on trans-mission line by following "IX [3] Investigation of Transmission Wave Shape/ Noise" (page 298).

Noise is the most possible cause of the error "6608".

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MA controller signal reception error (No signal reception)

2. Error definition and error detection method

Communication between the MA remote controller and the indoor unit is not done properly.
No proper data has been received for 3 minutes.

3. Cause

- 1) Contact failure of the remote controller lines of MA remote controller or the indoor unit.
- 2) All the remote controllers are set to SUB.
- 3) Failure to meet wiring regulations
 - •Wire length
 - •Wire size

Number of remote controllers

Number of indoor units

- 4) The remote controller is removed after the installation without turning the power source off.
- 5) Noise interference on the remote controller transmission lines
- 6) Faulty circuit that is on the indoor board and performs transmission/ reception of the signal from the remote controller
- 7) Problems with the circuit on the remote controller that sends or receives the signals from the remote controller

4. Check method and remedy

- 1) Check for disconnected or loose transmission lines for the indoor units or MA remote controllers.
- 2) Confirm that the power is supplied to the main power source and the remote controller line.
- 3) Confirm that MA remote controller's capacity limit is not exceeded.
- 4) Check the sub/main setting of the MA remote controllers.One of them must be set to MAIN.

5) Diagnose the remote controller (described in the remote controller installation manual).

[OK]: no problems with the remote controller (check the wiring regulations) [NG]: Replace the MA remote controller. [6832, 6833, ERC]: Due to noise interference <Go to 6)>

- 6) Check wave shape/noise on MA remote controller line by following "IX [3] Investigation of Transmission Wave Shape/ Noise".(page 298)
- 7) When no problems are found with items 1) through 6), replace the indoor unit board or the MA remote controller. The following status can be confirmed on LED1 and 2 on the indoor unit board.

•If LED1 is lit, the main power source of the indoor unit is turned on.

•If LED2 is lit, the MA remote controller line is being powered.

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MA remote controller signal transmission error (Synchronization error)

2. Error definition and error detection method

•MA remote controller and the indoor unit is not done properly.

- •Failure to detect opening in the transmission path and unable to send signals
 - *Indoor unit : 3 minutes
 - *Remote controller : 6 seconds

3. Cause

- 1) Contact failure of the remote controller lines of MA remote controller or the indoor unit
- 2) 2 or more remote controllers are set to MAIN
- 3) Overlapped indoor unit address
- 4) Noise interference on the remote controller lines
- 5) Failure to meet wiring regulations

•Wire length

•Wire size

- Number of remote controllers
- Number of indoor units

6) Problems with the circuit on the remote controller that sends or receives the signals from the remote controller

4. Check method and remedy

- 1) Check for disconnected or loose transmission lines for the indoor units or MA remote controllers.
- 2) Confirm that the power is supplied to the main power source and the remote controller line.
- 3) Confirm that MA remote controller's capacity limit is not exceeded.
- 4) Check the sub/main setting of the MA remote controllers.One of them must be set to MAIN.
- 5) Diagnose the remote controller (described in the remote controller installation manual).
 [OK]: no problems with the remote controller (check the wiring regulations)
 [NG]: Replace the MA remote controller.
 [6832, 6833, ERC]: Due to noise interference <Go to 6)>
 (Control of the second second
- Check wave shape/noise on MA remote controller line by following "IX [3] Investigation of Transmission Wave Shape/ Noise".(page 298)
- 7) When no problems are found with items 1) through 6), replace the indoor unit board or the MA remote controller. The following status can be confirmed on LED1 and 2 on the indoor unit board.
 - •If LED1 is lit, the main power source of the indoor unit is turned on.
 - •If LED2 is lit, the MA remote controller line is being powered.

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MA remote controller signal transmission error (Hardware error)

2. Error definition and error detection method

•Communication between the MA remote controller and the indoor unit is not done properly. •An error occurs when the transmitted data and the received data differ for 30 times in a row.

3. Cause

- 1) Contact failure of the remote controller lines of MA remote controller or the indoor unit
- 2) 2 or more remote controllers are set to MAIN
- 3) Overlapped indoor unit address
- 4) Noise interference on the remote controller lines
- 5) Failure to meet wiring regulations
 - Wire length
 - •Wire size
 - Number of remote controllers
 - Number of indoor units
- 6) Problems with the circuit on the remote controller that sends or receives the signals from the remote controller

4. Check method and remedy

- 1) Check for disconnected or loose transmission lines for the indoor units or MA remote controllers.
- 2) Confirm that the power is supplied to the main power source and the remote controller line.
- 3) Confirm that MA remote controller's capacity limit is not exceeded.
- 4) Check the sub/main setting of the MA remote controllers.One of them must be set to MAIN.
- 5) Diagnose the remote controller (described in the remote controller installation manual).
 [OK]: no problems with the remote controller (check the wiring regulations)
 [NG]: Replace the MA remote controller.
 [6832, 6833, ERC]: Due to noise interference <Go to 6)>
- Check wave shape/noise on MA remote controller line by following "IX [3] Investigation of Transmission Wave Shape/ Noise".(page 298)
- 7) When no problems are found with items 1) through 6), replace the indoor unit board or the MA remote controller. The following status can be confirmed on LED1 and 2 on the indoor unit board.
 - •If LED1 is lit, the main power source of the indoor unit is turned on.
 - •If LED2 is lit, the MA remote controller line is being powered.

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MA controller signal reception error (Start bit detection error)

2. Error definition and error detection method

Communication between the MA remote controller and the indoor unit is not done properly.
No proper data has been received for 2 minutes.

3. Cause

- 1) Contact failure of the remote controller lines of MA remote controller or the indoor unit.
- 2) All the remote controllers are set to SUB.
- 3) Failure to meet wiring regulations
 - •Wire length
 - •Wire size

Number of remote controllers

Number of indoor units

- 4) The remote controller is removed after the installation without turning the power source off.
- 5) Noise interference on the remote controller transmission lines
- 6) Faulty circuit that is on the indoor board and performs transmission/ reception of the signal from the remote controller
- 7) Problems with the circuit on the remote controller that sends or receives the signals from the remote controller

4. Check method and remedy

- 1) Check for disconnected or loose transmission lines for the indoor units or MA remote controllers.
- 2) Confirm that the power is supplied to the main power source and the remote controller line.
- 3) Confirm that MA remote controller's capacity limit is not exceeded.
- 4) Check the sub/main setting of the MA remote controllers. One of them must be set to MAIN.

5) Diagnose the remote controller (described in the remote controller installation manual).

[OK]: no problems with the remote controller (check the wiring regulations) [NG]: Replace the MA remote controller. [6832, 6833, ERC]: Due to noise interference <Go to 6)>

- 6) Check wave shape/noise on MA remote controller line by following "IX [3] Investigation of Transmission Wave Shape/ Noise".(page 298)
- 7) When no problems are found with items 1) through 6), replace the indoor unit board or the MA remote controller. The following status can be confirmed on LED1 and 2 on the indoor unit board.

•If LED1 is lit, the main power source of the indoor unit is turned on

•If LED2 is lit, the MA remote controller line is being powered.



Total capacity error

2. Error definition and error detection method

The model total of indoor units in the system with one outdoor unit exceeds limitations.

3. Error source, cause, check method and remedy,

| Error source | | Ca | use | | | | (| Check metho | d and remedy | |
|--------------|-----|--|--------------|-------|------|-----------------------|---|-------------------------|---|--------------|
| Outdoor unit | (1) | tem with one outdoor unit exceeds the fol- lowing table. | | | . 1) | Check th units con | | pacity code total) | of indoor | |
| | | | | | 2) | nected ir | he Qj setting (capacity code) of the con ndoor unit set by the switch (SW2 on in | | | |
| | | Model | Qj Tota | ıl | | | door unit | board). | | |
| | | (E)P200 model | 300 | | | | When the | e model nam | e set by the switcl | h is differ- |
| | | (E)P250 model | 375 | | | | | | nit connected, turr | |
| | | (E)P300 model | 450 | | | | | | utdoor and the ind | |
| | | (E)P350 model | 525 | | | | and char | ige the settin | g of the Qj (capac | ity code) |
| | | (E)P400 model | 600 | | | 3) | Indoor u | nit Qj table | | |
| | | (E)P450 model | 675 | | | | | | | |
| | | (E)P500 model | 750 | | | | | Model | Qj | |
| | | (E)P550 model | 825 | | | | | 15 | 3 | |
| | | (E)P600 model | 900 | | | | | 20 | 4 | |
| | | (E)P650 model | 975 | | | | | 25 | 5 | |
| | | (E)P700 model | 1050 | | | | | 32 | 6 | |
| | | P750 model | 1125 | | | | | 40 | 8 |] |
| | | P800 model | 1200 | | | | | 50 | 10 | 1 |
| | | P850 model | 1275 | | | | | 63 | 13 | 1 |
| | | P900 model | 1350 | | | | | 71 | 14 | 1 |
| | | | | | | | | 80 | 16 | |
| | | | | | | | | 100 | 20 | |
| | | | | | | | | 125 | 25 | 1 |
| | | | | | | | | 140 | 28 | 1 |
| | | | | | | | | 200 | 40 | |
| | | | | | | | | 250 | 50 | |
| | (2) | The model select 4) on the outdoor | | | | | on the ou | | the model selection ipswitches SW5-1 ol board). | |
| | | Model | SW | 5 | | | | | | |
| | | | 1 2 | 3 | 4 | | | | | |
| | | . , | DFF ON | OFF | OFF | | | | | |
| | | (E)P250 model | NO NC | OFF | OFF | | | | | |
| | | (E)P300 model | DFF OFF | ON | OFF | | | | | |
| | | (E)P350 model (| DFF ON | ON | OFF | | | | | |
| | | P400 model | NO NC | ON | OFF | | | | | |
| | | P450 model 0 | OFF OFF | OFF | ON | | | | | |
| | (3) | The outdoor unit (OS) that is conne are not properly o | ected to the | e sam | | | | that the TB3 connected. | on the OC and O | S are |



Capacity code setting error

2. Error definition and error detection method

Connection of incompatible (wrong capacity code) indoor unit or outdoor unit

3. Error source, cause, check method and remedy

| Error source | Cause | | | | | | | | | Check method and remedy |
|-----------------------------|-------|---|--|----------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|----|---|--|
| Outdoor unit Indoor unit | (1) | the s *The conf | model nar switch (SW e capacity irmed by th 1 operatio | /2) is of the ne sel | wrong indo lf-diag | g. or uni gnosis | t can b functi | be | 1) | Check the model name (capacity code) of the in- door unit which has the error source address set by the switch (SW2 on indoor unit board). When the model name set by the switch is different from that of the unit connected, turn off the power source of the outdoor and the indoor units, and change the setting of the capacity code. |
| Outdoor unit | (2) | The model selection switches (SW5-1 - 5-4) on the outdoor unit are set incor- rectly. | | | | | | | Check the setting for the model selection switch on the outdoor unit (Dipswitches SW5-1 - 5-4 on the outdoor unit control board). | |
| | | Model | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | |
| | | (| (E)P200 model | OFF | | OFF | - | | | |
| | | F | (E)P250 model | ON | ON | OFF | | | | |
| | | H | (E)P300 model | OFF | - | ON | OFF | | | |
| | | (| (E)P350 model | OFF | ON | ON | OFF | | | |
| | | | P400 model | ON | ON | ON | OFF | | | |
| | | | P450 model | OFF | OFF | OFF | ON | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |



Wrong number of connected units

2. Error definition and error detection method

The number of connected indoor units is "0" or exceeds the allowable value.

3. Error source, cause, check method and remedy

| Error source | | Cause | Check method and remedy | | | |
|--------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Outdoor unit | terminal block (TB | units connected to the outdoor 3) for indoor/ outdoor transmis- limitations described below. | Check whether the number of units cornected to the outdoor terminal block (TB3) for indoor/ outdoor transmission lines does not exceed the limitation. (See (1) and (2) on the left.) | | | |
| | Number of units | Restriction on the number of units | 2) Check (2) - (3) on the left. | | | |
| | Total number of indoor units | 1 - 20 : (E)P200 model 1 - 25 : (E)P250 models 1 - 30 : (E)P300 models 1 - 35 : (E)P350 models 1 - 40 : (E)P400 models | Check whether the transmission line for the terminal block for centralized control (TB7) is not connected to the terminal block for the indoor/outdoor transmission line (TB3). Check the setting for the model selection | | | |
| | | 1 - 45 : (E)P450 models 1 - 45 : (E)P500 models 2 - 50 : (E)P550 models 2 - 50 : (E)P600 models 2 - 50 : (E)P650 models 2 - 50 : (E)P700 -P900 models | switch on the outdoor unit (Dipswitches SW5-7 on the outdoor unit control boar | | | |
| | Number of BC controllers | 1 ((E)P200 - (E)P350 models only) | | | | |
| | Number of Main BC controllers | 0 or 1 | | | | |
| | Number of Sub BC controllers | 0,1 or 2 | | | | |
| | Total number of LOSSNAY units (During auto address start-up only) | 0 or 1 | | | | |
| | Total number of outdoor units | 1 : (E)P200 - P450 YJM models 2 : (E)P400 - P900 YSJM models | | | | |
| | unit or BC controll (3) Short-circuited tran When (2) and (3) a appear. •ME remote control | nsmission line apply, the following display will roller s on the remote controller be- | | | | |
| | •MA remote contr "HO" or "PLEAS (4) The model selection | oller SE WAIT" blinks. on switch (SW5-7) on the out- | | | | |
| | (5) Outdoor unit addre The outdoor units i | OFF. (Normally set to ON) ess setting error n the same refrigerant circuit do al address numbers. | | | | |
| | (6) In a system with the | e P700 models of units or larger, er than the HA1-type is used as | | | | |



Address setting error

2. Error definition and error detection method

Erroneous setting of OC unit address Erroneous setting of BC controller address

3. Cause, check method and remedy

| Error source | Cause | Check method and remedy |
|-------------------------------|--|---|
| Outdoor unit BC controller | Erroneous setting of OC unit address The address of outdoor unit is not being set to 51 - 100. The address of BC controller is not set to 51 - 100. | Check that the outdoor unit and BC controller addresses are set to 00 or a number between 51 and 100. If the outdoor unit address is out of the valid range, reset the address with the power to the outdoor unit turned off. If the BC controller address is out of the valid range, reset the address with the power to both the outdoor unit and BC controller turned off. |

1. Error Code



Attribute setting error

2. Error definition and error detection method

| Error source | Cause | Check method and remedy |
|--------------|---|--|
| - | A remote controller for use with indoor units, such as the MA remote controller, is connected to the OA processing unit whose attribute is FU. | To operate the OA processing unit directly via a re- mote controller for use with indoor units, such as the MA remote controller, set the DIP SW 3-1 on the OA processing unit to ON. |
| | | Operation Method SW3-1 |
| | | Interlocked operation with the indoor unit OFF |
| | | Direct operation via the MA remote controller ON |

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Port setting error

2. Error definition and error detection method

The port with wrong number is connected to the indoor unit. The model total connected to the port is greater than the specification.

| Error source | | Cause | Check method and remedy |
|---------------|-----|---|---|
| BC controller | (1) | Model total of indoor units per each port or per each port merge is greater than the specification.Total port numberModel totalSingle branching1402 branches merge250 | Before resetting the port number using the port number setting switch or the model using the model (capacity code) setting switch, turn off the power of the outdoor unit, the BC controller and the indoor unit. |
| | (2) | 4 or more indoor units are connected to the same port. | |
| | (3) | When two ports are used, the port with the smaller number is not connected to the indoor unit. | |
| | (4) | For the address of the BC controller (Sub 1 or 2), 50 is not added to the smallest indoor unit address, which is connected to the BC controller (Sub1 or 2). | |
| | (5) | In the system to which multiple BC controllers are connected, the indoor unit address connected to the BC controller is not set as shown below. (i) The indoor unit address which is connected to the BC controller (main) (ii) The indoor unit address which is connected to the BC controller (Sub1) (iii) he indoor unit address which is connected to the BC controller (Sub2) Address setting (i)<(ii)(<(iii)) *(ii) and (iii) can be reversed. | |
| | | Is there a BC controller (Sub)? Are 4 or more indoor units connected to the same port? VES realer than the item (1)? When two ports are used, When two ports are used, When the port No. setting error? When two ports are used, When the port No. setting error? When two ports are used, Connected to the identify the point connection to the port NO Change the port No. Change the port No. | For the address of the BC controller (Sub), is 50 added to the smallest indoor unit address, BC controller (Sub)? NO Change the BC controller (Sub) address. Image: the address of the indoor unit, which is connected to the the Controller (Main), smaller than that of the indoor with is connected to the the Controller (Main), smaller than that of the indoor unit, which is connected to the the Controller (Main), smaller than that of the indoor with is connected to the the Controller (Main), smaller than that of the indoor with is connected to the the Controller (Main), smaller than that of the indoor with is connected to the the Controller (Main), smaller than that of the indoor with is connected to the the Controller (Main), smaller than that of the indoor with is connected to the the Controller (Main), smaller than that of the indoor with is connected to the the Controller (Main), smaller than that of the indoor with is connected to the the Controller (Main), smaller than that of the indoor with is connected to the the Controller (Main), smaller than that of the indoor with is connected to the the Controller (Main), smaller than that of the indoor with is connected to the the Controller (Main), smaller than that of the indoor with is connected to the the Controller (Main), smaller than that of the indoor with is connected to the the Controller (Main), smaller than that of the indoor with is connected to the the Controller (Main), smaller than that of the indoor with is connected to the the Controller (Main), smaller than that of the indoor |

7110

Connection information signal transmission/reception error

2. Error definition and error detection method

The given indoor unit is inoperable because it is not properly connected to the outdoor unit in the same system.

3. Error source, cause, check method and remedy

| Error source | | Cause | | Check method and remedy |
|--------------|-----|--|----|--|
| Outdoor unit | (1) | Power to the transmission booster is cut off. | 1) | Confirm that the power to the transmission booster is not cut off by the booster being connected to the switch on the indoor unit. (The unit will not function properly unless the transmission booster is turned on.) |
| | (2) | Power resetting of the transmission booster and outdoor unit. | | ->Reset the power to the outdoor unit. |
| | (3) | Wiring failure between OC and OS | 2) | Confirm that the TB3 on the OC and OS are properly connected. |
| | (4) | Broken wire between OC and OS. | 3) | Check the model selection switch on the out- |
| | (5) | The model selection switch (SW5-7) on the outdoor unit is set to OFF. (Normally set to ON) | | door unit (Dipswitch SW5-7 on the control board.). |

1. Error Code



Remote controller sensor fault

2. Error definition and error detection method

This error occurs when the temperature data is not sent although the remote controller sensor is specified.

| Error source | Cause | Check method and remedy |
|--|---|--|
| Indoor unit OA process- ing unit | The remote controller without the temperature sensor (the wireless remote controller or the ME compact remote controller (mounted type)) is used and the remote controller sen- sor for the indoor unit is specified. (SW1-1 is ON.) | Replace the remote controller with the one with built-in temperature sensor. |



Function setting error (incorrect resistor connection)

| Error source | | Cause | | Check method and remedy | | |
|--------------|-----|---|---|--|----|---|
| Outdoor unit | (1) | Wiring fault | (Det | tail code 15) | | |
| | (2) | Loose connectors, short-circuit, con- tact failure | 1) | Check the connector CNTYP5 on the control board for proper connection. | | |
| | | | (Det | tail code 14) | | |
| | (3) | Incompatible control board and INV board (replacement with a wrong cir- | 1) | Check the connector CNTYP4 on the control board for proper connection. | | |
| | | cuit board) | 2) | Check the connector CNTYP5 on the control board for proper connection. | | |
| | (4) | DIP SW setting error on the control board | 3) | Check the settings of SW5-1 through SW5-4 on the control board. | | |
| | | | (Det | tail code 12) | | |
| | | | 1) | Check the connector CNTYP2 on the control board for proper connection. | | |
| | | | 2) | Check the connector CNTYP5 on the control board for proper connection. | | |
| | | | 3) | Check the connector CNTYP4 on the control board for proper connection. | | |
| | | | | | 4) | Check the settings of SW5-1 through SW5-4 on the control board. |
| | | | (Det | tail code 16) | | |
| | | | 1) | Check the connector CNTYP on the INV board for proper connection. | | |
| | | | 2) | Check the connector CNTYP5 on the control board for proper connection. | | |
| | | | 3) | Check the connector CNTYP4 on the control board for proper connection. | | |
| | | | 4) | Check the settings of SW5-1 through SW5-4 on the control board. | | |
| | | 5) | Check the wiring between the control board and INV board. (Refer to the section on Error code 0403.) (page 228) | | | |
| | | | (Det | tail code 00, 01, 05) | | |
| | | | 1) | Check the wiring between the control board and INV board. (Refer to the section on Error code 0403.) (page 228) | | |
| | | | 2) | Check the settings of SW5-1 through SW5-4 on the control board. | | |
| | | 3) | Check the connector CNTYP5 on the control board for proper connection. | | | |
| | | 4) | Check the connector CNTYP4 on the control board for proper connection. | | | |
| | | | (Det | tail code Miscellaneous) | | |
| | | | | *If a set-model-name identification error occurs, check the detail code on the unit on which the error occurred. The detail code that appears on other units will be dif- ferent from the ones shown above. | | |



Model setting error

| Error source | | Cause | | Check method and remedy |
|--------------|-----|---|-----|--|
| Outdoor unit | (1) | Wiring fault | (De | tail code 15) |
| | (2) | Loose connectors, short-circuit, con- tact failure | 1) | Check the connector CNTYP5 on the control board for proper connection. |
| | | | (De | tail code 14) |
| | | | 1) | Check the connector CNTYP4 on the control board for proper connection. |
| | | | (De | tail code 12) |
| | | | 1) | Check the connector CNTYP2 on the control board for proper connection. |
| | | | 2) | Check the connector CNTYP5 on the control board for proper connection. |
| | | | (De | tail code 16) |
| | | | 1) | Check the connector CNTYP on the INV board for proper connection. |
| | | | 2) | Check the connector CNTYP5 on the control board for proper connection. |
| | | | 3) | Check the connector CNTYP4 on the control board for proper connection. |
| | | | 4) | Check the wiring between the control board and INV board. (Refer to the section on Error code 0403.) (page 228) |
| | | | (De | tail code 00, 01, 05) |
| | | | 1) | Check the wiring between the control board and INV board. (Refer to the section on Error code 0403.) (page 228) |
| | | | 2) | Check the settings of SW5-1 through SW5-4 on the control board. |
| | | | 3) | Check the connector CNTYP5 on the control board for proper connection. |
| | | | 4) | Check the connector CNTYP4 on the control board for proper connection. |
| | | | (De | tail code Miscellaneous) |
| | | | | *If a set-model-name identification error occurs, check the detail code on the unit on which the error occurred. The detail code that appears on other units will be dif- ferent from the ones shown above. |



Incompatible unit combination

2. Error definition and error detection method

The check code will appear when the indoor units for use with a different type of refrigerant or incompatible units are connected.

| Error source | Cause | Check method and remedy |
|--------------|--|--|
| Outdoor unit | The connected indoor unit or BC controller is exclusively for use with R22 or R407C. An in- compatible indoor unit or BC controller is con- nected. The M-NET connection adapter is connected to the indoor unit system in a system in which the Slim Model (A control) of units are con- nected to the M-NET. Incompatible units are connected. | Check the model names of the connected in- door unit and the BC controller. Check whether the connecting adapter for M-NET is not connected to the indoor unit. (Connect the connecting adapter for M-NET to the outdoor unit.) |

-1- Troubleshooting according to the remote controller malfunction or the external input error

In the case of MA remote controller

1. Phenomena

Even if the operation button on the remote controller is pressed, the display remains unlit and the unit does not start running. (Power indicator 🔘 does not appear on the screen.)

(1) Cause

- 1) The power is not supplied to the indoor unit.
 - •The main power of the indoor unit is not on.
 - •The connector on the indoor unit board has come off.
 - •The fuse on the indoor unit board has melted.
 - Transformer failure and disconnected wire of the indoor unit.
- 2) Incorrect wiring for the MA remote controller
 - •Disconnected wire for the MA remote controller or disconnected line to the terminal block.
 - Short-circuited MA remote controller wiring
 - Incorrect wiring of the MA remote controller cables
 - Incorrect connection of the MA remote wiring to the terminal block for transmission line (TB5) on the indoor unit
 Wiring mixup between the MA remote controller cable and 220 240 VAC power supply cable
 - +Reversed connection of the wire for the MA remote controller and the M-NET transmission line on the indoor unit
- 3) The number of the MA remote controllers that are connected to an indoor unit exceeds the allowable range (2 units).
- 4) The length or the diameter of the wire for the MA remote controller are out of specification.
- 5) Short circuit of the wire for the remote display output of the outdoor unit or reversed polarity connection of the relay.
- 6) The indoor unit board failure
- 7) MA remote controller failure

(2) Check method and remedy

- 1) Measure voltages of the MA remote controller terminal (among 1 to 3).
 - If the voltage is between DC 9 and 12V, the remote controller is a failure.
 If no voltage is applied, check the causes 1) and 3) and if the cause is found, correct it. If no cause is found, refer to 2).
- 2) Remove the wire for the remote controller from the terminal block (TB15) on the MA remote controller for the indoor unit, and check voltage among 1 to 3.
 - +If the voltage is between DC 9 and 12 V, check the causes 2) and 4) and if the cause is found, correct it.
 - •If no voltage is applied, check the cause 1) and if the cause is found, correct it.
 - If no cause is found, check the wire for the remote display output (relay polarity).
 - If no further cause is found, replace the indoor unit board.

2. Phenomena

When the remote controller operation SW is turned on, the operation status briefly appears on the display, then it goes off, and the display lights out immediately, and the unit stops.

(1) Cause

- 1) The power for the M-NET transmission line is not supplied from the outdoor unit.
- 2) Short circuit of the transmission line.
- 3) Incorrect wiring of the M-NETtransmission line on the outdoorunit.

•Disconnected wire for the MA remote controller or disconnected line to the terminal block.

•The indoor transmission line is connected incorrectly to the transmission terminal block for centralized controller (TB7).

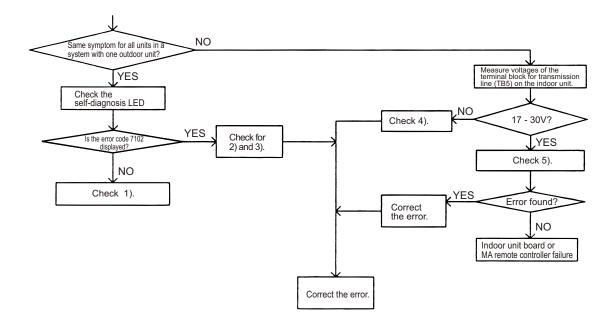
•The male power supply connectors on the multiple outdoor units are connected to the female power supply switch connector (CN40).

In the system to which the power supply unit for transmission lines is connected, the male power supply connector is connected to the female power supply switch connector (CN40) on the outdoor unit.

- 4) Disconnected M-NET transmission line on the indoor unit side.
- 5) Disconnected wire between the terminal block for M-NET line (TB5) of the indoor unit and the indoor unit board (CN2M) or disconnected connector.

(2) Check method and remedy

1) When 2) and 3) above apply, check code 7102 will be displayed on the self-diagnosis LED.



Refer to IX [4] -8- (2) "Troubleshooting transmission power circuit of outdoor unit" for how to check item 1 in the flow chart above.(page 331)

3. Phenomena

"HO" or "PLEASE WAIT" display on the remote controller does not disappear, and no operation is performed even if the button is pressed. ("HO" or "PLEASE WAIT" display will normally turn off 5 minutes later after the power on.)

(1) Cause

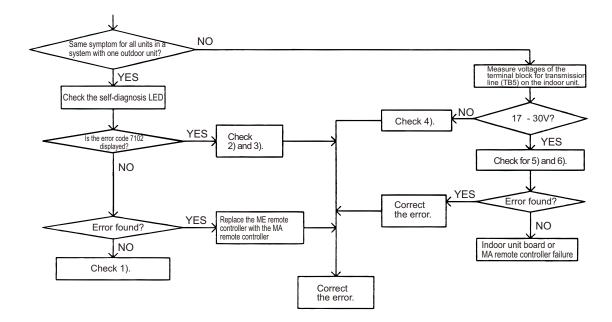
- 1) The power for the M-NET transmission line is not supplied from the outdoor unit.
- 2) Short-circuited transmission line
- 3) Incorrect wiring of the M-NET transmission line on the outdoor unit.
 - •Disconnected wire for the MA remote controller or disconnected line to the terminal block.
 - •The indoor transmission line is connected incorrectly to the transmission terminal block for centralized controller (TB7).
 - •The male power supply connectors on the multiple outdoor units are connected to the female power supply switch connector (CN40).

In the system to which the power supply unit for transmission lines is connected, the male power supply connector is connected to the female power supply switch connector (CN40) on the outdoor unit

- 4) Disconnected M-NET transmission line on the indoor unit.
- 5) Disconnected wire between the terminal block for M-NET line (TB5) of the indoor unit and the indoor unit board (CN2M) or disconnected connector.
- 6) Incorrect wiring for the MA remote controller
 - •Short-circuited wire for the MA remote controller
 - •Disconnected wire for the MA remote controller (No.2) and disconnected line to the terminal block.
 - •Reversed daisy-chain connection between groups
 - •Incorrect wiring for the MA remote controller to the terminal block for transmission line connection (TB5) on the indoor unit •The M-NET transmission line is connected incorrectly to the terminal block (TB13) for the MA remote controller.
- 7) The sub/main setting of the MA remote controller is set to sub.
- 8) 2 or more main MA remote controllers are connected.
- 9) Indoor unit board failure (MA remote controller communication circuit)
- 10) Remote controller failure
- 11) Outdoor unit failure (Refer to IX [8] Troubleshooting Using the Outdoor Unit LED Error Display.)(page 352)

(2) Check method and remedy

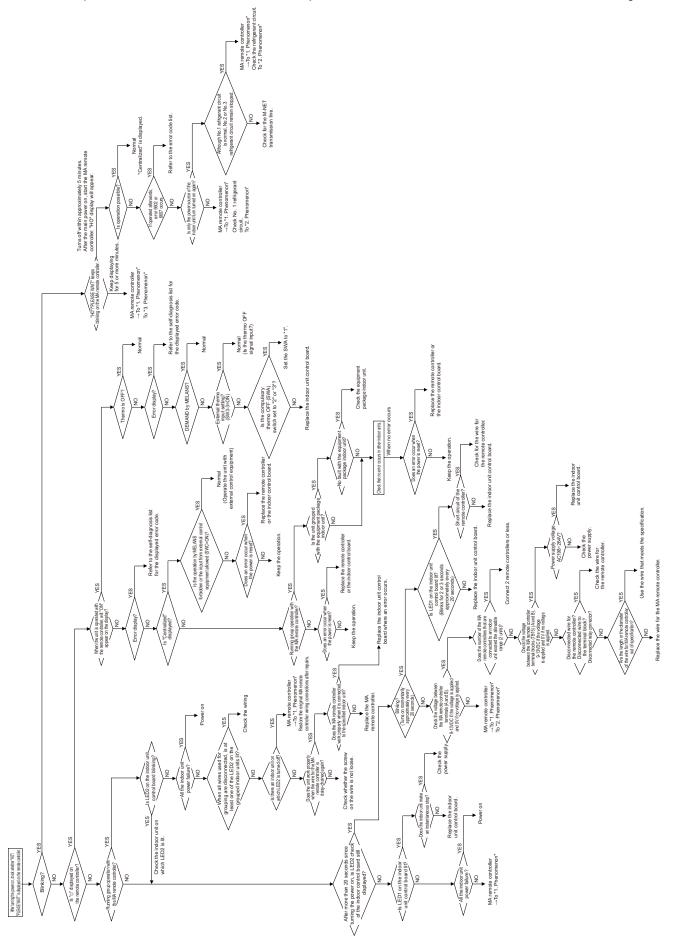
1) When 2) and 3) above apply, check code 7102 will be displayed on the self-diagnosis LED.



Refer to IX [4] -8- (2) "Troubleshooting transmission power circuit of outdoor unit" for how to check item 1 in the flow chart above.(page 331)

Flow chart

Even if the operation button on the remote controller is pressed, the indoor and the outdoor units do not start running.



1. Phenomena

Even if the operation button on the remote controller is pressed, the display remains unlit and the unit does not start running. (Power indicator \odot does not appear on the screen.)

(1) Cause

- 1) The power for the M-NET transmission line is not supplied from the indoor unit.
- 2) Short circuit of the transmission line.
- 3) Incorrect wiring of the M-NET transmission line on the outdoor unit.
 - •Disconnected wire for the MA remote controller or disconnected line to the terminal block.
- •The indoor transmission line is connected incorrectly to the transmission terminal block for centralized controller (TB7).
- 4) Disconnected transmission line on the remote controller.
- 5) Remote controller failure
- 6) Outdoor unit failure (Refer to IX [8] Troubleshooting Using the Outdoor Unit LED Error Display.)(page 352)

(2) Check method and remedy

- 1) Check voltage of the transmission terminal block for of the ME remote controller.
- •If voltage between is 17V and 30V -> ME remote controller failure
- When voltage is 17V or less -> Refer to IX [4] -8- (2) "Troubleshooting transmission power curcuit of outdoor unit".(page 331)
- 2) When 2) and 3) above apply, check code 7102 will be displayed on the self-diagnosis LED.

2. Phenomena

When the remote controller operation SW is turned on, a temporary operation display is indicated, and the display lights out immediately.

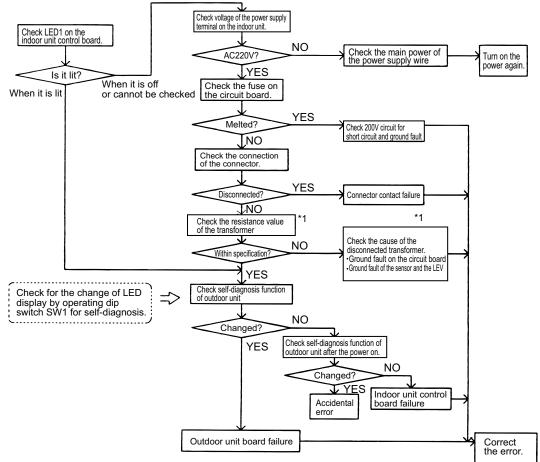
(1) Cause

1) The power is not supplied to the indoor unit.

- •The main power of the indoor unit (AC220V) is not on.
- •The connector on the indoor unit board has come off.
- •The fuse on the indoor unit board has melted.
- •Transformer failure and disconnected wire of the indoor unit
- •The indoor unit board failure
- 2) The outdoor control board failure

As the indoor unit does not interact with the outdoor unit, the outdoor unit model cannot be recognized.

(2) Check method and remedy



*1. Refer to the parts catalog "transformer check".

3. Phenomena

"HO" display on the remote controller does not disappear, and no operation is performed even if the button is pressed.

(1) Cause

Without using MELANS

- 1) Outdoor unit address is set to "00"
- 2) A wrong address is set.

•The address of the indoor unit that is connected to the remote controller is incorrect. (It should equal the ME remote controller address plus 100.)

+A wrong address is set to the ME remote controller. (100 must be added to the address of the indoor unit.)

- 3) Faulty wiring of the terminal block for transmission line (TB5) of the indoor unit in the same group with the remote controller.
- 4) The centralized control switch (SW2-1) on the outdoor unit is set to ON.
- 5) Disconnection or faulty wiring of indoor unit transmission line.
- 6) Disconnection between the terminal block for M-NET line connection (TB5) of the indoor unit and the male connector (CN2M)
 7) The male power supply connectors on 2 or more outdoor units are connected to the female power supply switch connector
- (CN40) for the transmission line for centralized control.
- 8) Outdoor unit control board failure
- 9) Indoor unit control board failure
- 10) Remote controller failure

Interlocking control with MELANS

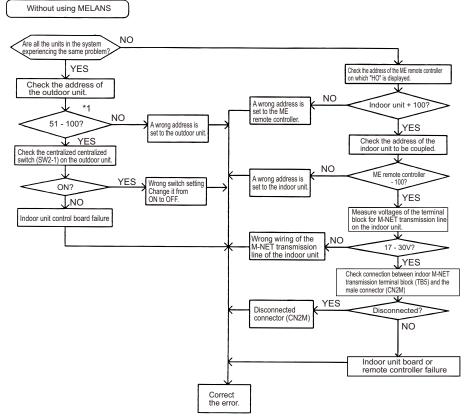
- 11) No group registration is made using MELANS. (The indoor unit and the ME remote controller are not grouped.)
- 12) Disconnected transmission line for centralized control (TB7) of the outdoor unit
- 13) The male power supply connector is connected to CN40 on more than one outdoor unit, or the connector is connected to CN40 on the outdoor unit in the system to which a power supply unit for transmission line is connected.

Using MELANS

14) When MELANS is used, "HO" display on the remote controller will disappear when the indoor unit and the local remote controller (ME remote controller) are grouped.

If "HO" does not disappear after the registration, check the causes (2) 1) - 3).

(2) Check method and remedy



*1. When the indoor unit address is set to 1 - 50, the address will be forcibly set to 100.

4. Phenomena

"88" appears on the remote controller when the address is registered or confirmed.

| | Cause | | Check method and remedy |
|---|---|-----|---|
| | error occurs when the address is registered or con- ed. (common) | | |
| 1. | A wrong address is set to the unit to be coupled. | (1) | Confirm the address of unit to be coupled. |
| 2. | The transmission line of the unit to be coupled is dis- connected or is not connected. | (2) | Check the connection of transmission line. |
| 3. | Circuit board failure of the unit to be coupled | (3) | Check voltage of the terminal block for transmission line of the unit to be coupled. |
| | | 1) | Normal if voltage is between DC17 and 30V. |
| 4. | Improper transmission line work | 2) | Check (4) in case other than 1). |
| Generates at interlocking registration between LOSS- NAY and the indoor unit | | | |
| 5. | The power of LOSSNAY is OFF. | (4) | Check for the main power of LOSSNAY. |
| syst | terates at confirmation of controllers used in the tem in which the indoor units connected to different door units are grouped The power of the outdoor unit to be confirmed has | (5) | Check the power supply of the outdoor unit which is |
| 0. | been cut off. | (0) | coupled with the unit to be confirmed. |
| 7. | The power of the outdoor unit to be confirmed has been cut off. | (6) | Check that the transmission line for centralized control (TB7) of the outdoor unit is not disconnected. |
| 8. | When the indoor units connected to different outdoor units are grouped without MELANS, the male power supply connector is not connected to the female power supply switch connector (CN40) for the trans- mission line for centralized control. | (7) | Check voltage of the transmission line for central- ized control. |
| 9. | The male power supply connectors on 2 or more out- door units are connected to the female power supply switch connector (CN40) for the transmission line for centralized control. | 1) | Normal when voltage is between 10V and 30V |
| 10. | In the system to which MELANS is connected, the male power supply connector is connected to the fe- male power supply switch connector (CN40) for the transmission line for centralized control. | 2) | Check 8 - 11 described on the left in case other than 1). |
| 11. | Short circuit of the transmission line for centralized control | | |

Both for MA remote controller and ME remote controller

1. Phenomena

Although cooling operation starts with the normal remote controller display, the capacity is not enough

| | Cause | | Check method and remedy |
|----|---|-------|---|
| 1. | Compressor frequency does not rise sufficiently. Faulty detection of pressure sensor. Protection works and compressor frequency does not rise due to high discharge temperature Protection works and compressor frequency does not rise due to high pressure | (1) | Check pressure difference between the detected pressure by the pressure sensor and the actual pressure with self-diagnosis LED. -> If the accurate pressure is not detected, check the pressure sensor. (Refer to the page on Trouble shooting of Pressure Sensor)(page 301) |
| | Pressure drops excessively. | Note: | Lower inlet pressure by the low pressure sensor than the actual pressure causes insufficient capa ity. SW1 setting |
| | | | High pressure sensor SW1 ON V |
| | | (2) | Check temperature difference between the evaporating temperature (Te) and the target evaporatin temperature (Tem) with self-diagnosis LED. |
| | | Note: | Higher Te than Tem causes insufficient capacity. SW1 setting |
| | | | Evaporating temperature Te SW1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ON |
| | | | SW1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ON I |
| | | Note: | Protection works and compressor frequency doe: not rise even at higher Te than Tem due to high di charge temperature and high pressure. At high discharge temperature: Refer to 1102.(page 229) At high pressure: Refer to 1302.(page 231) |
| 2. | Indoor unit LEV malfunction | | Refer to the page of LEV troubleshooting ([4] -5- |
| | Insufficient refrigerant flows due to LEV malfunction (not enough opening) or protection works and compressor frequency does not rise due to pressure drop. Refrigerant leak from LEV on the stopping unit causes refrigerant shortage on the running unit. | |).(page 309) |
| 3. | RPM error of the outdoor unit FAN | | Refer to the page on troubleshooting of the outdoo |
| | Motor failure or board failure, or airflow rate decrease due to clogging of the heat exchanger The fan is not properly controlled as the outdoor temperature cannot be precisely detected by the temperature connect. | | unit fan. Refer to 5106.(page 251) Refer to 1302.(page 231) |
| | temperature sensor. The fan is not properly controlled as the pressure cannot be precisely detected by the pressure sen- sor. | | |

| | Cause | Check method and remedy |
|-----|--|---|
| 4. | Long piping length The cooling capacity varies greatly depending on the pressure loss. (When the pressure loss is large, the cooling capacity drops.) | Check the piping length to determine if it is contrib- uting to performance loss. Piping pressure loss can be estimated from the temperature difference between the indoor unit heat exchanger outlet temperature and the satura- |
| 5. | Piping size is not proper (thin) | tion temperature (Te) of 63LS>Correct the piping. |
| 6. | Insufficient refrigerant amount Protection works and compressor frequency does not rise due to high discharge temperature. | Refer to 1-1. (Compressor frequency does not rise sufficiently.)(page 293) Refer to the page on refrigerant amount adjustment(page 159) |
| 7. | Clogging by foreign object | Check the temperature difference between in front of and behind the place where the foreign object is clogging the pipe (upstream side and downstream side). When the temperature drops significantly, the foreign object may clog the pipe. -> Remove the foreign object inside the pipe. |
| 8. | The indoor unit inlet temperature is excessively. (Less than 15°C [59°F] WB) | Check the inlet air temperature and for short cy- cling. Change the environment where the indoor unit is used. |
| 9. | Compressor failure The amount of circulating refrigerant decreases due to refrigerant leak in the compressor. | Check the discharge temperature to determine if the refrigerant leaks, as it rises if there is a leak. |
| 10. | BC controller LEV 3 actuation failure Sufficient liquid refrigerant is not be supplied to the indoor unit as sufficient sub cool cannot be secured due to LEV3 malfunction. | Refer to the page of LEV troubleshooting ([4] -5-).(page 309) It most likely happens when there is little difference or no difference between TH12 and TH15. |
| 11. | TH12, TH15 and 63HS1 sensor failure or faulty wir- ing LEV3 is not controlled normally. | Check the thermistor.Check wiring. |

2. Phenomena

Although heating operation starts with the normal remote controller display, the capacity is not enough.

| | Cause | | Check method and remedy |
|----|--|-------|---|
| 1. | Compressor frequency does not rise sufficiently. Faulty detection of pressure sensor. Protection works and compressor frequency does not rise due to high discharge temperature Protection works and compressor frequency does not rise due to high pressure. | (1) | Check pressure difference between the detected pressure by the pressure sensor and the actual pressure with self-diagnosis LED. -> If the accurate pressure is not detected, check the pressure sensor.(Refer to the page on Trouble- shooting of Pressure Sensor)(page 301) |
| | | Note: | Higher inlet pressure by the high pressure sensor than the actual pressure causes insufficient capac- ity. SW1 setting |
| | | | High pressure sensor SW1 ON ON |
| | | | Low pressure sensor SW1 ON |
| | | (2) | Check the difference between the condensing tem- perature (Tc) and the target condensing tempera- ture (Tcm) with self-diagnosis LED. |
| | | Note: | Higher Tc than Tcm causes insufficient capacity. SW1 setting |
| | | | Condensing temperature Tc ON Target condensing temperature Tcm SW1 SW1 SW1 SW1 SW1 SW1 SW1 SW1 |
| | | | SW1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ON |
| | | Note: | Protection works and compressor frequency does not rise even at lower Tc than Tcm due to high dis- charge temperature and high pressure. At high discharge temperature: Refer to 1102.(page 229) At high pressure: Refer to 1302.(page 231) |

| | Cause | Check method and remedy |
|-----|--|---|
| 2. | Indoor unit LEV malfunction Insufficient refrigerant flows due to LEV malfunction (not enough opening). | Refer to the page of LEV troubleshooting ([4] -5-).(page 309) |
| 3. | Temperature reading error on the indoor unit piping temperature sensor If the temperature reading on the sensor is higher than the actual temperature, it makes the subcool seem smaller than it is, and the LEV opening de- creases too much. | Check the thermistor. |
| 4 | RPM error of the outdoor unit FAN Motor failure or board failure, or airflow rate decrease, pressure drop due to clogging of the heat exchanger leading to high discharge temperature The fan is not properly controlled as the temperature cannot be precisely detected with the piping sensor. | Refer to the page on outdoor unit fan ([4] -4-).(page 307) |
| 5. | Insulation failure of the refrigerant piping | |
| 6. | Long piping length Excessively long piping on the high pressure side causes pressure loss leading to increase in the high pressure. | Confirm that the characteristic of capacity drop due to piping length. -> Change the pipe |
| 7. | Piping size is not proper (thin) | |
| 8. | Clogging by foreign object | Check the temperature difference between the up- stream and the downstream of the pipe section that is blocked. Since blockage in the extended section is difficult to locate, operate the unit in the cooling cycle, and follow the same procedures that are used to locate the blockage of pipe during cooling operation. ->Remove the blockage in the pipe. |
| 9. | The indoor unit inlet temperature is excessively high.(exceeding 28°C [82°F]) | Check the inlet air temperature and for short cy- cling. Change the environment where the indoor unit is used. |
| 10. | Insufficient refrigerant amount Protection works and compressor frequency does not rise due to low discharge temperature Refrigerant recovery operation is likely to start. | Refer to 2 - 1. (Compressor frequency does not rise sufficiently.)(page 295) Refer to the page on refrigerant amount adjustment.(page 159) |
| 11. | Compressor failure (same as in case of cooling) | Check the discharge temperature. |
| 12. | BC controller LEV 3 actuation failure A drop in the low pressure that is caused either by a blockage of liquid pipe or by a pressure loss and the resultant slowing of refrigerant flow causes a tenden- cy for the discharge temperature to rise. | Refer to the page on troubleshooting the LEV ([4] - 5-).(page 309) |

3. Phenomena

Outdoor unit stops at times during operation.

| | Cause | | Check method and remedy |
|--------|--|-----|--|
| | The first stop is not considered as an error, as the unit turns to anti-restart mode for 3 minutes as a pre- liminary error. | (1) | Check the mode operated in the past by displaying preliminary error history on LED display with SW1. |
| | Error mode | (2) | Reoperate the unit to find the mode that stops the |
| 1) | Abnormal high pressure | | unit by displaying preliminary error history on LED display with SW1. |
| 2) | Abnormal discharge air temperature | | Refer to the reference page for each error mode. |
| 3) | Heatsink thermistor failure | | *Display the indoor piping temperature table with |
| 4) | Thermistor failure | | SW1 to check whether the freeze proof operation runs properly, and check the temperature. |
| 5) | Pressure sensor failure | | |
| 6) | Over-current break | | |
| 7) | Refrigerant overcharge | | |
| Note1: | Frost prevention tripping only under cooling mode may be considered in addition to the above. (Freeze protection is detected by one or all indoor units.) | | |
| Note2: | Even the second stop is not considered as an error when some specified errors occur. (eg. The third stop is considered as an error when the thermistor error occurs.) | | |

[3] Investigation of Transmission Wave Shape/Noise

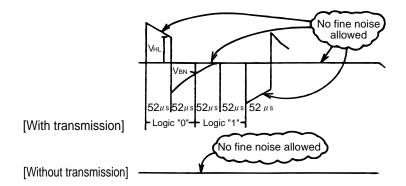
1. M-NET transmission

Control is performed by exchanging signals between the outdoor unit and the indoor unit (ME remote controller) through M-NET transmission. Noise interference on the transmission line will interrupt the normal transmission, leading to erroneous operation.

(1) Symptoms caused by noise interference on the transmission line

| Cause | Erroneous operation | Error code | Error code definition |
|---|---|--------------|---|
| | Signal is transformed and will be misjudged as the signal of another address. | 6600 | Address overlap |
| | Transmission wave pattern is transformed due to the noise creating a new signal | 6602 | Transmission pro- cessor hardware er- ror |
| Noise interference on the transmission line | Transmission wave pattern is transformed due to the noise, and will not be received normally leading to no acknowledgement (ACK). | 6607 | No ACK error |
| | Transmission cannot be performed due to the fine noise. | 6603 | Transmission line bus busy error |
| | Transmission is successful; however, the acknowl- edgement (ACK) or the response cannot be re- ceived normally due to the noise. | 6607 6608 | No ACK error No response error |

(2) Wave shape check



Wave shape check

- Check the wave pattern of the transmission line with an oscilloscope. The following conditions must be met.
- Small wave pattern (noise) must not exist on the transmission signal. (Minute noise (approximately 1V) can be generated by DC-DC converter or the inverter operation; however, such noise is not a problem when the shield of the transmission line is grounded.)
- 2) The sectional voltage level of transmission signal should be as follows.

| Logic | Voltage level of the transmission line |
|-------|--|
| 0 | V _{HL} = 2.5V or higher |
| 1 | $V_{BN} = 1.3V$ or below |

(3) Check method and remedy

1) Measures against noise

Check the followings when noise exists on the wave or the errors described in (1) occur.

| | | Error code definition | Remedy |
|---|----|--|---|
| Check that the wiring work is performed ac- cording to wiring | 1. | The transmission line and the power line are not wired too closely. | Isolate the transmission line from the power line (5cm [1-31/32"] or more). Do not insert them in the same conduit. |
| specifications. | 2. | The transmission line is not bundled with that for another systems. | The transmission line must be isolated from another transmission line. When they are bundled, erroneous operation may be caused. |
| | 3. | The specified wire is used for the transmission line. | Use the specified transmission line. Type: Shielded wire CVVS/CPEVS/MVVS (For ME remote control- ler) Diameter: 1.25mm ² [AWG16] or more (Remote controller wire: 0.3 - 1.25mm ² [AWG22-16]) |
| | 4. | When the transmission line is daisy-chained on the indoor unit terminals, are the shields daisy- chained on the terminals, too? | The transmission is two-wire daisy-chained. The shielded wire must be also daisy-chained. When the shielded cable is not daisy-chained, the noise cannot be reduced enough. |
| Check that the grounding work is performed according to grounding specifi- cations. | 5. | Is the shield of the indoor- outdoor transmission ca- ble grounded to the earth terminal on the outdoor unit? | Connect the shield of the indoor-outdoor transmission cable to the earth terminal (h) on the outdoor unit. If no grounding is provided, the noise on the transmission line cannot escape leading to change of the transmission signal. |
| | | Check the treatment meth- od of the shield of the transmission line (for cen- tralized control). | The transmission cable for centralized control is less subject to noise interference if it is grounded to the outdoor unit whose power jumper cable was moved from CN41 to CN40 or to the power sup- ply unit. The environment against noise varies depending on the distance of the transmission lines, the number of the connected units, the type of the controllers to be connected, or the environment of the installation site. Therefore, the transmission line work for central- ized control must be performed as follows. |
| | | | When no grounding is provided: Ground the shield of the transmission cable by connecting to the outdoor unit whose power jumper connector was moved from CN41 to CN40 or to the power supply unit. |
| | | | 2. When an error occurs even though one point grounding is provided: Ground the shield on all outdoor units. |

2) Check the followings when the error "6607" occurs, or "HO" appears on the display on the remote controller.

| | Error code definition | Remedy |
|-----|---|--|
| 7. | The farthest distance of transmission line is 200m [656ft] or longer. | Check that the farthest distance from the outdoor unit to the indoor unit and to the remote controller is within 200m [656ft]. |
| 8. | The types of transmission lines are different. | Use the specified transmission line. Type: Shielded wire CVVS/CPEVS/MVVS (For ME remote control- ler) Diameter: 1.25mm ² [AWG16] or more (Remote controller wire: 0.3-1.25mm ² [AWG22-16]) |
| 9. | Outdoor unit circuit board failure | Replace the outdoor unit control board or the power supply board for the transmission line. |
| 10. | Indoor unit circuit board failure or remote con- troller failure | Replace the indoor unit circuit board or the remote controller. |
| 11. | The MA remote controller is connected to the M- NET transmission line. | Connect the MA remote controller to the terminal block for MA re- mote controller (TB15). |

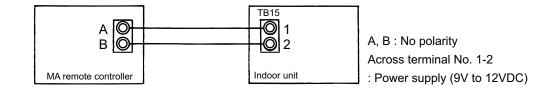
2. MA remote controller transmission

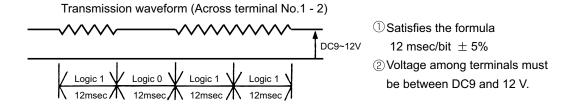
The communication between the MA remote controller and the indoor unit is performed with current tone burst.

(1) Symptoms caused by noise interference on the transmission line

If noise is generated on the transmission line, and the communication between the MA remote controller and the indoor unit is interrupted for 3 minutes in a row, MA transmission error (6831) will occur.

(2) Confirmation of transmission specifications and wave pattern



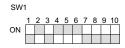


[4] Troubleshooting Principal Parts

-1- High-Pressure Sensor (63HS1, PS1, PS3)

1. Compare the pressure that is detected by the high pressure sensor, and the high-pressure gauge pressure to check for failure.

By configuring the digital display setting switch (SW1) as shown in the figure below, the pressure as measured by the highpressure sensor appears on the LED1 on the control board.



- (1) While the sensor is stopped, compare the gauge pressure and the pressure displayed on self-diagnosis LED1.
- 1) When the gauge pressure is between 0 and 0.098MPa [14psi], internal pressure is caused due to gas leak.
- 2) When the pressure displayed on self-diagnosis LED1 is between 0 and 0.098MPa [14psi], the connector may be defective or be disconnected. Check the connector and go to (4).
- 3) When the pressure displayed on self-diagnosis LED1 exceeds 4.15MPa [601psi], go to (3).
- 4) If other than 1), 2) or 3), compare the pressures while the sensor is running. Go to (2).
- (2) Compare the gauge pressure and the pressure displayed on self-diagnosis LED1 while the sensor is running. (Compare them by MPa [psi] unit.)
- 1) When the difference between both pressures is within 0.098MPa [14psi], both the high pressure sensor and the control board are normal.
- 2) When the difference between both pressures exceeds 0.098MPa [14psi], the high pressure sensor has a problem. (performance deterioration)
- 3) When the pressure displayed on self-diagnosis LED1 does not change, the high pressure sensor has a problem.
- (3) Remove the high pressure sensor from the control board to check the pressure on the self-diagnosis LED1.
- 1) When the pressure displayed on self-diagnosis LED1 is between 0 and 0.098MPa [14psi], the high pressure sensor has a problem.
- 2) When the pressure displayed on self-diagnosis LED1 is approximately 4.15MPa [601psi], the control board has a problem.
- (4) Remove the high pressure sensor from the control board, and short-circuit between the No.2 and 3 connectors (63HS1, PS1, PS3) to check the pressure with self-diagnosis LED1.
- 1) When the pressure displayed on the self-diagnosis LED1 exceeds 4.15MPa [601psi], the high pressure sensor has a problem.
- 2) If other than 1), the control board has a problem.

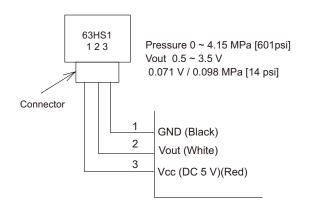
2. Pressure sensor configuration

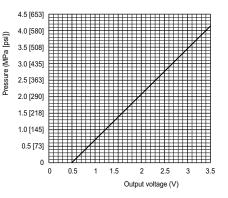
The high pressure sensor consists of the circuit shown in the figure below. If DC 5V is applied between the red and the black wires, voltage corresponding to the pressure between the white and the black wires will be output, and the value of this voltage will be converted by the microcomputer. The output voltage is 0.071V per 0.098MPa [14psi].

Note

The pressure sensor on the body side is designed to connect to the connector. The connector pin number on the body side is different from that on the control board side.

| | Body side | Control board side |
|------|-----------|--------------------|
| Vcc | Pin 1 | Pin 3 |
| Vout | Pin 2 | Pin 2 |
| GND | Pin 3 | Pin 1 |

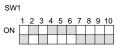




-2- Low-Pressure Sensor (63LS)

1. Compare the pressure that is detected by the low pressure sensor, and the low pressure gauge pressure to check for failure.

By configuring the digital display setting switch (SW1) as shown in the figure below, the pressure as measured by the lowpressure sensor appears on the LED1 on the control board.



- (1) While the sensor is stopped, compare the gauge pressure and the pressure displayed on self-diagnosis LED1.
- 1) When the gauge pressure is between 0 and 0.098MPa [14psi], internal pressure is caused due to gas leak.
- 2) When the pressure displayed on self-diagnosis LED1 is between 0 and 0.098MPa [14psi], the connector may be defective or be disconnected. Check the connector and go to (4).
- 3) When the pressure displayed on self-diagnosis LED1 exceeds 1.7MPa [247psi], go to (3).
- 4) If other than 1), 2) or 3), compare the pressures while the sensor is running. Go to (2).
- (2) Compare the gauge pressure and the pressure displayed on self-diagnosis LED1 while the sensor is running.(Compare them by MPa [psi] unit.)
- 1) When the difference between both pressures is within 0.03MPa [4psi], both the low pressure sensor and the control board are normal.
- When the difference between both pressures exceeds 0.03MPa [4psi], the low pressure sensor has a problem. (performance deterioration)
- 3) When the pressure displayed on the self-diagnosis LED1 does not change, the low pressure sensor has a problem.
- (3) Remove the low pressure sensor from the control board to check the pressure with the self-diagnosis LED1 display.
- 1) When the pressure displayed on the self-diagnosis LED1 is between 0 and 0.098MPa [14psi], the low pressure sensor has a problem.
- 2) When the pressure displayed on self-diagnosis LED1 is approximately 1.7MPa [247psi], the control board has a problem.
 •When the outdoor temperature is 30°C [86°F] or less, the control board has a problem.
 •When the outdoor temperature exceeds 30°C [86°F], go to (5).
- (4) Remove the low pressure sensor from the control board, and short-circuit between the No.2 and 3 connectors (63LS:CN202) to check the pressure with the self-diagnosis LED1.
- 1) When the pressure displayed on the self-diagnosis LED1 exceeds 1.7MPa [247psi], the low pressure sensor has a problem.
- 2) If other than 1), the control board has a problem.
- (5) Remove the high pressure sensor (63HS1) from the control board, and insert it into the connector for the low pressure sensor (63LS) to check the pressure with the self-diagnosis LED1.
- 1) When the pressure displayed on the self-diagnosis LED1 exceeds 1.7MPa [247psi], the control board has a problem.
- 2) If other than 1), the control board has a problem.
- 2. Low-pressure sensor configuration

The low pressure sensor consists of the circuit shown in the figure below. If DC5V is applied between the red and the black wires, voltage corresponding to the pressure between the white and the black wires will be output, and the value of this voltage will be converted by the microcomputer. The output voltage is 0.173V per 0.098MPa [14psi].

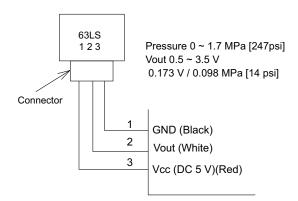
Note

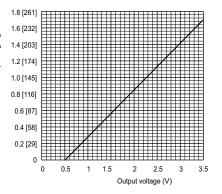
The pressure sensor on the body side is designed to connect to the connector. The connector pin number on the body side is different from that on the control board side.

[psi])

Pressure (MPa

| | Body side | Control board side |
|------|-----------|--------------------|
| Vcc | Pin 1 | Pin 3 |
| Vout | Pin 2 | Pin 2 |
| GND | Pin 3 | Pin 1 |





-3- Solenoid Valve

Check whether the output signal from the control board and the operation of the solenoid valve match.

Setting the self-diagnosis switch (SW1) as shown in the figure below causes the ON signal of each relay to be output to the LED's. Each LED shows whether the relays for the following parts are ON or OFF. LEDs light up when relays are on.

Note

The circuits on some parts are closed when the relays are ON. Refer to the following instructions.

| SW1 | | Display | | | | | | | |
|--|-------|---------|------|-------|------|------|------|-----|-----|
| 301 | | LD1 | LD2 | LD3 | LD4 | LD5 | LD6 | LD7 | LD8 |
| SW1 | Upper | 21S4a | | CH11 | | SV1a | | SV2 | |
| ON 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Lower | | | 21S4b | SV5b | | | | |
| SW1 | Upper | SV4a | SV4b | SV4c | SV5c | | SV4d | SV9 | |
| ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ON | Lower | | | | | | | | 52F |

When a valve malfunctions, check if the wrong solenoid valve coil is not attached the lead wire of the coil is not disconnected, the connector on the board is not inserted wrongly, or the wire for the connector is not disconnected.

(1) 21S4a and 21S4b (4-way valves)

About this 4-way valve

When not powered:

Conducts electricity between the oil separator outlet and heat exchanger AND the gas ball valve (BV1) and the accumulator to complete the circuit for the cooling cycle.

When powered:

The electricity runs between the oil separator and the gas ball valve, and between the heat exchanger and the accumulator. This circulation is for heating.

Check the LED display and the intake and the discharge temperature for the 4-way valve to check whether the valve has no faults and the electricity runs between where and where.Do not touch the pipe when checking the temperature, as the pipe on the oil separator side will be hot.

Note

Do not give an impact from outside, as the outer hull will be deformed leading to the malfunction of the inner valve.

(2) In case of SV1a (Bypass valve)

This solenoid valve opens when powered (Relay ON).

- 1) At compressor start-up, the SV1a turns on for 4 minutes, and the operation can be checked by the self-diagnosis LED display and the closing sound.
- 2) To check whether the valve is open or closed, check the change of the SV1a downstream piping temperature while the valve is being powered. Even when the valve is closed, high-temperature refrigerant flows inside the capillary next to the valve. (Therefore, temperature of the downstream piping will not be low with the valve closed.)

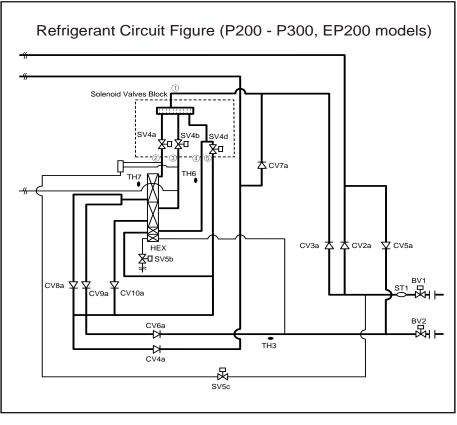
(3) In case of SV2 (Bypass valve) (P200 - P400, EP200 - EP300 models)

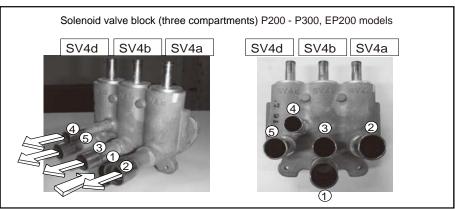
This solenoid valve opens when powered (Relay ON).

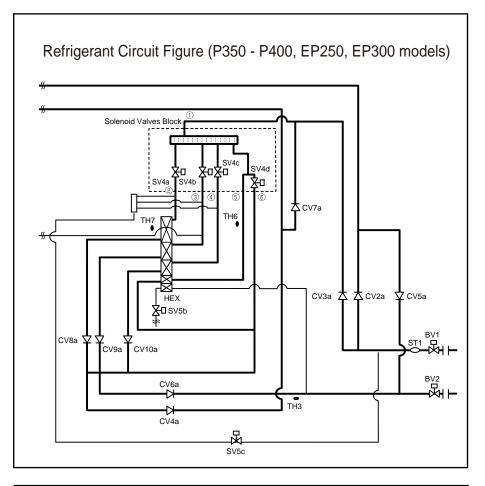
This valve turns on when low-pressure (LPS) drops to 0.25 MPa [36 psi] or below during Heating-only or Heating-main operation AND after 5 minutes have passed after compressor startup; OR when 63HS1 is above 3.5 MPa [507psi] with the SV9 turned on and SV5b turned off AND the frequency drops to the minimum.

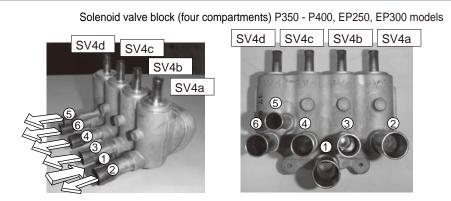
To check whether the valve is open or closed, check the change of the SV1a downstream piping temperature while the valve is being powered. Even when the valve is closed, high-temperature refrigerant flows inside the capillary next to the valve.

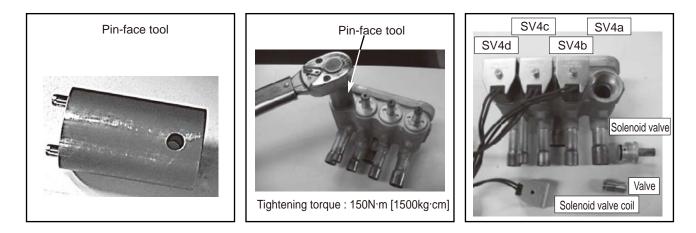
- (4) SV4a, SV4b, SV4d (P200 P300, EP200 models), SV4a 4d (P350 P450, EP250 EP350 models)(Controls heat exchanger capacity)
- 1) Depending on the conditions during Cooling-only operation, at least one of the solenoid valves among SV4a through 4d turns on. Check for proper operation on the LED and by listening for the operation sound of the solenoid valve.
- 2) During Heating-only operation, SV4a through 4d all turn on (except that SV4c on the P450 and EP350 models turns off). Check for proper operation on the LED and by listening for the operation sound of the solenoid valves.
- 3) Depending on the conditions during Cooling-main or Heating-main operation, at least one of the solenoid valves among SV4a through 4d turns on. Check for proper operation on the LED and by listening for the operation sound of the solenoid valve.
- 4) The diagram on the next page shows the refrigerant flow. This diagram shows the flow of the high-temperature (high-pressure) gas refrigerant in the Cooling-only and Cooling-main modes and the flow of the low-temperature gas/liquid refrigerant in the Heating-only and Heating-main modes. Refer to the refrigerant circuit diagram. Solenoid valves turns on and off according to such factors as the capacity of the indoor units in operation and outside temperature. Check the LED. Remove the SV coil, open the lid, and check the plunger. The type of pin face wrench that is listed in the service parts list is required to perform this task.



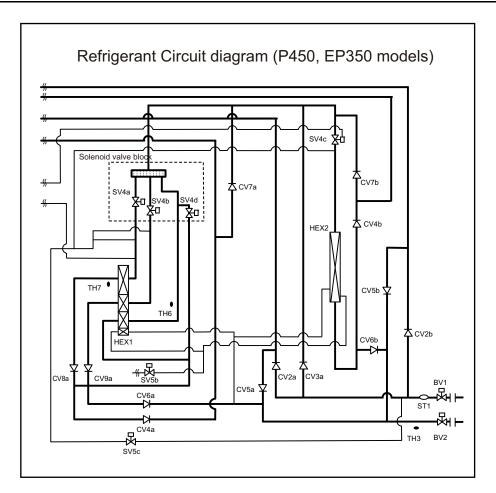


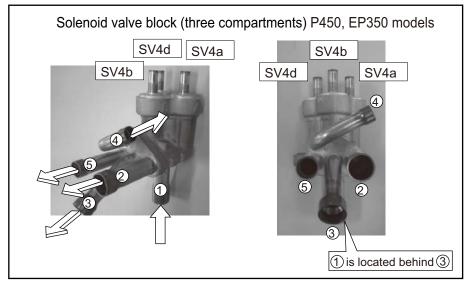






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(5) In the case of SV5b (Bypass valve)

This solenoid valve closes when energized (when the relay is on).

This valve turns off for five minutes after the completion of the defrost cycle, or when SV9 is on turned ON and the value of 63HS1 is greater than 3.5 MPa [507psi] during Heating-only or Heating-main operation at the minimum frequency. The valve position can be determined by measuring and monitoring the changes in the pipe temperature on the downstream of SV5b while the unit is de-energized. When the valve is open, high-temperature gas refrigerant passes through the pipe. Do not attempt to check the pipe temperature by touching the pipe.

(6) In the case of SV5c (Bypass valve)

This solenoid valve opens when energized (when the relay is on). Depending on the conditions during Cooling-only, Cooling-main, or Defrost (P450 and EP350 models only) operation, the solenoid valves turn on. Check for proper operation on the LED and by listening for the operation sound of the solenoid valves.

(7) In the case of SV9 (Bypass valve)

This solenoid valve opens when energized (when the relay is on)

This valve turns on when the value of 63HS1 is greater than 3.5 MPa [507psi] during Heating-only or Heating-main operation at the minimum frequency. The valve position can be determined by measuring and monitoring the changes in the pipe temperature on the downstream of SV9 while the unit is energized. When the valve is open, high-temperature gas refrigerant passes through the pipe. Do not attempt to check the pipe temperature by touching the pipe.

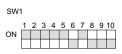
-4- Outdoor Unit Fan

(1) Fan motor

•To check the revolution of the fan, check the inverter output state on the self-diagnosis LED, as the inverter on the outdoor fan controls the revolutions of the fan. The revolution of the fan is approximately 680rpm(P200 - P300, EP200 models), 790rpm(P350, P400, EP250, EP300 models), 750rpm (P450, EP350 models) at full speed.

•When starting the fan, the fan runs at full speed for 5 seconds.

•When setting the DIP SW1 as shown in the figure below, the inverter output [%] will appear. 100% indicates the full speed and 0% indicates the stopping.



•As the revolution of the fan changes under control, at the interphase or when the indoor unit operation capacity is low, the revolution of the fan may change.

•If the fan does not move or it vibrates, fan inverter board problem or fan motor problem is suspected. Refer to IX [4] -7- (2) [5] "Check the fan motor ground fault or the winding."(page 326) and IX [4] -7- (2) [6] "Check the FAN board failure."(page 326)

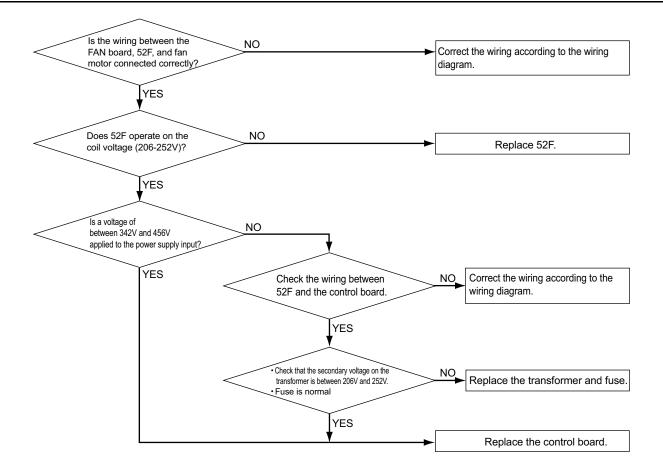
(2) Electromagnetic contactor (52F)(P450, EP350 only)

•If the outdoor unit fan is not operating correctly according to what is specified in the table below, check 52F for short-circuit. Use the flowchart to identify possible problems.

•Check that the right and left connectors for the fan motor are connected to the appropriate connectors in the electromagnetic contactor.

| Operation mode | No. of outdoor unit fans | 4-way valve | | Heat exchanger solenoid valve | | | | 52F |
|----------------|--------------------------|-------------|-------|-------------------------------|------|------|------|-----|
| Operation mode | | 21S4a | 21S4b | SV4a | SV4b | SV4c | SV4d | 521 |
| Cooling-only/ | 1 (Left:Controller side) | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | ON | ON | OFF |
| Cooling-main | 1 (Left:Controller side) | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | ON | OFF | OFF |
| | 1 (Left:Controller side) | OFF | OFF | OFF | ON | ON | OFF | OFF |
| | 2 | OFF | OFF | ON | ON | ON | OFF | ON |
| | 2 | OFF | OFF | ON | ON | OFF | OFF | ON |
| Heating-only/ | 2 | ON | ON | ON | ON | OFF | ON | ON |
| Heating-main | 2 | ON | ON | ON | ON | OFF | OFF | ON |
| Defrost | 0 | OFF | OFF | ON | ON | OFF | OFF | OFF |

*ON/OFF status shown in the table above indicates the relay output of the valve coil.



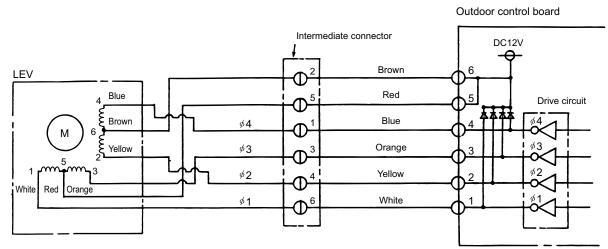
-5- LEV

LEV operation

Indoor unit LEV, and BC controller LEV1 and LEV3 (linear expansion valves) are driven by the pulse signal from the circuit board and are controlled by a stepping motor.

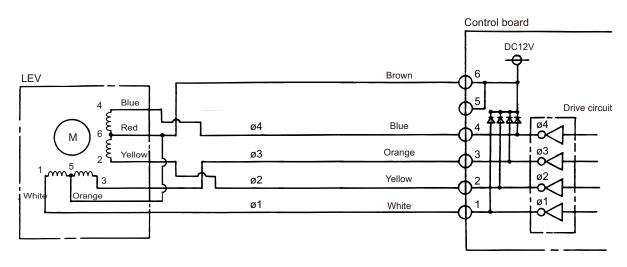
(1) Indoor LEV and BC controller LEV

- The valve opening changes according to the number of pulses.
- 1) Control boards and the LEV (Indoor unit LEV, and BC controller LEV1 (G1 type only) and LEV3)



Note. The connector numbers on the intermediate connector and the connector on the control board differ. Check the color of the lead wire to judge the number.

2) Control boards and the LEV (BC controller LEV1 (Applicable only to the GA1 and HA1 types.))



Pulse signal output and valve operation 3)

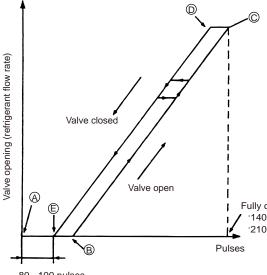
| | | | | | _ |
|-----------------------------|-----|------|-----------|-----|---|
| Output (phase) number | | Outp | out state | | |
| number | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | |
| ø1 | ON | OFF | OFF | ON | |
| ¢2 | ON | ON | OFF | OFF | |
| ø3 | OFF | ON | ON | OFF | - |
| ¢4 | OFF | OFF | ON | ON | 1 |

Output pulses change in the following orders when the

| Valve is closed; | 1 | $\rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 1$ |
|------------------|---|---|
| Valve is open; | 4 | $\rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 4$ |

- *1. When the LEV opening angle does not change, all the output phases will be off.
- *2. When the output is open phase or remains ON, the motor cannot run smoothly, and rattles and vibrates.

4) LEV valve closing and opening operation



*Upon power on, the indoor unit circuit board sends certain types of pulse signals to certain types of LEVs to determine the valve position and always brings the valve to the position as indicated by (A) in the diagram. 2200 Hz pulse signal to the indoor unit LEV, BC controller LEV1 (G1 type only), and LEV3
 3200 Hz pulse signal to the BC controller LEV1 (GA1 and HA1 types only).

When the valve operates smoothly, no sound from LEV or no vibration occurs, however, when the pulses change from (E) to (A) in the chart or the valve is locked, a big sound occurs.

*Whether a sound is generated or not can be determined by holding a screwdriver against it, then placing your ear against the handle.

*1 The LEV opening may become greater depending on the operation status.

Fully open

1400 pulses (Indoor unit LEV, and BC controller LEV1 (G1 type only) and LEV3) *1 :2100 pulses (BC controller LEV1 (Applicable only to the GA1 and HA1 types.)) *1

80 - 100 pulses

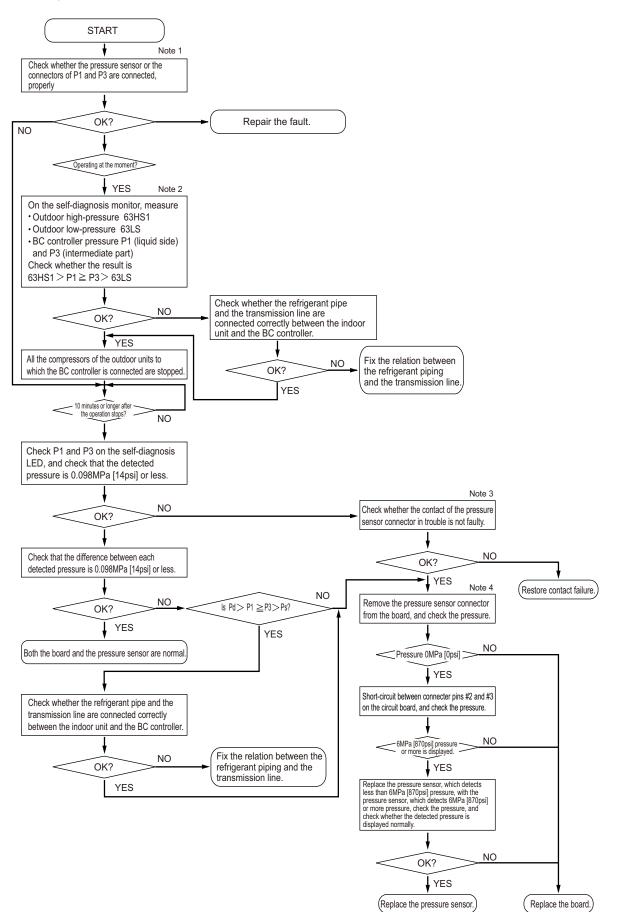
(2) Judgment methods and possible failure mode

| Malfunction mode | Judgment method | Remedy |
|---|--|--|
| Microcomputer driver circuit fail- ure | Disconnect the control board connector and connect the check LED as shown in the figure below. 65 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | When the drive circuit has a problem, replace the control board. |
| | resistance : 0.25W 1k Ω LED : DC15V 20mA or more When the main power is turned on, the indoor unit cir- cuit board outputs pulse signals to the indoor unit LEV for 10 seconds. If any of the LED remains lit or unlit, the drive circuit is faulty. | |
| LEV mechanism is locked | If the LEV is locked, the drive motor runs idle, and makes a small clicking sound. When the valve makes a closing and opening sound, the valve has a problem. | Replace the LEV. |
| Disconnected or short-circuited LEV motor coil | Measure resistance between the coils (red - white, red -orange, brown - yellow, brown - blue) using a tester. They are normal if resistance is 1500hm \pm 10%. | Replace the LEV coils. |
| Incomple sealing (leak from the valve) | When checking the refrigerant leak from the indoor LEV, run the target indoor unit in the fan mode, and the other indoor units in the cooling mode. Then, check the liquid temperature (TH22) with the self-diagnosis LED. When the unit is running in the fan mode, the LEV is ful- ly closed, and the temperature detected by the thermis- tor is not low. If there is a leak, however, the temperature will be low. If the temperature is extremely low compared with the inlet temperature displayed on the remote controller, the LEV is not properly sealed, however, if there is a little leak, it is not necessary to re- place the LEV when there are no effects to other parts. | If there is a large amount of leakage, replace the LEV. |
| Faulty wire con- nections in the connector or faulty contact | Check for loose pins on the connector and check the colors of the lead wires visually Disconnect the control board's connector and conduct a continuity check using a tester. | Check the continuity at the points where an error occurs. |

-6- Troubleshooting Principal Parts of BC Controller

1. Pressure sensor

Troubleshooting flow chart for pressure sensor



Note

1) BC controller: Phenomena when the pressure sensor is connected wrongly (reverse connection of P1 and P3) to the board.

| Symptoms | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|--------------|------------|---|---|--|---|--|--|
| Cooling-only | Cooling-main | | Heating only | | Heating main | | | |
| Normal | Non-cooling | SC16 small | Indoor heating SC small Heating indoor Thermo ON Especially noise is large. | SC11 large SC16 small \triangle PHM large | Non-cooling Indoor heating SC small Heating indoor Thermo ON Especially noise is large. | SC11 large SC16 small \triangle PHM large | | |

Note

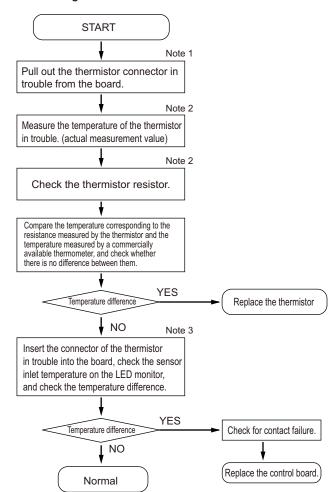
2) Check the self-diagnosis switch (Outdoor control board SW1).

| Measurement data | Symbol | SW1 setting value | |
|---|--------|---|--|
| Outdoor high pressure | 63HS1 | 0N 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ON 1 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | |
| Outdoor low pressure | 63LS | 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ON | |
| BC controller pressure (liquid side) | PS1 | 0N | |
| BC controller pressure (intermediate part) | PS3 | 0N | |

Note

- 3) Check whether CNP1 (liquid side) connector on the BC controller control board and the connector CNP2 (intermediate part) are not disconnected or not loose.
- 4) Check the pressure value on the self-diagnosis switch (same as note 2) with the connector of the applied pressure sensor is disconnected from the board.

2. Temperature sensor



Troubleshooting instructions for thermistor

Note

1) For the connectors on the board, TH11 and TH12 are connected to CN10, and TH15 and TH16 are connected to CN11. Disconnect the connector in trouble, and check the sensor of each number.

2)

+Pull out the sensor connector from the I/O board, Do not pull the sensor by holding the lead wire.

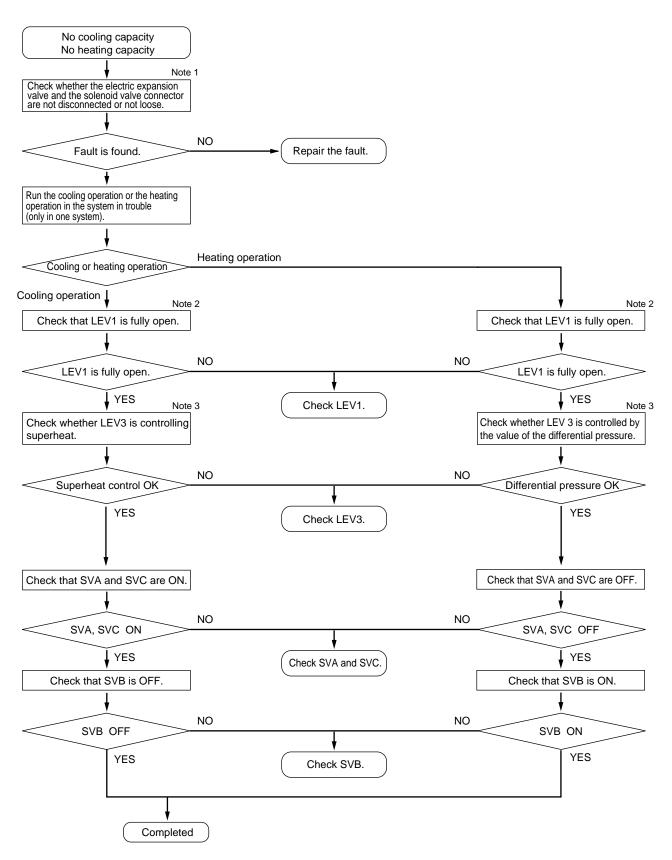
•Measure the resistance with such as a tester.

- •Compare the measured value with that of shown in the figure below. When the result is \pm 10%, it is normal.
- 3) Check the self-diagnosis switch (Outdoor control board SW1).

| | Measurement data | Symbol | SW1 setting value |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------|-------------------------|
| | Liquid inlet temperature | TH11 | ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 |
| G1, GA1, HA1 (Standard / main) | Bypass outlet temperature | TH12 | ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 |
| | Bypass inlet temperature | TH15 | 0N 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 |
| | Bypass inlet temperature | TH16 | 0N 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 |
| GB1, HB1 | Bypass outlet temperature | TH12 | 0N 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 |
| (Sub 1) | Bypass inlet temperature | TH15 | ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 89 10 |
| GB1, HB1 (Sub 2) | Bypass outlet temperature | TH12 | ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 89 10 |
| | Bypass inlet temperature | TH15 | ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 |

3. Troubleshooting flow chart for LEV Solenoid valve

(1) LEV



Note

1) BC controller: Phenomena when LEV is connected wrongly (reverse connection of LEV1 and LEV3) to the board.

| Phenomena | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Cooling-only Cooling-main Heating only Heating main | | | | | | |
| Non-cooling SH12 small, SC11 small SH16 small, branch pipe SC small BC controller sound | Non-coolingNon-cooling and non-heatingSH12 small, SC11 smallSH12 small, SC11 smallSH16 small, branch pipeSH16 large, but branch pipeSC smallSC small | | Non-cooling Indoor heating SC small | | | |

2) Check method of fully open state or fully closed state of LEV

+Check LEV opening (pulse) on the self-diagnosis LED (Outdoor control board SW1). Full open: 2000 pulses

Fully closed: 110 pulses (In the case of heating-only mode, however, the pulse may become 110 or more.) •When LEV is fully open, measure the temperature at the upstream and downstream pipes of LEV, and make sure that there is no temperature difference.

•When LEV is fully closed, check that there is no refrigerant flowing sound.

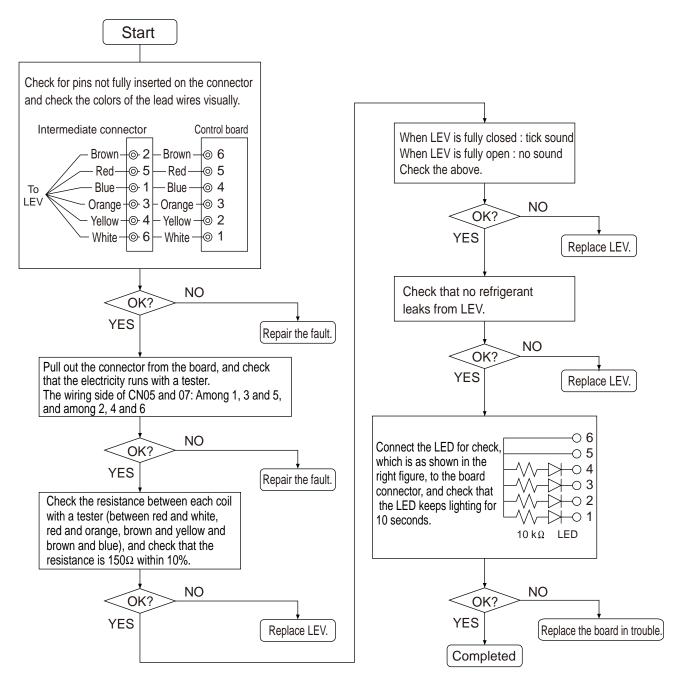
3) Refer to the chart below to judge LEV opening controlled by the values of the differential pressure and of the superheat. (BC controller LEV basic operation characteristic)

| | Part | Malfunction mode | Operation mode | Content | Standards of judgment on unit stable operation |
|----------|------|----------------------|----------------------------------|---|--|
| | | Inclined to close | Heating only Heating- | Difference between high pressure (P1) and interme- diate pressure (P3) is large. | 0.3 to 0.4MPa |
| | LEV1 | Inclined to open | main Cooling- main | Difference between high pressure (P1) and interme- diate pressure (P3) is small. | [44 to 58psi] |
| G1, GA1, | LEV3 | Inclined to close | Cooling-only Cooling- main | SH12 is large. | SH12 < 20°C [36°F] |
| HA1 type | | | Heating only Heating- main | Difference between high pressure (P1) and interme- diate pressure (P3) is small. | 0.3 to 0.4MPa [44 to 58psi] |
| | | Inclined to open | Cooling-only Cooling- main | SC16 and SH12 are small. | SC16 > 3°C [5.4°F] SH12 > 3°C [5.4°F] |
| | | | Heating only Heating- main | Difference between high pressure (P1) and interme- diate pressure (P3) is large. | 0.3 to 0.4MPa [44 to 58psi] |
| GB1, HB1 | LEV3 | Inclined to close | Cooling-only Cooling- main | SH22 is large. | SH22 < 20°C [36°F] |
| type) | | Inclined to open | Cooling-only Cooling- main | SH22 is small. | SH22 > 3°C [5.4°F] |

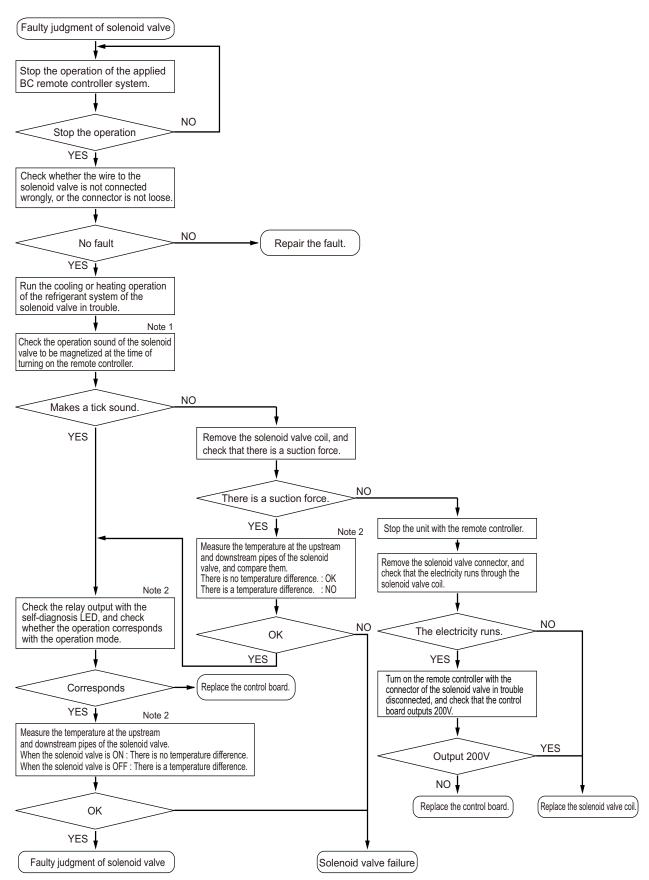
Self-diagnosis LED

| | Measurement data | Symbol | SW1 setting value |
|------------------------------|--|--------|-------------------------|
| | LEV1 opening | _ | 0N 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 |
| | LEV2 opening | _ | 0N 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 |
| G1, GA1, HA1 (Standard | LEV3 opening | _ | 0N 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 89 10 |
| / main) | BC controller bypass outlet superheat | SH12 | 0N 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 |
| | BC controller intermediate part subcool | SC16 | 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 |
| | BC controller liquid-side subcool | SC11 | 0N 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 |
| GB1, HB1 (Sub 1) | LEV3 opening | _ | 0N 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 89 10 |
| GB1, HB1 (Sub 2) | LEV3 opening | | 0N 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 |





(2) Solenoid valve (SVA, SVB, SVC)



Check whether the BC board output signal corresponds with the solenoid valve operation correspond.

Note

1) SVA, SVB, SVC

SVA, SVB, and SVC turn on or off according to the indoor unit operation mode.

| | | Mode | | | | | |
|------|-----|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----|--|
| | | Cooling | Heating | Stopped | Defrost | Fan | |
| | SVA | ON | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | |
| Port | SVB | OFF | ON | OFF | OFF | OFF | |
| | SVC | ON | OFF | OFF | OFF | ON | |

SVM1, SVM1b, SVM2, SVM2b

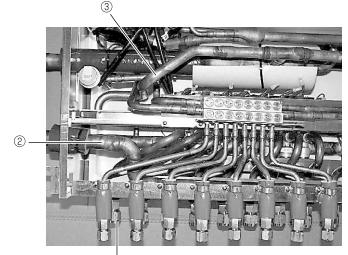
SVM1, SVM1b, SVM2, and SVM2b turn on or off according to the indoor unit operation mode.

| Operation mode | Cooling only | Cooling main | Heating only | Heating main | Defrost | Stopped |
|-------------------|--------------|--|--|--|---------|---------|
| SVM1,SVM1b | ON | Pressure dif- ferential con- trol OFF or ON | OFF | OFF | ON | OFF |
| SVM2, SVM2b | OFF | OFF | Pressure dif- ferential con- trol OFF or ON | Pressure dif- ferential con- trol OFF or ON | OFF | OFF |

Note

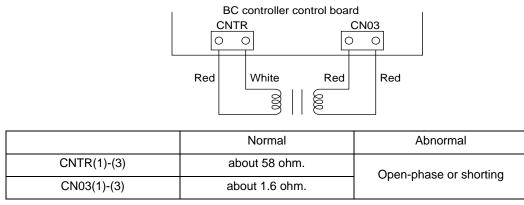
2) SVA, SVB, SVC

Measure the temperature at the upstream and downstream pipes \bigcirc and \oslash of SVA. Measure the temperature at the upstream and downstream \bigcirc pipes and \bigcirc of SVA.



Ċ

4. BC controller transformer



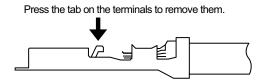
* Before measuring the resistance, pull out the connector.

-7- Inverter

- •Replace only the compressor if only the compressor is found to be defective.
- •<u>Replace only the fan motor if</u> only the fan motor is found to be defective.
- •Replace the defective components if the inverter is found to be defective.
- •If both the compressor and the inverter are found to be defective, replace the defective component(s) of both devices.

(1) Inverter-related problems: Troubleshooting and remedies

- The INV board has a large-capacity electrolytic capacitor, in which residual voltage remains even after the main power is turned off, posing a risk of electric shock. Before inspecting the inside of the control box, turn off the power, keep the unit off for at least 10 minutes, and confirm that the voltage between FT-P and FT-N on INV Board has dropped to DC20V or less. (It takes about 10 minutes to discharge electricity after the power supply is turn off.)
- 2) The IPM on the inverter becomes damaged if there are loose screws are connectors. If a problem occurs after replacing some of the parts, mixed up wiring is often the cause of the problem. Check for proper connection of the wiring, screws, connectors, and Faston terminals.
- 3) To avoid damage to the circuit board, do not connect or disconnect the inverter-related connectors with the main power turned on.
- 4) Faston terminals have a locking function. Make sure the terminals are securely locked in place after insertion.



- 5) When the IPM or IGBT is replaced, apply a thin layer of heat radiation grease that is supplied evenly to these parts. Wipe off any grease that may get on the wiring terminal to avoid terminal contact failure.
- 6) Faulty wiring to the compressor damages the compressor. Connect the wiring in the correct phase sequence.

| | Error display/failure condition | Measure/inspection item |
|-----|---|--|
| [1] | Inverter related errors 4250, 4255, 4220, 4225, 4230, 4240,4260, 5301, 0403 | Check the details of the inverter error in the error log at X LED Monitor Display on the Outdoor Unit Board. Take appropriate measures to the error code and the error details in ac- cordance with IX [2] Responding to Error Display on the Remote Con- troller. |
| [2] | Main power breaker trip | Refer to "(3) Trouble treatment when the main power breaker is tripped".(page 327) |
| [3] | Main power earth leakage breaker trip | Refer to "(4) Trouble treatment when the main power earth leakage breaker is tripped".(page 327) |
| [4] | Only the compressor does not operate. | Check the inverter frequency on the LED monitor and proceed to (2) - [4] if the compressor is in operation.(page 326) |
| [5] | The compressor vibrates violently at all times or makes an abnor- mal sound. | See (2)-[4].(page 326) |
| [6] | Only the fan motor does not operate. | Check the inverter frequency on the LED monitor and proceed to (2)- [6] if the fan motor is in operation.(page 326) |
| [7] | The fan motor shakes violently at all times or makes an abnormal sound. | Check the inverter frequency on the LED monitor and proceed to (2)- [6] if the fan motor is in operation.(page 326) |
| [8] | Noise is picked up by the peripheral device | <1> Check that power supply wiring of the peripheral device does not run close to the power supply wiring of the outdoor unit. |
| | | <2> Check if the inverter output wiring is not running parallel to the power supply wiring and the transmission lines. |
| | | <3> Check that the shielded wire is used as the transmission line when it is required, and check that the grounding work is performed prop- erly on the shielded wire. |
| | | <4> Meg failure for electrical system other than the inverter |
| | | <5> Attach a ferrite core to the inverter output wiring. (Contact the factory for details of the service part settings.) |
| | | <6> Provide separate power supply to the air conditioner and other electric appliances. |
| | | <7> If the error occurred suddenly, a ground fault of the inverter output can be considered. See (2)-[4].(page 326) |
| | | *Contact the factory for cases other than those listed above. |
| [9] | Sudden malfunction (as a result of external noise.) | <1> Check that the grounding work is performed properly. |
| | | <2>Check that the shielded wire is used as the transmission line when it is required, and check that the grounding work is performed prop- erly on the shielded wire. |
| | | <3>Check that neither the transmission line nor the external connection wiring does not run close to another power supply system or does not run through the same conduit pipe. |
| | | * Contact the factory for cases other than those listed above. |

(2) Inverter output related troubles

| | lt | ems to be checked | | Phenomena | Remedy |
|--|---|---|----|--|---|
| [1] Check the INV board er- ror detection circuit. | (1) Disconnect the invert- er output wire from the terminals of the INV board (SC-U, SC-V, SC-W). | | 1) | Overcurrent error (4250 Detail code No. 101, 104, 105, 106, and 107) | Replace the INV board. |
| | (2) | Put the outdoor unit into operation. | 2) | Logic error (4220 Detail code No. 111) | Replace the INV board. |
| | | | 3) | ACCT sensor circuit failure (5301 Detail code No.117) | Replace the INV board. |
| | | | 4) | IPM open (5301 Detail code No.119) | Normal |
| [2] Check for compressor ground fault | Disconnect the compressor wiring, and check the com- pressor Meg, and coil resis- tance. | | 1) | Compressor Meg failure Error if less than 1 Mohm. | Check that there is no liquid re- frigerant in the compressor. If there is none, replace the com- pressor. |
| or coil error. | | | 2) | Compressor coil resistance failure Coil resistance value of 0.71 ohm (20°C [68°F]): P200 - P250, EP200 models Coil resistance value of 0.32 ohm (20°C [68°F]): P300 - P450, EP250 - EP350 models | Replace the compressor. |
| [3] Check wheth- er the inverter is damaged. (No load) | (1) | Disconnect the invert- er output wire from the terminals of the INV board (SC-U, SC-V, SC-W). | 1) | Inverter-related problems are de- tected. | Connect the short-circuit connec- tor to CN6, and go to section [1]. |
| | (2) | Disconnect the short- circuit connector from CN6 on the INV board. | 2) | Inverter voltage is not output at the terminals (SC-U, SC-V, and SC-W) | Replace the INV board. |
| | (3) | into operation. Check the inverter | 3) | There is an voltage imbalance be- tween the wires. Greater than 5% imbalance or 5V | Replace the INV board. |
| | | output voltage after the inverter output frequency has stabi- lized. | 4) | There is no voltage imbalance be- tween the wires. | Normal *Reconnect the short-circuit con- nector to CN6 after checking the voltage. |

| | Items to be checked | Phenomena | Remedy |
|--|--|--|---|
| [4] Check whether the inverter is damaged. (During com- pressor opera- tion) | Put the outdoor unit into oper- ation. Check the inverter output volt- age after the inverter output frequency has stabilized. | Overcurrent-related problems oc- cur immediately after compressor startup. Error code : 4250 Detail code : 101, 106, 107 | a. Check items [1] through [3] for problems. b. Check that high and low pressures are balanced. c. Check that no liquid refrigerant is present in the compressor. →Go to "d." when the problem persists after compressor startup was repeated several times. If normal operation is restored, check the crank-case heater for problems. |
| | | | d. Check that there is a pressure difference between high and low pressures after compressor startup. →Check the high pressure with LED monitor for changes. Replace the compressor if there is no pressure difference. (the compressor may be locked.) |
| | | There is a voltage imbalance be- tween the wires after the inverter output voltage is stabilized. Greater than the larger of the fol- lowing values: imbalance of 5% or 5V | Replace the INV board if there is a voltage imbalance. Check the crankcase heater for problems if there is no volt- age imbalance. →When the error occurred, liq- uid refrigerant may have been present in the compressor. |
| [5] Check the fan motor ground | Remove the wire for the out- door fan motor, and check the fan motor megger and the | 1) Fan motor megger failure Failure when the megger is 1Mohm or less. | Replace the fan motor. |
| fault or the winding. | winding resistance. | 2) Fan motor disconnection Standard: The winding resistance is approximately several ohm. (It varies depending on the temper- ature, or while the inner thermo is operating, it will be ∞ ohm) | |
| [6] Check the fan inverter board failure. | (1) Check the fan output wir- ing. | Connector contact failure •Board side (CNINV) •Fan motor side | Connect the connector. |
| 1011010. | (2) Check the connector CN- VDC connection. | Cnnector contact failure | Connect the connector. |
| | (3) Check the FAN board failure. | The voltage imbalance among each motor wiring during operation (The voltage imbalance is greater than the larger of the values repre- sented by 5% or 5V.) | Replace the FAN board. |
| | | 2) The same error occurs even after the operation is restarted. | |

(3) Trouble treatment when the main power breaker is tripped

| | Items to be checked | Phenomena | Remedy | |
|-----|--|--|--|--|
| [1] | Check the breaker capacity. | Use of a non-specified break- er | Replace it with a specified breaker. | |
| [2] | Perform Meg check between the terminals on the power terminal block TB1. | Zero to several ohm, or Meg failure | Check each part and wiring. *Refer to (5) "Simple checking procedures for individual components of main inverter | |
| [3] | | 1) Main power breaker trip | circuit".(page 328) •IGBT module | |
| | check again. | 2) No remote control display | Rush current protection resistor Electromagnetic relay DC reactor | |
| [4] | Turn on the outdoor unit and check that it operates normally. | Operates normally without tripping the main breaker. | a) The wiring may have been short-circuit- ed. Search for the wire that short-circuit- | |
| | | 2) Main power breaker trip | ed, and repair it. b) If item a) above is not the cause of the problem, refer to (2)-[1]-[6]. | |

(4) Trouble treatment when the main power earth leakage breaker is tripped

| | Items to be checked | Phenomena | Remedy |
|-----|---|---|---|
| [1] | Check the earth leakage breaker capacity and the sensitivity current. | Use of a non-specified earth leakage breaker | Replace with a regulation earth leakage breaker. |
| [2] | Check the resistance at the power supply terminal block with a meg- ger. | Failure resistance value | Check each part and wiring. *Refer to (5) "Simple checking procedures for individual components of main inverter circuit".(page 328) •IGBT module •Rush current protection resistor •Electromagnetic relay •DC reactor |
| [3] | Disconnect the compressor wir- ings and check the resistance of the compressor with a megger. | Failure compressor if the insu- lating resistance value is not in specified range. Failure when the insulating re- sistance value is 1 Mohm or less. | Check that there is no liquid refrigerant in the compressor. If there is none, replace the compressor. |
| [4] | Disconnect the fan motor wirings and check the resistance of the fan motor with a megger. | Failure fan motor if the insulat- ing resistance value is not in specified range. Failure when the insulating re- sistance value is 1 Mohm or less. | Replace the fan motor. |

Note

The insulation resistance could go down to close to 1Mohm after installation or when the power is kept off for an extended period of time because of the accumulation of refrigerant in the compressor. If the earth leakage breaker is triggered, please use the following procedure to take care of this.

•Disconnect the wires from the compressor's terminal block.

•If the resistance is less than 1 Mohm, switch on the power for the outdoor unit with the wires still disconnected.

+Leave the power on for at least 12 hours.

•Check that the resistance has recovered to 1 Mohm or greater.

Earth leakage current measurement method

•For easy on-site measurement of the earth leakage current, enable the filter with a measurement instrument that has filter functions as below, clamp all the power supply wires, and measure.

Recommended measurement instrument: CLAMP ON LEAK HITESTER 3283 made by HIOKI E.E. CORPORATION •When measuring one device alone, measure near the device's power supply terminal block.

(5) Simple checking procedure for individual components of main inverter circuit

Note

Before inspecting the inside of the control box, turn off the power, keep the unit off for at least 10 minutes, and confirm that the voltage between FT-P and FT-N on INV Board has dropped to DC20V or less.

| Part name | Judgment method | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| IGBT module | See "Troubleshooting for IGBT Module ". (IX [4] -7- (6))(page 328) | | | | |
| Rush current pro- tection resistor R1, R5 | leasure the resistance between terminals R1 and R5: 22 ohm \pm 10% | | | | |
| Electromagnetic relay 72C | Note This electromagnetic relay is rated at DC12V and is driven by a coil. Check the resistance between terminals Upper Installation direction 0 6 5 | | | | |
| DC reactor DCL | Measure the resistance between terminals: 10hm or lower (almost 0 ohm) Measure the resistance between terminals and the chassis: ∞ | | | | |

(6) Troubleshooting for IGBT Module

Measure the resistances between each pair of terminals on the IGBT with a tester, and use the results for troubleshooting. The terminals on the INV board are used for the measurement.

1) Notes on measurement

•Check the polarity before measuring. (On the tester, black normally indicates plus.)

•Check that the resistance is not open (∞ ohm) or not shorted (to 0 ohm).

- •The values are for reference, and the margin of errors is allowed.
- •The result that is more than double or half of the result that is measured at the same measurement point is not allowed.
- •Disconnect all the wiring connected the INV board, and make the measurement.

2) Tester restriction

•Use the tester whose internal electrical power source is 1.5V or greater

•Use the dry-battery-powered tester.

Note

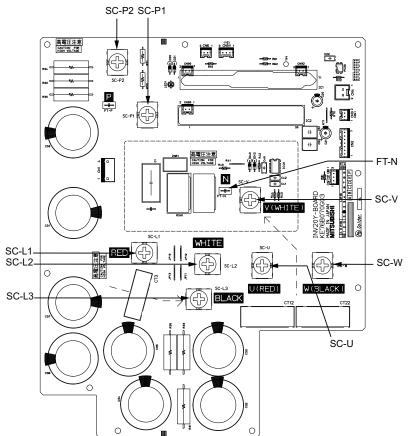
(The accurate diode-specific resistance cannot be measured with the button-battery-powered card tester, as the applied voltage is low.)

•Use a low-range tester if possible. A more accurate resistance can be measured.

| | | | | Black(+) | | | |
|---------|-------|-------------|-------------|-------------|---|---|--|
| | | SC-P1 | FT-N | SC-L1 | SC-L2 | SC-L3 | |
| | SC-P1 | - | - | 5 - 200 ohm | 5 - 200 ohm | 5 - 200 ohm | |
| Red (-) | FT-N | - | - | ∞ | ~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~ | ~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~ | |
| | SC-L1 | 00 | 5 - 200 ohm | - | - | - | |
| | SC-L2 | 8 | 5 - 200 ohm | - | - | - | |
| | SC-L3 | ∞ | 5 - 200 ohm | - | - | - | |
| | | Black (+) | | | | | |
| | | SC-P2 | FT-N | SC-U | SC-V | SC-W | |
| | SC-P2 | - | - | 5 - 200 ohm | 5 - 200 ohm | 5 - 200 ohm | |
| | FT-N | - | - | ∞ | ∞ | ∞ | |
| Red (-) | SC-U | ~ | 5 - 200 ohm | - | - | - | |
| | SC-V | 8 | 5 - 200 ohm | - | - | - | |
| | SC-W | 8 | 5 - 200 ohm | - | - | - | |

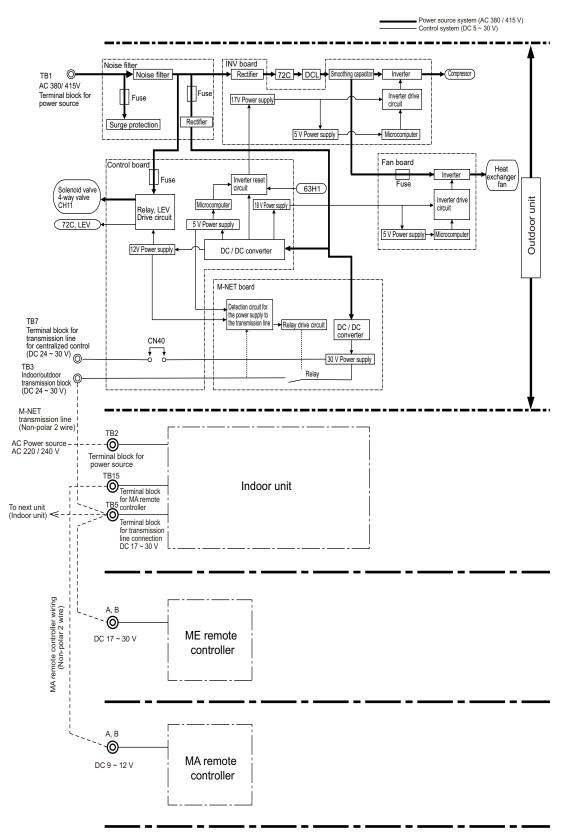
Judgment value (reference)

INV board external diagram



-8- Control Circuit

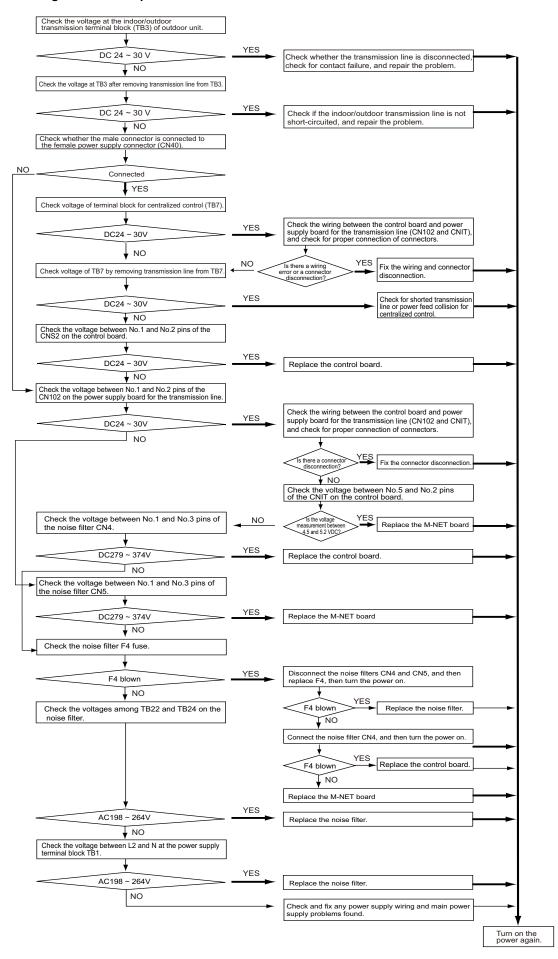
(1) Control power source function block



* MA remote controllers and ME remote controllers cannot be used together.

(Both the ME and MA remote controller can be connected to a system with a system controller.)

(2) Troubleshooting transmission power circuit of outdoor unit



[5] Refrigerant Leak

- 1. Leak spot: In the case of extension pipe for indoor unit (Cooling season)
- 1) Mount a pressure gauge on the service check joint (CJ2) on the low-pressure side.
- 2) Stop all the indoor units, and close the high-pressure side refrigerant service valve (BV2) on the outdoor unit while the compressor is being stopped.
- 3) Stop all the indoor units; turn on SW2-4 on the outdoor unit control board while the compressor is being stopped. (Pump down mode will start, and all the indoor units will run in cooling test run mode.)
- 4) In the pump down mode (SW2-4 is ON), all the indoor units will automatically stop when the low pressure (63LS) reaches 0.383MPa [55psi] or less or 15 minutes have passed after the pump mode started. Stop all the indoor units and compressors when the pressure indicated by the pressure gauge, which is on the check joint (CJ2) for low-pressure service, reaches 0.383MPa [55psi] or 20 minutes pass after the pump down operation is started.
- 5) Close the service ball valve (BV1) on the low-pressure pipe on the outdoor unit.
- 6) Collect the refrigerant that remains in the extended pipe for the indoor unit. Do not discharge refrigerant into the atmosphere when it is collected.
- 7) Repair the leak.
- 8) After repairing the leak, vacuum^{*1} the extension pipe and the indoor unit.
- 9) To adjust refrigerant amount, open the ball valves (BV1 and BV2) inside the outdoor unit and turn off SW2-4.

2. Leak spot: In the case of outdoor unit (Cooling season)

(1) Run all the indoor units in the cooling test run mode.

- 1) To run the indoor unit in test run mode, turn SW3-2 from ON to OFF when SW3-1 on the outdoor control board is ON.
- 2) Change the setting of the remote controller for all the indoor units to the cooling mode.
- 3) Check that all the indoor units are performing a cooling operation.

(2) Check the SC16 value.

(This valve can be displayed on the LED by setting the self-diagnosis switch (SW1) on the outdoor unit control board.)

- 1) When SC16 is 10°C [18°F] or above: Go to the next item (3).
- 2) When the SC16 value is below 10°C [18°F]: After the compressor has stopped, extract the refrigerant in the system, repair the leak, evacuate the air from the system ^{*1}, and charge the system with refrigerant. (If the leak is in the outdoor unit, follow the same procedure as listed under "heating season.")

SC16 self-diagnosis switch

| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
|----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|
| ON | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

- (3) Stop all the indoor units, and stop the compressor.
- 1) To stop all the indoor units and the compressors, turn SW3-2 from ON to OFF when SW3-1 on the outdoor control board is ON.
- 2) Check that all the indoor units are being stopped.
- (4) Close the ball valves (BV1 and BV2).
- (5) Collect the refrigerant that remains inside the outdoor unit.Do not discharge refrigerant into air into the atmosphere when it is collected.
- (6) Repair the leak.
- (7) After repairing the leak, replace the dryer with the new one, and perform evacuation *1 inside the outdoor unit.
- (8) To adjust refrigerant amount, open the ball valves (BV1 and BV2) inside the outdoor unit.

3. Leak spot: In the case of extension pipe for indoor unit (Heating season)

- (1) Run all the indoor units in heating test run mode.
- 1) To run the indoor unit in test run mode, turn SW3-2 from ON to OFF when SW3-1 on the outdoor control board is ON.
- 2) Change the setting of the remote controller for all the indoor units to the heating mode.
- 3) Check that all the indoor units are performing a heating operation.

(2) Stop all the indoor units, and stop the compressor.

- 1) To stop all the indoor units and the compressors, turn SW3-2 from ON to OFF when SW3-1 on the outdoor control board is ON.
- 2) Check that all the indoor units are stopped.
- (3) Close the ball valves (BV1 and BV2).
- (4) Collect the refrigerant that remains inside the indoor unit. Do not discharge refrigerant into air into the atmosphere when it is collected.
- (5) Repair the leak.
- (6) After repairing the leak, perform evacuation of the extension pipe^{*1} for the indoor unit, and open the ball valves (BV1 and BV2) to adjust refrigerant.

4. Leak spot: In the case of outdoor unit (Heating season)

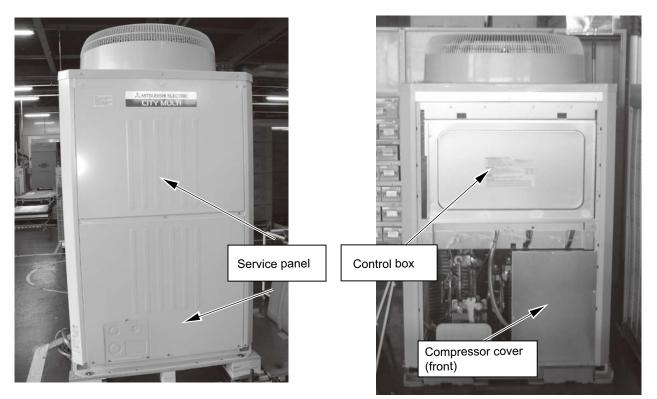
- 1) Collect the refrigerant in the entire system (outdoor unit, extended pipe and indoor unit).Do not discharge refrigerant into the atmosphere when it is collected.
- 2) Repair the leak.
- 3) Repair the leak, and evacuate the air from the entire system *1. Then, calculate the proper amount of refrigerant to be added (outdoor unit + extension pipe + indoor unit), and charge the system with that amount. Refer to Chapter VIII [4] 3. for the proper amount of refrigerant charge.(page 160)

[6] Compressor Replacement Instructions

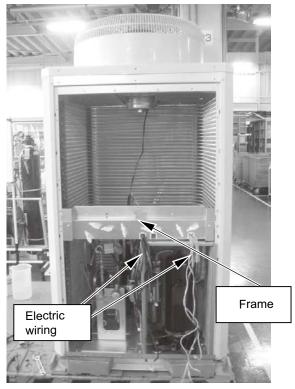
1. Compressor Replacement Instructions

[Compressor replacement procedures]

Follow the procedures below (Steps 1 through 5) to remove the compressor components and replace the compressor. Reassemble them in the reverse order after replacing the compressor.



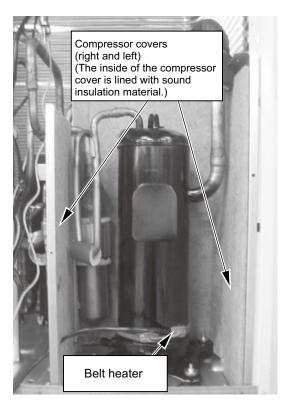
- 1. Remove both the top and bottom service panels (front panels).
- 2. Remove the control box and the compressor cover (front).



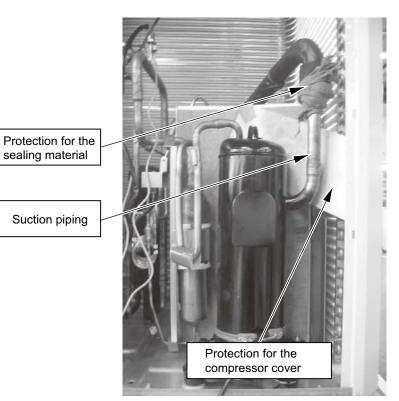
3. Remove the wires that are secured to the frame, and remove the frame.



4. Remove the compressor cover (top).



5. Remove the compressor wires, compressor covers (right and left), and belt heater.



6. Place protective materials on the insulation lining of the compressor cover and on the sealing material on the compressor suction pipe to protect them from the torch flame, debraze the pipe, and replace the compressor.

- 1. Solenoid valve block ASSY (SV4a, SV4b, SV4d), Check valve (CV4a, CV6a, CV8a, CV9a, CV10a) replacement instructions_
- ⁶ Following instructions show procedures for replacing service parts for Solenoid valve block ASSY (SV4a, SV4b, SV4d), Check valve (CV4a, CV6a, CV8a, CV9a, CV10a). Replace them properly according to the procedures.

1. Applicable models

- PURY-P200, 250, 300YJM-A (-BS)
- PURY-EP200YJM-A (-BS)

2. Parts to be serviced, Set-content

Following instructions are applicable to 1-3 service parts on the table below.

| | Dente te he comilee d | Things required for replacing | | |
|-----|---|--|-------------------------|--|
| NO. | Parts to be serviced | Item | | |
| 1 | Solenoid valve block ASSY (SV4a, SV4b, SV4d) | Solenoid valve block service parts set [Set-content] • Replacement instructions • Solenoid valve block ASSY • Connecting pipe (ø9.52 [3/8"]) | 1 1 1 1 | |
| 2 | Check valve (CV4a) | Service parts replacement instructions set | 1 | |
| 3 | Check valve (CV6a, CV8a, CV9a, CV10a) | [Set-content] • Replacement instructions • Connecting pipe (ø9.52 [3/8"]) | 1 1 | |

3. Procedures

- * Precautions for starting replacement
- Check that the main power supply is OFF.
- Check that no refrigerant is in the outdoor unit.

Remove each part according to the 1)-3) procedures on the next page before replacing service parts. Mount the removed parts back in place in a reversed procedures of 1)-3) on the next page after replacing service parts.

(1) Solenoid valve block ASSY (SV4a, SV4b, SV4d) replacement procedures

- To remove Solenoid valve block ASSY
 - ① Remove the solenoid valve block coil cover, solenoid valve coil, and peripheral cables.
 - ② Remove the screw (M5) that fixes the solenoid valve block and the supporting plate for solenoid valve block.
 - ③ Cut the pipe at the position indicated on the next page with a pipe cutter. Remove the pipe from the brazed A part.
 - ④ Debraze B-G parts (total 6 places).
 - (5) Do not damage heat exchanger fins and peripheral piping devices when removing the Solenoid valve block ASSY.
- To install Solenoid valve block ASSY
 - (6) Mount the Solenoid valve block ASSY replacement to the unit with care not to damage heat exchanger fins and peripheral piping devices.

Fix the Solenoid valve block ASSY and the supporting plate with the fixing screw (M5).

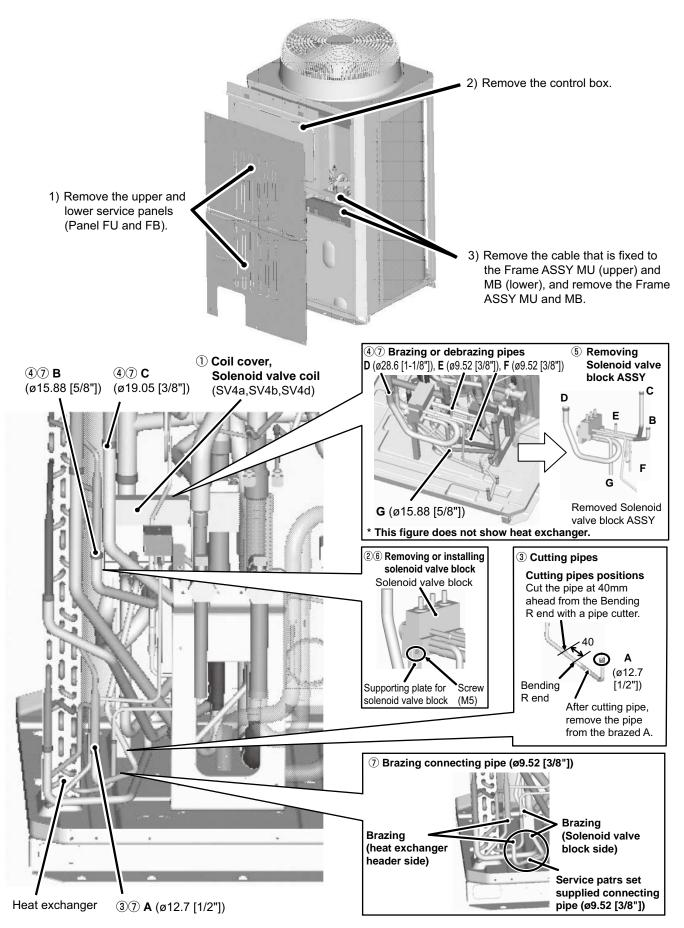
- ⑦ Braze B-G part (total 6 places), and connect the solenoid valve block and the heat exchanger header with the connecting pipe (ø9.52 [3/8"]) that comes with the service parts set.
- (8) Mount the solenoid valve block coil cover, solenoid valve coil, and peripheral cables back in place.

*Precautions for replacing Solenoid valve block ASSY

*Be sure to perform no-oxidation brazing when brazing.

•After brazing, check the condition around the brazing. After confirming no leakage, evacuate the air inside.^{*1} •Perform brazing with care of the flame direction so that it does not burn cables and plates etc. in the unit. •Remove the brazing part protecting heat exchanger fins from burning, and replace the service parts.

*1. Refer to Chapter I [8] Vacuum Drying (Evacuation) for detailed procedure.(page 10)

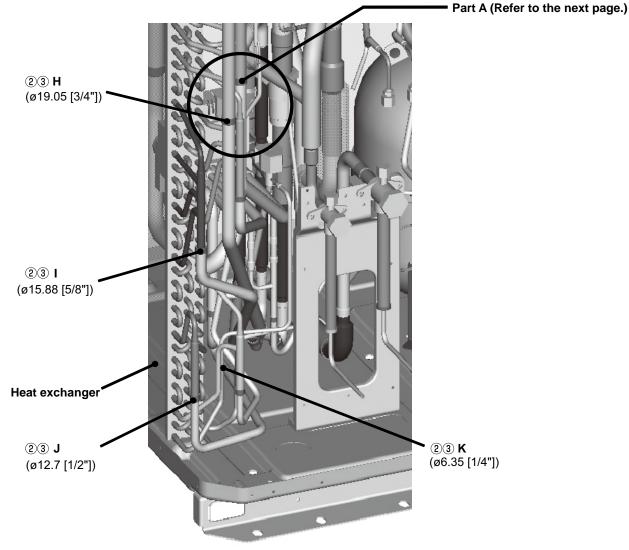


* Refer to the next page for Check valve (CV4a, CV6a, CV8a, CV9a, CV10a) replacement procedures.

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(2) Check valve (CV4a, CV6a, CV8a, CV9a, CV10a) replacement procedures

- Remove the Solenoid valve block ASSY following "(1) Solenoid valve block ASSY (SV4a, SV4b, SV4d) replacement procedures" on the front page.
- 2 Debraze H-M parts (total 6 places), and remove the Check valve ASSY.
- Replace the Check valve (CV4a, CV6a, CV8a, CV9a, CV10a) to be serviced while it is removed from the unit.
 Braze the pipes as they were according to the angle of the pipes on the next page (Figure as viewed from point Q).
- ④ Mount the solenoid valve block ASSY, coil cover, and peripheral cables back in place according to "(1) Solenoid valve block ASSY (SV4a, SV4b, SV4d) replacement procedures" on the front page.



* After removing Solenoid valve block ASSY

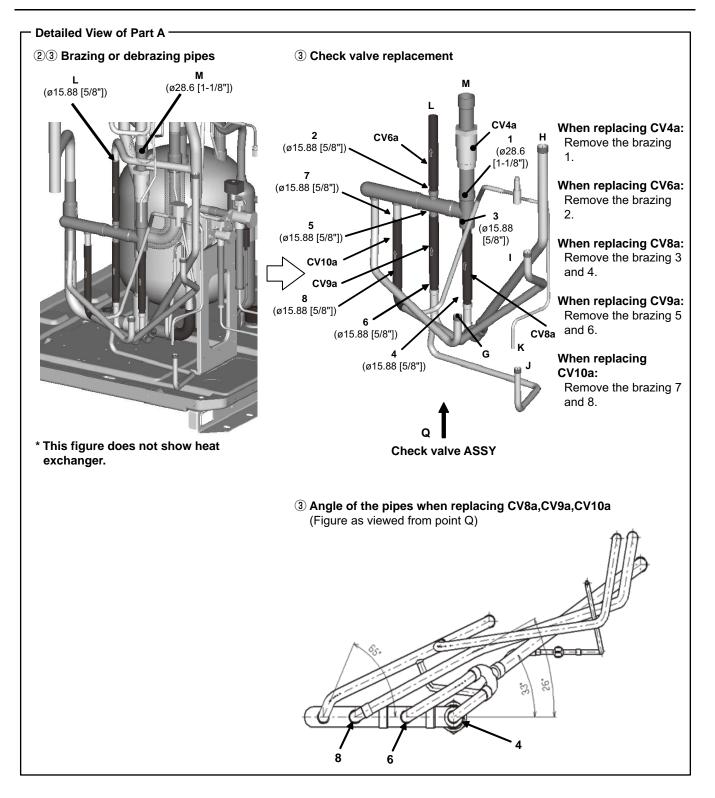
*Precautions for replacing Check valve

*Be sure to perform no-oxidation brazing when brazing.

After brazing, check the condition around the brazing. After confirming no leakage, evacuate the air inside.^{*1}
Perform carefully with the flame direction so that it does not burn cables and plates etc. in the unit.
Remove the brazing part protecting heat exchanger fins not to be burn, and replace the service parts.

*1. Refer to Chapter I [8] Vacuum Drying (Evacuation) for detailed procedure.(page 10)

[•]Place a wet towel on the check valve when heating pipes to keep the temperature of the valve from exceeding 120°C [248°F].



2. Solenoid valve block ASSY (SV4a, SV4b, SV4c, SV4d), Check valve (CV4a, CV6a, CV8a, CV9a, CV10a) replacement instructions

Following instructions show procedures for replacing service parts for Solenoid valve block ASSY (SV4a, SV4b, SV4c, SV4d), Check valve (CV4a, CV6a, CV8a, CV9a, CV10a). Replace them properly according to the procedures.

1. Applicable models

- PURY-P350, 400YJM-A (-BS)
- PURY-EP250, 300YJM-A (-BS)

2. Parts to be serviced, Set-content

Following instructions are applicable to 1-4 service parts on the table below.

| NO. | Parts to be serviced | Things required for replacing | | |
|-----|---|--|----------|--|
| NO. | Parts to be serviced | Item | Numbers | |
| 1 | Solenoid valve block ASSY (SV4a, SV4b, SV4c, SV4d) | Solenoid valve block service parts set [Set-content] • Replacement instructions • Solenoid valve block ASSY | 1 | |
| | | Connecting pipe (ø9.52 [3/8"]) | 1 | |
| 2 | Check valve (CV4a, CV8a) | Service parts replacement instructions set | 1 | |
| 3 | Check valve (CV9a) | [Set-content] • Replacement instructions | 1 | |
| 4 | Check valve (CV6a, CV10a) | Connecting pipe (ø9.52 [3/8"]) | 1 | |

3. Procedures

* Precautions for starting replacement

- Check that the main power supply is OFF.
- · Check that no refrigerant is in the outdoor unit.

Remove each part according to the 1)-3) procedures on the next page before replacing service parts. Mount the removed parts back in place in a reversed procedures of 1)-3) on the next page after replacing service parts.

(1) Solenoid valve block ASSY (SV4a, SV4b, SV4c, SV4d) replacement procedures

- To remove Solenoid valve block ASSY
 - Remove the solenoid valve block coil cover, solenoid valve coil, and peripheral cables.
 - ② Remove the screw (M5) that fixes the solenoid valve block and the supporting plate for solenoid valve block.
 - ③ Cut the pipe at the position indicated on the right figure with a pipe cutter. Remove the pipe from the brazed A part.
 - ④ Debraze B-H parts (total 7 places).
 - (5) Do not damage heat exchanger fins and peripheral piping devices when removing the Solenoid valve block ASSY.
- To install Solenoid valve block ASSY
 - (6) Mount the Solenoid valve block ASSY replacement to the unit with care not to damage heat exchanger fins and peripheral piping devices.

Fix the Solenoid valve block ASSY and the supporting plate with the fixing screw (M5).

- ⑦ Braze B-H part (total 7 places), and connect the solenoid valve block and the heat exchanger header with the connecting pipe (ø9.52 [3/8"]) that comes with the service parts set.
- (8) Mount the solenoid valve block coil cover, solenoid valve coil, and peripheral cables back in place.

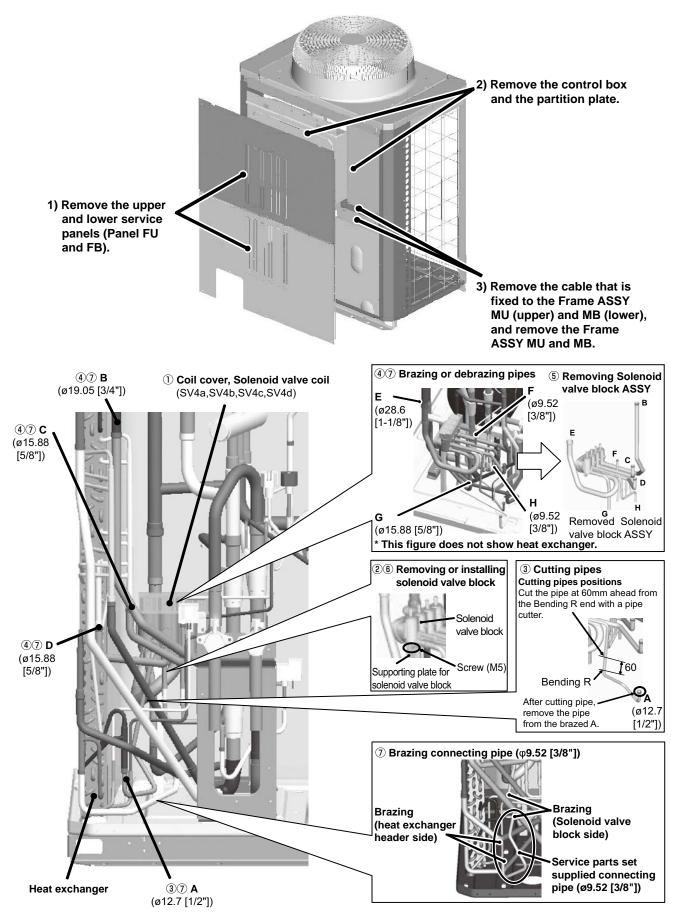
*Precautions for replacing Solenoid valve block ASSY

•Be sure to perform no-oxidation brazing when brazing.

•After brazing, check the condition around the brazing. After confirming no leakage, evacuate the air inside.^{*1} •Perform carefully with the flame direction so that it does not burn cables and plates etc. in the unit.

*Remove the brazing part protecting heat exchanger fins from burning, and replace the service parts.

*1. Refer to Chapter I [8] Vacuum Drying (Evacuation) for detailed procedure.(page 10)



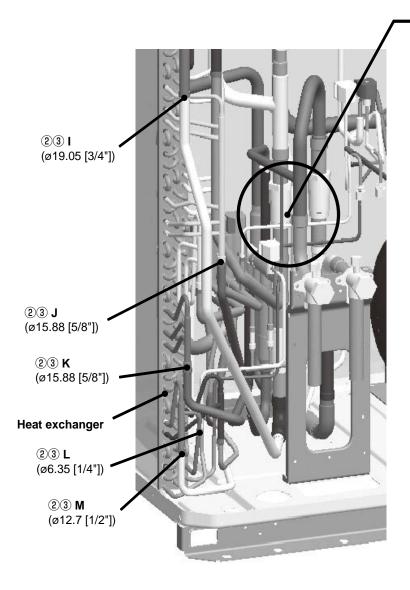
* Refer to the next page for Check valve (CV4a, CV6a, CV8a, CV9a, CV10a) replacement procedures.

(2) Check valve (CV4a, CV6a, CV8a, CV9a, CV10a) replacement procedures

- ① Remove the solenoid valve block ASSY following "(1) Solenoid valve block ASSY (SV4a, SV4b, SV4d) replacement procedures" on the front page.
- 2 Debraze I-O parts (total 7 places), and remove the Check valve ASSY.
- ③ Replace the Check valve (CV4a, CV6a, CV8a, CV9a, CV10a) to be serviced while it is removed from the unit. Braze the pipes as they were according to the angle of the pipes on the figure below (Figure as viewed from point Q).
- ④ Mount the solenoid valve block ASSY, coil cover, and peripheral cables back in place according to "(1) Solenoid valve block ASSY (SV4a, SV4b, SV4d) replacement procedures" on the front page.

Part A

(Refer to the next page.)



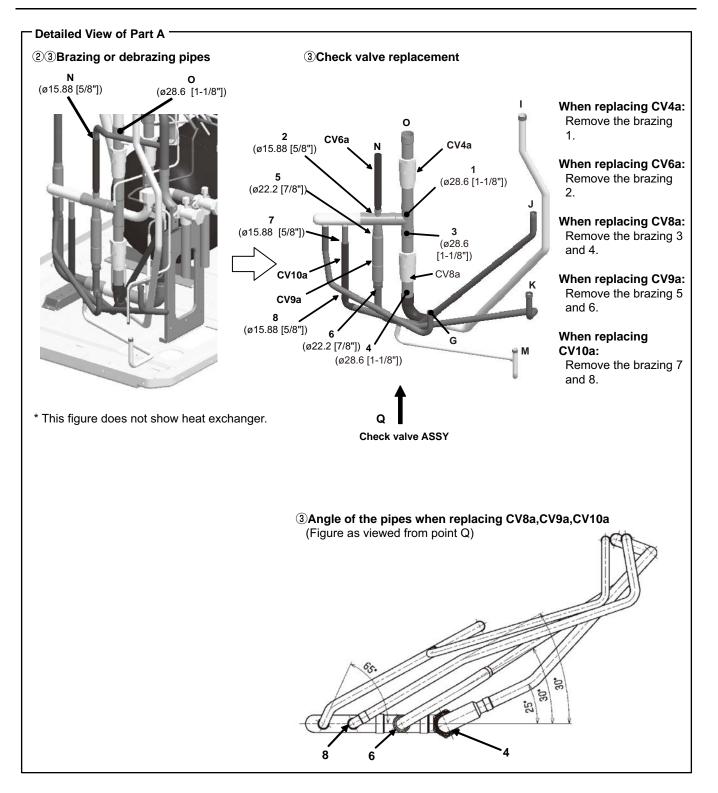
* After removing Solenoid valve block ASSY

*Precautions for replacing Check valve

*Be sure to perform no-oxidation brazing when brazing.

- •After brazing, check the condition around the brazing. After confirming no leakage, evacuate the air inside.^{*1} •Perform carefully with the flame direction so that it does not burn cables and plates etc. in the unit.
- *Remove the brazing part protecting heat exchanger fins not to be burn, and replace the service parts.
- *1. Refer to Chapter I [8] Vacuum Drying (Evacuation) for detailed procedure.(page 10)

[•]Place a wet towel on the check valve when heating pipes to keep the temperature of the valve from exceeding 120°C [248°F].



- 3. Solenoid valve block ASSY (SV4a, SV4b, SV4d), Check valve (CV4a, CV6a, CV8a, CV9a) replacement instructions
- ^t Following instructions show procedures for replacing service parts for Solenoid valve block ASSY (SV4a, SV4b, SV4d), Check valve (CV4a, CV6a, CV8a, CV9a). Replace them properly according to the procedures.

1. Applicable models

- PURY-P450YJM-A (-BS)
- PURY-EP350YJM-A (-BS)

2. Parts to be serviced, Set-content

Following instructions are applicable to 1-3 service parts on the table below.

| NO. | Parts to be serviced | Things required for replacing | | |
|-----|---|--|--------------------|--|
| NO. | Parts to be serviced | Item | | |
| 1 | Solenoid valve block ASSY (SV4a, SV4b, SV4d) | Solenoid valve block service parts set [Set-content] • Replacement instructions • Solenoid valve block ASSY | 1 1 1 | |
| 2 | Check valve (CV6a) | Service parts replacement instructions set | 1 | |
| 3 | Check valve (CV4a, CV8a, CV9a) | [Set-content] • Replacement instructions • Check valve | 1 1 | |

3. Procedures

- * Precautions for starting replacement
- Check that the main power supply is OFF.
- Check that no refrigerant is in the outdoor unit.

Remove each part according to the 1)-3) procedures on the next page before replacing service parts. Mount the removed parts back in place in a reversed procedures of 1)-3) on the next page after replacing service parts.

(1) Solenoid valve block ASSY (SV4a, SV4b, SV4d) replacement procedures

To remove Solenoid valve block ASSY

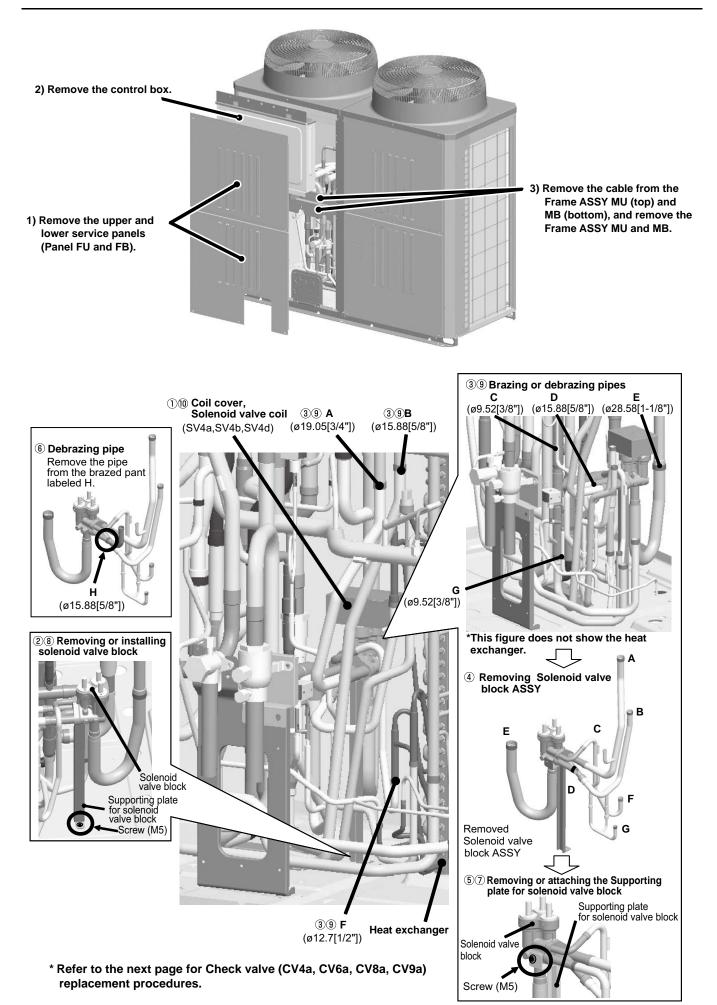
- (1) Remove the solenoid valve block coil cover, solenoid valve coil, and peripheral cables.
- ② Remove the M5 screws that are holding the solenoid valve block supporting plate and the base.
- ③ Debraze A-G parts (total 7 places).
- ④ Do not damage heat exchanger fins and peripheral piping devices when removing the Solenoid valve block ASSY.
- (5) Remove the M5 screws that are holding the solenoid valve block and the solenoid valve block supporting plate.

To install Solenoid valve block ASSY

- 6 Remove the brazed pipe at section H in the figure.
- O Fix the solenoid value block assembly and the supporting plate in place with the M5 screws.
- (8) Using caution not to damage the heat exchanger fins and the surrounding pipes, hold the replacement solenoid valve block assembly inside the unit, and then fix the solenoid valve block supporting plate and the base in place with the M5 screws.
- (9) Braze the seven spots labeled A through G in the figure.
- 1 Mount the solenoid valve block coil cover, solenoid valve coil, and peripheral cables back in place.

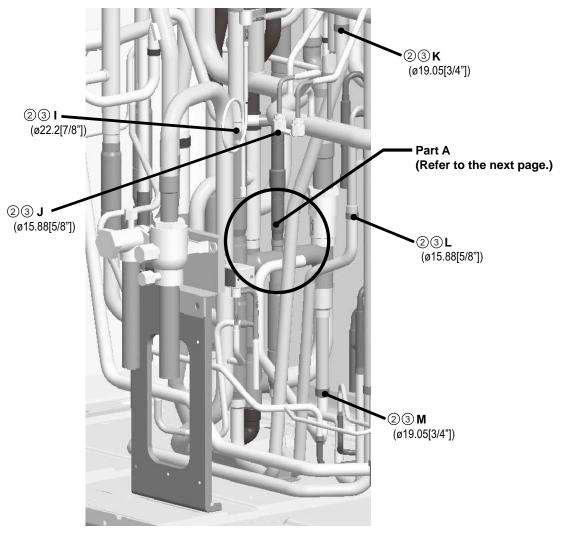
*Precautions for replacing Solenoid valve block ASSY

- •Be sure to perform no-oxidation brazing when brazing.
- •Before heating the pipes, place a wet towel on the solenoid valve block to keep its temperature below 120°C [248°F].
- After brazing, check the condition around the brazing. After confirming no leakage, evacuate the air inside.^{*1}
 Perform carefully with the flame direction so that it does not burn cables and plates etc. in the unit.
- •Remove the brazing part protecting heat exchanger fins from burning, and replace the service parts.
- *1. Refer to Chapter I [8] Vacuum Drying (Evacuation) for detailed procedure.(page 10)



(2) Check valve (CV4a, CV6a, CV8a, CV9a) replacement procedures

- ① Remove the solenoid valve block ASSY following "(1) Solenoid valve block ASSY (SV4a, SV4b, SV4d) replacement procedures" on the front page.
- 2 Debraze I-M parts (total 5 places), and remove the Check valve ASSY.
- ③ Replace the Check valve (CV4a, CV6a, CV8a, CV9a) to be serviced while it is removed from the unit.
- Braze the pipes as they were according to the angle of the pipes on the figure on the next page (Figure as viewed from point N).
- ④ Mount the solenoid valve block ASSY, coil cover, and peripheral cables back in place according to "(1) Solenoid valve block ASSY (SV4a, SV4b, SV4d) replacement procedures" on the front page.



* After removing Solenoid valve block ASSY

*Precautions for replacing Check valve

•Be sure to perform no-oxidation brazing when brazing.

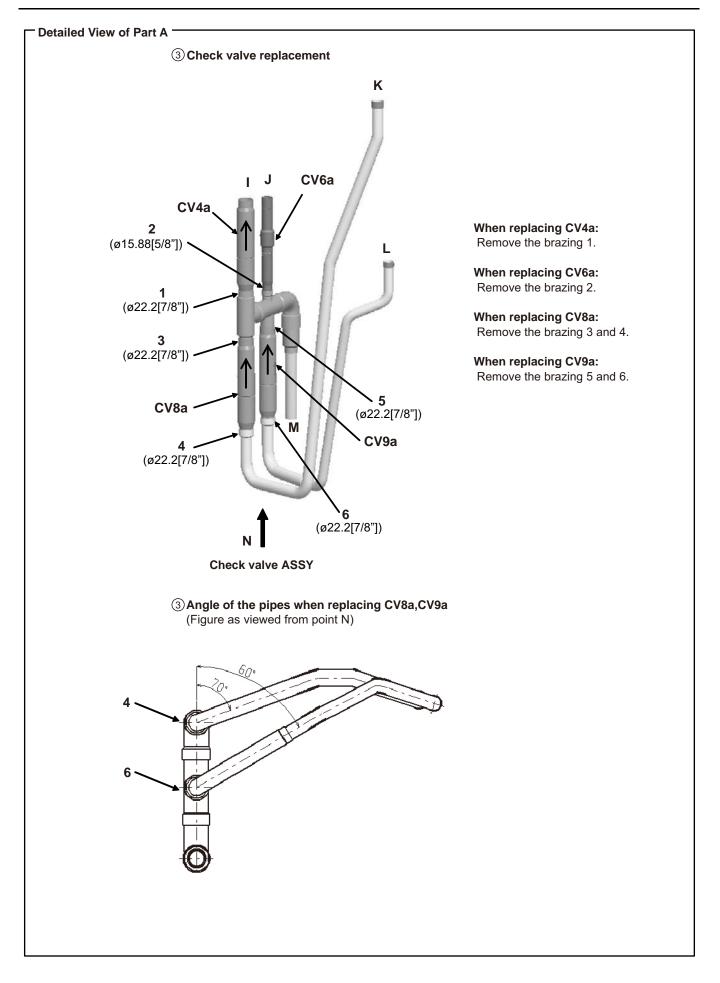
*After brazing, check the condition around the brazing. After confirming no leakage, evacuate the air inside. *1

•Perform carefully with the flame direction so that it does not burn cables and plates etc. in the unit.

•Remove the brazing part protecting heat exchanger fins not to be burn, and replace the service parts.

*1. Refer to Chapter I [8] Vacuum Drying (Evacuation) for detailed procedure.(page 10)

[•]Place a wet towel on the check valve when heating pipes to keep the temperature of the valve from exceeding 120°C [248°F].



4. Solenoid valve (SV1a), Capillary tube ASSY (CP1) replacement instructions

1. Applicable models

PURY-P200, 250, 300YJM-A (-BS), PURY-EP200YJM-A (-BS)

.....Low pressure twinning kit (optional accessory) is built in.

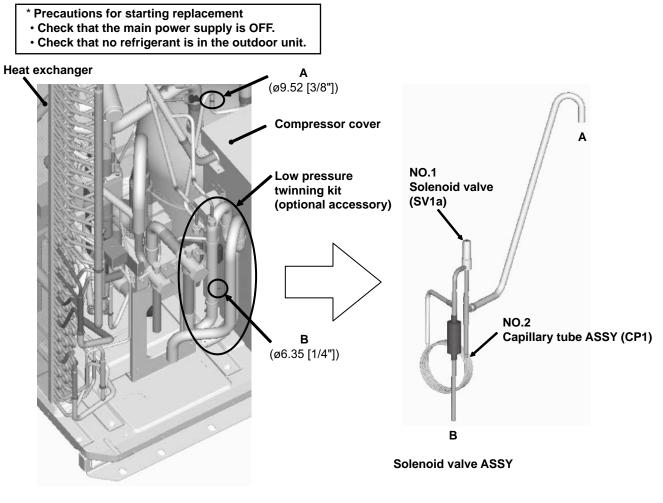
* The parts can be replaced without removing the Solenoid valve ASSY on the unit for the units that do not have built-in low pressure twinning kit (optional accessory).

2. Parts to be serviced

| NO. | Item | | Applicable models |
|-----|--------------------------|----------|--|
| 1 | Solenoid valve (SV1a) | | PURY-P200, 250, 300 YJM-A (-BS) PURY-EP200YJM-A (-BS) |
| 2 | Capillary tube ASSY | 8, 10 HP | PURY-P200, 250YJM-A (-BS) PURY-EP200YJM-A (-BS) |
| | (CP1) | 12 HP | PURY-P300YJM-A (-BS) |

3. Procedures

Removing the Solenoid valve (SV1a) and the Capillary tube ASSY (CP1) individually is difficult when the low pressure twinning kit (optional accessory) is built in. Refer to the procedures $\mathbb{12}$ below and replace the parts.



① Debraze A and B, and remove solenoid valve ASSY from the unit.

② Replace Solenoid valve (SV1a) or Capillary tube ASSY (CP1), and mount them again.

*Precautions for brazing

•Be sure to perform no-oxidation brazing when brazing.

•After brazing, check the condition around the brazing. After confirming no leakage, evacuate the air inside.^{*1} •Braze carefully with the flame direction so that it does not burn cables and plates etc. in the unit.

^{*1.} Refer to Chapter I [8] Vacuum Drying (Evacuation) for detailed procedure.(page 10)

[7] Servicing the BC controller

1. Service panel

*Special care must be taken when replacing heavy parts.

| Work procedure | Explanatory figure |
|--|---------------------------------------|
| Remove the two lock nuts on the control box, loosen the other two, and remove the control box. Remove the three fixing screws on the service panel, and remove the service panel. Remove the nine machine screws on the ceiling panel, and remove the ceiling panel. | Loosen Service panel Ceiling panel |

2. Control box

| Work procedure | Explanatory figure |
|--|------------------------|
| To check the inside of the control box, remove the two lock nuts on the control box cover. Check the terminal connection of the power wire or of the transmission line. Check the transformer. Check the address switch. When the control board is replaced, the followings must be noted. | |
| Check that the board type is G1,GA1(HA1), or GB1(HB1). Check that the wire and the connector are properly con- nected. | |
| Note It is not required to remove the two fixing screws on the control box when checking the inside. | CMB-1016V-G1, GA1, HA1 |

3. Thermistor (liquid pipe/gas pipe temperature detection)

*Special care must be taken when replacing heavy parts.

| Work procedure | Explanatory figure |
|---|-------------------------------|
| (1) Remove the service panel. 1) For TH11, TH12, and TH15, refer to 1. 1), 2). 2) For TH16, refer to 1. 1), 2), 3). (GA1 type only) (2) Remove the lead wire of the piping sensor from the control board. 1) TH11,TH12 (CN10) 2) TH15,TH16 (CN11) (3) Pull out the temperature sensor from the temperature sensor with the new one. (4) Connect the lead wire of the temperature sensor securely on the control board. | TH16 TH11 |
| | TH12 TH12 CMB-1016V-GA1 |

4. Pressure sensor

| Work procedure | Explanatory figure |
|---|--------------------|
| (1) Remove the service panel. 1) For the pressure sensors PS1 and PS3, refer to 1. 1), 2). (2) Remove the pressure sensor connector in trouble from the control board, and insulate the connector. 1) Liquid-side pressure sensor (CNP1) 2) Intermediate-part pressure sensor to the place which is shown in the figure, and insert the connector to the control board. Note When gas leaks from the pressure sensor, repair the leak, and follow the instructions above if required. | PS3 |

5. LEV

| Work procedure | Explanatory figure |
|---|-------------------------------|
| (1) Remove the service panel. (See figure at right.) (2) Replace the LEV in trouble. Note Secure enough service space in the ceiling for welding operation, and conduct the work carefully. If required, dismount the unit from the ceiling, and conduct the work. | LEV3 LEV1 SVM2 SVM2b |

6. Solenoid valve

| Work procedure | Explanatory figure |
|---|---|
| Work procedure (1) Remove the service panel. (See figure at right.) (2) Remove the connector of the solenoid valve in trouble. (3) Remove the solenoid valve coil. (1) The coils on the solenoid valves SVA, SVB, SVM1, SVM1b, SVM2, and SVM2b can be serviced through the inspection door. SVC is accessible for replacement by removing the four mounting screws on the rear panel and removing the panel (if enough space is available on the back). (SVM1 is present only on the G1, GA1, and HA1 types, SVM2 on the GA1 and HA1 types, and SVM1b and SVM2b on the HA1 type.) | <text><image/><image/><caption><text></text></caption></text> |

*Special care must be taken when replacing heavy parts.

[8] Troubleshooting Using the Outdoor Unit LED Error Display

If the LED error display appear as follows while all the SW1 switches are set to OFF, check the items under the applicable item numbers below.

- 1. Error code appears on the LED display. Refer to IX [2] Responding to Error Display on the Remote Controller.(page 228)
- 2. LED is blank.
- Take the following troubleshooting steps.
- (1) If the voltage between pins 1 and 3 of CNDC on the control board is outside the range between 220 VDC and 380 VDC, refer to IX [4] -8- (2) Troubleshooting transmission power circuit of outdoor unit.(page 331)
- (2) If the LED error display becomes lit when the power is turned on with all the connectors on the control board except CNDC disconnected, there is a problem with the wiring to those connectors or with the connectors themselves.
- (3) If nothing appears on the display under item (2) above AND the voltage between pins 1 and 3 of CNDC is within the range between 220 VDC and 380 VDC, control board failure is suspected.

3. Only the software version appears on the LED display.

- (1) Only the software version appears while the transmission cables to TB3 and TB7 are disconnected.
- 1) Wiring failure between the control board and the transmission line power supply board.(CNIT, CNS2, CN102)
- 2) If item 1) checks out OK, the transmission line power supply board failure is suspected.
- 3) If items 1) and 2) check out OK, control board failure is suspected.
- (2) If the LED display appears as noted in "X [1] 2. LED display at initial setting" (page 355) while the transmission cables to TB3 and TB7 are disconnected, failure with the transmission cable or the connected equipment is suspected.

${\rm X}$ LED Monitor Display on the Outdoor Unit Board

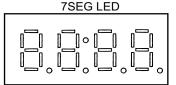
- 354 -

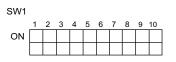
[1] How to Read the LED on the Service Monitor

1. How to read the LED

By setting the DIP SW 1-1 through 1-10 (Switch number 10 is represented by 0), the operating condition of the unit can be monitored on the service monitor. (Refer to the table on the following pages for DIP SW settings.) The service monitor uses 4-digit 7-segment LED to display numerical values and other types of information.

e service monitor uses 4-digit 7-segment LED to display numerical values and other types of info





SW1-10 is represented as "0" in the table.

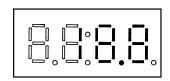
Pressure and temperature are examples of numerical values, and operating conditions and the on-off status of solenoid valve are examples of flag display.

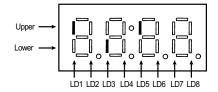
1) Display of numerical values

Example: When the pressure data sensor reads 18.8kg/cm² (Item No. 58) •The unit of pressure is in kg/cm²

- Use the following conversion formula to convert the displayed value into a value in SI unit.
- Value in SI unit (MPa) = Displayed value (kg/cm²) x 0.098
- 2) Flag display Example: When 21S4a, 21S4b, SV1a are ON. (Item No. 3)

Example: 3-minutes restart mode (Item No. 14)





2. LED display at initial setting

From power on until the completion of initial settings, the following information will be displayed on the monitor screen. (Displays No. 1 through No. 4 in order repeatedly.)

| No | Item | Display | Remarks |
|----|-----------------------|---------|---|
| 1 | Software version | | [0103] : Version 1.03 |
| 2 | Refrigerant type | | [410] : R410A |
| 3 | Model and capacity | | [H-20] : Cooling/Heating 20 HP For the first few minutes after power on, the capacity of each outdoor unit is displayed. Thereafter, the com- bined capacity is displayed. |
| 4 | Communication address | | [51] : Address 51 |

After the initial settings have been completed, the information on these items can be checked by making the switch setting that corresponds to No. 517 in the LED display table.

Note

Only item No. 1 "Software Version" appears on the display if there is a wiring failure between the control board and the transmission line power supply board or if the circuit board has failed.

3. Time data storage function

The outdoor unit has a simple clock function that enables the unit to calculate the current time with an internal timer by receiving the time set by the system controller, such as G(B)-50A.

If an error (including a preliminary error) occurs, the error history data and the error detection time are stored into the service memory.

The error detection time stored in the service memory and the current time can be seen on the service LED.

Note

- 1) Use the time displayed on the service LED as a reference.
- 2) The date and the time are set to "00" by default. If a system controller that sets the time, such as G(B)-50A is not connected, the elapsed time and days since the first power on will be displayed.

If the time set on a system controller is received, the count will start from the set date and the time.

3) The time is not updated while the power of the indoor unit is turned off. When the power is turned off and then on again, the count will resume from the time before the power was turned off. Thus, the time that differs the actual time will be displayed. (This also applies when a power failure occurs.)

The system controller, such as G(B)-50A, adjusts the time once a day. When the system controller is connected, the time will be automatically updated to the correct current time after the time set by the system controller is received. (The data stored into the memory before the set time is received will not be updated.)

(1) Reading the time data:

1) Time display

Example: 12 past 9



* Disappears if the time data is deviated due to a power failure, or if a system controller that sets the time is not connected.

2) Date display

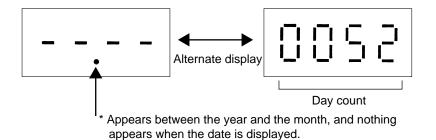
•When the main controller that can set the time is connected Example: May 10, 2003



Alternate display of year and month, and date

* Appears between the year and the month, and nothing appears when the date is displayed.

•When the main controller that can set the time is not connected Example: 52 days after power was turned on



| Currel | Current data | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|-----------------------|---|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|--|-------------|--|---|------------------------------|-----------|---|
| No. | SW1 | ltem | | | | Disp | Display | | | | Unit (A, B) ^{*1} | it)*1 | Remarks |
| | 1234567890 | T | LD1 | LD2 | LD3 | LD4 | LD5 | PD6 | LD7 | LD8 | 00 | SO | |
| c | | Relay output display 1 Lighting | Comp in op- eration | | | | 72C | | ос | CPU in oper- ation | A | A | |
| > | | Check (error) display 1 OC/OS error | | | 0000 to 99 | 99 (Address an | 0000 to 9999 (Address and error codes highlighted) | ighlighted) | | | в | В | |
| ~ | 100000000 | Check (error) display 2 0C/OS error | | | 0000 to 99 | 99 (Address an | 0000 to 9999 (Address and error codes highlighted) | ighlighted) | | | ¢ | ۲ | Display of the latest pre- liminary error If no preliminary errors are detected, "" ap- pears on the display. |
| 5 | 01 00000000 | Check (error) display 3 (Including IC and BC) | ~ | | 0000 to 99 | 99 (Address an | 0000 to 9999 (Address and error codes highlighted) | ighlighted) | | | В | | If no errors are detected, "" appears on the dis- play. |
| ç | | Relay out- Top | 21S4a | | CH11 | | SV1a | | SV2 | | < | < | |
| 0 | | 2 Bottom | | | 21S4b | SV5b | | | | | ¢ | ¢ | |
| 4 | 001000000 | Relay out- Top putdisplay 3 | SV4a | SV4b | SV4c | SV5c | | SV4d | 6AS | Power sup- ply for indoor transmis- sion line | A | A | |
| | | Bottom | | | | | | | | 52F | | | |
| 5 | 101000000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | 0110000000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | 111000000 | Special control | Retry opera- tion | Emergency operation | | | | | Communica- tion error be- tween the OC and OS | Communica- tion error 3-minute re- start delay mode | В | В | |
| 8 | 000100000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| თ | 1001000000 | Communication de- mand capacity | | | | 0000 tr | 0000 to 9999 | | | | В | | If not demanded con- trolled, "" [%] ap- pears on the display. |
| 10 | 01 01 000000 | Contact point demand capacity | | | | 0000 tr | 0000 to 9999 | | | | В | | If not demanded con- trolled, "" [%] ap- pears on the display. |
| *1 A: T | The condition of eith | *1 A: The condition of either OC or OS is displayed individually. B: The condition of the entire refrigerant system is displayed. | 1 individually. B: T | ne condition of t | he entire refrige | erant system is | displayed. | | | | | | |

| No. | SW1 | Item | | | | | Display | olay | | | | Unit (A, B) ^{*1} | t *1 | Remarks |
|--------------------|---|--|--------------|------------------------------|--|---------------------------|--|--|-------------|---|--|------------------------------|---------|---|
| | 1234567890 | | • | LD1 | LD2 | LD3 | LD4 | LD5 | LD6 | LD7 | LD8 | oc | SO | |
| 11 | 1101000000 | External signal (Open input contact point) | | Contact point de- mand | Low-noise mode (Capacity priority) | Snow sensor | Cooling- heating changeover (Cooling) | Cooling- heating changeover (Heating) | | | | A | A | |
| 12 | 0011000000 | External signal (Open input contact point) | l intact | | | | | | | | Low-noise mode (Quiet priori- ty) | A | A | |
| 13 | 1011000000 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 14 | 0111000000 | Outdoor unit operation status | peration | BC opera- tion signal | | 3-minutes restart mode | Compressor in operation | Preliminary error | Error | 3-minutes restart after instanta- neous power failure | Preliminary Iow pres- sure error | ٩ | ٩ | |
| 15 | 1111000000 | OC/OS identification | cation | | | | OC/ | oc/os | | | | A | A | |
| 4 | | unit | Top | Unit No. 1 | Unit No. 2 | Unit No. 3 | Unit No. 4 | Unit No. 5 | Unit No. 6 | Unit No. 7 | Unit No. 8 | в | | The lamp that corre- |
| 2 | | cneck Bc | Bottom | Unit No. 9 | Unit No. 10 | Unit No. 11 | Unit No. 12 | Unit No. 13 | Unit No. 14 | Unit No. 15 | Unit No. 16 | | | sponds to the unit that came to an abnormal stop |
| 17 | 100010000 | μĔ | Top | Unit No. 17 | Unit No. 18 | Unit No. 19 | Unit No. 20 | Unit No. 21 | Unit No. 22 | Unit No. 23 | Unit No. 24 | | | lights. The lamp goes off when |
| 2 | | B | Bottom | Unit No. 25 | Unit No. 26 | Unit No. 27 | Unit No. 28 | Unit No. 29 | Unit No. 30 | Unit No. 31 | Unit No. 32 | | | the error is reset. |
| 18 | 010010000 | Τ | Top | Unit No. 33 | Unit No. 34 | Unit No. 35 | Unit No. 36 | Unit No. 37 | Unit No. 38 | Unit No. 39 | Unit No. 40 | | | Each unit that comes to an abnormal unit will be |
| 2 | | B | Bottom | Unit No. 41 | Unit No. 42 | Unit No.43 | Unit No. 44 | Unit No. 45 | Unit No. 46 | Unit No47 | Unit No. 48 | | | given a sequential num- her in accending order |
| 10 | 1100100000 | μř | Top | Unit No. 49 | Unit No. 50 | | | | | | | | | starting with 1. |
| 2 | | B | Bottom | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 00 | 00001010000 | | Top | Unit No. 1 | Unit No. 2 | Unit No. 3 | Unit No. 4 | Unit No. 5 | Unit No. 6 | Unit No. 7 | Unit No. 8 | в | | Lit during cooling |
| 2 | | Uperation mode Bc | Bottom | Unit No. 9 | Unit No. 10 | Unit No. 11 | Unit No. 12 | Unit No. 13 | Unit No. 14 | Unit No. 15 | Unit No. 16 | | | Lit during neating Unlit while the unit is |
| 5 | 1010101010 | μř | Top | Unit No. 17 | Unit No. 18 | Unit No. 19 | Unit No. 20 | Unit No. 21 | Unit No. 22 | Unit No. 23 | Unit No. 24 | | | stopped or in the fan mode |
| - | | B | Bottom | Unit No. 25 | Unit No. 26 | Unit No. 27 | Unit No. 28 | Unit No. 29 | Unit No. 30 | Unit No. 31 | Unit No. 32 | | | 0 |
| ç | 0110100000 | <u> </u> | Top | Unit No. 33 | Unit No. 34 | Unit No. 35 | Unit No. 36 | Unit No. 37 | Unit No. 38 | Unit No. 39 | Unit No. 40 | | | |
| 3 | | B | Bottom | Unit No. 41 | Unit No. 42 | Unit No.43 | Unit No. 44 | Unit No. 45 | Unit No. 46 | Unit No47 | Unit No. 48 | | | |
| 23 | 111010000 | Τ | Top | Unit No. 49 | Unit No. 50 | | | | | | | | | |
| Ì | | B | Bottom | | | | | | | | | | | |
| *1 A: ⁻ | *1 A: The condition of either OC or OS is displayed individually. B: The condition of the entire refrigerant system is displayed. | er OC or OS is di | lisplayed in | dividually. B: Th | ne condition of | the entire refrige | rant system is | displayed. | | | | | | |

Current data

| | וו טמומ | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|---|------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------|------------------------------|
| No. | SW1 | Ite | ltem | | | | Disp | Display | | | | Unit (A, B) ^{*1} | it) *1 | Remarks |
| | 1234567890 | | | LD1 | LD2 | LD3 | LD4 | LD5 | PD6 | LD7 | LD8 | 00 | SO | |
| 70 | 000011000 | Indoor unit | Top | Unit No. 1 | Unit No. 2 | Unit No. 3 | Unit No. 4 | Unit No. 5 | Unit No. 6 | Unit No. 7 | Unit No. 8 | в | | Lit when thermostat is on |
| t 7 | | tnermo- stat | Bottom | Unit No. 9 | Unit No. 10 | Unit No. 11 | Unit No. 12 | Unit No. 13 | Unit No. 14 | Unit No. 15 | Unit No. 16 | | | Unlit when thermostat is off |
| <u> 2</u> Е | 100000110001 | | Top | Unit No. 17 | Unit No. 18 | Unit No. 19 | Unit No. 20 | Unit No. 21 | Unit No. 22 | Unit No. 23 | Unit No. 24 | | | |
| C 7 | | | Bottom | Unit No. 25 | Unit No. 26 | Unit No. 27 | Unit No. 28 | Unit No. 29 | Unit No. 30 | Unit No. 31 | Unit No. 32 | | | |
| Эс | 0000011010 | | Top | Unit No. 33 | Unit No. 34 | Unit No. 35 | Unit No. 36 | Unit No. 37 | Unit No. 38 | Unit No. 39 | Unit No. 40 | | | |
| 07 | | | Bottom | Unit No. 41 | Unit No. 42 | Unit No.43 | Unit No. 44 | Unit No. 45 | Unit No. 46 | Unit No47 | Unit No. 48 | | | |
| 76 | 110110000 | | Top | Unit No. 49 | Unit No. 50 | | | | | | | | | |
| ž | | | Bottom | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 28 | 0011100000 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 29 | 1011100000 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 30 | 0111100000 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 31 | 1111100000 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 32 | 0000010000 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 33 | 1000010000 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 34 | 0100010000 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 35 | 1100010000 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 36 | 0010010000 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 37 | 1010010000 | BC operation mode | on mode | Cooling-only ON | Cooling-only OFF | Heating-only ON | Heating-only OFF | Mixed-mode ON | Mixed-mode OFF | Fan | Stop | В | | |
| 38 | 0110010000 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 39 | 1110010000 | Outdoor un mode | Outdoor unit Operation mode | Permissible stop | Standby | Cooling | Cooling- main | Heating | Heating- main | | | ٨ | ٨ | |
| 40 | 0001010000 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 41 | 1001010000 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 42 | 0101010000 | Outdoor unit control mode | it control | Stop | Thermo OFF | Abnormal stop | Scheduled control | Initial start up | Defrost | Oil balance | Low fre- quency oil recovery | ٩ | A | |
| 43 | 1101010000 | | | | Refrigerant recovery | | | | | | | А | А | |
| 44 | 0011010000 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| *1 A: Tł | *1 A: The condition of either OC or OS is displayed individually. B: The condition of the entire refrigerant system is displayed. | her OC or OS | is displayed ir | ndividually. B: Ti | he condition of t | the entire refrige | erant system is | displayed. | | | | | | |

Current data

| | | | | | | | | | | | - | tit | |
|----------|----------------------|--|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|-----|-----|-----|----------------------|-------|------------------------------------|
| No. | SW1 | ltem | | | | Dis | Display | | | | (A, B) ^{*1} | 3) *1 | Remarks |
| | 1234567890 | | LD1 | LD2 | LD3 | LD4 | LD5 | PD6 | LD7 | LD8 | 00 | SO | |
| 45 | 1011010000 | TH4 | | | | -99.9 ti | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | A | A | The unit is [°C] |
| 46 | 0111010000 | TH3 | | | | -99.9 ti | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | А | A | |
| 47 | 1111010000 | TH7 | | | | -99.9 ti | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | A | A | |
| 48 | 0000110000 | TH6 | | | | -99.9 ti | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | A | A | |
| 49 | 1000110000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 50 | 0100110000 | TH5 | | | | -99.9 ti | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | A | A | |
| 51 | 1100110000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 52 | 0010110000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 53 | 1010110000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 54 | 0110110000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 55 | 1110110000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 56 | 0001110000 | THHS1 | | | | -99.9 ti | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | A | A | The unit is [°C] |
| 57 | 1001110000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 58 | 0101110000 | High-pressure sensor data | | | | -99.9 t | 99.9 to 999.9 | | | | A | A | The unit is [kgf/cm ²] |
| 59 | 1101110000 | Low-pressure sensor data | | | | -99.9 t | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | A | А | |
| 60 | 0011110000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 61 | 1011110000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 62 | 0111110000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 63 | 1111110000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 64 | 0000001000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 65 | 1000001000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 99 | 0100001000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 67 | 1100001000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 68 | 0010001000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 69 | 1010001000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 70 | 0110001000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 71 | 1110001000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| *1 A: Th | he condition of eith | *1 A: The condition of either OC or OS is displayed individually. B: The condition of the entire | ndividually. B: T | The condition of t | the entire refrige | refrigerant system is displayed. | displayed. | | | | | | |

| No. | SW1 | ltem | | | | | Display | | | | Unit (A, B) ^{*1} | iit 3) *1 | Remarks |
|----------|----------------------|--|-------------------|------------------|------------------|---------------|----------------|-----|-----|-----|------------------------------|--------------|---|
| | 1234567890 | | LD1 | LD2 | LD3 | LD4 | LD5 | PD6 | LD7 | LD8 | 00 | SO | |
| 72 | 0001001000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 73 | 1001001000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 74 | 0101001000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 75 | 1101001000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 76 | 0011001000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 22 | 1011001000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 78 | 0111001000 | Σaj | | | | 0000 | 0000 to 9999 | | | | в | В | |
| 62 | 1111001000 | Σ Qjc | | | | 0000 | 0000 to 9999 | | | | в | в | |
| 80 | 0000101000 | Σ Qjh | | | | 0000 | 0000 to 9999 | | | | в | В | |
| 81 | 1000101000 | Target Tc | | | | -99.6 | .99.9 to 999.9 | | | | в | | The unit is [°C] |
| 82 | 0100101000 | Target Te | | | | -99.6 | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | в | | |
| 83 | 1100101000 | Tc | | | | -99.6 | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | ۷ | ٨ | |
| 84 | 0010101000 | Te | | | | 5.66- | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | A | A | |
| 85 | 1010101000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 86 | 0110101000 | Total frequencies (OC+OS) | | | | 0000 | 0000 to 9999 | | | | В | | Control data [Hz] |
| 87 | 1110101000 | Total frequency of each unit | | | | 0000 | 0000 to 9999 | | | | А | A | |
| 88 | 0001101000 | COMP frequency | | | | 0000 | 0000 to 9999 | | | | A | ٨ | |
| 89 | 1001101000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 06 | 0101101000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | COMP operating fre- quency | | | | | | | | | | | The unit is [rps]Output frequency of the inverter depends on the type of |
| 6 | 1101101000 | | | | | 000 | 0000 to 9999 | | | | ۲ | ۷ | compressor and equals the integer multiples (x1, x2 etc.) of the operating frequency of the com- pressor. |
| 92 | 0011101000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 93 | 1011101000 | All AK (OC+OS) | | | | 0000 | 0000 to 9999 | | | | в | | |
| *1 A: TI | he condition of eith | *1 A: The condition of either OC or OS is displayed individually. B: The condition of the entire refrigerant system is displayed | ndividually. B: 7 | The condition of | the entire refri | gerant system | is displayed. | | | | | | |

| No. | SW1 | ltem | | | | Dis | Display | | | | Unit (A, B) ^{*1} | it) *1 | Remarks |
|----------|----------------------|---|-------------------|----------------------|-------------------|-----------------|---------------|-----|-----|-----|------------------------------|------------|-----------------------------------|
| | 1234567890 | | LD1 | LD2 | LD3 | LD4 | LD5 | LD6 | LD7 | LD8 | ос | SO | |
| 94 | 0111101000 | АК | | | | 0000 t | 0000 to 9999 | | | | A | A | |
| 95 | 111101000 | FAN | | | | 0000 t | 0000 to 9999 | | | | A | A | Fan output [%] |
| 96 | 0000011000 | Fan inverter output fre- quency | | | | 0000 t | 0000 to 9999 | | | | A | A | Twice the actual output frequency |
| 97 | 1000011000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 98 | 0100011000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 66 | 1100011000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 100 | 0010011000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 101 | 1010011000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 102 | 0110011000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 103 | 1110011000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 104 | 0001011000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 105 | 1001011000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 106 | 0101011000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 107 | 1101011000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 108 | 0011011000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 109 | 1011011000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 110 | 0111011000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 111 | 1111011000 | COMP bus voltage | | | | 00.0 tc | 00.0 to 999.9 | | | | A | A | The unit is [V] |
| 112 | 0000111000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 113 | 1000111000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 114 | 0100111000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 115 | 1100111000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 116 | 0010111000 | Number of times the unit went into the mode to remedy wet vapor suction | | | | 0000 t | 0000 to 9999 | | | | В | | |
| *1 A: Th | he condition of eith | *1 A: The condition of either OC or OS is displayed individually. B: The condition of the entire refrigerant system is displayed. | ndividually. B: 1 | The condition of the | he entire refrige | erant system is | displayed. | | | | | | |

| [X LED Monitor Display on the Outdoor Unit Board] | [X | LED Monitor Display on | the Outdoor Unit Board] |
|---|-----|------------------------|--------------------------|
|---|-----|------------------------|--------------------------|

| No. | SW1 | Item | | | | Disp | Display | | | | Unit (A, B) *1 | iit *1 | Remarks |
|--------|----------------------|--|---------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|--|------------------------------------|-----|-----|-------------------|-----------|---|
| | 1234567890 | | LD1 | LD2 | LD3 | LD4 | LD5 | LD6 | LD7 | LD8 | 00 | SO | |
| 117 | 1010111000 | COMP Operation time Upper 4 digits | | | | 0000 tc | 0000 to 9999 | | | | A | ٨ | The unit is [h] |
| 118 | 0110111000 | COMP Operation time Lower 4 digits | | | | 0000 tc | 0000 to 9999 | | | | A | ٨ | |
| 119 | 1110111000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 120 | 0001111000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 121 | 1001111000 | Backup mode | Abnormal pressure rise | High-pres- sure drop | Low-pres- sure drop | Abnormal Td rise | High-pres- sure during defrost cycle | Control box temperature rise | | | A | ۲ | Stays lit for 90 seconds after the completion of backup control |
| 122 | 0101111000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 123 | 1101111000 | COMP number of start- stop events Upper 4 digits | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 c | | | | A | ۲ | Count-up at start-up The unit is [Time] |
| 124 | 0011111000 | COMP number of start- stop events Lower 4 digits | | | | 0000 te | 0000 to 9999 | | | | А | A | |
| 125 | 1011111000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 126 | 0111111000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 127 | 111111000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 128 | 0000000100 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 129 | 100000100 | Integrated operation time of compressor (for rotation purpose) | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 c | | | | В | | The unit is [h] |
| 130 | 010000100 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 131 | 1100000100 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| *1 A·T | he condition of eith | *1.0: The condition of either OC or OS is disclaved individually. B: The condition of the entire refrinerant system is disclaved | ndividually R. Th | ne condition of t | he entire refrige | rant system is | disnlaved | | | | | | |

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| Curre | Current data | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|---|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|------------|-------|-----|-----|------------------------------|---------|---------|
| No. | SW1 | It | ltem | | | | Display | lay | | | | Unit (A, B) ^{*1} | t *1 | Remarks |
| | 1234567890 | 1 | | LD1 | LD2 | LD3 | LD4 | LD5 | PD6 | LD7 | LD8 | oc | SO | |
| 100 | 0010000100 | Relay out- | Top | SVM1 | SVM2 | SVM1b | SVM2b | | | | | ٥ | | |
| 201 | | putdisplay BC(Main) | Bottom | | | | | | | | | ۵ | I | |
| , , | 100000 | 1 | Top | SVA1 | SVB1 | SVC1 | SVA2 | SVB2 | SVC2 | | | c | | |
| <u>cc</u> | | | Bottom | SVA3 | SVB3 | SVC3 | SVA4 | SVB4 | SVC4 | | | ۵ | 1 | |
| 101 | 0110000100 | 1 | Top | SVA5 | SVB5 | SVC5 | SVA6 | SVB6 | SVC6 | | | ٥ | | |
| -01 -01 | | | Bottom | SVA7 | SVB7 | SVC7 | SVA8 | SVB8 | SVC8 | | | ۵ | 1 | |
| 105 | 1110000100 | 1 | Тор | SVA9 | SVB9 | SVC9 | SVA10 | SVB10 | SVC10 | | | ٥ | | |
| CC1 | | | Bottom | SVA11 | SVB11 | SVC11 | SVA12 | SVB12 | SVC12 | | | ۵ | 1 | |
| 126 | 0001000100 | 1 | Top | SVA13 | SVB13 | SVC13 | SVA14 | SVB14 | SVC14 | | | ۵ | | |
| 000 | | | Bottom | SVA15 | SVB15 | SVC15 | SVA16 | SVB16 | SVC16 | | | ۵ | 1 | |
| 137 | 1001000100 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 001 | 0101000100 | Relay out- | Top | SVA1 | SVB1 | SVC1 | SVA2 | SVB2 | SVC2 | | | ۵ | | |
| 000 | | put display BC(Sub1) | Bottom | SVA3 | SVB3 | SVC3 | SVA4 | SVB4 | SVC4 | | | ם | I | |
| 130 | 1101000100 | | Top | SVA5 | SVB5 | SVC5 | SVA6 | SVB6 | SVC6 | | | ď | | |
| 2 | | | Bottom | SVA7 | SVB7 | 20VC7 | SVA8 | SVB8 | SVC8 | | | 2 | | |
| 077 | 0011000100 | | Top | SVA9 | SVB9 | SVC9 | SVA10 | SVB10 | SVC10 | | | ď | | |
| | | | Bottom | SVA11 | SVB11 | SVC11 | SVA12 | SVB12 | SVC12 | | | נ | L | |
| 14 | 101 10001 00 | | Top | SVA13 | SVB13 | SVC13 | SVA14 | SVB14 | SVC14 | | | ď | | |
| <u>+</u> | | | Bottom | SVA15 | SVB15 | SVC15 | SVA16 | SVB16 | SVC16 | | | נ | L | |
| 142 | 0111000100 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| *1 A·T | *1 0: The condition of either OC or OC is disculsived individually. B: The condition of the entire reference visition is disculsived. | | ie dienlawad in | The Alividually B. Th | t o condition of t | the entire refrige | vant evetam ie r | dienlaward | | | | | | |

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| Current data | it data | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|--|------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------|--------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------|-----|-----|------------------------------|----|------------------------------------|
| N | SW1 | Ite | ltem | | | | Display | lay | | | | Unit (A, B) ^{*1} | * | Remarks |
| | 1234567890 | 1 | | LD1 | LD2 | LD3 | LD4 | LD5 | PD6 | LD7 | LD8 | oc | SO | |
| 143 | 1111000100 | Relay out- | Top | SVA1 | SVB1 | SVC1 | SVA2 | SVB2 | SVC2 | | | ď | | |
| <u><u></u></u> | | put display BC(Sub2) | Bottom | SVA3 | SVB3 | SVC3 | SVA4 | SVB4 | SVC4 | | | נ | | |
| 111 | 000000000000000000000000000000000000000 | | Тор | SVA5 | SVB5 | SVC5 | SVA6 | SVB6 | SVC6 | | | ۵ | | |
| <u>+</u> | | | Bottom | SVA7 | SVB7 | SVC7 | SVA8 | SVB8 | SVC8 | | | 2 | [| |
| 115 | 100100100 | | Top | SVA9 | SVB9 | SVC9 | SVA10 | SVB10 | SVC10 | | | ď | | |
| <u>2</u> | | | Bottom | SVA11 | SVB11 | SVC11 | SVA12 | SVB12 | SVC12 | | | 2 | I | |
| 116 | 0010010010 | | Тор | SVA13 | SVB13 | SVC13 | SVA14 | SVB14 | SVC14 | | | ۵ | | |
| 0 | | | Bottom | SVA15 | SVB15 | SVC15 | SVA16 | SVB16 | SVC16 | | | ٥ | | |
| 147 | 1100100100 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 148 | 0010100100 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 149 | 1010100100 | BC(Main or standard) TH11 | r standard) | | | | -99.9 tc | .99.9 to 999.9 | | | | ۵ | | |
| 150 | 0110100100 | BC(Main)TH12 | H12 | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | в | | |
| 151 | 1110100100 | BC(Main)TH15 | H15 | | | | -99.9 tc | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | в | | |
| 152 | 0001100100 | BC(Main)TH16 | H16 | | | | -99.9 tc | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | в | | |
| 153 | 1001100100 | BC(Main)PS1 | S1 | | | | -99.9 tc | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | в | | |
| 154 | 0101100100 | BC(Main)PS3 | S3 | | | | -99.9 tc | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | в | | |
| 155 | 1101100100 | BC(Main)SC11 | C11 | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | в | | |
| 156 | 0011100100 | BC(Main)SH12 | H12 | | | | -99.9 tc | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | в | | |
| 157 | 1011100100 | BC(Main)SH13 | H13 | | | | -99.9 tc | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | в | | |
| 158 | 0111100100 | BC(Main)SC16 | C16 | | | | -99.9 tc | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | в | | |
| 159 | 1111100100 | BC(Main)LEV1 | EV1 | | | | 0000 to 2000 | o 2000 | | | | В | | LEV1 opening (Fully open:2000) |
| 160 | 0000010100 | BC(Main)LEV3 | EV3 | | | | 0000 to 2000 | o 2000 | | | | ۵ | | LEV3 opening (Fully open:2000) |
| 161 | 1000010100 | BC(Sub1)TH12 | H12 | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | в | | |
| 162 | 0100010100 | BC(Sub1)TH15 | 'H15 | | | | -99.9 tc | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | в | | |
| 163 | 1100010100 | BC(Sub1)LEV3 | EV3 | | | | 0000 tc | 0000 to 2000 | | | | В | | LEV3a opening (Fully open:2000) |
| *1 A: Tł | *1 A: The condition of either OC or OS is displayed individually. B: The condition of the entire refrigerant system is displayed | her OC or OS | is displayed ir | ndividually. B: Th | he condition of | the entire refrig€ | srant system is (| displayed. | | | | - | | |

| Current data | nt data | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|----------------------|---|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|----------------|-----|-----|-----|------------------------------|------------|------------------------------------|---|
| No. | SW1 | ltem | | | | Display | olay | | | | Unit (A, B) ^{*1} | it) *1 | Remarks | |
| | 1234567890 | | LD1 | LD2 | LD3 | LD4 | LD5 | PD6 | LD7 | LD8 | 00 | SO | | |
| 164 | 0010010100 | BC(Sub2)TH12 | | | | -99.9 to | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | в | | | |
| 165 | 1010010100 | BC(Sub2)TH25 | | | | -99.9 to | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | в | | | |
| 166 | 0110010100 | BC(Sub2)LEV3 | | | | 0000 to 2000 | 0 2000 | | | | в | | LEV3a opening (Fully open:2000) | 1 |
| 167 | 1110010100 | BC(Main)LEV2 | | | | 0000 to 2000 | 0 2000 | | | | в | | LEV2 opening (Fully open:2000) | 1 |
| 168 | 0001010100 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 169 | 1001010100 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 170 | 010101000 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 171 | 1101010100 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 172 | 0011010100 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 173 | 1011010100 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 174 | 0111010100 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 175 | 1111010100 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 176 | 0000110100 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 177 | 1000110100 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| *1 A: TI | he condition of eith | *1 A: The condition of either OC or OS is displayed individually. B: The condition of the entire refrigerant system is displayed. | ndividually. B: T | he condition of t | the entire refrige | erant system is o | displayed. | | | | | | | |

| Curre | Current data | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------|-----------------------|--|------------------------|------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------|-----|-----|-----|------------------------------|--------------|--|
| N | SW1 | Item | | | | Dis | Display | | | | Unit (A, B) ^{*1} | lit () *1 | Remarks |
| | 1234567890 | | LD1 | LD2 | LD3 | FD4 | 5DJ | PD6 | LD7 | LD8 | 00 | SO | |
| 178 | 0100110100 | Error history 1 | | | | 0000 tr | 0000 to 9999 | | | | в | В | Address and error codes |
| 179 | 1100110100 | Error details of inverter | | | Ē | Error details of inverter (0001-0120) | erter (0001-012 | (0) | | | A | A | higniignted If no errors are detected, |
| 180 | 0010110100 | Error history 2 | | | | 0000 tr | 0000 to 9999 | | | | в | В | " " appears on the dis- |
| 181 | 1010110100 | Error details of inverter | | | ш | Error details of inverter (0001-0120) | /erter (0001-012 | (0) | | | A | A | Preliminary error informa- |
| 182 | 0110110100 | Error history 3 | | | | 0000 tr | 0000 to 9999 | | | | В | В | tion of the OS does not appear on the OC. |
| 183 | 1110110100 | Error details of inverter | | | Ē | Error details of inverter (0001-0120) | reter (0001-012/ | (0; | | | A | A | Neither preliminary error |
| 184 | 0001110100 | Error history 4 | | | | 0000 tr | 0000 to 9999 | | | | в | В | error information of the IC |
| 185 | 1001110100 | Error details of inverter | | | Ē | Error details of inverter (0001-0120) | /erter (0001-012 | (0; | | | A | A | appears on the OS. |
| 186 | 0101110100 | Error history 5 | | | | 0000 tr | 0000 to 9999 | | | | в | В | |
| 187 | 1101110100 | Error details of inverter | | | Ē | Error details of inverter (0001-0120) | /erter (0001-012 | (0) | | | A | A | |
| 188 | 0011110100 | Error history 6 | | | | 0000 tr | 0000 to 9999 | | | | в | В | |
| 189 | 1011110100 | Error details of inverter | | | Ē | Error details of inverter (0001-0120) | /erter (0001-012 | (0) | | | A | A | |
| 190 | 0111110100 | Error history 7 | | | | 0000 te | 0000 to 9999 | | | | в | В | |
| 191 | 1111110100 | Error details of inverter | | | Ē | Error details of inverter (0001-0120) | verter (0001-012 | (0) | | | ۲ | A | |
| 192 | 0000001100 | Error history 8 | | | | 0000 tr | 0000 to 9999 | | | | в | В | |
| 193 | 1000001100 | Error details of inverter | | | Ē | Error details of inverter (0001-0120) | /erter (0001-012 | (0) | | | A | A | |
| 194 | 0100001100 | Error history 9 | | | | 0000 tr | 0000 to 9999 | | | | в | В | |
| 195 | 1100001100 | Error details of inverter | | | Ē | Error details of inverter (0001-0120) | rerter (0001-012/ | (0) | | | A | A | |
| 196 | 0010001100 | Error history 10 | | | | 0000 te | 0000 to 9999 | | | | в | В | |
| 197 | 1010001100 | Error details of inverter | | | Ē | Error details of inverter (0001-0120) | /erter (0001-012 | (0) | | | А | А | |
| 198 | 0110001100 | Error history of inverter (At the time of last data backup before error) | | | | 0000 | 0000 to 9999 | | | | В | В | |
| 199 | 1110001100 | Error details of inverter | | | Ξ | Error details of inverter (0001-0120) | /erter (0001-012 | (0) | | | A | А | |
| 200 | 0001001100 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| + 1 1. | The condition of eith | | od individuolly. D. Th | The condition of | the ontire retrie | ofrigenet existent in displaying | dionlos to d | | | | | | |

| Data b | Data before error | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|----------------------|---|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|---|---|------------------------------|-------|---------|
| No | SW1 | Item | | | | Dis | Display | | | | Unit (A, B) ^{*1} | 3) *1 | Remarks |
| | 1234567890 | | LD1 | LD2 | LD3 | LD4 | LD5 | LD6 | LD7 | LD8 | oc | SO | |
| 201 | 1001001100 | Outdoor unit operation status | BC opera- tion signal | | 3-minutes restart mode | Compressor in operation | Preliminary error | Error | 3-minutes restart after instanta- neous power failure | Preliminary low pres- sure error | A | ¥ | |
| 202 | 0101001100 | OC/OS identification | | | | 0C | oc/os | | | | A | ۲ | |
| 203 | 1101001100 | BC operation mode | Cooling-only ON | Cooling-only OFF | Heating-only ON | Heating-only OFF | Mixed-mode ON | Mixed-mode OFF | Fan | Stop | A | A | |
| 204 | 0011001100 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 205 | 1011001100 | Outdoor unit Operation mode | Permissible stop | Standby | Cooling | Cooling- main | Heating | Heating- main | | | A | A | |
| 206 | 0111001100 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 207 | 1111001100 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 208 | 0000101100 | Outdoor unit control mode | Stop | Thermo OFF | Abnormal stop | Scheduled control | Initial start up | Defrost | Oil balance | Low fre- quency oil recovery | A | A | |
| 209 | 1000101100 | | | Refrigerant recovery | | | | | | | A | A | |
| 210 | 0100101100 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 211 | 1100101100 | Relay output display 1 Lighting | Comp in op- eration | | | | 72C | | 20 | Always lit | A | A | |
| | | Relay out- Top | 21S4a | | CH11 | | SV1a | | SV2 | | | | |
| 212 | 0010101100 | putalsplay 2 Lighting | | | 21S4b | SV5b | | | | | A | A | |
| 213 | 101010100 | Relay out- Top putdisplay 3 Lighting | SV4a | SV4b | SV4c | SV5c | | SV4d | 6AS | Lit while power to the indoor units is being sup- plied | A | ¥ | |
| | | Bottom | | | | | | | | 52F | | | |
| 214 | 0110101100 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 215 | 1110101100 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| *1 A: T | he condition of eith | *1 A: The condition of either OC or OS is displayed individually. B: The condition of the entire refrigerant system is displayed. | l individually. B: | The condition of | f the entire refrig | lerant system is | displayed. | | | | | - | |

| 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|---|--------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------|-----------|-----|-----|-----|------------------------------|----------|------------------------------------|--|
| No. | SW1 | ltem | | | | Display | ٨٤ | | | | Unit (A, B) ^{*1} | t)*1 | Remarks | |
| | 1234567890 | | LD1 | LD2 | LD3 | LD4 | LD5 | LD6 | LD7 | LD8 | ပ္ပ | SO | | |
| 216 | 0001101100 | TH4 | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 399.9 | | | | A | A | The unit is [°C] | |
| 217 | 1001101100 | TH3 | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | A | A | | |
| 218 | 0101101100 | TH7 | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | A | A | | |
| 219 | 1101101100 | TH6 | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | A | A | | |
| 220 | 0011101100 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 221 | 1011101100 | TH5 | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | A | A | | |
| 222 | 0111101100 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 223 | 1111101100 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 224 | 0000011100 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 225 | 1000011100 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 226 | 0100011100 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 227 | 1100011100 | THHS1 | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | A | A | The unit is [°C] | |
| 228 | 0010011100 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 229 | 1010011100 | High-pressure sensor data | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 9.99.9 | | | | A | A | The unit is [kgf/cm ²] | |
| 230 | 0110011100 | Low-pressure sensor data | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | A | A | | |
| 231 | 1110011100 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 232 | 0001011100 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 233 | 1001011100 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 234 | 0101011100 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 235 | 1101011100 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 236 | 0011011100 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 237 | 1011011100 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 238 | 0111011100 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 239 | 1111011100 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 240 | 0000111100 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 241 | 1000111100 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 242 | 0100111100 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| *1 A: T. | The condition of eiti | *1 A: The condition of either OC or OS is displayed individually. B: The condition of the entire refrigerant system is displayed. | individually. B: T | The condition of the | he entire refrigerar | nt system is d | isplayed. | | | | | | | |

| Nu BM India Indi< | | | | | | | | | | | | - | | |
|---|----------|--------------|------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|----------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----------|-----------------------------------|
| Instantial LD4 LD5 LD4 LD5 LD4 LD5 LD7 LD6 QC QC QC 110111100 1 | <u>.</u> | SW1 | Item | | | | D | splay | | | | (A, B |) *1 (| Remarks |
| 11011100 11000100 11000100 | | 1234567890 | | LD1 | LD2 | LD3 | LD4 | LD5 | PD6 | LD7 | LD8 | oc | SO | |
| 00011100 100011100 100011100 10000000 10000000 10000000 10000000 100000000 100000000 100000000 100000000 100000000 100000000 100000000 1000000000 1000000000000000000000000000000000000 | t3 | 1100111100 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 01011100 10000000 1000000000000000000000000000000000000 | 14 | 0010111100 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 01011100 01011100 0 1 <th1< th=""> 1 1</th1<> | 45 | 1010111100 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1101110 1101110 110 <th< td=""><td>16</td><td>0110111100</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<> | 16 | 0110111100 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 000111100 ∑old 1 <t< td=""><td>‡7</td><td>1110111100</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<> | ‡7 | 1110111100 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 100111100 2 qi 000 to 3999 100 2 qi 1 101111100 2 qic 000 to 3999 000 to 3999 1 1 101111100 2 qic 000 to 3999 000 to 3999 1 1 1 101111100 1 raget T -9.9 to 999.9 to 999. | 18 | 0001111100 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 010111100 Σ 0μ 0000 b 9999 Def B B 1101111101 Σ 0μ Ξ 0μ 99 10 9999 98 10 9999 9 19 19 101111100 Taget Tc -99 10 9999 99 10 9999 9 19 19 101111100 Taget Tc -99 10 9999 99 10 9999 9 19 19 11111110 Tc -99 10 9999 -99 10 9999 9 19 19 101111110 Tc -99 10 9999 -99 10 9999 10 10 10 101000010 Tolaf frequencies 0000 to 9999 0000 to 9999 10 10 10 110000010 Tolaf frequencies 0100000 to 9999 000 to 9999 10 10 10 110000010 Tolaf frequencies 0100000 to 9999 000 to 9999 10 10 10 10 10 1110000010 Tolaf frequencies 1000 to 9999 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 <t< td=""><td>6†</td><td>1001111100</td><td>Σαj</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>0000</td><td>to 9999</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>в</td><td>в</td><td></td></t<> | 6† | 1001111100 | Σαj | | | | 0000 | to 9999 | | | | в | в | |
| 10111100 2 Qh 0001 b399 000 b399 B B B 001111100 TagetTc -99 Jb 599 Jb 50 Jb 2000 Jb 1000000 B D D 101111100 TagetTc -99 Jb 599 Jb 999 Jb 1000000 B P P 111111100 Tc -99 Jb 999 Jb 999 Jb 999 Jb 999 Jb 999 Jb 999 Jb 1000000 P P P 111111100 Tc -99 Jb 999 Jb 999 Jb 999 Jb 999 Jb 999 Jb 1000000 P P P P 100000010 Tolaffequencias 0000 b 999 Jb 999 Jb 10000 Jb 101 P P P P 110000010 Tolaffequencias 0000 b 999 Jb 10000 b 999 Jb 100000 Jb 101 P P P P 110000010 Tolaffequencias 0000 b 999 Jb 100000 b 999 Jb 100000 Jb 101 P P P P 111000010 M M 0000 b 999 Jb 100000 Jb 101 P P P P 111000010 M M 0000 b 999 Jb 100000 Jb 10000 Jb 10000 | 20 | 0101111100 | Σ Qjc | | | | 0000 | to 9999 | | | | в | в | |
| 001111100 Target To 99.9 to 999.9 to 999.9 B I 101111100 Target To -99.9 to 999.9 to 999.9 B A 111111100 To -99.9 to 999.9 to 999.9 A A 111111100 To -99.9 to 999.9 to 999.9 A A 111111100 To -99.9 to 999.9 to 999.9 A A 100000010 Told Fequencies 0000 to 9999 O A A 100000010 Told Fequencies 0000 to 9999 O A A 110000010 Told Fequencies 0000 to 9999 O A A 110000010 Told Fequencies 0000 to 9999 O A A 110000010 Told Fequencies D O A A 1110000010 A D D A A 1110000010 A D D A A 1110000010 A D D D A A 1110000010 | 51 | 1101111100 | Σαjh | | | | 0000 | to 9999 | | | | в | в | |
| 101111100 Target Te | 52 | 0011111100 | Target Tc | | | | -99.9 | to 999.9 | | | | в | | The unit is [°C] |
| 01111100 Tc -39.9 to 999.9 A A 111111100 Te -39.9 to 999.9 A A 000000010 Te -39.9 to 999.9 A A 100000010 Te -39.9 to 999.9 A A 100000010 Testifrequencies 0000 to 9999 B A 110000010 Testifrequencies 0000 to 9999 B A 110000010 Testifrequencies 0000 to 9999 B A 110000010 CoMP frequency of each 0000 to 9999 A A 110000010 CoMP frequency of each 0000 to 9999 A A 110000010 CoMP frequency of each 0000 to 9999 A A 110000010 CoMP frequency of each 1A A A 111000010 A A A A A 111000010 AK A A A A 110100010 AK A A A A 11010 | 53 | 1011111100 | Target Te | | | | -99.9 | to 999.9 | | | | в | | |
| 11111100 Te 39.9 to 399.9 39.9 to 399.9 A A A 000000010 Trait frequencies 000000010 Catal frequencies B P P 100000010 Total frequencies 00000 to 3999 0000 to 3999 B P P 100000010 Total frequencies 0000 to 3999 0000 to 3999 P P P 110000010 Total frequency of each 0000 to 3999 0000 to 3999 P P P 010000010 Total frequency of each 0000 to 3999 0000 to 3999 P P P 010000010 CMP frequency of each 10000 to 3999 0000 to 3999 P P P 0101000010 H H COO0000 to 3999 P | 54 | 0111111100 | Tc | | | | -99.9 | to 999.9 | | | | A | A | The unit is [°C] |
| 00000010 Tatal frequencies 0000 to 999 Paral frequencies Parad frequencies Parad frequencies Parad frequencies Parad fr | 55 | 1111111100 | Те | | | | -99.9 | to 999.9 | | | | A | A | |
| 10000001 Total frequencies 000 to 999 B B 010000010 Total frequency of each 000 to 999 A A 010000010 Total frequency of each 0000 to 9999 A A A 110000010 CMP frequency of each 0000 to 9999 0000 to 9999 A A A 010000010 CMP frequency of each 0000 to 9999 001000010 A A A 010000010 A A 0000 to 9999 A A A A 011000010 A A A A A A A 011000010 A A A A A A A 011000010 A A A A A A A 111000010 A A A A A A A 111000010 A A A A A A A 101000010 A A <td< td=""><td>56</td><td>000000010</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<> | 56 | 000000010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 010000010 Total frequency of each init. 0000 b 999 000 b 999 A A 110000010 COMP frequency R 0000 b 999 A A A A 10000010 COMP frequency R MODOR 000 B P A A A A 101000010 A P P P P P A A A A 111000010 A P | 22 | 100000010 | Total frequencies (OC+OS) | | | | 0000 | to 9999 | | | | В | | Control data [Hz] |
| 110000010CMP frequencyA110000010COMP frequencyN001000010NN101000010NN111000010NN111000010NN111000010NN111000010NN111000010NN110100010NN< | 89 | 01 0000001 0 | Total frequency of each unit | | | | 0000 | to 9999 | | | | A | A | |
| 001000010 001000010 01000010 0 <td>6</td> <td>110000010</td> <td>COMP frequency</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0000</td> <td>to 9999</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>٩</td> <td>A</td> <td></td> | 6 | 110000010 | COMP frequency | | | | 0000 | to 9999 | | | | ٩ | A | |
| 101000010 101000000 101000000 101000000 101000000 101000000 101000000 | 30 | 0010000010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 011000010 011000010 011000010 0111000010 0111000010 0111000010 010100010 010100010 010100010 010100010 0000 to 9999 0000 to 99999 00000 to 9999 | 51 | 1010000010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 110000010 110000010 11 AK (OC+OS) B <t< td=""><td>32</td><td>0110000010</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<> | 32 | 0110000010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0001000010 All AK (OC+OS) B B B B C 100100010 AK AK 0000 to 9999 AK A A 010100010 AK 0000 to 9999 0000 to 9999 A A A 101100010 FAN 0000 to 9999 0000 to 9999 A A A A 110100010 Fan inverter output fre- 0000 to 9999 0000 to 9999 A A A | 33 | 1110000010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 100100010 AK 0000 to 9999 A A 010100010 FAN 0000 to 9999 A A A 110100010 Fan inverter output fre- quency 0000 to 9999 A A A | 34 | 0001000010 | AII AK (OC+OS) | | | | 0000 | to 9999 | | | | в | | |
| 010100010 FAN 0000 to 9999 A A 110100010 Fan inverter output fre- quency 0000 to 9999 A A A | 35 | 1001000010 | AK | | | | 0000 | to 9999 | | | | ٩ | A | |
| 1101000010 Fan inverter output fre- 0000 to 9999 A A | 96 | 0101000010 | FAN | | | | 0000 | to 9999 | | | | A | A | Fan inverter output [%] |
| | 37 | 1101000010 | Fan inverter output fre- quency | | | | 0000 | to 9999 | | | | ٨ | ٩ | Twice the actual output frequency |

| | | - | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|----------------------|---|-----------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------|-----|-----|-----|-------------------|------------|-------------------|
| No. | SW1 | ltem | | | | Di | Display | | | | Unit (A, B) *1 | it) *1 | Remarks |
| | 1234567890 | | LD1 | LD2 | LD3 | LD4 | LD5 | LD6 | LD7 | LD8 | oc | SO | |
| 268 | 0011000010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 269 | 1011000010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 270 | 0111000010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 271 | 1111000010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 272 | 0000100010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 273 | 1000100010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 274 | 0100100010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 275 | 1100100010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 276 | 0010100010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 277 | 1010100010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 278 | 0110100010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 279 | 1110100010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 280 | 0001100010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 281 | 1001100010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 282 | 0101100010 | COMP bus voltage | | | | 00.0 t | 00.0 to 999.9 | | | | ٨ | A | The unit is [V] |
| 283 | 1101100010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 284 | 0011100010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 285 | 1011100010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 286 | 0111100010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 287 | 1111100010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 288 | 0000010010 | COMP Operation time Upper 4 digits | | | | 0000 | 0000 to 9999 | | | | A | A | The unit is [h] |
| 289 | 1000010010 | COMP Operation time Lower 4 digits | | | | 0000 | 0000 to 9999 | | | | A | A | |
| 290 | 0100010010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 291 | 1100010010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 292 | 0010010010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 293 | 1010010010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| *1 A: Tł | ne condition of eith | *1 A: The condition of either OC or OS is displayed individually. B: The condition of the entire refrigerant system is displayed. | ndividually. B: | The condition of | the entire refri | gerant system i | is displayed. | | | | | | |

| No. | SW1 | ltem | | | | Dis | Display | | | | Unit (A, B) *1 | it .) *1 | Remarks |
|--------|----------------------|---|----------------|----------------|---------------------|------------------|--------------|-----|-----|-----|-------------------|-------------|--|
| | 1234567890 | | LD1 | LD2 | LD3 | LD4 | LD5 | PD6 | LD7 | LD8 | 00 | SO | |
| 294 | 0110010010 | COMP number of start- stop events Upper 4 digits | | | | 0000 | 0000 to 9999 | | | | A | А | Count-up at start-up The unit is [Time] |
| 295 | 1110010010 | COMP number of start- stop events Lower 4 digits | | | | 0000 1 | 0000 to 9999 | | | | ۲ | А | |
| 296 | 0001010010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 297 | 1001010010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 298 | 0101010010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 299 | 1101010010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 300 | 0011010010 | Integrated operation time of compressor (for rotation purpose) | | | | 0000 | 0000 to 9999 | | | | ш | | The unit is [h] |
| *1 A·T | he condition of eith | *1 A: The condition of either OC or OS is displayed individually. B: The condition of the entire refinerant system is displayed | ndividually B. | The condition. | of the entire refri | derant system is | s displayed | | | | | | |

| Curren | Current data | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|-----------------------|---|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|-----|-----|-----|------------------------------|-------------|---------|
| N | SW1 | ltem | | | | Display | olay | | | | Unit (A, B) ^{*1} | ait 3)*1 | Remarks |
| | 1234567890 | | LD1 | LD2 | LD3 | LD4 | LD5 | PD6 | LD7 | LD8 | 00 | SO | |
| 301 | 1011010010 | Power supply unit | | | | OC/OS <-> Address | Address | | | | В | | |
| 302 | 0111010010 | Start-up unit | | | | OC/OS <-> Address | Address | | | | в | | |
| 303 | 1111010010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 304 | 0000110010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 305 | 1000110010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 306 | 0100110010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 307 | 1100110010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 308 | 0010110010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 309 | 1010110010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 310 | 0110110010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 311 | 1110110010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 312 | 0001110010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 313 | 1001110010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 314 | 0101110010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 315 | 1101110010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 316 | 0011110010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 317 | 1011110010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 318 | 0111110010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 319 | 111110010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 320 | 0000001010 | BC(Main)TH11 | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 6.666.0 | | | | В | | |
| 321 | 1000001010 | BC(Main)TH12 | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | в | | |
| 322 | 0100001010 | BC(Main)TH15 | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | в | | |
| 323 | 1100001010 | BC(Main)TH16 | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | В | | |
| 324 | 0010001010 | BC(Main)PS1 | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | в | | |
| 325 | 1010001010 | BC(Main)PS3 | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | в | | |
| 326 | 0110001010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 327 | 1110001010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| *1 A: T | The condition of eith | *1 A: The condition of either OC or OS is displayed individually. B: The condition of the entire refrigerant system is displayed. | ndividually. B: T | he condition of | the entire refrig | erant system is | displayed. | | | | | | |

| No. | SW1 | Item | | | | Dis | Display | | | | Unit (A, B) ^{*1} | t)*1 | Remarks |
|---------|----------------------|---|------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|----------------|-----|-----|-----|------------------------------|----------|---------|
| | 1234567890 | | LD1 | LD2 | LD3 | LD4 | LD5 | PD6 | LD7 | LD8 | 20 | SO | |
| 328 | 0001001010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 329 | 1001001010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 330 | 0101001010 | BC(Main)LEV1 | | | | 0000 t | 0000 to 2000 | | | | в | | |
| 331 | 1101001010 | BC(Main)LEV3 | | | | 0000 t | 0000 to 2000 | | | | В | | |
| 332 | 0011001010 | BC(Sub1)TH12 | | | | -99.9 t | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | в | | |
| 333 | 1011001010 | BC(Sub1)TH15 | | | | -99.9 t | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | в | | |
| 334 | 0111001010 | BC(Sub1)LEV3 | | | | 0000 t | 0000 to 2000 | | | | в | | |
| 335 | 1111001010 | BC(Sub2)TH12 | | | | -99.9 t | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | в | | |
| 336 | 0000101010 | BC(Sub2)TH25 | | | | -99.9 t | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | в | | |
| 337 | 1000101010 | BC(Sub2)LEV3 | | | | 0000 t | 0000 to 2000 | | | | в | | |
| 338 | 0100101010 | BC(Main)LEV2 | | | | 0000 t | 0000 to 2000 | | | | в | | |
| 339 | 1100101010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 340 | 0010101010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 341 | 1010101010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 342 | 0110101010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 343 | 1110101010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 344 | 0001101010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 345 | 1001101010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 346 | 0101101010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 347 | 1101101010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 348 | 0011101010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 349 | 1011101010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 350 | 0111101010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| *1 A: T | The condition of eit | *1 A: The condition of either OC or OS is displayed individually. B: The condition of the entire refrigerant system is displayed. | individually. B: | The condition of | the entire refrict | jerant system is | s displayed. | | | | | | |

| Data o | Data on indoor unit system | stem | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|----------------------------|--|----------------|-------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|--------|---------|--------------|-----|-------------------|-------------|---------------------------|
| No. | SW1 | ltern | | | | Display | lay | | | | Unit (A, B) *1 | it :) *1 | Remarks |
| | 1234567890 | | LD1 | LD2 | LD3 | LD4 | LD5 | LD6 | LD7 | LD8 | ő | SO | |
| 351 | 1111101010 | IC1 Address/capacity code | | 0000 t | 0000 to 9999 | | | 0000 tr | 0000 to 9999 | | В | | Displayed alternately ev- |
| 352 | 0000011010 | IC2 Address/capacity code | | 0000 t | 0000 to 9999 | | | 0000 tc | 0000 to 9999 | | | | ery 5 seconds |
| 353 | 1000011010 | IC3 Address/capacity code | | 0000 t | 0000 to 9999 | | | 0000 tc | 0000 to 9999 | | | | |
| 354 | 0100011010 | IC4 Address/capacity code | | 0000 t | 0000 to 9999 | | | 0000 tc | 0000 to 9999 | | | | |
| 355 | 1100011010 | IC5 Address/capacity code | | 0000 t | 0000 to 9999 | | | 0000 tr | 0000 to 9999 | | | | |
| 356 | 0010011010 | IC6 Address/capacity code | | 0000 t | 0000 to 9999 | | | 0000 tr | 0000 to 9999 | | | | |
| 357 | 1010011010 | IC7 Address/capacity code | | 0000 t | 0000 to 9999 | | | 0000 tr | 0000 to 9999 | | | | |
| 358 | 0110011010 | IC8 Address/capacity code | | 0000 t | 0000 to 9999 | | | 0000 tr | 0000 to 9999 | | | | |
| 359 | 1110011010 | IC9 Address/capacity code | | 0000 t | 0000 to 9999 | | | 0000 tr | 0000 to 9999 | | | | |
| 360 | 0001011010 | IC10 Address/capacity code | | 0000 t | 0000 to 9999 | | | 0000 tr | 0000 to 9999 | | | | |
| 361 | 1001011010 | IC11 Address/capacity code | | 0000 t | 0000 to 9999 | | | 0000 tr | 0000 to 9999 | | | | |
| 362 | 010101010 | IC12 Address/capacity code | | 0000 t | 0000 to 9999 | | | 0000 tr | 0000 to 9999 | | | | |
| 363 | 1101011010 | IC13 Address/capacity code | | 0000 t | 0000 to 9999 | | | 0000 tr | 0000 to 9999 | | | | |
| 364 | 0011011010 | IC14 Address/capacity code | | 0000 t | 0000 to 9999 | | | 0000 tr | 0000 to 9999 | | | | |
| 365 | 1011011010 | IC15 Address/capacity code | | 0000 t | 0000 to 9999 | | | 0000 tr | 0000 to 9999 | | | | |
| 366 | 0111011010 | IC16 Address/capacity code | | 0000 t | 0000 to 9999 | | | 0000 tr | 0000 to 9999 | | | | |
| 367 | 1111011010 | IC17 Address/capacity code | | 0000 t | 0000 to 9999 | | | 0000 tc | 0000 to 9999 | | | | |
| *1 A: T | The condition of eit. | *1 A: The condition of either OC or OS is displayed individually. B: The condition of the entire | IIJ. B: The co | ndition of the el | | refrigerant system is displayed | layed. | | | | | | |



| Data o | Data on indoor unit system | stem | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|----------------------------|---|-----------------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------|-------|--------------|------|-----|-------------------|----|---------------------------|
| No. | SW1 | ltem | | | | Display | lay | | | | Unit (A, B) *1 | * | Remarks |
| | 1234567890 | | LD1 | LD2 | LD3 | LD4 | LD5 | LD6 | LD7 | LD8 | 00 | SO | |
| 368 | 0000111010 | IC18 Address/capacity code | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 (| | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | в | | Displayed alternately ev- |
| 369 | 1000111010 | IC19 Address/capacity code | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 (| | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | ery 5 seconds |
| 370 | 0100111010 | IC20 Address/capacity code | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 (| | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | |
| 371 | 1100111010 | IC21 Address/capacity code | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 (| | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | |
| 372 | 0010111010 | IC22 Address/capacity code | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 (| | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | |
| 373 | 1010111010 | IC23 Address/capacity code | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 0 | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | |
| 374 | 0110111010 | IC24 Address/capacity code | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 0 | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | |
| 375 | 1110111010 | IC25 Address/capacity code | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 (| | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | |
| 376 | 0001111010 | IC26 Address/capacity code | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 (| | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | |
| 377 | 1001111010 | IC27 Address/capacity code | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 (| | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | |
| 378 | 0101111010 | IC28 Address/capacity code | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 (| | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | |
| 379 | 1101111010 | IC29 Address/capacity code | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 (| | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | |
| 380 | 0011111010 | IC30 Address/capacity code | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 (| | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | |
| 381 | 1011111010 | IC31 Address/capacity code | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 (| | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | |
| 382 | 0111111010 | IC32 Address/capacity code | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 (| | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | |
| 383 | 1111111010 | IC33 Address/capacity code | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 (| | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | |
| 384 | 0000000110 | IC34 Address/capacity code | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 (| | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | |
| 385 | 1000000110 | IC35 Address/capacity code | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 (| | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | |
| 386 | 0100000110 | IC36 Address/capacity code | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 (| | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | |
| 387 | 1100000110 | IC37 Address/capacity code | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 (| | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | |
| 388 | 0010000110 | IC38 Address/capacity code | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 (| | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | |
| 389 | 1010000110 | IC39 Address/capacity code | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 (| | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | |
| 390 | 0110000110 | IC40 Address/capacity code | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 (| | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | |
| 391 | 1110000110 | IC41 Address/capacity code | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 (| | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | |
| 392 | 0001000110 | IC42 Address/capacity code | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 (| | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | |
| 393 | 1001000110 | IC43 Address/capacity code | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 (| | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | |
| 394 | 0101000110 | IC44 Address/capacity code | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 (| | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | |
| 395 | 1101000110 | IC45 Address/capacity code | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 (| | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | |
| *1 A: T | The condition of eith | *1 A: The condition of either OC or OS is displayed individually. B: The condition of the entire refrigerant system is displayed. | Ily. B: The cor | ndition of the en | tire refrigerant | system is displ | ayed. | | | | | | |

| Data (| Data on indoor unit system | stem | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------------------|--|-----------------|------------------|--------------|----------------------------------|----------------|---------|--------------|-----|------------------------------|-----------|---------------------------|
| No. | SW1 | Item | | | | Dis | Display | | | | Unit (A, B) ^{*1} | it)*1 | Remarks |
| | 1234567890 | | LD1 | LD2 | LD3 | LD4 | LD5 | LD6 | LD7 | LD8 | ပ္ပ | SO | |
| 396 | 0011000110 | IC46 Address/capacity code | | 0000 to 99 | to 9999 | | | 0000 ti | 0000 to 9999 | | в | | Displayed alternately ev- |
| 397 | 1011000110 | IC47 Address/capacity code | | 0000 to 99 | to 9999 | | | 0000 ti | 0000 to 9999 | | 1 | | ery 5 seconds |
| 398 | 0111000110 | IC48 Address/capacity code | | 0000 to 95 | to 9999 | | | 0000 ti | 0000 to 9999 | | 1 | | |
| 399 | 1111000110 | IC49 Address/capacity code | | 0000 | 0000 to 9999 | | | 0000 ti | 0000 to 9999 | | 1 | | |
| 400 | 0000100110 | IC50 Address/capacity code | | 0000 to 99 | to 9999 | | | 0000 ti | 0000 to 9999 | | 1 | | |
| 401 | 1000100110 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 402 | 0100100110 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 403 | 1100100110 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 404 | 0010100110 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 405 | 1010100110 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 406 | 0110100110 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 407 | 1110100110 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 408 | 0001100110 | IC1 Suction temperature | | | | -99.9 to | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | в | | The unit is [°C] |
| 409 | 1001100110 | IC2 Suction temperature | | | | -99.9 to | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 410 | 0101100110 | IC3 Suction temperature | | | | -99.9 to | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 411 | 1101100110 | IC4 Suction temperature | | | | -99.9 to | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | | | |
| *1 A: ⁻ | The condition of eith | *1 A: The condition of either OC or OS is displayed individually. B: The condition of the entire | lly. B: The col | ndition of the e | | refrigerant system is displayed. | olayed. | | | | | | |

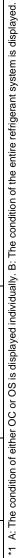
_

| Data o | Data on indoor unit system | stem | | | | | | | | | | | | - | |
|---------|----------------------------|--|---------------|--------------|-------------------|---------------|----------------|------|-----|-----|-----|------------------------------|-------------|------------------|--|
| No. | SW1 | Item | | | | | Display | ~ | | | | Unit (A, B) ^{*1} | it 3) *1 | Remarks | |
| | 1234567890 | | LD1 | LD2 | 5 LD3 | 3 LD4 | D 4 | LD5 | LD6 | LD7 | LD8 | 00 | SO | | |
| 412 | 0011100110 | IC5 Suction temperature | | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 99.9 | | | | В | | The unit is [°C] | |
| 413 | 1011100110 | IC6 Suction temperature | | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 99.9 | | | | ľ | | | |
| 414 | 0111100110 | IC7 Suction temperature | | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 99.9 | | | | 1 | | | |
| 415 | 1111100110 | IC8 Suction temperature | | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 99.9 | | | | 1 | | | |
| 416 | 0000010110 | IC9 Suction temperature | | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 99.9 | | | | 1 | | | |
| 417 | 1000010110 | IC10 Suction temperature | | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 9.96 | | | | 1 | | | |
| 418 | 0100010110 | IC11 Suction temperature | | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 99.9 | | | | 1 | | | |
| 419 | 1100010110 | IC12 Suction temperature | | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 9.96 | | | | 1 | | | |
| 420 | 0010010110 | IC13 Suction temperature | | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 9.96 | | | | 1 | | | |
| 421 | 1010010110 | IC14 Suction temperature | | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 99.9 | | | | 1 | | | |
| 422 | 0110010110 | IC15 Suction temperature | | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 99.9 | | | | 1 | | | |
| 423 | 1110010110 | IC16 Suction temperature | | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 9.96 | | | | 1 | | | |
| 424 | 0001010110 | IC17 Suction temperature | | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 99.9 | | | | ľ | | | |
| 425 | 1001010110 | IC18 Suction temperature | | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 99.9 | | | | ľ | | | |
| 426 | 0101010110 | IC19 Suction temperature | | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 99.9 | | | | ľ | | | |
| 427 | 1101010110 | IC20 Suction temperature | | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 99.9 | | | | ľ | | | |
| 428 | 0011010110 | IC21 Suction temperature | | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 99.9 | | | | 1 | | | |
| 429 | 1011010110 | IC22 Suction temperature | | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 99.9 | | | | ľ | | | |
| 430 | 0111010110 | IC23 Suction temperature | | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 99.9 | | | | ľ | | | |
| 431 | 1111010110 | IC24 Suction temperature | | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 99.9 | | | | I | | | |
| 432 | 0000110110 | IC25 Suction temperature | | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 99.9 | | | | 1 | | | |
| 433 | 1000110110 | IC26 Suction temperature | | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 99.9 | | | | 1 | | | |
| 434 | 0100110110 | IC27 Suction temperature | | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 99.9 | | | | | | | |
| 435 | 1100110110 | IC28 Suction temperature | | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 99.9 | | | | | | | |
| *1 A: T | The condition of eith | *1 A: The condition of either OC or OS is displayed individually. B: The condition of the entire refrigerant system is displayed | Ilv. B: The c | ndition of t | the entire refric | rerant svstem | r is display | 'ed. | | | | | | | |

| Data o | Data on indoor unit system | stem | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|----------------------------|--|----------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|-----|-----|-----|------------------------------|---------|------------------|--|
| No. | SW1 | ltem | | | | Dis | Display | | | | Unit (A, B) ^{*1} | t *1 | Remarks | |
| | 1234567890 | | LD1 | LD2 | LD3 | LD4 | LD5 | LD6 | LD7 | LD8 | oc | SO | | |
| 436 | 0010110110 | IC29 Suction temperature | | | | -99.9 t(| -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | в | | The unit is [°C] | |
| 437 | 1010110110 | IC30 Suction temperature | | | | -99.9 to | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | 1 | | | |
| 438 | 0110110110 | IC31 Suction temperature | | | | -99.9 to | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | 1 | | | |
| 439 | 1110110110 | IC32 Suction temperature | | | | -99.9 to | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | 1 | | | |
| 440 | 0001110110 | IC33 Suction temperature | | | | -99.9 to | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | 1 | | | |
| 441 | 1001110110 | IC34 Suction temperature | | | | -99.9 to | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | 1 | | | |
| 442 | 0101110110 | IC35 Suction temperature | | | | -99.9 to | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | 1 | | | |
| 443 | 1101110110 | IC36 Suction temperature | | | | -99.9 to | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | 1 | | | |
| 444 | 0011110110 | IC37 Suction temperature | | | | -99.9 to | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | 1 | | | |
| 445 | 1011110110 | IC38 Suction temperature | | | | -99.9 to | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | 1 | | | |
| 446 | 0111110110 | IC39 Suction temperature | | | | -99.9 to | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | 1 | | | |
| 447 | 111110110 | IC40 Suction temperature | | | | -99.9 to | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | 1 | | | |
| 448 | 0000001110 | IC41 Suction temperature | | | | -99.9 to | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | 1 | | | |
| 449 | 1000001110 | IC42 Suction temperature | | | | -99.9 to | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | 1 | | | |
| 450 | 0100001110 | IC43 Suction temperature | | | | -99.9 to | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | 1 | | | |
| 451 | 1100001110 | IC44 Suction temperature | | | | -99.9 to | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | 1 | | | |
| 452 | 0010001110 | IC45 Suction temperature | | | | -99.9 t(| -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | 1 | | | |
| 453 | 1010001110 | IC46 Suction temperature | | | | -99.9 to | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | 1 | | | |
| 454 | 0110001110 | IC47 Suction temperature | | | | -99.9 t(| -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | 1 | | | |
| 455 | 1110001110 | IC48 Suction temperature | | | | -99.9 tr | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | 1 | | | |
| 456 | 0001001110 | IC49 Suction temperature | | | | -99.9 tr | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | 1 | | | |
| 457 | 1001001110 | IC50 Suction temperature | | | | -99.9 to | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | 1 | | | |
| 458 | 0101001110 | IC1 Liquid pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | В | | The unit is [°C] | |
| 459 | 1101001110 | IC2 Liquid pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | 1 | | | |
| 460 | 0011001110 | IC3 Liquid pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | 1 | | | |
| 461 | 1011001110 | IC4 Liquid pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | 1 | | | |
| 462 | 0111001110 | IC5 Liquid pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 t(| -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | 1 | | | |
| 463 | 1111001110 | IC6 Liquid pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 t(| -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | 1 | | | |
| *1 A: T | The condition of eith | *1 A: The condition of either OC or OS is displayed individually. B: The condition of the entire refrigerant system is displayed | lly. B: The cc | Indition of the e | ntire refrigeran | t system is disp | olayed. | | | | | | | |

| Data o | Data on indoor unit system | stem | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|----------------------------|---|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|----------------|-----|-----|-----|------------------------------|----|------------------|
| No. | SW1 | ltem | | | | Display | olay | | | | Unit (A, B) ^{*1} | * | Remarks |
| | 1234567890 | | LD1 | LD2 | LD3 | LD4 | LD5 | PD6 | LD7 | LD8 | oc | SO | |
| 464 | 0000101110 | IC7 Liquid pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 0.999.9 | | | | В | | The unit is [°C] |
| 465 | 1000101110 | IC8 Liquid pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 466 | 0100101110 | IC9 Liquid pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 467 | 1100101110 | IC10 Liquid pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 tc | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 468 | 0010101110 | IC11 Liquid pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 0.999.9 | | | | | | |
| 469 | 1010101110 | IC12 Liquid pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 470 | 0110101110 | IC13 Liquid pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 tc | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 471 | 1110101110 | IC14 Liquid pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 tc | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 472 | 0001101110 | IC15 Liquid pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 473 | 1001101110 | IC16 Liquid pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 tc | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 474 | 0101101110 | IC17 Liquid pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 475 | 1101101110 | IC18 Liquid pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 tc | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 476 | 0011101110 | IC19 Liquid pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 tc | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 477 | 1011101110 | IC20 Liquid pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 tc | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 478 | 0111101110 | IC21 Liquid pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 tc | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 479 | 1111101110 | IC22 Liquid pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 480 | 0000011110 | IC23 Liquid pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 tc | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 481 | 1000011110 | IC24 Liquid pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 482 | 0100011110 | IC25 Liquid pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 tc | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 483 | 1100011110 | IC26 Liquid pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 tc | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 484 | 0010011110 | IC27 Liquid pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 tc | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 485 | 1010011110 | IC28 Liquid pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 tc | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 486 | 0110011110 | IC29 Liquid pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 487 | 1110011110 | IC30 Liquid pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 tc | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 488 | 0001011110 | IC31 Liquid pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 tc | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 489 | 1001011110 | IC32 Liquid pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 tc | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 490 | 0101011110 | IC33 Liquid pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 tc | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 491 | 1101011110 | IC34 Liquid pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 tc | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | | | |
| *1 A: T | The condition of eith | *1 A: The condition of either OC or OS is displayed individually. B: The condition of the entire refrigerant system is displayed. | lly. B: The col | ndition of the er | ntire refrigerant | system is disp | layed. | | | | | | |

| Data o | Data on indoor unit system | stem | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------|----------------------------|---|-----|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|------------------------------|------------|------------------|
| No. | SW1 | ltem | | | | Display | lay | | | | Unit (A, B) ^{*1} | it) *1 | Remarks |
| | 1234567890 | | LD1 | LD2 | LD3 | LD4 | LD5 | PD6 | LD7 | LD8 | 00 | OS | |
| 492 | 0011011110 | IC35 Liquid pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | В | | The unit is [°C] |
| 493 | 1011011110 | IC36 Liquid pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 494 | 0111011110 | IC37 Liquid pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 495 | 1111011110 | IC38 Liquid pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 496 | 0000111110 | IC39 Liquid pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 497 | 1000111110 | IC40 Liquid pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 498 | 0100111110 | IC41 Liquid pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 499 | 1100111110 | IC42 Liquid pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 500 | 0010111110 | IC43 Liquid pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 501 | 1010111110 | IC44 Liquid pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 502 | 0110111110 | IC45 Liquid pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 503 | 1110111110 | IC46 Liquid pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 504 | 0001111110 | IC47 Liquid pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 505 | 1001111110 | IC48 Liquid pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 506 | 0101111110 | IC49 Liquid pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 507 | 1101111110 | IC50 Liquid pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 508 | 001111110 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 509 | 1011111110 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 510 | 011111110 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 511 | 111111110 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| * | | adT . O hill and have been also be a state of the second | | an out to anitihann | to on on full on it | acite of succession | | | | | | | |



| Settin | Setting data | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------|--------------|------------------|-----|------------|------------------|------------------|--|--|------------|-----|------------------------------|-------------|---------|
| No. | SW1 | Item | | | | Dis | Display | | | | Unit (A, B) ^{*1} | iit 3)*1 | Remarks |
| | 1234567890 | | LD1 | LD2 | LD3 | LD4 | LD5 | PD6 | LD7 | LD8 | 00 | SO | |
| 512 | 0000000001 | Self-address | | | Alternate | display of self | Alternate display of self address and unit model | nit model | | | ۷ | A | |
| 513 | 100000001 | IC/FU address | | | Count-up | o display of nur | Count-up display of number of connected units | ted units | | | В | | |
| 514 | 010000001 | RC address | | | Count-up | o display of nur | Count-up display of number of connected units | ted units | | | в | | |
| 515 | 110000001 | BC/BS/TU address | | | Count-up | o display of nur | Count-up display of number of connected units | ted units | | | В | | |
| 516 | 001000001 | OS address | | | Count-up | o display of nur | Count-up display of number of connected units | ted units | | | В | | |
| 517 | 101000001 | Version/Capacity | | S/W versio | ın -> Refrigeran | t type -> Model | I and capacity - | S/W version -> Refrigerant type -> Model and capacity -> Communication address | on address | | A | A | |
| 518 | 0110000001 | OC address | | | | OC addre | OC address display | | | | | в | |
| 519 | 111000001 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 520 | 000100001 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 521 | 1001000001 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 522 | 0101000001 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | . | . | | | | | | |

| Data o | Data on indoor unit system | stem | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|----------------------------|---|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|------------------------------|------------------|
| No. | SW1 | ltem | | | | Display | lay | | | | Unit (A, B) ^{*1} | Remarks |
| | 1234567890 | | LD1 | LD2 | LD3 | LD4 | LD5 | PD6 | LD7 | LD8 | oc os | |
| 523 | 110100001 | IC1 Gas pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | в | The unit is [°C] |
| 524 | 0011000001 | IC2 Gas pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | |
| 525 | 1011000001 | IC3 Gas pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | |
| 526 | 0111000001 | IC4 Gas pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | |
| 527 | 1111000001 | IC5 Gas pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | |
| 528 | 0000100001 | IC6 Gas pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | |
| 529 | 100010001 | IC7 Gas pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 6.666 | | | | | |
| 530 | 010010001 | IC8 Gas pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | |
| 531 | 1100100001 | IC9 Gas pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | |
| 532 | 0010100001 | IC10 Gas pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | |
| 533 | 101010001 | IC11 Gas pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | |
| 534 | 0110100001 | IC12 Gas pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | |
| 535 | 1110100001 | IC13 Gas pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 6.666 | | | | | |
| 536 | 0001100001 | IC14 Gas pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 6.666 | | | | | |
| 537 | 1001100001 | IC15 Gas pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | |
| 538 | 0101100001 | IC16 Gas pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | |
| 539 | 1101100001 | IC17 Gas pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | |
| 540 | 0011100001 | IC18 Gas pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | |
| 541 | 1011100001 | IC19 Gas pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 6.666 | | | | | |
| 542 | 0111100001 | IC20 Gas pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 6.666 | | | | | |
| 543 | 1111100001 | IC21 Gas pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 6.666 | | | | | |
| 544 | 0000010001 | IC22 Gas pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 6.666 | | | | | |
| 545 | 1000010001 | IC23 Gas pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | |
| 546 | 0100010001 | IC24 Gas pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 6.666 | | | | | |
| 547 | 1100010001 | IC25 Gas pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 6.666 | | | | | |
| 548 | 0010010001 | IC26 Gas pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | |
| 549 | 1010010001 | IC27 Gas pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 6.666 | | | | | |
| *1 A: T | The condition of eith | *1 A: The condition of either OC or OS is displayed individually. B: The condition of the entire refrigerant system is displayed. | ually. B: The co | ondition of the e | ntire refrigerant | system is displa | tyed. | | | | | |

| Data (| Data on indoor unit system | stem | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------|----------------------------|---|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------|------------------|----------------|-----|-----|-----|------------------------------|----|------------------|--|
| No | SW1 | ltem | | | | Ō | Display | | | | Unit (A, B) ^{*1} | * | Remarks | |
| | 1234567890 | | LD1 | LD2 | LD3 | LD4 | LD5 | PD6 | LD7 | LD8 | ю 8 | SO | | |
| 550 | 0110010001 | IC28 Gas pipe temperature | | | | 6.99.9 | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | в | г— | The unit is [°C] | |
| 551 | 1110010001 | IC29 Gas pipe temperature | | | | 6.99.9 | .99.9 to 999.9 | | | | | | | |
| 552 | 0001010001 | IC30 Gas pipe temperature | | | | 6.99.9 | 99.9 to 999.9 | | | | | | | |
| 553 | 1001010001 | IC31 Gas pipe temperature | | | | 6.99.9 | .99.9 to 999.9 | | | | | | | |
| 554 | 0101010001 | IC32 Gas pipe temperature | | | | 6.99.9 | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | | | | |
| 555 | 1101010001 | IC33 Gas pipe temperature | | | | 6.99.9 | 99.9 to 999.9 | | | | | | | |
| 556 | 0011010001 | IC34 Gas pipe temperature | | | | 6.99.9 | .99.9 to 999.9 | | | | | | | |
| 557 | 1011010001 | IC35 Gas pipe temperature | | | | 6.99.9 | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | | | | |
| 558 | 0111010001 | IC36 Gas pipe temperature | | | | 6.99.9 | 99.9 to 999.9 | | | | | | | |
| 559 | 1111010001 | IC37 Gas pipe temperature | | | | 6.99.9 | .99.9 to 999.9 | | | | | | | |
| 560 | 0000110001 | IC38 Gas pipe temperature | | | | 6.99.9 | 99.9 to 999.9 | | | | | | | |
| 561 | 1000110001 | IC39 Gas pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | | | | |
| 562 | 0100110001 | IC40 Gas pipe temperature | | | | 6.99.9 | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | | | | |
| 563 | 1100110001 | IC41 Gas pipe temperature | | | | 6.99.9 | 99.9 to 999.9 | | | | | | | |
| 564 | 0010110001 | IC42 Gas pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 | 99.9 to 999.9 | | | | | | | |
| 565 | 1010110001 | IC43 Gas pipe temperature | | | | 6.99.9 | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | | | | |
| 566 | 0110110001 | IC44 Gas pipe temperature | | | | 6.99.9 | .99.9 to 999.9 | | | | | | | |
| 567 | 1110110001 | IC45 Gas pipe temperature | | | | 6.99.9 | 99.9 to 999.9 | | | | | | | |
| 568 | 0001110001 | IC46 Gas pipe temperature | | | | 6.99.9 | 99.9 to 999.9 | | | | | | | |
| 569 | 1001110001 | IC47 Gas pipe temperature | | | | 6.99.9 | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | | | | |
| 570 | 0101110001 | IC48 Gas pipe temperature | | | | 6.99.9 | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | | | | |
| 571 | 1101110001 | IC49 Gas pipe temperature | | | | 6.66- | 99.9 to 999.9 | | | | | | | |
| 572 | 0011110001 | IC50 Gas pipe temperature | | | | -99.9 | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | | | | |
| *1 A· | The condition of eith | *1 A: The condition of either OC or OS is disclared individually B: The condition of the entire refriderant system is disclared | hually R. The c | condition of th | e entire refrigeran | t svetem is disr | Javed | | | | | | | |

| Data o | Data on indoor unit system | stem | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|----------------------------|---|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------|------------|-----|-----|-----|------------------------------|----------|--------------------|
| No. | SW1 | ltem | | | | Display | lay | | | | Unit (A, B) ^{*1} | t)*1 | Remarks |
| | 1234567890 | | LD1 | LD2 | FD3 | LD4 | LD5 | LD6 | LD7 | LD8 | oc | SO | |
| 573 | 1011110001 | IC1SH | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | В | | The unit is [°C] |
| 574 | 0111110001 | IC2SH | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | 1 | | |
| 575 | 1111110001 | IC3SH | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | 1 | | |
| 576 | 0000001001 | IC4SH | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | 1 | | |
| 577 | 1000001001 | IC5SH | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | 1 | | |
| 578 | 0100001001 | IC6SH | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | 1 | | |
| 579 | 1100001001 | IC7SH | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | 1 | | |
| 580 | 0010001001 | IC8SH | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | 1 | | |
| 581 | 1010001001 | IC9SH | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | 1 | | |
| 582 | 0110001001 | IC10SH | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | 1 | | |
| 583 | 1110001001 | IC11SH | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | 1 | | |
| 584 | 0001001001 | IC12SH | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | 1 | | |
| 585 | 1001001001 | IC13SH | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | 1 | | |
| 586 | 0101001001 | IC14SH | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | 1 | | |
| 587 | 1101001001 | IC15SH | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | 1 | | |
| 588 | 0011001001 | IC16SH | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | 1 | | |
| 589 | 1011001001 | IC17SH | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | 1 | | |
| 590 | 0111001001 | IC18SH | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | 1 | | |
| 591 | 1111001001 | IC19SH | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | 1 | | |
| 592 | 0000101001 | IC20SH | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 593 | 1000101001 | IC21SH | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 594 | 0100101001 | IC22SH | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 595 | 1100101001 | IC23SH | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | 1 | | |
| 596 | 0010101001 | IC24SH | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | 1 | | |
| 597 | 1010101001 | IC25SH | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | 1 | | |
| 598 | 0110101001 | IC26SH | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | 1 | | |
| 599 | 1110101001 | IC27SH | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | | |
| *1 A: T | The condition of eith | *1 A: The condition of either OC or OS is displayed individually. B: The condition of the entire refrigerant system is displayed. | ndividually. B: T | he condition of | the entire refrig | erant system is | displayed. | | | | | | |

| Data o | Data on indoor unit system | stem | | | | | |
|--------|----------------------------|----------------|--|---------------------------------|---------|------------------------------|--------------------|
| No. | SW1 | ltem | | Display | | Unit (A, B) ^{*1} | Remarks |
| | 1234567890 | | LD1 LD2 LD3 | LD4 LD5 LD6 | LD7 LD8 | oc os | |
| 009 | 0001101001 | IC28SH | | -99.9 to 999.9 | | В | The unit is [°C] |
| 601 | 1001101001 | IC29SH | | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | |
| 602 | 0101101001 | IC30SH | | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | |
| 603 | 1101101001 | IC31SH | | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | |
| 604 | 0011101001 | IC32SH | | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | |
| 605 | 1011101001 | IC33SH | | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | |
| 606 | 0111101001 | IC34SH | | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | |
| 607 | 111101001 | IC35SH | | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | |
| 608 | 0000011001 | IC36SH | | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | |
| 609 | 1000011001 | IC37SH | | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | |
| 610 | 0100011001 | IC38SH | | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | |
| 611 | 1100011001 | IC39SH | | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | |
| 612 | 0010011001 | IC40SH | | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | |
| 613 | 1010011001 | IC41SH | | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | |
| 614 | 0110011001 | IC42SH | | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | |
| 615 | 1110011001 | IC43SH | | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | |
| 616 | 0001011001 | IC44SH | | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | |
| 617 | 1001011001 | IC45SH | | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | |
| 618 | 0101011001 | IC46SH | | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | |
| 619 | 1101011001 | IC47SH | | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | |
| 620 | 0011011001 | IC48SH | | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | |
| 621 | 1011011001 | IC49SH | | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | |
| 622 | 0111011001 | IC50SH | | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | |
| *1 Δ.Τ | The condition of eith | is displayed i | $1 \pm 1 \pm 1$. The condition of either OC or OS is disclared individually. B: The condition of the entire refrinerant | refriderant system is displayed | | | - |

| Data c | Data on indoor unit system | stem | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|----------------------------|---|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|-----|-----|-----|------------------------------|----------|--------------------|
| No. | SW1 | Item | | | | Display | lay | | | | Unit (A, B) ^{*1} | t)*1 | Remarks |
| | 1234567890 | | LD1 | LD2 | LD3 | LD4 | LD5 | PD6 | LD7 | LD8 | oc | OS | |
| 623 | 1111011001 | IC1SC | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 6.666 | | | | В | | The unit is [°C] |
| 624 | 0000111001 | IC2SC | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 625 | 1000111001 | IC3SC | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 626 | 0100111001 | IC4SC | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 627 | 1100111001 | IC5SC | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 628 | 0010111001 | ICESC | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 629 | 1010111001 | IC7SC | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 630 | 0110111001 | IC8SC | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 631 | 1110111001 | IC9SC | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 632 | 0001111001 | IC10SC | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 633 | 1001111001 | IC11SC | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 634 | 0101111001 | IC12SC | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 635 | 1101111001 | IC13SC | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 636 | 0011111001 | IC14SC | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 637 | 1011111001 | IC15SC | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 638 | 0111111001 | IC16SC | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 639 | 111111001 | IC17SC | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 640 | 0000000101 | IC18SC | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 641 | 100000101 | IC19SC | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 642 | 010000101 | IC20SC | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 643 | 1100000101 | IC21SC | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 644 | 0010000101 | IC22SC | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 645 | 1010000101 | IC23SC | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 646 | 0110000101 | IC24SC | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 647 | 1110000101 | IC25SC | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 648 | 0001000101 | IC26SC | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 999.9 | | | | | | |
| 649 | 1001000101 | IC27SC | | | | -99.9 to 999.9 | 6.666 | | | | | | |
| *1 A: T | The condition of eithe | *1 A: The condition of either OC or OS is displayed individually. B: The condition of the entire refrigerant system is displayed. | ndividually. B: Th | ne condition of t | he entire refrige | erant system is o | displayed. | | | | | | |

| Data o | Data on indoor unit system | stem | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|----------------------------|---|-----------------|---------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------|-----|-----|-----|------------------------------|----------|--------------------|--|
| No. | SW1 | ltem | | | | | Display | | | | Unit (A, B) ^{*1} | t)*1 | Remarks | |
| | 1234567890 | | LD1 | LD2 | LD3 | LD4 | rd5 | PD0 | LD7 | PD8 | 00 | SO | | |
| 650 | 0101000101 | IC28SC | | | | 66- | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | в | | The unit is [°C] | |
| 651 | 1101000101 | IC29SC | | | | 66- | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | T | | | |
| 652 | 0011000101 | IC30SC | | | | 66- | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | T | | | |
| 653 | 1011000101 | IC31SC | | | | 66- | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | 1 | | | |
| 654 | 0111000101 | IC32SC | | | | 66- | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | 1 | | | |
| 655 | 1111000101 | IC33SC | | | | 66- | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | T | | | |
| 656 | 0000100101 | IC34SC | | | | 66- | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | 1 | | | |
| 657 | 1000100101 | IC35SC | | | | 66- | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | T | | | |
| 658 | 0100100101 | IC36SC | | | | 66- | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | T | | | |
| 629 | 1100100101 | IC37SC | | | | 66- | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | T | | | |
| 660 | 0010100101 | IC38SC | | | | 66- | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | 1 | | | |
| 661 | 1010100101 | IC39SC | | | | 66- | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | 1 | | | |
| 662 | 0110100101 | IC40SC | | | | 66- | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | T | | | |
| 663 | 1110100101 | IC41SC | | | | 66- | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | 1 | | | |
| 664 | 0001100101 | IC42SC | | | | 66- | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | T | | | |
| 665 | 1001100101 | IC43SC | | | | 66- | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | T | | | |
| 666 | 0101100101 | IC44SC | | | | 66- | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | T | | | |
| 667 | 1101100101 | IC45SC | | | | 66- | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | T | | | |
| 668 | 0011100101 | IC46SC | | | | 66- | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | 1 | | | |
| 699 | 1011100101 | IC47SC | | | | 66- | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | 1 | | | |
| 670 | 0111100101 | IC48SC | | | | 66- | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | T | | | |
| 671 | 1111100101 | IC49SC | | | | 66- | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | T | | | |
| 672 | 0000010101 | IC50SC | | | | 66- | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | 1 | | | |
| 673 | 1000010101 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 674 | 0100010101 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 675 | 1100010101 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| *1 A: TI | he condition of eith | *1 A: The condition of either OC or OS is displayed individually. B: The condition of the entire refrigerant system is displayed. | idividually. B: | The condition | of the entire i | efrigerant systen | n is displayed. | | | | | | | |

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| data | |
| Setting | |

HWE10050

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|----------|----------------------|---|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------|---------------|-----|-----|-----|-------------------------------|-------------|---------|
| No. | SW1 | Item | | | | Dis | Display | | | | Unit (A, B) ^{* 1} | it 3)* 1 | Remarks |
| | 1234567890 | | LD1 | LD2 | LD3 | LD4 | LD5 | LD6 | LD7 | LD8 | ő | SO | |
| 676 | 0010010101 | INV board S/W version | | | | 0.00 tc | 0.00 to 99.99 | | | | A | A | |
| 677 | 1010010101 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 678 | 0110010101 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 679 | 1110010101 | Fan board S/W version | | | | 0.00 tc | 0.00 to 99.99 | | | | A | A | |
| 680 | 0001010101 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 681 | 1001010101 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 682 | 0101010101 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 683 | 1101010101 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 684 | 0011010101 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 685 | 1011010101 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 686 | 0111010101 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 687 | 1111010101 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| *1 A: TI | le condition of eith | *1 A: The condition of either OC or OS is displayed individually. B: The condition of the entire refrigerant system is displayed. | dually. B: The c | ondition of the | entire refrigerar | nt system is di | splayed. | | | | | | |

| HWE10050 |
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| [X LED Monitor Display on the Outdoor Unit Board] |
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| Setting data | g data | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|----------------------|---|-------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-------------------------------|------------|--|
| No. | SW1 | ltem | | | | Dis | Display | | | | Unit (A, B) ^{* 1} | it)* 1 | Remarks |
| | 1234567890 | | LD1 | LD2 | FD3 | LD4 | LD5 | PD6 | LD7 | LD8 | ပ္ပ | SO | |
| 688 | 0000110101 | Current time | | | | 00:00 | 00:00 to 23:59 | | | | A | A | Hour: minute |
| 689 | 1000110101 | Current time -2 | | | | 00.00 to 99 | 00.00 to 99.12/1 to 31 | | | | | | Year and month, and date alternate display |
| 069 | 0100110101 | Time of error detection 1 | | | | 00:00 t | 00:00 to 23:59 | | | | • | | Hour: minute |
| 691 | 1100110101 | Time of error detection 1-2 | | | | 00.00 to 99 | 00.00 to 99.12/1 to 31 | | | | | | Year and month, and date alternate display |
| 692 | 0010110101 | Time of error detection 2 | | | | 00:00 | 00:00 to 23:59 | | | | | | Hour: minute |
| 693 | 1010110101 | Time of error detection 2-2 | | | | 00.00 to 90 | 00.00 to 99.12/1 to 31 | | | | | | Year and month, and date alternate display |
| 694 | 0110110101 | Time of error detection 3 | | | | 00:00 t | 00:00 to 23:59 | | | | ÷ | | Hour: minute |
| 695 | 1110110101 | Time of error detection 3-2 | | | | 00.00 to 99 | 00.00 to 99.12/1 to 31 | | | | | | Year and month, and date alternate display |
| 969 | 0001110101 | Time of error detection 4 | | | | 00:00 t | 00:00 to 23:59 | | | | ÷ | | Hour: minute |
| 697 | 1001110101 | Time of error detection 4-2 | | | | 00.00 to 90 | 00.00 to 99.12/1 to 31 | | | | | | Year and month, and date alternate display |
| 698 | 0101110101 | Time of error detection 5 | | | | 00:00 | 00:00 to 23:59 | | | | | | Hour: minute |
| 669 | 1101110101 | Time of error detection 5-2 | | | | 00.00 to 9 | 00.00 to 99.12/1 to 31 | | | | | | Year and month, and date alternate display |
| 700 | 0011110101 | Time of error detection 6 | | | | 00:00 | 00:00 to 23:59 | | | | | | Hour: minute |
| 701 | 1011110101 | Time of error detection 6-2 | | | | 00.00 to 9 | 00.00 to 99.12/1 to 31 | | | | | | Year and month, and date alternate display |
| *1 A·T | he condition of eith | *1 0. The condition of aither OC or OS is disclosued individually. B: The condition of the antire refrinces the system is disclosued. | The C | ondition of the | antira rafrinars | int evetam ie di | ienlaved | | | | | | |

*1 A: The condition of either OC or OS is displayed individually. B: The condition of the entire refrigerant system is displayed.

Setting data HWE10050

[X LED Monitor Display on the Outdoor Unit Board]

| Settin | setting data | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------|-----------------------|---|----------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-------------------------------|--------------|---|
| No. | SW1 | ltem | | | | Dis | Display | | | | Unit (A, B) ^{* 1} | iit 3)* 1 | Remarks |
| | 1234567890 | | LD1 | LD2 | LD3 | LD4 | LD5 | LD6 | LD7 | LD8 | 00 | SO | |
| 702 | 0111110101 | Time of error detection 7 | | | | 00:00 t | 00:00 to 23:59 | | | | A | A | Hour: minute |
| 703 | 111110101 | Time of error detection 7-2 | | | | 00.00 to 99 | 00.00 to 99.12/1 to 31 | | | | | | Year and month, and date alternate display |
| 704 | 0000001101 | Time of error detection 8 | | | | 00:00 t | 00:00 to 23:59 | | | | - | | Hour: minute |
| 705 | 1000001101 | Time of error detection 8-2 | | | | 00.00 to 99 | 00.00 to 99.12/1 to 31 | | | | | | Year and month, and date alternate display |
| 206 | 0100001101 | Time of error detection 9 | | | | 00:00 t | 00:00 to 23:59 | | | | - | | Hour: minute |
| 707 | 1100001101 | Time of error detection 9-2 | | | | 00.00 to 99 | 00.00 to 99.12/1 to 31 | | | | | | Year and month, and date alternate display |
| 708 | 0010001101 | Time of error detection 10 | | | | 00:00 | 00:00 to 23:59 | | | | - | | Hour: minute |
| 602 | 1010001101 | Time of error detection 10-2 | | | | 00.00 to 99 | 00.00 to 99.12/1 to 31 | | | | | | Year and month, and date alternate display |
| 710 | 0110001101 | Time of last data backup be- fore error | | | | 00:00 | 00:00 to 23:59 | | | | | | Hour: minute |
| 711 | 1110001101 | Time of last data backup be- fore error -2 | | | | 00.00 to 99 | 00.00 to 99.12/1 to 31 | | | | | | Year and month, and date alternate display |
| 712 | 0001001101 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 713 | 1001001101 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| *1 ^ | The condition of aith | *1 A: The condition of aither OC or OC is disclored individually. D: The condition of the antice references is disclored. | dinally D. The | condition of the | ontiro rotriaoro | nt evetom ie di | hevelore | | | | | | |

*1 A: The condition of either OC or OS is displayed individually. B: The condition of the entire refrigerant system is displayed.

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| Data o | Data on indoor unit system | stem | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|----------------------------|---|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------|------------|-----|-----|-----|-------------------------------|-----------|------------------|
| No. | SW1 | Item | | | | Display | lay | | | | Unit (A, B) ^{* 1} | t)* 1 | Remarks |
| | 1234567890 | | LD1 | LD2 | LD3 | LD4 | LD5 | PD6 | LD7 | LD8 | oc | OS | |
| 714 | 0101001101 | IC1 LEV opening | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | в | | Fully open: 2000 |
| 715 | 1101001101 | IC2 LEV opening | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | | | |
| 716 | 0011001101 | IC3 LEV opening | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | | | |
| 717 | 1011001101 | IC4 LEV opening | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | | | |
| 718 | 0111001101 | IC5 LEV opening | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | | | |
| 719 | 1111001101 | IC6 LEV opening | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | | | |
| 720 | 0000101101 | IC7 LEV opening | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | | | |
| 721 | 1000101101 | IC8 LEV opening | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | | | |
| 722 | 0100101101 | IC9 LEV opening | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | | | |
| 723 | 1100101101 | IC10 LEV opening | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | | | |
| 724 | 0010101101 | IC11 LEV opening | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | | | |
| 725 | 1010101101 | IC12 LEV opening | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | | | |
| 726 | 0110101101 | IC13 LEV opening | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | | | |
| 727 | 1110101101 | IC14 LEV opening | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | | | |
| 728 | 0001101101 | IC15 LEV opening | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | | | |
| 729 | 1001101101 | IC16 LEV opening | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | | | |
| 730 | 0101101101 | IC17 LEV opening | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | | | |
| 731 | 1101101101 | IC18 LEV opening | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | | | |
| 732 | 0011101101 | IC19 LEV opening | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | | | |
| 733 | 1011101101 | IC20 LEV opening | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | | | |
| 734 | 0111101101 | IC21 LEV opening | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | | | |
| 735 | 1111101101 | IC22 LEV opening | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | | | |
| 736 | 0000011101 | IC23 LEV opening | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | | | |
| 737 | 1000011101 | IC24 LEV opening | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | | | |
| 738 | 0100011101 | IC25 LEV opening | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | | | |
| 739 | 1100011101 | IC26 LEV opening | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | | | |
| 740 | 0010011101 | IC27 LEV opening | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 | | | | | | |
| *1 A: T | The condition of eith | *1 A: The condition of either OC or OS is displayed individually. B: The condition of the entire refrigerant system is displayed. | ndividually. B: T | he condition of | the entire refrig | erant system is | displayed. | | | | | | |

[X LED Monitor Display on the Outdoor Unit Board]

| | ltem | | | | Display | olay | | | | Unit (A, B) ^{* 1} | - | Remarks |
|----------------|----------------------|-----|--------|---------------|-----------------|----------------|---|-------|-----|-------------------------------|---------------------|---|
| 1234567890 | 0 | LD1 | LD2 | LD3 | LD4 | LD5 | PD6 | LD7 | LD8 | oc | SO | |
| 741 1010011101 | 1 IC28 LEV opening | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 c | | | | В | Fully op | Fully open: 2000 |
| 742 0110011101 | 1 IC29 LEV opening | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 0 9999 | | | | 1 | | |
| 743 1110011101 | 1 IC30 LEV opening | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 c | | | | 1 | | |
| 744 0001011101 | 1 IC31 LEV opening | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 c | | | | 1 | | |
| 745 1001011101 | 1 IC32 LEV opening | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 0666 c | | | | 1 | | |
| 746 0101011101 | 1 IC33 LEV opening | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 0666 c | | | | | | |
| 747 1101011101 | 1 IC34 LEV opening | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 c | | | | 1 | | |
| 748 0011011101 | 1 IC35 LEV opening | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 c | | | | 1 | | |
| 749 1011011101 | 1 IC36 LEV opening | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 c | | | | 1 | | |
| 750 0111011101 | 1 IC37 LEV opening | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 0666 c | | | | 1 | | |
| 751 1111011101 | 1 IC38 LEV opening | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 0 9999 | | | | 1 | | |
| 752 0000111101 | 1 IC39 LEV opening | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 c | | | | 1 | | |
| 753 1000111101 | 1 IC40 LEV opening | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 c | | | | 1 | | |
| 754 0100111101 | 1 IC41 LEV opening | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 0 9999 | | | | 1 | | |
| 755 1100111101 | 1 IC42 LEV opening | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 0666 c | | | | 1 | | |
| 756 0010111101 | 1 IC43 LEV opening | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 0666 c | | | | | | |
| 757 1010111101 | 1 IC44 LEV opening | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 0 9999 | | | | 1 | | |
| 758 0110111101 | 1 IC45 LEV opening | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 0 9999 | | | | 1 | | |
| 759 1110111101 | 1 IC46 LEV opening | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 c | | | | | | |
| 760 0001111101 | 1 IC47 LEV opening | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 0666 c | | | | 1 | | |
| 761 1001111101 | 1 IC48 LEV opening | | | | 0000 tc | 0000 to 9999 | | | | 1 | | |
| 762 0101111101 | 1 IC49 LEV opening | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 0666 c | | | | 1 | | |
| 763 1101111101 | 1 IC50 LEV opening | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 0666 c | | | | 1 | | |
| 764 0011111101 | 1 IC1 Operation mode | | | | | | | | | в | The fou | The four LDs on the left |
| 765 1011111101 | 1 IC2 Operation mode | | | | | | | | | | (LUT-4) mode, a | (LU1-4) display operation mode, and the four LDs |
| 766 011111101 | 1 IC3Operation mode | | : 0000 | Stop 0001 : V | entilation 0002 | : Cooling 0003 | 0000 : Stop 0001 : Ventilation 0002 : Cooling 0003 : Heating 0004 : Dry | : Dry | | | on the r display | on the right (LD5-LD8) display port address |
| 767 1111111101 | 1 IC4 Operation mode | | | | | | | | | | (Display | (Displayed alternately ev- |
| 768 000000011 | 1 IC5 Operation mode | | | | | | | | | | ery tive | ery tive seconds) |

| Item LD1 LD2 IC6 Operation mode IC7 Operation mode IC7 Operation mode IC7 Operation mode IC8 Operation mode IC8 Operation mode IC8 Operation mode IC9 Operation mode IC10 Operation mode IC11 Operation mode IC11 Operation mode IC11 Operation mode IC11 Operation mode IC11 Operation mode IC12 Operation mode IC13 Operation mode IC13 Operation mode IC13 Operation mode IC14 Operation mode IC13 Operation mode IC14 Operation mode IC15 Operation mode IC13 Operation mode IC14 Operation mode IC15 Operation mode IC15 Operation mode IC16 Operation mode IC15 Operation mode IC17 Operation mode IC21 Operation mode IC16 Operation mode IC17 Operation mode IC22 Operation mode IC21 Operation mode IC22 Operation mode IC23 Operation mode IC23 Operation mode IC23 Operation mode IC23 Operation mode IC23 Operation mode IC23 Operation mode IC23 Operation mode IC23 Operation mode IC23 Operation mode IC23 Operation mode <t< th=""><th></th><th>Display (A, B)^{*1} Remarks</th><th>LD3 LD4 LD5 LD6 LD7 LD8 OC OS</th><th>B The four LDs on the left</th><th>(LD1-4) display opera- tion mode, and the four</th><th>LDs on the right (LD5-</th><th>LU8) atspiay port ad- dress.</th><th>(Displayed alternately</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>000 - Ston 0001 - Mantilation 0003 - Cooline 0003 - Hasting 0004 - Dec</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></t<> | | Display (A, B) ^{*1} Remarks | LD3 LD4 LD5 LD6 LD7 LD8 OC OS | B The four LDs on the left | (LD1-4) display opera- tion mode, and the four | LDs on the right (LD5- | LU8) atspiay port ad- dress. | (Displayed alternately | | | | | | | | | 000 - Ston 0001 - Mantilation 0003 - Cooline 0003 - Hasting 0004 - Dec | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|---|------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Display LD1 LD2 LD3 LD4 LD5 0000 : Stop 0001 : Ventilation 0002 : Cooling 0003 : Hes | LD1 LD1 IC6 Operation mode IC7 Operation mode IC7 Operation mode IC3 Operation mode IC3 Operation mode IC3 Operation mode IC10 Operation mode IC11 Operation mode IC11 Operation mode IC13 Operation mode IC12 Operation mode IC13 Operation mode IC13 Operation mode IC14 Operation mode IC14 Operation mode IC15 Operation mode IC15 Operation mode IC16 Operation mode IC16 Operation mode IC17 Operation mode IC17 Operation mode IC17 Operation mode IC17 Operation mode IC17 Operation mode IC16 Operation mode IC17 Operation mode IC17 Operation mode IC17 Operation mode IC17 Operation mode IC17 Operation mode IC18 Operation mode IC17 Operation mode IC21 Operation mode IC23 Operation mode IC23 Operation mode IC24 Operation mode IC23 Operation mode IC23 Operation mode IC33 Operation mode IC33 Operation mode IC33 Operation mode IC33 Operation mode | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 617 · ±000 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | LD1 LD1 LD1 IC6 Operation mode IC7 Operation mode IC8 Operation mode IC8 Operation mode IC7 Operation mode IC3 Operation mode IC3 Operation mode IC10 Operation mode IC10 Operation mode IC10 Operation mode IC11 Operation mode IC13 Operation mode IC13 Operation mode IC13 Operation mode IC11 Operation mode IC13 Operation mode IC14 Operation mode IC15 Operation mode IC16 Operation mode IC17 Operation mode IC17 Operation mode IC17 Operation mode IC16 Operation mode IC16 Operation mode IC17 Operation mode IC23 Operation mode IC23 Operation mode IC23 Operation mode IC21 Operation mode IC21 Operation mode IC23 | | LD6 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 003 - Heating | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | LD1 LD1 LD1 IC6 Operation mode IC6 Operation mode IC6 Operation mode IC7 Operation mode IC7 Operation mode IC3 Operation mode IC3 Operation mode IC10 Operation mode IC10 Operation mode IC11 Operation mode IC11 Operation mode IC12 Operation mode IC11 Operation mode IC13 Operation mode IC13 Operation mode IC12 Operation mode IC12 Operation mode IC13 Operation mode IC13 Operation mode IC12 Operation mode IC13 Operation mode IC14 Operation mode IC15 Operation mode IC16 Operation mode IC13 Operation mode IC14 Operation mode IC15 Operation mode IC16 Operation mode IC14 Operation mode IC15 Operation mode IC16 Operation mode IC17 Operation mode IC15 Operation mode IC17 Operation mode IC17 Operation mode IC23 Operation mode IC23 Operation mode IC23 Operation mode IC21 Operation mode IC23 Operation mode IC23 Operation mode IC23 Operation mode IC33 Operation mode IC33 Operation mode IC33 Operation mode IC33 Operation mode IC33 Operation mode IC33 Operation mode | splay | LD5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | o 6111000 · 7 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | LD1 LD1 LD1 IC6 Operation mode IC6 Operation mode IC6 Operation mode IC7 Operation mode IC7 Operation mode IC3 Operation mode IC3 Operation mode IC10 Operation mode IC10 Operation mode IC11 Operation mode IC11 Operation mode IC12 Operation mode IC11 Operation mode IC13 Operation mode IC13 Operation mode IC14 Operation mode IC12 Operation mode IC13 Operation mode IC12 Operation mode IC12 Operation mode IC13 Operation mode IC14 Operation mode IC15 Operation mode IC16 Operation mode IC14 Operation mode IC15 Operation mode IC17 Operation mode IC16 Operation mode IC15 Operation mode IC17 Operation mode IC17 Operation mode IC17 Operation mode IC16 Operation mode IC17 Operation mode IC17 Operation mode IC23 Operation mode IC23 Operation mode IC21 Operation mode IC23 Operation mode IC23 Operation mode IC23 Operation mode IC23 Operation mode IC33 Operation mode IC33 Operation mode IC33 Operation mode IC33 Operation mode IC33 Operation mode IC33 Operation mode | Ö | LD4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | LD1 LD1 LD1 IC6 Operation mode IC7 Operation mode IC6 Operation mode IC7 Operation mode IC7 Operation mode IC3 Operation mode IC3 Operation mode IC10 Operation mode IC10 Operation mode IC10 Operation mode IC11 Operation mode IC13 Operation mode IC13 Operation mode IC13 Operation mode IC11 Operation mode IC13 Operation mode IC14 Operation mode IC15 Operation mode IC16 Operation mode IC17 Operation mode IC17 Operation mode IC17 Operation mode IC16 Operation mode IC17 Operation mode IC23 Operation mode IC33 | | LD3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Stop 0001 - 1/ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Item IC6 Operation mode IC7 Operation mode IC7 Operation mode IC7 Operation mode IC10 Operation mode IC10 Operation mode IC11 Operation mode IC11 Operation mode IC12 Operation mode IC12 Operation mode IC13 Operation mode IC11 Operation mode IC14 Operation mode IC15 Operation mode IC15 Operation mode IC17 Operation mode IC16 Operation mode IC17 Operation mode IC17 Operation mode IC17 Operation mode IC18 Operation mode IC17 Operation mode IC17 Operation mode IC17 Operation mode IC18 Operation mode IC17 Operation mode IC17 Operation mode IC17 Operation mode IC18 Operation mode IC17 Operation mode IC21 Operation mode IC22 Operation mode IC23 Operation mode IC23 Operation mode IC23 Operation mode IC23 Operation mode IC23 Operation mode IC23 Operation mode IC31 Operation mode IC33 Operation mode IC31 Operation mode IC33 Operation mode IC31 Operation mode | | LD2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Item IC6 Operation mode IC7 Operation mode IC7 Operation mode IC3 Operation mode IC10 Operation mode IC11 Operation mode IC11 Operation mode IC13 Operation mode IC15 Operation mode IC16 Operation mode IC17 Operation mode IC18 Operation mode IC18 Operation mode IC18 Operation mode IC18 Operation mode IC18 Operation mode IC21 Operation mode IC21 Operation mode IC23 Operation mode | | | LD1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | SW1 1234567890 1000000011 0010000011 1100000011 1010000011 1010000011 100100 | Item | | IC6 Operation mode | IC7 Operation mode | IC8 Operation mode | IC9 Operation mode | IC10 Operation mode | IC11 Operation mode | IC12 Operation mode | IC13 Operation mode | IC14 Operation mode | IC15 Operation mode | IC16 Operation mode | IC17 Operation mode | IC18 Operation mode | IC19 Operation mode | IC20 Operation mode | IC21 Operation mode | IC22 Operation mode | IC23 Operation mode | IC24 Operation mode | IC25 Operation mode | IC26 Operation mode | IC27 Operation mode | IC28 Operation mode | IC29 Operation mode | IC30 Operation mode | IC31 Operation mode | IC32 Operation mode | IC33 Operation mode |

| Data c | Data on indoor unit system | stem | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|----------------------------|---|-----------------|------------------|-------------------|---|----------------|----------------|-------|-----|-------------------------------|-----------|---|
| No. | SW1 | ltem | | | | Display | olay | | | | Unit (A, B) ^{* 1} | t)* 1 | Remarks |
| | 1234567890 | | LD1 | LD2 | LD3 | LD4 | LD5 | LD6 | LD7 | LD8 | 00 | SO | |
| 797 | 1011100011 | IC34 Operation mode | | | | | | | | | в | | The four LDs on the left |
| 798 | 0111100011 | IC35 Operation mode | | | | | | | | | | | (LU1-4) display opera- tion mode, and the four |
| 662 | 1111100011 | IC36 Operation mode | | | | | | | | | | | LDs on the right (LD5- |
| 800 | 0000010011 | IC37 Operation mode | | | | | | | | | | | LU8) display port ad- dress. |
| 801 | 1000010011 | IC38 Operation mode | | | | | | | | | | | (Displayed alternately |
| 802 | 0100010011 | IC39 Operation mode | | | | | | | | | | | every rive seconds) |
| 803 | 1100010011 | IC40 Operation mode | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 804 | 0010010011 | IC41 Operation mode | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 805 | 1010010011 | IC42 Operation mode | | 0000 : Stop | | 0001 : Ventilation 0002 : Cooling 0003 : Heating 0004 : Dry | : Cooling 0003 | : Heating 0004 | : Dry | | | | |
| 806 | 0110010011 | IC43 Operation mode | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 807 | 1110010011 | IC44 Operation mode | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 808 | 0001010011 | IC45 Operation mode | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 808 | 100101011 | IC46 Operation mode | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 810 | 0101010011 | IC47 Operation mode | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 811 | 110101011 | IC48 Operation mode | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 812 | 0011010011 | IC49 Operation mode | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 813 | 1011010011 | IC50 Operation mode | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 814 | 0111010011 | IC1 filter | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 c | | | | в | | Hours since last mainte- |
| 815 | 1111010011 | IC2 filter | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 c | | | | | | nance [n] |
| 816 | 0000110011 | IC3 filter | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 0666 c | | | | | | |
| 817 | 1000110011 | IC4 filter | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 c | | | | | | |
| 818 | 0100110011 | IC5 filter | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 c | | | | | | |
| 819 | 1100110011 | IC6 filter | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 c | | | | | | |
| 820 | 0010110011 | IC7 filter | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 c | | | | | | |
| 821 | 1010110011 | IC8 filter | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 0666 c | | | | | | |
| 822 | 0110110011 | IC9 filter | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 c | | | | | | |
| 823 | 1110110011 | IC10 filter | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 c | | | | | | |
| 824 | 0001110011 | IC11 filter | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 0666 c | | | | | | |
| *1 A: T | The condition of eith | *1 A: The condition of either OC or OS is displayed individually. B: The condition of the entire refrigerant system is displayed. | ndividually. B: | The condition of | the entire refrig | erant system is | displayed. | | | | | | |

| Data c | Data on indoor unit system | stem | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|----------------------------|---|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|------------|-----|-----|-----|-------------------------------|--------------------------|---|
| No. | SW1 | ltem | | | | Display | lay | | | | Unit (A, B) ^{* 1} | Remarks | |
| | 1234567890 | | LD1 | LD2 | LD3 | LD4 | LD5 | LD6 | LD7 | LD8 | oc | os | |
| 825 | 1001110011 | IC12 filter | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 0666 c | | | | В | Hours since last mainte- | 4 |
| 826 | 0101110011 | IC13 filter | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 9999 | | | | | nance [n] | |
| 827 | 1101110011 | IC14 filter | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 (| | | | | | |
| 828 | 0011110011 | IC15 filter | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 (| | | | | | |
| 829 | 1011110011 | IC16 filter | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 9999 | | | | | | |
| 830 | 0111110011 | IC17 filter | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 (| | | | | | |
| 831 | 1111110011 | IC18 filter | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 (| | | | | | |
| 832 | 0000001011 | IC19 filter | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 (| | | | | | |
| 833 | 1000001011 | IC20 filter | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 (| | | | | | |
| 834 | 0100001011 | IC21 filter | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 09999 | | | | | | |
| 835 | 1100001011 | IC22 filter | | | | 0000 to 9999 |) 9999 | | | | | | |
| 836 | 0010001011 | IC23 filter | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 (| | | | | | |
| 837 | 1010001011 | IC24 filter | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 (| | | | | | |
| 838 | 0110001011 | IC25 filter | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 (| | | | | | |
| 839 | 1110001011 | IC26 filter | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 09999 | | | | | | |
| 840 | 0001001011 | IC27 filter | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 (| | | | | | |
| 841 | 1001001011 | IC28 filter | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 (| | | | | | |
| 842 | 0101001011 | IC29 filter | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 0666 c | | | | | | |
| 843 | 1101001011 | IC30 filter | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 9999 | | | | | | |
| 844 | 0011001011 | IC31 filter | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 9999 | | | | | | |
| 845 | 1011001011 | IC32 filter | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 (| | | | | | |
| 846 | 0111001001 | IC33 filter | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 9999 | | | | | | |
| 847 | 1111001011 | IC34 filter | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 (| | | | | | |
| 848 | 0000101011 | IC35 filter | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 (| | | | | | |
| 849 | 1000101011 | IC36 filter | | | | 0000 to 9999 |) 9999 | | | | | | |
| 850 | 0100101011 | IC37 filter | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 (| | | | | | |
| 851 | 1100101011 | IC38 filter | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 (| | | | | | |
| 852 | 0010101011 | IC39 filter | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 9999 | | | | | | |
| *1 A: T | The condition of eith | *1 A: The condition of either OC or OS is displayed individually. B: The condition of the entire refrigerant system is displayed. | ndividually. B: 1 | The condition of | the entire refrig | lerant system is | displayed. | | | | | | |

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| Data o | Data on indoor unit system | stem | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|----------------------------|---|--------------------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------|------------|-----|-----|-----|-------------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|
| N | SW1 | ltem | | | | Display | lay | | | | Unit (A, B) ^{* 1} | t)* 1 | Remarks |
| | 1234567890 | T | LD1 | LD2 | LD3 | LD4 | LD5 | PD6 | LD7 | LD8 | oc | SO | |
| 853 | 1010101011 | IC40 filter | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 (| | | | в | | Hours since last mainte- |
| 854 | 0110101011 | IC41 filter | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 (| | | | | | nance [n] |
| 855 | 1110101011 | IC42 filter | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 (| | | | | | |
| 856 | 0001101011 | IC43 filter | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 (| | | | | | |
| 857 | 100110101 | IC44 filter | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 (| | | | | | |
| 858 | 0101101011 | IC45 filter | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 (| | | | | | |
| 859 | 1101101011 | IC46 filter | | | | 0000 to 9999 |) 9999 | | | | | | |
| 860 | 0011101011 | IC47 filter | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 (| | | | | | |
| 861 | 1011101011 | IC48 filter | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 0 9999 | | | | | | |
| 862 | 0111101011 | IC49 filter | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 0666 c | | | | | | |
| 863 | 1111101011 | IC50 filter | | | | 0000 to 9999 | 6666 (| | | | | | |
| *1 A: T | The condition of eith | *1 A: The condition of either OC or OS is displayed individually. B: The condition of the entire refrigerant system is displayed. | individually. B: T | he condition of | the entire refrige | erant system is | displayed. | | | | | | |

| | ourier types of uata | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------|-----------------------|---|-------------------|----------------------|-------------------|-----------------|----------------|-----|-----|-----|------------------------------|-----------|----------------------|
| No. | SW1 | ltem | | | | Dis | Display | | | | Unit (A, B) ^{*1} | it)*1 | Remarks |
| | 1234567890 | | LD1 | LD2 | LD3 | LD4 | LD5 | PD6 | LD7 | LD8 | oc | OS | |
| 864 | 0000011011 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 865 | 1000011011 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 866 | 0100011011 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 867 | 1100011011 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 868 | 0010011011 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 869 | 1010011011 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 870 | 0110011011 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 871 | 1110011011 | U-phase current effec- tive value 1 | | | | -99.9 t | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | Y | А | The unit is [A] |
| 872 | 0001011011 | W-phase current effec- tive value 1 | | | | -99.9 t | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | ۲ | A | |
| 873 | 1001011011 | Power factor phase an- gle 1 | | | | -99.9 t | -99.9 to 999.9 | | | | ۷ | A | The unit is [deg] |
| 874 | 0101011011 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 875 | 110101111 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 876 | 0011011011 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 877 | 1011011011 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 878 | 0111011011 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 879 | 1111011011 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 880 | 0000111011 | Control board Reset counter | | | | 0 ta | 0 to 254 | | | | V | А | The unit is [time] |
| 881 | 1000111011 | INV board Reset counter | | | | 0 ta | 0 to 254 | | | | A | А | |
| 882 | 0100111011 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 883 | 1100111011 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 884 | 0010111011 | Fan board Reset counter | | | | 0 to | 0 to 254 | | | | ¥ | А | The unit is [time] |
| 885 | 1010111011 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 886 | 0110111011 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| *1 A:T | The condition of eith | *1 A: The condition of either OC or OS is displayed individually. B: The condition of the entire refrigerant system is displayed. | - rdividually. B: | The condition of the | ne entire refrigt | erant system is | displayed. | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | ourier types of uata | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|------------------------|---|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------|------------|-----|-----|-----|------------------------------|-----------|---------|--|
| No. | SW1 | ltem | | | | Dis | Display | | | | Unit (A, B) ^{*1} | it)*1 | Remarks | |
| | 1234567890 | | LD1 | LD2 | LD3 | LD4 | LD5 | PD6 | LD7 | PD8 | ပ္ပ | SO | | |
| 887 | 1110111011 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 888 | 0001111011 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 889 | 1001111011 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 890 | 0101111011 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 891 | 1101111011 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 892 | 0011111011 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 893 | 1011111011 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 894 | 0111111011 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 895 | 1111111011 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 896 | 0000000111 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 897 | 1000000111 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 868 | 0100000111 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 868 | 1100000111 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 006 | 0010000111 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 901 | 1010000111 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 902 | 0110000111 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 903 | 1110000111 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 904 | 0001000111 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 905 | 100100111 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 906 | 0101000111 | | | | | | | | | | <u> </u> | | | |
| 206 | 1101000111 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1020 | 0011111111 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1021 | 1011111111 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1022 | 0111111111 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1023 | 111111111 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| *1 A: T | The condition of eithe | *1 A: The condition of either OC or OS is displayed individually. B: The condition of the entire refrigerant system is displayed. | ndividually. B: T | he condition of th | ne entire refrigei | rant system is | displayed. | | | | | | | |

[X LED Monitor Display on the Outdoor Unit Board]

Service Handbook

Model

PURY-P200, P250, P300, P350, P400, P450YJM-A PURY-P400, P450, P500, P550, P600, P650, P700, P750, P800, P850, P900YSJM-A(1) PURY-EP200, EP250, EP300, EP350YJM-A PURY-EP400, EP450, EP500, EP550, EP600, EP650, EP700YSJM-A(1)

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION

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