

SPLIT-TYPE, HEAT PUMP AIR CONDITIONERS



October 2014 No. OCH576

# **TECHNICAL & SERVICE MANUAL**

<Outdoor unit> [Model Name] PUMY-P112VKM1 PUMY-P125VKM1 PUMY-P140VKM1 PUMY-P112YKM1 PUMY-P125YKM1 Salt proof model PUMY-P112VKM1-BS PUMY-P125VKM1-BS PUMY-P140VKM1-BS PUMY-P125YKM1-BS PUMY-P140YKM1-BS

[Service Ref.] PUMY-P112VKM1 PUMY-P125VKM1 PUMY-P140VKM1 PUMY-P112YKM1 PUMY-P125YKM1 PUMY-P140YKM1

PUMY-P112VKM1-BS PUMY-P125VKM1-BS PUMY-P140VKM1-BS PUMY-P112YKM1-BS PUMY-P125YKM1-BS PUMY-P140YKM1-BS Note:

 This service manual describes technical data of the outdoor units only.



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PARTS CATALOG (OCB576)



### 1-1. CAUTIONS RELATED TO NEW REFRIGERANT

Cautions for units utilizing refrigerant R410A

#### Use new refrigerant pipes.

Avoid using thin pipes.

1

Make sure that the inside and outside of refrigerant piping is clean and it has no contaminants such as sulfur, oxides, dirt, shaving particles, etc, which are hazard to refrigerant cycle. In addition, use pipes with specified thickness.

Contamination inside refrigerant piping can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil, etc.

# Store the piping indoors, and both ends of the piping sealed until just before brazing. (Leave elbow joints, etc. in their packaging.)

If dirt, dust or moisture enters into refrigerant cycle, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil or malfunction of compressor.

The refrigerant oil applied to flare and flange connections must be ester oil, ether oil or alkylbenzene oil in a small amount.

If large amount of mineral oil enters, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil, etc.

# Charge refrigerant from liquid phase of gas cylinder.

If the refrigerant is charged from gas phase, composition change may occur in refrigerant and the efficiency will be lowered.

#### Do not use refrigerant other than R410A.

If other refrigerant (R22, etc.) is used, chlorine in refrigerant can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil, etc.

# Use a vacuum pump with a reverse flow check valve.

Vacuum pump oil may flow back into refrigerant cycle and that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil, etc.

# Use the following tools specifically designed for use with R410A refrigerant.

The following tools are necessary to use R410A refrigerant.

Tools for R410A						
Gauge manifold	Flare tool					
Charge hose	Size adjustment gauge					
Gas leak detector	Vacuum pump adaptor					
Torque wrench	Electronic refrigerant					
	charging scale					

#### Handle tools with care.

If dirt, dust or moisture enters into refrigerant cycle, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil or malfunction of compressor.

#### Do not use a charging cylinder.

If a charging cylinder is used, the composition of refrigerant will change and the efficiency will be lowered.

Ventilate the room if refrigerant leaks during operation. If refrigerant comes into contact with a flame, poisonous gases will be released.

#### Use the specified refrigerant only.

**Never use any refrigerant other than that specified.** Doing so may cause a burst, an explosion, or fire when the unit is being used, serviced, or disposed of.

Correct refrigerant is specified in the manuals and on the spec labels provided with our products.

We will not be held responsible for mechanical failure, system malfunction, unit breakdown or accidents caused by failure to follow the instructions.

### [1] Cautions for service

- (1) Perform service after recovering the refrigerant left in unit completely.
- (2) Do not release refrigerant in the air.
- (3) After completing service, charge the cycle with specified amount of refrigerant.
- (4) When performing service, install a filter drier simultaneously. Be sure to use a filter drier for new refrigerant.

#### [2] Additional refrigerant charge

When charging directly from cylinder

- · Check that cylinder for R410A on the market is a syphon type.
- · Charging should be performed with the cylinder of syphon stood vertically. (Refrigerant is charged from liquid phase.)



### [3] Service tools

Use the below service tools as exclusive tools for R410A refrigerant.

No.	Tool name	Specifications
1	Gauge manifold	Only for R410A
		· Use the existing fitting specifications. (UNF1/2)
		· Use high-tension side pressure of 5.3MPa·G or over.
2	Charge hose	Only for R410A
		· Use pressure performance of 5.09MPa·G or over.
3	Electronic scale	_
4	Gas leak detector	· Use the detector for R134a, R407C or R410A.
5	Adaptor for reverse flow check	· Attach on vacuum pump.
6	Refrigerant charge base	_
0	Refrigerant cylinder	Only for R410A · Top of cylinder (Pink)
		Cylinder with syphon
8	Refrigerant recovery equipment	_

### 1-2. PRECAUTIONS FOR SALT PROOF TYPE "-BS" MODEL

Although "-BS" model has been designed to be resistant to salt damage, observe the following precautions to maintain the performance of the unit.

- 1. Avoid installing the unit in a location where it will be exposed directly to seawater or sea breeze.
- 2. If the cover panel may become covered with salt, be sure to install the unit in a location where the salt will be washed away by rainwater. (If a sunshade is installed, rainwater may not clean the panel.)
- 3. To ensure that water does not collect in the base of the outdoor unit, make sure that the base is level, not at angle. Water collecting in the base of the outdoor unit could cause rust.
- 4. If the unit is installed in a coastal area, clean the unit with water regularly to remove any salt build-up.
- 5. If the unit is damaged during installation or maintenance, be sure to repair it.
- 6. Be sure to check the condition of the unit regularly.
- 7. Be sure to install the unit in a location with good drainage.

#### Cautions for refrigerant piping work

New refrigerant R410A is adopted for replacement inverter series. Although the refrigerant piping work for R410A is same as for R22, exclusive tools are necessary so as not to mix with different kind of refrigerant. Furthermore as the working pressure of R410A is 1.6 times higher than that of R22, their sizes of flared sections and flare nuts are different.

#### ① Thickness of pipes

Because the working pressure of R410A is higher compared to R22, be sure to use refrigerant piping with thickness shown below. (Never use pipes of 0.7 mm or below.)

1.0	J		
Nominal	Outside	Thickne	ss (mm)
dimensions (in)	diameter (mm)	R410A	R22
1/4	6.35	0.8	0.8
3/8	9.52	0.8	0.8
1/2	12.70	0.8	0.8
5/8	15.88	1.0	1.0
3/4	19.05	—	1.0

Diagram below: Piping diameter and thickness

#### ② Dimensions of flare cutting and flare nut

The component molecules in HFC refrigerant are smaller compared to conventional refrigerants. In addition to that, R410A is a refrigerant, which has higher risk of leakage because its working pressure is higher than that of other refrigerants. Therefore, to enhance airtightness and strength, flare cutting dimension of copper pipe for R410A has been specified separately from the dimensions for other refrigerants as shown below. The dimension B of flare nut for R410A also has partly been changed to increase strength as shown below. Set copper pipe correctly referring to copper pipe flaring dimensions for R410A below. For 1/2 and 5/8 inch pipes, the dimension B changes. Use torque wrench corresponding to each dimension.





Flare cutting dimensions

Nominal	Outside	Outside Dimension A			
dimensions (in)	diameter (mm)	R410A	R22		
1/4	6.35	9.1	9.0		
3/8	9.52	13.2	13.0		
1/2	12.70	16.6	16.2		
5/8	15.88	19.7	19.4		
3/4	19.05	—	23.3		

Flare nut dimensions

Nominal	Outside	Dimens	ion B (mm)
dimensions (in)	diameter (mm)	R410A	R22
1/4	6.35	17.0	17.0
3/8	9.52	22.0	22.0
1/2	12.70	26.0	24.0
5/8	15.88	29.0	27.0
3/4	19.05	_	36.0

#### ③ Tools for R410A (The following table shows whether conventional tools can be used or not.)

Tools and materials	llse	R410A tools	Can R22 tools be used?	Can R407C tools be used?
Gauge manifold	Air purge refrigerant charge	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Charge hose	and operation check	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Gas leak detector	Gas leak check	Tool for HFC refrigerant	×	0
Refrigerant recovery equipment	Refrigerant recovery	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Refrigerant cylinder	Refrigerant charge	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Applied oil	Apply to flared section	Ester oil, ether oil and alkylbenzene oil (minimum amount)	×	Ester oil, ether oil: O Alkylbenzene oil: minimum amount
Safety charger	Prevent compressor malfunction when charging refrigerant by spraying liquid refrigerant	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Charge valve	Prevent gas from blowing out when detaching charge hose	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Vacuum pump	Vacuum drying and air purge	Tools for other refrigerants can be used if equipped with adop- ter for reverse flow check	△ (Usable if equipped with adopter for rever- se flow)	△ (Usable if equipped with adopter for rever- se flow)
Flare tool	Flaring work of piping	Tools for other refrigerants can be used by adjusting flaring dimension	△ (Usable by adjusting flaring dimension)	△ (Usable by adjusting flaring dimension)
Bender	Bend the pipes	Tools for other refrigerants can be used	0	0
Pipe cutter	Cut the pipes	Tools for other refrigerants can be used	0	0
Welder and nitrogen gas cylinder	Weld the pipes	Tools for other refrigerants can be used	0	0
Refrigerant charging scale	Refrigerant charge	Tools for other refrigerants can be used	0	0
Vacuum gauge or thermis-	Check the degree of vacuum. (Vacuum	Tools for other refrigerants	0	0
tor vacuum gauge and	valve prevents back flow of oil and refri-	can be used		
vacuum valve	gerant to thermistor vacuum gauge)			
Charging cylinder	Refrigerant charge	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	_

imes : Prepare a new tool. (Use the new tool as the tool exclusive for R410A.)

 $\triangle$  : Tools for other refrigerants can be used under certain conditions.

○: Tools for other refrigerants can be used.



## **OVERVIEW OF UNITS**

### **2-1. UNIT CONSTRUCTION**

							_											
				ŀ		4H	P			5	HP	- )		6	SHP			
	(	Outo	loor unit		PUMY PUMY	PUMY-P112VKM1(-BS) PUMY-P125VKM1(-BS) F PUMY-P112YKM1(-BS) F				P P	UMY-P14 UMY-P14	0VKM 0YKM	1(-BS 1(-BS	)				
Δ,	onlicab		apacity		Тур	be 15 to	Type 125		Type 15 to Type 14					e 140	140			
in	door ur	nit N	umber of	units		1 to 9	unit			1 to	10 unit			1 to	) 12 un	it		
		To	otal system wi	de capacity				50 to	130	0% of outdo	oor unit ca	apacity *2	2 *3					
								↓										
						CM	Y-Y62-G-	E	C	CMY-Y64-0	G-E	CMY-Y	′68-	·G-E				
			Br	anching pomponents	oipe s	Brai (2 t	nch heade oranches)	ər	E (	Branch hea (4 branche	ider s)	Branch (8 brai	n he nch	ader es)				
						•					•					Ţ		
Model		Ca	assette Ceili	ng	6	iling	\\/oll	Coilir		Floor s	tanding	Ceiling		Air to Wato			ION KIT	٦
$\backslash$	4-way f	flow	2-way flow	1-way flow	Conc	ealed	Mounted	Susper	ided	Exposed	Concealed	Conceale (Fresh Air)	d *1	Unit *3	'   PAC	;-LV11	M-J	
apacity	PLFY	′-P	PLFY-P	PMFY-P	PEF	FY-P	PKFY-P	PCF	′-P	PFFY-P	PFFY-P	PEFY-P		PWFY-P				
15 20	- 20VCM-	-E(2)	- 20VLMD-E	- 20VBM-E	15VMS 20VMS	S1(L)-E S1(L)-E	15VBM-E 20VBM-E			- 20VLEM-E	- 20VLRM-E	- <u>-</u>		_				
25	25VCM-	-E(2)	25VLMD-E	25VBM-E	25VM	<u>ч(L)-E</u> S1(L)-E A(L)-E	25VBM-E	_		25VLEM-E VKM-E(2)	25VLRM-E	-		_				
32	32VCM- 32VBN	-Е(2) <b>И-Е</b>	32VLMD-E	32VBM-E	32VMS / VMA	S1(L)-E A(L)-E	32VHM-E	-		32VLEM-E VKM-E(2)	32VLRM-E	-		_		ļ		
40	40VCM- 40VBN	-Е(2) <b>И-Е</b>	40VLMD-E	40VBM-E	40VMS / VMA(L)-	S1(L)-E E/ VMH-E	40VHM-E	40VKI	И-Е	40VLEM-E VKM-E(2)	40VLRM-E	-		_	Mise	eries in	door unit	*4
50	50VBN	И-E	50VLMD-E	-	50VMS / VMA(L)-	S1(L)-E E/ VMH-E	50VHM-E	-		50VLEM-E	50VLRM-E	-		-	MSZ MSZ MSZ	-GF S€ -SF S€ -EF S€	eries eries eries	
63	63VBN	И-Е	63VLMD-E	-	63VM8 / VMA(L)-	S1(L)-E E/ VMH-E	63VKM-E	63VKI	И-Е	63VLEM-E	63VLRM-E	-		-	MSZ MFZ	-FH Se -KJ Se	eries ries	
71	-		_	-	71VM / V	A(L)-E MH	-	-		-	_	-		_				
80	80VBN	И-Е	80VLMD-E	-	80VI / VM/	ИН-Е \(L)-Е	-	-		-	_	80VMH-6	E-F	-				
100	100VB	M-E	100VLMD-E	-	100V / VM/	MH-E 4(L)-E	100VKM-E	100VK	M-E	-	_	-		100VM-E-AL	J			
125	125VBI	M-E	125VLMD-E	-	125V / VM/	MH-E A(L)-E	-	125VK	M-E	-	-	-		-				
140	-		-	-	140V / VM/	MH-E A(L)-E	-	-		-	-	140VMH-I	E-F	-				
				<b>—</b>														
			Deco	rative par	nel													
						V							_			↓		
		N	ame		M-NET	remote	controller			MA remo	ote contro	ller		M serie	s remo	ote co	ontrolle	r
Remo	ote	lode	Inumber		PAI	R-F27M	EA-E		F	PAR-21MAA, PAR-W21MA	PAR-30/31 A(when usi	MAA ng PWFY)						
contro		Fur	octions	<ul> <li>A handy conjunct manage</li> <li>Address</li> </ul>	remote tion with ment systems must	controll the Me stem. be set.	ler for use lans centra	in alized		Addressen     necessar	es setting y.	is not						

\*1. PUMY is connectable to Fresh Air type indoor unit.

It is possible to connect 1 Fresh Air type indoor unit to 1 outdoor unit. (1:1 system)

Operating temperature range (outdoor temperature) for fresh air type indoor units differ from other indoor units.

Refer to "2-4-(3). Operating temperature range".

\*2. When the indoor unit of Fresh Air type is connected with the outdoor unit, the maximum connectable total indoor unit capacity is 110% (100% in case of heating below -5°C [23°F]).

\*3. When connecting PWFY series

• Only 1 PWFY-P100VM-E-AU can be connected. PWFY-P200VM-E-AU and PWFY-P100VM-E-BU cannot be connected.

• The PWFY unit cannot be the only unit connected to an outdoor unit. Select an indoor unit so that the total rated capacity of the indoor units, excluding the PWFY unit, is 50 to 100% of the outdoor unit capacity.

\*4. When connecting the CONNECTION KIT (PAC-LV11M-J) and an M-series indoor unit, refer to the installation manual for the CONNECTION KIT.

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## 2-2. UNIT CONSTRUCTION (BRANCH BOX SYSTEM)

Outdoor u	nit	PUMY-P112VKM1(-BS) PUMY-P112YKM1(-BS)	PUMY-P125VKM1(-BS) PUMY-P125YKM1(-BS)	PUMY-P140VKM1(-BS) PUMY-P140YKM1(-BS)					
		4HP	5HP	6HP					
	Capacity		Type 15 to Type 100						
Applicable	Number of units	2 to 8 units							
indoor unit	Total system wide capacity	24 to 130 % of outdoor unit capacity (3.0 to 16.2 kW)	21 to 130 % of outdoor unit capacity (3.0 to 18.2 kW)	19 to 130 % of outdoor unit capacity (3.0 to 20.2 kW)					
Branch box that can be connected	Number of units		1 to 2 units						



Connectab	le indoor unit line	eup (Heat pump inverter type)												
Mad	altura		Capacity class (kW)											
		iviodei name	1.5	1.8	2.0	2.2	2.5	3.5	4.2	5.0	6.0	7.1	8.0	10.0
	Deluxe	MSZ-FH25/35/50VE					$\bullet$	$\bullet$		$\bullet$				
	Standard	MSZ-SF25/35/42/50VE					$\bullet$		•	$\bullet$				
mounted		MSZ-GF60/71VE									$\bullet$			
mounted		MSZ-EF18/22/25/35/42/50VE							$\bullet$	•				
	Compact	MSZ-SF15/20VA												
Ceiling	Low static pressure	SEZ-KD25/35/50/60/71VA(L)								$\bullet$	•			
concealed	Middle static pressure	PEAD-RP50/60/71/100JA(L)Q.UK								$\bullet$				$\bullet$
4-way	2 by 2 type	SLZ-KA25/35/50VA(L)								$\bullet$				$\bullet$
ceiling cassette Standard		PLA-ZRP35/50/60/71/100BA.UK								•	•			$\bullet$
Ceiling suspended		PCA-RP35/50/60/71/100KAQ								•	•			$\bullet$
Floor standing		MFZ-KJ25/35/50VE								$\bullet$				
1-way ceiling c	assette	MLZ-KA25/35/50VA												

Note: The lineup of a connectable indoor unit depends on a district/areas/country.

Branch box	PAC-MK50BC	PAC-MK30BC
Number of branches (Indoor unit that can be connected)	5 branches (MAX. 5 units)	3 branches (MAX. 3 units)

Note: A maximum of 2 branch boxes can be connected to 1 outdoor unit.

2- branch pipe (joint): Optional parts							
In case of using 1- branch box	No need						
	Model name	Connection method					
In case of using 2- branch boxes	MSDD-50AR-E	flare					
	MSDD-50BR-E	brazing					
	Select a model acc	ording to the connection method.					

Option	Optional accessories of indoor units and outdoor units are available.

## 2-3. UNIT CONSTRUCTION (MIXED SYSTEM)

Outdoor ι	unit		PUMY-P112 PUMY-P112	2VKM1(-BS) 2YKM1(-BS)	PUMY-P12 PUMY-P12	25VKN 25YKN	И1(-BS) И1(-BS)	PUMY-I PUMY-I	P140∖ P140∖	/KM1(-BS) /KM1(-BS)
	Capacity	City multi indoor unit	Type 15 to	Type 15 to Type 125 Type 15 to Type 140						
Applicable		Via branch box			Type 1	5 to <sup>-</sup>	Гуре 10	0		
indoor unit	Number		Via branch box	Citymulti indoor	Via branch bo	x Citym	ulti indoor	Via branch	n box C	itymulti indoor
	of units	1-branch box	5	5	5		5	5		5
		2-branch box	7 or 8*1	3 or 2*1	8		3	8		3
	Total syster	n wide capacity	6.3 to 1	l6.2 kW	7.1 to	18.2	kW	8.0	) to 20	).2 kW
				50	to 130% of	f outc	loor unit	t capaci	ty	
				* <sup>1</sup> Wh indo city	en connecting 7 oor units are 3; c multi indoor unit	indoor connect s are 2	units via bi ing 8 indoo	ranch box, or units via	connect branch	able citymulti box, connectable
Dranahing	CMY-Y62	2-G-E CMY-Y64-G-E CM	Y-Y68-G-E		nahah havi		PAC-M	(50BC	PAC-N	VK30BC
component	s Branch h (2 branc	eader Branch header Bran hes) (4 branches) (8 I	nch header pranches)	ch header Number of branches 5 branch ranches)				ches units)	3 bra (MAX	anches . 3 units)
Cityr	nulti indoor unit	S*2 M series indoor u	(IT Init				M series S series P series indoor un	nits*2		
M- rer cont	NET MA note remote troller controlle	e M series remote controller				M- re con	NET mote troller	MA remote ontroller		

\*2 Refer to "2-1. UNIT CONSTRUCTION", for more detail.

### 2-4. UNIT SPECIFICATIONS

#### (1) Outdoor Unit

Se	ervice Ref.	PUMY-P112VKM1(-BS) PUMY-P112YKM1(-BS)	PUMY-P125VKM1(-BS) PUMY-P125YKM1(-BS)	PUMY-P140VKM1(-BS) PUMY-P140YKM1(-BS)
Consoity	Cooling (kW)	12.5	14.0	15.5
Capacity	Heating (kW)	14.0	16.0	18.0
Compres	sor (kW)	2.9	3.5	3.9

Cooling/Heating capacity indicates the maximum value at operation under the following condition.

\*Cooling Indoor : D.B. 27 °C/ W.B. 19.0 °C Outdoor : D.B. 35 °C Heating Indoor : D.B. 20 °C Outdoor : D.B. 7 °C/ W.B. 6 °C



#### (3) Operating temperature range

	Cooling	Heating
Indoor-side intake air temperature	W.B. 15 to 24°C	D.B. 15 to 27°C
Outdoor-side intake air temperature	D.B5 to 46°C*1	W.B. −20 to 15°C

Notes: D.B. : Dry Bulb Temperature

W.B. : Wet Bulb Temperature

\*1 10 to 46°C D.B. : When connecting PKFY-P15/P20/P25VBM, PFFY-P20/25/32VKM and PFFY-P20/25/32 VLE(R)M type indoor unit.

#### When connecting fresh air type indoor unit

	Capacity of Fresh air type indoor	Cooling	Heating
Indoor-side and Outdoor-side	P80	D.B. 21 to 43℃*² W.B. 15.5 to 35℃	D.B.−10 to 20℃ <sup>*3</sup>
intake air temperature	P140	D.B. 21 to 43 ℃ <sup>*2</sup> W.B. 15.5 to 35 ℃	D.B. −5 to 20 °C *3

\*<sup>2</sup> Thermo-OFF (FAN-mode) automatically starts if the outdoor temp. is lower than 21 °C D.B..

\*3 Thermo-OFF (FAN-mode) automatically starts if the outdoor temp. is higher than 20 °C D.B..

#### When connecting Air to Water Unit

	Cooling	Heating
Indoor-side intake water temperature	*4	D.B. 10 to 45 °C
Outdoor-side intake air temperature	*4	W.B. −20 to 15 °C

\*4 • PWFY series can operate in Heating mode but not in Cooling mode. An indoor unit other than that of PWFY series can

operate in Cooling mode.

• A PWFY series and other series cannot operate simultaneously.

• The operation of PWFY series takes precedence over other series. While a PWFY series is operating, other series do not operate.

• The set temperature on the remote controller represents the target temperature of the outlet water.

# SPECIFICATIONS

3

Model			PUMY-P112VKM1(-BS)	PUMY-P125VKM1(-BS)	PU	/Y-P140VKM1(-BS)
Power source				1-phase 220/240 V 50 Hz	1 01	
Cooling capacity		kW*1	12.5	14.0		15.5
(Nominal)		kcal/h*1	10 750	12 040		13 330
		RCal/II	42 650	47 769		52.886
	Dowor input		42,850	47,708		1.52
	Current input	A .	2.73	3.40	20	4.52
			12.07/ 12.32/ 11.00	15.97/ 15.27/ 14.04		2.42
Tomp range of			4.40	4.05	<u> </u>	3.43
cooling	Outdoor temp.	VV.B.		15 to 24 C		
	Outdoor temp.	U.D.	110	-51046 0		40.0
(Nominal)		KVV**	14.0	16.0		18.0
(Norminal)		kcal/n <sup>2</sup>	12,040	13,760		15,480
		BIU/n <sup>~2</sup>	47,768	54,592		61,416
	Power input	kVV	3.04	3.74	-	4.47
	Current input	A	14.03/ 13.42/ 12.86	17.26/ 16.51/ 15.82	20	0.63/ 19.73/ 18.91
	COP	kW/kW	4.61	4.28	L	4.03
Temp. range of	Indoor temp.	D.B.		15 to 27 °C		
neating	Outdoor temp.	W.B.		-20 to 15 °C		
Indoor unit	Total capacity			50 to 130% of outdoor unit capacity		
connectable	Model / Quantity	Citymulti	15 - 125/ 9	15 - 140/ 10		15 - 140/ 12
		Branch box	15 - 100/ 8	15 - 100/ 8		15 - 100/ 8
		Mixed system	15 - 125(*3)/ 10	15 - 140/ 10*4		15 - 125/ 10* <sup>4</sup>
Sound pressure le	evel	dB <a></a>	49/ 51	50/ 52		51/ 53
(measured in and	echoic room)					
Power pressure le	evel	dB <a></a>	-	-		-
(measured in ane				0.50 (2/0)	<u> </u>	
nining diameter		mm (in)		9.52 (3/8)		
	Gas pipe	mm (in)		15.88 (5/8)		
FAN "Z	Type x Quantity			Propeller Fan X 2		
	Air now rate	m3/min		110		
		L/S		1,833		
				3,884		
	Control, Driving n	nechanism		DC control		
	Motor output	KVV		0.06+0.06		
	External static pro	ess.		0		
Compressor	Type x Quantity			Scroll hermetic compressor x 1		
	Manufacture			Mitsubishi Electric Corporation		
	Starting method	1		Inverter		
	Capacity control	%	Cooling 26 to 100	Cooling 24 to 00	C	Cooling 21 to 100
			Heating 20 to 100	Heating 18 to 100	H	leating 17 to 100
	Motor output	kW	2.9	3.5		3.9
	Case heater	kW		0		
	Lubricant			FV50S(2.3litter)		
External finish				Galvanized Steel Sheet		
Extornal dimonsio				1 228 x 1 050 x 220(+25)		
External dimensio		in		F2 11/16 x 11 11/22 x 12 (+1)		
Drotaction	High proceure pr			52-11/10 x 41-11/ 32 x 13 (+1)		
devices	High pressure pro					>
		OWF./FAN)	Overcurrent	detection, Overneat detection(Heat sink	thermisto	r)
	Compressor		Com	pressor thermistor, Over current detection	ion	
	Fan motor			Overheating, Voltage protection		
Refrigerant	Type x original ch	arge		R410A 4.8kg		
	Control			Electronic Expansion Valve		
Notwoight		1(g (lb)		102 (271)		
Net weight		kg (ib)				
Heat exchanger	last Inter Change	-				
HIC CIRCUIT (HIC: I	Heat Inter-Change	r)		HIC circuit		
Detrosting metho				Reversed retrigerant circuit		
Drawing	External			BK01N346		
0	vviring			BH78B813		
Standard	Document					
	Accessory			Grounded lead wire x2		
Optional parts				Joint: CMY-Y62-G-E Hondor: CMX X64/68 G E		
				Branch box: PAC-MK30/50BC		
Remarks						
	*1 Nominal coolin	a conditions	*2 Nominal boating conditions			Unit converter
Indoor		U 101 °E D D/66 °E				
				EW B1		$k_{cal}/h = k_{M} = k_{cal}$
Pine longth :	7.5 m [24.0/4	, , D.D.] S ff1	7 5 m [2/_0/16 #1	· ••		$BTU/h = kW \times 3.412$
	0 m [0 ft]	5 (1)	0 m [0 ff]			cfm = m3/min x 35.31
*3 Up to P100 wh	en connectina via	branch box	o in to itj			lb = kg/0.4536
*4 Up to 11 units	when connecting	via 2 branch bo	xes.			Above encoification data :-
			20.45949		ľ	subject to rounding
2. Due to 0	continuing improve	are subject to la	becifications may be subject to change	e without notice.		variation.

Model			PUMY-P112YKM1(-BS)	PUMY-P125YKM1(-BS)	PL	JMY-P140YKM1(-BS)
Power source	1			3-phase 380–415 V, 50 Hz		
Cooling capacity		kW *1	12.5	14.0		15.5
(NOTIITal)		kcal/h * '	10,750	12,040		13,330
	Doweringut	BIU/n "	42,650	47,768		52,880
	Power Input	KVV A	2.79	3.40		4.52
			4.40/ 4.24/ 4.09	5.53/ 5.26/ 5.07		2.42
Tomp range of	Loop		4.40	4.05		3.43
cooling	Outdoor temp.	DB		-5 to 46°C		
Heating capacity		kW *2	14.0	16.0		18.0
(Nominal)		kcal/h *2	12.040	13.760		15.480
		BTU/h *2	47.768	54.592		61.416
	Power input	kW	3.04	3.74		4.47
	Current input	А	4.86/ 4.62/ 4.45	5.98/ 5.68/ 5.48		7.15/ 6.79/ 6.55
	COP	kW/kW	4.61	4.28		4.03
Temp. range of	Indoor temp.	D.B.		15 to 27°C		
heating	Outdoor temp.	W.B.		−20 to 15°C		
Indoor unit	Total capacity			50 to 130% of outdoor unit capacity		
connectable	Model / Quantity	Citymulti	15 - 125 /9	15 - 140 /10		15 - 140 /12
	-	Branch box	15 - 100/ 8	15 - 100/ 8		15 - 100/ 8
		Mixed system	15 - 125(*3)/ 10	15 - 140/ 10* <sup>4</sup>		15 - 125/ 10* <sup>4</sup>
Sound pressure le	evel	dB <a></a>	49/51	50/52		51/53
(measured in and	echoic room)		48/31	30/ 32		51/ 55
Power pressure le	evel	dB <a></a>	-	_		-
(measured in ane		(in)		0.52 (2/2)		
Refrigerant	Liquid pipe	mm (in)		9.52 (3/8)		
	Gas pipe	mm (in)		15.88 (5/8)		
FAN "Z	Type x Quantity			Propeller Fan X 2		
	Air now rate	m3/min		110		
		L/S		1,000		
	Control Driving n					
	Motor output					
	External static pr			0.00+0.00		
Comprosoor		255.		Caroll hormatic compressor v 1		
Compressor	Monufacture			Mitsubishi Electric Corporation		
	Starting method					
	Capacity control	0/_	Cooling 26 to 100	Cooling 24 to100		Cooling 21 to 100
	Capacity control	70	Heating 20 to 100	Heating 18 to 100		Heating 17 to 100
	Motor output	kW	2.9	3.5		3.9
	Case heater	kW		0		
	Lubricant			FV50S(2.3litter)		
External finish				Galvanized Steel Sheet		
				Munsell No. 3Y 7.8/1.1		
External dimension	on HxWxD	mm		1338 x 1050 x 330(+25)		
	1	in		52-11/16 x 41-11/32 x 13 (+1)		
Protection	High pressure pro	otection		High pressure Switch		
devices	Inverter circuit (C	OMP./FAN)	Overcurrent	detection, Overheat detection(Heat sin	k thermis	tor)
	Compressor		Cor	mpressor thermistor, Over current detec	tion	
Defriment	Fan motor			Overneating, voltage protection		
Reingerant	Type x original cr	large		R410A 4.8kg		
	Control			Electronic Expansion Valve		
Net weight		ka (lb)		125 (276)		
Heat exchanger		3(1)		Cross Fin and Copper tube		
HIC circuit (HIC: I	Heat Inter-Change	r)		HIC circuit		
Defrosting metho	d	,		Reversed refrigerant circuit		
Drawing	External			BK01N339		
	Wiring			BH78B814		
Standard	Document			Installation Manual		
attachment	Accessory			Grounded lead wire x2		
Optional parts				Joint: CMY-Y62-G-E		
				Header: CMY-Y64/68-G-E		
Remarks <sup>.</sup>			I	DIALICH DUX. FAC-IVIN30/30DC		
Remarks.	*1 Nominal coolin	a conditions	*2 Nominal beating conditions			Unit converter
Indoor ·	27 °C D R /10 °C M	9 00 1010015 / B [81 °F D R/66 °E				
Outdoor :	35 °C D B 104	S°FDR1	7°C DR/6°C W R M5 °E D P /42 °	°FWB1		$kcal/h = kW \times 860$
Pine length ·	7.5 m [24_0/1	5 ft]	7 5 m [24_9/16 ft]	· ••		BTU/h = kW × 3,412
l evel difference :	0 m [0 ft]	- ·J	0 m [0 ff]			cfm = m3/min x 35.31
*3   In to P100 w/h	en connecting vic	branch boy				Ib = kg/0.4536
*4 Up to 11 units	when connecting \	via 2 branch box	kes.			Above specification data is
	l aanditio *1 *0	ara aubitt. M	0 15013			subject to rounding
2. Due to	continuing improve	are subject to R ement, above si	pecifications may be subject to chance	e without notice.		variation.

4

### 4-1. COOLING AND HEATING CAPACITY AND CHARACTERISTICS

#### 4-1-1. Method for obtaining system cooling and heating capacity:

To obtain the system cooling and heating capacity and the electrical characteristics of the outdoor unit, first add up the ratings of all the indoor units connected to the outdoor unit (see table below), and then use this total to find the standard capacity with the help of the tables on "4-3. STANDARD CAPACITY DIAGRAM".

#### (1) Capacity of indoor unit

DEV Sorioo	Model Number for indoor unit	Model 15	Model 20	Model 25	Model 32	Model 40	Model 50	Model 63	Model 71	Model 80	Model 100	Model 125	Model 140
F F T Selles	Model Capacity	1.7	2.2	2.8	3.6	4.5	5.6	7.1	8.0	9.0	11.2	14.0	16.0
M Series	Model Number for indoor unit	Model 15	Model 18	Model 20	Model 22	Model 25	Mod 35	Model 42	Model 50	Model 60	Model 71	Model 80	Model 100
P Series	Model Capacity	1.5	1.8	2.0	2.2	2.5	3.5	4.2	5.0	6.0	7.1	8.0	10.0

#### (2) Sample calculation

① System assembled from indoor and outdoor unit (in this example the total capacity of the indoor units is greater than that of the outdoor unit)

Outdoor unit PUMY-P125YKM1

• Indoor unit PKFY-P25VBM-E × 2 , PLFY-P50VLMD-E × 2

- ② According to the conditions in ①, the total capacity of the indoor unit will be: 2.8 × 2 + 5.6 × 2 = 16.8
- ③ The following figures are obtained from the 16.8 total capacity of indoor units, referring the standard capacity diagram in "4-3-3. PUMY-P125VKM1(-BS) PUMY-P125VKM1(-BS) <cooling>" and "4-3-4. PUMY-P125VKM1(-BS)

PUMY-P125	YKM1(-BS)	<heating>"</heating>	:

Capaci	ty (kW)	Outdoor unit power	r consumption (kW)	Outdoor unit cu	rrent (A)/400 V
Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating
A 14.60	® 16.33	3.51	3.44	5.34	5.23

#### 4-1-2. Method for obtaining the heating and cooling capacity of an indoor unit:

(1) The capacity of each indoor unit (kW) = the capacity (A) (or (B))  $\times \frac{\text{model capacity}}{\text{total model capacity of all indoor units}}$ 

(2) Sample calculation (using the system described above in 4-1-1. (2) ):

#### During cooling:

• The total model capacity of the indoor unit is:  $2.8 \times 2 + 5.6 \times 2=16.8$ kW

Therefore, the capacity of PKFY-P25VBM-E and PLFY-P50VLMD-E will be calculated as follows by using the formula in 4-1-2. (1):

Model 25=14.6 × 
$$\frac{2.8}{16.8}$$
 = 2.43 kW  
Model 50=14.6 ×  $\frac{5.6}{16.8}$  = 4.87 kW

#### During heating:

• The total model capacity of indoor unit is:  $3.2 \times 2 + 6.3 \times 2=19.0$ Therefore, the capacity of PKFY-P25VBM-E and PLFY-P50VLMD-E will be calculated as follows by using the formula in 4-1-2. (1):

Model 25=16.33 
$$\times \frac{3.2}{19.0} = 2.75 \text{ kW}$$
  
Model 50=16.33  $\times \frac{6.3}{19.0} = 5.41 \text{ kW}$ 

## 4-2. STANDARD OPERATION DATA (REFERENCE DATA)

Operation				PUMY-P112V	(M/YKM1(-BS)	PUMY-P125V	KM/YKM1(-BS)	PUMY-P140V	KM/YKM1(-BS)
	Ambient	Indoor	DB/	27°C/ 19°C	20°C/—	27°C/ 19°C	20°C/—	27°C/ 19°C	20°C/—
	temperature	Outdoor	WB	35°C	7°C/ 6°C	35°C	7°C/ 6°C	35°C	7°C/ 6°C
		No. of connected units	Linit	2	2	2	2	2	2
	Indoor unit	No. of units in operation	UIII	2	2		2		2
Operating		Model	_	50 x 1/	63 x 1	63	× 2	63 x 1	/ 80×1
conditions		Main pipe			5	Į į	5	Į į	5
	Piping	Branch pipe	m	2	.5	2	.5	2	.5
		Total pipe length		1	0	1	0	1	0
	Fan speed		—	F	łi	F	łi	F	łi
	Amount of re	frigerant	kg	7	.2	7	.2	7	.2
	Electric current		А	16.17/ 5.26	17.38/ 5.67	21.67/7.12	21.91/7.22	25.84/ 8.58	25.54/ 8.48
Outdoor unit	Voltage		V	230/	400	230/	400	230/	400
	Compressor	frequency	Hz	67	69	84	86	96	96
LEV opening	Indoor unit		Pulse	357	421	447	525	511	586
Pressure	High pressur	e/Low pressure	MPa	2.70/ 0.94	2.86/ 0.70	2.86/ 0.88	2.87/ 0.67	2.95/ 0.85	2.95/ 0.65
		Discharge		67.0	71.9	69.7	72.1	70.7	73.2
	Outdoor	Heat exchanger outlet		40.2	2.0	40.8	1.3	43.7	0.9
Temp. of	unit	Accumulator inlet	- - -	8.7	1.0	8.0	0.2	5.6	-0.6
each section		Compressor inlet		10.7	1.3	9.1	0.1	7.8	-0.7
	Indoor unit	LEV inlet	]	18.9	32.4	17.7	33.0	17.0	33.4
		Heat exchanger inlet		12.3	55.5	11.1	55.7	10.4	56.8

#### 4-3. STANDARD CAPACITY DIAGRAM

Before calculating the sum of total capacity of indoor units, please convert the value into the kW model capacity following the formula on "4-1-1. Method for obtaining system cooling and heating capacity".





#### 4-3-2. PUMY-P112VKM1(-BS) PUMY-P112YKM1(-BS) <heating>

#### 4-3-3. PUMY-P125VKM1(-BS) PUMY-P125YKM1(-BS) <cooling>

Before calculating the sum of total capacity of indoor units, please convert the value into the kW model capacity following the formula on "4-1-1. Method for obtaining system cooling and heating capacity".



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### 4-3-4. PUMY-P125VKM1(-BS) PUMY-P125YKM1(-BS) <heating>

#### 4-3-5. PUMY-P140VKM1(-BS) PUMY-P140YKM1(-BS) <cooling>

Before calculating the sum of total capacity of indoor units, please convert the value into the kW model capacity following the formula on "4-1-1. Method for obtaining system cooling and heating capacity".



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#### 4-3-6. PUMY-P140VKM1(-BS) PUMY-P140YKM1(-BS) <heating>

### 4-4. CORRECTING COOLING AND HEATING CAPACITY

#### 4-4-1. Correcting Changes in Air Conditions

- (1) The performance curve charts (Figure 1, 2) show the change ratio of capacity and input (power consumption) according to the indoor and outdoor temperature condition when defining the rated capacity (total capacity) and rated input under the standard condition in standard piping length (5 m) as "1.0".
  - Standard conditions:

Rated cooling capacity	Indoor D.B. 27°C / W.B. 19°C Outdoor D.B. 35 °C
Rated heating capacity	Indoor D.B. 20°C Outdoor D.B. 7°C / W.B. 6°C

- Use the rated capacity and rated input given in "4-3. STANDARD CAPACITY DIAGRAM".
- The input is the single value on the side of the outdoor unit; the input on the sides of each indoor unit must be added to obtain the total input.

(2) The capacity of each indoor unit may be obtained by multiplying the total capacity obtained in (1) by the ratio between the individual capacity at the rated time and the total capacity at the rated time.

Individual capacity under stated conditions = total capacity under the stated conditions × total capacity at the rated time	to P. M. Strandard M. C. Market and M. Market and A. Sandard and M. Market and A. Market and M. Market and	individual capacity at the rated time
	Individual capacity under stated conditions = total capacity under the stated conditions ×	total capacity at the rated time

(3) Capacity correction factor curve **PUMY-P112/125/140VKM1(-BS)** 

PUMY-P112/125/140YKM1(-BS)

Figure 1

## Figure 2



#### 4-4-2. Correcting Capacity for Changes in the Length of Refrigerant Piping

- (1) During cooling, obtain the ratio (and the equivalent piping length) of the outdoor units rated capacity and the total in-use indoor capacity, and find the capacity ratio corresponding to the standard piping length from Figure 3. Then multiply by the cooling capacity from Figure 1 to obtain the actual capacity.
- (2) During heating, find the equivalent piping length, and find the capacity ratio corresponding to standard piping length from Figure 3. Then multiply by the heating capacity from Figure 2 to obtain the actual capacity.

#### (1) Capacity Correction Curve

#### Figure 3



#### (2) Method for Obtaining the Equivalent Piping Length

Equivalent length for type  $P112 \cdot 125 \cdot 140 =$  (length of piping to farthest indoor unit) + (0.3 × number of bends in the piping) (m) Length of piping to farthest indoor unit: type P112 to P140.....150 m

#### 4-4-3. Correction of Heating Capacity for Frost and Defrosting

If heating capacity has been reduced due to frost formation or defrosting, multiply the capacity by the appropriate correction factor from the following table to obtain the actual heating capacity.

#### Correction factor diagram

Outdoor Intake temperature (W.B.°C)	6	4	2	0	-2	-4	-6	-8	-10	-15	-20
Correction factor	1.0	0.98	0.89	0.88	0.89	0.9	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95



NC-20

8000

-0

**4-5. NOISE CRITERION CURVES** 

APPROXIMATE THRESHOLD OF HEARING FOR CONTINUOUS NOISE

PUMY-P140VKM1(-BS)

PUMY-P140YKM1(-BS)

125

250

500

1000

BAND CENTER FREQUENCIES, Hz

2000 4000

MODE SPL(dB) LINE

51

53 ٠ •

COOLING

HEATING

63

20

10







# **OUTLINES AND DIMENSIONS**

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#### PUMY-P112VKM1(-BS) Unit : mm PUMY-P125VKM1(-BS) PUMY-P140VKM1(-BS) 1 tration For the concentransmission line control Front piping cover Rear piping cover Air Intake For the branch box power supply Ground for the transmission line Ground for concentration control 2-U Shaped notched holes (Foundation Bolt M10) <del>ي</del> ۳8% 33 Z90 Terminal connection From left to right For the power supply br n piping hole k-Out) ۰۱۹۱، Ground for the branch box power supply Handle for moving 1 456 2-12x36 Oval holes Foundation Bolt M10 Service $\overline{}$ $\bigcirc$ 88 Parts 42 99 Ţ • 30 Rear Air Intake G 8 <u>\$6</u>20 Ground for the power supply ('GR"marking position) Air Discharge 1050 8 1 /I 362 225 110 Æ Handle for moving Ϋ́ 330 **G**7 56 Side Air Intake 632 698 $\mathcal{C}$ 1338 ower supply wiring hole İŃ Piping and wiring connections: can be made from 4 directions: FRONT, Right, Rear and Below. 4 PIPING-WIRING DIRECTIONS M Side Air Intake Handle for moving 75 ĿЯ 7 17 Rear trunking hole (Knock-Out) Please secure the unit firmly with 4 foundation (M10</W3(8>) bolts. (Bolts and washers must be purchased locally.) **3 FOUNDATION BOLTS** Power supply wiring hole (\$40 Knock-Out) Right trunking hole (Knock-Out) <Foundation bolt height> Þ 56 E 09 EZ Æ Rear Air Intake 22 8 22 53 92 ¢92 X Power supply wiring hole (\$27 Knock-Out) Right piping hole (Knock-Out) R Dimensions of space needed for service access are shown in the below diagram. 22 **2 SERVICE SPACE** Handle for moving Min. 500 Mn.15 space (1) ... Reingerant GAS pipe connection (FLARE) Ø15.86 (5/8F) (2) ... Reingerant LIOUID pipe connection (FLARE) Ø15.22 (3/8F) \*1 ... Indication of STOP VALVE connection location. 60 55 Power supply wiring hole Piping Knock-Out Hole Details 97 96. 99 1 FREE SPACE (Around the unit) The diagram below shows a basic example. Explantion of particular details are given in the installation manuals etc. 75 8 20ml Example of Notes 8 Power supply wiring hole (\$40 Knock-Out) Front trunking hole (Knock-Out) <del>2</del>3 09 EZ Front piping h (Knock-Out) Min. 1000m Mn. 15m



PUMY-P125VKM1(-BS)

#### PUMY-P112VKM1(-BS)

SYMBOL	NAME
TB1	Terminal Block <power supply=""></power>
TB1B	Terminal Block <branch box=""></branch>
TB3	Terminal Block <indoor branch<="" outdoor,="" td=""></indoor>
	Box/Outdoor Transmission Line>
TB7	Terminal Block
	<centralized control="" line="" transmission=""></centralized>
FUSE1, FUSE2	Fuse <t20al250v></t20al250v>
MC	Motor For Compressor
MF1.MF2	Fan Motor
21S4	Solenoid Valve <four-way valve=""></four-way>
63H	High Pressure Switch
63HS	High Pressure Sensor
631.5	Low Pressure Sensor
SV/1	Solenoid Valve <bypass valve=""></bypass>
	Thermister His Pipes
TU2	Thermistor <outdoor liquid="" pipos<="" td=""></outdoor>
тни	Thermistor <compressors< td=""></compressors<>
тне	Thermistor-Suction Pipes
	Thermistor Annulents
	Flectronic Expansion Volvo
LEV-A,LEV-D	Deaster
DUL	Reactor
CB	Main Smoothing Capacitor
P.B.	Power Circuit Board
U/V/W	Connection Terminal <u v="" w-phase=""></u>
	Connection Terminal <l-phase></l-phase>
NI	Connection Terminal <n-phase></n-phase>
N2	Connection Terminal <dc voltage=""></dc>
P2	Connection Terminal <dc voltage=""></dc>
DCL1,DCL2	Connection Terminal <reactor></reactor>
IGBT	Power Module
EI,E2,E3,E4	ConnectionTerminal <electrical box="" parts=""></electrical>
MULTI.B.	Controller Circuit Board
SW1	Switch <display selection=""></display>
SW2	Switch <function selection=""></function>
SW3	Switch <test run=""></test>
SW4	Switch <model selection=""></model>
SW5	Switch <function selection=""></function>
SW6	Switch <function selection=""></function>
SW7	Switch <function selection=""></function>
SW8	Switch <model selection=""></model>
SW9	Switch <function selection=""></function>
SWU1	Switch <unit address="" digit="" selection,="" unit=""></unit>
SWU2	Switch <unit address="" digit="" selection,="" tens=""></unit>
CNS1	Connector <indoor <="" box="" branch="" outdoor,="" td=""></indoor>
	Outdoor Transmission Line>
CNS2	Connector <centralized control="" line="" transmission=""></centralized>
SS	Connector <connection for="" option=""></connection>
CN3D	Connector <connection for="" option=""></connection>
CN3S	Connector <connection for="" option=""></connection>
CN3N	Connector <connection for="" option=""></connection>
CN51	Connector <connection for="" option=""></connection>
LED1,LED2	LED <operation display="" inspection=""></operation>
LED3	LED <power main="" microcomputer="" supply="" to=""></power>
F1,F2	Fuse <t6,3al250v></t6,3al250v>
X501~505	Relay
M-NET P.B	M-NET Power Circuit Board
TB1	ConnectionTerminal <electrical box="" parts=""></electrical>
·	Contraction of the analysis of the boxy



PUMY-P140VKM1(-BS)

#### Cautions when Servicing

• MARNING: When the main supply is turned off, the voltage [340 V] in the main capacitor will drop to 20 V in approx. 2 minutes (input voltage: 230 V). When servicing, make sure that LED1, LED2 on the outdoor circuit board goes out, and then wait for at least 1 minute.

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· Components other than the outdoor board may be faulty: Check and take corrective action, referring to the service manual. Do not replace the outdoor board without checking.

#### NOTES:

1. Refer to the wiring diagrams of the indoor units for details on wiring of each indoor unit. Self-diagnosis function

The indoor and outdoor units can be diagnosed automatically using the self-diagnosis switch (SW1) and LED1, LED2 (LED indication) found on the multi-controller of the outdoor unit. LED indication : Set all contacts of SW1 to OFF.

#### 2. During normal operation

The LED indicates the drive state of the controller in the outdoor unit.

Bit	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Indication	Compressor operated	52C	21S4	SV1	(SV2)	-	-	Always lit

3.When fault requiring inspection has occurred

The LED alternately indicates the inspection code and the location of the unit in which the fault has occurred.

**%1 MODEL SELECTION** re( MODELS SW4 SW8 PUMY-P112VKM PUMY-P125VKM PUMY-P140VKM1

[Example] When the compressor and SV1 are turned during cooling operation.



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#### PUMY-P112YKM1(-BS)

STINBUL	NAME
TB1	Terminal Block <power supply=""></power>
TB1B	Terminal Block <branch box=""></branch>
TB3	Terminal Block <indoor branch<br="" outdoor,="">Box/Outdoor Transmission Line&gt;</indoor>
TB7	Terminal Block
	<centralized control="" line="" transmission=""></centralized>
FUSE1.FUSE2	Fuse <t20al250v></t20al250v>
MC	Motor For Compressor
MF1.MF2	Fan Motor
21S4	Solenoid Valve <four-way valve=""></four-way>
63H	High Pressure Switch
63HS	High Pressure Sensor
631.5	Low Pressure Sensor
SV1	Solenoid Valve <bypass valve=""></bypass>
TH2	Thermistor <hic pipe=""></hic>
TH3	Thermistor <outdoor liquid="" pipe=""></outdoor>
TH4	Thermistor <compressor></compressor>
TH6	Thermistor <suction pipe=""></suction>
TH7	Thermistor <ambient></ambient>
TH8	Thermistor <heat sink=""></heat>
RS	Rush Current Protect Resistor
LEV-A.LEV-B	Electronic Expansion Valve
ACL4	Reactor
DCL	Reactor
P.B.	Power Circuit Board
TB-U/V/W	Connection Terminal <u v="" w-phase=""></u>
TB-L1/L2/L3	Connection Terminal <l1 l2="" l3-power="" supplys<="" td=""></l1>
TB-P1/P3	Connection Terminal
X52CA/B	52C Relay
NE	Noise Filter Circuit Board
01/1 02/1 03	Connection Terminal 1/1/2/13-Power Supplys
LI1/LI2/LI3/NI	Connection Terminal / 1/1 2/1 3-Power Supply>
GD1.GD3	Connection Terminal Electrical Parts Box>
MULTIB	Controller Circuit Board
SW1	Switch <display selection=""></display>
SW2	Switch <function selection=""></function>
SW3	Switch <test run=""></test>
SW4	Switch <model selection=""></model>
SW5	Switch <function selection=""></function>
SW6	Switch <eunction selection=""></eunction>
SW7	Switch <function selection=""></function>
SW8	Switch <model selection=""></model>
SW9	Switch <function selection=""></function>
SWU1	Switch <unit address="" digits<="" selection,="" td="" unit=""></unit>
SWU2	Switch <unit address="" digits<="" selection,="" td="" tens=""></unit>
CNS1	Connector <indoor <="" box="" branch="" outdoor="" td=""></indoor>
	Outdoor Transmission Line>
CNS2	Connector <centralized control="" lines<="" td="" transmission=""></centralized>
SS	Connector <connection for="" option=""></connection>
CN3D	Connector <connection for="" option=""></connection>
CN3S	Connector <connection for="" option=""></connection>
CN3N	Connector <connection for="" option=""></connection>
CN51	Connector <connection for="" option=""></connection>
	LED-Operation Inspection Displays
LED1,LED2	LED-Cover Supply to Main Microsomputers
EL E2	Euse-T6 3AL 250V>
F 1,FZ	Palay
M NET D D	M NET Power Circuit Poord
TD1	ConnectionTerminal Electrical Parts Days
1B1	Connection Ferminal <electrical box="" parts=""></electrical>

#### PUMY-P125YKM1(-BS) PUMY-P140YKM1(-BS)



#### Cautions when Servicing

△WARNING: When the main supply is turned off, the voltage [570 V] in the main capacitor will drop to 20 V in approx. 5 minutes (input voltage: 400 V). When servicing, make sure that LED1, LED2 on the outdoor circuit board goes out, and then wait for at least 5 minute.

Components other than the outdoor board may be faulty: Check and take corrective action, referring to the service manual. Do not replace the outdoor board without checking.

NOTES

- 1. Refer to the wiring diagrams of the indoor units for details on wiring of each indoor unit. Self-diagnosis function
  - The indoor and outdoor units can be diagnosed automatically using the self-diagnosis switch
  - (SW1) and LED1, LED2 (LED indication) found on the multi-controller of the outdoor unit. LED indication : Set all contacts of SW1 to OFF.

2. During normal operation

The LED indicates the drive state of the controller in the outdoor unit.

Bit	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	ı r		
Indication	Compressor operated	52C	21S4	SV1	(SV2)	—	—	Always lit			

3.When fault requiring inspection has occurred The LED alternately indicates the inspection code and the location of the unit in which the fault has occurred.

[Example] When the compressor and SV1 are turned during cooling



ж1	MODEL SELECTION
Tho	black square/ indicatos a switch p

The black square(	nuicales a switci	i position.
MODELS	SW4	SW8
PUMY-P112YKM1	OFF 1 2 3 4 5 6	ON OFF
PUMY-P125YKM1	OFF 1 2 3 4 5 6	ON OFF
PUMY-P140YKM1	ON OFF 1 2 3 4 5 6	OFF

## **NECESSARY CONDITIONS FOR SYSTEM CONSTRUCTION**

### 7-1. TRANSMISSION SYSTEM SETUP





Capillary tube for oil separator :  $\phi$ 2.5 ×  $\phi$ 0.8 × L1000

P112, P125, P140

 Refrigerant piping specifications <dimensions of flared connector>
 Unit: mm <in>

 Capacity
 Item
 Liquid piping
 Gas piping

 P15, P20, P25, P32, P40, P50
 \$\phi 6.35 < 1/4>\$
 \$\phi 12.7 < 1/2>\$

 Indoor unit
 P63, P80, P100, P125, P140
 \$\phi 9.52 < 3/8>\$
 \$\phi 15.88 < 5/8>\$

Note:

Outdoor unit

When connecting the CONNECTION KIT (PAC-LV11M-J) and an M-series indoor unit, refer to the installation manual for the CONNECTION KIT.

*ϕ*9.52 <3/8>

¢15.88 <5/8>

### 7-3. REFRIGERANT SYSTEM DIAGRAM (WHEN USING BRANCH BOX)



		unit : mm
		Capillary tube behind LEV (in cooling mode)
Branch box	PAC-MK50BC	$(\phi 4 \times \phi 3.0 \times L130) \times 5$
Dianen box	PAC-MK30BC	$(\phi 4 \times \phi 3.0 \times L130) \times 3$

#### **Piping connection size**

	A	В
Liquid (mm)	ø9.52	The pipe connection size differs according to the type and capacity of indoor units. Match the piping connection size of branch box with indoor unit. If the piping connection size of branch box does not match the piping connection size
Gas (mm)	¢15.88	of indoor unit, use optional different-diameter (deformed) joints to the branch box side. (Connect deformed joint directly to the branch box side.)

In case of using 1-branch box
 Flare connection employed (No brazing)



In case of using 2-branch boxes



 Installation procedure (2 branch pipe (joint)) Refer to the installation manuals of MSDD-50AR-E and MSDD-50BR-E.

#### Pipe size (Branch box-Indoor unit) For M or S series Indoor unit

Indoor unit type	(kW)	15	18	20	22	25	35	42	50	60	71	80
Pipe size (mm)	Liquid	<i>ø</i> 6.35	<i>ø</i> 9.52	ø9.52								
	Gas	ø9.52	ø12.7	ø15.88*1	ø15.88	ø15.88						

\*1 When using 60 type indoor unit of MEXZ series, use the flare nut in the indoor unit accessory for the gas side connecting of indoor unit.

Do not use the flare nut (gas side) attached to the indoor unit. If it is used, a gas leakage or even a pipe extraction may occur.

#### Pipe size (Branch box-Indoor unit) For P series Indoor unit

Indoor unit type	(kW)	35	50	60	71	100
Pipe size	Liquid	<i>ø</i> 6.35	<i>ø</i> 6.35	<i>ø</i> 9.52	<i>ø</i> 9.52	<i>ø</i> 9.52
(mm)	Gas	ø12.7	ø12.7	ø15.88	ø15.88	ø15.88

When using 35, 50 type indoor unit of P series, use the flare nut (for R410A) attached to the indoor unit. Do not use the flare nut (for R407C) in the indoor unit accessory. If it is used, a gas leakage or even a pipe extraction may occur.

#### (1) Valve size for outdoor unit

For liquid	∮9.52 mm
For gas	∕ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$

#### (2) Valve size for branch unit

*	Liquid pipe	<i>ϕ</i> 6.35 mm		
	Gas pipe	∮9.52 mm		
	Liquid pipe	¢6.35 mm		
	Gas pipe	∮9.52 mm		
*	Liquid pipe	∕¢6.35 mm		
	Gas pipe	∕9.52 mm		
	Liquid pipe	∕6.35 mm		
	Gas pipe	∕9.52 mm		
	Liquid pipe	<i>ϕ</i> 6.35 mm		
	Gas pipe	∕¢12.7 mm		

\* 3- branch type is only for A, B, and C unit.

#### Different-diameter joint (optional parts) (Fig.7-1)

	Connected pipes diameter	Diameter A	Diameter B
woder name	mm	mm	mm
MAC-A454JP	ø9.52 → ø12.7	ø9.52	ø12.7
MAC-A455JP	¢12.7 → ¢9.52	ø12.7	ø9.52
MAC-A456JP	ø12.7 → ø15.88	ø12.7	ø15.88
PAC-493PI	<i>φ</i> 6.35 → <i>φ</i> 9.52	¢6.35	ø9.52
PAC-SG76RJ-E	ø9.52 → ø15.88	ø9.52	ø15.88



(	Conversion formula			
	1/4 inch	¢6.35mm		
	3/8 inch	∮9.52mm		
	1/2 inch	ø12.7mm		
	5/8 inch	¢15.88mm		
	3/4 inch	¢19.05mm		

### 7-4. SYSTEM CONTROL

### 7-4-1. Example for the System

• Example for wiring control cables, wiring method and address setting, permissible lengths, and the prohibited items are listed in the standard system with detailed explanation.



A. Example of a M-NET remote controller system (address setting is necessary.)



#### Name, Symbol and the Maximum Remote controller Units for Connection

# B. Example of a group operation system with 2 or more outdoor units and a M-NET remote controller. (Address settings are necessary.)



#### • Name, Symbol, and the Maximum Units for Connection



C. Example of a MA remote controller system (address setting is not necessary.)

NOTE : In the case of same group operation, need to set the address that is only main M-NET control indoor unit.





D. Example of a group operation with 2 or more outdoor units and a MA remote controller. (Address settings are necessary.)


### • Name, Symbol, and the Maximum Units for Connection







### Name, Symbol, and the Maximum Units for Connection







### Name, Symbol, and the Maximum Units for Connection



### 8-1. CHECK POINTS FOR TEST RUN

### 8-1-1. Procedures before test run

(1) Before a test run, make sure that the following work is completed.

- Installation related :
- Make sure that the panel of cassette type and electrical wiring are done.
- Otherwise electrical functions like auto vane will not operate normally.
- · Piping related :

8

Perform leakage test of refrigerant and drain piping.

Make sure that all joints are perfectly insulated.

Check stop valves on both liquid and gas side for full open.

- Electrical wiring related :
- Check ground wire, transmission cable, remote controller cable, and power supply cable for secure connection.

Make sure that all switch settings of address or adjustments for special specification systems are correctly settled. (2) Safety check :

With the insulation tester of 500 V, inspect the insulation resistance.

Do not touch the transmission cable and remote controller cable with the tester.

The resistance should be over 1.0 M $\Omega$ . Do not proceed inspection if the resistance is under 1.0 M $\Omega$ .

Inspect between the outdoor unit power supply terminal block and ground first, metallic parts like refrigerant pipes or the electrical box next, then inspect all electrical wiring of outdoor unit, indoor unit, and all linked equipment .

- (3) Before operation :
  - a) Turn the power supply switch of the outdoor unit to on for compressor protection. For a test run, wait at least 12 hours from this point.
  - b) Register control systems into remote controller(s). Never touch the on/off switch of the remote controller(s). Refer to "8-1-2. Special Function Operation and Settings (for M-NET Remote Controller)" as for settings. In MA remote controller(s), this registration is unnecessary.
- (4) More than 12 hours later from power supply to the outdoor unit, turn all power switch to on for the test run. Perform test run according to the "Operation procedure" table of the bottom of this page. While test running, make test run reports .

### 8-1-1-1. Test run for M-NET Remote controller

When you deliver the unit after the test run, instruct the end user for proper usage of the system using owners' manual and the test run report you made to certificate normal operation. If abnormalities are detected during test run, refer to "8-1-3 Countermeasures for Error During Test Run". As for DIP switch setting of outdoor unit, refer to "8-5. INTERNAL SWITCH FUNCTION TABLE".



Operation procedure				
1	Turn on the main power supply of all units at least 12 hours before test run. "HO" appears on display panel for 3 min.			
2	12 hours later, press TEST RUN button twice to perform test run. "TEST RUN " appears on display panel.			
3	Press OPERATION SWITCH button to make sure that air blows out.			
4	Select Cooling (or Heating) by OPERATION SWITCH button to make sure that cool (or warm) air blows out.			
(5)	Press Fan speed button to make sure that fan speed is changed by the button.			
6	Press AIR DIRECTION button or LOUVER button to make sure that air direction is adjustable (horizontal, downward, upward, and each angle).			
7	Check outdoor fans for normal operation.			
8	Check interlocked devices (like ventilator) for normal operation, if any. This is the end of test run operation.			
9	Press ON/OFF button to stop and cancel test run.			
NI - 1 -				

Notes:

- 1. If check code appears on remote controller or remote controller malfunctions, refer to "8-1-3 Countermeasures for Error During Run".
- 2. During test run operation, 2-hour off timer activates automatically and remaining time is on remote controller and test run stops 2 hours later.
- 3. During test run, the indoor liquid pipe temperature is displayed on remote controller instead of room temperature.
- 4. Depending on a model, "This function is not available" appears when air direction button is pressed. However, this is not malfunction.

8-1-1-2. Test run for wired remote controller <par-31maa></par-31maa>	MENU RETURN SELECT ON/OFF Function buttons F1 F2 F3 F4
<ol> <li>Select "Service" from the Main menu, and press the → button.</li> <li>Select "Test run" with the F1 or F2 button, and press the → button.</li> </ol>	Service menu 1/2 Test run Input maintenance info. Function setting Check Self check Main menu: Cursor
② Select "Test run" with the F1 or F2 button, and press the $\bigcirc$ button.	F1 F2 F3 F4
Test run operation	Test run Remain 2:00
Press the F1 button to go through the operation modes in the order of "Cool and Heat".	Cool ☆ t Mode Pipe 28℃ Auto Switch disp. Fan
Heat mode: Check the heat blow off.	
Press the $\bigcirc$ button and open the Vane setting screen.	F1 F2 F3 F4
Auto vane check*	Remain 2:00
Check the auto vane with the F1 F2 buttons. Check the operation of the outdoor unit fan, also. Press the (3) button to return to "Test run operation".	Vane
Press the $(0)$ button.	F1 F2 F3 F4
When the test run is completed, the "Test run menu" screen will appear. The test run will automatically stop after 2 hours. *The function is available only for the model with vanes.	

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### 8-1-2. Special Function Operation and Settings (for M-NET Remote Controller)

- It is necessary to perform "group settings" and "paired settings" at making group settings of different refrigerant systems (multiple outdoor unit).
- (A) Group settings: Enter the indoor unit controlled by the remote controller, check the content of entries, and clear entries, etc.
- (B) Paired settings: Used to set the linked operation of a Lossnay unit.
- (1) Entering address: Follow the steps below to enter the addresses of the indoor unit using the remote controller.

#### a) Group settings

- Turning off the remote controller: Press the ON/OFF button to stop operation (the indicator light will go off).
- Changing to indoor unit address display mode: If the FILTER and buttons on the remote controller are pressed simultaneously and held for 2 seconds, the display shown in Figure 1 will appear.
- Changing address: Press the temperature adjustment buttons to change the displayed address to the address to be entered.
- Entering the displayed address: Press the TEST RUN button to enter the indoor unit with the displayed address.
- The type of the unit will be displayed as shown in Figure 2 if entry is completed normally.
- If a selected indoor unit does not exist, an error signal will be displayed as shown in Figure 3. When this happens, check whether the indoor unit actually exists and perform entry again.
- Returning to the normal mode after completing entry: Press the FILTER and to buttons simultaneously and hold for 2 seconds to return to the normal mode.

Figure 1. (A) Group setting display

Figure 2. Normal completion of entry

INDOOR UNIT ADDRESS NO. O



Figure 3. Entry error signal

011		
INDOOR UNIT ADDRESS NO.	0	

Type of unit is displayed.

Flashing "88" indicates entry error.

#### **b)** Paired Settings

- Turn off the remote controller: Press the remote controller's ON/OFF button to turn it off (the indicator light will go off).
- Put in indoor unit address display mode: Press the FILTER and Set buttons on the remote controller simultaneously and hold for 2 seconds.

Note: The above steps are the same as when making group settings (A).

- Changing to the linked operation unit address display state: The display shown in Figure 4 will appear when the the button on the remote control is pressed.
- Displaying the address of the Lossnay unit and linked indoor unit: In this situation, the indoor unit number will be the lowest address of the group. The Lossnay unit will not operate if this setting is incorrect.
  - 1. If the temperature adjustment I buttons are pressed, the address may be changed to the indoor unit that are to be linked.
  - 2. If the time setting Determined buttons are pressed, the address of the linked units may be changed to the address where it is desired to enter the Lossnay.
- Linking the Lossnay and the indoor unit: The display shown in Figure 5 will appear when the TEST RUN button is pressed. The indoor unit whose address is displayed and the Lossnay unit with a linked address will operate in a linked manner. Notes:
- 1. If it is desired to display the address of the Lossnay in the indoor unit address, display the indoor unit address in the linked unit address, and the above content will also be recorded.
- 2. Apart from the indoor unit with the lowest address in the group, display and enter the addresses of the other indoor unit that are to be linked with the Lossnay unit.
- Returning to the normal mode after completing entry: Press the FILTER and to buttons on the remote controller simultaneously and hold for 2 seconds to return to the normal mode.

Figure 4. (B) Making paired settings

The addresses of indoor unit and linked units are

displayed simultaneously.

INDOOR UNIT ADDRESS NO. 04 UNIT ADDRESS NO. 
 Image: Solution of the second sec

Figure 5. Completing normal entry

These alternating IC or LC displays will appear when entry is completed normally.

A flashing "88" will appear if there is a problem with the entry (indicating that the unit does not exist).

(2) Address check: Refer to section (1) regarding address entry.

a) In making group settings:

- Turn off the remote controller: Press the remote controller's ON/OFF button to stop operation (the indicator light will go off).
- Locate the indoor unit address display mode: Press the FILTER and to buttons on the remote controller simultaneously and hold for 2 seconds.
- Display indoor unit address: The entered indoor units address and type will be displayed each time the button is pressed. \* When 1 entry is made, only 1 address will be displayed no matter how many times the ⊕ button is pressed.
- Returning to the normal mode after completing check: Simultaneously press the FILTER and Set buttons on the remote controller and hold for 2 seconds to return to the normal mode.

### b) In making paired settings:

- Turn off the remote controller: Press the remote controller's ON/OFF button to stop operation (the indicator light will go off).
- Put in indoor unit address display mode: Press the FILTER and to buttons on the remote controller simultaneously and hold for 2 seconds.
- Changing to the linked operation unit address display state: Press the Cress the Cre
- Displaying the address of the indoor unit to be checked: Change the address to that of the indoor unit to be checked by pressing the temperature adjustment buttons ().
- Displaying the address of the linked Lossnay unit: Press the ⊕ button to display the addresses of the linked Lossnay and indoor unit in alternation.
- Displaying the addresses of other entered units: The addresses of the other entered units will be displayed in alternating fashion after resting the  $\Theta$  button again.
- Returning to the normal mode after completing the check: Simultaneously press the FILTER and to buttons on the remote controller and hold for 2 seconds to return to the normal mode.

(3) Clearing an address: Refer to section (1) regarding the address entry and section (2) regarding checking addresses. a) In making group settings:

- Turn off the remote controller: The procedure is the same as described in a) under (2) Address check.
- Put in the indoor unit address display mode: The procedure is the same as described in a) under (2) Address check.
- Displaying the indoor unit address to be cleared: The procedure is the same as described in a) under (2) Address check.
- Clearing indoor unit address : Pressing the 🐨 🖑 🖑 button on the remote controller twice will clear the address entry of the displayed indoor unit, resulting in the display shown in Figure 6.

The display shown in Figure 7 will appear if an abnormality occurs and the entry is not cleared.

Please repeat the clearing procedure.

• Returning to the normal mode after clearing an address: The procedure is same as a) in (2) Address check.

Figure 6. Display after address has been

cleared normally

011

display location.

Figure 7. Display when an abnormality has occurred during clearing



"88" will appear in the room temperature display location.

#### b) In making paired settings:

- Turn off the remote controller: The procedure is the same as described in a) under (2) Address check.
- Put into the indoor unit address display mode: The procedure is the same as described in a) under (2) Address check.
- Put into the linked unit address display mode: The procedure is the same as described in a) under (2) Address check.
- Display the address of the Lossnay unit or the indoor unit to be cleared.

"--" will appear in the room temperature

- Deleting the address of a linked indoor unit: Pressing the 🐨 🗄 👼 button on the remote controller twice will clear the address entry of the displayed indoor unit, resulting in the display shown in Figure 8.
- Returning to the normal mode after clearing an address: The procedure is same as b) in (2) Address check.

Figure 8. Display after address has been cleared normally



### 8-1-3. Countermeasures for Error During Test Run

• If a problem occurs during test run, a code number will appear on the remote controller (or LED on the outdoor unit), and the air conditioning system will automatically cease operating.

Code         Trouble         Indox         Outdoor         Central Received Controller Control Contex Content Interruption Contrecon Control Control Contecon Cont
0403       Serial communication error       Outdoor unit outdoe         1300       Low pressure       Check delay code 1202       Check delay code 1402         1500       Superheat due to low discharge temperature       Check delay code 1601       Check delay code 1601         1500       Biocked valve in cooling mode       Check delay code 4300       Coolent outdoor fan error// Check delay code 4300         2500       Drain sensor abnormality       Check delay code 4320       Check delay code 4320         4210       Compressor outgoor fan motor
1102       Compressor temperature       O       Check delay code 1202         1300       Low pressure       O       Check delay code 1402         1500       Superheat due to low discharge temperature       O       Check delay code 1601         1501       Refrigerant shortage       O       Check delay code 1601         1508       Hocked valve in cooling mode       O       Check delay code 1501         1508       4-way valve trouble in heating mode       O       Check delay code 1501         1508       4-way valve trouble in heating mode       O       Check delay code 1601         1509       1504       mode protection       O       Check delay code 4501         2500       Drain sensor abnormality       O       Check delay code 4350       Compressor overcurrent interruption (locked compressor)       O       Check delay code 4350         2500       Drain sensor abnormality       O       Check delay code 4350       Check delay code 4350         4210       Compressor overcurrent interruption       O       Check delay code 4320       Check delay code 4320         2420       Undervoltage/overvoltage/PAM error/L1open phase/power synchronization signal error       O       Check delay code 430         4230       Heat sink temperature       O       Check delay code 430       Check
1300       Low pressure       Image: Check delay code 1402         1301       High pressure       Check delay code 1600         1500       Superheat due to low discharge temperature       Check delay code 1600         1501       Refrigerant shortage       Check delay code 1601         Blocked valve in cooling mode       Check delay code 1601         1508       4-way valve trouble in heating mode       Check delay code 1608         2500       Water leakage       Check delay code 1608         2502       Drain over flow protection       Check delay code 4300         2503       Drain sensor ahormality       Check delay code 4350         2504       Compressor current interruption (locked compressor)       Check delay code 4350         2505       Drain over flow protection       Check delay code 4320         2506       Undervoltage/overvoltage/PAM error/L10pen phase/power       Check delay code 4320         2507       Heat sink temperature       Check delay code 4320         2508       Power module       Check delay code 4320         2509       Power module       Check delay code 4320         2500       Power module       Check delay code 4320         2501       Arinet thermistor trouble (TH21) or       Check delay code 1202         2502       Power mod
1302       High pressure       Check delay code 1402         1500       Superheat due to low discharge temperature       Check delay code 1600         1501       Biocked valve in cooling mode       Check delay code 1601         1502       Biocked valve in cooling mode       Check delay code 1601         1503       #-way valve trouble in heating mode       Check delay code 1601         2500       Water leakage       Check delay code 1608         2502       Drain sensor abnormality       Check delay code 1608         2503       Drain sensor abnormality       Check delay code 4350         2504       Compressor overcurrent interruption (locked compressor)       Check delay code 4350         2710       Compressor overcurrent interruption       Check delay code 4320         2720       Undervoltage/overvoltage/PAM error/L1open phase/power synchronization signal error       Check delay code 4330         2720       Power module       Check delay code 4350         2730       Power module       Check delay code 4350         27410       Check delay code 4350       Check delay code 4350         27420       Power module       Check delay code 4350         27420       Power module       Check delay code 4350         2750       Power module       Check delay code 1202      <
1500       Superheat due to low discharge temperature       Check delay code 1600         1611       Refrigerant shortage       Check delay code 1601         1508       4-way valve in cooling mode       Check delay code 1601         1508       4-way valve trouble in heating mode       Check delay code 1608         2500       Water leakage       Check delay code 1608         2501       Drain over flow protection       Check delay code 1608         2502       Drain sensor abnormality       Check delay code 4350         4100       Compressor current interruption (locked compressor)       Check delay code 4350         4220       Undervoltage/overvoltage/PAM error/L1open phase/power synchronization signal error       Check delay code 4320         4230       Heat sink temperature       Check delay code 4330         4240       Rotational frequency of outdor fan motor       Check delay code 4300         5101       Air inlet thermistor trouble (TH21) or       Check delay code 4500         5102       Suction pipe temperature thermistor (TH4) open/short       Check delay code 1202         5103       Gas pipe temperature thermistor (TH3) open/short       Check delay code 1221         5104       Air inlet mermistor (TH4) open/short       Check delay code 1221         5105       Outdoor liquid pipe temperature thermistor (TH3) open/short<
1501       Refrigerant shortage       O       Check delay code 1601         1508       4-way valve trouble in heating mode       O       Check delay code 1501         1508       4-way valve trouble in heating mode       O       Check delay code 1608         2502       Drain over flow protection       O       Check delay code 4300         2503       Drain sensor abnormality       O       Check delay code 4350         4100       Compressor overcurrent interruption (locked compressor)       O       Check delay code 4350         4220       Undervoltage/overvoltage/PAM error/L1open phase/power synchronization signal error       O       Check delay code 4320         4220       Undervoltage/overvoltage/PAM error/L1open phase/power synchronization signal error       O       Check delay code 4320         4220       Vindervoltage/overvoltage/PAM error/L1open phase/power synchronization signal error       O       Check delay code 4320         4230       Heat sink temperature       O       Check delay code 4330       C         4240       Rotational frequency of outdoor fan motor       O       Check delay code 1202       C         5101       Compressor temperature thermistor (TH2) or       O       C       C       C         5102       Liquid pipe temperature thermistor trouble (TH22)       O       C
1501       Blocked valve in cooling mode       O       Check delay code 1501         1508       4-way valve trouble in heating mode       O       Check delay code 1608         2500       Water leakage       O       Check delay code 1608         2502       Drain over flow protection       O       Check delay code 4350         2503       Drain sensor abnormality       O       Check delay code 4350         4100       Compressor overcurrent interruption (locked compressor)       O       Check delay code 4320         4220       Undervoltage/overvoltage/PAM error/L1open phase/power synchronization signal error       O       Check delay code 4320         4220       Heat sink temperature       O       Check delay code 4330       Check delay code 4350         4230       Power module       O       Check delay code 430       Check delay code 4300         4400       Rotational frequency of outdoor fan motor       O       Check delay code 4300       Check delay code 1202         5101       Air inlet thermistor (TH4) open/short       O       Check delay code 1202       Check delay code 1202         5102       Liquid pipe temperature thermistor (TH3) open/short       O       Check delay code 1221       Sitter induces in
1508       4-way valve trouble in heating mode       O       Check delay code 1608         2500       Water leakage       O       Image: Constraint over flow protection         2502       Drain over flow protection       O       Image: Constraint over flow protection         2503       Drain sensor abnormality       O       Image: Constraint over flow protection         4100       Compressor current interruption (locked compressor)       O       Check delay code 4350         4210       Compressor overcurrent interruption       O       Image: Constraint over flow protection over current interruption         4220       yundervoltage/overvoltage/PAM error/L1open phase/power       O       Check delay code 4320         4230       Heat sink temperature       O       Check delay code 4330         4250       Power module       O       Check delay code 4350         4250       Power module       O       Check delay code 4500         4400       Rotational frequency of outdor fan motor       O       Check delay code 4500         5101       Air inlet thermistor trouble (TH21) or       O       Check delay code 1202         5102       Liquid pipe temperature thermistor (TH4) open/short       O       Check delay code 1202         5103       Gas pipe temperature thermistor (TH3) open/short       O
2500       Water leakage       O       Image: Construction interruption         2502       Drain over flow protection       O       Image: Construction interruption         2503       Drain sensor abnormality       O       Check delay code 4350         4100       Compressor overcurrent interruption       O       Check delay code 4350         4210       Compressor overcurrent interruption       O       Check delay code 4350         4220       Undervoltage/overvoltage/PAM error/L1open phase/power synchronization signal error       O       Check delay code 4320         4230       Heat sink temperature       O       Check delay code 4350         42400       Rotational frequency of outdoor fan motor       O       Check delay code 4350         5101       Air inlet thermistor trouble (TH21) or       O       Check delay code 4500         5101       Air inlet thermistor (TH4) open/short       O       Check delay code 1202         5102       Liquid pipe temperature thermistor (TH3) open/short       O       Check delay code 1201         5103       Outdoor liquid pipe temperature thermistor (TH3) open/short       O       Check delay code 1201         5105       Outdoor liquid pipe temperature thermistor (TH3) open/short       O       Check delay code 1221         5106       Ambient thermistor (TH7) open/shor
2502       Drain over flow protection       O       Image: Construct of the sensor abnormality         2503       Drain sensor abnormality       O       Compressor current interruption (locked compressor)         4100       Compressor overcurrent interruption       O       Check delay code 4350         4220       Undervoltage/overvoltage/PAM error/L1open phase/power synchronization signal error       O       Check delay code 4320         4220       Heat sink temperature       O       Check delay code 4330         4230       Rotational frequency of outdoor fan motor       O       Check delay code 4350         4400       Rotational frequency of outdoor fan motor       O       Check delay code 4350         5101       Air inlet thermistor trouble (TH21) or       O       Check delay code 1202         5102       Liquid pipe temperature thermistor (TH4) open/short       O       Check delay code 1202         5102       Liquid pipe temperature thermistor (TH3) open/short       O       Check delay code 1202         5103       Gas pipe temperature thermistor (TH3) open/short       O       Check delay code 1205         5105       Outdoor liquid pipe temperature thermistor (TH3) open/short       O       Check delay code 1205         5106       Ambient thermistor (TH7) open/short       O       Check delay code 1221
2503       Drain sensor abnormality       O       Check delay code 4350         4100       Compressor current interruption (locked compressor)       O       Check delay code 4350         4210       Compressor overcurrent interruption       O       Check delay code 4350         4220       Undervoltage/overvoltage/PAM error/L1open phase/power synchronization signal error       O       Check delay code 4320         4230       Heat sink temperature       O       Check delay code 4330         4250       Power module       O       Check delay code 4350         4400       Rotational frequency of outdoor fan motor       O       Check delay code 4350         5101       Air inlet thermistor trouble (TH21) or       O       Check delay code 1202         5101       Cinpressor temperature thermistor (TH4) open/short       O       Check delay code 1202         5102       Liquid pipe temperature thermistor (TH6) open/short       O       Check delay code 1202         5105       Outdoor liquid pipe temperature thermistor (TH3) open/short       O       Check delay code 1205         5105       Outdoor liquid pipe temperature thermistor (TH2) open/short       O       Check delay code 1221         5106       Ambient thermistor (TH2) open/short       O       Check delay code 1221         5109       HIC pipe temperature
4100       Compressor current interruption (locked compressor)       O       Check delay code 4350         4210       Compressor overcurrent interruption       O       Check delay code 4350         4220       Undervoltage/overvoltage/PAM error/L1open phase/power synchronization signal error       O       Check delay code 4320         4230       Heat sink temperature       O       Check delay code 4330         4250       Power module       O       Check delay code 4350         4400       Rotational frequency of outdoor fan motor       O       Check delay code 4500         5101       Air inlet thermistor trouble (TH21) or       O       Check delay code 1202         5102       Liquid pipe temperature thermistor (TH4) open/short       O       Check delay code 1202         5102       Suction pipe temperature thermistor (TH4) open/short       O       Check delay code 1202         5102       Suction pipe temperature thermistor (TH3) open/short       O       Check delay code 1205         5105       Outdoor liquid pipe temperature thermistor (TH3) open/short       O       Check delay code 1221         5105       Outdoor liquid pipe temperature thermistor (TH2) open/short       O       Check delay code 1221         5106       Ambient thermistor (TH2) open/short       O       Check delay code 1221         5106
4210       Compressor overcurrent interruption       Image: constraint of the synchronization signal error         4220       Undervoltage/overvoltage/PAM error/L1open phase/power synchronization signal error       Check delay code 4320         4230       Heat sink temperature       Check delay code 4330         4250       Power module       Check delay code 4350         4400       Rotational frequency of outdoor fan motor       Check delay code 4350         4400       Rotational frequency of outdoor fan motor       Check delay code 4500         5101       Áir inlet thermistor trouble (TH21) or       Check delay code 4500         5102       Liquid pipe temperature thermistor (TH4) open/short       Check delay code 1202         5102       Suction pipe temperature thermistor trouble (TH22)       Check delay code 1201         5103       Gas pipe temperature thermistor (TH6) open/short       Check delay code 1201         5104       Ambient thermistor (TH7) open/short       Check delay code 1201         5105       Outdoor liquid pipe temperature thermistor (TH3) open/short       Check delay code 1221         5106       Ambient thermistor (TH7) open/short       Check delay code 1221         5107       HIC pipe temperature thermistor (TH3) open/short       Check delay code 1222         5108       Ambient thermistor (TH7) open/short       Check delay code 1221
4220       Undervoltage/overvoltage/PAM error/L1open phase/power synchronization signal error       Check delay code 4320         4230       Heat sink temperature       Check delay code 4330         4250       Power module       Check delay code 4350         4400       Rotational frequency of outdoor fan motor       Check delay code 4350         5101       Air inlet thermistor trouble (TH21) or       Check delay code 4500         5101       Compressor temperature thermistor (TH4) open/short       Check delay code 1202         5102       Suction pipe temperature thermistor trouble (TH22)       Check delay code 1202         5102       Suction pipe temperature thermistor (TH6) open/short       Check delay code 1202         5103       Gas pipe temperature thermistor (TH3) open/short       Check delay code 1205         5104       Ambient thermistor (TH7) open/short       Check delay code 1205         5105       Outdoor liquid pipe temperature thermistor (TH3) open/short       Check delay code 1221         5106       Ambient thermistor (TH7) open/short       Check delay code 1211         5109       HIC pipe temperature thermistor (TH8) open/short       Check delay code 1222         5110       Heat sink temperature thermistor (TH8) open/short       Check delay code 1214         5202       Low pressure sensor (63HS)       Check delay code 1400
4230       Heat sink temperature       O       Check delay code 4330         4250       Power module       O       Check delay code 4350         4400       Rotational frequency of outdoor fan motor       O       Check delay code 4350         5101       Air inlet thermistor trouble (TH21) or       O       Check delay code 4500         5101       Air inlet thermistor trouble (TH21) or       O       Check delay code 1202         5102       Liquid pipe temperature thermistor (TH4) open/short       O       Check delay code 1202         5102       Suction pipe temperature thermistor (TH6) open/short       O       Check delay code 1202         5103       Gas pipe temperature thermistor (TH3) open/short       O       Check delay code 1211         5103       Gas pipe temperature thermistor (TH3) open/short       O       Check delay code 1205         5104       Ambient thermistor (TH7) open/short       O       Check delay code 1221         5105       Outdoor liquid pipe temperature thermistor (TH2) open/short       O       Check delay code 1222         5104       Ambient thermistor (TH7) open/short       O       Check delay code 1221         5109       HIC pipe temperature thermistor (TH8) open/short       O       Check delay code 1214         5202       Low pressure sensor (63HS)       O
4250       Power module       Check delay code 4350         4400       Rotational frequency of outdoor fan motor       Check delay code 4500         5101       Air inlet thermistor trouble (TH21) or       Check delay code 4500         5101       Air inlet thermistor trouble (TH21) or       Check delay code 1202         5102       Liquid pipe temperature thermistor (TH4) open/short       Check delay code 1202         5102       Liquid pipe temperature thermistor trouble (TH22)       Check delay code 1202         5103       Gas pipe temperature thermistor (TH6) open/short       Check delay code 1211         5103       Gas pipe temperature thermistor (TH3) open/short       Check delay code 1205         5104       Ambient thermistor (TH7) open/short       Check delay code 1221         5105       Outdoor liquid pipe temperature thermistor (TH2) open/short       Check delay code 1221         5106       Ambient thermistor (TH7) open/short       Check delay code 1221         5109       HIC pipe temperature thermistor (TH8) open/short       Check delay code 1214         5201       High pressure sensor (63HS)       Check delay code 1402         5202       Low pressure sensor (63LS)       Check delay code 1400         5300       Primary current       Check delay code 4310
4400       Rotational frequency of outdoor fan motor       O       Check delay code 4500         5101       Air inlet thermistor trouble (TH21) or       O       Check delay code 1202         5101       Liquid pipe temperature thermistor (TH4) open/short       O       Check delay code 1202         5102       Liquid pipe temperature thermistor (TH6) open/short       O       Check delay code 1211         5103       Gas pipe temperature thermistor trouble (TH23)       O       Check delay code 1205         5105       Outdoor liquid pipe temperature thermistor (TH3) open/short       O       Check delay code 1205         5106       Ambient thermistor (TH7) open/short       O       Check delay code 1221         5109       HIC pipe temperature thermistor (TH2) open/short       O       Check delay code 1221         5109       HIC pipe temperature thermistor (TH2) open/short       O       Check delay code 1221         5109       HIC pipe temperature thermistor (TH2) open/short       O       Check delay code 1222         5110       Heat sink temperature thermistor (TH8) open/short       O       Check delay code 1214         5201       High pressure sensor (63HS)       O       Check delay code 1402         5202       Low pressure sensor (63LS)       O       Check delay code 4310         5200       Primary cur
5101       Air inlet thermistor trouble (TH21) or       O       Check delay code 1202         5102       Liquid pipe temperature thermistor (TH4) open/short       O       Check delay code 1202         5102       Liquid pipe temperature thermistor (TH6) open/short       O       Check delay code 1202         5103       Gas pipe temperature thermistor (TH6) open/short       O       Check delay code 1211         5103       Gas pipe temperature thermistor trouble (TH23)       O       Check delay code 1205         5105       Outdoor liquid pipe temperature thermistor (TH3) open/short       O       Check delay code 1205         5106       Ambient thermistor (TH7) open/short       O       Check delay code 1221         5109       HIC pipe temperature thermistor (TH2) open/short       O       Check delay code 1222         5110       Heat sink temperature thermistor (TH8) open/short       O       Check delay code 1214         5201       High pressure sensor (63HS)       O       Check delay code 1402         5202       Low pressure sensor (63LS)       O       Check delay code 1400         5300       Primary current       O       Check delay code 4310
5101       Compressor temperature thermistor (TH4) open/short       O       Check delay code 1202         5102       Liquid pipe temperature thermistor trouble (TH22)       O       O         5103       Gas pipe temperature thermistor (TH6) open/short       O       Check delay code 1202         5103       Gas pipe temperature thermistor trouble (TH23)       O       Check delay code 1211         5103       Gas pipe temperature thermistor (TH3) open/short       O       Check delay code 1205         5104       Ambient thermistor (TH7) open/short       O       Check delay code 1205         5106       Ambient thermistor (TH7) open/short       O       Check delay code 1221         5109       HIC pipe temperature thermistor (TH2) open/short       O       Check delay code 1222         5110       Heat sink temperature thermistor (TH8) open/short       O       Check delay code 1214         5201       High pressure sensor (63HS)       O       Check delay code 1402         5202       Low pressure sensor (63LS)       O       Check delay code 1400         5300       Primary current       O       Check delay code 4310
5102       Liquid pipe temperature thermistor trouble (TH22)       O         Suction pipe temperature thermistor (TH6) open/short       O       Check delay code 1211         5103       Gas pipe temperature thermistor trouble (TH23)       O       O         5105       Outdoor liquid pipe temperature thermistor (TH3) open/short       O       Check delay code 1205         5106       Ambient thermistor (TH7) open/short       O       Check delay code 1225         5109       HIC pipe temperature thermistor (TH2) open/short       O       Check delay code 1222         5110       Heat sink temperature thermistor (TH8) open/short       O       Check delay code 1214         5201       High pressure sensor (63HS)       O       Check delay code 1402         5202       Low pressure sensor (63LS)       O       Check delay code 1400         5300       Primary current       O       Check delay code 4310
Suction pipe temperature thermistor (TH6) open/short       Check delay code 1211         5103       Gas pipe temperature thermistor trouble (TH23)       Check delay code 1205         5105       Outdoor liquid pipe temperature thermistor (TH3) open/short       Check delay code 1205         5106       Ambient thermistor (TH7) open/short       Check delay code 1221         5109       HIC pipe temperature thermistor (TH2) open/short       Check delay code 1222         5110       Heat sink temperature thermistor (TH8) open/short       Check delay code 1214         5201       High pressure sensor (63HS)       Check delay code 1402         5202       Low pressure sensor (63LS)       Check delay code 1400         5300       Primary current       Check delay code 4310
5103       Gas pipe temperature thermistor trouble (TH23)       O         5105       Outdoor liquid pipe temperature thermistor (TH3) open/short       O       Check delay code 1205         5106       Ambient thermistor (TH7) open/short       O       Check delay code 1221         5109       HIC pipe temperature thermistor (TH2) open/short       O       Check delay code 1221         51010       Heat sink temperature thermistor (TH8) open/short       O       Check delay code 1222         5110       Heat sink temperature thermistor (TH8) open/short       O       Check delay code 1214         5201       High pressure sensor (63HS)       O       Check delay code 1402         5202       Low pressure sensor (63LS)       O       Check delay code 1400         5300       Primary current       O       Check delay code 4310
5105       Outdoor liquid pipe temperature thermistor (TH3) open/short       O       Check delay code 1205         5106       Ambient thermistor (TH7) open/short       O       Check delay code 1221         5109       HIC pipe temperature thermistor (TH2) open/short       O       Check delay code 1222         5110       Heat sink temperature thermistor (TH8) open/short       O       Check delay code 1222         5110       Heat sink temperature thermistor (TH8) open/short       O       Check delay code 1214         5201       High pressure sensor (63HS)       O       Check delay code 1402         5202       Low pressure sensor (63LS)       O       Check delay code 1400         5300       Primary current       O       Check delay code 4310
5106       Ambient thermistor (TH7) open/short       O       Check delay code 1221         5109       HIC pipe temperature thermistor (TH2) open/short       O       Check delay code 1222         5110       Heat sink temperature thermistor (TH8) open/short       O       Check delay code 1221         5201       High pressure sensor (63HS)       O       Check delay code 1402         5202       Low pressure sensor (63LS)       O       Check delay code 1400         5300       Primary current       O       Check delay code 4310
5109       HIC pipe temperature thermistor (TH2) open/short       O       Check delay code 1222         5110       Heat sink temperature thermistor (TH8) open/short       O       Check delay code 1214         5201       High pressure sensor (63HS)       O       Check delay code 1402         5202       Low pressure sensor (63LS)       O       Check delay code 1400         5300       Primary current       O       Check delay code 4310
5110       Heat sink temperature thermistor (TH8) open/short       O       Check delay code 1214         5201       High pressure sensor (63HS)       O       Check delay code 1402         5202       Low pressure sensor (63LS)       O       Check delay code 1400         5300       Primary current       O       Check delay code 4310
5201       High pressure sensor (63HS)       O       Check delay code 1402         5202       Low pressure sensor (63LS)       O       Check delay code 1400         5300       Primary current       O       Check delay code 4310
5202     Low pressure sensor (63LS)     O     Check delay code 1400       5300     Primary current     O     Check delay code 4310
5300   Primary current   O   Check delay code 4310
5701  Contact failure of drain float switch
6600 Duplex address error O Only M-NET Remote controller is detected.
6602 Transmission processor hardware error O O Only M-NET Remote controller is detected.
6603 Transmission bus BUSY error O Only M-NET Remote controller is detected.
6606 Signal communication error with transmission processor O Only M-NET Remote controller is detected.
6607 No ACK error Only M-NET Remote controller is detected. *
6608 No response frame error O Only M-NET Remote controller is detected. *
6831 MA communication receive error (no receive signal)
6832 MA communication send error O Only MA Remote controller is detected.
6833 MA communication send error O Only MA Remote controller is detected.
6834 MA communication receive error O Only MA Remote controller is detected.
7100 Total capacity error
7101 Capacity code error
7102 Connecting excessive number of units
7105 Address setting error

#### Note:

When the outdoor unit detects No ACK error/No response error, an object indoor unit is treated as a stop, and not assumed to be abnormal. \*Abnormality for PWFY series

Self-diagnosis function

The indoor and outdoor units can be diagnosed automatically using the self-diagnosis switch (SW1) and LED1, LED2 (LED indication) found on the multi-controller of the outdoor unit. LED indication : Set all contacts of SW1 to OFF.

During normal operation

The LED indicates the drive state of the controller in the outdoor unit.

Bit	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Indication	Compressor operated	52C	21S4	SV1	(SV2)	—	—	Always lit

[Example] When the compressor and SV1 are turned during cooling operation.



0403

## Serial communication error

Abnormal points and detection methods	Causes and check points
Abnormal if serial communication between the outdoor multi controller circuit board and outdoor power circuit board is defective.	<ul> <li>Wire breakage or contact failure of connector CN2 or CN4</li> <li>Malfunction of communication circuit to power circuit board on outdoor multi controller circuit board</li> <li>Malfunction of communication circuit on outdoor power circuit board</li> </ul>

### • Diagnosis of defectives



### 1102

### Compressor temperature trouble

	Chart 1 of 2
Abnormal points and detection methods	Causes and check points
(1) Abnormal if TH4 falls into following temperature conditions;	①Malfunction of stop valve
•exceeds 110°C [230°F] continuously for 5 minutes	② Over-heated compressor operation caused by shortage of refrigerant
	③Defective thermistor
Abnormal if a pressure detected by the high-pressure sensor and converted to saturation temperature exceeds 40°C [104°F]during defrosting, and TH4 exceeds 110°C [230°F].	Defective outdoor multi controller circuit board
	⑤LEV performance failure
	⑥ Defective indoor controller board
TH4: Thermistor <compressor></compressor>	⑦ Clogged refrigerant system caused by foreign object
LEV: Electronic expansion valve	® Refrigerant shortage while in heating operation (Refrigerant liquid accumulation in compressor while indoor unit is OFF/thermo-OFF.)

#### • Diagnosis of defectives



### 1102

# Compressor temperature trouble

Chart 2 of 2

### Diagnosis of defectives



### 1300

## Low pressure trouble

	Chart 1 of 3
Abnormal points and detection methods	Causes and check points
<63L equipped model> (1) Low pressure (63L is in operation) Abnormal if 63L operates (under-0.03MPa) during compressor operation. 63L : Low pressure switch LEV : Electronic expansion valve SV1 : Solenoid valve TH7 : Thermistor <ambient> (6) Defe (9) Shor (1) Defe (9) Shor (1) Defe (9) Shor (1) Defe (9) Shor (1) Defe (9) Shor (1) Defe (9) Shor (1) Defe (1) Shor (2) Defe (1) Malfu (2) Decr of ou temp (3) Indow (4) Malfu (5) SV1 (6) Defe (1) Malfu (5) SV1 (6) Defe (1) Malfu (5) SV1 (6) Defe (1) Malfu (5) SV1 (6) Defe (1) Malfu (6) SV1 (6) Defe (1) SV1 (6)</ambient>	ective operation of stop valve (not fully open) gged or broken pipe. iunction or locked outdoor fan motor rt-cycle of outdoor unit of outdoor heat exchanger the controller transmitting error caused by noise interference act failure of outdoor multi controller circuit board connector ective outdoor multi controller circuit board rt-cycle of indoor unit reased airflow, clogged filter, or dirt on indoor unit. function or locked indoor fan motor. reased airflow caused by defective inspection utdoor temperature thermistor (It detects lower perature than actual temperature.) bor LEV performance failure function of fan driving circuit l performance failure ective low-pressure sensor function of low-pressure sensor input circuit on door multi controller circuit board

#### Diagnosis of defectives



1300

Chart 2 of 3

#### Diagnosis of defectives



1300

Chart 3 of 3

•Diagnosis of defectives



### 1302

## High pressure trouble

	Chart 1 of 4
Abnormal points and detection methods	Causes and check points
<63H equipped model (63HS non-equipped)> (1) High pressure abnormality (63H operation) Abnormal if 63H operates(*) during compressor operation. (* 4.15 MPa) <63HS equipped model (63H non-equipped)> (2) High pressure abnormality (63HS detected) Abnormal if a pressure detected by 63HS exceeds 4.15 MPa during compressor operation. 63H : High-pressure switch 63HS: High-pressure sensor LEV : Electronic expansion valve SV1 : Solenoid valve TH7 : Thermistor <ambient></ambient>	<ol> <li>Defective operation of stop valve (not fully open)</li> <li>Clogged or broken pipe.</li> <li>Malfunction or locked outdoor fan motor</li> <li>Short-cycle of outdoor unit</li> <li>Dirt of outdoor heat exchanger</li> <li>Remote controller transmitting error caused by noise interference</li> <li>Contact failure of the outdoor multi controller circuit board connector</li> <li>Defective outdoor multi controller circuit board</li> <li>Short-cycle of indoor unit</li> <li>Decreased airflow, clogged filter, or dirt on indoor unit.</li> <li>Malfunction or locked indoor fan motor.</li> <li>Decreased airflow caused by defective inspection of outdoor temperature thermistor (It detects lower temperature than actual temperature.)</li> <li>Indoor LEV performance failure</li> <li>Malfunction of fan driving circuit</li> <li>SV1 performance failure</li> <li>Defective high-pressure sensor</li> </ol>
	outdoor multi controller circuit board

### Diagnosis of defectives



# High pressure trouble

Chart 2 of 4

•Diagnosis of defectives



1302

Chart 3 of 4

•Diagnosis of defectives



Chart 4 of 4

Diagnosis of defectives



1500

### Superheat due to low discharge temperature trouble

	Chart 1 of 2
Abnormal points and detection methods	Causes and check points
Abnormal if the discharge superheat is continuously detected less than or equal to -15°C [5°F]* for 5 minutes even though the indoor LEV has minimum open pulse after the compressor starts operating for 10 minutes. LEV : Electronic expansion valve TH4 : Thermistor <compressor> 63HS: High-pressure sensor</compressor>	<ul> <li>① Disconnection or loose connection of TH4</li> <li>② Defective holder of TH4</li> <li>③ Disconnection of LEV coil</li> <li>④ Disconnection of LEV connector</li> <li>⑤ LEV performance failure</li> </ul>
*At this temperature, conditions for the abnormality detection will not be satisfied if no abnormality is detected on either TH4 or 63HS.	

### Diagnosis of defectives



## Superheat due to low discharge temperature trouble

Chart 2 of 2

•Diagnosis of defectives



1501

## Refrigerant shortage trouble

	Chart 1 of 2
Abnormal points and detection methods	Causes and check points
<ul> <li>(1) Abnormal when all of the following conditions are satisfied:</li> <li>1. The compressor is operating in HEAT mode</li> <li>2.Discharge super heat is 80 °C or more.</li> <li>3.Difference between TH7 and the TH3 applies to the formula of (TH7-TH3 &lt; 5°C)</li> <li>4.The 63HS detects below 2.04 MPa.</li> <li>(2) Abnormal when all of the following conditions are satisfied:</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Defective operation of stop valve (not fully open)</li> <li>Defective thermistor</li> <li>Defective outdoor multi controller circuit board</li> <li>Indoor LEV performance failure</li> <li>Gas leakage or shortage</li> <li>Defective 63HS</li> </ol>
<ol> <li>The compressor is in operation</li> <li>When cooling, discharge superheat is 80°C or more When heating, discharge superheat is 90°C or more. The High-pressure sensor detects below 2.32 MPa</li> </ol>	TH3 : Thermistor <outdoor liquid="" pipe=""> TH7 : Thermistor <ambient> LEV : Electronic expansion valve 63HS: High-pressure sensor</ambient></outdoor>

### Diagnosis of defectives



1501

# Refrigerant shortage trouble

Chart 2 of 2

•Diagnosis of defectives



1501

# Blocked valve in cooling mode

Abnormal points and detection methods	Causes and check points
Abnormal if stop valve is blocked during cooling operation.	①Outdoor liquid/gas valve is blocked. ②Mulfunction of outdoor LEV (LEV1)(blockage)
Abnormal when both of the following temperature conditions are satisfied for 20 minutes or more during cooling operation. 1. TH22j−TH21j ≧ −2°C	
2. TH23j-TH21j ≧ -2°C Note:	TH21: Indoor intake temperature thermistor TH22: Indoor liquid pipe temperature thermistor
For indoor unit, the abnormality is detected if an operating unit satisfies the condition.	LEV: Electronic expansion valve

### •Diagnosis of defectives



### 1508

### 4-way valve trouble in heating mode

Abnormal points and detection methods	Causes and check points
Abnormal if 4-way valve does not operate during heating operation. Abnormal when any of the following temperature conditions is satisfied for 3 min. or more during heating operation 1. $TH22j$ - $TH21j \ge -10^{\circ}C$ 2. $TH23j$ - $TH21j \ge -10^{\circ}C$ 3. $TH22j \le 3^{\circ}C$ 4. $TH22j \le 3^{\circ}C$	<ul> <li>① 4-way valve failure</li> <li>② Disconnection or failure of 4-way valve coil</li> <li>③ Clogged drain pipe</li> <li>④ Disconnection or loose connection of connectors</li> <li>⑤ Malfunction of input circuit on outdoor multi controller circuit board</li> <li>⑥ Defective outdoor power circuit board</li> </ul>
Note: For indoor unit, the abnormality is detected if an operating unit satisfies the condition.	TH21: Indoor intake temperature thermistor TH22: Indoor liquid pipe temperature thermistor TH23: Indoor gas pipe temperature thermistor

#### • Diagnosis of defectives



### 2500

## Water leakage

#### Chart 1 of 2

Abnormal points and detection methods	Causes and check points
Abnormal if drain sensor or float switch detects to be in the water during cooling or dry operation.	<ul> <li>① Reverse connection of extended piping (when connecting multiple units)</li> <li>② Reverse connection of indoor/ outdoor connector</li> </ul>
To release this abnormality, reset the power (turn OFF and ON).	<ul> <li>③ Defective thermistor of TH21 or TH22/23</li> <li>④ Defective drain sensor or float switch</li> </ul>
TH21: Indoor intake temperature thermistor	5 Defective drain pump
TH22: Indoor liquid pipe temperature thermistor	6 Poor drainage
TH23: Indoor gas pipe temperature thermistor	Clogged drain pump
	Clogged drain pipe

#### • Diagnosis of defectives



2500

Water leakage

Chart 2 of 2

• Diagnosis of defectives



2502

# <Drain sensor models> Drain overflow protection

Chart 1 of 3

#### Abnormal points and detection methods Causes and check points Drain pump (DP) 1) Malfunction of drain pump ①Let drain sensor self-heated, and if temperature rises slightly, as ② Defective drain suspensive abnormality operation stops and changes to protect mode of Clogged drain pump restarting in 3 minutes. Clogged drain pipe ②Drain pump is abnormal if the condition above is detected during suspensive abnormality. <2502> is displayed. 3 Water drops on drain sensor ③Malfunction of drain pipe is constantly detected during drain pump operation. Drops of drain trickles from lead wire (The unit enters to forced outdoor unit stop when following conditions, (a) Clogged filter is causing wave of drain and (b), are satisfied (while the above mentioned detection is performed). ④ Defective indoor controller board The drain sensor detects to be soaked in the water 10 times in a row. ⓑ Both of above mentioned ①-④ and the indoor linear ©Detected that [liquid pipe temperature–room temperature] $\leq$ −10°C for expansion valve full-closed failure (leakage) happens 30 minutes constantly. synchronistically Notes: Note: 1. When the drain sensor detects to be NOT soaked in the water, the Address/Attribute displayed on the remote controller detection record of (a) and (b) will be cleared.) 2. Drain pump abnormality (above 1-3 is detected before it becomes an shows the indoor unit which is the cause of trouble. outdoor unit forced stop condition). 5 When indoor unit detects above (4) condition, outdoor unit in the same refrigerant sytem stops. Also, indoor unit except for Fan or OFF mode unit stop. <2502> is displayed on stopped unit. ©Detection timing of forced outdoor unit stop Constantly detected during unit operation and stop ⑦Releasing of forced outdoor unit stop Reset power supply of both abnormal indoor unit and its outdoor unit in same refrigerant system. Forced outdoor unit stop cannot be released by remote controller OFF. Note: Above-mentioned 0-3 and 0-7 are detected independently.

#### • Diagnosis of defectives



2502

# <Drain sensor models> Drain overflow protection

Chart 2 of 3

Diagnosis of defectives



# <Drain sensor models> Drain overflow protection

Chart 3 of 3

### Diagnosis of defectives



2502

# <Float switch models> Drain overflow protection

#### Chart 1 of 2

Abnormal points and detection methods	Causes and check points
<ul> <li>Drain pump (DP)</li> <li>①Judge whether the sensor is in the water or in the air by turning the float switch ON/OFF.</li> <li>In the water: Detected that the float switch is ON for 15 seconds.</li> <li>ⓐWhen the float switch remains to be turned ON for 3 minutes after detected to be in the water, the drain pump is judged to be abnormal and &lt;2502&gt; will be displayed.</li> <li>Note:</li> <li>It takes 3 minutes and 15 seconds to detect abnormality including the time to judge to be in the water.</li> <li>ⓐThe unit continue to detect abnormality while turned off.</li> <li>ⓐWhen the conditions below 1, 2 and forced outdoor unit stop condition are met</li> <li>1. Detected that <ul> <li>[liquid pipe temperature-room temperature] ≤ [-10°C] for 30 minutes constantly.</li> <li>2. Float switch detects to be in the water for 15 minutes constantly.</li> <li>Note:</li> <li>Before Forced outdoor unit stop condition is met, the unit always detects <ul> <li>①-③ above.</li> </ul> </li> <li>⑤The indoor unit detecting ④ above stops due to detecting abnormality the outdoor unit in same refrigerant system compressor is inhibited to operate). The unit which stops due to detecting abnormality displays &lt;2502&gt;.</li> <li>⑧Detection timing of forced outdoor unit stop <ul> <li>Constantly detected during unit operation and stop</li> <li>③Releasing of forced outdoor unit stop <ul> <li>Reset power supply of both abnormal indoor unit and its outdoor unit in same refrigerant system. Forced outdoor unit stop cannot be released by remote controller OFF.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Note:</li> <li>Above-mentioned ①-③ and ④-⑦ are detected independently.</li> </ul></li></ul></li></ul>	<ul> <li>Malfunction of drain pump</li> <li>Defective drain Clogged drain pump Clogged drain pipe</li> <li>Defective moving part of float switch Foreign matter on the moving part of float switch (ex. sludge, etc.)</li> <li>Defective float switch</li> <li>Defective indoor controller board Defective driving circuit of drain pump Defective input circuit of float switch</li> <li>Both of above mentioned 1 to 5 and the indoor linear expansion valve full-closed failure (leakage) happens synchronistically.</li> <li>Note: Address/Attribute displayed on the remote controller shows the indoor unit which is the cause of trouble.</li> </ul>
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#### Diagnosis of defectives



<Ploat switch models>
Drain overflow protection

Chart 2 of 2

Diagnosis of defectives



2503

# <Drain sensor models> Drain sensor abnormality

Abnormal points and detection methods	Causes and check points
<drain models="" sensor=""> Abnormal if drain sensor detects to be short/ open .</drain>	<ol> <li>Contact failure of connector CN31</li> <li>Characteristic defect of thermistor</li> <li>Breakage or contact failure of drain sensor wiring.</li> <li>Replace the indoor controller board.</li> </ol>

### Diagnosis of defectives



4100

### Compressor current interruption (Locked compressor)

Chart 1 of 2	
Abnormal points and detection methods	Causes and check points
Abnormal if overcurrent of compressor is detected within 30 seconds after the compressor starts operating.	<ol> <li>Closed stop valve</li> <li>Decrease of power supply voltage</li> <li>Looseness, disconnection or converse of compressor wiring connection</li> <li>Model selection error upon replacement of indoor controller board</li> </ol>
	Defective compressor

### Diagnosis of defectives



# Compressor current interruption (Locked compressor)

Chart 2 of 2

### •Diagnosis of defectives


### 4210

# Compressor overcurrent interruption

	Chart 1 of 2
Abnormal points and detection methods	Causes and check points
Abnormal if overcurrent of compressor is detected after 30 seconds since the compressor starts operating.	<ol> <li>Closed outdoor stop valve</li> <li>Decrease of power supply voltage</li> <li>Looseness, disconnection or reverse phase of compressor wiring connection</li> </ol>
	<ul> <li>④ Malfunction of indoor/outdoor fan</li> <li>⑤ Short-cycle of indoor/outdoor unit</li> <li>⑥ Model selection error upon replacement of outdoor multi controller circuit board</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>⑦ Malfunction of input circuit on outdoor multi controller circuit board</li> <li>⑧ Defective compressor</li> <li>⑨ Defective outdoor power circuit board</li> </ul>

#### • Diagnosis of defectives



### 4210

# Compressor overcurrent interruption

•Diagnosis of defectives

Chart 2 of 2



4220

### Undervoltage/Overvoltage/PAM error/L1 open-phase/ Power synchronization signal error

	Chart 1 of 2
Abnormal points and detection methods	Causes and check points
<ul> <li>Abnormal if any of following symptoms are detected;</li> <li>P112/125/140V model</li> <li>Decrease of DC bus voltage to 200 V</li> <li>Increase of DC bus voltage to 400 V</li> <li>DC bus voltage stays at 310V or lower for censecutive 10 seconds</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Decrease/increase of power supply voltage, or T open-phase</li> <li>Disconnection of compressor wiring</li> <li>Malfunction of 52C</li> <li>Disconnection or contact failure of CN52C</li> <li>Defective outdoor power circuit board</li> </ol>
<ul> <li>P112/125/140Y model</li> <li>Decrease of DC bus voltage to 350 V</li> <li>Increase of DC bus voltage to 760 V</li> <li>Decrease of primary current to 0.1 A</li> <li>Note:</li> <li>The detection is active only when the operational frequency is 40 Hz or more, or the compressor current is 6 A or more.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(6) Malfunction of 52C driving circuit on outdoor multi controller circuit board</li> <li>(7) Disconnection of CN5</li> <li>(8) Disconnection of CN2</li> <li>(9) Malfunction of primary current detecting circuit on outdoor power circuit board</li> </ul>

#### Diagnosis of defectives

Make sure to turn the power OFF before connecting/disconnecting any connectors, or replacing boards.

The black square (**■**) indicates a switch position.





4220

### Undervoltage/Overvoltage/PAM error/L1 open-phase/ Power synchronization signal error

#### • Diagnosis of defectives

Make sure to turn the power OFF before connecting/disconnecting any connectors, or replacing boards.

Chart 2 of 2



4230

## Heat sink temperature trouble

Abnormal points and detection methods	Causes and check points
Abnormal if TH8 detects a temperature outside the specified range during compressor operation.	<ol> <li>Blocked outdoor fan</li> <li>Malfunction of outdoor fan motor</li> <li>Blocked airflow path</li> <li>Rise of ambient temperature</li> </ol>
	<ul> <li>⑤ Characteristic defect of thermistor</li> <li>⑥ Malfunction of input circuit on outdoor power circuit board</li> <li>⑦ Malfunction of outdoor fan driving circuit</li> </ul>

#### • Diagnosis of defectives



4250

## Power module trouble

Abnormal points and detection methods	Causes and check points
Abnormal if overcurrent of DC bus or compressor is detected 30 seconds after the compressor starts operating. To determine the source of abnormality, either the compressor or the power module, drive the power module forcedly.	<ul> <li>Closed outdoor stop valve</li> <li>Decrease of power supply voltage</li> <li>Disconnection, looseness or conversed connection of compressor wiring</li> <li>Defective compressor</li> <li>Defective outdoor power circuit board</li> </ul>

#### • Diagnosis of defectives



4400

### Rotational frequency of outdoor fan motor trouble

Abnormal points and detection methods	Causes and check points
Abnormal if no rotational frequency is detected, or detected a value outside the specified range during fan motor operation.	<ul> <li>① Malfunction of fan motor</li> <li>② Disconnection of CNF connector</li> <li>③ Defective outdoor multi controller circuit board</li> </ul>

#### Diagnosis of defectives



5101

### Compressor temperature thermistor (TH4) open/short

<Detected in outdoor unit>

Abnormal points and detection methods	Causes and check points
Abnormal if TH4 detects to be open/short. (The open/short detection is disabled for 10 minutes after compressor starts, during defrosting operation, or for 10 minutes after returning from the defrosting operation.) Open: 3°C or less Short: 217°C or more TH4: Thermistor <compressor></compressor>	<ol> <li>Disconnection or contact failure of connectors</li> <li>Characteristic defect of thermistor</li> <li>Defective outdoor multi controller circuit board</li> </ol>

Diagnosis of defectives

Make sure to turn the power OFF before connecting/disconnecting any connectors, or replacing boards.

The black square (**■**) indicates a switch position.



5102

### Suction pipe temperature thermistor (TH6) open/short

The black square (■) indicates a switch position.

<Detected in outdoor unit>

Abnormal points and detection methods	Causes and check points
Abnormal if TH6 detects to be open/short. (The open/short detection is disabled during 10 sec. to 10 min. after compressor starts, during defrosting operation, or for 10 min. after returning from the defrosting operation.) Open: -40°C or less Short: 90°C or more TH6: Thermistor <suction pipe=""></suction>	<ul> <li>① Disconnection or contact failure of connectors</li> <li>② Characteristic defect of thermistor</li> <li>③ Defective outdoor multi controller circuit board</li> </ul>

Diagnosis of defectives



5101, 5102, 5103

### Air inlet thermistor trouble (TH21) Liquid pipe temperature thermistor trouble (TH22) Gas pipe temperature thermistor trouble (TH23)

<Detected in indoor unit>

Abnormal points and detection methods	Causes and check points
Abnormal if any of the following thermistor detected to be open/ short.	<ul> <li>① Contact failure of connectors</li> <li>② Characteristic defect of thermistor</li> </ul>
TH21: Air inlet thermistor TH22: Liquid pipe temperature thermistor TH23: Gas pipe temperature thermistor	<ul> <li>③ Disconnection or contact failure of thermistor</li> <li>④ Defective indoor controller board</li> </ul>

#### •Diagnosis of defectives

Make sure to turn the power OFF before connecting/disconnecting any connectors, or replacing boards.

ack the connection of trinistor wiring for looseness alisconnection.         Is it connected properly?         Is the resistance of the thermistor normal?         Is the resistance of the thermistor trouble         Is the resistance of the thermistor trouble         Is the normal of the thermistor the thermistor trouble         Is the normal of the thermistor the thermistor trouble         Is the normal of the thermistor the thermistor the thermistor trouble         Is the normal of the thermistor the thermistor, then check the resistance with a tester.         Abnormal         Is to stop the connector for the thermistor, then check the resistance with a tester.         It hermistor the power OFF to remove the connector for the thermistor, then check the resistance with a tester. <th>ack the connection of trinistor wiring for looseness itsconnection.         Is it connected properly?       No         Is the resistance of the thermistor normal?*       Connect the wiring properly.         Is the resistance of the thermistor normal?*       Replace the thermistor.         Is the resistance of the thermistor normal?*       Replace the indoor controller board.         Thermistors for low temperature&gt; Check code and trouble       Replace the indoor controller board.         Silo1       TH21       CN20         Silo2       CN44/CN21       Liquid piping temperature thermistor trouble Silo3         Thermistor characteristic um the power CFF to remove the connector for the thermistor, then check the resistance with a tester.         Normal       Abnormal         4.3 to 9.6kQ       Open or short</th> <th>eck the connection of trinistor wiring for looseness disconnection. Is it connected properly? Is the connected properly? Is the resistance of the thermistor normal? Thermistors for low temperature&gt; Thermistors for low temperature&gt; Thermistors for low temperature&gt; Thermistors for low temperature&gt; Thermistors for low temperature&gt; Thermistor of an truble Thermistor controller Thermistor controller Thermistor characteristic Thermistor characteristic Thermistor characteristic Thermistor of the connector for the thermistor, then check the resistance with a tester. At the ambient temperature 10 to 30°C) Thermistor characteristic Thermistor charact</th> <th></th> <th>Diagi</th> <th>nosis</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Remedy</th>	ack the connection of trinistor wiring for looseness itsconnection.         Is it connected properly?       No         Is the resistance of the thermistor normal?*       Connect the wiring properly.         Is the resistance of the thermistor normal?*       Replace the thermistor.         Is the resistance of the thermistor normal?*       Replace the indoor controller board.         Thermistors for low temperature> Check code and trouble       Replace the indoor controller board.         Silo1       TH21       CN20         Silo2       CN44/CN21       Liquid piping temperature thermistor trouble Silo3         Thermistor characteristic um the power CFF to remove the connector for the thermistor, then check the resistance with a tester.         Normal       Abnormal         4.3 to 9.6kQ       Open or short	eck the connection of trinistor wiring for looseness disconnection. Is it connected properly? Is the connected properly? Is the resistance of the thermistor normal? Thermistors for low temperature> Thermistors for low temperature> Thermistors for low temperature> Thermistors for low temperature> Thermistors for low temperature> Thermistor of an truble Thermistor controller Thermistor controller Thermistor characteristic Thermistor characteristic Thermistor characteristic Thermistor of the connector for the thermistor, then check the resistance with a tester. At the ambient temperature 10 to 30°C) Thermistor characteristic Thermistor charact		Diagi	nosis			Remedy
Is it connected properly? Is it connected properly? Is the resistance of the thermistor normal? Replace the thermistor. Replace the indoor controller board. Thermistors for low temperature> Check code and trouble Check code and trouble Che	Is it connected properly? Is it connected properly? Is the resistance of the thermistor normal?* Replace the thermistor. Replace the thermistor. Replace the indoor controller board. Thermistors for low temperature> Check code and trouble Check code and trouble Check code Thermistor Connector Air inlet thermistor trouble 5102 TH22 CN44/CN21 Liquid piping temperature thermistor trouble 5103 TH23 CN44/CN29 Gas piping temperature thermistor trouble 5103 TH23 CN44/CN29 Gas piping temperature thermistor trouble Thermistor characteristic um the power OFF to remove the connector for the thermistor, then check the resistance with a tester. At the ambient temperature 10 to 30°C) Normal Abnormal 4.3 to 9.6kQ Open or short	Is it connected properly? Is it connected properly? Is the resistance of the thermistor normal?* Thermistor for low temperature> Check code and trouble Check the thermistor trouble Check code and trouble Check code and trouble Check code the thermistor trouble Check code and trouble Check code and trouble Check code and trouble Check the thermistor thermistor trouble Check t	eck the connecti rmistor wiring for lisconnection.	on of r looseness				
Is the resistance of the thermistor normal?*       Replace the thermistor.         Is the resistance of the thermistor normal?*       Replace the thermistor.         Image: the thermistor normal?*       Replace the indoor controller board.         Image: the thermistor for low temperature>       Replace the indoor controller board.         Check code and trouble       Connector Image: the thermistor trouble         Store       Check code Thermistor Connector Air inlet thermistor trouble         Store       Thermistor Connector Image: the thermistor trouble         Store       Check code Image: the connector of the thermistor, then check the resistance with a tester.         Thermistor characteristic       Image: the thermistor the connector for the thermistor, then check the resistance with a tester.         The power OFF to remove the connector for the thermistor, then check the resistance with a tester.         At the ambient temperature 10 to 30°C)       Image: the temperature 10 to 30°C (mage: the temperature to the temperature to to 30°C (mage: the temperature temperature to the temperature temperater temperater temperater temperater temperater temperater temper	Is the resistance of the thermistor normal?       No       Replace the thermistor.         Version       Replace the indoor controller board.         Thermistors for low temperature>       Replace the indoor controller board.         Check code and trouble       Trouble         Store       Check code         TH21       CN20         Air inlet thermistor trouble         5101       TH21         CN44/CN21       Liquid piping temperature thermistor trouble         5103       TH23         CN44/CN29       Gas piping temperature thermistor trouble         Store       Check the connector for the thermistor, then check the resistance with a tester.         At the ambient temperature 10 to 30°C)       Normal         Normal       Abnormal         4.3 to 9.6kQ       Open or short	Is the resistance of the thermistor normal?*       Replace the thermistor.         Replace the indoor controller board.       Replace the indoor controller board.         Thermistors for low temperature>       Replace the indoor controller board.         Check code and trouble       Check code and trouble <u>Check code and trouble</u> Air inlet thermistor trouble         5101       TH21         CN20       Air inlet thermistor trouble         5103       TH22         CN44/CN21       Liquid piping temperature thermistor trouble         5103       TH23         CN44/CN29       Gas piping temperature thermistor trouble         Store characteristic       un the power OFF to remove the connector for the thermistor, then check the resistance with a tester.         At the ambient temperature 10 to 30°C)       Normal         Abnormal       Abnormal         4.3 to 9.6kQ       Open or short	Is it connected p	properly?	No		<b>_</b>	Connect the wiring properly.
Thermistors for low temperature>         Check code and trouble         Check code and trouble <u>Check code Thermistor Connector Air inlet thermistor trouble</u> 5101       TH21         CN20       Air inlet thermistor trouble         5102       TH22         CN44/CN21       Liquid piping temperature thermistor trouble         5103       TH23         CN44/CN29       Gas piping temperature thermistor trouble         Thermistor characteristic       um the power OFF to remove the connector for the thermistor, then check the resistance with a tester.         At the ambient temperature 10 to 30°C)       Normal         Abnormal       Abnormal         4.3 to 9.6kQ       Open or short	Thermistors for low temperature>         Check code and trouble         Check code and trouble <u>Check code Thermistor Connector inlet thermistor trouble</u> 5101       TH21         CN20       Air inlet thermistor trouble         5102       TH22         CN44/CN29       Gas piping temperature thermistor trouble         5103       TH23         CN44/CN29       Gas piping temperature thermistor trouble         S103       TH24         Unr the power OFF to remove the connector for the thermistor, then check the resistance with a tester.         At the ambient temperature 10 to 30°C )         Normal       Abnormal	Thermistors for low temperature> Check code and trouble         Check code and trouble         Check code Thermistor         Connector         Trouble         5101         TH21         CN20         Air inlet thermistor trouble         5102         TH22         CN44/CN21         Liquid piping temperature thermistor trouble         5103         TH23         CN44/CN29         Gas piping temperature thermistor trouble         S103         TH23         CN44/CN29         Gas piping temperature thermistor throuble         S103         TH20         CN44/CN20         Gas piping temperature thermistor throuble         S104         Untertain temperature 10 to 30°C 1         Normal       Abnormal	Is the resistar the thermistor n	nce of ormal?*	No			Replace the thermistor.
$\frac{1}{10000000000000000000000000000000000$	Thermistors for low temperature>         Check code and trouble         Check code         Thermistor       Connector         5101       TH21         CN20       Air inlet thermistor trouble         5102       TH22         CN44/CN21       Liquid piping temperature thermistor trouble         5103       TH23         CN44/CN29       Gas piping temperature thermistor trouble         Thermistor characteristic       Turn the power OFF to remove the connector for the thermistor, then check the resistance with a tester.         At the ambient temperature 10 to 30°C ()       Normal         Abnormal       Abnormal         4.3 to 9.6kQ       Open or short	Thermistors for low temperature>         Check code and trouble         Check code         Thermistor       Connector         5101       TH21         CN20       Air inlet thermistor trouble         5102       TH22         CN44/CN21       Liquid piping temperature thermistor trouble         5103       TH23         CN44/CN29       Gas piping temperature thermistor trouble         1       Thermistor characteristic         'urn the power OFF to remove the connector for the thermistor, then check the resistance with a tester.         At the ambient temperature 10 to 30°C )         Normal       Abnormal         4.3 to 9.6kQ       Open or short	Yes					Replace the indoor controller board.
Check code         Thermistor         Connector         Trouble           5101         TH21         CN20         Air inlet thermistor trouble           5102         TH22         CN44/CN21         Liquid piping temperature thermistor trouble           5103         TH23         CN44/CN29         Gas piping temperature thermistor trouble           Thermistor characteristic         CN44/CN29         Gas piping temperature thermistor trouble           Thermistor characteristic         Curve the connector for the thermistor, then check the resistance with a tester.           At the ambient temperature 10 to 30°C ()         Normal         Abnormal           4.3 to 9.6kΩ         Open or short	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Check code       Thermistor       Connector       Trouble         5101       TH21       CN20       Air inlet thermistor trouble         5102       TH22       CN44/CN21       Liquid piping temperature thermistor trouble         5103       TH23       CN44/CN29       Gas piping temperature thermistor trouble         Thermistor characteristic       CN44/CN29       Gas piping temperature thermistor trouble         Thermistor characteristic       Turn the power OFF to remove the connector for the thermistor, then check the resistance with a tester.         At the ambient temperature 10 to 30°C )       Normal       Abnormal         4.3 to 9.6kΩ       Open or short	Thermistors for Check code an	low temperature d trouble	<del>8</del> >			
5101       TH21       CN20       Air inlet thermistor trouble         5102       TH22       CN44/CN21       Liquid piping temperature thermistor trouble         5103       TH23       CN44/CN29       Gas piping temperature thermistor trouble         1       TH23       CN44/CN29       Gas piping temperature thermistor trouble         1       TH23       CN44/CN29       Gas piping temperature thermistor trouble         1       Thermistor characteristic       Turn the power OFF to remove the connector for the thermistor, then check the resistance with a tester.         At the ambient temperature 10 to 30°C )       Abnormal         4.3 to 9.6kΩ       Open or short	5101       TH21       CN20       Air inlet thermistor trouble         5102       TH22       CN44/CN21       Liquid piping temperature thermistor trouble         5103       TH23       CN44/CN29       Gas piping temperature thermistor trouble         1       Thermistor characteristic       Thermistor characteristic         1       The power OFF to remove the connector for the thermistor, then check the resistance with a tester.         At the ambient temperature 10 to 30°C )         Normal       Abnormal         4.3 to 9.6kΩ       Open or short	5101       TH21       CN20       Air inlet thermistor trouble         5102       TH22       CN44/CN21       Liquid piping temperature thermistor trouble         5103       TH23       CN44/CN29       Gas piping temperature thermistor trouble         Thermistor characteristic       Turn the power OFF to remove the connector for the thermistor, then check the resistance with a tester.         At the ambient temperature 10 to 30°C )         Normal       Abnormal         4.3 to 9.6kΩ       Open or short	Check code	Thermistor	Connector		Trouble	
5102       TH22       CN44/CN21       Liquid piping temperature thermistor trouble         5103       TH23       CN44/CN29       Gas piping temperature thermistor trouble         Thermistor characteristic       The power OFF to remove the connector for the thermistor, then check the resistance with a tester.         At the ambient temperature 10 to 30°C )         Normal       Abnormal         4.3 to 9.6kΩ       Open or short	5102       TH22       CN44/CN21       Liquid piping temperature thermistor trouble         5103       TH23       CN44/CN29       Gas piping temperature thermistor trouble         Thermistor characteristic       The power OFF to remove the connector for the thermistor, then check the resistance with a tester.         At the ambient temperature 10 to 30°C )         Normal       Abnormal         4.3 to 9.6kΩ       Open or short	5102       TH22       CN44/CN21       Liquid piping temperature thermistor trouble         5103       TH23       CN44/CN29       Gas piping temperature thermistor trouble         Thermistor characteristic       Thermistor characteristic       Thermistor of the thermistor, then check the resistance with a tester.         At the ambient temperature 10 to 30°C )       Normal       Abnormal         4.3 to 9.6kΩ       Open or short	5101	TH21	CN20	Air inlet thermistor t	rouble	
5103       TH23       CN44/CN29       Gas piping temperature thermistor trouble         Thermistor characteristic       Turn the power OFF to remove the connector for the thermistor, then check the resistance with a tester.         At the ambient temperature 10 to 30°C )         Normal       Abnormal         4.3 to 9.6kΩ       Open or short	5103       TH23       CN44/CN29       Gas piping temperature thermistor trouble         Thermistor characteristic       Turn the power OFF to remove the connector for the thermistor, then check the resistance with a tester.         At the ambient temperature 10 to 30°C )       Normal       Abnormal         4.3 to 9.6kΩ       Open or short	5103       TH23       CN44/CN29       Gas piping temperature thermistor trouble         Thermistor characteristic       Thermistor characteristic       Thermistor of the thermistor, then check the resistance with a tester.         At the ambient temperature 10 to 30°C ()       Normal       Abnormal         4.3 to 9.6kΩ       Open or short	5102	TH22	CN44/CN21	Liquid piping tempe	rature therm	nistor trouble
Thermistor characteristic Furn the power OFF to remove the connector for the thermistor, then check the resistance with a tester. At the ambient temperature 10 to 30°C) Normal Abnormal 4.3 to 9.6kΩ Open or short	Thermistor characteristic Turn the power OFF to remove the connector for the thermistor, then check the resistance with a tester. At the ambient temperature 10 to 30°C ) Normal Abnormal 4.3 to 9.6kΩ Open or short	Thermistor characteristic Furn the power OFF to remove the connector for the thermistor, then check the resistance with a tester. At the ambient temperature 10 to 30°C ) Normal Abnormal 4.3 to 9.6kΩ Open or short	5103	TH23	CN44/CN29	Gas piping tempera	ture thermis	tor trouble
			Thermistor cha urn the power C At the ambient te	racteristic PFF to remove themperature 10 to mal	ne connector for to 30°C) Abnor	the thermistor, then c	heck the res	sistance with a tester.
			4.3 to	9.0652	Open or	SHOIL		

\* Symbols for thermistors and connectors may be different depending on the model. Please refer to its wiring diagram.

Check code	
5105	Outdoor liquid pipe temperature thermistor (TH3) open/short

Abnormal	points and detection methods	Causes and check points
Abnormal if TH3 detects (The open/short detecti compressor starts, durin returning from the defro Open:-40°C or less Short: 90°C or more	s to be open/short. on is disabled during 10 sec. to 10 min. after ng defrosting operation, or for 10 min. after osting operation.) TH3: Thermistor <outdoor liquid="" pipe=""></outdoor>	<ol> <li>Disconnection or contact failure of connectors</li> <li>Characteristic defect of thermistor</li> <li>Defective outdoor multi controller circuit board</li> </ol>

#### Diagnosis of defectives



5106

# Ambient thermistor (TH7) open/short

Abnormal points and detection methods	Causes and check points
Abnormal if TH7 detects to be open/short Open:-40 °C or less Short: 90 °C or more TH7: Thermistor <ambient></ambient>	<ol> <li>Disconnection or contact failure of connectors</li> <li>Characteristic defect of thermistor</li> <li>Defective outdoor multi controller circuit board</li> </ol>

#### Diagnosis of defectives



5109

## HIC pipe temperature thermistor (TH2) open/short

Abnormal points and detection methods	Causes and check points
Abnormal if TH2 detects to be open/short. Open:-40 °C or less Short: 90 °C or more TH2: Thermistor <hic pipe=""></hic>	<ul> <li>① Disconnection or contact failure of connectors</li> <li>② Characteristic defect of thermistor</li> <li>③ Defective outdoor multi controller circuit board</li> </ul>

#### Diagnosis of defectives



### 5110

### Heat sink temperature thermistor(TH8) open/short

Abnormal points and detection methods	Causes and check points
Abnormal if TH8 detects to be open/short. ①P112/125/140V model <internal thermistor=""> Open: -35.1°C or less Short: 170.3°C or more</internal>	<ol> <li>Disconnection or contact failure of connectors</li> <li>Characteristic defect of thermistor</li> <li>Defective outdoor multi controller circuit board</li> </ol>
②P112/125/140Y model Open: −34.8°C or less Short: 102°C or more TH8: Thermistor <heat sink=""></heat>	

#### • Diagnosis of defectives



### High-pressure sensor (63HS) trouble

Abnormal points and detection methods	Causes and check points
<ol> <li>When the detected pressure in the high-pressure sensor is 1kgf/cm<sup>2</sup> or less during operation, the compressor stops operation and enters into an anti-restart mode for 3 minutes.</li> <li>When the detected pressure is 1kgf/cm<sup>2</sup> immediately before restarting, the compressor falls into an abnormal stop with a check code &lt;5201&gt;.</li> <li>For 3 minutes after compressor restarting, during defrosting operation, and for 3 minutes after returning from defrosting operation, above mentioned symptoms are not determined as abnormal.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Defective high-pressure sensor</li> <li>Decrease of internal pressure caused by gas leakage</li> <li>Disconnection or contact failure of connector</li> <li>Malfunction of input circuit on outdoor multi controller circuit board</li> </ol>

#### Diagnosis of defectives



5202

# Low-pressure sensor (63LS) trouble

Abnormal points and detection methods	Causes and check points
① When the detected pressure in the low-pressure sensor is −2.3kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> or less, or 23.1kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> or more during operation, the compressor stops operation with a check code <5202>.	<ul> <li>① Defective low-pressure sensor</li> <li>② Decrease of internal pressure caused by gas leakage</li> </ul>
② For 3 minutes after compressor restarting, during defrosting operation, and for 3 minutes after returning from defrosting operation, above mentioned symptoms are not determined as abnormal.	<ul> <li>③ Disconnection or contact failure of connector</li> <li>④ Malfunction of input circuit on outdoor multi controller circuit board</li> </ul>

#### Diagnosis of defectives

Make sure to turn the power OFF before connecting/disconnecting any connectors, or replacing boards.

The black square  $(\blacksquare)$  indicates a switch position.



5300

## Primary current error

Abnormal points and detection methods	Causes and check points
Abnormal if the detected current sensor input value (primary current) during compressor operation is outside the specified range.	<ul> <li>① Decrease/ trouble of power supply voltage</li> <li>② Disconnection of compressor wiring</li> <li>③ Input sensor trouble on outdoor power circuit board</li> </ul>

#### Diagnosis of defectives



Abnormal points and detection methods	Causes and check points
<models equipped="" float="" switch="" the="" with=""> Abnormal if the connector on the drain float switch side CN4F is detected to be disconnected.</models>	<ul> <li>①Contact failure of connector CN4F</li> <li>② Defective indoor controller board</li> </ul>

#### •Diagnosis of defectives



6600

## Duplex address error

Abnormal points and detection methods	Causes and check points
Abnormal if 2 or more units with the same address are existing.	<ul> <li>① There are 2 units or more with the same address in their controller among outdoor unit, indoor unit, Fresh Master, Lossnay or remote controller</li> <li>② Noise interference on indoor/outdoor connectors</li> </ul>

#### •Diagnosis of defectives



6602

# Transmission processor H/W error

Abnormal points and detection methods	Causes and check points
Abnormal if the transmission line shows "1" although the transmission processor transmitted "0".	<ul> <li>① A transmitting data collision occurred because of a wiring work or polarity change has performed while the power is ON on either of the indoor/outdoor unit, Fresh Master or Lossnay</li> <li>② Malfunction of transmitting circuit on transmission processor</li> <li>③ Noise interference on indoor/outdoor connectors</li> </ul>

#### • Diagnosis of defectives



6603

# Transmission bus BUSY error

Abnormal points and detection methods	Causes and check points
Over error by collision Abnormal if no-transmission status caused by a transmitting data collision is consecutive for 8 to 10minutes.	① The transmission processor is unable to transmit due to a short-cycle voltage such as noise is mixed on the transmission line.
② Abnormal if a status, that data is not allowed on the transmission line because of noise and such, is consecutive for 8 to 10 minutes.	② The transmission processor is unable to transmit due to an increase of transmission data amount caused by a miswiring of the terminal block (transmission line) (TB3) and the terminal block (centralized control line) (TB7) on the outdoor unit.
	<sup>③</sup> The share on transmission line becomes high due to a mixed transmission caused by a malfunction of repeater on the outdoor unit, which is a function to connect/disconnect transmission from/to control system and centralized control system.

#### •Diagnosis of defectives



6606

## Signal communication error with transmission processor

Abnormal points and detection methods	Causes and check points
<ul> <li>① Abnormal if the data of unit/transmission processor were not normally transmitted.</li> <li>② Abnormal if the address transmission from the unit processor was not pormally transmitted.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>①Accidental disturbance such as noise or lightning surge</li> <li>② Hardware malfunction of transmission processor</li> </ul>

#### Diagnosis of defectives



### 6607

# No ACK error

	Chart 1 of 4
Abnormal points and detection methods	Causes and check points
① Represents a common error detection An abnormality detected by the sending side controller when receiving no ACK from the receiving side, though signal was once sent. The	① The previous address unit does not exist since the address switch was changed while in electric continuity status.
continuously.	<ul> <li>Decline of transmission voltage/signal caused by tolerance over on transmission line</li> <li>At the furthest end: 200 m</li> </ul>
	-On remote controller line: (12 m)
	<ul> <li>Decline of transmission voltage/ signal due to unmatched transmission line types</li> <li>Types for shield line: CVVS, CPEVS</li> </ul>
	·Line diameter: 1.25 mm <sup>2</sup> or more
	(4) Decline of transmission voltage/ signal due to excessive number of connected units
	⑤ Malfunction due to accidental disturbance such as noise or lightning surge
	6 Defect of error source controller
<sup>(2)</sup> The cause of displayed address and attribute is on the outdoor unit side An abnormality detected by the indoor unit if receiving no ACK when	①Contact failure of indoor/outdoor unit transmission line.
transmitting signal from the indoor unit to the outdoor unit.	② Disconnection of transmission connector (CN2M) on indoor unit.
	③Malfunction of sending/receiving circuit on indoor/ outdoor unit.
③ The cause of displayed address and attribute is on the indoor unit side An abnormality detected by the remote controller if receiving no ACK when sending data from the remote controller to the indoor unit.	<ul> <li>While operating with multi refrigerant system indoor units, an abnormality is detected when the indoor unit transmit signal to the remote controller during the other refrigerant-system outdoor unit is turned OFF, or within 2 minutes after it turned back ON.</li> <li>Contact failure of indoor unit or remote controller transmission line</li> </ul>
	③Disconnection of transmission connector (CN2M) on indoor unit
	④ Malfunction of sending/receiving circuit on indoor unit or remote controller
<ul> <li>The cause of the displayed address and attribute is on the remote controller side</li> <li>An abnormality detected by the indoor unit if receiving no ACK when transmitting signal from the indoor unit to the remote controller.</li> </ul>	While operating with multi refrigerant system indoor units, an abnormality is detected when the indoor unit transmit signal to the remote controller during the other refrigerant-system outdoor unit is turned OFE or within 2 minutes after it turned back ON
	© Contact failure of indoor unit or remote controller transmission line
	③ Disconnection of transmission connector (CN2M) on indoor unit
	④ Malfunction of sending/receiving circuit on indoor unit or remote controller

### 6607

# No ACK error

	Chart 2 of 4
Abnormal points and detection methods	Causes and check points
⑤ The cause of displayed address and attribute is on the Fresh Master side An abnormality detected by the indoor unit if receiving no ACK when transmitting signal from the indoor unit to the Fresh Master.	While the indoor unit is operating with multi refrigerant system Fresh Master, an abnormality is detected when the indoor unit transmits signal to the remote controller while the outdoor unit with the same refrigerant system as the Fresh Master is turned OFF, or within 2 minutes after it turned back ON.
	②Contact failure of indoor unit or Fresh Master transmission line
	③ Disconnection of transmission connector (CN2M) on indoor unit or Fresh Master
	④ Malfunction of sending/receiving circuit on indoor unit or Fresh Master
(6) The cause of displayed address and attribute is on Lossnay side An abnormality detected by the indoor unit if receiving no ACK when the indoor unit transmit signal to the Lossnay.	①An abnormality is detected when the indoor unit transmits signal to Lossnay while the Lossnay is turned OFF.
	<sup>(2)</sup> While the indoor unit is operating with the other refrigerant Lossnay, an abnormality is detected when the indoor unit transmits signal to the Lossnay while the outdoor unit with the same refrigerant system as the Lossnay is turned OFF, or within 2 minutes after it turned back ON.
	③Contact failure of indoor unit or Lossnay transmission line
	④ Disconnection of transmission connector (CN2M) on indoor unit
	⑤ Malfunction of sending/receiving circuit on indoor unit or Lossnay
The controller of displayed address and attribute is not recognized	① The previous address unit does not exist since the address switch was changed while in electric continuity status.
	② An abnormality detected at transmitting from the indoor unit since the Fresh Master/Lossnay address are changed after synchronized setting of Fresh Master/Lossnay by the remote controller.

6607

# No ACK error

Chart 3 of 4

•Diagnosis of defectives



6607

# No ACK error

Chart 4 of 4

•Diagnosis of defectives



6608

### No response frame error

Abnormal points and detection methods	Causes and check points
Abnormal if receiving no response command while already received ACK. The sending side searches the error in 30 seconds interval for 6 times continuously.	<ul> <li>① Continuous failure of transmission due to noise, etc</li> <li>② Decline of transmission voltage/signal caused by tolerance over on transmission line         <ul> <li>At the furthest end: 200m</li> <li>On remote controller line: (12m)</li> <li>③ Decline of transmission voltage/ signal due to unmatched transmission line types</li> <li>Types for shield line: CVVS, CPEVS</li> <li>Line diameter: 1.25 mm<sup>2</sup> or more</li> <li>④ Accidental malfunction of error source controller</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

#### Diagnosis of defectives



# MA communication receive error

Chart 1 of	
Abnormal points and detection methods	Causes and check points
<ul> <li>Detected in remote controller or indoor unit:</li> <li>When the main or sub remote controller cannot receive signal from indoor unit which has the "0" address.</li> <li>When the sub remote controller cannot receive signal.</li> <li>When the indoor controller board cannot receive signal from remote controller or another indoor unit.</li> <li>When the indoor controller board cannot receve signal.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Contact failure of remote controller wirings</li> <li>Irregular Wiring <ul> <li>(A wiring length, number of connecting remote controllers or indoor units, or a wiring thickness does not meet the conditions specified in the chapter "Electrical Work" in the indoor unit Installation Manual.)</li> <li>Malfunction of the remote controller sending/ receiving circuit on indoor unit with the LED2 is blinking.</li> <li>Malfunction of the remote controller sending/ receiving circuit</li> <li>Remote controller transmitting error caused by noise interference</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

#### • Diagnosis of defectives





# MA communication receive error

Chart 2 of 2

#### Diagnosis of defectives



# MA communication send error

#### Chart 1 of 2

Abnormal points and detection methods	Causes and check points
Detected in remote controller or indoor unit.	<ul> <li>① There are 2 remote controllers set as main.</li> <li>② Malfunction of remote controller sending/receiving circuit</li> <li>③ Malfunction of sending/receiving circuit on indoor controller board</li> <li>④ Remote controller transmitting error caused by noise interference</li> </ul>

#### • Diagnosis of defectives





# MA communication send error

Chart 2 of 2

• Diagnosis of defectives



7100

## Total capacity error

Abnormal points and detection methods	Causes and check points
When the total of the number on connected indoor unit model names exceeds the specified capacity level (130% of the number on the outdoor unit model name), a check code <7100> is displayed.	<ul> <li>The total of number on connected indoor unit model names exceeds the specified capacity level</li> <li>P112 model: up to code 35</li> <li>P125 model: up to code 41</li> <li>P140 model: up to code 47</li> <li>The model name code of the outdoor unit is registered wrongly.</li> </ul>

#### • Diagnosis of defectives



### 7101

# Capacity code error

Abnormal points and detection methods	Causes and check points
When a connected indoor unit is incompatible, a check code <7101> is displayed.	The model name of connected indoor unit (model code) is read as incompatible.
	The connectable indoor units are: ·P112 to P140 model: P15 to P140 model (code 3 to 28) ·When connecting via branch box: P15 to P100 model (code 3 to 20)

#### Diagnosis of defectives



7102

# Connecting excessive number of units

Abnormal points and detection methods	Causes and check points
When the connected indoor unit exceeds the limit, a check code <7102> is displayed.	Connecting more indoor units than the limit Abnormal if connecting status does not comply with the following limit; ① Connectable up to 12 indoor units ② Connect at least 1 indoor unit (Abnormal if connected none) ③ Connectable only 1 ventilation unit

#### •Diagnosis of defectives



7105

# Address setting error

Abnormal points and detection methods	Causes and check points
The address setting of outdoor unit is wrong.	Wrongly set address of indoor unit The outdoor unit is not set in 000, or in the range of 51 to 100.

#### •Diagnosis of defectives



### 8-2. REMOTE CONTROLLER DIAGNOSIS

#### For M-NET remote controller system

If the air conditioner cannot be operated from the remote controller, diagnose the remote controller as explained below.	
<ul> <li>First, check that the power-on indicator is lit.</li> <li>If the correct voltage (12 V DC) is not supplied to the remote controller, the indicator will not light.</li> <li>If this occurs, check the remote controller's wiring and the indoor unit.</li> </ul>	SELF CHECK
② Switch to the remote controller self-diagnosis mode. Press the CHECK button for 5 seconds or more. The display content will change as shown below.	Press the FILTER button to start self-diagnosis.
<ul> <li>Remote controller self-diagnosis result</li> </ul>	
[When the remote controller is functioning correctly]	[When the remote controller malfunctions] (Error display 1) "NG" flashes. → The remote controller's transmitting-receiv- ing circuit is defective.
SELF CHECK <i>RE</i>   ※:	SELF CHECK
Check for other possible causes, as there is no problem with the remote controller.	The remote controller must be replaced with a new one.
[Where the remote controller is not defective, but cannot be operated.] I (Error display 2) [E3], [6833] or [6832] flashes. → Transmission is not possible. I	(Error display 3) "ERC" and the number of data errors are displayed. $\rightarrow$ Data error has occurred.
	<b>SELF CHECK</b>
There might be noise or interference on the transmission path, or the indoor unit or other remote controllers are defective. Check the transmission path and other controllers.	The number of data errors is the difference between the number of bits sent from the remote controller and the number actually transmitted through the transmission path. If such a problem is occurring, the transmitted data is affected by noise, etc. Check the transmission path.
	When the number of data errors is "02": Transmission data from remote controller

④ To cancel remote controller diagnosis

Press the CHECK button for 5 seconds or more. Remote controller diagnosis will be cancelled, "PLEASE WAIT" and operation lamp will flash. After approximately 30 seconds, the state in effect before the diagnosis will be restored.
### - For MA remote controller system

① Select "Service" from the Main menu, and press the  $(\checkmark)$  button.

Select "Remote controller check" with the F1 or F2 button, and press the  $\checkmark$  button.



② Select "Remote controller check" from the Service menu, and press the ◇ button to start the remote controller check and see the check results.
To cancel the remote controller check and exit the Remote controller check menu screen, press the o button.
The remote controller will not reboot itself.

OK: No problems are found with the remote controller. Check other parts for problems.
 E3, 6832: There is noise on the transmission line, or the indoor unit or another

remote controller is faulty. Check the transmission line and the other remote controllers. NG (ALL0, ALL1): Send-receive circuit fault. Remote controller needs replacing.

**ERC:** The number of data errors is the discrepancy between the number of bits in the data transmitted from the remote controller and that of the data that was actually transmitted over the transmission line. If data errors are found, check the transmission line for external noise interference.

If the  $\checkmark$  button is pressed after the remote controller check results are displayed, remote controller check will end, and the remote controller will automatically reboot itself.

Check the remote controller display and see if anything is displayed (including lines). Nothing will appear on the remote controller display if the correct voltage (8.5–12 V DC) is not supplied to the remote controller. If this is the case, check the remote controller wiring and indoor units.

#### Remote controller check results screen





# 8-3. REMOTE CONTROLLER TROUBLE



" ${\scriptstyle \bullet}$  " Indicator: appears when current is carried.

### (M-NET Remote controller)

# (1) For M-NET remote controller systems

Symptom or inspection code	Cause	Inspection method and solution
Though the content of operation is displayed on the remote controller, some indoor units do not operate.	<ul> <li>The power supply of the indoor unit is not on.</li> <li>The address of the indoor units in same group or the remote controller is not set correctly.</li> <li>The group setting between outdoor units is not registered to the remote controller.</li> <li>The fuse on the indoor unit controller board is blown.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Check the part where the abnormality occurs.</li> <li>① The entire system</li> <li>② In the entire refrigerant system</li> <li>③ In same group only</li> <li>④ 1 indoor unit only</li> </ul>
Though the indoor unit operates, the display of the remote controller goes out soon.	<ul> <li>The power supply of the indoor unit is not on.</li> <li>The address of the indoor units in same group or the remote controller is not set correctly.</li> <li>The group setting between outdoor units is not registered to the remote controller.</li> <li>The group setting between outdoor units is not registered to the remote controller.</li> <li>The group setting between outdoor units is not registered to the remote controller.</li> <li>The group setting between outdoor units is not registered to the remote controller.</li> <li>The group setting between outdoor units is not registered to the remote controller.</li> <li>The group setting between outdoor units is not on.</li> <li>The power supply of the indoor unit controller board is blown.</li> <li>The power supply of the outdoor unit is not on.</li> <li>The connector of transmission outdoor power board is not connected to the remote controller able.</li> <li>The transmission line of the indoor/outdoor unit is shorted or down.</li> <li>M-NET remote controller is connected to MA remote controller cable.</li> <li>The power supply for the feeding expansion unit for the transmission line of the indoor unit remains "00".</li> <li>The address of the indoor unit remains "00".</li> <li>The address of the indoor unit remains "00".</li> <li>The address of the indoor unit or the remote controller is not set correct.</li> <li>MA remote controller is connected to the transmission line of the indoor/outdoor unit is not set correct.</li> <li>MA remote controller is connected to the transmission line of the indoor/outdoor unit is not set correct.</li> <li>The address of the indoor unit or the remote controller is not set correct.</li> <li>MA remote controller is connected to the transmission line of the indoor/outdoor unit is shorted, down or badly contacted.</li> </ul>	<in case="" entire="" in="" of="" or="" refrigerant="" system="" the=""></in>
((•) is not displayed on the remote controller. (M-NET remote controller is not fed.)	<ul> <li>The power supply of the outdoor unit is not on.</li> <li>The connector of transmission outdoor power board is not connected.</li> <li>The number of connected indoor unit in the refrigeration system is over the limit or the number of connected remote controller is over the limit.</li> <li>M-NET remote controller is connected to MA remote controller cable.</li> <li>The transmission line of the indoor/outdoor unit is shorted or down.</li> <li>M-NET remote controller cable is shorted or down.</li> <li>Transmission outdoor power board failure.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Check the self-diagnosis LED of the outdoor unit.</li> <li>Check the items shown in the left that are related to the outdoor unit.</li> <li><in case="" group="" in="" of="" only="" or<br="" same="">1 indoor unit only&gt;</in></li> <li>Check the items shown in the</li> </ul>
"HO" keeps being displayed or it is displayed periodically. ("HO" is usually displayed about 3 minutes after the power supply of the outdoor unit is on.)	<ul> <li>The power supply for the feeding expansion unit for the transmission line is not on.</li> <li>The address of the outdoor unit remains "00".</li> <li>The address of the indoor unit or the remote controller is not set correctly.</li> <li>MA remote controller is connected to the transmission line of the indoor/outdoor unit.</li> </ul>	left that are related to the indoor unit.
The remote controller does not operate though () is displayed.	<ul> <li>The transmission line of the indoor/outdoor unit is connected to TB15.</li> <li>The transmission line of the indoor/outdoor unit is shorted, down or badly contacted.</li> </ul>	

### (2) For MA remote controller systems

Symptom or inspection code	Cause	Inspection method and solution
Though the content of operation is displayed on the remote controller, some indoor units do not operate.	<ul> <li>The power supply of the indoor unit is not on.</li> <li>Wiring between indoor units in same group is not finished.</li> <li>The indoor unit and Slim model are connected to same group.</li> <li>The fuse on the indoor unit controller board is blown.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Check the part where the abnormality occurs.</li> <li>① The entire system</li> <li>② In the entire refrigerant system</li> </ul>
Though the indoor unit operates, the display of the remote controller goes out soon.	<ul> <li>The power supply of the indoor unit (Master) is not on.</li> <li>In case of connecting the system controller, the setting of the system controller does not correspond to that of MA remote controller.</li> <li>The fuse on the indoor unit (Master) controller board is blown.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>In same group only</li> <li>1 indoor unit only</li> <li>&lt; In case of the entire system or in</li> </ul>
(     is not displayed on the remote controller. (MA remote controller is not fed.)	<ul> <li>The remote controller is not fed until the power supply of both indoor unit and outdoor unit is on and the start-up of both units is finished normally.</li> <li>The power supply of the indoor unit is not on.</li> <li>The power supply of the outdoor unit is not on.</li> <li>The number of connected remote controller is over the limit (Maximum: 2 units) or the number of connected indoor unit that is over the limit (Maximum: 16 units).</li> <li>The address of the indoor unit is "00" and the address for the outdoor unit is the one other than "00".</li> <li>The transmission line of the indoor/outdoor unit is connected to TB15.</li> <li>MA remote controller is connected to the transmission line of the indoor/outdoor unit .</li> <li>The remote controller cable is shorted or down.</li> <li>The power supply cable or the transmission line is shorted or down.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>the entire refrigerant system&gt;</li> <li>Check the self-diagnosis LED of the outdoor unit.</li> <li>Check the items shown in the left that are related to the outdoor unit.</li> <li><in 1="" case="" group="" in="" indoor="" of="" only="" or="" same="" unit=""></in></li> <li>Check the items shown in the left that are related to the indoor unit.</li> </ul>
"PLEASE WAIT" keeps being dis- played or it is displayed periodically. ("PLEASE WAIT" is usually dis- played about 3 minutes after the power supply of the outdoor unit is on.)	<ul> <li>The power supply of the outdoor unit is not on.</li> <li>The power supply of the feeding expansion unit for the transmission line is not on.</li> <li>The setting of MA remote controller is not main remote controller, but sub-remote controller.</li> <li>MA remote controller is connected to the transmission line of the indoor/outdoor unit.</li> </ul>	
The remote controller does not operate though () is displayed.	<ul> <li>The power supply of the indoor unit (Master) is not on.</li> <li>The transmission line of the indoor/outdoor unit is connected to TB15.</li> <li>The transmission line of the indoor/outdoor unit is shorted, down or badly contacted.</li> <li>The fuse on the indoor unit controller board is blown.</li> </ul>	

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# 8-4. THE FOLLOWING SYMPTOM DO NOT REPRESENT TROUBLE (EMERGENCY)

Symptom	Display of remote controller	CAUSE
Even the cooling (heating)	"Cooling (Heating)" blinks	The indoor unit can not cool (Heat) if other indoor units are heating
operation selection button		(Cooling).
is pressed, the indoor unit		
cannot be operated.		
The auto vane runs freely.	Normal display	Because of the control operation of auto vane, it may change over
		to horizontal blow automatically from the downward blow in cooling
		in cause the downward blow operation has been continued for 1
		hour. At defrosting in heating, hot adjusting and thermostat OFF, it
		automatically changes over to horizontal blow.
Fan setting changes during	Normal display	Ultra-low speed operation is commenced at thermostat OFF.
heating.		Light air automatically change over to set value by time or piping
		temperature at thermostat ON.
Fan stops during heating	"Defrost Ø"	The fan is to stop during defrosting.
operation.		
Fan does not stop while	Light out	Fan is to run for 1 minute after stopping to exhaust residual heat
operation has been stopped.		(only in heating).
No setting of fan while start	STAND BY 🌣	Ultra-low speed operation for 5 minutes after SW ON or until piping
SW has been turned on.		temperature becomes 35°C. There low speed operate for 2 minutes,
		and then set notch is commenced. (Hot adjust control)
Indoor unit remote controller	"HO" blinks	System is being driven.
shows "HO" or "PLEASE	"PLEASE WAIT" blinks	Operate remote controller again after "HO" or "PLEASE WAIT"
WAIT " indicator for about		disappears.
2 minutes when turning		
ON power supply.		
Drain pump does not stop	Light out	After a stop of cooling operation, unit continues to operate drain
while unit has been stopped.		pump for 3 minutes and then stops it.
Drain pump continues to		Unit continues to operate drain pump if drainage is generated, even
operate while unit has been	—	during a stop.
stopped.		

#### The black square ( ) indicates a switch position. SW2-1 must be turned ON if a central controller is connected to the system. An example of this would be a TC:24, EBGA, AG180, AE500, AE200, ISW2-1 is not turned on, while using a central controller, in rare of cumstances prodems may be encountered such as indoor unlis not responding to group commends. Therefore, turning SW2-1 ON 6 Group setting of 2 or more A-IC units which is connected to granch box via centrilized Please refer to a section referring to the pumping down on undoor units installation hanuals. It might not be possible to collect all the refrigerant if the amount is excessive. A refrigerant flow noise might be generated if the sub cool value is too small. The refrigerant flow noise at start-up become louder. The refrigerant flow noise during the defrosting operation become louder. Turn ON only when the auxiliary heater is connected and operated. is in Additional Information (Do not turn this ON if the unit outside Australia) I I I controller is not allowed. To set the LEV opening higher than usual during defrosting operation. (Only C) ≦ 10 is valid, + 300 pulses) To avoid the discharge temperature increase and provide efficient defrosting operation. Turn ON when an auxiliary heater is connected. (It transmits a connection permission signal of the auxiliary heater to the connected indoor unit.) To set the LEV opening at start-up higher than usual. (+150 pulses) To improve the operation with the LEV almost clogged. To display outdoor unit's information to the LED on outdoor multi controller circuit board. Refer to '8-10. OUTDOOR UNIT INFORMATION DISPLAY". When relocating units or connecting additional To facilitate outdoor unit the pumping down Turn ON to activate the demand control for Australia. Turn ON when the centralized controller is connected to the outdoor unit. To decrease the target sub cool value. To reduce the discharge temperature decrease due to refrigerant liquid accumulation in the units. open operation. Frequency = Fixed to 65 Hz Indoor-electronic expansion valve = Fully. Outdoor fan step = Fixed to 10 To delete an error history Purpose I I I units. ω <lnitial settings> Set for each capacity. 1234567 Swu2 Swu2 Swu2 Swu1 (unit digit) 123456 234567 Remarks clnitial settings> <lnitial settings> <lnitial settings> <Initial settings> clnitial settings> ЯĤ OFF | N H NE Can be set either during operation or not. OFF to ON any time after the power is turned on. Durring compressor running OFF to ON during compressor running. Can be set when off or during operation Can be set when OFF or during operation Before the power is turned ON. When to Set Any time after the power is turned ON Before turning the power ON Before turning the power ON Operation in Each Switch Setting I Without centralized Do not clear No R OFF OFF OFF O 0FF Normal\*2 Cooling I Normal Normal Normal Normal Normal controller OFF 123400 Australia setting With centralized controller Run adjustment mode Clear abnormal data Heating S SWU1 (unit digit) 8 분 N법 징诰 L 1 Enable Enable Enable 234567 Clear PUMY-P112YKM1 UMY-P125Y KM1 NO MY-P140Y KN Swu2 Swu2 (tens digit) ( MODE MODEL SELECTION 1:ON 0:OFF Selects operating system startup Connection Information Clear Switch Abnormal data clear switch input ON OFF OFF OFF ЫŚ Demand control setting for Australia Change the indoor unit's LEV opening at start-up Change the indoor unit's LEV opening at defrost Switching the target sub cool NR ON/OFF from outdoor unit\*1 ON CFF UMY-P125VKM1 OFF UMY-P112VKM1 ON ON Function I I I Auxiliary heater (Heating mode) Mode setting Pump down JMY-P140VKM1 MODEL 9 Step Rotary switch 9 ~ 2 ო 0 2 2 <del>~</del> 4 ဖ N ო ιO 4 <del>.</del> SWU1 unit digit SWU2 tens digit SW1 Digital SW2 Function Switch SW3 Trial operation SW5 Function Switch Display Switch SW4/ SW8 Model Switch switch

\*1 Test run on PWFY series cannot be run by the outdoor unit. Use a switch on the indoor unit or a remote controller to perform test run. \*2 Refer to "8-6. OUTDOOR UNIT INPUT/OUTPUT CONNECTOR".

Continue to the next page

# OCH576

# 8-5. INTERNAL SWITCH FUNCTION TABLE PUMY-P112/125/140VKM1(-BS) PUMY-P112/125/140YKM1(-BS)

Ctob	0,00		Operatic	on in Each	Switch Setting			
OWIGH	oleh		NO	OFF	When to Set	LEILIGINS	Lupose	
SW5 function switch	~	During the outdoor unit is in HEAT operation, slightly opens the electronic expansion valve on the indoor unit which is in FAN, STOP, COOL or thermo-OFF <sup>-4</sup> .	Active	Inactive	Can be set when OFF or during operation	<pre><li><pre><li><pre><li><pre><li><pre><li><pre><li><pre><li><pre><li><pre><li><pre><li><pre><li><pre><li><pre><li><pre><li><pre><li><pre><li><pre><li><pre><li><pre><li><pre><li><pre><li><pre><li><pre><li><pre><li><pre><li><pre><li><pre><li><pre><li><pre></pre></li></pre></li></pre></li></pre></li></pre></li></pre></li></pre></li></pre></li></pre></li></pre></li></pre></li></pre></li></pre></li></pre></li></pre></li></pre></li></pre></li></pre></li></pre></li></pre></li></pre></li></pre></li></pre></li></pre></li></pre></li></pre></li></pre></li></pre></li></pre>	To open the LEV opening higher for units other than in HEAT operation. To avoid a refrigerant shortage (less capacity) due to refrigerant liquid accumulation in the units which is not in operation.	A refrigerant flow noise might be generated in units other than the one in operation.
	ω	During the outdoor unit is in operation, fully opens the electronic expansion valve on the indoor unit which is in FAN, COOL, STOP, or thermo-OFF5	Enable	Normal	Before turning the power ON.		To reduce the room temperature increase by setting the LEV opening lower for the units in thermo-OFF operation.	The refrigerant is more likely to collect in the units with thermo-OFF operation, and causing the units refrigerant shortage. (Results in less capacity and increase of discharge temperature.)
	-	1	Ι	Ι	1		I	I
	2	1	1	1	1	<li><li><li><li><li><li><li><li><li><li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li>		1
	ო	1	I	I	1	NO		1
	4	Change of defrosting control	Enable (For high humidity)	Normal		OFF 1 2 3 4 5 6	To shorten the defrosting prohibition time in high humidity (or heavy snow) region, in order to reduce malfunctions caused by frost.	The performance of the HEAT operation is somewhat reduced since the defrosting operation is frequently performed.
SW6 function switch	5	lgnore refrigerant filling abnormality	Enable	Normal	Can be set	SW6-6 OFF ON	To ignore the error detection of excessive charge of refrigerant. The unit can be excessively charged with refrigerant depending on the operating condition.	Make sure that the unit is not excessively charged with refrigerant before starting operation when servicing or installing the units.
	9	Switching the target discharge pressure (Pdm)	Enable	Normal	when OFF or during operation	Target Pdm (kg/cm²) 29.5 31.5	To raise the performance by setting the PDm higher during HEAT operation.	Power consumption is raised due to a higher frequency. (The performance would not be raise at the maximum operating frequency.)
	7	Switching (1) the target evaporation temperature (ETm)	Enable	Normal	SW6-7 SW6-8	OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON ON	To raise/reduce the performance by changing the target ETm during COOL operation.	Switching it to raise the performance, it raises the power consumption, and produces more dew condensation.
	ω	Switching (2) the target evaporation temperature (ETm)	Enable	Normal	Target ETm (î	C) 9 11 6 14	Switch to raise the performance: raises the performance Switch to reduce the performance: prevents dew condensation	Switching it to reduce the performance, it makes the performance insufficient.
	-	Ignore current sensor abnormality	Enable	Normal	After turning the power ON.	<li><li><li><li><li><li><li><li><li><li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li>	To perform a test run for electrical parts alone without running the compressor.	Make sure to connect the connectors to the compressor after checking the electrical parts. Be careful not to get electrical shock while working on electrical parts.
SW7	7	Setting to energize the freeze stat heater (optional part)	During heating operation only <sup>*6</sup>	Include when the heating operation is OFF.*7	Can be set when OFF or during operation	ON 01 01 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	It reduces snow on the base, even it blows inside the unit, by setting the base heater ON while the HEAT operation is stopped.	Power consumption raises while the operation is stopped.
function	ო	1	Ι	Ι	1		I	1
switch	4	Maximum frequency down at 1 hour after COOL operation	Enable	Normal	Can be set when OFF or during operation		To reduce dew condensation on the indoor unit by lowering the frequency.	The performance might be insufficient.
	5	1	1	I				I
	9	Forced defrost	Forced defrost	Normal	During compressor running in HEAT mode.		Turn ON when it is necessary to perform the defrosting operation forcedly. (Effective only at start-up, or 10 minutes after the last defrosting operation)	It performs the defrosting operation forcedly. (HEAT operation is stopped temporarily)
SW9 Function	-	Auto change over from remote controller (IC with the minimum address)	Enable*3	Disable	Before turning the power ON	<pre><initial settings=""> ON</initial></pre>	Enables the indoor unit with the minimum address to select AUTO mode, and switches the operation mode of the other indoor units to the same mode.	Cannot be set when the centralized control is ON.
Switch	7	Switching the Silent/ Demand mode	Demand control	Silent mode	Can be set when OFF or during operation	0FF	I	About the Silent mode/Demand control setting, refer to "8-6. OUTDOOR UNIT INPUT/OUTPUT CONNECTOR".

The black square (■) indicates a switch position.

\*3 When a PWFY series is connected, this function is always disable regardless of the switch.
\*4 SW5-7 Opens the indoor-electronic expansion valve as a countermeasure against the indoor unit in FAN, COOL, STOP, or thermo-OFF operation with refrigerant-shortage status due to an accumulation of liquid refrigerant in the indoor unit.
\*5 SW5-8 Countermeasure against room temperature rise for indoor unit in FAN, COOL, and thermo-OFF operation with refrigerant-shortage status due to an accumulation of liquid refrigerant in the indoor unit.
\*5 SW5-8 Countermeasure against room temperature rise for indoor unit in FAN, COOL, and thermo-OFF (heating) mode.
\*6 During heating operation and the ambient temperature is 4°C (39°F) or below, the freeze prevention heater is energized.
\*7 During heating mode is OFF (include thermo-OFF in cooling mode), and the ambient temperature is 4°C (39°F) or below, the freeze prevention heater is energized.

# 8-6. OUTDOOR UNIT INPUT/OUTPUT CONNECTOR

• State (CN51)



### • Auto change over (CN3N)



### • Silent Mode/ Demand Control (CN3D)



A Distant control board B Relay circuit

E Lamp power supply © Procure locally

© Max. 10m

© External output adapter (PAC-SA88HA-E) Outdoor unit control board

L1: Error display lamp

- L: Compressor operation lamp X, Y: Relay (Coil standard of 0.9W or less for 12 V DC) X, Y: Relay (1 mA DC)

- Remote control panel
- B Relay circuit
- © External input adapter (PAC-SC36NA-E)
- D Outdoor unit control board

	ON	OFF
SW1	Heating	Cooling
SW2	Validity of SW1	Invalidity of SW1

© External input adapter (PAC-SC36NA-E)

- Relay power supply
   Procure locally
- © Max. 10 m

A)	Remote	control	panel

D Outdoor unit control board

B Relay circuit

- E Relay power supply © Procure locally
- © Max. 10 m

The silent mode and the demand control are selected by switching the DIP switch 9-2 on outdoor controller board. It is possible to set it to the following power consumption (compared with ratings) by setting SW1, 2.

	Outdoor controller board DIP SW9-2	SW1	SW2	Function
Silent mode	OFF	ON	_	Silent mode operation
Demand control	ON	OFF	OFF	100% (Normal)
		ON	OFF	75%
		ON	ON	50%
		OFF	ON	0% (Stop)

# 8-7. HOW TO CHECK THE PARTS PUMY-P112VKM1(-BS) PUMY-P112YKM1(-BS) PUMY-P125VKM1(-BS) PUMY-P125YKM1(-BS) PUMY-P140VKM1(-BS) PUMY-P140YKM1(-BS)

Parts name				Check point	S		
Thermistor (TH2) <hic pipe=""></hic>	Disconnect the cor (At the ambient ter	nnector then me mperature 10 to	asure the 30 ℃)	e resistance wi	ith a tester.		
<pre></pre>		Normal		Abnorm	al		
Thermistor (TH4)	TH4	160 to 410 k	Ω				
<compressor></compressor>	TH2						
Thermistor (TH6) <suction pipe=""></suction>	TH3 TH6 TH7	4.3 to 9.6 kg	2	Open or s	hort *	TH8 is ir	ternal thermistor
<ambient></ambient>	TH8*	39 to 105 kg	2			of powe	er module. (Y)
Thermistor (TH8) <heat sink=""></heat>		Normal       Abnormal         TH4       160 to 410 kQ         TH2       TH3         TH3       4.3 to 9.6 kQ       Open or short         ffer to next page.       Image: Comparison of the terminals with a tester.       Image: Comparison of the terminals with a tester.         ffer to next page.       Image: Comparison of the terminals with a tester.       Image: Comparison of the terminals with a tester.         Normal       Abnormal       Abnormal       Image: Comparison of the terminals with a tester.         Normal       Abnormal       Abnormal       Image: Comparison of the terminals with a tester.         inding temperature 20 °C (the ambient temperature 20 °C)       Image: Comparison of the terminals with a tester.       Image: Comparison of the ambient terminals with a tester.         inding temperature 20 °C (the ambient terminals with a tester.       Image: Comparison of the ambient terminals with a tester.         Image: The ambient terminal terminal terminals with a tester.       Image: Comparison of the ambient terminals with a tester.         Image: The ambient terminal					
Fan motor (MF1, MF2)	Refer to next page	NormalAbnormalTH4160 to 410 kQTH2TH3TH34.3 to 9.6 kQOpen or shortTH739 to 105 kQOpen or shortTH8*39 to 105 kQSure the resistance between the terminals with a tester.sure the resistance between the terminals with a tester.Sure the resistance between the terminals with a tester.NormalAbnormal1725 $\pm$ 172.5 QOpen or shortNormalAbnormalUMY-P-VKMPUMY-P-YKM0.305 Q0.466 QOpen or shortSure the resistance between the terminals with a tester.ure the resistance between the terminals with a tester.ing temperature 20 °C )NormalAbnormalUMY-P-VKMOpen or shortUMY-P-VKMOpen or shortSure the resistance between the terminals with a tester.e ambient temperature 20 °C )Open or shortNormalAbnormal1182.5 $\pm$ 83 QOpen or shortSray - BlackGray - RedGray - YellowGray - BlackGray - RedGray - YellowRed - WhiteRed - OrangeRed - YellowRed - WhiteRed - OrangeRed - Yellow					
Solenoid valve coil <4-way valve> (21S4)	Measure the resis (At the ambient te	tance between t mperature 20 °C	he termir )	nals with a test	ter.		
	Norm	al		Abnormal			
	1725 ± 17	72.5 Ω	O	pen or short			
Motor for compressor (MC) U W Solenoid valve coil Bypass valve>	Measure the resist (Winding temperat Nor PUMY-P•VKM 0.305 Ω Measure the resist (At the ambient ter	tance between th ture 20 °C) mal PUMY-P•YKM 0.466 Ω tance between th mperature 20 °C)	ne termin O ne termin )	Abnormal Open or short hals with a test	er.		
(SV1)	Norma	al		Abnormal			
	1182.5 ±						
Linear expansion Valve (LEV A)	Measure the resistance between the terminals with a tester. (Winding temperature 20 °C)         Normal       Abnormal         PUMY-P•VKM       PUMY-P•YKM         0.305 $\Omega$ 0.466 $\Omega$ Open or short         Measure the resistance between the terminals with a tester. (At the ambient temperature 20 °C)       Normal         Normal       Abnormal         1182.5 ± 83 $\Omega$ Open or short         Normal         Gray - Black       Gray - Red       Gray - Yellow       Gray - Ora         46 ± 3 $\Omega$ Gray - Yellow       Gray - Ora						
Gray			Normal		1		Abnormal
	Gray - Black	Gray - Rec	d G	Gray - Yellow	Gray - Oran	ge	Open or short
Yellow 4			46 ± 3 Ω				
Black 5							
Linear expansion Valve							
(LEV B)			Normal				Abnormal
M B Red	Red White	Red Orang		Red - Yellow	Red - Blue		/ whomai
		reu - Orang				-	Open or short
			46 ± 4 Ω				
White 5							

# Check method of DC fan motor (fan motor/outdoor multi controller circuit board)

- 1) Notes
  - · High voltage is applied to the connecter (CNF1, 2) for the fan motor. Pay attention to the service.
  - · Do not pull out the connector (CNF1, 2) for the motor with the power supply on.
  - (It causes trouble of the outdoor multi controller circuit board and fan motor.)
- 2 Self check

Symptom : The outdoor fan cannot rotate.



### 8-8. HOW TO CHECK THE COMPONENTS

<Thermistor feature chart>

# Low temperature thermistors

- Thermistor <HIC pipe> (TH2)
- Thermistor <Outdoor liquid pipe> (TH3)
- Thermistor <Suction pipe> (TH6)
- Thermistor <Ambient> (TH7)

Thermistor R0 = 15 k $\Omega$  ± 3 % B constant = 3480 ± 2 %

Rt =15	exp{3480(	$\frac{1}{273+t} - \frac{1}{27}$	<del>73</del> )}
0°C	15 kΩ	30℃	4.3 kΩ
10℃	9.6 kΩ	40°C	3.0 kΩ
20°C	6.3 kΩ		
25℃	5.2 kΩ		

### Medium temperature thermistor (Only YKM)

Thermistor <Heat sink> (TH8)

Thermistor R50 = 17 k $\Omega$  ± 2 % B constant = 4170 ± 3 %

Rt =17exp{	$4170(\frac{1}{273+t} - \frac{1}{323})$
0°C	180 kΩ
25°C	50 kΩ
50°C	17 kΩ
70°C	8 kΩ
90℃	4 kΩ

#### High temperature thermistor

Thermistor <Compressor> (TH4)

Thermistor R120 = 7.465 k $\Omega$  ± 2 % B constant = 4057 ± 2 %

Rt =7.4	165exp{405	$7(\frac{1}{273+t}-$	- <u>1</u> 393 <sup>)}</sup>
20°C	250 kΩ	70°C	34 kΩ
30℃	160 kΩ	3°08	24 kΩ
40℃	104 kΩ	90°C	17.5 kΩ
50°C	70 kΩ	100°C	13.0 kΩ
60°C	48 kΩ	110°C	9.8 kΩ



#### <HIGH PRESSURE SENSOR>

#### <LOW PRESSURE SENSOR>





# 8-9. TEST POINT DIAGRAM

Outdoor multi controller circuit board PUMY-P112VKM1(-BS) PUMY-P112 PUMY-P125VKM1(-BS) PUMY-P125 PUMY-P140VKM1(-BS) PUMY-P140

PUMY-P112YKM1(-BS) PUMY-P125YKM1(-BS) PUMY-P140YKM1(-BS)









### Outdoor noise filter circuit board PUMY-P112YKM1(-BS) PUMY-P125YKM1(-BS) PUMY-P140YKM1(-BS)



LO1, LO2, LO3 POWER SUPPLY LO1-LO2/LO2-LO3/LO3-LO1 : 380/400/415 V AC OUTPUT (Connect to the outdoor power circuit board and ACL (TB-L1, TB-L2, TB-L3))

8-1	U.	U	U	11	000	RUN		ORIV		)N I	DISP	LAY														SV 0. 1.	/:settir OFf ON	ig
Notes		ON: light on OFF: light off	<ul> <li>When abnomality occurs, check display.</li> </ul>	Check: light on Normal: light off		Display detected microprocessor protection or			Display all abnormalities I remaining in abnormality delay			Display all abnormalities remaining in abnormality delay				Display abnormalities up to	present (including	abnormality terminals)	History record in 1 is the	in sequence; history record	in 10 is the oldest.			Diamor of aumulative	compressor operating time		Cooling : light on, Heating: light blinking Stop fan: light off	Thermo ON - linht on Thermo OFE - linht off
	8	Always lighting		No.8 unit check	TH8 abnormality	start over current interception abnormality delay	serial communication abnormality (outdoor unit)	TH8 abnormality delay	start over current interception abnormality delay		TH8 abnormality delay	start over current interception abnormality delay			lity	HS) abnormality			normality		ufficient wiring	onormality		1			No.8 unit mode	No 8 unit operation
	7			No.7 unit check	TH7 abnormality	63HS abnormality	Current sensor open/short	TH7 abnormality delay	63HS abnormality delay	Current sensor open/short delay	TH7 abnormality delay	63HS abnormality delay	Current sensor open/short delay	mality delay	ressure abnormal	ressure sensor (63h	a tarana antar ana d	anaige reingerann a	cient refrigerant ab		ency converter insu e abnormality	ink temperature ak	ilomorpo ol ilom				No.7 unit mode	No 7 unit oneration
	9			No.6 unit check	Outdoor fan rotation frequency abnormality		Outdoor unit address error	Outdoor fan rotation frequency abnormality delay		TH6 abnormality delay	Outdoor fan rotation frequency abnormality delay		TH6 abnormality delay	Jelay code Abnorr	402 High-p	High-pi			601 Insuffic		320 Freque voltage	330 Heat s	250				No.6 unit mode	No 6 unit oneration
01, 2 (display data	5	(SV2)		No.5 unit check	TH3 abnormality	Current sensor/ primary current abnormality	Indoor unit address error	TH3 abnormality delay	Current sensor/ primary current abnormality delay	Power module abnormality delay	TH3 abnormality delay	Current sensor/ primary current abnormality delay	Power module abnormality delay		berature 1	r>(TH4)		(cui) sadid nin	oe> (TH6) 1		(IH8) 4	(TH7) 4		<u>1</u>		stion)	No.5 unit mode	No 5 unit oneration
isplay on the LED	4	SV1	ck code)	No.4 unit check	TH4 abnormality	Insufficient refrigerant amount abnormality	Over capacity	TH4 abnormality delay	Insufficient refrigerant amount abnormality delay	Delay caused by blocked valve in cooling mode	TH4 abnormality delay	Insufficient refrigerant amount abnormality delay	Delay caused by blocked valve in cooling mode	ormality delay	narge/Comp. temp rmality	mistor <compresso< td=""><td>irmality</td><td>rmality</td><td>mistor <suction pip<="" td=""><td>rmality</td><td>mistor <heat sink=""> rmalitv</heat></td><td>mistor <ambient></ambient></td><td>rmality</td><td></td><td></td><td>Abnormality(deted</td><td>No.4 unit mode</td><td>No 4 unit operation</td></suction></td></compresso<>	irmality	rmality	mistor <suction pip<="" td=""><td>rmality</td><td>mistor <heat sink=""> rmalitv</heat></td><td>mistor <ambient></ambient></td><td>rmality</td><td></td><td></td><td>Abnormality(deted</td><td>No.4 unit mode</td><td>No 4 unit operation</td></suction>	rmality	mistor <heat sink=""> rmalitv</heat>	mistor <ambient></ambient>	rmality			Abnormality(deted	No.4 unit mode	No 4 unit operation
	e	21S4	ddresses and che	No.3 unit check	Compressor shell temperature abnormality	Voltage abnormality	Indoor unit capacity error	Compressor shell temperature abnormality delay	Voltage abnormality delay	4-way valve abnormality delay	Compressor shell temperature abnormality delay	Voltage abnormality delay	4-way valve abnormality delay	Delay code Abno	1202 Discl abno	Therr		abno	1211 Therr	abno	1214 Therr abno	1221 Therr	abno			Compressor operation	No.3 unit mode	No 3 unit oneration
	2	52C	nating display of a	No.2 unit check	Superheat due to low discharge temperature	Compressor over current interception	Address double setting abnormality	Superheat due to low discharge temperature delay	Compressor over current interception delay	TH2 abnormality delay	Superheat due to low discharge temperature delay	Compressor over current interception delay	TH2 abnormality delay	Ntermating display of addresses 000–9999 and abnormality code including abnormality delay code)									Restart after 3 minutes	No.2 unit mode	No 2 unit operation			
	4	Compressor operation	0000-9999 (Alterr	No.1 unit check	High-pressure abnormality	Heat sink overheating	Abnormality in the number of indoor units	High-pressure abnormality delay	Heat sink overheating delay	63LS abnormality delay	High-pressure abnormality delay	Heat sink overheating delay	63LS abnormality delay								0_0000 (unit: 1 hour)	0-9999 (unit: 10 hour)	Excitation Current	No.1 unit mode	No 1 unit operation			
Display mode		Relay output display	Check display	Indoor unit check status	Protection input	Protection input	Protection input	bnormality delay display 1	bnormality delay display 2	bnormality delay display 3	Abnormality delay history 1	Abnormality delay history 2	bhormality delay history 3	bnormality code history 1	the latest) bhormality code history 2	bnormality code history 3	bnormality code history 4	bnormality code history 5	bnormality code history 6	bnormality code history 7	bnormality code history 8	bnormality code history 9	bnormality code history 10	Cumulativa tima	Cumulative time	utdoor unit operation display	ndoor unit operation mode	idoor unit operation display
SW1 setting	12345678			1000000	0100000	11000000	00100000	10100000	01100000	11100000 A	00010000	10010000	01010000	11010000	00110000 A	10110000 A	01110000 A	11110000 A	00001000 A	10001000 A	01001000 A	11001000 A	00101000	10101000	01101000	11101000 0	00011000 lr	10011000 In
Z		-	>	-	7	ю	4	2	9	7	œ	ი	10	11	: 1	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25

# 8-10. OUTDOOR UNIT INFORMATION DISPLAY

Notes		<ul> <li>Display of indoor unit capacity code</li> <li>The No. 1 unit will start from the address with the lowest number</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Display of indoor unit operating mode</li> </ul>	Light on/light off Input: light off No input: light	display of communication demand capacity																								
	8													Freeze prevention control		Power module abnormality								ï				_	
	7			3-min.delay/no									Correction of high compression ratio prevention		SHd control	TH6 abnormality					tion		harge pressure	1			ecrease	oltage change	
	9		Heating thermo-OFF	Excitation current/no									LEV opening correction depends on Td	Pd Back up (heating)	Low pressure decrease prevention	Frozen protection				nitation	emperature limitat	ve	normal rise of discl	ention control	10		ol due to voltage de	ol due to receipt vo	
01, 2 (display data	5		Heating thermo-ON	Refrigerant pull back/no P93:Silent CN3D1-2 input									LEV opening correction depends on Pd	Pd abnormality control (heating)	Frequency restrain of receipt voltage change	4-way valve disconnection abnormality			t	ntrol by pressure lir	itrol by discharge t	itrol by bypass val	I that restrains abr	ink over heat prev	dary current contro	urrent contol	z correction contro	z correction contro	
Display on the LEI	4		Cooling thermo-OFF	DEFROST/NO P94:Demand CN3D1-3 inplut									Min.Sj correction depends on Shd	Discharge temp. (heating) backup					) Conter	Hz cor	Hz cor	Hz cor	Contro	Heat s	Secon	Input o	on Max.H	Max.H	
	e		Cooling thermo-ON	Abnormal/normal I P95:Undefined CN3S1-2 input									Min.Sj correction depends on Td		Input current control			999.9)	Iz) control (Words					ontrol			decrease preventio	ange	
	2		Fan	Heating/Cooling P96.Autochange over fixed		x10)			x10)				SHd decrease prevention	Compressor temperature control	Secondary current control	HIC abnormality		ort/Open:-99.9 or	essor frequency(F	ssure control	mperature control		of Pd control	heat prevention c	rent control	ontol	of receipt voltage o	eceipt voltage cha	
	-	0-255	OFF	ON/OFF P97:Autochange over nermission CN3N1–3 indu	0-255	0000–9999 (unit:	(A) (A)	(A) 999.9 (A)	0000–9999 (unit:	0–255	0-255	(V) 6.999.0	Td over heat prevention	Condensing temperature limit control	Heat sink over heat prevention control	63LS abnormality	0-999.9[Arms]	-99.9–999.9 (Sh	State of compi	Discharge pre	Compressor te	SV control	Abnormal rise	Heat sink over	Secondary cur	Input current c	Hz correction (	Hz restrain of I	
Disnlav mode		Capacity code (No. 1 indoor unit) Capacity code (No. 2 indoor unit) Capacity code (No. 3 indoor unit) Capacity code (No. 4 indoor unit) Capacity code (No. 5 indoor unit)	IC1 operation mode IC2 operation mode IC3 operation mode IC4 operation mode IC5 operation mode	OC operation mode External connection status	Communication demand capacity	Number of compressor ON/OFF	Compressor operating current	Input current of outdoor unit	Thermo-ON operating time	Total capacity of thermo-ON	Number of indoor units	DC bus voltage	State of LEV control	State of compressor frequency control 1	State of compressor frequency control 2	Protection input	The second current value when microprocessor of POWER BOARD abnormality is detected	The radiator panel temperature	when	microprocessor of	PUWEK BUARU ahnormality is	detected							
SW1 setting	12345678	01011000 11011000 00111000 10111000 001111000 01111000	11111000 00000100 10000100 01000100 11000100	00100100 10100100	01100100	11100100	00010100 (	10010100	01010100 1	11010100	00110100	10110100	01110100	11110100	00001100	10001100	01001100	11001100											
		26 27 28 29 30	31 32 33 35 35	36 37	38	39	40	4	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50							51					

Notes				Display of opening pulse of	outdoor LEV					Display of data from sensor	and thermistor			Display of actual operating frequency	Display of target frequency	Display of number of outdoor fan control steps (target)		-	Display of opening pulse of				Display of outdoor subcool	(SC) data and detection data	from high-pressure sensor and	each thermistor						
	8																															
	7																															
	9																															
, 2 (display data)	5																															
splay on the LED1	4																															
Dis	3							99.9) [kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> ]	00 0)	(6.66	99.9) [C]	00 0)	(6.66									99.9) [kgf/cm²]			[C] (0.00					is displayed as 0.		
	2							t/open: -99.9 or 9	+/onen: -00 0 or 0	ropeii. 20:0 0	t/open: -99.9 or 9	+/onen: -00 0 or 0		(e)								t/open: -99.9 or 9			t/open: -99.9 or 9					s not connected, it		
	-				0007-0			-99.99-999.9 (Shoi	1042/00000000		-99.99-999.9 (Shoi	00 00 000 0 / Chor		-FF (16 progressiv	)-255	)–15			<u> </u>			-99.99-999.9 (Shoi			-99.99-999.9 (Shoi				-99.99–999.9	When indoor unit is	-99.99-99.99	
Display mode		Outdoor LEV-A opening pulse	Nutdoor LEV-A opening ulse abnormality delay	Nutdoor LEV-A opening pulse abnormality	Outdoor LEV-B	Nutdoor LEV-B opening ulse abnormality delay	Vutdoor LEV-B opening pulse abnormality	1LS (Low-pressure)kgf/cm2 –	LS abnormality delay	3 LS abnormality	H2 (HIC pipe) °C	H2(HIC) abnormality delay	TH2 (HIC) abnormality	Operational frequency C	arget frequency C	Nutdoor fan control C	1 LEV Opening pulse	2 LEV Opening pulse	3 LEV Opening pulse (	4 LEV Opening pulse	5 LEV Opening pulse	h-pressure sensor (Pd) kgf/cm2 –	14 (Compressor) (Td) data °C	16(Suction pipe) (ET) data °C	H7(Ambient) data °C -	3(Outdoor liquid pipe) data °C	H8(Heat sink) data °C	C1 TH23 (Gas) °C	C2 TH23 (Gas) °C	C3 TH23 (Gas) °C (	C4 TH23 (Gas) °C <sup>-</sup>	25 TH23 (Gas) *U I
SW1 setting	12345678	00101100	10101100 C	01101100 <sup>C</sup>	11101100	00011100 C	10011100 <sup>C</sup>	01011100 63	11011100 63.	00111100 60	10111100 Ti	01111100 Ti	1111100	00000010	10000010 T	01000010	10100010 IC	01100010 IC	11100010 IC:	00010010 IC	10010010 IC	01010010 Hig	11010010 TF	00110010 TF	10110010 TF	01110010 TH	00001010 Ti	10001010 10	01001010 10	11001010 IC	00101010 IC	10101010101
	į	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	80	81	82	83	84	52

Notes		Display of outdoor subcool (SC) data		Display of indoor SC/SH data	Display of target subcool step data				Display of all control target data		Check: light on Normal: light off	COOL/DRY: light on HEAT: FAN/STOP: light flashing	Thermo-ON: light on Thermo-OFF: light off	Display of indoor unit operation mode	Display of all control target data	Display of opening pulse of indoor LEV at time of	abnormality delay
	8																
	7																
(1)	9													Heating thermo-OFF			
D1, 2 (display data	5													Heating thermo-ON			
Display on the LEI	4	1 as 0.)		at (SH)							No.12 unit check	No.12 unit mode	No.12 unit operation	Cooling thermo-OFF			
	3	ted, it is displayed		l cooling: superhe							No.11 unit check	No.11 unit mode	No.11 unit operation	Cooling Thermo-ON			
	2	unit is not connec		ibcool (SC)/during					(0.0)		No.10 unit check	No.10 unit mode	No.10 unit operation	Fan	(0.0)		
	1	-99.99-999.9 (When the indoor -99.99-999.9	0.0 ~ 20.0	-99.99-999.9 during heating: su	-99.99-999.9	Pdm (0.0–30.0)	ETm (-2.0-23.0)	SCm (0.0–20.0)	SCm/SHm (0.0–2		No.9 unit check	No.9 unit mode	No.9 unit operation	OFF	SCm/SHm (0.0–2	0-2000	
Display mode	6	C1 TH22 (Liquid) °C C2 TH22 (Liquid) °C C3 TH22 (Liquid) °C C4 TH22 (Liquid) °C C5 TH22 (Liquid) °C C5 TH22 (Intake) °C C2 TH21 (Intake) °C C3 TH21 (Intake) °C C3 TH21 (Intake) °C C3 TH21 (Intake) °C C5 TH21 (Intake) °C Dutdoor SC (cooling) °C	Farget subcool °C	C1 SC/SH °C C2 SC/SH °C C3 SC/SH °C C4 SC/SH °C C5 SC/SH °C	Vischarge superheat (SHd) °C	Target Pd display (heating) kgf/F	Target ET display (cooling) °C	arget outdoor SC (cooling) °C	Target indoor SC/SH (IC2) °C Target indoor SC/SH (IC2) °C Target indoor SC/SH (IC3) °C	Target indoor SC/SH (IC4) °C Target indoor SC/SH (IC5) °C	Indoor unitcheck status	Indoor unit operation mode	Indoor unit operation display	IC9 operation mode IC10 operation mode IC11 operation mode IC12 operation mode	Target indoor SC/SH (IC9) °C arget indoor SC/SH (IC10) °C arget indoor SC/SH (IC11) °C arget indoor SC/SH (IC12) °C	IC9 LEV opening pulse abnormality delay IC10 LEV opening pulse abnormality delay	IC11 LEV opening pulse abnormality delay IC12 LEV opening pulse abnormality delay
No setting	12345678	86         01101010           87         11101010           88         00011010           88         00011010           90         01011010           91         11011010           92         01111010           93         10111010           94         011111010           95         111111010           95         111111010	97 10000110	98         01000110         1           99         11000110         1           100         00100110         1           101         10100110         1           101         10100110         1	103 11100110 [	105 10010110	106 01010110	107 11010110	108 00110110 109 10110110 110 01110110	111 11110110 112 00001110	113 10001110	114 01001110	115 11001110	116         00101110           117         10101110           118         01101110           119         11101110	120         00011110           121         10011110           122         01011110           123         11011110	124 00111110 125 10111110	126 01111110 127 1111110

	SW1					Disnlav on the LEI	D1 2 (disnlav data				
° Ž	setting	Display mode									Notes
	12345678		-	5	e	4	5	9	7	8	
128	0000001	Actual frequency of abnormality delay	0-FF (16 progre	ssive)							Display of actual frquency at time of abnormality delay
129	10110001	Fan step number at time of abnormality delay	05								Display of fan step number at time of abnormality delay
131	11000001	IC1 LEV opening pulse abnormality delay									
132	0010001	IC2 LEV opening pulse abnormality delay									
133	1010000	IC3 LEV opening pulse abnormality delay	0-2000								of indoor LEV at time of
134	0110000	IC4 LEV opening pulse abnormality delay									
135	11100001	IC5 LEV opening pulse abnormality delay									
136	00010001	High-pressure sensor data at time of abnormality delay kgf/cm2									
137	10010001	TH4 (Compressor) sensor data at time of abnormality delay °C									
138	01010001	TH6 (Suction pipe) sensor data at time of abnormality delay °C									
139	11010001	TH3 (Outdoor liquid pipe) sensor data at time of abnormality delay °C									
140	00110001	TH8 (Heat sink) sensor data at time of abnormality delay °C									Display of data from high-
141	10110001	OC SC (cooling) at time of abnormality delay °C	-99.99-999.9								pressure sensor, all thermistors, and SC/SH at
142	01110001	IC1 SC/SH at time of abnormality delay °C									ume or abnormality delay
143	11110001	IC2 SC/SH at time of abnormality delay °C									
144	00001001	IC3 SC/SH at time of abnormality delay °C									
145	10001001	IC4 SC/SH at time of abnormality delay °C									
146	01001001	IC5 SC/SH at time of abnormality delay °C									
147	11001001	IC9 SC/SH at time of abnormality delay °C									
148	0010001	IC10 SC/SH at time of abnormality delay °C									
149	10101001	IC11 SC/SH at time of abnormality delay °C									Display of data from high- pressure sensor,
150	01101001	IC12 SC/SH at time of abnormality delay °C	9.999.999. 9.999.999.								all thermistors, and SC/SH at time of abnormality delay

Notes			Display of opening pulse	or introor LEV at unle of abnormality			Display of data from high- pressure sensor,	all thermistors, and SC/SH at time of abnormality			Display of indoor unit	capacity code		Display of indoor SC/SH	data		Display of version data of ROM	Display of ROM type	Display of check sum code of ROM					Display if detection data from each indoor thermistor						Display of actual frequency at time of abnormality	Display of fan step number at time of abnormality
	ω																												Overvoltage		
	2																												Undervoltage		
a)	9																												Current sensor		
ED1, 2 (display dat	5																														
Display on the LE	4																														
	e																							or 999.9) [°C]					ACTM error		
	2																							Short/open: -99.9						essive)	
	~				It						0-255			-00 00 000 0	-99.99-999.9									) 6.999-99-99.96						0-FF (16progre	0-15
Disnlav mode		IC9 LEV opening pulse at time of abnormality	IC10 LEV opening pulse a time of abnormality	IC11 LEV opening pulse a time of abnormality	IC12 LEV opening pulse a time of abnormality	IC9 SC/SH at time of abnormality	IC10 SC/SH at time of abnormality	IC11 SC/SH at time of abnormality	IC12 SC/SH at time of abnormality	IC9 Capacity code	IC10 Capacity code	IC11 Capacity code IC12 Capacity code	IC9 SC/SH	IC10 SC/SH	IC11 SC/SH	IC12 SC/SH	ROM version monitor	ROM type	Check sum mode	IC9 TH23 (Gas) °C	IC10 1H23 (Gas) <sup>-</sup> C IC11 TH23 (Gas) <sup>-</sup> C	IC12 TH23 (Gas) °C	IC9 TH22 (Liquid) °C	IC10 1H22 (Liquid) °C	IC12 TH22 (Liquid) °C	IC9 TH21 (Intake) °C	IC10 TH21 (Intake) °C	IC12 TH21 (Intake) °C	4420 Error history	Actual frequency of abnormality	Fan step number at time of abnormality
No setting	12345678	151 11101001	152 00011001	153 10011001	154 01011001	155 11011001	156 00111001	157 10111001	158 01111001	159 11111001	160 00000101	162 01000101	163 11000101	164 00100101	165 10100101	166 01100101	170 01010101	171 11010101	172 00110101	173 10110101	175 11110101 175 11110101	176 00001101	177 10001101	179 11001101 179 11001101	180 00101101	185 10011101	186 01011101 187 11011101	188 00111101	189 10111101	192 00000011	193 10000011

Notes				of indoor LEV at time of	abioinaity				Display of data from high-pressure sensor, all thermistors, and SC/SH at					Display of data from high-pressure sensor, all	thermistors, and SC/SH at time of abnormality.			Display of indoor unit capacity code		Display of indoor unit operation mode	Display of opening pulse of
	ω																				
	7																				
(1	9																			Heating thermo-OFF	
D1, 2 (display data	5	-																	-	Heating thermo-ON	
Display on the LE	4																		-	Cooling thermo-OFF	
	9	-																	-	Cooling thermo-ON	
	2																			Fan	
	-								-99.99-999.9						- aa. aa-aaa.a			0–255		OFF	0-2000
Dicolay mode		C1 LEV opening pulse at time of abnormality	C2 LEV opening pulse at time of abnormality	C3 LEV opening pulse at time of abnormality	C4 LEV opening pulse at time of abnormality	C5 LEV opening pulse at time of abnormality	High-pressure sensor data at time of abnormality	TH4 (Compressor) sensor data at time of abnormality	TH6 (Suction pipe) sensor data at time of abnormality	TH3 (Outdoor liquid pipe) sensor data at time of abnormality	TH8 (Heat sink) sensor data at time of abnormality	OC SC (cooling) at time of abnormality	IC1 SC/SH at time of abnormality	IC2 SC/SH at time of abnormality	IC3 SC/SH at time of abnormality	IC4 SC/SH at time of abnormality	IC5 SC/SH at time of abnormality	C6 Capacity code C7 Capacity code	C8 Capacity code	IC6 operation mode IC7 operation mode IC8 operation mode	IC6 LEV opening pulse IC7 LEV opening pulse
SW1 setting	12345678	11000011	00100011	10100011	01100011	11100011	00010011	10010011	01010011	11010011	00110011	10110011	01110011	. 11110011	00001011	10001011	01001011	11001011 00101011	10101011	01101011 11101011 00011011	01011001
		19(	19(	19.	19(	19(	20(	20.	20	20(	20	20(	20(	20	20	20(	21(	21:	5	216	21

Notes				Disalay if dataction data from	each indoor thermistor						Display of indoor SC/SH	ממומ		Display of all control target data		Display of opening pulse of indoor LEV at time of abnormality delav			Display data from high-	pressure sensor, all thermistors and SC/SH at	time of abnormality.		Display of opening pulse of indoor LEV at time of	abioinainy	Display data from high-	pressure sensor, all thermistors and SC/SH at	time of abnormality.		Display of opening pulse of	
	8																													
	7																													
	9																													
I, 2 (display data)	5																													
isplay on the LED	4										t (SH)																			
	3				. 999.9) [°C]						cooling: superhea																			
	2				ort/open: -99.9 or						bcool (SC)/during			0.0)																
	1				-99.99-999.9 (Sh						during heating: su			SCm/SHm (0.0–2			0–2000			6.999-999.9			0-2000			6.999-999.9			0-2000	
Display mode		IC6 TH23 (Gas) °C	IC8 TH23 (Gas) °C	C6 TH22 (liquid) °C	C7 TH22 (liquid) °C	IC8 TH22(liquid) °C	C6 TH21 (intake) °C	C7 TH21 (intake) °C	C8 TH21 (intake) °C	IC6 SC/SH	IC7 SC/SH	IC8 SC/SH	Target indoor SC/SH (IC6) °C	Target indoor SC/SH (IC7) °C	Target indoor SC/SH (IC8) °C	IC6 LEV opening pulse abnormality delay	C7 LEV opening pulse abnormality delay	C8 LEV opening pulse abnormality delay	IC6 SC/SH at time of abnormality delay °C	IC7 SC/SH at time of abnormality delay °C	IC8 SC/SH at time of abnormality delay °C	C6 LEV opening pulse at time of abnormality	IC7EV opening pulse at time of abnormality	C8 LEV opening pulse at time of abnormality	IC6 SC/SH at time of abnormality	IC7 SC/SH at time of abnormality	IC8 SC/SH at time of abnormality	C9 LEV opening pulse	C10 LEV opening pulse	C12 LEV opening pulse
SW1 setting	12345678	00111011	2 01111011	3 11111011 1	4 00000111 1	5 10000111	6 01000111	7 11000111	8 00100111	9 10100111	0 01100111	11100111	2 00010111	3 10010111	4 01010111	5 11010111	6 00110111	7 10110111	8 01110111 6	9 11110111	0 00001111	1 1000111	2 01001111	3 1100111 1	4 00101111	5 10101111	6 01101111	0 01011111 1	1 11011111 1	3 1011111
Ľž		50	5	2,1	5	2,	22	22	5	5	3	5	55	50	53	53	53	53	55	50	54	24	24	24	24	24	24	5	3	56

# **ELECTRICAL WIRING**

This chapter provides an introduction to electrical wiring for the CITY MULTI-S series, together with notes concerning power wiring, wiring for control (transmission wires and remote controller wires), and the frequency converter.

### 9-1. OVERVIEW OF POWER WIRING

- (1) Use a separate power supply for the outdoor unit and indoor unit.
- (2) Bear in mind ambient conditions (ambient temperature, direct sunlight, rain water, etc.) when proceeding with the wiring and connections.
- (3) The wire size is the minimum value for metal conduit wiring. The power cord size should be 1 rank thicker consideration of voltage drops.
- Make sure the power-supply voltage does not drop more than 10 %.
- (4) Specific wiring requirements should adhere to the wiring regulations of the region.
- (5) Power supply cords of parts of appliances for outdoor use shall not be lighter than polychloroprene sheathed flexible cord (design 60245 IEC57). For example, use wiring such as YZW.
- (6) Install an earth longer than other cables.

#### A Warning:

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- Be sure to use specified wires to connect so that no external force is imparted to terminal connections. If connections are not fixed firmly, it may cause heating or fire.
- Be sure to use the appropriate type of overcurrent protection switch. Note that generated overcurrent may include some amount of direct current.

### A Caution:

- Some installation site may require attachment of an earth leakage breaker. If no earth leakage breaker is installed, it may cause an electric shock.
- Do not use anything other than breaker and fuse with correct capacity. Using fuse and wire or copper wire with too large capacity may cause a malfunction of unit or fire.
- · Be sure to install N-Line. Without N-Line, it could cause damage to the unit.

# 9-2. WIRING OF MAIN POWER SUPPLY AND EQUIPMENT CAPACITY

### 9-2-1. Wiring diagram for main power supply

- Schematic Drawing of Wiring : When NOT using a Branch Box (example)
  - PUMY-P•VKM1 series



Schematic Drawing of Wiring : When using a Branch Box (example)
 <When power is supplied from the outdoor unit>



<When power is supplied separately>



Schematic Drawing of Wiring : When using a Branch Box and M-NET control indoor unit (example)

<When power is supplied separately>



<When power is supplied from the outdoor unit>

PUMY-P•VKM1 series



Note: The M-NET control indoor unit cannot receive power supplied from an outdoor unit, so provide it with power separately.

# 9-2-2. Cross section area of Wire for Main Power and ON/OFF capacities

PUMY-P112YKM1(-BS) PUMY-P112VKM1(-BS) PUMY-P125VKM1(-BS) PUMY-P125YKM1(-BS) PUMY-P140VKM1(-BS) PUMY-P140YKM1(-BS)

Cross-sectional area of Wire for Main Power Supply and On/Off Capacities

	_	Bower Supply	Minimum Wir	e Cross-section	al area (mm²)	Brooker for Wiring *1	Brooker for Current Lookege
Model		Fower Supply	Main Cable	Branch	Ground	Breaker for winning i	Breaker for Current Leakage
Outdoor Un	P112-140V	~/N 220/230/240 V, 50 Hz ~/N 220 V, 60 Hz	5.5(6)	-	5.5(6)	32 A	32 A 30 mA 0.1 sec. or less
	P112-140Y	3N~380/400/415 V 50 Hz	1.5	_	1.5	16 A	16 A 30 mA 0.1 sec. or less

\*1. A breaker with at least 3.0 mm contact separation in each poles shall be provided. Use non-fuse breaker (NF) or earth leakage breaker (NV).

Total apparating oursent of the indeer unit	Minimun	n wire thicknes	ss (mm²)	Cround foult interruper *2	Local sv	vitch (A)	Breaker for wiring
Total operating current of the indoor unit	Main Cable	Branch	Ground	Ground-lauit interruper 2	Capacity	Fuse	(NFB)
F0 = 16 A or less *3	1.5	1.5	1.5	20 A current sensitivity *4	16	16	20
F0 = 25 A or less *3	2.5	2.5	2.5	30 A current sensitivity *4	25	25	30
F0 = 32 A or less *3	4.0	4.0	4.0	40 A current sensitivity *4	32	32	40

Apply to IEC61000-3-3 about max. permissive system impedance.

\*2 The Ground-fault interrupter should support inverter circuit.

The Ground-fault interrupter should combine using of local switch or wiring breaker.

\*3 Please take the larger of F1 or F2 as the value for F0.

F1 = Total operating maximum current of the indoor units x 1.2

F2 = {V1 × (Quantity of Type1)/C} + {V1 × (Quantity of Type2)/C} + {V1 × (Quantity of Type3)/C} + {V1 × (Quantity of Others)/C}

Connect to Branch box (PAC-MK-BC)

Indoor un	it	V1	V2
Type 1	SEZ-KD·VA, PCA-RP·KAQ, PLA-ZRP·BA(.UK)	19.8	
Type 2	PEAD-RP·JAQ(L).UK	26.9	
Type 3	MLZ-KA·VA, SLZ-KA, VAQ(L)3	9.9	24
Type 4	MSZ-FH·VE, MSZ-SF·VE, MSZ-EF·VE, MSZ-SF·VA , MSZ-GF·VE	6.8	2.4
Type 5	MFZ-KJ·VE	7.4	1
Type 6	Branch box (PAC-MK-BC)	5.1	3.0

Connect	to Connection kit (PAC-LV11M)		
Indoor u	nit	V1	V2
Type 1	MSY-EF·VE, MSY-GE·VA, MSY-GH, MSZ-GE·VA, MSZ-SF·VA, MSZ-SF·VE, MSZ-EF·VE, MSZ-FH·VE	6.8	
Type 2	MFZ-KJ·VE	7.4	2.4
Type 3	Connection kit (PAC-LV11M)	3.5	
		-	
Indoor u	nit	V1	V2
Type 1	PMFY-VBM, PLFY-VBM, PEFY-VMS1, PCFY-VKM, PKFY- VHM, PKFY-VKM, PFFY-VKM	19.8	
Type 2	PLFY-VCM	9.9	2.4
Type 3	PKFY-VBM	3.5	]
Type 4	PEFY-VMA	38	1.6
Туре 6	PLFY-VLMD, PEFY-VMH, PEFY-VMR, PDFY-VM, PFFY-VLEM, PFFY-VLRM, PWFY-VM	0	0

C : Multiple of tripping current at tripping time 0.01s

Please pick up "C" from the tripping characteristic of the breaker.

<Example of "F2" calculation>

Condition PLFY-VBM × 4 + PEFY-VMA × 1, C = 8 (refer to right sample chart) F2 = 19.8 × 4/8 + 38 × 1/8

= 14.65

 $\rightarrow$  16 A breaker (Tripping current = 8 × 16 A at 0.01 s)

\*4 Current sensitivity is calculated using the following formula.

G1 = V2 × (Quantity of Type1) + V2 × (Quantity of Type2) + V2 × (Quantity of Type3) + V2 × (Quantity of Others) + V3 × (Wire length[km])

G1		Current sens	sitivity
30 or less	30	0 mA 0.1 sec	or less
100 or less	10	0 mA 0.1 sec	c or less
Wire thickne	SS	V3	



1. Bear in mind ambient conditions (ambient temperature, direct sunlight, rain water, etc.) when proceeding with the wiring and connections. 2. The wire size is the minimum value for metal conduit wiring. The power cord size should be 1 rank thicker consideration of voltage drops. Make sure the power-supply voltage does not drop more than 10%.

3. Specific wiring requirements should adhere to the wiring regulations of the region.

4. Power supply cords of parts of appliances for outdoor use shall not be lighter than polychloroprene sheathed flexible cord (design 60245 IEC57). For example, use wiring such as YZW.

5. Install an earth longer than other cables.

Sample chart



### 9-3. DESIGN FOR CONTROL WIRING

Please note that the types and numbers of control wires needed by the CITY MULTI-S series depend on the remote controllers and whether they are linked with the system or not.

### 9-3-1. Selection number of control wires

		M-NET remote controller		
	Use	<ul><li>Remote controller used in system control operations.</li><li>Group operation involving different refrigerant systems.</li><li>Linked operation with upper control system.</li></ul>		
Remote controller $\rightarrow$ indoor unit				
sion	Wires connecting $\rightarrow$ indoor units	2-core wire (non-polar)		
smiss	Wires connecting $\rightarrow$ indoor units with outdoor unit			
Tran wire	Wires connecting $\rightarrow$ outdoor units			

# 9-4. WIRING TRANSMISSION CABLES

### 9-4-1. Types of control cables

1. Wiring transmission cables

Types of transmission cables: Shielding wire CVVS, CPEVS or MVVS
Cable diameter: More than 1.25 mm<sup>2</sup>
Maximum wiring length: Within 200 m

### 2. M-NET Remote control cables

Kind of remote control cable	Shielding wire (2-core) CVVS, CPEVS or MVVS
Cable diameter	More than 1.25 mm <sup>2</sup>
Remarks	When 10 m is exceeded, use a cable with the same specifications as transmission line wiring.

### 3. MA Remote control cables

Kind of remote control cable	Sheathed 2-core cable (unshielded) CVV		
Cable diameter	0.3 to 1.25 mm <sup>2</sup> (0.75 to 1.25 mm <sup>2</sup> )*		
Remarks	Within 200 m		

\* Connected with simple remote controller.

### 9-4-2. Wiring examples

· Controller name, symbol and allowable number of controllers.

Name	Symbol	Allowable number of controllers					
Outdoor unit controller	ос		_				
	M-IC	PUMY-P112	1 to 9 units per 1 OC				
		PUMY-P125	1 to 10 units per 1 OC				
		PUMY-P140	1 to 12 units per 1 OC				
	A-IC	PUMY-P112					
		PUMY-P125	1 to 8 units per 1 OC				
		PUMY-P140					
Branch box —		_	0 to 2 units per 1 OC				
Demote controller	50	M-NET RC	Maximum of 12 controllers for 1 OC (Can not be connected if Branch box is used.)				
Remote controller	КС	MA-RC	Maximum of 2 per group				

Note that the number of connectable units may be limited by some conditions such as an indoor unit's capacity or each unit's equivalent power consumption. (Refer to DATA BOOK.)

### 9-5. SYSTEM SWITCH SETTING

In order to identify the destinations of signals to the outdoor units, indoor units, and remote controller of the MULTI-S series, each microprocessor must be assigned an identification number (address). The addresses of outdoor units, indoor units, and remote controller must be set using their settings switches. Please consult the installation manual that comes with each unit for detailed information on setting procedures.

### 9-6. EXAMPLE EXTERNAL WIRING DIAGRAM FOR A BASIC SYSTEM





### 9-7. METHOD FOR OBTAINING ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS WHEN A CAPACITY AGREEMENT IS TO BE SIGNED WITH AN ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY

The electrical characteristics of connected indoor unit system for air conditioning systems, including the MULTI-S series, depend on the arrangement of the indoor and outdoor units. First read the data on the selected indoor and outdoor units and then use the following formulas to calculate the electrical characteristics before applying for a capacity agreement with the local electric power company.

### 9-7-1. Obtaining the electrical characteristics of a CITY MULTI-S series system

### (1) Procedure for obtaining total power consumption

	Page numbers in this technical manual	Power consumption
Total power consumption of each indoor unit	See the technical manual of each indoor unit	0
Power consumption of outdoor unit*	Standard capacity table— Refer to 4-3.	2
Total power consumption of system	See the technical manual of each indoor unit	<b>①+② <kw></kw></b>

\*The power consumption of the outdoor unit will vary depending on the total capacity of the selected indoor units.

### (2) Method of obtaining total current

	Page numbers in this technical manual	Subtotal
Total current through each indoor unit	See the technical manual of each indoor unit	0
Current through outdoor unit*	Standard capacity table— Refer to 4-3.	2
Total current through system	See the technical manual of each indoor unit	①+② <a></a>

The current through the outdoor unit will vary depending on the total capacity of the selected indoor units.

### (3) Method of obtaining system power factor

Use the following formula and the total power and current obtained in parts  $\bigcirc$  and  $\oslash$  on the above tables to calculate the system power factor.



### 9-7-2. Applying to an electric power company for power and total current

Calculations should be performed separately for heating and cooling employing the same methods; use the largest resulting value in your application to the electric power company.

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# **REFRIGERANT PIPING TASKS**

# **10-1. REFRIGERANT PIPING SYSTEM**

Line-Branch Method Connection Examples (Connecting to 4 Indoor Units)	L l l l l l l l l l l l l l						
Total Piping Length	A+B+C+a+b+c+d ≦ 300 m						
Length Farthest Piping Length (L)	A+B+C+d ≦ 150 m						
Farthest Piping Length After First Branch ( $\ell$ )	B+U+a $\ge$ 30 m						
Permissible High/ High/Low Difference in Indoor/Outdoor Section (T)	50 meters or less (if the outdoor unit is lower, 40 meters or less)						
Selecting the Refrigerant Branch Kit	To meters or less						
<ul> <li>Select Each Section of Refrigerant Piping</li> </ul>	(1) Refrigerant Piping Diameter In Section (2) Refrigerant Piping Diameter In Section						
(1) Section From Outdoor Unit	From Outdoor Unit to First Branch (Outdoor Unit Piping Diameter) (Indoor Unit Piping Diameter) (Indoor Unit Piping Diameter) (Indoor Unit Piping Diameter (mm)						
(2) Sections From Branch to	PUMY-P112 Liquid Line do 52						
Indoor Unit (a,b,c,d)	PUMY-P125 PUMY-P125 Case Line (15.00) S0 or lower Gas Line (12.7)						
(3) Section From Branch to	PUMY-P140 Gas Line Ø15.88 63 to 140 Liquid Line Ø9.52						
Select the size from the table to the right	Gas Line <i>φ</i> 15.88						
Select the size from the table to the right.	(3) Refrigerant Piping Diameter In Section From Branch to Branch (Alter Section From Branch to Branch) (PAC-LV11M-J) and an M-series indoor (PAC-LV11M-J) and an M-series indoor						
	Liquid Line (mm) Gas Line (mm) CONNECTION KIT when selecting the						
	pipe size and piping length.						
Additional refrigerant charge	<additional charge=""></additional>						
Refrigerant for the extended piping is not included in the	Calculation of retrigerant charge           Pine size         Total capacity of         Amount for the						
Therefore charge each refrigerant nining system with	Liquid pipe Liquid pipe connected indoor units indoor units						
additional refrigerant at the installation site. In addition in	ø6.35         +         ø9.52         +         up to 8.0 kW         1.5 kg						
order to carry out service, enter the size and length of each	(m) × 19.0 (g/m) (m) × 50.0 (g/m) 8.1 to 16.0 kW 2.5 kg						
liquid pipe and additional refrigerant charge amounts in	Included refrigerant amount when shipped from the factory						
the spaces provided on the "Refrigerant amount" plate on	Included refrigerant amount						
the outdoor unit.	<pre></pre>						
Calculation of additional refrigerant charge	Outdoor model : P125						
<ul> <li>Calculate the additional charge using the liquid pipe size and length of the extended nining and total capacity of</li> </ul>	Indoor 1 : P63 (7.1 kW) A : Ø9.52 30 m a : Ø9.52 15 m 2 : P40 (4.5 kW) b : Ø6.35 10 m At the conditione						
connected indoor units.	3 : P25 (2.8 kW) c : Ø6.35 10 m below:						
Calculate the additional refrigerant charge using the	4 : P20 (2.2 kW) d : Ø6.35 20 m J The total length of each liquid line is as follows:						
procedure shown to the right, and charge with the	ø9.52 : A + a = 30 + 15 = 45 m						
additional refrigerant.	$\emptyset 6.35$ : b + c + d = 10 + 10 + 20 = 40 m The total capacity of connected indeer unit is as follows:						
• For amounts less than 0.1 kg, round up the calculated	7.1 + 4.5 + 2.8 + 2.2 = 16.6						
additional refrigerant charge.	<calculation example=""></calculation>						
(For example, if the calculated charge is 6.01 kg, round up the charge to 6.1 kg.)	Additional refrigerant charge						
	$40 \times \frac{19.0}{1000} + 45 \times \frac{50.0}{1000} + 3.0 = 6.1 \text{ kg} \text{ (rounded up)}$						

Header-Br Connection (Connectine	<b>anch Method</b> Examples g to 4 Indoor Units)	A L B C d C C C C C C A Outdoor Unit B First Branch C Indoor unit							
	Total Piping Length	A+a+b+c+d ≦ 300 m							
Permissible	Farthest Piping Length (L)	A+d ≦ 150 m							
Length	Farthest Piping Length After First Branch ( $\ell$ )	d is 30 meters or less							
Permissible Hiah/	High/Low Difference in Indoor/Outdoor Section (H)	50 meters or less (If the outdoor unit is lower, 40 meters or less)							
Low Difference	High/Low Difference in Indoor/Indoor Section (h)	15 meters or less							
Selectin	g the Refrigerant Branch Kit	Please select branching kit, which is sold separately, from the table below.							
<ul> <li>Select Each Section of Refrigerant Piping</li> <li>(1) Section From Outdoor Unit to First Branch (A)</li> <li>(2) Sections From Branch to Indoor Unit (a,b,c,d)</li> <li>Select the size from the table to the right.</li> </ul>		Branch header (4 branches)       Branch header (8 branches)         CMY-Y64-G-E       CMY-Y68-G-E         (1) Refrigerant Piping Diameter In Section From Outdoor Unit to First Branch (Out- door Unit Piping Diameter)       (2) Refrigerant Piping Diameter In Section From Branch to Indoor Unit (Indoor Unit Piping Diameter)         Model       Piping Diameter (mm)         PUMY-P112 PUMY-P125 PUMY-P140       Liquid Line       \$\phi 9.52\$         Note:       Gas Line       \$\phi 15.88\$         Note:       When connecting the CONNECTION KIT (PAC-LV11M-J) and an M-series indoor unit, refer to the installation manual for the CONNECTION KIT when selecting the pipe size and piping length.							
Refrigerant for	the extended piping is not included in the	Calculation of refrigerant charge							
outdoor unit wh	nen the unit is shipped from the factory.	Pipe size         Pipe size         Iotal capacity of connected indoor units         Amount for the indoor units							
Therefore, cha	rge each refrigerant piping system with	d6.35 + Ø9.52 + Up to 8.0 kW 1.5 kg							
additional refrig	gerant at the installation site. In addition, in	Image: marked constraints         Im							
liquid pipe and	additional refrigerant charge amounts in	16.1 kW or above 3.0 kg							
the spaces pro	vided on the "Refrigerant amount" plate on	Included refrigerant amount when shipped non the factory							
the outdoor un	t.	4.8 kg							
Calculation of	additional refrigerant charge	Outdoor model : P125							
Calculate the	additional charge using the liquid pipe size	Indoor 1 : P63 (7.1 kW) A : Ø9.52 30 m a : Ø9.52 15 m							
and length of	the extended piping and total capacity of	2 : P40 (4.5 KW)         D : Ø6.35 10 m         At the conditions           3 : P25 (2.8 kW)         c : Ø6.35 10 m         holowy							
connected in	door units.	4 : P20 (2.2 kW) d : ø6.35 20 m J							
Calculate the	additional retrigerant charge using the	The total length of each liquid line is as follows: $a_{0} = 52 + b_{1} = -30 + 15 = -45 m$							
additional ref	rigerant.	$\emptyset 6.35 : b + c + d = 10 + 10 + 20 = 40 \text{ m}$							
For amounts	less than 0.1 kg, round up the calculated	The total capacity of connected indoor unit is as follows:							
additional ref	rigerant charge.	(.1 + 4.5 + 2.8 + 2.2 = 16.6)							
(For example	e, if the calculated charge is 6.01 kg, round up	Additional refrigerant charge							
the charge to	9 6.1 kg.)	$19.0 + 19.0 + 15 \times 50.0 + 2.0 = 6.1 \text{ kg (rounded up)}$							
-		$40 \times \frac{1000}{1000} + 45 \times \frac{000}{1000} + 3.0 = 6.1 \text{ kg} \text{ (rounded up)}$							



### **10-2. REFRIGERANT PIPING SYSTEM (WHEN USING BRANCH BOX)**

	•	-				
<b>Branch box Method</b> Connection Examples (Connecting to 8 Indoor Units)		Outdoor unit B C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C				
Total piping length		$A + B + C + a + b + c + d + e + f + g + h \leq 150 \text{ m}$				
Permissible Farthest piping length (L)		$A + C + h \le 80 \text{ m} (A + C \le 55 \text{ m}, h \le 25 \text{ m})$				
Permissible Pining length between outdoor unit ar	d branch boxes	$A + B + C \leq 55 m$				
(One-way) Earthest piping length after brand	h box (1)	< 25m				
Total nining length between branch boxes	and indoor units	r = 25m				
In indoor/outdoor section (H)*1		$H \le 50$ m (In case of that outdoor unit is set higher than indoor unit)				
Permissible		$H \le 40$ m (In case of that outdoor unit is set lower than indoor unit)				
height In branch box/indoor unit section	(h1)	$11 \ge 40$ m (in case of that buildoor unit is set lower than indoor unit) b1 + b2 <15 m				
(Openwey) In each branch unit (h2)	()	$h_1 + h_2 = 13 \text{ m}$ $h_2 < 15 \text{ m}$				
In each indoor unit (h3)		$h_3 \leq 12 \text{ m}$				
Number of bends		$\leq 15$				
*1 Branch box should be placed within the level	between the ou	outdoor unit and indoor units.				
- Select Feel Section of Defriverent Dining	(1) Refrigerant	Refrigerant Pining Diameter In Section From Outdoor Unit to Branch box (Outdoor Unit Pining Diameter)				
<ul> <li>Celect Latri Section of Kenigerant Piping</li> <li>(1) Section From Outdoor Unit to Branch box (A, B, C)</li> <li>(2) Sections From Branch box to Indoor Unit (a to h)</li> <li>Select the size from the table to the right.</li> </ul>	(2) Refrigerant F PUMY-P11 PUMY-P12 PUMY-P14 (2) Refrigerant F Indoor unit s M series o S series P series	Piping Diameter (mm)2 25 0Liquid Line				
Additional refrigerant charge Refrigerant for the extended piping is not included in the	<additional cha<br="">Calculation of</additional>	arge> refrigerant charge Total capacity of Amount for the				
outdoor unit when the unit is shipped from the factory.	Liquid pipe	Liquid pipe				
I neretore, charge each retrigerant piping system with	ø6.35	+ up to 8.0 kW 1.5 kg				
order to carry out service, enter the size and length of each	(m) × 19.0 (g/m	$(m) \times 50.0 \text{ (g/m)} \qquad 16.1 \text{ kW or above} \qquad 3.0 \text{ kg}$				
liquid pipe and additional refrigerant charge amounts in	Included refrig	erant amount when shipped from the factory				
the spaces provided on the "Refrigerant amount" plate on	Included refrig	erant amount				
the outdoor unit.	<example></example>	·· <del>·</del>				
Calculation of additional refrigerant charge	Outdoor mod	Outdoor model : P125				
Calculate the additional charge using the liquid pipe size	2 : P	$b^{2}(1.1 \text{ kW}) = b^{2} \cdot $				
and length of the extended piping and total capacity of	3 : P	225 (2.8 kW) c : ø6.35 10 m (below:				
Connected indoor units.     Calculate the additional refrigerant charge using the	4 : P The total len	zu (z.z kwy) a : Ø6.35 20 m J ath of each liquid line is as follows:				
procedure shown to the right and charge with the	ø9.52 : A + a	i = 30 + 15 = 45 m				
additional refrigerant.	ø6.35 : b + c	x + d = 10 + 10 + 20 = 40  m				
• For amounts less than 0.1 kg, round up the calculated	7.1 + 4.5 + 2	.8 + 2.2 = 16.6				
additional refrigerant charge.	<calculation< td=""><td>example&gt;</td></calculation<>	example>				
(For example, if the calculated charge is 6.01 kg, round up	Additional re	trigerant charge				
the charge to 6.1 kg.)	$40 \times \frac{19.0}{1000} + 45 \times \frac{50.0}{1000} + 3.0 = 6.1 \text{ kg} \text{ (rounded up)}$					

Mixed Metho Connection E: (Connecting to	<b>d</b> xamples 5 1 Branch box)		T						Outdoor Unit PFirst joint Branch header Branch box (P/ CityMulti Indoo M/S/P series Ir	(CMY) AC-MK30/50) r unit ndoor unit
	Total piping lengt	þ			AIRICI	DiFinihiau	duoufuqubuiu	i < 200 m		
	Forthoot piping lengt	nath (L1)					1+e+i+g+i+i+j	J ≧300 m		
	Farthest piping le	ngin (LT)	(10)		A+E+a c		≥ 85 m			
Permissible	Partnest piping leng	gth. Via Branch box	X (LZ)	h hov	A+B+C+	$D+J \ge 80 \text{ m}$				
length	Fiping length betw	xod n	A+B+C+	$D \ge 55 \text{ m}$	<b>.</b>					
(One-way)	Fartnest piping length from the first joint				B+C+D (	or B+C+e≧ 30	Jm			
	Tetal sizing length between brench beween and indees with				$j \ge 25 \text{ m}$					
	Iotal piping length between branch boxes and indoor units				1+g+n+i+	-j ≧ 95 m - (In sees of i				
Permissible					$H \ge 50$ m (In case of outdoor unit is set higher than indoor unit)					
difference	In bronch how/ind	a branch hav/indeer unit caption (b1)				m (in case of o	butdoor unit is	set lower that	n Indoor Unit)	
(One-wav)	(One-way)				$h1 \ge 15$	m				
Number of bonds					$n_3 \ge 12$	m				
*1 Branch box		within the level	hotwoon	the out	$\ge 12 \text{ m}$	and indeer up	ite			
Selecting t	he Refrigerant B	ranch Kit	Pleas (The	Please select branching kit, which is sold sep (The kit comprises sets for use with liquid pipe Branch header (4 branches) Branch			sold separate liquid pipes ar Branch hea	ely, from the tand for use with ader (8 branch	able below. a gas pipes.) es)	
			L		CMY-Y64	-G-E	CMY-Y68-G-E			
■ Select Ead	ch Section of Ref	rigerant Piping	(1) Ref	(1) Refrigerant Piping Diameter In Section From Outdoor Unit to Branch box or Branch header (Out-door Unit Piping Diameter)					Branch	
to Branch	box or Branch	Lash		Mod		Piping Diam	neter (mm)			
header (A	to E)	Section of		PUMY-F	-112 -125	Liquid Line	ø9.52			
(2) Sections F	rom Branch	Branch Piping		PUMY-P140		Gas Line	¢15.88			
Indoor Uni Select the size	t (a to j) te from the table	to the right.	(2) Re	efrigerar door Un	nt Piping I it (Indoor	Diameter In Se Unit Piping Di	ection From B ameter)	ranch box or E	Branch heade	r to
				Indoor u	init series	Model number	A Liquid pipe	B Gas pipe		
				City	Multi	15 to 50	¢6.35	¢12.7	-	
				,		63 to 140	¢9.52	¢15.88	-	
						15 to 42	¢6.35	φ9.52	-	
				M sei	ries or	50	φ0.35	Ø12.7	-	
				5 S6	eries	71 to 80	φ0.33 d9 52	\$15.88 \$15.88	-	
			-			35 50	φ9.02 d6.35	σ12.00 σ12.7	-	
			P series		eries	60 to 100	¢9.52	ø15.88	-	
			Note: When refer t and pi	to the ins iping len	ting the Co stallation n gth.	ONNECTION K nanual for the C	(IT (PAC-LV11) CONNECTION	/-J) and an M-s KIT when selec	series indoor u cting the pipe s	nit, size
Additional	Additional refrigerant charge			Refer to the same section in the previous page.						

<b>Mixed Method</b> Connection Examples (Connecting to 2 Branch boxes)		Outdoor Unit ®First joint ©Branch header (CMY) @Branch box (PAC-MK30/50) @CityMulti Indoor unit ©M/S/P series Indoor unit					
	Total piping length		A+B+C+I	D+E+a+b+c+	d+e+f+g+h+i+j	+k ≦240m	
	Farthest piping length (L1)		A+E+a ≦	§ 85m			
	Farthest piping length. Via Branch box	(L2)	A+B+C+ł	(≦ 80m			
Permissible	Piping length between outdoor unit and	branch boxes	A+B+C+I	D ≦ 55m			
length	Farthest piping length from the first joint		B+C or E	+a ≦ 30m			
(One-way)	Farthest piping length after branch	n box	k ≦ 25m				
	Farthest branch box form outdoor unit	A+B+C ≦	≦ 55m				
	Total pipong length between branch boxes	and indoor units	d+e+f+g+	$+e+f+g+h+i+j+k \leq 95m$			
	In indoor/outdoor section (H)*1	$H \leq 50m$ (In case of outdoor unit is set higher than indoor unit)					
Permissible		$H \leq 40m$ (In case of outdoor unit is set lower than indoor unit)					
difference	In branch box/indoor unit section (	h1+h2 ≦	15m				
(One-way)	In each branch unit (h2)	h2 ≦ 15r	n				
In each indoor unit (h3)			h3 ≦ 12r	n			
Number of be	ends		≦ 15				
*1 Branch box	should be placed within the level l	petween the ou	itdoor unit a	and indoor un	its.		
Selecting t	he Refrigerant Branch Kit	Please sele	ect branchin	g kit, which is for use with	s sold separate	ely, from the tak	ole below. das pipes )
		Brand	ch header (	4 branches)	Branch neader (8 branches)		es)
			CMY-Y64	-G-E	CM1	/-Y68-G-E	
Select Eac	h Section of Refrigerant Piping	(1) Refriger	ant Piping [	Diameter In S	ection From O	utdoor Unit to	Branch box or Branch
		header (	Out-door U	Init Piping Dia	ameter)		
(1) Section Fro	om Outdoor Unit	Mc	odel	Piping Dian	neter (mm)		
header (A t	o E)		-P112	Liquid Line	ø9.52		
(2) Sections Fr	om Branch	PUMY	-P140	Gas Line	¢15.88		
box or Brar	hch header to	(2) Refriger	ant Piping I	Diameter In Section From Branch box or Branch header to			anch header to
Select the siz	e from the table to the right.	Indoor L	Jnit (Indoor	Unit Piping D	Diameter)		
	<b>. . .</b>	Indoor	unit series	Model number	A Liquid pipe	B Gas pipe	
		Cit	Multi	15 to 50	¢6.35	¢12.7	
			Jivian	63 to 140	ø9.52	ø15.88	
				15 to 42	¢6.35	ø9.52	
		M se	eries or	50	¢6.35	¢12.7	
		S	series	60	¢6.35	¢15.88	
				/1 to 80	φ9.52 de 25	Ø15.88	
		P :	series	35,5U	40.50	φ12.1 d15.90	
		Note:			ψ9.0Z	φ10.00	
		When conn	ecting the C	ONNECTION	KIT (PAC-LV11	M-J) and an M-	series indoor unit.
		refer to the installation manual for the CONNECTION KIT when selecting the pipe size					
		and piping	length.				
		Dofor to the -	omo oostis-	in the provide	0.0000		
Additional	retrigerant charge	Refer to the S	ame section	in the previou	s page.		

# **10-3. PRECAUTIONS AGAINST REFRIGERANT LEAKAGE**

### 10-3-1. Introduction

R410A refrigerant of this air conditioner is non-toxic and non-flammable but leaking of large amount from an indoor unit into the room where the unit is installed may be deleterious. To prevent possible injury, the rooms should be large enough to keep the R410A concentration specified by ISO 5149-1 as follows.





### 10-3-2. Confirming procedure of R410A concentration

Follow (1) to (3) to confirm the R410A concentration and take appropriate treatment, if necessary.

(1) Calculate total refrigerant amount by each refrigerant system. Total refrigerant amount is precharged refrigerant at ex-factory plus additional charged amount at field installation. Note:

When single refrigeration system consists of several independent refrigeration circuit, figure out the total refrigerant amount by each independent refrigerant circuit.

### (2) Calculate room volumes (m<sup>3</sup>) and find the room with the smallest volume

- The part with \_\_\_\_\_ represents the room with the smallest volume.
- (a) Situation in which there are no partitions



(b) There are partitions, but there are openings that allow the effective mixing of air.



(c) If the smallest room has mechanical ventilation apparatus that is linked to a household gas detection and alarm device, the calculations should be performed for the second smallest room.



# (3) Use the results of calculations (1) and (2) to calculate the refrigerant concentration:

Total refrigerant in the refrigerating unit (kg) [Maximum concentration(kg/m<sup>3</sup>)

The smallest room in which an indoor unit has been installed (m<sup>3</sup>)

Maximum concentration of R410A:0.44kg/m<sup>3</sup>

If the calculation results do not exceed the maximum concentration, perform the same calculations for the larger second and third room, etc., until it has been determined that nowhere the maximum concentration will be exceeded.

# DISASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

# PUMY-P112VKM1(-BS) PUMY-P125VKM1(-BS) PUMY-P140VKM1(-BS)

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From the previous page.

OPERATING PROCEDURE	PHOTOS & ILLUSTRATION	
(6) Remove 2 electrical parts box fixing screws (4 x 10) and detach the electrical parts box by pulling it upward. The electrical parts box is fixed with 2 hooks on the left and 1 hook on the right.	Photo 5 Electrical parts box Electrical parts box fixing screws	
<ul> <li>4. Removing the thermistor <suction pipe=""> (TH6) <ul> <li>(1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1)</li> <li>(2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1)</li> <li>(3) Disconnect the connectors, TH6 and TH7 (red), on the outdoor multi controller circuit board in the electrical parts box.</li> <li>(4) Loosen the wire clamps on the side of the electrical parts box, and next to it.</li> <li>(5) Pull out the thermistor <suction pipe=""> (TH6) from the sensor holder.</suction></li> </ul> </suction></li> <li>Note: When replacing thermistor <suction pipe=""> (TH6), replace it together with thermistor <ambient> (TH7) since they are combined together. Refer to procedure No.5 below to remove thermistor <ambient> (TH7).</ambient></ambient></suction></li> </ul>	Photo 6 Clamps Clamps Clamps Clamps Clamps Photo 7 High pressure sensor (63HS) Thermistor Clamps Cla	
<ul> <li>5. Removing the thermistor <ambient> (TH7) <ul> <li>(1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1)</li> <li>(2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1)</li> <li>(3) Disconnect the connector TH7 (red) on the outdoor multi controller circuit board in the electrical parts box.</li> <li>(4) Loosen the wire clamps on top of the electrical parts box. (See Photo 6)</li> <li>(5) Pull out the thermistor <ambient> (TH7) from the sensor holder.</ambient></li> </ul> </ambient></li> <li>Note: When replacing thermistor <ambient> (TH7), replace it together with thermistor <suction pipe=""> (TH6), since they are combined together. Refer to procedure No.4 above to remove thermistor <suction pipe=""> (TH6).</suction></suction></ambient></li> </ul>	Photo 8 Lead wire of thermistor <ambient> (TH7)</ambient>	

OPERATING PROCEDURE	РНОТОЅ	
<ul> <li>6. Removing the thermistor <outdoor liquid="" pipe=""> (TH3) and thermistor <compressor> (TH4), thermistor <hic pipe=""> (TH2)</hic></compressor></outdoor></li> <li>(1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1)</li> <li>(2) Disconnect the connectors, TH3 (white) and TH4 (white), TH2 (black) on the outdoor multi controller circuit board in the electrical parts box.</li> <li>(3) Loosen the clamp for the lead wire in the rear of the electrical parts box.</li> <li>(4) Pull out the thermistor <outdoor liquid="" pipe=""> (TH3) and thermistor <compressor> (TH4) from the sensor holder. (See Photo 7 and 9)</compressor></outdoor></li> </ul>	Photo 9	
<ul><li>7. Removing the 4-way valve coil (21S4)</li><li>(1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1)</li></ul>	Photo 10	
<ul> <li>[Removing the 4-way valve coil]</li> <li>(2) Remove 4-way valve coil fixing screw (M5 × 7).</li> <li>(3) Remove the 4-way valve coil by sliding the coil toward you.</li> <li>(4) Disconnect the connector 21S4 (green) on the outdoor multi controller circuit board in the electrical parts box.</li> <li>8. Removing the 4-way valve <ul> <li>(1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1)</li> <li>(2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1)</li> <li>(3) Remove the electrical parts box (See photo 5)</li> <li>(4) Pemove 3 valve bed fixing screws (4 × 10) and 4 ball valve</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	4-way valve coil (21S4) 4-way valve	
<ul> <li>(4) Remove 5 valve bed fixing screws (5 × 16) and 4 ball valve and stop valve fixing screws (5 × 16) and then remove the valve bed. (See Photo 4 and 7)</li> <li>(5) Remove 4 right side panel fixing screw (5 × 12) in the rear of the unit and then remove the right side panel.</li> <li>(6) Remove the 4-way valve coil. (See Photo 10)</li> <li>(7) Recover refrigerant.</li> <li>(8) Remove the welded part of 4-way valve.</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Note 1: Recover refrigerant without spreading it in the air.</li> <li>Note 2: The welded part can be removed easily by removing the right side panel.</li> <li>Note 3: When installing the 4-way valve, cover it with a wet cloth to prevent it from heating (120°C or more), then braze the pipes so that the inside of pipes are not oxidized.</li> </ul>	4-way valve coil fixing screw	





## PUMY-P112YKM1(-BS) PUMY-P125YKM1(-BS) PUMY-P140YKM1(-BS)

Note: Turn OFF the power supply before disassembly.

		wer supply before disassembly.
OPERATING PROCEDURE	PHOTOS &	ILLUSTRATION
<ol> <li>Removing the service panel and top panel         <ul> <li>(1) Remove 3 service panel fixing screws (5 × 12) and slide the hook on the right downward to remove the service panel.</li> <li>(2) Remove screws (3 for front, 3 for rear/5 × 12) of the top panel and remove it.</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	Photo 1 Top par Grille fixing Grille fixing screws	Top panel Service panel fixing screw Slide Fan grille Service panel fixing screw
<ul> <li>2. Removing the fan motor (MF1, MF2) <ul> <li>(1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1)</li> <li>(2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1)</li> <li>(3) Remove 4 fan grille fixing screws (5 x 12) to detach the fan grille. (See Photo 1)</li> <li>(4) Remove a nut (for right handed screw of M6) to detach the propeller. (See Photo 2.)</li> <li>(5) Disconnect the connectors, CNF1 and CNF2 on outdoor multi controller circuit board in electrical parts box.</li> <li>(6) Remove 4 fan motor fixing screws (5 x 20) to detach the fan motor. (See Photo 3)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Photo 2 Propeller Front panel	Photo 3 Fan motor fixing screws Fan motor fixing screws
<ul> <li>3. Removing the electrical parts box <ol> <li>Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1)</li> <li>Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1)</li> <li>Disconnect the connecting wire from terminal block.</li> </ol> </li> <li>(4) Remove all the following connectors from outdoor multi controller circuit board; <ol> <li>Diagram symbol in the connector housing&gt;</li> <li>Fan motor (CNF1, CNF2)</li> <li>Thermistor <hic pipe=""> (TH2)</hic></li> <li>Thermistor <compressor> (TH4)</compressor></li> <li>Thermistor <suction ambient,="" outdoor="" pipe=""> (TH6/7)</suction></li> <li>High pressure switch (63H)</li> <li>High pressure sensor (63HS)</li> <li>Low pressure sensor (63LS)</li> <li>4-way valve (21S4)</li> <li>Bypass valve (SV1)</li> </ol> </li> <li>Pull out the disconnected wire from the electrical parts box.</li> <li>(5) Remove the terminal cover and disconnect the compressor lead wire.</li> </ul>	Photo 4 Front panel fixing screws (5x12) Termina (TB1) Front panel fixing screws (4x10) Front panel fixing screws (5x12)	Electrical parts box al block Outdoor multi controller circuit board (MULTI.B) Terminal block (TB1B) Terminal block (TB3) (TB7) Valve bed fixing screws Valve bed Compressor (MC) Terminal cover Cover panel fixing screws

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PHOTOS	
Photo 9	
Photo 10	
4-way valve c (21S4)	
4-way valve	
fixing screw	

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OPERATING PROCEDURE	PHOTOS
<ol> <li>9. Removing bypass valve coil (SV1) and bypass valve         <ol> <li>(1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1)</li> <li>(2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1)</li> <li>(3) Remove 3 right side panel fixing screws (5 × 12) in the rear of the unit and remove the right side panel.</li> <li>(4) Remove the bypass valve coil fixing screw (M4 × 6).</li> <li>(5) Remove the bypass valve coil by sliding the coil upward.</li> <li>(6) Disconnect the connector SV1 (gray) on the multi controller circuit board in the electrical parts box.</li> <li>(7) Remove the electrical parts box. (See Photo 5)</li> <li>(8) Recover refrigerant.</li> <li>(9) Remove the welded part of bypass valve.</li> </ol></li> <li>Note 1: Recover refrigerant without spreading it in the air. Note 2: The welded part can be removed easily by removing the right side panel.</li> <li>Note3: When installing the bypass valve, cover it with a wet cloth to prevent it from heating (120°C or more), then braze the pipes so that the inside of pipes are not oxidized.</li> </ol>	Photo 11 Bypass valve coil fixing screw High pressure switch (63H) Electronic expansion valve coil (LEV-B) Electronic expansion valve Bypass valve Electronic expansion valve Bypass valve Low pressure sensor (63LS)
<ol> <li>Removing the high pressure switch (63H) and high pressure sensor (63HS)         <ol> <li>Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1)</li> <li>Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1)</li> <li>Remove 3 right side panel fixing screws (5 × 12) in the rear of the unit and remove the right side panel.</li> <li>Pull out the lead wire of high pressure switch and high pressure sensor.</li> <li>Remove the electrical parts box. (See Photo 5)</li> <li>Remove the welded part of high pressure switch and high pressure sensor.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Remove the welded part of high pressure switch and high pressure sensor.</li> <li>Note 1: Recover refrigerant without spreading it in the air. Note 2: The welded part can be removed easily by removing the right side panel.</li> </ol>	High pressure sensor (63HS)
<ul> <li>Note 3: when installing the high pressure switch and high pressure sensor, cover them with a wet cloth to prevent them from heating (100°C or more), then braze the pipes so that the inside of pipes are not oxidized.</li> <li>11. Removing the low pressure sensor (63LS) <ul> <li>(1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1)</li> <li>(2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1)</li> <li>(3) Remove 3 right side panel fixing screws (5 × 12) in the rear of the unit and remove the right side panel.</li> <li>(4) Disconnect the connector 63LS (blue) on the multi controller circuit board in the electrical parts box.</li> <li>(5) Remove the electrical parts box. (See Photo 5)</li> <li>(6) Recover refrigerant.</li> <li>(7) Remove the welded part of low pressure sensor.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Note 1: Recover refrigerant without spreading it in the air. Note 2: The welded part can be removed easily by removing the right side panel.</li> <li>Note 3: When installing the low pressure sensor, cover it with a wet cloth to prevent it from heating (100°C or more), then braze the pipes so that the inside of pipes are not oxidized.</li> </ul>	Photo 12
<ol> <li>Removing electrical expansion valve (LEV-A, LEV-B)         <ol> <li>Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1)</li> <li>Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1)</li> <li>Remove 3 right side panel fixing screws (5 × 12) in the rear of the unit and remove the right side panel.</li> <li>Remove the electrical expansion valve coil. (See Photo 11,12)</li> <li>Remove the electrical parts box. (See Photo 5)</li> <li>Recover refrigerant.</li> <li>Remove the welded part of electrical expansion valve.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>	





## CITY MULTI ™

## MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION

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