

SPLIT-TYPE, HEAT PUMP AIR CONDITIONERS



## March 2015

No. OCH574 REVISED EDITION-A

# **TECHNICAL & SERVICE MANUAL**

PAC-MK50BC

PAC-MK30BC

[Model Name] <Branch box> [Service Ref.]

PAC-MK50BC

PAC-MK30BC

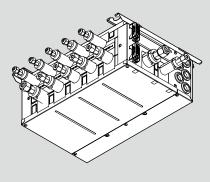
(Indispensable optional parts for PUMY-P112/125/140VKM1 and PUMY-P112/125/140YKM1) Revision:

- Corrected some errors in "7-1. HOW TO CHECK THE PARTS" in REVISED EDITION-A.
- Some descriptions have been
- modified.

Please void OCH574.

Note:

 This service manual describes technical data of branch box. As for indoor units and outdoor unit, refer to its service manual.



**BRANCH BOX** 

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PARTS CATALOG (OCB574)

## SAFETY PRECAUTION

### 1-1. ALWAYS OBSERVE FOR SAFETY

Before obtaining access to terminal, all supply circuit must be disconnected.

## **1-2. CAUTIONS RELATED TO NEW REFRIGERANT**

Cautions for units utilizing refrigerant R410A

### Use new refrigerant pipes.

1

Make sure that the inside and outside of refrigerant piping is clean and it has no contaminants such as sulfur, oxides, dirt, shaving particles, etc, which are hazard to refrigerant cycle. In addition, use pipes with specified thickness.

Contamination inside refrigerant piping can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil, etc.

Store the piping indoors, and both ends of the piping sealed until just before brazing. (Leave elbow joints, etc. in their packaging.)

If dirt, dust or moisture enters into refrigerant cycle, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil or malfunction of compressor.

### The refrigerant oil applied to flare and flange connections must be ester oil, ether oil or alkylbenzene oil in a small amount.

If large amount of mineral oil enters, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil, etc.

## Charge refrigerant from liquid phase of gas cylinder.

If the refrigerant is charged from gas phase, composition change may occur in refrigerant and the efficiency will be lowered.

### Use the specified refrigerant only.

### Never use any refrigerant other than that specified. Doing so may cause a burst, an explosion, or fire when the

unit is being used, serviced, or disposed of. Correct refrigerant is specified in the manuals and on the spec labels provided with our products.

We will not be held responsible for mechanical failure, system malfunction, unit breakdown or accidents caused

by failure to follow the instructions.

### Do not use refrigerant other than R410A.

If other refrigerant (R22, etc.) is used, chlorine in refrigerant can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil, etc.

## Use a vacuum pump with a reverse flow check valve.

Vacuum pump oil may flow back into refrigerant cycle and that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil, etc.

## Use the following tools specifically designed for use with R410A refrigerant.

The following tools are necessary to use R410A refrigerant.

Tools for R410A				
Gauge manifold	Flare tool			
Charge hose	Size adjustment gauge			
Gas leak detector	Vacuum pump adaptor			
Torque wrench	Electronic refrigerant			
	charging scale			

### Handle tools with care.

If dirt, dust or moisture enters into refrigerant cycle, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil or malfunction of compressor.

### Do not use a charging cylinder.

If a charging cylinder is used, the composition of refrigerant will change and the efficiency will be lowered.

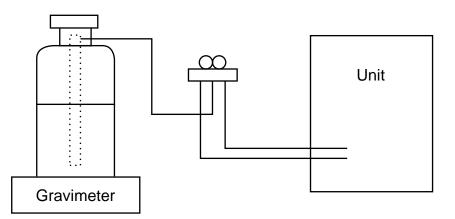
Ventilate the room if refrigerant leaks during operation. If refrigerant comes into contact with a flame, poisonous gases will be released.

## [1] Cautions for service

- (1) Perform service after recovering the refrigerant left in unit completely.
- (2) Do not release refrigerant in the air.
- (3) After completing service, charge the cycle with specified amount of refrigerant.
- (4) When performing service, install a filter drier simultaneously.
  - Be sure to use a filter drier for new refrigerant.

### [2] Additional refrigerant charge

- When charging directly from cylinder
- $\cdot$  Check that cylinder for R410A on the market is a syphon type.
- · Charging should be performed with the cylinder of syphon stood vertically. (Refrigerant is charged from liquid phase.)



## [3] Service tools

(1) Use the below service tools as exclusive tools for R410A refrigerant.

No.	Tool name	Specifications
		· Only for R410A
1	Gauge manifold	· Use the existing fitting specifications. (UNF1/2)
		· Use high-tension side pressure of 5.3MPa·G or over.
	Charge base	· Only for R410A
C	② Charge hose	· Use pressure performance of 5.09MPa·G or over.
3	Electronic scale	
(4)	Gas leak detector	· Use the detector for R134a, R407C or R410A.
5	Adaptor for reverse flow check	· Attach on vacuum pump.
6	Refrigerant charge base	
		· Only for R410A · Top of cylinder (Pink)
0	Refrigerant cylinder	· Cylinder with syphon
8	Refrigerant recovery equipment	

#### (2) Cautions for refrigerant piping work

New refrigerant R410A is adopted for replacement inverter series. Although the refrigerant piping work for R410A is same as for R22, exclusive tools are necessary so as not to mix with different kind of refrigerant. Furthermore as the working pressure of R410A is 1.6 times higher than that of R22, their sizes of flared sections and flare nuts are different.

#### ① Thickness of pipes

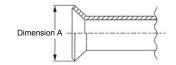
Because the working pressure of R410A is higher compared to R22, be sure to use refrigerant piping with thickness shown below. (Never use pipes of 0.7 mm or below.)

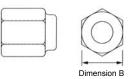
Nominal	Outside	Thickne	ss (mm)
dimensions (in)	diameter (mm)	R410A	R22
1/4	6.35	0.8	0.8
3/8	9.52	0.8	0.8
1/2	12.70	0.8	0.8
5/8	15.88	1.0	1.0
3/4	19.05	—	1.0

Diagram below: Piping diameter and thickness

#### 2 Dimensions of flare cutting and flare nut

The component molecules in HFC refrigerant are smaller compared to conventional refrigerants. In addition to that, R410A is a refrigerant, which has higher risk of leakage because of its working pressure higher than that of other refrigerants. Therefore, to enhance airtightness and strength, flare cutting dimension of copper pipe for R410A has been specified separately from the dimensions for other refrigerants as shown below. The dimension B of flare nut for R410A also has partly been changed to increase strength as shown below. Set copper pipe correctly referring to copper pipe flaring dimensions for R410A below. For 1/2" and 5/8" inch pipes, the dimension B changes. Use torque wrench corresponding to each dimension.





Flare cutting dimensions

Nominal	Outside	Dimension	A ( +0				
dimensions (in)	diameter (mm)	R410A	R22				
1/4	6.35	9.1	9.0				
3/8	9.52	13.2	13.0				
1/2	12.70	16.6	16.2				
5/8	15.88	19.7	19.4				
3/4	19.05	—	23.3				

Flare nut dimensions

Nominal	Outside	Dimen	sion B (mm)				
dimensions (in)	diameter (mm)	R410A	R22				
1/4	6.35	17.0	17.0				
3/8	9.52	22.0	22.0				
1/2	12.70	26.0	24.0				
5/8	15.88	29.0	27.0				
3/4	19.05	—	36.0				

③ Tools for R410A (The following table shows whether conventional tools can be used or not.)

Tools and materials	Use	R410A tools	Can R22 tools be used?	Can R407C tools be used?
Gauge manifold	Air purge, refrigerant charge	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Charge hose	and operation check	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Gas leak detector	Gas leak check	Tool for HFC refrigerant	×	0
Refrigerant recovery equipment	Refrigerant recovery	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Refrigerant cylinder	Refrigerant charge	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Applied oil	Apply to flared section	Ester oil and alkylbenzene oil (minimum amount)	×	Ester oil: O Alkylbenzene oil: minimum amount
Safety charger	Prevent compressor malfunction when charging refrigerant by spraying liquid refrigerant	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Charge valve	Prevent gas from blowing out when detaching charge hose	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Vacuum pump	Vacuum drying and air purge	Tools for other refrigerants can be used if equipped with adop- ter for reverse flow check	△ (Usable if equipped with adopter for rever- se flow)	△ (Usable if equipped with adopter for rever- se flow)
Flare tool	Flaring work of piping	Tools for other refrigerants can be used by adjusting flaring dimension	△ (Usable by adjusting flaring dimension)	△ (Usable by adjusting flaring dimension)
Bender	Bend the pipes	Tools for other refrigerants can be used		0
Pipe cutter	Cut the pipes	Tools for other refrigerants can be used	0	0
Welder and nitrogen gas cylinder	Weld the pipes	Tools for other refrigerants can be used		0
Refrigerant charging scale	Refrigerant charge	Tools for other refrigerants can be used	0	0
Vacuum gauge or thermis-	Check the degree of vacuum. (Vacuum	Tools for other refrigerants	0	0
tor vacuum gauge and	valve prevents back flow of oil and refri-	can be used		
vacuum valve	gerant to thermistor vacuum gauge)			
Charging cylinder	Refrigerant charge	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	—

 $\times$  : Prepare a new tool. (Use the new tool as the tool exclusive for R410A.)

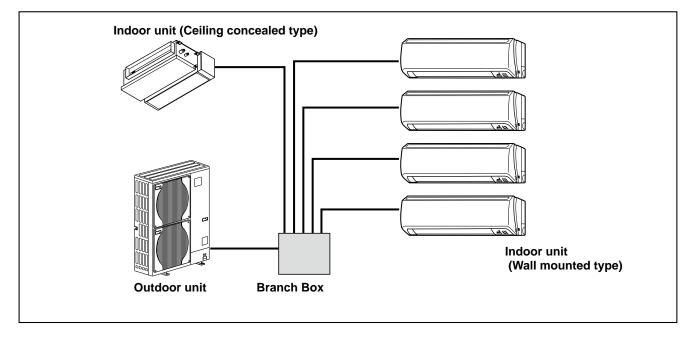
 $\triangle$  : Tools for other refrigerants can be used under certain conditions.

○ : Tools for other refrigerants can be used.

## 2-1. SYSTEM OUTLINE

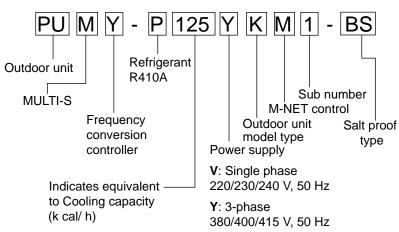
The additional connection of the Branch Box together with employment of the compact trunk-looking outdoor unit can successfully realizes a long distance piping for big houses. Equipped with a microprocessor, the Branch Box can translate the transmission signal of indoor units to achieve the optimum control.

### 2-1-1. System example

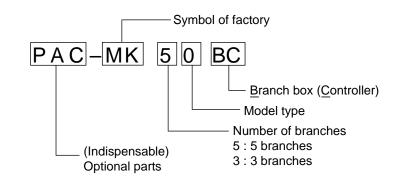


### 2-1-2. Method for identifying

Outdoor unit



### Branch box



## 2-2. INSTALLATION

### 2-2-1. Space required for Installation and servicing for Branch box.

- (1) Front View (Fig. 2-1)
- A Branch box
- B On the side of piping

(2) Side View (Fig. 2-2, Fig. 2-3)

- © For indoor installations
- O Ceiling board
- © Maintenance hole

\*1: A minimum 350 mm is required for 90° bends in refrigerant piping.

\*2: A is "Min. 200 mm".

In the case of less than 200 mm (for example A is 100 mm), the exchange work of Branch box from a maintenance hole becomes difficult (Only exchange work of a PCB, linear expansion valve coils and sensors is possible).

In the case of "  $\Box$  450", prepare a maintenance hole at a PCB side as it is shown in Fig. 2-3, and "Min. 300 mm" is needed as distance  $\triangle$ .

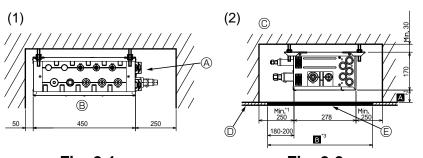
In the case of less than 300 mm (for example A is 100 mm), the exchange work of Branch box, linear expansion valve coils and sensors from a maintenance hole becomes difficult. Only exchange work of a PCB is possible.

### (3) Top View (Fig. 2-4)

© Refrigerant piping

NOTE1: The branch box is only for indoor use.

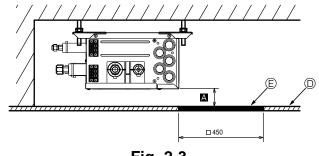
NOTE2: Please attach the special optional cover (PAC-AK350CVR-E) to install branch box in the outdoors.



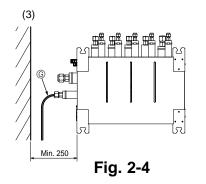
unit : mm











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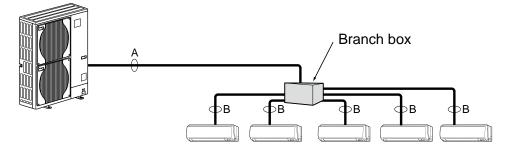
## 2-3. SIMPLIFIED PIPING SYSTEM

### Piping connection size

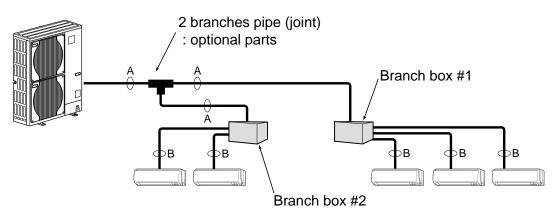
		Α	В
Liquid	(mm)	ø9.52	The piping connection size differs according to the type and capacity of indoor units. Match the piping connection size of branch box with indoor unit.
Gas	(mm)	¢15.88	If the piping connection size of branch box does not match the piping connection size of indoor unit, use optional different-diameter (deformed) joints to the branch box side. (Connect deformed joint directly to the branch box side.)

## Flare connection employed. (No brazing!)

### In case of using 1-branch box Flare connection employed (No brazing)



### In case of using 2-branch boxes



Installation procedure (2 branch pipe (joint))
 Refer to the installation manuals of MSDD-50AR-E and MSDD-50BR-E.

## SPECIFICATIONS

## PAC-MK50BC PAC-MK30BC

3

Model Name					PAC-MK50BC	PAC-MK30BC	
Connectable number of indoor units					Maximum 5 Maximum 3		
Power supply	y (from	outdoor unit)			Single phase, 220/230/240V, 50H	Hz, Single phase, 220V, 60Hz	
Input				kW	0.00	3	
Running curi	ent			A	0.05 (Ma	ax. 6)	
External finis	sh				Galvanized	d sheets	
Dimensions		Width		mm	450		
		Depth		mm	280		
		Height		mm	170		
Weight				kg	7.4 6.7		
Dining	Branch (indoor side)*		Liquid	mm	Ø6.35 × 5 {A,B,C,D,E}	Ø6.35 × 3 {A,B,C}	
Piping Branch connection			Gas	mm	φ9.52 × 4 {A,B,C,D}, φ12.7 × 1{E}	Ø9.52 × 3 {A,B,C}	
(Flare)	Main	(outdoor side)	Liquid	mm	φ9.52		
(1 1010)			Gas	mm	φ <sup>1</sup> 5.88		

\* The piping connection size differs according to the type and capacity of indoor units. Match the piping connection size for indoor and branch box. If the piping connection size of branch box does not match the piping connection size of indoor units, use optional different-diameter (deformed) joints to the branch box side. (Connect deformed joint directly to the branch box side.)

## **OUTLINES AND DIMENSIONS**

## PAC-MK50BC

4

unit: mm



67

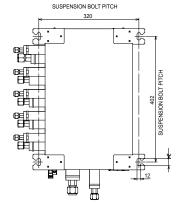
	A	В	С	D	E	TO OUTDOOR UNIT	
LIQUID PIPE	1/4F	1/4F	1/4F	1/4F	1/4F	3/8F	
GAS PIPE	3/8F	3/8F	3/8F	3/8F	1/2F	5/8F	

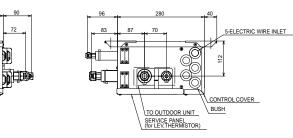
450

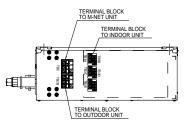
TO INDOOR UNIT

72

ÐØ





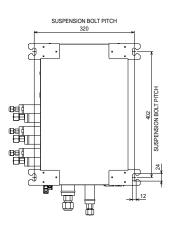


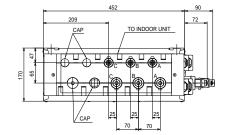
## PAC-MK30BC

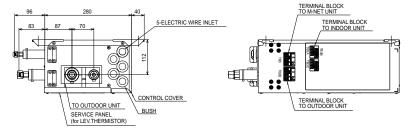
170 65

SUSPENSION BOLT : W3/8(M10)
REFRIGERANT PIPE FLARED CONNECTION

	A	В	С	TO OUTDOOR UNIT
LIQUID PIPE	1/4F	1/4F	1/4F	3/8F
GAS PIPE	3/8F	3/8F	3/8F	5/8F







OFF ON NOT CONNECT CONNECT NOT CONNECT CONNECT NOT CONNECT CONNECT NOT CONNECT CONNECT

NOT CONNECT CONNECT

#### PAC-MK50BC PAC-MK30BC

5

\*1 SW1 setting

SW1-4

SW1-6 NO USE

INDOOR UNIT-A INDOOR UNIT-B

W1-2 INDOOR UNIT-D W1-3 INDOOR UNIT-C W1-4 INDOOR UNIT-D W1-5 INDOOR UNIT-E

Note : " PAC - MK30 · 50BC " is only for R410A.

NAME
Branch box controller board
Fuse <t6.3al 250v=""></t6.3al>
Fuse <t10al 250v=""></t10al>
Switch for indoor unit connection *1
Switch for mode selection
Not in use
Connector <connection for="" service=""></connection>
Light emitting diode *2
Linear expansion valve *3
Thermistor <gas pipe=""> *3</gas>
Terminal block <to power="" supply=""></to>
Terminal block < Transmission >
Terminal block To indoor unit-A~E *3
Address Setting 1s DIGIT
Address Setting 10ths DIGIT

<Note>

start-up

Mark

LED 1

LED 2

PAC-MK

50BC only

Meaning

Main power supply

normal operating
 Mark Meaning

- 1. At servicing for outdoor unit, always follow the wiring diagram of outdoor unit.
- 2. When work to supply power separately to Branch box and outdoor units are applied, refer to Fig. 1.
- 3. For the connection method, please refer to the Branch box Installation Manual.

Function

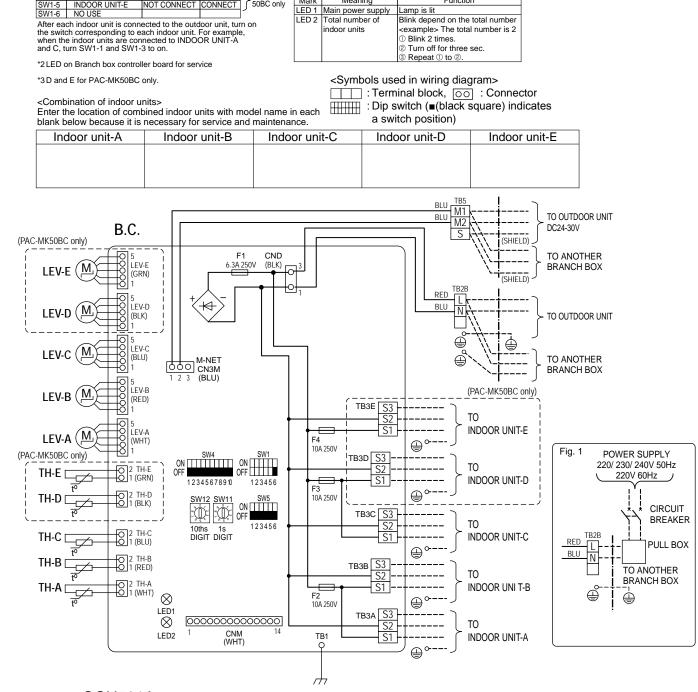
Main power supply (220/230/240V)

Function

Blink depend on the total number

Power on → Lamps are lit

amp is lit.

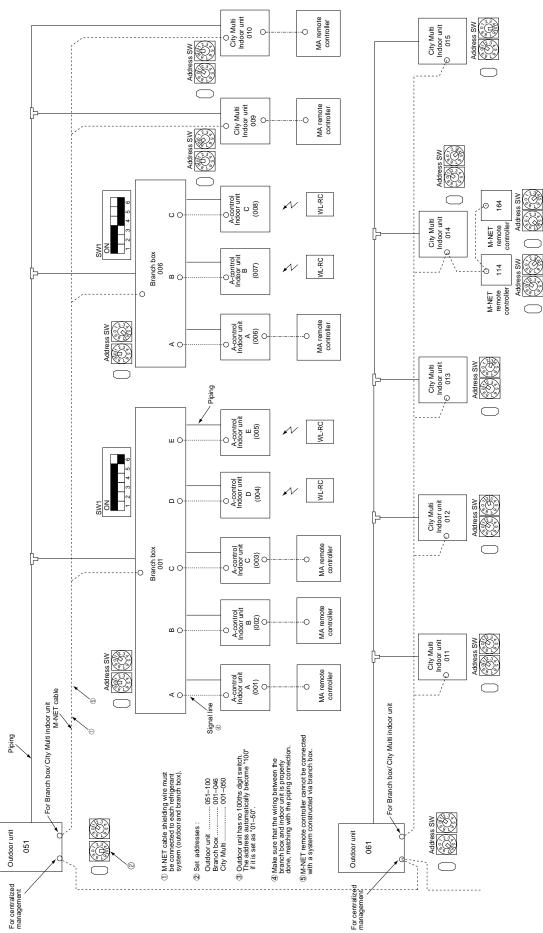


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6

## **NECESSARY CONDITIONS FOR SYSTEM CONSTRUCTION**

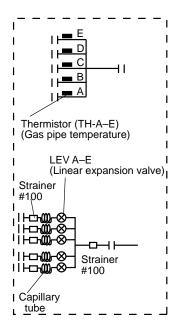
## 6-1. TRANSMISSION SYSTEM SETUP



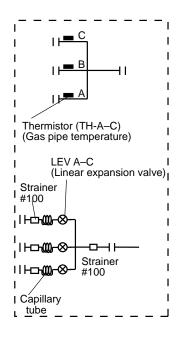
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## 6-2. REFRIGERANT SYSTEM DIAGRAM

## ■ PAC-MK50BC



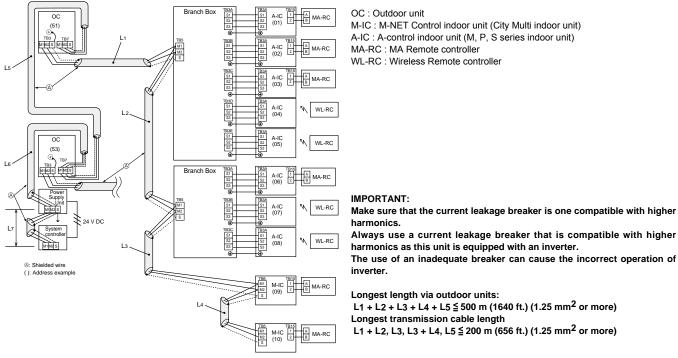
■ PAC-MK30BC



unit : mm

		Capillary tube behind LEV (in cooling mode)
Branch hav	PAC-MK50BC	$(\phi 4 \times \phi 3.0 \times L130) \times 5$
Branch box	PAC-MK30BC	$(\phi 4 \times \phi 3.0 \times L130) \times 3$

## 6-3. TYPICAL CONTROL SYSTEM



### (1) Difference between display and operation

- ① When operating the system using the system controller or the ME remote controller, details of those operations will not appear on the display of the wireless remote controller.
- ② The set temperature range is different in the wireless remote controller that comes with room air conditioner, and the ME remote controller or the system controller. The room air conditioner has a wider range. If the target temperature is set to below 17°C [63°F] or less, or 30°C [86°F] or more by the wireless remote controller that comes with room air conditioner, the temperature displayed on the ME remote controller or the system controller may be converted to their maximum/minimum set temperature. For instance, when HEAT operation at 16°C [61°F] is set at the room air conditioner, the ME remote controller may display 17°C [63°F].
- ③ When the DRY mode is set with the wireless remote controller, the room air conditioner automatically set the optimum target temperature. The ME remote controller or the system controller will display the target temperature as a set temperature.
- ④ When the DRY mode is set with the ME remote controller, or the system controller, the room air conditioner performs the DRY mode control operation according to the temperature set with the ME remote controller or the system controller.

### (2) Timer operation

- ① Timer operation should be set using only one controller from the remote controller that comes with the room air conditioner, the system controller, the MA remote controller, or the ME remote controller. If more than one controller is used to set the timer at the same time, the timer will not function properly.
- ② When the timer is set with the wireless remote controller; the ME remote controller or the system controller will not show the timer display.
- ③ The timer set with the ME remote controller or the system controller will not be cancelled with the wireless remote controller.

### (3) Manual operation prohibition

When the manual operation (ON/OFF, set temperature, or operation mode) is prohibited with the system controller, the command to perform the prohibited operation will not be accepted from the wireless remote controller that comes with the room air conditioner. The operation partially enabled by the system controller can be operated with the wireless remote controller. Regardless of whether the operation is disabled or enabled, three short beeps will sound when the signal is sent from the wireless remote controller.

#### (4) Trouble

① If the MA remote controller, the ME remote controller, or the system controller shows the abnormal indication, clear it by stopping the operation with one of the followings: the MA remote controller, the ME remote controller, the system controller, or the wireless remote controller.

(Abnormal indication of the air conditioner could be recovered automatically, but that of the MA remote controller, the ME remote controller, or the system controller cannot be recovered unless the operation is stopped.)

### (5) Group setting

① MA group or M-NET group setting cannot be set.

### (6) Restricted functions

The following functions of system controller cannot be used.

- DIDO controller (Interlock with the air conditioner)
- Fan control of energy saving control or peak cut control function
- Air conditioning charge [TG-2000A]
- Set temperature range limiting function
- Operation mode changeover limit (season changing) [PAC-SF44SRA]
- Dual set point function



## 7-1. HOW TO CHECK THE PARTS BRANCH BOX : PAC-MK50BC

7

## PAC-MK30BC

Parts name		Check points			
Thermistor (TH-A–E) <gas pipe=""></gas>	Disconnect the connector the (At the ambient temperature				
	Normal		Abnormal		
	4.3 to 9.6kΩ	C	Open or short		
Linear expansion valve ( LEV-A–E )	Disconnect the connector the (Winding temperature 20°C)		with a tester.		
M B Red 1 Blue 2 Orange 3	Red - White Red - Orange R 46 ± 4		Open or short		
Yellow 4 White 5					

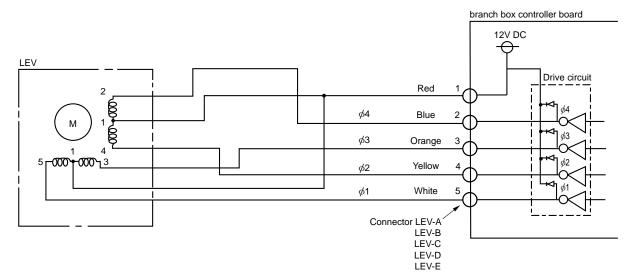
### Linear expansion valve (LEV) in Branch box

### (1) Operation summary of the linear expansion valve

• Linear expansion valve open/close through stepping motor after receiving the pulse signal from the branch box controller board.

• Valve position can be changed in proportion to the number of pulse signal.

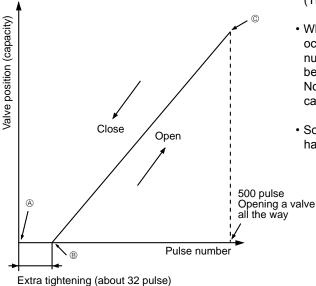
<Connection between the branch box controller board and the linear expansion valve>



### <Output pulse signal and the valve operation>

Output (Phase)				Out	tput			
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
ø1	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON
<i>ø</i> 2	OFF	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
<i>ø</i> 3	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF
<i>ø</i> 4	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON

#### (2) Linear expansion valve operation



Opening a valve :  $8 \rightarrow 7 \rightarrow 6 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 8$ Closing a valve :  $1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 6 \rightarrow 7 \rightarrow 8 \rightarrow 1$ The output pulse shifts in above order.

- When linear expansion valve operation stops, all output phases become OFF.
- When the switch is turned on, 700 pulse closing valve signal will be sent till it goes to 

   point in order to define the valve position. (The pulse signal is being sent for about 20 seconds.)

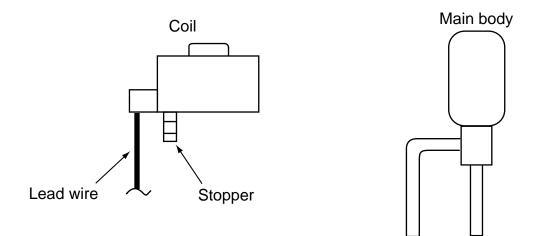
No sound is heard when the pulse number moves from B to B in case coil is burnt out or motor is locked by open-phase.

• Sound can be detected by placing the ear against the screw driver handle while putting the screw driver to the linear expansion valve.

## (3) How to attach and detach the coil of linear expansion valve

<Composition>

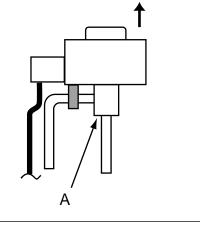
Linear expansion valve is separable into the main body and the coil as shown in the diagram below.



### <How to detach the coil>

Hold the lower part of the main body (shown as A) firmly so that the main body does not move and detach the coil by pulling it upward.

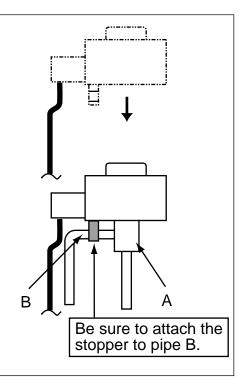
Be sure to detach the coil holding main body firmly. Otherwise pipes can bend due to pressure.



### <How to attach the coil>

Hold the lower part of the main body (shown as A) firmly so that the main body does not move and attach the coil by inserting it downward into the main body. Then securely attach the coil stopper to pipe B. (At this time, be careful that stress is not added to lead wire and main body is not wound by lead wire.) If the stopper is not firmly attached to pipe B, coil may be detached from the main body and that can cause defective operation of linear expansion valve.

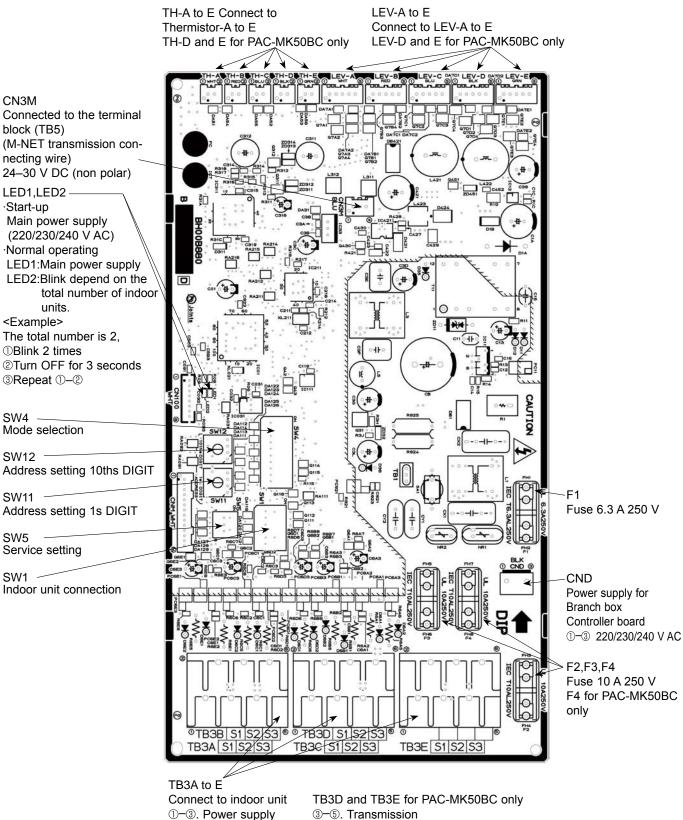
To prevent piping stress, be sure to attach the coil holding the main body of linear expansion valve firmly. Otherwise pipe may break.



### Troubleshooting

Problem	Check point	Corrective measure
Locked expansion valve	If the linear expansion valve becomes locked and the motor is still operating, the motor will emit a clicking noise and will not function. This clicking noise indicates an abnormality.	Replace the linear expansion valve.
Short circuit or broken circuit in expansion valve motor coil	Use an all-purpose electrical meter to measure the resistance between the different coils (red-white, red-orange, brown-yellow, brown-blue). Normal resistance is within a range of $46\Omega \pm 4\%$ .	Replace the linear expansion valve.
Valve does not close completely.	In order to check the linear expansion valve, operate 1 indoor unit in the fan mode and another in the cooling mode. Then, use the outdoor multi controller board to operate the monitor and check the pipe temperature of the indoor unit. The linear expansion valve should be fully closed when the fan is operating. The temperature measured by the temperature sensor will drop if there is any leakage. If the measured temperature is significantly lower than that on the remote controller, this indicates that the valve is not closed. It is not necessary to replace the linear expansion valve if the leak of refrigerant is small and does not cause a malfunction.	Replace the linear expansion valve if there is a major leak of refrigerant.
Incorrect connection or connection failure	<ol> <li>Check improperly connected connector terminals and the wire colors.</li> <li>Remove the connector on the controller board side and check electrical conductance.</li> </ol>	Continuity check of wrong part

#### 7-2. TEST POINT DIAGRAM Branch box controller board PAC-MK50BC PAC-MK30BC



2-4 220/230/240 V AC 4-6 0-24 V DC

Th	e l	black square	e (∎) indicates	a sv	vit	ch p	osition.			1
Additional Information		Ι	After each indoor unit is connected to the outdoor unit, turn ON the switch corresponding to each indoor unit. For example, when the indoor units are connected to INDOOR UNIT-A and C, turn SW1-1 and SW1-3 to ON.			I		1	Ι	
Ramarke		clinitial settings> swr1 swr1 swr1 swr1 swr1 swr1 swr1 swr1	<pre><li><li><li><li><li><li><li><li><li><li< td=""><td><li>clnitial settings&gt;</li></td><td></td><td>OFF 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10</td><td></td><td>I</td><td><pre><li></li></pre><li></li></td></li<></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></pre> <li><li><li><li><li><li><li><li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li>	<li>clnitial settings&gt;</li>		OFF 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10		I	<pre><li></li></pre> <li></li>	
vitch Setting	When to Set	Before turning the power ON	Before turning the power ON	Before turning the power ON	Set at factory only		Before turning the power ON	I	Can be activated at any time	
Operation in Each Switch Setting	OFF	How to set addresses Example: if address is "3", remain SW12 (for over 10) at "0", and match SW11 (for 1 to 9) with "3".		Celsius temperature	V 240 V	Continued operation	Active	1	Refer to "7-4. BRANCH BOX UNIT OPERATION MONITOR FUNCTION".	
dO	NO	esses ress is "3", re and match S\	CONNECT CONNECT CONNECT CONNECT CONNECT CONNECT CONNECT	Fahrenheit temperature	220 or 230 V	Stop operation	Inactive	1	Refer to BOX UNI MONITO	
Eurotion		SW12 SW11	OFF SW1-1 INDOOR UNIT-A NOT CONNECT SW1-2 INDOOR UNIT-B NOT CONNECT SW1-3 INDOOR UNIT-C NOT CONNECT SW1-4*** INDOOR UNIT-C NOT CONNECT SW1-6************************************	Change temperature indication	Power-supply voltage setting	Change operation if M-NET communication error occurs.	Automatic restoration when the power comes back ON.*2	1	Change INDOOR UNIT No. for monitoring	*1 DAC MINEODC CON.
Ctan		Rotary switch	1-5	-	7	с	4	5-10	1-3	
Switch	CWICI	SWU11 Ones digit address setting SW12 Tens digit address setting	SW1 Indoor unit connection			SW4 Mode	selection	-	SW5 Service setting	*

## 7-3. INTERNAL SWITCH FUNCTION TABLE

\*1 PAC-MK50BC only \*2 Note that the automatic restoration starts after the unit has stopped once.

## 7-4. BRANCH BOX UNIT OPERATION MONITOR FUNCTION

Operation indicator:

• SW2 - Use to set the displayed item • SW5 - Use to set the displayed unit

### <Branch box unit operation monitor function>

[When option part 'A-Control Service Tool (PAC-SK52ST)' is connected to branch box controller board (CNM)]

Digital indicator LED1 displays 2 digit number or code to inform operation condition and the meaning of check code by controlling DIP SW2 on 'A-Control Service Tool'.

## <Table1> SW5 setting The black square (•) indicates a switch position.

SW5 setting	Detail
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Common
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Indoor-A
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Indoor-B
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Indoor-C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Indoor-D
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Indoor-E

#### Tabla2. Eu . . . ! .

Table2> Functions The black square (=) indicates a switch posi-				
SW2 setting	SW5 setting*1	Display detail	Explanation for display	Unit
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Common	Status of branch box	During start-up $ \begin{array}{ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
			During error detection Displays a check code, and M-NET address of the unit which the check code was detected. Example: If the check code 2520 is detected in the address3, 0.5  s $0.5  s$ $2.0  s0.3 \rightarrow 25 \rightarrow 20 \rightarrow \square$	
			During no power supply         F8         Other         Displays the number of units in operation.         0 to 5	
	Individual unit	Status of branch box	During start-up         0.5 s       0.5 s         □ - → -□         During error detection         Displays a check code, and M-NET address of the selected unit.         During no power supply         F8         Other         Displays an operation mode of the selected unit.         0: Stop         C: Cool/ Dry         H: Heat         d: Defrost	

\*1 Refer to the <Table 1> for the appropriate setting for the function.

The black square (■) indicates a switch position.

			The black square (■) indicates a switch p	0311011.
SW2 setting	SW5 setting*1	Display detail	Explanation for display	Unit
ON	Common	Not used	—	_
	Individual unit	Actual opening pulse of LEV (Direct-operated conversion value) 0 to 500	0 to 500 (When it is 100 pulse or more, it displays a hundredth, tens, and ones digit by turns.) Example: When 150 pulse, 0.5 s 0.5 s 2.0 s $1 \rightarrow 50 \rightarrow \Box$	Pulse
ON	Common	Not used	_	_
	Individual unit	Error history	Displays a check code, and M-NET address of the unit which the check code was detected. Example:	
			If the check code 2520 is detected in the address3, 0.5 s 0.5 s 0.5 s 2.0 s	Code display
			$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
ON	Common	The number of unit (s) operating in Thermo-ON	0 to 5	Number
123456	Individual unit	Operating status of unit	<ul> <li>83: Abnormal</li> <li>00: Stop</li> <li>06: Forced stop</li> <li>0C: Defrost</li> <li>29: Hot adjust mode</li> <li>05: Standby mode</li> <li>2A: Auxiliary heater is ON.</li> <li>0A: Thermo-ON</li> <li>01: In operation</li> </ul>	Code display
	Common	The number of indoor unit (s) connected to this branch box.	0 to 5	Number
123456	Individual unit	M-NET address	00 to FF Displays an M-NET address of the selected unit.	Code display
ON	Common	Not used		
1 2 3 4 5 6	Individual unit	Capacity setting in Qj	03 to 50	Code display
ON	Common	Not used		
1 2 3 4 5 6	Individual unit	Indoor thermistor <pipe <br="" temperature="">liquid&gt; (TH2)</pipe>	-39 to 88 [-38 to 190] (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "-" and temperature are displayed by turns.) Example: When $-5^{\circ}$ C, 0.5 s 0.5 s 2.0 s 	°C [°F]*2

 $^{*1}$  Refer to the <Table 1> for the appropriate setting for the function.

 $^{*2}$ SW4-1 OFF =  $^{\circ}$ C , ON =  $^{\circ}$ F

SW2 setting	SW5 setting*1	Display detail	Explanation for display	Unit
0 <u>N</u>	Common	Not used	_	_
1 2 3 4 5 6	Individual unit	Indoor thermistor <pipe <br="" temperature="">2-phase&gt; (TH5)</pipe>	-39 to 88 [-38 to 190] (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "-" and temperature are displayed by turns.) Example: When -5°C, 0.5 s 0.5 s 2.0 s -□ →□5 → □□ t	°C [°F]*²
ON	Common	Not used		_
1 2 3 4 5 6	Individual unit	Branch box pipe thermistor (TH-A, B, C, D, E)	-42 to 91 [-43 to 196] (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "-" and temperature are displayed by turns.) Example: When $-5^{\circ}C$ , 0.5 s 0.5 s 2.0 s $-\Box \rightarrow \Box 5 \rightarrow \Box \Box$	°C [°F]*2
ON	Common	Not used		_
1 2 3 4 5 6	Individual unit	Indoor thermistor <room temperature=""> (TH1)</room>	8 to 39 [43 to 102]	°C [°F]*2
ON	Common	Not used	_	_
1 2 3 4 5 6	Individual unit	Set temperature of indoor unit	16 to 31 [61 to 88]	℃ [°F]*²
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Common Individual unit	S/W version	Displays a S/W version number. Example: If it is a ver. 12.34, 0.5  s $0.5  s$ $2.0  s12 \rightarrow 34 \rightarrow \square$	Code display
ON	Common	Not used		
1 2 3 4 5 6	Individual unit	LEV opening pulse (gear operated value)	0 to 2000	Pulse
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Common Individual unit	S/W ROM check sum	0000 to FFFF Example: If it is 0BC9h, 0.5  s  0.5  s  2.0  s $0b \rightarrow C9 \rightarrow \square$	Code display

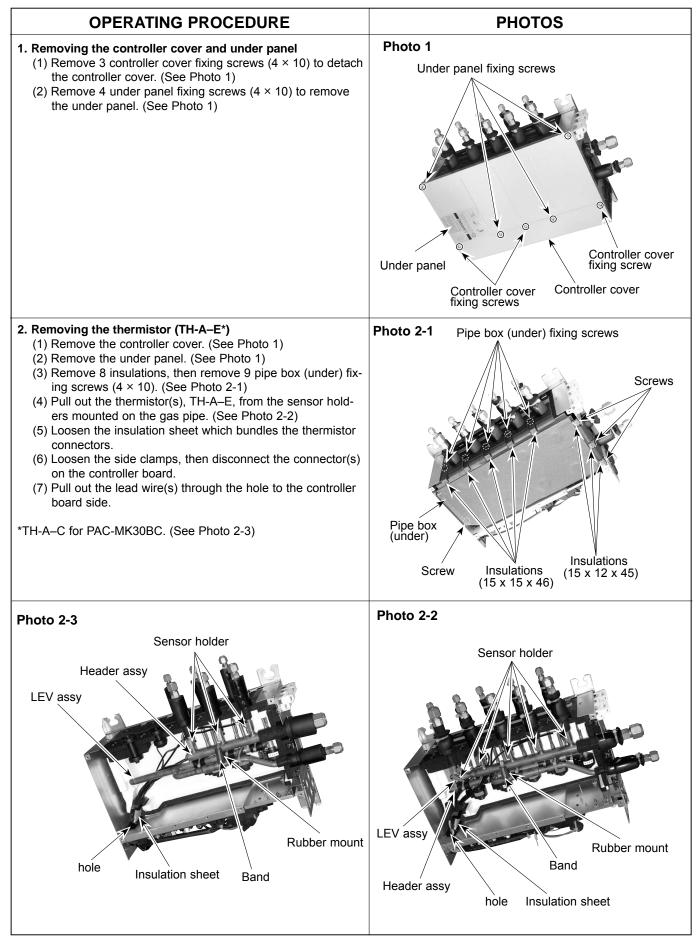
\*1 Refer to the <Table 1> for the appropriate setting for the function.

 $^{*2}$ SW4-1 OFF = °C , ON = °F

## BRANCH BOX : PAC-MK50BC PAC-MK30BC

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### PHOTO: PAC-MK50BC



## **OPERATING PROCEDURE**

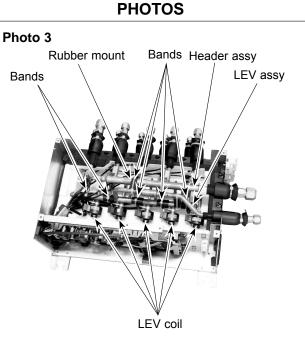
- 3. Removing the LEV coil (LEV-A-E\*)
  - (1) Remove the controller cover. (See Photo 1)
  - (2) Remove the under cover. (See Photo 1)
  - (3) Remove 8 insulations, then remove 9 pipe cover fixing screws (4 x 10). (See Photo 2-1)
  - (4) Cut the bands that fixes the lead wire, then pull out the LEV coil(s) (LEV-A–E\*). (See Photo 3)
  - (5) Loosen the insulation sheet which bundles the LEV lead wires.
  - (6) Loosen the side clamps, then disconnect the connector(s) on the controller board.
  - (7) Pull out the lead wire(s) through the hole to the controller board side.

(See Photo 2-2 or 2-3)

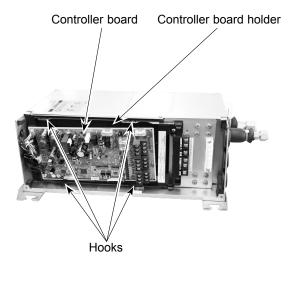
\*LEV-A–C for PAC-MK30BC. (See Photo 2-3)

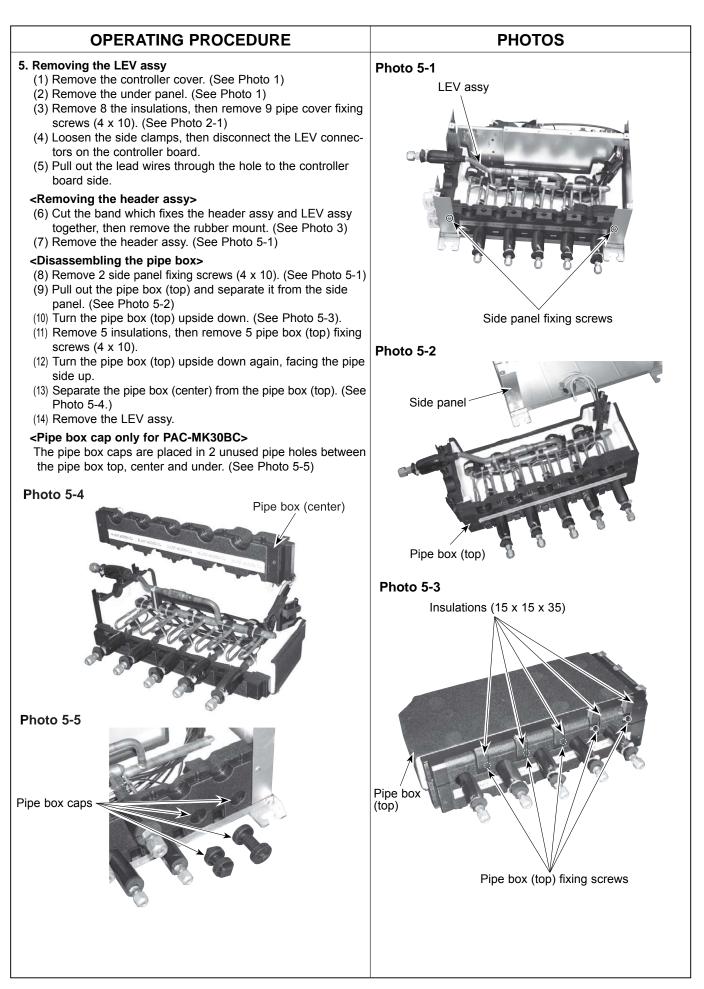
### 4. Removing the controller board

- (1) Remove the controller cover. (See Photo 1)
- (2) Loosen the side clamps, then disconnect the connectors on the controller board.
- (3) Pick an upper edge of the controller board, then pull forward. The controller board is fixed to the controller board holder with 4 hooks. (See Photo 4)
- (4) Remove the controller board from the controller board holder.



### Photo 4





OCH531A

## MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION

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