

SPLIT-TYPE, HEAT PUMP AIR CONDITIONERS



March 2018

No. OCH664

# **TECHNICAL & SERVICE MANUAL**

[Model Name] <Branch box>

PAC-MK53BC

PAC-MK53BCB

PAC-MK33BC

PAC-MK33BCB

[Service Ref.]

PAC-MK53BC

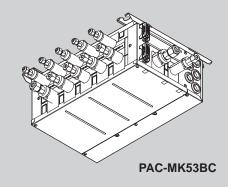
PAC-MK53BCB

PAC-MK33BC

PAC-MK33BCB

#### Note:

 This service manual describes technical data of branch box. As for indoor units and outdoor unit, refer to its service manual.



**BRANCH BOX** 

## **CONTENTS**

1. SAFETY PRECAUTION	2
2. OVERVIEW OF UNIT	5
3. SPECIFICATIONS	9
4. OUTLINES AND DIMENSIONS	10
5. WIRING DIAGRAM	12
6. NECESSARY CONDITIONS FOR SYSTEM CONSTRUCTION	13
7. TROUBLESHOOTING	17
8 DISASSEMBLY PROCEDURE	26

PARTS CATALOG (OCB664)

# SAFETY PRECAUTION

### 1-1. ALWAYS OBSERVE FOR SAFETY

Before obtaining access to terminal, all supply circuit must be disconnected.

### 1-2. CAUTIONS RELATED TO NEW REFRIGERANT

Cautions for units utilizing refrigerant R410A

Use new refrigerant pipes.

Make sure that the inside and outside of refrigerant piping is clean and it has no contaminants such as sulfur, oxides, dirt, shaving particles, etc, which are hazard to refrigerant cycle. In addition, use pipes with specified thickness.

Contamination inside refrigerant piping can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil, etc.

Store the piping indoors, and keep both ends of the piping sealed until just before brazing. (Leave elbow joints, etc. in their packaging.)

If dirt, dust or moisture enters into refrigerant cycle, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil or malfunction of compressor.

The refrigerant oil applied to flare and flange connections must be ester oil, ether oil or alkylbenzene oil in a small amount.

If large amount of mineral oil enters, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil, etc.

# Charge refrigerant from liquid phase of gas cylinder.

If the refrigerant is charged from gas phase, composition change may occur in refrigerant and the efficiency will be lowered.

### Use the specified refrigerant only.

Never use any refrigerant other than that specified.

Doing so may cause a burst, an explosion, or fire when the unit is being used, serviced, or disposed of.

Correct refrigerant is specified in the manuals and on the spec labels provided with our products.

We will not be held responsible for mechanical failure, system malfunction, unit breakdown or accidents caused by failure to follow the instructions.

# Do not use refrigerant other than R410A.

If other refrigerant (R22, etc.) is used, chlorine in refrigerant can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil, etc.

# Use a vacuum pump with a reverse flow check valve.

Vacuum pump oil may flow back into refrigerant cycle and that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil, etc.

# Use the following tools specifically designed for use with R410A refrigerant.

The following tools are necessary to use R410A refrigerant.

Tools for R410A					
Gauge manifold	Flare tool				
Charge hose	Size adjustment gauge				
Gas leak detector	Vacuum pump adaptor				
Torque wrench	Electronic refrigerant				
	charging scale				

#### Handle tools with care.

If dirt, dust or moisture enters into refrigerant cycle, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil or malfunction of compressor.

# Do not use a charging cylinder.

If a charging cylinder is used, the composition of refrigerant will change and the efficiency will be lowered.

Ventilate the room if refrigerant leaks during operation. If refrigerant comes into contact with a flame, poisonous gases will be released.

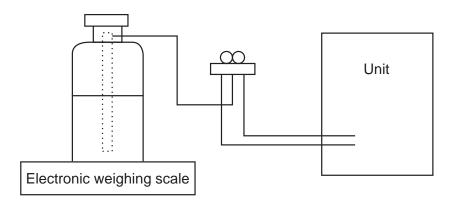
# [1] Cautions for service

- (1) Perform service after recovering the refrigerant left in unit completely.
- (2) Do not release refrigerant in the air.
- (3) After completing service, charge the cycle with specified amount of refrigerant.
- (4) If moisture or foreign matter might have entered the refrigerant piping during service, ensure to remove them.

# [2] Additional refrigerant charge

When charging directly from cylinder

- (1) Check that cylinder for R410A on the market is a syphon type.
- (2) Charging should be performed with the cylinder of syphon stood vertically. (Refrigerant is charged from liquid phase.)



# [3] Service tools

(1) Use the below service tools as exclusive tools for R410A refrigerant.

No.	Tool name	Specifications
		· Only for R410A
1	Gauge manifold	· Use the existing fitting specifications. (UNF1/2)
		· Use high-tension side pressure of 5.3MPa·G or over.
(2)	Chargo hoso	· Only for R410A
	Charge hose	· Use pressure performance of 5.09MPa·G or over.
3	Electronic weighing scale	
4	Gas leak detector	· Use the detector for R134a, R407C or R410A.
(5)	Adaptor for reverse flow check	· Attach on vacuum pump.
6	Refrigerant charge base	
	Defference to Partie	· Only for R410A · Top of cylinder (Pink)
7	Refrigerant cylinder	· Cylinder with syphon
8	Refrigerant recovery equipment	

### (2) Cautions for refrigerant piping work

New refrigerant R410A is adopted for replacement inverter series. Although the refrigerant piping work for R410A is same as for R22, exclusive tools are necessary so as not to mix with different kind of refrigerant. Furthermore as the working pressure of R410A is 1.6 times higher than that of R22, their sizes of flared sections and flare nuts are different.

#### ① Thickness of pipes

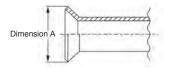
Because the working pressure of R410A is higher compared to R22, be sure to use refrigerant piping with thickness shown below. (Never use pipes of 0.7 mm or below.)

Diagram below: Piping diameter and thickness

Nominal	Outside	Thickne	SS (mm)
dimensions (in)	diameter (mm)	R410A	R22
1/4	6.35	0.8	0.8
3/8	9.52	0.8	0.8
1/2	12.70	0.8	0.8
5/8	15.88	1.0	1.0
3/4	19.05	_	1.0

#### ② Dimensions of flare cutting and flare nut

The component molecules in HFC refrigerant are smaller compared to conventional refrigerants. In addition to that, R410A is a refrigerant, which has higher risk of leakage because its working pressure higher than that of other refrigerants. Therefore, to enhance airtightness and strength, flare cutting dimension of copper pipe for R410A has been specified separately from the dimensions for other refrigerants as shown below. The dimension B of flare nut for R410A also has partly been changed to increase strength as shown below. Set copper pipe correctly referring to copper pipe flaring dimensions for R410A below. For 1/2" and 5/8" inch pipes, the dimension B changes. Use torque wrench corresponding to each dimension.







Flare cutting dimensions

Nominal	Outside	Dimension .	A ( +0 /-0.4 )(mm)
dimensions (in)	diameter (mm)	R410A	R22
1/4	6.35	9.1	9.0
3/8	9.52	13.2	13.0
1/2	12.70	16.6	16.2
5/8	15.88	19.7	19.4
3/4	19.05	_	23.3

Flare nut dimensions

Nominal	Outside	Dimension B (mm)			
dimensions (in)	diameter (mm)	R410A	R22		
1/4	6.35	17.0	17.0		
3/8	9.52	22.0	22.0		
1/2	12.70	26.0	24.0		
5/8	15.88	29.0	27.0		
3/4	19.05	_	36.0		

### ③ Tools for R410A (The following table shows whether conventional tools can be used or not.)

Tools and materials	Use	R410A tools	Can R22 tools be used?	Can R407C tools be used?
Gauge manifold	Air purge, refrigerant charge	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Charge hose	and operation check	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Gas leak detector	Gas leak check	Tool for HFC refrigerant	×	0
Refrigerant recovery equipment	Refrigerant recovery	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Refrigerant cylinder	Refrigerant charge	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Applied oil	Apply to flared section	Ester oil and alkylbenzene oil (minimum amount)	×	Ester oil: O Alkylbenzene oil: minimum amount
Safety charger	Prevent compressor malfunction when charging refrigerant by spraying liquid refrigerant	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Charge valve	Prevent gas from blowing out when detaching charge hose	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Vacuum pump	Vacuum drying and air purge	Tools for other refrigerants can be used if equipped with adop- ter for reverse flow check	∆ (Usable if equipped with adopter for reverse flow)	∆ (Usable if equipped with adopter for reverse flow)
Flare tool	Flaring work of piping	Tools for other refrigerants can be used by adjusting flaring dimension	∆ (Usable by adjusting flaring dimension)	∆ (Usable by adjusting flaring dimension)
Bender	Bend the pipes	Tools for other refrigerants can be used	0	0
Pipe cutter	Cut the pipes	Tools for other refrigerants can be used		0
Welder and nitrogen gas cylinder	Weld the pipes	Tools for other refrigerants can be used	0	0
Refrigerant charging scale	Refrigerant charge	Tools for other refrigerants can be used	0	0
Vacuum gauge or thermis-		Tools for other refrigerants	0	0
tor vacuum gauge and	valve prevents back flow of oil and refri-	can be used		
vacuum valve	gerant to thermistor vacuum gauge)			
Charging cylinder	Refrigerant charge	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	_

4

- imes : Prepare a new tool. (Use the new tool as the tool exclusive for R410A.)
- $\ensuremath{\triangle}$  : Tools for other refrigerants can be used under certain conditions.
- : Tools for other refrigerants can be used.

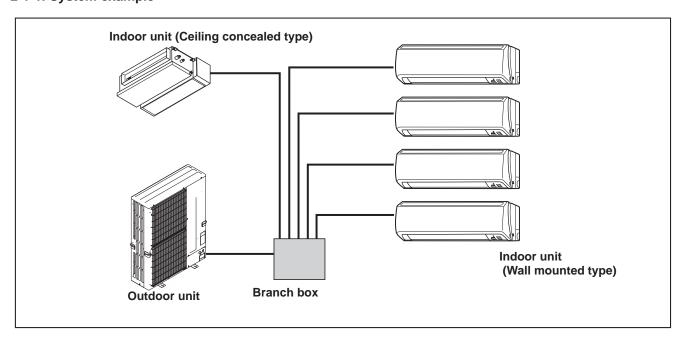
# 2

# **OVERVIEW OF UNIT**

# 2-1. SYSTEM OUTLINE

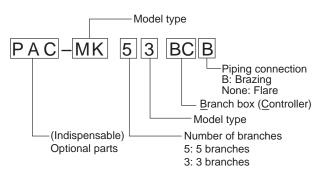
The additional connection of the branch box together with employment of the compact trunk-looking outdoor unit can successfully realize a long distance piping for big houses. Equipped with a microprocessor, the branch box can translate the transmission signal of indoor units to achieve the optimum control.

# 2-1-1. System example



# 2-1-2. Method for identifying

### ■ Branch box



OCH664

5

# 2-2. INSTALLATION

# 2-2-1. Space required for Installation and servicing for branch box for PAC-MK53/33BC

# (1) Front View (Fig. 2-1)

- Branch box
- ® On the side of piping

# (2) Side View (Fig. 2-2, Fig. 2-3, Fig. 2-4)

- © For indoor installations
- © Ceiling board
- Maintenance hole
- Reactor box (Optional parts)
- \*1: A minimum 350 mm is required for 90° bends in refrigerant piping.
- \*2: A is "Min 200 mm".

In the case of less than 200 mm (for example A is 100 mm), the exchange work of branch box from a maintenance hole becomes difficult (Only exchange work of a PCB, linear expansion valve coils and sensors is possible).

To install the optional reactor box, set A to Min 270 mm <recommendation>. (Fig. 2-4)

\*3: B is "600 mm".

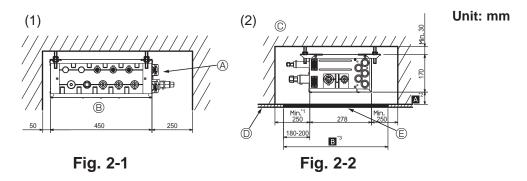
In the case of "450 mm", prepare a maintenance hole at a PCB side (as it is shown in Fig. 2-3, Fig. 2-4), and "Min 300 mm" is needed as distance A.

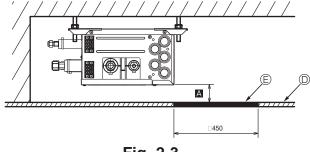
In the case of less than 300 mm (for example A is 100 mm), the exchange work of Branch box, linear expansion valve coils and sensors from a maintenance hole becomes difficult. Only exchange work of a PCB is possible.

#### (3) Top View (Fig. 2-5)

NOTE 1: The branch box is only for indoor use.

NOTE 2: Please attach the special optional cover (PAC-AK350CVR-E) to install branch box outdoors.







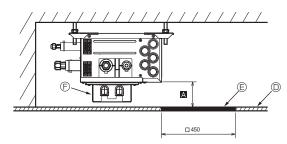


Fig. 2-4

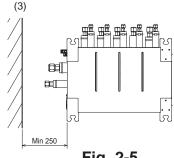


Fig. 2-5

# 2-2-2. Space required for Installation and servicing for branch box for PAC-MK53/33BCB

# (1) Front View (Fig. 2-6)

- A Branch box
- On the side of piping

#### (2) Side View (Fig. 2-7, Fig. 2-8, Fig. 2-9)

- © For indoor installations
- © Ceiling board
- Maintenance hole
- \*1: A minimum 350 mm is required for 90° bends in refrigerant piping.
- \*2: A is "Min. 200 mm" < recommendation>.

In the case of less than 200 mm (for example  $\triangle$  is 100 mm), the exchange work of branch box from a maintenance hole becomes difficult (Only exchange work of a PCB, linear expansion valve coils and sensors is possible).

To install the optional reactor box, set A to Min. 270 mm <recommendation> (Fig. 2-9)

\*3: 🗉 is "600 mm".

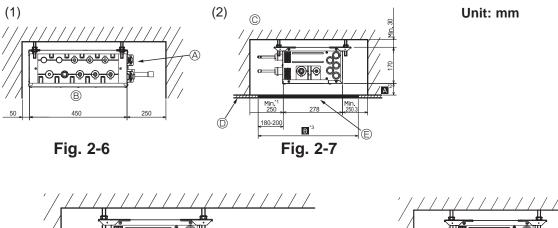
In the case of "450 mm", prepare a maintenance hole at a PCB side (as it is shown in Fig. 2-8, Fig. 2-9), and "Min. 300 mm" is needed as distance 🖹.

In the case of less than 300 mm (for example  $\triangle$  is 100 mm), the exchange work of Branch box, linear expansion valve coils and sensors from a maintenance hole becomes difficult. Only exchange work of a PCB is possible.

## (3) Top View (Fig. 2-10)

NOTE 1: The branch box is only for indoor use.

NOTE 2: Please attach the special optional cover (PAC-AK350CVR-E) to install branch box outdoors.



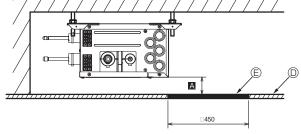


Fig. 2-8

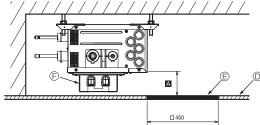
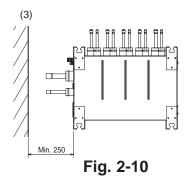


Fig. 2-9

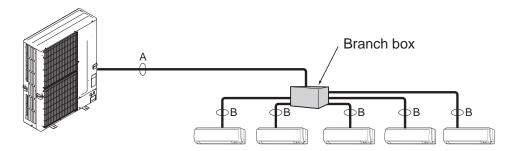


# 2-3. SIMPLIFIED PIPING SYSTEM

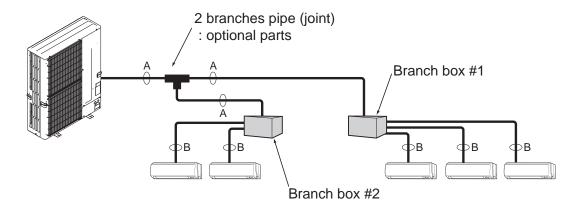
# Piping connection size

		Α	В
Liquid	(mm)	φ9.52	The piping connection size differs according to the type and capacity of indoor units.  Match the piping connection size of branch box with indoor unit.  If the piping connection size of branch box does not match the piping connection size of
Gas	(mm)	φ15.88	indoor unit, use optional different-diameter (deformed) joints to the branch box side.  (Connect deformed joint directly to the branch box side.)

■ In case of using 1-branch box Flare connection employed



■ In case of using 2-branch boxes



■ Installation procedure (2 branch pipe (joint))
Refer to the installation manuals of MSDD-50AR-E and MSDD-50BR-E.

# **SPECIFICATIONS**

# PAC-MK53BC PAC-MK33BC

Model Name				PAC-MK53BC	PAC-MK33BC			
Connectable	numb	er of indoor units		Maximum 5 Maximum 3				
Power supply	y (from	outdoor unit)			~/N, 220/230/240 V, 50 Hz	~/N, 220/230/240 V, 50 Hz, ~/N, 220/230 V, 60 Hz		
Input				kW	0.00	03		
Running curr	ent			Α	0.05 (M	ax. 6)		
External finish Galvanized sheets					d sheets			
Dimensions		Width		mm	450			
		Depth		mm	280			
		Height			170			
Weight				kg	7.4	6.7		
Piping	Bran	ch (indoor side)*	Liquid	mm	φ6.35 × 5 {A,B,C,D,E}	$\phi$ 6.35 × 3 {A,B,C}		
connection		. (	Gas	mm	$\phi$ 9.52 × 4 {A,B,C,D}, $\phi$ 12.7 × 1{E}	φ9.52 × 3 {A,B,C}		
(Flare)	Main	(outdoor side)	Liquid	mm	φ9.52			
(i iaie)		,	Gas	mm	φ15.88			

<sup>\*</sup> The piping connection size differs according to the type and capacity of indoor units. Match the piping connection size for indoor and branch box. If the piping connection size of branch box does not match the piping connection size of indoor units, use optional different-diameter (deformed) joints to the branch box side. (Connect deformed joint directly to the branch box side.)

## PAC-MK53BCB PAC-MK33BCB

Model Name					PAC-MK53BCB	PAC-MK33BCB	
Connectable	numb	er of indoor units			Maximum 5 Maximum 3		
Power supply	/ (from	outdoor unit)			~/N, 220/230/240 V, 50 Hz, ~/N, 220/230 V, 60 Hz		
Input				kW	0.0	03	
Running curr	ent			Α	0.05 (N	Max. 6)	
External finis	h				Galvanized sheets		
Dimensions		Width		mm	450		
		Depth		mm	280		
		Height		mm	17	0	
Weight				kg	7.0	6.5	
Piping	Bran	ch (indoor side)*	Liquid	mm	φ6.35 × 5 {A,B,C,D,E}	φ6.35 × 3 {A,B,C}	
connection		(	Gas	mm	$\phi$ 9.52 × 4 {A,B,C,D}, $\phi$ 12.7 × 1{E}	φ9.52 × 3 {A,B,C}	
(Brazing)	Main	(outdoor side)	Liquid	mm	φ9.	52	
(Brazing)	Maiir (Gatagor Glas)		Gas	mm	φ15.88		

<sup>\*</sup> The piping connection size differs according to the type and capacity of indoor units. Match the piping connection size for indoor and branch box. If the piping connection size of branch box does not match the piping connection size of indoor units, use optional different-diameter (deformed) joints to the branch box side. (Connect deformed joint directly to the branch box side.)

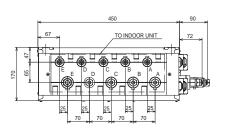
# **OUTLINES AND DIMENSIONS**

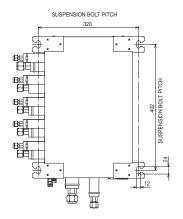
PAC-MK53BC Unit: mm

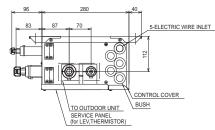
#### SUSPENSION BOLT: W3/8(M10)

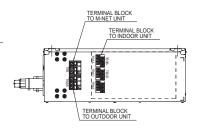
REFRIGERANT PIPE BRAZED CONNECTION

	Α	В	С	D		TO OUTDOOR UNIT
LIQUID PIPE	ø 6.35	$\phi$ 6.35	$\phi$ 6.35	ø 6.35	$\phi$ 6.35	φ 9.52
GAS PIPE	φ9.52	$\phi 9.52$	$\phi 9.52$	$\phi 9.52$	φ12.7	φ15.88







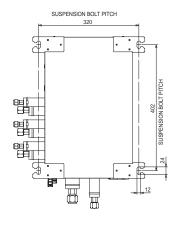


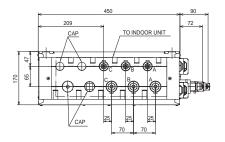
# PAC-MK33BC

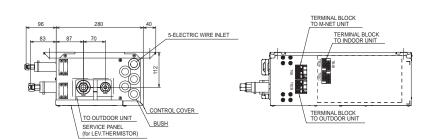
#### SUSPENSION BOLT : W3/8(M10)

REFRIGERANT PIPE BRAZED CONNECTION

	–			 	
	Α	В	С		TO OUTDOOR UNIT
LIQUID PIPE	$\phi$ 6.35	φ6.35	$\phi$ 6.35		φ9.52
GAS PIPE	φ9.52	φ9.52	$\phi 9.52$		φ15.88



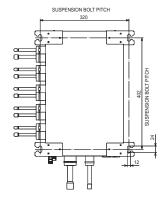


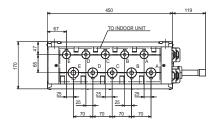


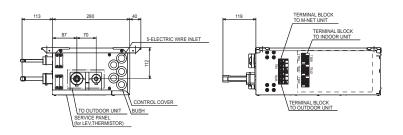
Unit: mm PAC-MK53BCB

SUSPENSION BOLT: W3/8(M10)

REFRIGERANT	PIPE	BRAZE	D CON	INECTI	ON	
	Α	В	С	D		TO OUTDOOR UNIT
LIQUID PIPE	$\phi$ 6.35	φ 9.52				
GAS PIPE	ø 9.52	ø 9.52	d 9.52	ø9.52	d 12.7	d 15.88





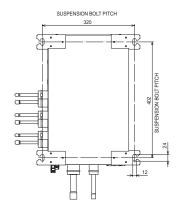


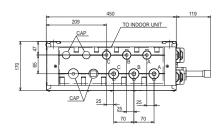
# PAC-MK33BCB

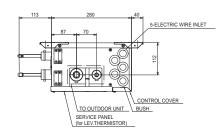
SUSPENSION BOLT : W3/8(M10)

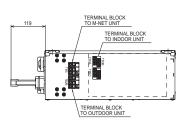
REFRIGERANT PIPE BRAZED CONNECTION

	Α	В	С		TO OUTDOOR UNIT
LIQUID PIPE	$\phi$ 6.35	$\phi$ 6.35	$\phi$ 6.35		φ9.52
GAS PIPE	φ9.52	φ9.52	$\phi 9.52$		φ 15.88









11 OCH664

# WIRING DIAGRAM

# PAC-MK53BC PAC-MK33BC PAC-MK53BCB

	0)////00/	NAME		
$\vdash$	SYMBOL	NAME		
B	.C.	Branch box controller board		
	F1	Fuse <t6.3al 250v=""></t6.3al>		
	F2~F4	Fuse <t10al 250v=""> *1</t10al>		
	SW1	Switch for indoor unit connection *2		
	SW4	Switch for function selection *3 Switch for function selection *4		
П	SW5			
П	CNM	Connector <connection for="" service=""></connection>		
П	LED1,2	Light emitting diode *5		
П	TB3A~E	Terminal block <to indoor="" unit-a~e=""> *6</to>		
	SW11	Address Setting ones digit		
	SW12	Address Setting tens digit		
LI	EV-A~E	Linear expansion valve *6		
T	H-A~E	Thermistor <gas pipe=""> *6</gas>		
T	B2B	Terminal block <to power="" supply=""></to>		
T	B5	Transmission line		
R	EACTOR BOX	Optional parts		
Ш	TB2C	Terminal block <to power="" supply=""></to>		
П	TB2D	Terminal block <to (tb2b)="" box="" branch=""></to>		

\*1 F4 for PAC-MK53BC (B) only

\*2 SW1 setting

		OFF	ON	
SW1-1		NOT CONNECT		
SW1-2		NOT CONNECT		
SW1-3		NOT CONNECT		
SW1-4	INDOOR UNIT-D	NOT CONNECT	CONNECT	PAC-MK
SW1-5	INDOOR UNIT-E	NOT CONNECT	CONNECT	∑53BC (B)
SW1-6	NO USE			only

After each indoor unit is connected to the outdoor unit, turn on the switch corresponding to each indoor unit. For example, when the indoor units are connected to INDOOR UNIT-A and C, turn SW1-1 and SW1-3 to on.

\*3 SW4 setting

	OFF			(	ON	
SW4-5	Cooling & Heating	system	Co	oling	only syste	em

When the outdoor unit is cooling only system, turn SW4-5 to on.

\*4 Refer to the installation manual of Branch box for details.

<Combination of indoor units>

Enter the location of combined indoor units with model name in each blank below because it is necessary for service and maintenance.

\*5 LED on Branch box controller board for service

- Start-up						
Mark	Meaning	Function				
LED 1	Main power supply	Main power supply (220/230/240V)				
LED 2		Power on → Lamps are lit				
normal operating						
Mark	Meaning	Function				
LED 1		Lamp is lit				
LED 2	Total number of	Blink depend on the total number				
	indoor units	<example> The total number is 2</example>				
		① Blink 2 times.				
		② Turn off for 3 sec.				
		③ Repeat ① to ②.				
- C D	C D and E for DAC MKESDC (D) only					

\*6 D and E for PAC-MK53BC (B) only

#### <Note>

- At servicing for outdoor unit, always follow the wiring diagram of outdoor unit.
- When work to supply power separately to Branch box and outdoor units are applied, refer to Fig. 1. However, when the Branch box is connected to MXZ-6C/8C·NAM, power must not be supplied separately.
- For the connection method, please refer to the Branch box Installation Manual

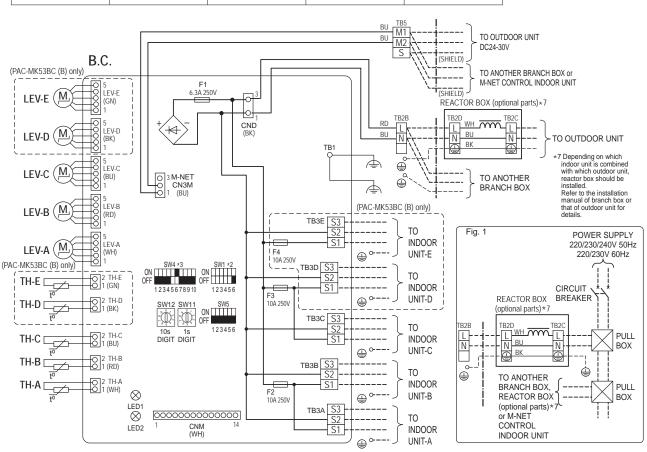
<Symbols used in wiring diagram>

: Terminal block, OO: Connector

: Dip switch ( (black square)

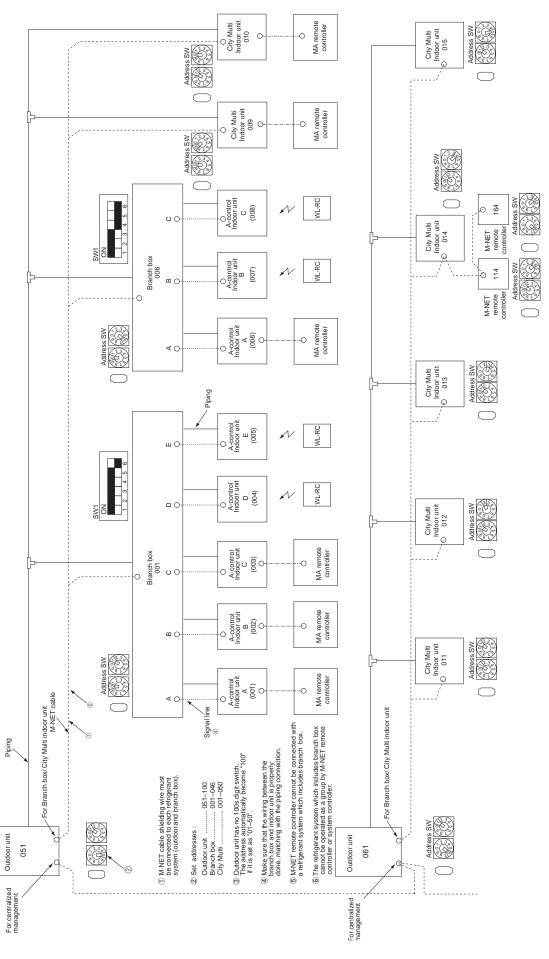
indicates a switch position)

Indoor unit-A	Indoor unit-B	Indoor unit-C	Indoor unit-D	Indoor unit-E



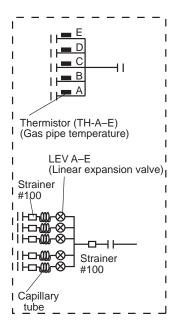
# **NECESSARY CONDITIONS FOR SYSTEM CONSTRUCTION**

# 6-1. TRANSMISSION SYSTEM SETUP

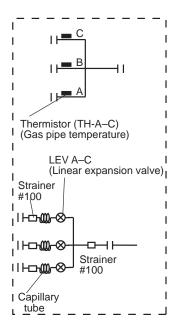


# 6-2. REFRIGERANT SYSTEM DIAGRAM

# ■ PAC-MK53BC PAC-MK53BCB



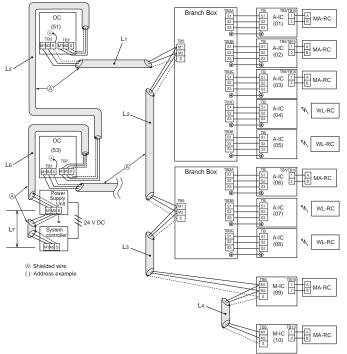
# ■ PAC-MK33BC PAC-MK33BCB



Unit: mm

		Capillary tube behind LEV (in cooling mode)
Duanah hay	PAC-MK53BC(B)	$(\phi 4 \times \phi 3.0 \times L130) \times 5$
Branch box	PAC-MK33BC(B)	$(\phi 4 \times \phi 3.0 \times L130) \times 3$

# 6-3. TYPICAL CONTROL SYSTEM



OC : Outdoor unit

M-IC: M-NET Control indoor unit (City Multi indoor unit)

A-IC : A-control indoor unit MA-RC : MA Remote controller WL-RC : Wireless Remote controller

#### IMPORTANT:

Make sure that the current leakage breaker is one compatible with higher harmonics.

Always use a current leakage breaker that is compatible with higher harmonics as this unit is equipped with an inverter.

The use of an inadequate breaker can cause the incorrect operation of inverter.

Longest length via outdoor units:

 $L1 + L2 + L3 + L4 + L5 + L6 + L7 \le 500 \text{ m}$  (1640 ft) (1.25 mm<sup>2</sup> or more) Longest transmission cable length

L1 + L2 + L3 + L4, L5 + L6,  $L7 \le 200 \text{ m}$  (656 ft) (1.25 mm<sup>2</sup> or more)

Note: M-NET remote controller cannot be connected with a refrigerant system which includes branch box.

#### (1) Difference between display and operation

- ① When operating the system using the system controller, details of those operations will not appear on the display of the wireless remote controller.
- ② The set temperature range is different in the wireless remote controller that comes with room air conditioner and the system controller. The room air conditioner has a wider range. If the target temperature is set to below 17°C or less, or 30°C or more by the wireless remote controller that comes with room air conditioner, the temperature displayed on the system controller may be converted to their maximum/minimum set temperature. For instance, when HEAT operation at 16°C is set at the room air conditioner, the system controller may display 17°C.
- When the DRY mode is set with the wireless remote controller, the room air conditioner automatically set the optimum target temperature. The system controller will display the target temperature as a set temperature.
- When the DRY mode is set with the system controller, the room air conditioner performs the DRY mode control operation according to the temperature set with the system controller.

#### (2) Timer operation

- ① Timer operation should be set using only 1 controller from the remote controller that comes with the room air conditioner, the system controller or the MA remote controller. If more than 1 controller is used to set the timer at the same time, the timer will not function properly.
- When the timer is set with the wireless remote controller; the system controller will not show the timer display.
- The timer set with the system controller will not be cancelled with the wireless remote controller.

# (3) Manual operation prohibition

When the manual operation (ON/OFF, set temperature, or operation mode) is prohibited with the system controller, the command to perform the prohibited operation will not be accepted from the wireless remote controller that comes with the room air conditioner. The operation partially enabled by the system controller can be operated with the wireless remote controller. Regardless of whether the operation is disabled or enabled, 3 short beeps will sound when the signal is sent from the wireless remote controller.

#### (4) Trouble

① If the MA remote controller or the system controller shows the abnormal indication, clear it by stopping the operation with one of the following: the MA remote controller, the system controller, or the wireless remote controller. (Abnormal indication of the air conditioner could be recovered automatically, but that of the MA remote controller or the system controller cannot be recovered unless the operation is stopped.)

# (5) Group setting

① MA group or M-NET group setting cannot be set.

# (6) Restricted functions

The following functions of system controller cannot be used.

- DIDO controller (Interlock with the air conditioner)
- Fan control of energy saving control or peak cut control function
- Air conditioning charge [TG-2000A]
- Set temperature range limiting function
- Operation mode changeover limit (season changing) [PAC-SF44SRA]
- Dual set point function
- Cylinder unit or hydrobox cannot be operated from system controller.

# 7

# **TROUBLESHOOTING**

# 7-1. HOW TO CHECK THE PARTS BRANCH BOX: PAC-MK53BC

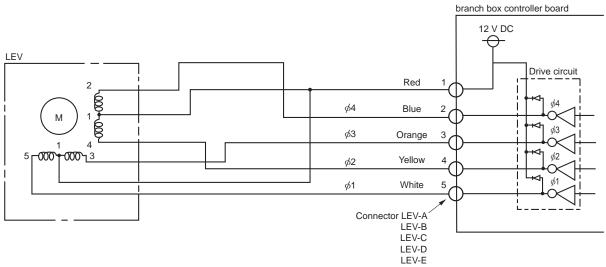
PAC-MK53BC PAC-MK33BC PAC-MK53BCB

		Check points				
Thermistor (TH-A–E) Gas pipe>	Disconnect the connector then measure the resis (At the ambient temperature 10 to 30°C)  Thermistor Ro=15k $\Omega$ ± 3%  Fixed number of B=3480 ± 2%  Rt=15exp { 3480( $\frac{1}{273+t} - \frac{1}{273}$ ) }  10°C 9.7 k $\Omega$ 15°C 7.9 k $\Omega$ 20°C 6.4 k $\Omega$ 25°C 5.3 k $\Omega$ 30°C 4.4 k $\Omega$		er temperature >			
		0 10 15 20 Tempera	25 30 ature (°C)			
inear expansion valve LEV-A–E)	Disconnect the connector then measure the resis (Winding temperature 20°C)	Disconnect the connector then measure the resistance with a tester. (Winding temperature 20°C)				
M Red 1	Normal		Abnormal			
Blue 2 Orange 3						

# Linear expansion valve (LEV) in Branch box

# (1) Operation summary of the linear expansion valve

- Linear expansion valve opens/closes through stepping motor after receiving the pulse signal from the branch box controller board.
- Valve position can be changed in proportion to the number of pulse signal.
- <Connection between the branch box controller board and the linear expansion valve>



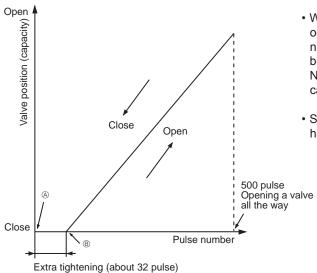
# <Output pulse signal and the valve operation>

Output				Out	put			
(Phase)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
ø1	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON
φ2	OFF	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
ø3	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF
φ4	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON

Opening a valve :  $8 \rightarrow 7 \rightarrow 6 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 8$ Closing a valve :  $1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 6 \rightarrow 7 \rightarrow 8 \rightarrow 1$ The output pulse shifts in above order.

 When linear expansion valve operation stops, all output phases become OFF.

# (2) Linear expansion valve operation



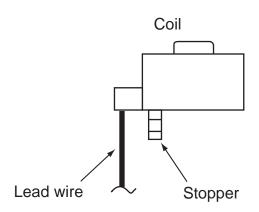
- When the power is turned on, 700 pulse closing valve signal will be sent till it goes to @ point in order to define the valve position. (The pulse signal is being sent for about 20 seconds.)
- When the valve moves smoothly, there is no sound or vibration occurring from the linear expansion valve: however, when the pulse number moves from ® to ® or when the valve is locked, sound can be heard.

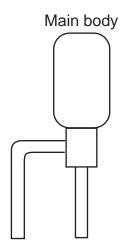
 Sound can be detected by placing the ear against the screw driver handle while putting the screw driver to the linear expansion valve.

#### (3) How to attach and detach the coil of linear expansion valve

<Composition>

Linear expansion valve is separable into the main body and the coil as shown in the diagram below.

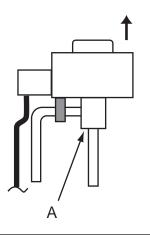




#### <How to detach the coil>

Hold the lower part of the main body (shown as A) firmly so that the main body does not move and detach the coil by pulling it upward.

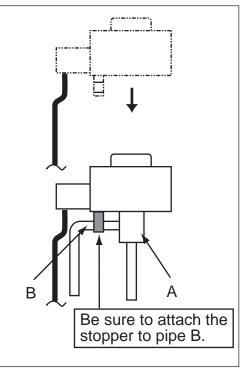
Be sure to detach the coil holding main body firmly. Otherwise pipes can bend due to stress.



#### <How to attach the coil>

Hold the lower part of the main body (shown as A) firmly so that the main body does not move and attach the coil by inserting it downward into the main body. Then securely attach the coil stopper to pipe B. (At this time, be careful that stress is not added to lead wire and main body is not wound by lead wire.) If the stopper is not firmly attached to pipe B, coil may be detached from the main body and that can cause defective operation of linear expansion valve.

To prevent piping stress, be sure to attach the coil holding the main body of linear expansion valve firmly. Otherwise pipe may break.

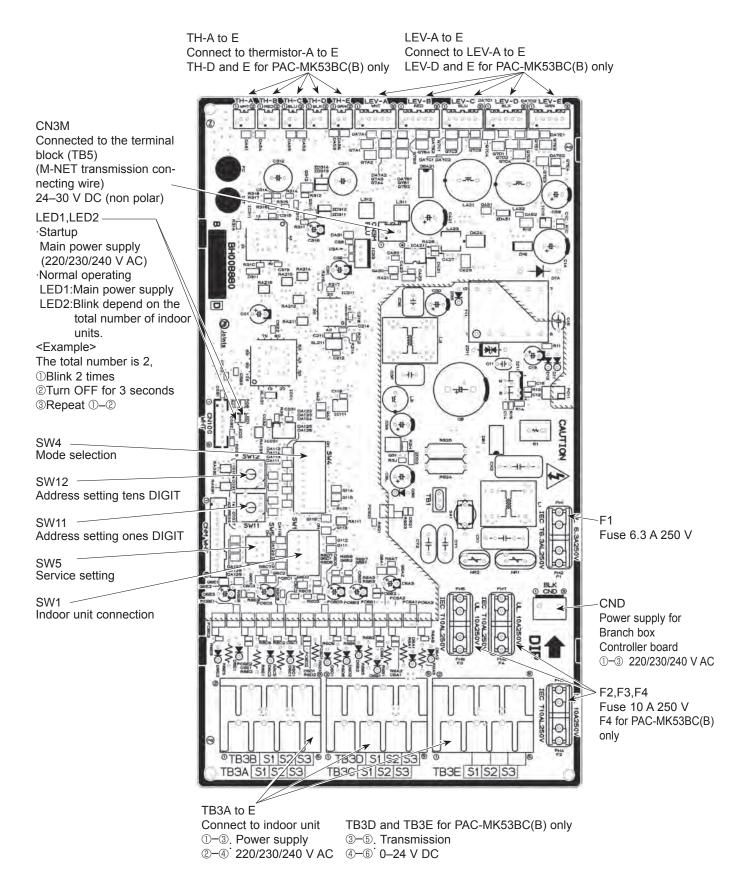


# Troubleshooting

Problem	Check point	Corrective measure
Locked expansion valve	If the linear expansion valve becomes locked and the motor is still operating, the motor will emit a clicking noise and will not function. This clicking noise indicates an abnormality.	Replace the linear expansion valve.
Short circuit or broken circuit in expansion valve motor coil	Use an all-purpose electrical meter to measure the resistance between the different coils (red-white, red-orange, brown-yellow, brown-blue). Normal resistance is within a range of $46\Omega \pm 4\%$ .	Replace the linear expansion valve.
Valve does not close completely.	In order to check the linear expansion valve, operate 1 indoor unit in the fan mode and another in the cooling mode. Then, use the outdoor multi controller board to operate the monitor and check the pipe temperature of the indoor unit. The linear expansion valve should be fully closed when the fan is operating. The temperature measured by the temperature sensor will drop if there is any leakage.  If the measured temperature is significantly lower than that on the remote controller, this indicates that the valve is not closed. It is not necessary to replace the linear expansion valve if the leak of refrigerant is small and does not cause a malfunction.	Replace the linear expansion valve if there is a major leak of refrigerant.
Incorrect connection or connection failure	Check improperly connected connector terminals and the wire colors.     Remove the connector on the controller board side and check electrical conductance.	Continuity check of wrong part

# 7-2. TEST POINT DIAGRAM

Branch box controller board
PAC-MK53BC PAC-MK33BC
PAC-MK53BCB PAC-MK33BCB



# 7-3. INTERNAL SWITCH FUNCTION TABLE

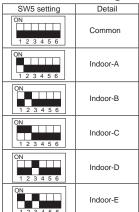
Th	e l	black square	(■) indicates	a switch position.
Additional Information	Additional monacon	Switch setting example. Branch box: 001 (setting No. =x) indoor-B: 002 (=x+1) indoor-C: 003 (=x+2) indoor-E: 004 (=x+3) indoor-E: 005 (=x+4)	After each indoor unit is connected to the outdoor unit, turn ON the switch corresponding to each indoor unit. For example, when the indoor units are connected to INDOOR UNIT-A and C, turn SW1-1 and SW1-3 to ON.	When the outdoor unit is cooling only system, turn SW4-5 to ON.  Port A to C are available for setting for up to a maximum of 3 rooms.  Port A to C are available for setting for up to a maximum of 3 rooms.  Port A to C are available for setting for up to a maximum of 3 rooms.  Port A to C are available for setting for up to a maximum of 3 rooms.
Verittee detine leitin	לווווומן אאונכון אפנווווא	SW112 SW11	ON	ON OFF T 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
vitch Setting	When to Set	Before turning the power ON	Before turning the power ON	Before turning the power ON Set at factory only Before turning the power ON Can be activated at any time Before turning the power ON
ation in Each Switch Setting	OFF	10) at "0", and	ON Connected Connected Connected Connected	Fahrenheit temperature  220 or 230 V 240 V  Stop operation Continued operation  Inactive Active  Cooling only & heating system  Cooling only & heating system  — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —
Operat	NO	SW12 (for over	Not connected	Fahrenheit temperature ceisus temperature 220 or 230 V 240 V Stop operation continue continue peration operation operation system system system continue con
noitonia		How to set addresses Example: if address is "3", remain SW12 (for over 10) at "0", and match SW11 (for 1 to 9) with "3".	1   Indoor unit A   2   Indoor unit B   3   Indoor unit C   4**   Indoor unit E   5**   Indoor unit E   6   Not used	Change temperature indication temperature  Power-supply voltage setting 220 or 230 V 240 V Change operation if M-NET Communication error occurs.  Automatic restoration when the power comes back ON.*2  Model setting  Cooling only system Model setting  Cooling only system  Model setting  Cooling only system  Model setting  Cooling only system  Refer to "Initial switch setting system  Change INDOOR UNIT No. for BOX UNIT OPERATION MONITOR FUNCTION".  When the cylinder unit or hydrobox is used in a house, connect the indoor unit for bed room to A-C port of the branch box, then set the switches as follows:  Sw5  A Port A Dort A Bedroom  OFF OTHER BEGROOM  OTHER BE
	delo II	etting etting etting Rotary switch	nit 1–6	0n 4 4 3 2 2 1 1 1 3 1 1 1 3 1 1 1 3 1 1 1 1 3 1
Cwitch	SWIE	SW11 Ones digit address setting SW12 Tens digit address setting	SW1 Indoor unit connection	SW4 Mode selection SW5 Service setting

\*1 PAC-MK53BC(B) only \*2 Note that the automatic restoration starts after the unit has stopped once.

# 7-4. BRANCH BOX UNIT OPERATION MONITOR FUNCTION

[When optional part 'A-Control Service Tool (PAC-SK52ST)' is connected to branch box controller board (CNM)] Digital indicator LED1 displays 2 digit number or code to inform operation condition and the meaning of check code by controlling DIP SW2 on 'A-Control Service Tool'.

<Table1> SW5 setting The black square (■) indicates a switch position.



Operation indicator:

- SW2 Use to set the displayed item
- SW5 Use to set the displayed unit

<Table2> Functions The black square (■) indicates a switch position.

	SW5 setting*1 Common	Display detail Status of branch box	Explanation for display  During startup  0.5 s  0.5 s	Unit
ON		2.2.3.5		
			During error detection  Displays a check code, and M-NET address of the unit which the check code was detected.  Example: If the check code 2520 is detected in the address3,  0.5 s 0.5 s 0.5 s 2.0 s  03 → 25 → 20 → □□  During no power supply  F8	_
			Other  Displays the number of units in operation.	
			0 to 5	
1	Individual unit	Status of branch box	During startup  0.5 s  0.5 s  1.5 c  1.5 c	
			During error detection Displays a check code, and M-NET address of the selected unit.	
			During no power supply	
			F8	_
			Other	
			Displays an operation mode of the selected unit.	
			0: Stop C: Cool/ Dry H: Heat d: Defrost	

<sup>\*1</sup> Refer to the <Table 1> for the appropriate setting for the function.

The black square (■) indicates a switch position.

			The black square (■) indicates a switch p	JOSILIOIT.
SW2 setting	SW5 setting*1	Display detail	Explanation for display	Unit
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Common	Not used	_	_
	Individual unit	Actual opening pulse of LEV (Direct-operated conversion value) 0 to 500	0 to 500  (When it is 100 pulse or more, it displays a hundredth, tens, and unit digit by turns.)  Example:  When 150 pulse,  0.5 s  0.5 s  2.0 s  1  ↑  1	Pulse
ON	Common	Not used	_	<u> </u>
	Individual unit	Error history	Displays a check code, and M-NET address of the unit	
1 2 3 4 5 6		Error motory	which the check code was detected.  Example: If the check code 2520 is detected in the address3, $0.5 \text{ s}$ $0.5 \text{ s}$ $0.5 \text{ s}$ $2.0 \text{ s}$ $0.3 \rightarrow 25 \rightarrow 20 \rightarrow \square$	Code display
ON	Common	The number of unit(s) operating in Thermo-ON	0 to 5	Number
1 2 3 4 5 6	Individual unit	Operating status of unit	83: Abnormal 00: Stop 06: Forced stop 0C: Defrost 29: Hot adjust mode 05: Standby mode 2A: Auxiliary heater is ON. 0A: Thermo-ON	Code display
ON	Common	The number of indoor	01: In operation 0 to 5	Nivershau
		unit(s) connected to this branch box		Number
1 2 3 4 5 6	Individual unit	M-NET address	00 to FF M-NET address of the selected unit. M-NET address is displayed in hexadecimal. Display example: When the M-NET address is 23 (decimal number), 17 (hexadecimal) is displayed.	Code display
	Common	Not used	_	_
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Individual unit	Capacity setting in Qj	03 to 50	Code display
	Common	Not used	_	_
1 2 3 4 5 6	Individual unit	Indoor thermistor <pipe <br="" temperature="">liquid&gt; (TH2)</pipe>	-39 to 88  (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "-" and temperature are displayed by turns.)  Example:  When -5°C,  0.5 s 0.5 s 2.0 s  - □ → □ 5 → □ □	°C

 $<sup>^{*1}</sup>$  Refer to the <Table 1> for the appropriate setting for the function.

The black square (■) indicates a switch position.

SW2 setting	SW5 setting*1	Display detail	Explanation for display	Unit
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Common	Not used	<del>-</del>	
	Individual unit	Indoor thermistor <pipe <br="" temperature="">2-phase&gt; (TH5)</pipe>	-39 to 88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "−" and temperature are displayed by turns.)  Example:  When $-5$ °C,  0.5 s 0.5 s 2.0 s $ 0.5$ s $0.5$	°C
ON	Common	Not used	_	
1 2 3 4 5 6	Individual unit	Branch box pipe thermistor (TH-A, B, C, D, E)	-42 to 91 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "-" and temperature are displayed by turns.)  Example: When $-5$ °C,  0.5 s 0.5 s 2.0 s  - □ → □ 5 → □ □  1	°C
ON	Common	Not used	<u> </u>	_
1 2 3 4 5 6	Individual unit	Indoor thermistor <room temperature=""> (TH1)</room>	8 to 39	°C
ON	Common	Not used	<del>-</del>	
1 2 3 4 5 6	Individual unit	Set temperature of indoor unit	16 to 31	°C
1 2 3 4 5 6	Common	Branch Box Software version	Displays a Branch Box Software version number.	
	Individual unit	Not used	Example:  If it is a ver. 12.34,  0.5 s 0.5 s 2.0 s  12 →34 → □□  1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Code display
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Common	Not used	_	
	Individual unit	LEV opening pulse (gear operated value)	0 to 2000	Pulse
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Common Individual unit	Branch Box Software ROM check sum Not used	0000 to FFFF  Example:  If it is 0BC9h,  0.5 s  0.5 s  2.0 s	Code display
			0b →C9 → □□ 1	

<sup>\*1</sup> Refer to the <Table 1> for the appropriate setting for the function.

# **DISASSEMBLY PROCEDURE**

BRANCH BOX: PAC-MK53BC PAC-MK53BCB

PAC-MK33BC PAC-MK33BCB

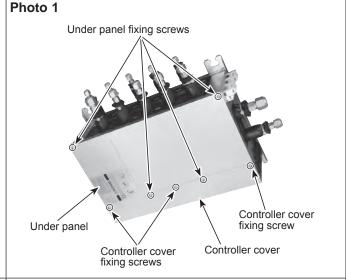
# OPERATING PROCEDURE

#### 1. Removing the controller cover and under panel

- (1) Remove 3 controller cover fixing screws (4 × 10) to detach the controller cover. (See Photo 1)
- (2) Remove 4 under panel fixing screws (4 × 10) to remove the under panel. (See Photo 1)

# PHOTOS/FIGURES

PHOTO: PAC-MK53BC

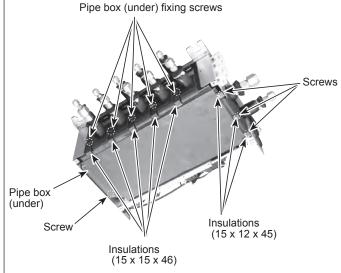


# 2. Removing the thermistor (TH-A-E\*)

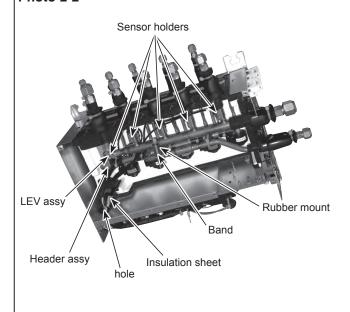
- (1) Remove the controller cover. (See Photo 1)
- (2) Remove the under panel. (See Photo 1)
- (3) Remove 8 insulations, then remove 9 pipe box (under) fixing screws (4 × 10). (See Photo 2-1)
- (4) Pull out the thermistor(s), TH-A–E, from the sensor holders mounted on the gas pipe. (See Photo 2-2)
- (5) Loosen the insulation sheet which bundles the thermistor connectors.
- (6) Loosen the side clamps, then disconnect the connector(s) on the controller board.
- (7) Pull out the lead wire(s) through the hole to the controller board side.

\*TH-A-C for PAC-MK33BC(B). (See Photo 2-3)

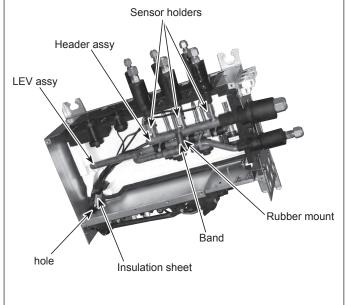
### Photo 2-1



# Photo 2-2



# Photo 2-3



# **OPERATING PROCEDURE**

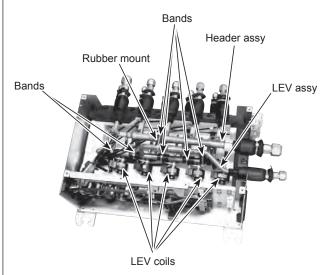
### 3. Removing the LEV coil (LEV-A-E\*)

- (1) Remove the controller cover. (See Photo 1)
- (2) Remove the under cover. (See Photo 1)
- (3) Remove 8 insulations, then remove 9 pipe cover fixing screws (4 x 10). (See Photo 2-1)
- (4) Cut the bands that fixes the lead wire, then pull out the LEV coil(s) (LEV-A–E\*). (See Photo 3)
- (5) Loosen the insulation sheet which bundles the LEV lead wires.
- (6) Loosen the side clamps, then disconnect the connector(s) on the controller board.
- (7) Pull out the lead wire(s) through the hole to the controller board side.(See Photo 2-2 or 2-3)

\*LEV-A-C for PAC-MK33BC(B). (See Photo 2-3)

# **PHOTOS/FIGURES**

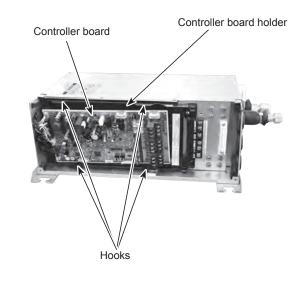
## Photo 3



#### 4. Removing the controller board

- (1) Remove the controller cover. (See Photo 1)
- (2) Loosen the side clamps, then disconnect the connectors on the controller board.
- (3) Pick an upper edge of the controller board, then pull forward. The controller board is fixed to the controller board holder with 4 hooks. (See Photo 4)
- (4) Remove the controller board from the controller board holder.

# Photo 4



## **OPERATING PROCEDURE**

# 5. Removing the LEV assy

- (1) Remove the controller cover. (See Photo 1)
- (2) Remove the under panel. (See Photo 1)
- (3) Remove 8 the insulations, then remove 9 pipe cover fixing screws (4 x 10). (See Photo 2-1)
- (4) Loosen the side clamps, then disconnect the LEV connectors on the controller board.
- (5) Remove the earth lead wires from the LEV assy.
- (6) Pull out the lead wires through the hole to the controller board side.

#### <Removing the header assy>

- (6) Cut the band which fixes the header assy and LEV assy together, then remove the rubber mount. (See Photo 3)
- (7) Remove the header assy. (See Photo 5-1)

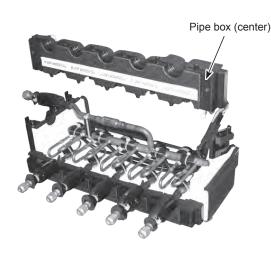
#### <Disassembling the pipe box>

- (8) Remove 2 side panel fixing screws (4 x 10). (See Photo 5-1)
- (9) Pull out the pipe box (top) and separate it from the side panel. (See Photo 5-2)
- (10) Turn the pipe box (top) upside down. (See Photo 5-3).
- (11) Remove 5 insulations, then remove 5 pipe box (top) fixing screws (4 x 10).
- (12) Turn the pipe box (top) upside down again, facing the pipe side up.
- (13) Separate the pipe box (center) from the pipe box (top). (See Photo 5-4.)
- (14) Remove the LEV assy.

# <Pipe box cap only for PAC-MK33BC(B)>

The pipe box caps are placed in 2 unused pipe holes between the pipe box top, center and under. (See Photo 5-5)

# Photo 5-4



# **PHOTOS/FIGURES**

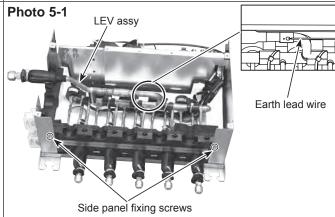


Photo 5-2

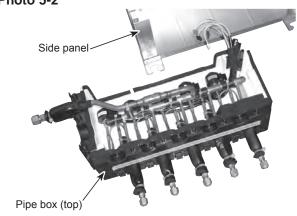


Photo 5-3

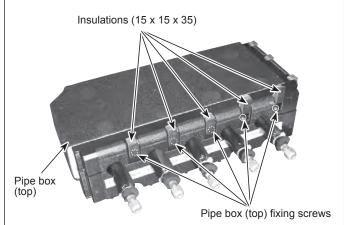


Photo 5-5

