

CYLINDER UNIT EHST20 series EHPT20 series

HYDROBOX EHSC series EHPX series

KÄYTTÄJÄLLE

Suomi

OPERATION MANUAL For USER For safe and correct use, please read this operation manual thoroughly before operating the cylinder unit ar the hydrobox. For USER	nd English
BEDIENUNGSANLEITUNG FÜR NUTZER Lesen Sie sich zur sicheren und korrekten Verwendung diese Bedienungsanleitung bitte sorgfältig durch, be vor Sie den Speicher und die Hydraulikeinheit.	_{e-} Deutsch
MODE D'EMPLOI POUR LES UTILISATEURS Pour garantir une utilisation sûre et appropriée, lisez attentivement le présent mode d'emploi avant d'utiliser module hydraulique combiné et le module hydraulique.	_{le} Français
HANDLEIDING Voor een veilig en juist gebruik moet u deze handleiding goed doorlezen alvorens de cilinder-unit en hydrobo in gebruik te nemen.	_{ox} Nederlands
MANUAL DE INSTRUCCIONES PARA EL USUARIO Para un uso correcto y seguro de la unidad cilindro y del Hydrobox, lea este manual de instrucciones antes o su utilización. su utilización.	_{de} Español
MANUALE DI FUNZIONAMENTO PER L'UTENTE Per un uso corretto e sicuro del dispositivo, leggere attentamente il presente manuale di funzionamento primi di utilizzare dell'unità con bollitore e dell'hydrobox.	_{na} Italiano
MANUAL DE FUNCIONAMENTO PARA O UTILIZADOR Para uma utilização segura e correcta, é favor ler cuidadosamente este manual de funcionamento antes o trabalhar com o no cilindro e nos hídricos. manual de funcionamento antes o trabalhar com o no cilindro e nos hídricos.	_{le} Português
BRUGSVEJLEDNING TIL BRUGER Læs venligst denne brugsvejledning grundigt inden betjening af den i cylinderenheden og hydroboksen.	Dansk
ANVÄNDARMANUAL FÖR ANVÄNDAREN För säker och korrekt användning, var god läs denna användarmanual noggrant innan du använder i tanke och hydroboxen.	en Svenska
BRUKSANVISNING FOR BRUKEREN	Norsk

Les denne bruksanvisningen nøye før du bruker i sylinderenheten og vanntanken i bruk, for å sikre trygg og riktig bruk.

KÄYTTÖOPAS

Turvallisen ja asianmukaisen käytön varmistamiseksi lue tämä käyttöopas huolellisesti ennen varaajayksikkö ja hydrobox käyttöä.

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Abbreviations and glossary

Abbreviations/Word	Description
Ambient temperature	The outdoor temperature
Freeze stat. function	Heating to prevent water pipes freezing
ASHP/HP	Air source heat pump
COP	Coefficient of performance the efficiency of the heat pump
Cylinder unit	Indoor unvented DHW tank and component plumbing parts
Hydrobox	Indoor unit housing the component plumbing parts and a plate heat exchanger
DeltaT	Difference in temperature between two variables
DHW mode	Domestic hot water heating mode for showers, sinks, etc
Flow rate	Speed at which water circulates around the primary circuit
Flow temperature	Temperature at which water is delivered to the primary circuit
FTC3	Flow temperature controller, the circuit board in charge of controlling the system
Compensation curve mode	Space heating incorporating outdoor temperature compensation
Heating mode	Space heating through radiators or UFH
Legionella	Bacteria potentially found in plumbing, showers and water tanks that may cause Legionnaires disease
LP mode	Legionella prevention mode - a function on systems with tanks to prevent the growth of legionella bacterium
Packaged model	Plate heat exchanger in the outdoor heat pump unit
Refrigerant	A compound used within the heat cycle that goes through a phase change from gas to liquid
Split model	Plate heat exchanger in the indoor unit
TRV	Thermostatic radiator valve - a valve on the entrance or exit of the radiator panel controlling the heat output
UFH	Under floor heating - a system of water carrying pipes under the floor, that warms the floor surface

1 Safety Precautions

- ▶ Before operating this unit it is important to read the safety precautions.
- The following safety points are provided to prevent injury to yourself and damage to the unit please adhere to them.

Used in this manual

▲ WARNING: Precautions listed under this title should be observed to prevent injury or death to the user. **⚠** CAUTION:

Precautions listed under this title should be observed to prevent damage to the unit.

• Follow the instructions provided in this manual and local regulations when using this unit.

- The unit should NOT be installed or serviced by the user. If installed incorrectly water leakage, electric shock and fire may result.
- NEVER block discharges from emergency valves.
- Do not operate the unit without emergency valves and thermostatic cut outs being operational. If in doubt contact your installer.
- Do not stand on or lean on unit.
- · Do not place objects on top or below the unit and observe service space requirements when placing objects next to the unit.
- · Do not touch the unit or controller with wet hands as electric shock may result.
- Do not remove the panels of the unit or try to force objects inside the unit's casing.
- Do not touch protruding pipework as it may be very hot and cause burns to the body.
- · Should the unit start vibrating or making abnormal noises stop operation, isolate from the power supply and contact the installer.
- Should the unit start to produce any burning smells stop operation, isolate from the power supply and contact the installer.
- · Should water be visibly being discharged through the tundish stop operation, isolate from the power supply and contact the installer.
- The Mitsubishi Electric cylinder and hydroboxes are NOT intended for use by children or infirm persons without supervision.
- · Care should be taken to prevent children and pets having easy access to the units.
- . In the case of a refrigeration leak, stop the operation of the unit, thoroughly ventilate the room and contact the installer.
- If power supply cable is damaged, it must be replaced by the manufacturer, its service agent or similarly qualified persons in order to avoid a hazard.
- Do not place containers with liquids in on top of the unit. If they leak or spill the unit may be damaged and fire could occur.
- When installing or relocating, or servicing the cylinder unit and the hydrobox, use only the specified refrigerant (R410A) to charge the refrigerant lines. Do not mix it with any other refrigerant and do not allow air to remain in the lines. If air is mixed with the refrigerant, then it can be the cause of abnormal high pressure in the refrigerant line, and may result in an explosion and other hazards. The use of any refrigerant other than that specified for the system will cause mechanical failure or system malfunction or unit breakdown. In the worst case, this could lead to a serious impediment to securing product safety.

- · Do not use sharp objects to press the buttons of the main controller as this will cause damage to the buttons.
- If power to unit is to be turned off for a long time, the water should be drained.
- Do not place a container etc. filled with water on the top panel.

Disposal of the Unit



<Figure 1.1>

This symbol mark is for EU countries only.

This symbol mark is according to the directive 2002/96/EC Article 10 Information for users and Annex IV, and/or to the directive 2006/66/EC Article 20 Information for end-users and Annex II.

Your Mitsubishi Electric heating system products have been manufactured with high quality materials and components which can be recycled and/or reused. The symbol in Figure 1.1 means that

electrical and electronic equipment, batteries and accumulators at the end of their life, should be disposed of separately from your household waste.

If a chemical symbol is printed beneath the symbol (Figure 1.1), this chemical symbol means that the battery or accumulator contains a heavy metal at a certain concentration. This is indicated as follows:

Hg: mercury (0.0005%), Cd: (cadmium (0.002%), Pb: lead (0.004%)

In the European Union there are separate collection systems for used electrical and electronic products, batteries and accumulators.

Please dispose of this equipment, batteries and accumulators correctly at your local community waste collection/recycling centre.

Contact your local Mitsubishi Electric dealer for country-specific details on disposal.

Please, help us to conserve the environment we live in.

2 Introduction

The purpose of this user manual is to inform users how their air source heat pump heating system works, how to run the system at its most efficient and how to change settings on the main controller.

This appliance is not intended for use by persons (including children) with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge, unless they have been given supervision or instruction concerning the use of the appliance by a person responsible for their safety. Children should be supervised to ensure they do not play with the appli-

This user manual should be kept with the unit or in an accessible place for future reference.

ance.

Overview of the System

The Mitsubishi Electric Air to Water (ATW) heat pump system consists of the following components; outdoor heat pump unit and indoor cylinder unit or hydrobox incorporating main controller.



Schematic of package cylinder system

How the Heat Pump Works

Space heating and DHW

Electrical power input

1 kW

Heat pumps take electric energy and low grade heat energy from the outdoor air to heat refrigerant which in turn heats water for domestic use and space heating. The efficiency of a heat pump is known as the Coefficient of Performance or COP this is the ratio of heat delivered to power consumed.

The operation of a heat pump is similar to a refrigerator in reverse. This process is known as the vapour-compression cycle and the following is a more detailed explanation.

Useful energy output

3 kW

Low temperature renewable heat

energy taken from the environment

2 kW



The first phase begins with the refrigerant being cold and low pressure.

- The refrigerant within the circuit is compressed as it passes through the compressor. It becomes a hot highly pressurised gas. The temperature also rises typically to 60°C.
- 2. The hot refrigerant gas is then condensed as it passes across one side of a plate heat exchanger. Heat from the refrigerant gas is transferred to the cooler side (water side) of the heat exchanger. As the temperature of the refrigerant decreases its state changes from a gas to a liquid.
- Now as a cold liquid it still has a high pressure. To reduce the pressure the liquid passes through an expansion valve. The pressure drops but the refrigerant remains a cold liquid.
- 4. The final stage of the cycle is when the refrigerant passes into the evaporator and evaporates. It is at this point when some of the free heat energy in the outside air is absorbed by the refrigerant.

It is only the refrigerant that passes through this cycle; the water is heated as it travels through the plate heat exchanger. The heat energy from the refrigerant passes through the plate heat exchanger to the cooler water which increases in temperature. This heated water enters the primary circuit and is circulated and used to serve the space heating system and indirectly heat the contents of the DHW cylinder (if present).

Economical Best Practice

Air source heat pumps can provide both hot water (providing a suitable cylinder is used) and space heating all year. The system is different to a conventional fossil fuel heating and hot water system. The efficiency of a heat pump is shown by its coefficient of performance as explained in the introduction. The following points should be noted to achieve the most efficient and economical operation of your heating system.

Important points about heat pump systems

- Domestic hot water and legionella functions are only available on cylinder units or hydroboxes plumbed to an appropriate storage cylinder.
- In normal operation simultaneous DHW and space heating is unadvisable. However during periods of extremely low ambient temperature, the immersion heater (if present) can be used for DHW whilst the heat pump continues to provide space heating. Please be aware that the immersion heater, used alone, is not an efficient method to heat the whole DHW tank. Therefore it should only be used as a back up in normal operation.
- The hot water produced by the heat pump is typically at a lower temperature than a fossil fuel boiler.

Implications

- If the heat pump is being used for DHW the time at which tank heat up occurs should be scheduled using the SCHEDULE function (see page 10). Ideally this should be during the night time when little space heating is required and economy electricity tariffs can be taken advantage of.
- In most situations space heating is best performed using the room temperature mode. This enables the heat pump to analyse current room temperature and react to changes in a controlled manner utilising the specialised Mitsubishi Electric controls.
- Using the SCHEDULE and HOLIDAY functions prevent unnecessary Space or DHW heating when the property is known to be unoccupied for instance during the working day.
- Due to lower flow temperatures, heat pump heating systems should be used with large surface area radiators or under-floor heating. This will provide a steady heat to the room whilst improving efficiency and so lowering running costs of the system as the heat pump does not have to produce water at very high flow temperatures.

Overview of Controls

Built into the cylinder unit and hydrobox is the Flow Temperature Controller3 (FTC3). This device controls the function of both the outdoor heat pump unit and the indoor cylinder or hydrobox. The advanced technology means that by using an FTC3 controlled heat pump you can not only make savings compared to traditional fossil fuel type heating systems but also compared to many other heat pumps on the market.

As explained in the earlier section, 'How the Heat Pump Works,' heat pumps are most efficient when providing low flow temperature water. The FTC3 advanced technology enables the room temperature to be kept at the desired level whilst utilising the lowest possible flow temperature from the heat pump.

In room temp (Auto adaptation) mode the controller uses temperature sensors around the heating system to monitor space and flow temperatures. This data is regularly updated and compared to previous data by the controller to predict changes in room temperature and adjust the temperature of water flowing to the space heating circuit accordingly. By monitoring not only the outdoor ambient, but the room and heating circuit water temperatures, the heating is more consistent and sudden spikes in required heat output are reduced. This results in a lower overall flow temperature being required.

System Configuration



Front elevation

3 Your Heating System

Product Specification

				Hydrobox						Cylind	er unit				
Model name			EHSC- VM6A	EHSC- YM9A	EHPX- VM2A	EHST20C- VM6HA	EHST20C- YM9HA	EHST20C- VM6A	EHST20C- YM9A	EHST20C- VM6SA	EHPT20X- VM2HA	EHPT20X- VM6HA	ЕНРТ20Х- ҮМ9НА	EHPT20X- VM6A	ЕНРТ20Х- ҮМ9А
Modes			Heating ONLY	Heating ONLY	Heating ONLY	Heating ONLY	Heating ONLY	Heating ONLY	Heating ONLY	Heating ONLY	Heating ONLY	Heating ONLY	Heating ONLY	Heating ONLY	Heating ONLY
Nominal domestic hot w.	ater volume		I	I	I					20	OL				
Overall unit dimensions			800	× 530 × 360	mm				1600 × 59!	5 × 680 mm (Height x Widt	h x Depth)			
Weight (empty)			54 kg	54 kg	39 kg	131 kg	131 kg	130 kg	130 kg	131 kg	119 kg	119 kg	119 kg	118 kg	118 kg
Weight (full)			60 kg	60 kg	44 kg	346 kg	346 kg	345 kg	345 kg	346 kg	332 kg	332 kg	332 kg	331 kg	331 kg
Plate heat exchanger			2	2	×	2	2	2	2	2	×	×	×	×	×
Operating ambient condit.	ion – Temperatu	ure (relative humidity)	0 (*1) - 35°C (≦ 80	(% 0					0 (*1) - 35°	C (≦ 80 %)				
Tank performance *2	Time to raise I	DHW tank temp 15-65°C								23	nin				
	Time to reheat	70% of DHW tank to 65°C	<	vot applicable	10					20.5	min				
Electrical data	Control board	Power supply (Phase, voltage, frequency)	√/~	4, 230 V, 50 I	Hz					~/N, 230	V, 50 Hz				
	Booster heater	r Power supply (Phase, voltage, frequency)	~/N, 230 V, 50 Hz	3~, 400 V, 50 Hz	~/N, 230 V, 50 Hz	~/N, 230 V, 50 Hz	3~, 400 V, 50 Hz	~/N, 230 V, 50 Hz	3~, 400 V, 50 Hz	~/N, 230 V, 50 Hz	~/N, 230 V, 50 Hz	~/N, 230 V, 50 Hz	3~, 400 V, 50 Hz	~/N, 230 V, 50 Hz	3∼, 400 V, 50 Hz
		Capacity	2 kW+4 kW	3 kW+6 kW	2 kW	2 kW+4 kW	3 kW+6 kW	2 kW+4 kW	3 kW+6 kW	2 kW+4 kW	2 kW	2 kW+4 kW	3 kW+6 kW	2 kW+4 kW	3 kW+6 kW
		Current	26 A	13 A	9 A	26 A	13 A	26 A	13 A	26 A	9 A	26 A	13 A	26 A	13 A
	Immersion heate *3	Power supply (Phase, voltage, frequency)				~/N, 230	V, 50 Hz		I		U/~	N, 230 V, 50 I	Ρ		
		Capacity	2	lot applicable	۵.	3 k	śW		I			3 kW			
		Current				13	A		Ι			13 A		Ι	
Solar (ancillary) connect	tion		×	×	×	×	×	×	×	2	×	×	×	×	×
											+ ~ ~ ~	he environm ested under on not fit imm	lent must be f BS7206 cond	frost-free. ditions.	armal curtourt
)				

To change the settings of your heating system please use the main controller located on the front panel of the cylinder unit or hydrobox. The following is a guide to viewing the main settings. Should you require more information please contact your installer or local Mitsubishi dealer.





Main Controller

<Main controller parts>

Letter	Name	Function
A	Screen	Screen in which all information is displayed
В	Menu	Access to system settings for initial set up and modifications.
С	Back	Return to previous menu.
D	Confirm	Used to select or save. (Enter key)
E	Power/Holiday	If system is switched off pressing once will turn sys- tem on. Pressing again when system is switched on will enable Holiday Mode. Holding the button down for 3 secs will turn the system off. (*1)
F1-4	Function keys	Used to scroll through menu and adjust settings. Function is determined by the menu screen visible on screen A.

*1

When the system is switched off or the power supply is disconnected, the cylinder protection functions (e.g. freeze stat. function) will NOT operate. Please beware that without these safety functions in operation the cylinder may be damaged.

<Main screen icons>

	Icon	Descrip	tion	
1	Legionella	When th	his icon is displayed 'Legionella prevention	
	prevention	mode' is	active.	
2	Heat pump	When th	his icon is displayed the 'Heat pump' is in	
		use.		
3	Electric heater	When th	his icon is displayed the 'Electric heaters' are	
		in use.		
4	Target	Target flow temperature		
	temperature	l 🚺	Target room temperature	
		2	Compensation curve	
5	OPTION	Pressing	g the function button below this icon will dis-	
		play the	option screen.	
6	+	Increase	e desired temperature.	
7	-	Decreas	se desired temperature.	
8	Information	Pressing	g the function button below this icon displays	
		the information screen.		
9	Space heating mode	Heating mode		
10	DHW mode	Normal or ECO mode		
11	Holiday mode	When this icon is displayed 'Holiday mode' activated.		
12	Ð	Timer		
	\otimes	Prohibit	ed	
		Stand-b	у	
		Stop		
		Operatir	ng	

General Operation

In general operation the screen displayed on the main controller will be as in the figure on the right.

This screen shows the target temperature, space heating mode, DHW mode (if cylinder is present in system), any additional heat sources being used, holiday mode, and the date and time.

You should use the function buttons to access more information. When this screen is displayed pressing F1 will display the current status whilst pressing F4 will transfer the user to the option menu screen.

<Option screen>

This screen shows the main operating modes of the system. Use the function buttons to switch between Operating (\blacktriangleright), Prohibited (\bigcirc) and Timer (\bigcirc) for DHW and space heating or edit/activate the holiday setting.

The option screen allows quick setting of the following;

- Forced DHW (if tank present) to activate press F1
- DHW operating mode (if tank present) to change mode press F2
- Space heating operating mode to change mode press F3
- Holiday mode to access Holiday screen press F4



Home screen



Option screen

<Viewing system settings>

To access the main settings menu press button B 'MENU'

The following menus will be displayed;DHW (Cylinder unit or hydrobox plus 3rd party cylinder)

- Heating
- Schedule
- Holiday
- · Initial setting
- Service (Password protected)

Changing Initial Settings

- 1. From main settings menu use F2 and F3 buttons to highlight 'Initial Settings' icon and select by pressing CONFIRM.
- 2. Use F1 and F2 buttons to scroll through the menu list. When the required title is highlighted then press CONFIRM to edit.
- 3. Use the relevant function buttons to edit each initial setting then press CON-FIRM to save the setting.

Initial settings that can be edited are

- Date/Time
- Language
- Temp. unit
- Room temp. display setting
- Contact number
- · Time display
- Selected thermistor

To return to the main settings menu press the BACK button.



Main settings menu screen

Icon	Description
ŀ	Hot water (DHW)
	Heating
2	Schedule timer
	Holiday mode
\$	Initial setting
iì	Service

Schedule

The Schedule mode allows daily and weekly space heating and DHW patterns to be entered. When setting up the system your installer should discuss with you your heating and DHW requirements so that the optimum schedule can be created.

Activation or deactivation of the schedule is done in the option screen. (See option section)

- 1. From the main settings menu use F2 and F3 to highlight the schedule icon then press CONFIRM.
- The schedule sub menu will be displayed. The icons show the following modes;
 - Heating
 - DHW
- 3. Use F2 and F3 buttons to move between mode icons press CONFIRM to be shown the PREVIEW screen for each mode.

The PREVIEW screen allows you to view the current settings. Days of the week are displayed across the top of the screen. Where the day appears underlined, the settings are the same for all those days underlined.

Hours of the day and night are represented as a bar across the main part of the screen. Where the bar is solid black, heating/DHW (whichever is selected) is allowed.

<Setting the schedule>

- 1. In the PREVIEW menu screen press F4 button.
- 2. First select the days of the week you wish to schedule.
- Press F2/F3 buttons to move between days and F1 to check or uncheck the box.
- 4. When you have selected the days press CONFIRM.
- 5. The time bar edit screen will be displayed.
- 6. Use buttons F2/F3 to move to the point at which you do not want the selected mode to be active press CONFIRM to start.
- 7. Use F3 button to set the required time of inactivity the press CONFIRM.
- 8. You can add up to 4 periods of inactivity within a 24 hour interval.
- 9. Press F4 to save settings.

When scheduling heating, button F1 changes the scheduled variable between time and temperature. This enables a lower temperature to be set for a number of hours e.g. a lower temperature may be required at night when the occupants are sleeping.

Notes:

- The schedule for space heating and DHW are set in the same way. However for DHW only time can be used as scheduling variable.
- A small rubbish bin character is also displayed choosing this icon will delete the last unsaved action.
- It is necessary to use the SAVE function F4 button to save settings CON-FIRM does NOT act as SAVE for this menu.











Holiday Mode

Holiday mode can be used to keep the system running at lower flow temperatures and thus reduced power usage whilst the property is unoccupied. Holiday mode can run either flow temp, room temp, heating, compensation curve heating and DHW all at reduced flow temperatures to save energy if the occupier is absent.

Holiday mode can be activated in 2 ways. Both methods will result in the holiday mode activation screen being shown.

Option 1.

From the main menu screen press button E should be pressed. Be careful not to hold down button E for too long as this will turn off the controller and system. **Option 2.**

From the main menu screen press button F4 the current settings screen will be displayed. Press button F4 again to access the holiday mode activation screen.

Once the holiday mode activation screen is displayed you can activate/deactivate and select the duration that you would like holiday mode to run for.

- Press button F1 to activate or deactivate holiday mode
- Use buttons F2, F3 and F4 to input the date which you would like holiday mode to activate or deactivate holiday mode for space heating.

<Editing holiday mode>

Should you require the Holiday mode settings e.g. the flow temp, room temp to be altered you should contact your installer.





Heating Mode

The heating menu deal with space heating using normally either a radiator or under-floor heating system depending on the installation.

- There are 3 heating modes
- Room temp (Auto adaptation) (1)
- Flow temp (↓)
- Compensation curve (
)

<Room temp (Auto adaptation) mode>

This mode is explained in detail in 'Overview of Controls' Section.

<Flow temp mode>

The temperature of the water flowing to the heating circuit is set by the installer to best suit the space heating system design, and user's desired requirements.

<Explanation of compensation curve mode>

During late spring and summer usually the demand for space heating is reduced. To prevent the heat pump from producing excessive flow temperatures for the primary circuit the compensation curve mode can be used to maximise efficiency and reduce running costs.

The compensation curve is used to restrict the flow temperature of the primary space heating circuit dependent on the outdoor temperature. The FTC3 uses information from both an outdoor temperature sensor and a temperature sensor on the primary circuit supply to ensure the heat pump is not producing excessive flow temperatures if the weather conditions do not require it.

Your installer will set the parameters of the graph depending on local conditions and type of space heating used in your home. It should not be necessary for you to alter these settings. If however you find that over a reasonable operating period the space heating is not heating or is overheating your home, please contact your installer so they can check your system for any problems and update these settings if necessary.





Domestic Hot Water (DHW) / Legionella Prevention

The hot water and legionella prevention menus control the operation of domestic hot water tank heat ups. They are not available if your system uses the hydrobox with no cylinder.

When DHW screen is displayed pressing button F1 changes between Normal and Eco DHW modes. Pressing button F3 activates/deactivates Legionella Prevention mode.



Menu subtitle	Function	Range	Unit	Default value
DHW max. temp	Desired temperature of stored hot water	40–60	°C	50
DHW max. temperature	Difference in temperature between DHW max. temp and the temperature at which DHW		°C	10
drop	mode starts			
DHW max. operation time	Max time allowed for stored water heating DHW mode	30-120	min	60
DHW mode restriction	The time period after DHW mode when space heating has priority over DHW mode tem-	30–120	min	30
	porarily preventing further stored water heating			
	(Only when DHW max. operation time has passed.)			

If you wish to make changes contact installer.

<Explanation of DHW operation>

- When the tank temperature drops from "DHW max. temp" by more than the "DHW max. temperature drop" (set by installer), DHW mode operates and the flow from the primary heating circuit is diverted to heat the water in the storage tank.
- When the temperature of the stored water reaches the 'DHW max. temp' set by the installer or if the 'Max operation time' set by the installer is exceeded DHW mode ceases to operate.
- Whilst DHW mode is in operation hot water is not directed to the space heating circuit.
- Directly after DHW mode operation 'DHW mode restriction' will operate. The duration of this feature is set by the installer and during its operation DHW mode can not be reactivated allowing time for primary hot water flow to be directed to the space heating circuit if necessary.
- After the 'DHW mode restriction' operation the DHW mode can operate again and tank heating will continue if needed.

<Eco mode>

DHW mode can run in either 'Normal' or 'Eco' mode. Normal mode will heat the DHW tank quickly using the full power of the heat pump. Eco mode takes a little longer to heat the tank but the energy used is reduced as the heat pump operation is restricted using signals from the FTC3 based on measured tank temperature.

Note

The actual energy saved in Eco mode will vary according to outdoor temperature.

<Forced DHW>

The forced DHW function is used to force the system to operate in DHW mode. In normal operation the water in the DHW tank will be heated either to the set temperature or for the maximum DHW mode time, whichever occurs first. However should there be a high demand for hot water the 'Forced DHW' function can be used to prevent the system switching to space heating and continue to provide DHW tank heating

Forced DHW mode is activated by pressing button F1 when option screen is displayed.

Legionella prevention mode (LP mode)

During legionella prevention mode the temperature of the stored water is increased above 60°C to inhibit legionella bacterium growth. It is strongly recommended that this is done at regular intervals. Please check local regulations for the recommended frequency of heat up cycles.

Note: If failures occur on the cylinder unit the LP mode may not function normally.



DHW mode restriction DHW mode

DHW max. operation time - Time

Menu subtitle	Function	Range	Unit	Default value
Hot water temp.	Desired temp of stored hot water	60–70	°C	65
Frequency	Time between LP mode tank heat ups	1–30	day	15
Start time	Time when LP mode will begin	0:00-23:00	-	03:00
Max. operation time	Maximum time allowed for LP mode tank heat	1–5	hour	3
Duration of max. temp.	The time period after LP mode max. water temp has been reached	1–120	min	30

If you wish to make changes contact installer.

<Explanation of Legionella Prevention mode operation>

- At the time entered by the installer 'Start time' useful heat from the system is diverted to heat the water in the storage tank.
- When the temperature of the stored water exceeds the 'Hot Water temp.' set by the installer (above 65°C) water is no longer diverted to the tank.
- Whilst legionella prevention mode is in operation hot water is not directed to the space heating circuit.
- Directly after LP mode operation 'Duration of max. temp' will operate. The duration of this feature is set by the installer and during its operation stored water temperature will be monitored.
- If stored water temperature should drop to LP restart temp, LP mode will restart and water flow from the plate heat exchanger will be directed to the tank to boost the temperature. Once the set time for duration of max. temp has passed LP mode will finish and not recur for the set interval (set by installer).
- It is the responsibility of the installer to ensure the settings for legionella prevention are compliant with local and national guidelines.

Important

Please note that LP mode uses electric heaters (if present) to supplement the energy input of the heat pump. Heating water for long periods of time is not efficient and will increase running costs. The installer should give careful consideration to the necessity of legionella prevention treatment whilst not wasting energy by heating the stored water for excessive time periods. End-users should seek advice from their installers if they wish to change the LP mode settings.



The service menu is password protected to prevent accidental changes being made to the operation settings, by unauthorised/unqualified persons.



Troubleshooting

The following table is to be used as a guide to possible problems. It is not exhaustive and all problems should be investigated by the installer or another competent person. Users should not attempt to repair the system themselves.

At no time should the system be operating with the safety devices by-passed or plugged.

Fault symptom	Possible cause	Solution
Cold water at taps	Scheduled control off period	Check schedule settings and alter if necessary.
(systems with cylinder)	All hot water from tank used	Ensure DHW mode is operating and wait for tank to re-heat.
	Heat pump or electric heaters not working	Contact installer.
Water discharges from one of the relief valves	The system has overheated/overpressurised	Switch off power to the heat pump and any immersion heaters then con- tact installer.
Small amounts of water drip from one of the relief valves.	Dirt may be preventing a tight seal in the valve	Twist the valve cap in the direction indicted until a click is heard. This will release a small amount of water flushing dirt from the valve. Be very careful the water released will be hot. Should the valve continue to drip contact installer as the rubber seal may be damaged and need replacing.
Noisy pipework	Air trapped in the system	Try bleeding radiators (if present) If the symptoms persist contact installer.
	Loose pipework	Contact installer.
Heating system does not get up Prohibit, schedule or holiday mode selected		Check settings and change as appropriate.
to set temperature.	Incorrectly sized radiators	Contact installer.
	The room in which the temperature sensor is located is at a different temperature to the rest of the house.	Reposition the temperature sensor to a more suitable room.
	Battery problem *wireless control only	Check the battery power and replace if flat.
An error code appears in the main controller display.	The indoor or outdoor unit is reporting an abnormal condition	Make a note of the error code number and contact installer.
Pump runs without reason for short time.	Pump jam prevention mechanism to inhibit the build up of scale.	Normal operation no action necessary.
Mechanical noise heard coming	Heaters switching on/off	Normal operation no action required.
from cylinder unit	3-way valve changing position between DHW and heating mode.	Normal operation no action necessary.
After DHW operation room tem- perature rises a little.	At the end of the DHW mode operation the 3-way valve diverts hot water away from the cylinder into space heat- ing circuit. This is done to prevent the cylinder unit compo- nents from overheating. The amount of hot water directed into the space heating circuit is dependent on the type of system and the pipe run between the plate heat exchanger and the cylinder unit.	Normal operation no action necessary.
Schedule function inhibits the system from operating but the outdoor unit operates.	Freeze stat. function is active.	Normal operation no action necessary.
Heating mode has been on standby for a long time (does not start operation smoothly.)	Duration is set to excessively short time at "Economy set- ting for pump".	Contact installer.
Heating emitter is hot in the DHW mode. (The room temperature rises.)	The 3-way valve may have foreign objects in it, or hot wa- ter may flow to the heating side due to malfunctions.	Contact installer.

<Power failure>

All setting will be saved for 1 week with no power, after 1 week Date/Time ONLY will be saved.

Maintenance

Maintenance to the cylinder and hydrobox should be carried out annually by a competent person only. Users should not try to service or replace parts of the cylinder or hydrobox themselves. Failure to observe this instruction could result in injury to the user, damage to the unit and the product warranty becoming invalid.

In addition to annual servicing it is necessary to replace or inspect some parts after a certain period of system operation. Please see tables below for detailed instructions. Replacement and inspection of parts should always be done by a competent person with relevant training and qualifications.

Parts which require regular replacement

Parts	Replace every	Possible failures
Pressure relief valve (PRV) Air vent (Auto/Manual) Drain cock (Primary circuit) Flexible hose Manometer Inlet control group (ICG)*	6 years	Water leakage due to copper corrosion (Dezincification)

* OPTIONAL PARTS for UK

Parts which require regular inspection

Parts	Check every	Possible failures
		Earth leakage causing
Immersion heater	2 years	circuit breaker to activate
		(Heater is always OFF)
Pump	20,000 hrs (3 years)	Pump failure

Parts which must NOT be reused when servicing

Note: Always replace the gasket for pump with a new one at each regular maintenance (every 20,000 hours of use or every 3 years).

^{*} O-ring

^{*} Gasket

Installers: Please be sure to put your contact address/telephone number on this manual before handing it to the customer.

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION

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