

# N P L R41

#### TECHNICAL MANUAL FOR INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE

Chillers, heat pumps with scroll compressors

**HIGH EFFICIENCY** Α

Ε HIGH EFFICIENCY LOW NOISE OPERATION

НΔ HIGH EFFICIENCY HEAT PUMP

HE HIGH EFFICIENCY LOW NOISE HEAT PUMP









## Dear customer, thank you for choosing an AERMEC product.It is the fruit of many years of experience and special design studies and has been made of the highest grade materials and with cutting edge technology. In addition, all our products bear the EC mark indicating that they meet the requirements of the European Machine Directive regarding safety. The quality level is being constantly monitored, so AERMEC products are synonymous with Safety, Quality and Reliability. The data may undergo modifications considered necessary for the improvement of the product, at any time and without the obligation for any notice thereof. Thank you once again. **AERMEC S.p.A** AERMEC S.p.A. reserves the right at all times to make any modification for the improvement of its product and is not obliged to add these modification to machines of previous manufacture that have already been delivered or are being built.

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#### To install the unit, please observe the safety warnings included in these instructions



Danger: moving parts



Danger: high temperature



Danger: power supply



Danger: cut off power supply



General danger



Useful information and warnings



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## **NRL**

SERIAL NUMBER

**CONFORMITY DECLARATION**We, the undersigned, declare on our own exclusive responsibility that the object in

question, so defined:

NAME NRL

TYPE AIR - WATER CHILLER/HEAT PUMP

MODEL

and to which this declaration refers, complies with the following standardised regulations:

CEI EN 60335-2-40 Safety regulation regarding electric heat pumps, air conditioners and dehumidifiers

CEI EN 61000-6-1

Electromagnetic immunity and emission in residential environment

CEI EN 61000-6-3

CEI EN 61000-6-2
CEI EN 61000-6-4
Electromagnetic immunity and emission in industrial environment

**EN378** Refrigerating system and heat pumps - Safety and environmental requirements

UNI EN 12735 Round welding-free copper pipes for air conditioning and cooling
UNI EN 14276 Pressure equipment for refrigerating systems and heat pumps

#### thus meeting the essential requisites of the following directives:

- LV Directive: 2006/95/EC
- Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive 2004/108/EC
- Machine Directive 2006/42/EC
- PED Directive relating to pressure equipment 97/23/EC

In compliance with Directive 97/23/EC, the product meets the Full quality assurance procedure (module H) with certificate no. 06/270-QT3664 Rev.3 issued by the notified body no. 1131 CEC via Pisacane 46 Legnano (MI) - Italy

Bevilacqua 28/12/2009

Marketing Director Signature

King: Suchi

#### 1. WARNINGS ON THE DOCUMENTATION

#### 1.1. INTENDED USE

AERMEC devices are built according to the recognised technical standards and safety regulations. These units have been designed and built for heating and cooling, and the production of hot domestic water; they must be used for these purposes, in accordance with their performance characteristics. There may still arise risks for the safety of the user or third parties, or even damage to the units and other objects, in case of improper use.

Any use not specifically indicated in this manual is forbidden and **AERMEC cannot** therefore be held responsible for any

damage whatsoever resulting from the failure to observe these instructions.

#### 1.2. CONSERVING THE DOCU-MENTATION

Deliver the following installation instructions with all the complementary documentation to the user of the unit, who shall be responsible for keeping the instructions so that they are always available when needed.

READ THIS DOCUMENT CAREFULLY. The unit must be installed by qualified skilled personnel, in compliance with the national legislation in force in the country of destination. (M.D. 329/2004).

The unit must be installed in such a way as to make all maintenance and/or repair operations possible. The warranty of the device does not in any case cover costs incurred as a result of motorised ladders, scaffolding or any other lifting systems made necessary to carry out the operations under warranty.

The warranty shall not be valid if the indications mentioned above are not observed.

#### 2. ESSENTIAL SAFETY RULES

- Remember that the use of products employing electricity and water requires the observance of some essential safety rules:
- The use of this unit is not intended for people (including children) with any physical or mental disability or any sensory impairment nor for people lacking experience and knowledge, unless they are supervised or instructed on the use of the unit by a person responsible for their safety. Children should be supervised in order to make sure that they do not play with the unit.
- It is forbidden to carry out any technical or maintenance operation before disconnecting the unit from the mains by positioning the system and control panel main switches at "off".
- It is forbidden to modify safety or regulation devices without the manufacturer's authorisation and indications.
- It is forbidden to pull, disconnect or twist the electrical cables of the unit, even if it has been disconnected from the mains.
- It is forbidden to leave containers and flammable substances near the unit.
- O It is forbidden to touch the unit with

- wet parts of the body and bare feet.
- It is forbidden to open the access doors to the unit internal parts, without having first turned off the system main switch.
- It is forbidden to spread, leave or keep the packaging material within the reach of children as it may be a possible source of danger.

#### 3. PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

NRL is identifiable by:

#### the packaging label

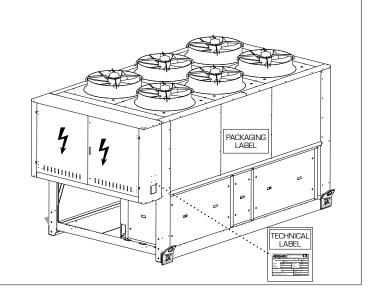
showing the product identification data

#### - the technical label

located on the electronic box side sill

#### NΒ

If the identification plate is tampered with, or removed, this prevents the certain identification of the product, making all installation and maintenance operations more difficult.



#### 4. DESCRIPTION OF THE UNIT

- The devices of the NRL range are units used to produce cold water for technological systems; the heat pump models also allow you to produce hot water for heating. They consist of two chiller circuits using R410A, and a single hydraulic circuit which may or may not be fitted with a water accumulator and/ or a pumping unit. The presence of more than one scroll type compressor allows the NRL chillers various capacity controls of the cooling capacity. By means of a microprocessor, the electronic regulation controls and manages all the components and working parameters of the unit; an internal memory registers the working conditions in the moment when an alarm condition arises, in order to visualise it on the display. The units have a protection class of IP 24.

#### 4.1. AVAILABLE MODELS

- "COOLING ONLY" (A E)
  - maximum outside temperature allowed **46°C**;
- processed water temperature 18°C;
- "HEAT PUMP" (HA HE) in cooling mode, the operating limits arrive at a maximum external air temperature of 46°C; processed water temperature 18°C; in heating mode, the operating limits arrive

at a maximum external air temperature of **42°C**; processed water temperature 55°C;

- NRLH do not offer the following configurations:
- YH (with processed water lower than 4°C)
- HC (condensing heat pump)

#### 4.2. VERSIONS AVAILABLE

#### - HEAT RECOVERY UNITS

 with desuperheater inserted as standard (D)

#### WARNING:

in the heat pump versions, the desuperheater must be intercepted during heat pump operation: otherwise, the guarantee will no longer be considered valid.

#### Total heat recovery (T)

With plate heat exchanger inserted in parallel with the coils

- Both versions (D T) use:
- a hot gas bypass device upstream from the evaporator
- Water filter before the recovery heat exchanger:
- (only for 750 size in all versions)

The units with desuperheater (D) or total recovery (T) are not available in the versions:

- УГ
- YT
- XD "only for temperatures lower than 4°C".
- XT "only for temperatures lower than 4°C".

## The NRL-C condensing units are not available in the versions:

- HC (condensing heat pump)
- TC (condensing units with total recovery)
- DC (condensing units with desuperheater)

#### Mechanical thermostatic valve (Y):

 version Y: this is the version that allows you to produce chilled water below the standard value of +4°C, to a minimum of -6°C. For lower values, contact the company headquarters.

#### 4.3. CONFIGURATOR

1,2,3	4,5,6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15, 16
NRL	075	0	٥	0	۰	Α	۰	۰	۰	00

Field Code 1, 2, 3 NRL

**4, 5, 6 Size** 075, 080, 090, 100, 125, 140, 150, 165, 180

7 Compressor

O Standard compressor

8 Thermostatic valve

Standard mechanical thermostatic valve (to +4°C)

Y Low water temperature mechanical thermostatic valve (to -6°C)
X Electronic thermostatic valve also for low water temperature (to -6°C)

9 Model

Cooling onlyCondensing systemHeat pump

10 Heat recovery

Without recovery units

D DesuperheaterT Total recovery

11 Version

A High efficiency

E High efficiency, low noise operation

12 Coils

Made of aluminium
 Made of copper
 Tinned copper
 Varnished

13 Fans

StandardM EnlargedJ Inverter

14 Power supply

400V-3N-50Hz with thermomagnetic switches
 230V-3-50Hz with thermomagnetic switches
 500V-3-50Hz with thermomagnetic switches

15, 16 Accumulation

**00** Without hydronic water accumulator

Low-head water accumulator and single pump
 Low-head water accumulator and reserve pump
 High-head water accumulator and single pump
 High-head water accumulator and reserve pump

Water accumulator with holes for supplementary electric heater, low head and single pump

Water accumulator with holes for supplementary electric heater, low head and reserve pump

Water accumulator with holes for supplementary electric heater, high head and single pump

**08** Water accumulator with holes for supplementary electric heater, high head and reserve pump

**09** Double hydraulic ring

10 Double hydraulic ring with supplementary electric heater

P1 Without water accumulator, with low-head pump

P2 Without water accumulator, with low-head pump and reserve pump

P3 Without water accumulator, with high-head pump

P4 Without water accumulator, with high-head pump and reserve pump

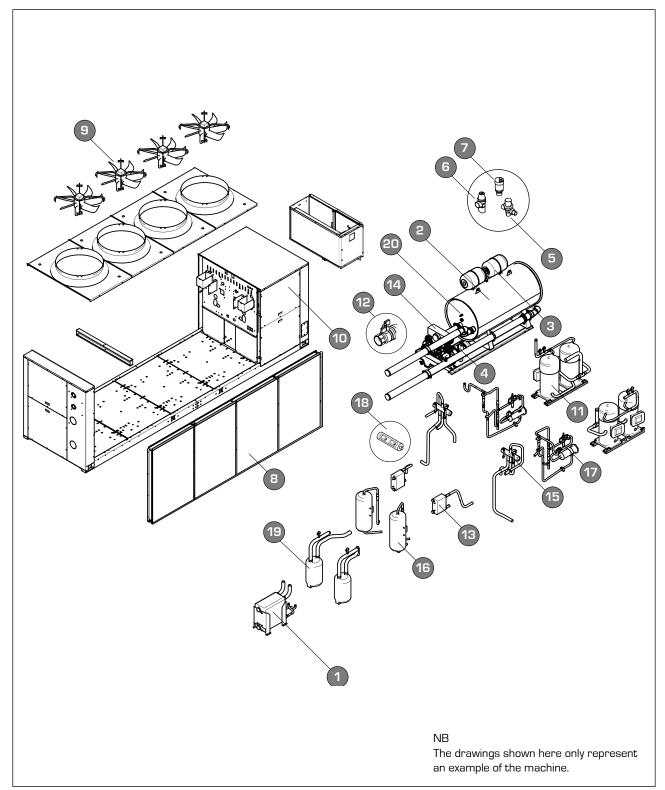
#### **WARNING**

With size 075, it is not possible to configure a 230V or 500V power supply.

With sizes 080 - 090 - 100 - 125 - 140 - 150 - 165 - 180, it is not possible to configure a 230V power supply. NB For the heat pump versions, M fans are not available, only  $^{\circ}$  and J.

### 5. DESCRIPTION OF COMPONENTS

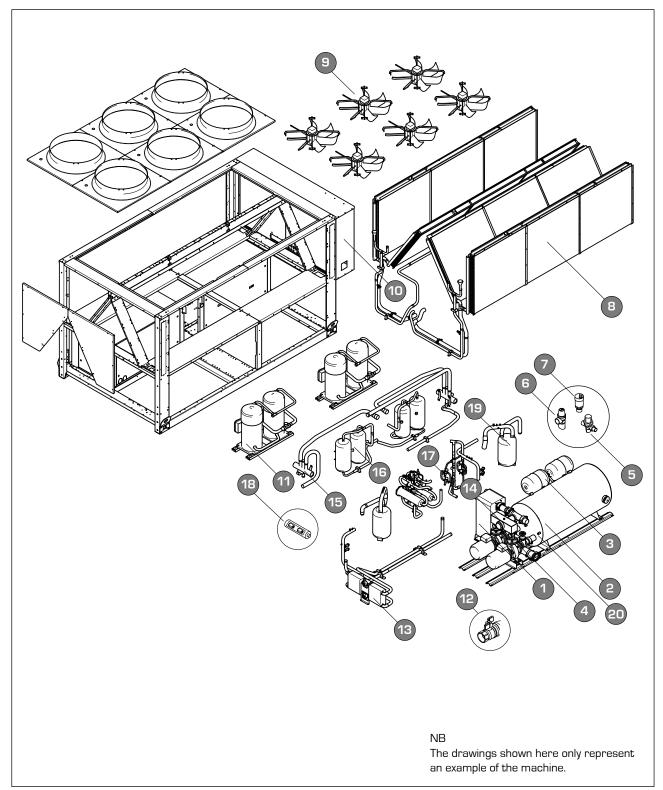
#### 5.1. NRL 0750 - 1250 HIGH EFFICIENCY



#### KEY

1	Plate heat exchanger	11	Compressors		
2	Accumulation	12	Accumulation discharge		
3	Expansion tank	13	Desuperheater		
4	Pumps	14	Filter assembled		
5	Charging unit	15	Reverse cycle valve		
6	Safety valve	16	Liquid accumulation		
7	Drain valve	17	Thermostatic valves		
8	Battery	18	Filter-drier		
9	Fans	19	Liquid separator		
10	Electrical panel	20	Electric heater		

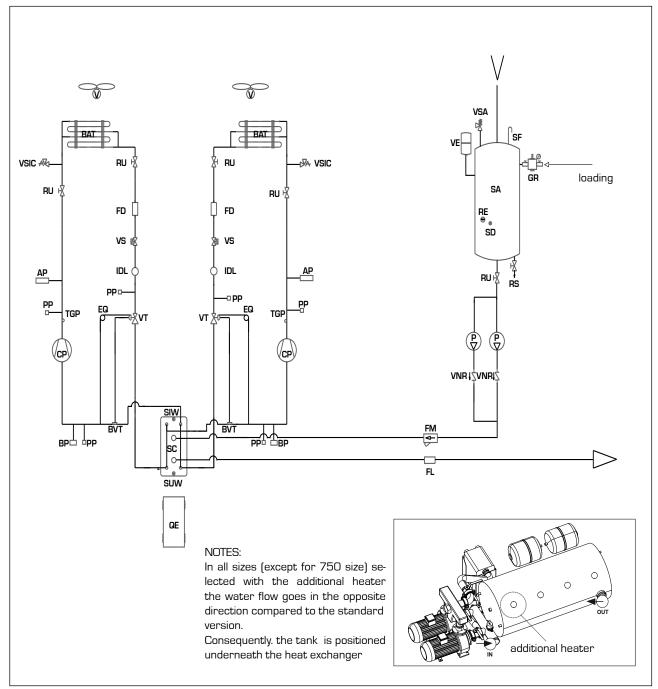
#### 5.2. NRL 1400 - 1800 HIGH EFFICIENCY



#### KEY

1	Plate heat exchanger	11	Compressors		
2	Accumulation	12	Accumulation discharge		
3	Expansion tank		Desuperheater		
4	Pumps	14	Filter assembled		
5	Charging unit	15	Reverse cycle valve		
6	Safety valve	16	Liquid accumulation		
7	Drain valve	17	Thermostatic valves		
8	Battery	18	Filter-drier		
9	Fans	19	Liquid separator		
10	Electrical panel	20	Electric heater		

#### 5.3. CHILLER CIRCUITS, HYDRAULIC ( A - E )

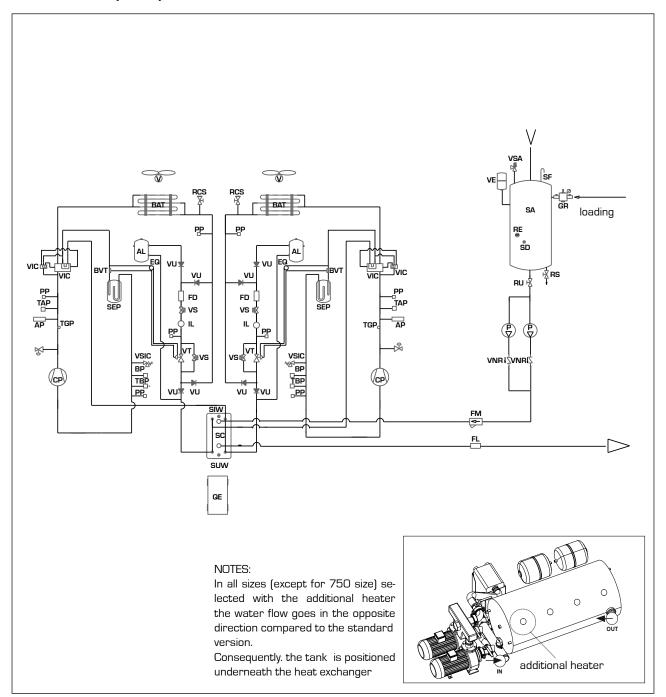


V	Fan
BAT	Battery
VSIC	Safety valve
RU	Тар
FD	Filter-drier
VS	Solenoid valve
IDL	Liquid indicator
AP	High pressure switch
PP	Pressure test point
EQ	Equaliser
TGP	Discharge gas thermostat

VT	thermostatic valve
CP	Compressor
BVT	Temperature valve bulb
BP	Low pressure switch
SIW	Water inlet temperature sensor
SC	Heat exchanger
SUW	Water outlet temperature sensor
QE	Electrical panel
FL	Flow switch

VSA	Water safety valve
VE	Expansion tank
SF	Vent
GR	Filling unit
SA	Water tank
RE	300W electric heater
SD	Anti-freeze sensor
RS	Discharge tap
Р	Accumulation
VNR	Non-return valve
FM	Water filter

#### 5.4. CHILLER CIRCUITS, HYDRAULIC (HA - HE)



V	Fan
BAT	Battery
RCS	Filling/discharge tap
VIC	Reverse cycle valve
PP	Pressure test point
TAP	High pressure transducer
AP	High pressure switch
TGP	Discharge gas thermostat
VSA	Water safety valve
CP	Compressor
BVT	Temperature valve bulb
SEP	Liquid separator

VSIC	Safety valve
BP	Low pressure switch
TBP	Low pressure transducer
AL	Liquid accumulator
EQ	Equaliser
VU	Non-return valve
SIW	Water inlet temperature sensor
SC	Heat exchanger
SUW	Water outlet temperature sensor
QE	Electrical panel
VE	Expansion tank
VSA	Water safety valve
SF	Vent

GR	Filling unit
SA	Water tank
RE	300W electric heater
SD	Anti-freeze sensor
RS	Discharge tap
RU	Тар
Р	Accumulation
P VNR	Accumulation Non-return valve
VNR	Non-return valve

#### 5.5. CHILLER CIRCUIT

#### Compressors

High efficiency scroll-type hermetic compressors (assembled on elastic anti-vibration supports), driven by a 2-pole electric motor with internal thermal protection of the electric heater casing included as standard. The heater is automatically powered when the unit stops, provided that the unit is kept under tension.

#### Air side heat exchanger

High efficiency device made of copper pipes and aluminium blades locked into place via mechanical pipe expansion.

#### Water side heat exchanger

Of the plate type (AISI 316), externally insulated with closed cell material to reduce thermal dispersion. Fitted, as standard, with antifreeze heater.

#### Liquid separator (only for heat pump)

Located on the suction point of the compressor, to protect against any flowback of liquid refrigerant, flooded start-ups, operation in the presence of liquid.

#### Liquid accumulation

#### (only for heat pumps and total recovery)

To compensate the difference in volume between the finned coil and the plate heat exchanger, holding back excess liquid.

#### Filter drier

Of the mechanical type with cartridges, made of ceramics and hygroscopic material able to trap impurities and any traces of humidity in the chiller circuit.

#### Sight glass

For checking the refrigerating gas load and any humidity in the refrigerating circuit.

#### Thermostatic valve

The mechanical type valve, with outside equaliser on the evaporator outlet, modulates the gas flow to the evaporator on the basis of the thermal load, in such a way as to ensure the proper degree of overheating of the intake gas.

#### Electronic valve (optional)

## Liquid and discharge taps (cooling-only versions)

They allow the refrigerant to be cut off during extraordinary maintenance.

#### Solenoid valve

The valve closes when the compressor turns off, preventing the flow of refrigerant gas towards the evaporator.

#### Bypass solenoid valve (only for heat pumps)

To bypass the thermostat-controlled valve during the defrosting cycle.

#### Reverse cycle valve (only for heat pumps)

Inverts the flow of refrigerant when operation is switched between summer/winter, and during defrosting cycles.

#### Non-return valve

Allows the refrigerant to flow in one direction only (heat pump or total recovery).

#### Desuperheater (only upon request)

Of the plate type (AISI 316), externally insulated with closed cell material to reduce thermal dispersion.

#### Total recovery (only upon request)

Of the plate type (AISI 316), externally insulated with closed cell material to reduce thermal dispersion.

#### 5.6. FRAME AND FANS

#### Fan unit

Screw type, statically and dynamically balanced. The electric fans are protected electrically with thermomagnetic switches and mechanically with metal anti-intrusion grilles, in accordance with the standard CEI EN 60335-2-40.

#### Enlarged fans (M)

These offer a useful head to overcome the pressure drops in the aeraulic system.

#### Inverter fans (J)

#### Load-bearing structure

Made of hot-galvanised steel sheet of a suitable thickness, varnished with polyester powders able to resist atmospheric agents over time.

#### 5.7. HYDRAULIC COMPONENTS

#### Circulation pump

Depending on the characteristics of the pump chosen, it offers a useful head to overcome the pressure drops in the system.

There is also the possibility to have a reserve pump. The reserve pump is managed by the electronic card.

## Flow switch (assembled in versions with water accumulator or pump).

## Water filter (assembled in the version with water accumulator or pump; supplied with the other versions).

Allows you to block and eliminate any impurities in the hydraulic circuits. Inside, it has a filtering mesh with holes not greater than one millimetre. It is essential in order to avoid serious damage to the plate heat exchanger.

#### Accumulation tank

In stainless steel, with a 700-litre capacity. In order to reduce the thermal dispersion and eliminate the phenomenon of the formation of condensation, it is insulated with polyurethane material of a suitable thickness.

Two anti-freeze electric heaters of 300W (down to -20°C outside temperature and tank water temperature 5°C) assembled as standard and commanded from the card via an anti-freeze sensor inserted in the tank.

#### Drain valve

#### (versions with water accumulator or pump)

Of the automatic type, assembled on the upper part of the hydraulic system; it releases any air bubbles that may be present in the system.

#### Charging unit

#### (versions with water accumulator or pump)

This has a pressure gauge showing the pressure in the system.

#### Expansion tank

#### (versions with water accumulator or pump)

Of the membrane type, with nitrogen pre-charge.

#### Hydraulic circuit safety valve

#### (versions with water accumulator or pump)

Calibrated to 6 bar and with ductable discharge, it releases overpressure in the event of abnormal working pressure levels.

#### 5.8. SAFETY AND CONTROL COMPO-NENTS

#### Low pressure switch (BP)

- Cooling only (A - E)

Of fixed calibration, located on the low pressure side of the refrigerating circuit, it stops the operation of the compressor in the event of anomalous work pressures.

#### High pressure switch (AP)

- Cooling only (A E)
- Heat pump (HA HE)

With fixed calibration, placed on the high pressure side of the chiller circuit, it shuts down compressor operation in the case of abnormal operating pressure.

#### Low pressure transducers (TP2)

- Cooling only (A E) "accessory"
- Heat pump (HA HE) "standard"

Placed on the high pressure side of the chiller circuit, it communicates to the control card the operating pressure, sending a pre-alarm in case of abnormal pressure.

#### High pressure transducer (TP3)

- Cooling only (A E) "standard"
- Heat pump (HA HE) "standard"

Placed on the high pressure side of the chiller circuit, it communicates to the control card the operating pressure, sending a pre-alarm in case of abnormal pressure.

## Anti-freeze heater (installed as standard)

Its operation is commanded by the anti-freeze probe located in the plate evaporator. It is activated when the water temperature is  $+3^{\circ}$ C, and deactivated when the water temperature is  $+5^{\circ}$ C. The dedicated software in the regulation card manages the heater.

#### Refrigerating circuit safety valve

This intervenes by releasing overpressure in the event of abnormal working pressure levels.

- Calibrated at 45 bar on the HP branch
- Calibrated at 30 bar on the BP branch (only for heat pumps)

#### 5.9. ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS

#### Electrical panel

Contains the power section and the management of the controls and safety devices. In accordance with standards:

CEI EN 61000-6-1

CEI EN 61000-6-3 (immunity and electromagnetic emissions for the residential sector). CEI EN 61000-6-2

CEI EN 61000-6-4 (immunity and electromagnetic emissions for the industrial sector). and Directives EMC 89/336/EEC and 92/31/EEC concerning electromagnetic compatibility, Low Voltage Directive LVD 2006/95/EC.

#### Door-block disconnecting switch

IT is possible to access the electrical panel by disconnecting the voltage, then using the opening lever of the panel itself. This lever can be blocked with one or more padlocks during maintenance, in order to prevent the machine being powered up accidentally.

#### Control keypad

Provides full control functions. For a detailed description of the keypad refer to the user manual.

#### Remote control panel

This allows the chiller command operations to be given from a distance.

compressor protection thermomagnetic switch;

fan protection thermomagnetic switch; auxiliary protection thermomagnetic switch; discharge gas temperature control thermostat.

#### **ELECTRONIC REGULATION**

#### Microprocessor card

Consisting of a management/control card and a visualisation card.

#### • Functions carried out:

- adjustment of water temperature at evaporator inlet, with thermostat control for up to 4 levels and integral-proportional fan speed control (with DCPX accessory);
- compressor start-up delay;
- compressor sequence rotation;
- count of compressor work hours;
- start/stop;
- reset;
- permanent alarms memory;
- autostart after voltage drop;
- multi-lingual messages;
- operation with local or remote control.

#### · Machine status display:

- ON/OFF compressors;
- alarms summary.

#### Alarm management:

- high pressure;
- flow switch;

- low pressure;
- anti-freeze;
- compressor overload;
- fan overload;
- pump overload.

#### • Display of the following parameters:

- water inlet temperature;
- accumulation temperature;
- water outlet temperature;
- delta T:
- high pressure;
- low pressure;
- waiting time for restart;
- alarms visualisation.

#### · Settings:

- a) without password: cooling set; total differential.
- b) with password: anti-freeze set; low pressure exclusion time; display language; access code.

For further information, refer to the user manual.

#### 6. ACCESSORIES

	0750	0800	0900	1000	1250	1400	1500	1650	1800
	AER485	Through this a and MODBUS	ccessory it is p type protocol.	ossible to conn	ect the unit with	n BMS supervis	ion systems wit	th electrical sta	ndard RS 485
Α	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Е	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
HA	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
HE	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
VT (00-P1-P2-P3-P4) Rubb		Rubber anti-vib	ration support.	Select the mod	del using the co	mpatibility table	•		
A E	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
HA HE	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VT	(01-02-03-04-0	5-06-07-08)	Rubber anti-vib	ration support.	Select the mod	del using the cor	mpatibility table		
A E	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
HA HE	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	AVX (00)	Sprung anti-vib	Sprung anti-vibration supports. Select the model using the compatibility table.						
A E	-	704	710	716	719	725	730	734	737
HA HE	_	704	710	716	719	725	730	734	737
AVX (	01-02-03-04)	Sprung anti-vib	rung anti-vibration supports. Select the model using the compatibility table.						
A E	-	705	711	711	720	726	731	735	738
HA HE	_	705	711	711	720	726	731	735	738
AVX (	P1-P2-P3-P4)	Sprung anti-vib	ration supports	s. Select the mo	odel using the co	ompatibility table	B.		
A E	-	706	712	712	721	727	732	736	736
HA HE	-	706	712	712	721	727	732	736	736
<b>GP</b> Protec		Protect the ex	ternal coils fror	n accidental kno	ocks.				
A E	10 (x3)	260	260	260	350	350	350	500	500
HA HE	10 (x3)	260	260	260	350	350	350	500	500

	0750	0800	0900	1000	1250	1400	1500	1650	1800
						•		ands per day (t	
	PGS					day of the week		•	•
A E	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
HA	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
HE	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
A	ERWEB30	Using additional sory, or via the	al modules, the GSM network,	device allows th	ne chiller to be c MODEM GSM ac	controlled via the	e telephone line	PC, using a ser , using the AERN to 9 chillers, but	<b>NODEM</b> acces-
Α	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
E	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
HA HE	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•
	TP2	display. Placed		essure side of t				c) on the microp essor operation	
A E	(X2)	(X2)	(X2)	(X2)	(X2)	(X2)	(X2)	(X2)	(X2)
HA HE					standard				
	REF					the reduction o		possible. hen the order is	nlaced
A E	53	88	90	92	92	93	94	94	94
HA HE	53	88	90	92	92	93	94	94	94
	DRE	It permits the rec	duction of the star	ting current need	ed by the machine	in the start up ph	ase. This accesso	ry can only be appl	ed in the factory
А	751	801	901	1001	1251	1401	1501	1651	1801
E	/31	601	301	1001	IEJI	1401	1301	1031	1601
HA HE	751	801	901	1001	1251	1401	1501	1651	1801
	DCPX	It is made up of pressure trans	an electronic re ducer), to keep i	gulation card that sufficiently high	at varies the fan 1 for the proper f	ures below 10°C rpm on the basis functioning of the res greater than	of the condens unit.	ation pressure (r	ead by the high
A	64	66	66	66	67	67	67	68	68
HA HE	65	66	66	66	standard 68 standard	68	68	68	68
	DCPX M	DCPX only for c	onfigurations wit	h enlarged fans (	M).				
A	65	66	66	66	68	68	68	68	68
DUA	ALCHILLER	Simplified contr		itch on and off, a	standard and command, to	wo chillers (using	J Aermec GR3 c	command) in a sir	ngle system, as
А	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
E	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
HA	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
L HE	•							nich several units	and installed :-
MUI	LTICHILLER			tant delivery to t			ı a əyətti ili Wi	non several units	ui c ii istalleu IN
A E	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
HA	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
HE	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
	TRX1	system, if the ins	tallation of an elec	ctric heater is not		mpulsory to replac	ce the plastic cap	protection caps. Be with the special T	RX1.
A E	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
HA	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
HE	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
A	PRM 1			SORY. Pressur he compressor		nanual reset (us	sing a tool), eled	ctrically connect	ed in series to -
E	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
HA	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
HE	PRM 2					anual reset (us	ing a tool), elec	trically connect	ed in series to
		the high press	ure switch on t	he compressor •	delivery pipe.		•	•	•
A E	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
HA	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
HE	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•

### 7. TECHNICAL DATA

#### 7.1. TECHNICAL DATA VERSIONS ( A - E )

COOLING			750	800	900	1000	1250	1400	1500	1650	1800
Clii+	1307	Α	195	218	242	271	322	357	399	437	469
Cooling capacity:	kW	Е	180	203	224	250	298	329	367	409	436
Tabal in a standard	1-20/	Α	62	69	81	93	106	124	142	154	167
Total input power	kW	Е	68	76	88	101	115	134	154	165	179
\	1.75	Α	33540	37,500	41,620	46,610	55,380	61,400	68,630	75,160	80,670
Water flow rate	l/h	Е	30960	34,920	38,530	43,000	51,260	56,590	63,120	70,350	74,990
T-t-1	I-D-	Α	88	66	70	70	73	78	61	61	62
Total pressure drops	kPa	E	75	58	61	61	63	67	52	54	54

ENERGY INDICES													
FED	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Α	3.15	3.16	2.99	2.91	3.04	2.88	2.81	2.84	2.81		
EER	W/W	Е	2.65	2.67	2.55	2.48	2.59	2.46	2.38	2.48	2.44		
ESEER	W/W	Α	4.19	4.39	4.27	4.17	4.34	4.12	4.02	4.06	4.02		
COECH		Е	4.05	4.27	4.20	4.08	4.28	4.05	3.93	4.02	4.02		

ELECTRICAL DATA											
Fuel feed	А	A E	400V 3N-50Hz				400V-3	3-50Hz			
lanut aumant	٨	Α	113	136	158	180	196	235	273	289	304
Input current	A	Е	120	145	169	192	211	251	292	306	324
Maximum current	А	A E	144	173	195	217	267	296	325	365	398
Peak current	А	A E	320	348	404	426	535	505	534	633	666

COMPRESSORS (SCROLL)											
Number/Circuit	no./no.	A E	4/2	4/2	4/2	4/2	4/2	5/2	6/2	6/2	6/2

FANS (AXIAL)	FANS (AXIAL)												
O tib.		Α	3	4	4	4	6	C	0	0	0		
Quantity	no.	Е	J	4	4	4	Ь	6	6	8	8		
Ain flow note	m3 /h	Α	49000	72800	71500	70200	106200	104100	102000	125800	122000		
air flow rate	m³/h	Е	35300	50960	51805	52650	74340	75420	76500	91110	91500		
 	1.\ \ \ /	Α	3.75	E O	5.0	E O	75	7.5	7.5	40.0	10.0		
Input power	kW	Е	3.75	5.0	5.0	5.0	7.5	7.0	7.5	10.0	10.0		
land some	^	Α	0.4	40.0	10.8	10.8	40.0	40.0	16.2	21.6	21.6		
Input current	Α	Е	8.4	10.8	10.8	10.8	16.2	16.2	10.2	21.0	21.0		

ENLARGED FANS (AXIAL)	ENLARGED FANS (AXIAL)												
Quantity	no.	Α	3	4	4	4	6	6	6	8	8		
Input power	kW	Α	3.75	7.0	7.0	7.0	10.5	10.5	10.5	13.9	13.9		
Input current	Α	Α	8.4	14.8	14.8	14.8	22.2	22.2	22.2	29.6	29.6		
Useful head	Pa	Α	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40		

EVAPORATORS (PLATES)											
O tib.		Α					4				
Quantity	no.	E					I				
Plumbing connections*	diam	Α	OII	3"	J.I.	ייט	<b>/</b> "	4"	<b>4</b> "	۵"	4"
(IN/OUT)	diam	Е	ס	٥	٥	٥	4	4	4	4	4

HYDRAULIC CIRCUIT											
Accumulation capacity	L	A E					700				
Accumulation anti-freeze heater	n°/W	A E	2x300	2x300	2x300	2x300	2x300	2x300	2x300	2x300	2x300
Plumbing connections* (IN/OUT) hydronic/pumping unit	diam	A E	4"	4"	4"	4"	4"	4"	4"	4"	4"
Expansion tank	n°/l	A E	2/24	2/24	2/24	2/24	2/24	2/24	2/24	2/24	2/24
LOW-HEAD CIRCULATION P	UMP										
Input power	KW	A E	3.0	3.4	3.4	3.4	4.6	4.6	5.9	5.9	5.9
Input current	А	A E	6.2	5.8	5.8	5.8	7.8	7.8	10.0	10.0	10.0
Useful head	kPa	A E	71 89	109 122	95 111	85 104	103 125	82 108	106 125	94 111	82 102

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  The plumbing connections are all of the Victaulic type

			0750	0800	0900	1000	1250	1400	1500	1650	1800
HIGH-HEAD CIRCULATION I	PUMP										
Input power	KW	A E	5.2	5.7	5.7	5.7	8.3	8.3	8.3	10.5	10.5
Input current	А	A E	11.0	9.7	9.7	9.7	14.1	14.1	14.1	17.8	17.8
Useful head	kPa	Α	191	227	213	200	247	222	226	233	221
Oseidi fiedd	N- a	E	213	237	226	216	264	246	250	245	236

SOUND DATA													
C (4)	٨٦٦٨	Α	85	88.0	88.0	88.0	91.0	90.5	90.5	91.5	93.5		
Sound power (1)	dBA	Е	77	83.0	83.0	83.0	86.0	85.5	85.0	86.5 59.5	88.5		
Sound pressure (2)	40٨	Α	53	56.0	56.0	56.0	59.0	58.5	58.5	59.5	61.5		
	dBA	Е	45	51.0	51.0	51.0	54.0	53.5	53.0	54.5	56.5		

DIMENSIONS											
Height	mm	Α	1975	2450	2450	2450	2450	2450	2450	2450	2450
Height	mm	E	13/3	2430	2430	2430	2430	2430	2430	2430	2430
Width		Α	1500	2200	2200	2200	2200	2200	2200	2200	2200
VVIGCIT	mm	E	1300	2200	2200	2200	2200	2200	2200	2200	2200
Death		Α	4350	3400	3400	3400	4250	4250	4250	5750	5750
Depth	mm	E	4350	3400	3400	3400	4250	4250	4250	3/30	5/50
Maight when appetu	lea	Α	1663	2120	2265	2410	2710	2910	3125	3620	3735
Weight when empty	kg	Е	1678	2135	2280	2425	2725	2925	3140	3635	3750

#### NOMINAL REFERENCE CONDITIONS

#### COOLING MODE

- Inlet water temperature - Outlet water temperature - Outside air temperature

- ∆t

12°C 7°C 35°C 5°C

(1) SOUND POWER
Aermec determines the sound power value on the basis of measurements taken in accordance with standard 9614-2, in compliance with the Eurovent certification.

(2) SOUND PRESSURE
Sound pressure in an unrestricted range on a reflective plane (directional fact. Q=2), 10m away from the unit external surface, complying with ISO 3744.

#### 7.2. TECHNICAL DATA VERSIONS (HA - HE)

COOLING	7.L. ILOI INIOAL DAIA	VE: 10.0		· ···=,								
Liconing placety   Viv	COOLING		,	-	0800	0900	1000	1250	1400	1500	1650	1800
He   105   194   241	Cooling capacity:	k\//										
Indicate purpose								<b>!</b>		+		
He   77   81   94   110   126   139   139   136   142   139   136   142   139   136   142   139   136   142   139   136   139   1	Total input power	kW										
Wilson Wilson   Wil												_
File   29390   39890   39990   49890	Water flow rate	l/h										
Index   Pressure drops		y										
Pite   Sign   49   49   49   51   40   41   41   45   44     Heating capacity   IV	Total pressure drops	kPa						t				
Heating capacity			HE	65	47	45	43	51	40	41	45	44
Heating capacity	HEATING											
Heating tappanely			НА									
Total input power	Heating capacity	kW		201	233	263	293	344	388	433	484	523
Initial Imput prover   INV			НА									
Wordernow rate	lotal input power	kVV		65.2	/4	83	93	110	124	139	153	163
Fig.			НА	0.4570	40000	45040	50400	50470	00740	74400	00050	20005
No.	Water flow rate	I/n	HE	345/0	40080	45240	50400	591/0	66/40	/4480	83250	89960
No.	T		НА	00			00	70		60		-00
EFR	lotal pressure drops	кРа	HE	96	68	69	69	/6	58	60	66	66
EFR	ENIEDOV INDIGEO											
EER	ENERGY INDICES	I	1.10	0.54	0.00	0.04	0.70	0.66	0.70	0.74	0.00	0.04
Part	EER	W/W										
BECTRICAL DATA				2.13	2.40	2.2/	2.16	2.33	2.28	2.25	2.3/	2.34
File	COP	W/W		3.08	3.15	3.17	3.15	3.13	3.13	3.12	3.16	3.21
Full feed		<u> </u>	HE	<u> </u>	<u> </u>					<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Fuel feed A HA HA SNSOHz NSOHz HE Input current A HA HA HE INSOHz NSOHz NSOHz HE Input current A HE INSOHZ HE INPUT CURRUIT NO COMPRESSORS (SCROLL)  Number/ Circuit No Company HA SOUR NSOHZ HE INSOHZ HE INS	ELECTRICAL DATA											
Public current		_	НА					400\	2 501 1			
Imput current	ruel leeu	A	HE	3N-50Hz				4007-	o-UUMZ			
Maximum current A	Innut ournant	_	HA	110	100	157	177	107	004	005	000	202
Maximum current	input current	A	HE	113	138	137	1//	197	231	260	282	293
He	Maximum aumant	_	НА	111	177	100	004	074	202	220	272	406
Peak current	Maximum current	A	HE	144	177	199	221	2/4	303	332	3/3	406
HE	Dook ournant	_	HA	200	250	400	420	540	E40	5.44	C/11	674
Number/Circuit   No./No.   HA   HE   4/2   4/2   4/2   4/2   4/2   5/2   6/2   6/2   6/2   6/2	Peak current	A	HE	320	302	400	430	542	טוב	341	041	6/4
Number/Circuit   No./No.   HA   HE   4/2   4/2   4/2   4/2   4/2   5/2   6/2   6/2   6/2   6/2	COMPRESSORS (COROLL)											
Number/Circuit   No.   HE   4/2   4/2   4/2   4/2   4/2   4/2   5/2   6/2	COMPRESSORS (SCROLL)		ШΛ									
FANS (AXIAL)	Number/Circuit	no./no.		4/2	4/2	4/2	4/2	4/2	5/2	6/2	6/2	6/2
Second Scientify   No.   HA   HE   HA   SO   SO   SO   SO   SO   SO   SO   S			I IIL									
Air flow rate   March   HE   A	FANS (AXIAL)									,		
Air flow rate	Quantity	no		٦	1	1	1	6	6	6	g	g
HE   41700   59920   59920   60610   88200   90000   91800   117600   115920   115	Guartitity	110.				7	-			0		
HA   HE   HI   HI   HI   HI   HI   HI   HI	Air flow rate	m³/h										
Input power	All How Face	/	HE	41700	59920	59220	60610	88200	90000	91800	117600	115920
Input current	Input nower	k/V/		3.75	68	6.8	68	10.2	10.2	10.2	13.6	13.6
Figure 1	Input power	KVV	_	0.70	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.0	10.0
He	Input current	Δ		84	144	14 4	14 4	216	216	216	28.8	28.8
Second Color		<u> </u>	HE					5		5		
Second Color	EVAPORATORS (PLATES)											
Plumbing connections (IN/OUT)   diam	•		НΔ									
Plumbing connections (IN/OUT)   diam   HA   HE   2"1/2   3"   3"   3"   4"   4"   4"   4"   4"	Quantity	no.		1				1				
Harmonic connections (IN/OUT)   Glam   HE   2"1/2   3"   3"   4"   4"   4"   4"   4"   4"												
HYDRAULIC CIRCUIT   Accumulation capacity   L	Plumbing connections (IN/OUT)	diam		2"1/2	3"	3"	3"	4"	4"	4"	4"	4"
Accumulation capacity   L				I	I.	I	I.	l .	I .	I	ı	I.
Accumulation capacity L HE Accumulation anti-freeze heater W HA HE 2x300	HYDRAULIC CIRCUIT											
HE   Accumulation anti-freeze heater   W   HA   HE   2x300	Accumulation canacity	 						700				
Plumbing connections *   HA   HE   2x300   2	5aa.a.sorr capacity							, 55				
Plumbing connections * (IN/OUT)   HA   HE   HA   HE   HE   HE   HE   HE	Accumulation anti-freeze heater	w		2x300	2x300	5x3UU	2x300	2x300	2x300	2x300	Sx300	2x300
Notice   N		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •										
hydronic/pumping unit         HE         A         2/24	Plumbing connections*	_:.	HA	411	411	411	All	411	411	All	411	4"
Expansion tank $n^{\circ}/l$ $\frac{A}{E}$ $2/24$	UN/UUTJ	alam	HE	4"	4"	4"	4"	4"	4"	4"	4"	4"
The control of the			Δ	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	<u> </u>
Low-Head Circulation Pump   Low-Head Circulation Pump   KW	Expansion tank	n°/I		2/24	2/24	2/24	2/24	2/24	2/24	2/24	2/24	2/24
Input power	LOW-HEAD CIRCULATION P	UMP		I.			I.	l .	ı	I		
Input power         RW         HE         3.0         3.4         3.4         3.4         4.6         4.6         5.9         5.9         5.9           Input current         A         HA         6.2         5.8         5.8         5.8         7.8         7.8         10.0         10.0         10.0           Itseful head			НΔ									
Input current  A HA HE 6.2 5.8 5.8 5.8 7.8 7.8 10.0 10.0 10.0  I Iseful head kPa HA 104 123 114 111 128 128 125 106 95	Input power	KW		3.0	3.4	3.4	3.4	4.6	4.6	5.9	5.9	5.9
Input current			, n=	-								
Ha 104 123 114 111 128 128 125 106 95	• •		НΛ									400
Useful head I kPa	Input current	А		6.2	5.8	5.8	5.8	7.8	7.8	10.0	10.0	10.0
	•		HE									

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  The plumbing connections are all of the Victaulic type

			0750	0800	0900	1000	1250	1400	1500	1650	1800
HIGH-HEAD CIRCULATION	PUMP										
Input power	KW	HA HE	5.5	5.7	5.7	5.7	8.3	8.3	8.3	10.5	10.5
Input current	А	HA HE	11.0	9.7	9.7	9.7	14.1	14.1	14.1	17.8	17.8
Useful head	kPa	HA HE	224 231	240 252	230 249	225 247	269 293	266 289	246 272	241 261	232 255
SOUND DATA											
Sound power (1)	dBA	HA HE	85.0 80.0	89.0 83.0	89.0 83.0	89.0 83.0	92.0 86.5	91.5 86.0	91.0 85.5	92.5 87.0	95.5 89.0
Sound pressure (2)	dBA	HA HE	53.0 48.0	56.5 51.0	56.5 51.0	56.5 51.0	59.5 54.0	59.0 53.5	58.5 53.0	60.0 54.5	62.0 56.5
DIMENSIONS											
Height	mm	HA HE	1975	2450	2450	2450	2450	2450	2450	2450	2450
Width	mm	HA HE	1500	2200	2200	2200	2200	2200	2200	2200	2200
Depth	mm	HA HE	4350	3400	3400	3400	4250	4250	4250	5750	5750
Weight when empty	kg	HA HE	1487	2150 2160	2300 2310	2460 2470	2750 2760	2990 3000	3190 3200	3680 3690	3800 3810

#### NOMINAL REFERENCE CONDITIONS

#### **COOLING MODE**

- Inlet water temperature - Outlet water temperature - Outside air temperature

- ∆t

#### **HEATING MODE**

12℃ 7℃ 35℃ 5℃

40°C 45°C 7/6°C 5°C - Inlet water temperature - Outlet water temperature - Outside air temperature - ∆t

(1) SOUND POWER
Aermec determines the sound power value on the basis of measurements taken in accordance with standard 9614-2, in compliance with the Eurovent certification.

#### (2) SOUND PRESSURE

Sound pressure in an unrestricted range on a reflective plane (directional fact. Q=2), 10m away from the unit external surface, complying with ISO 3744.

#### 8. OPERATING LIMITS

#### 8.1. COOLING MODE

The devices in their standard configurations are not suitable for installation in salty environments. The maximum and minimum limits for the water flow rate to the exchanger are indicated by the curves of the pressure drop diagrams. For the operating limits, refer to the diagrams below, valid for  $\Delta t = 5\,^{\circ}\text{C}.$ 

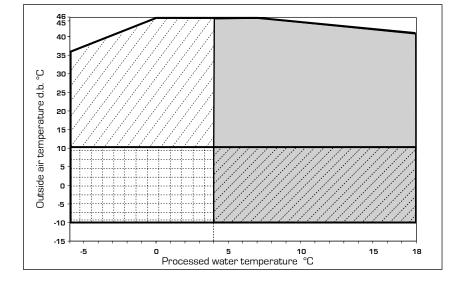


The unit can be activated with external air at  $46^{\circ}$ C and inlet water at  $35^{\circ}$ C in the summer function.

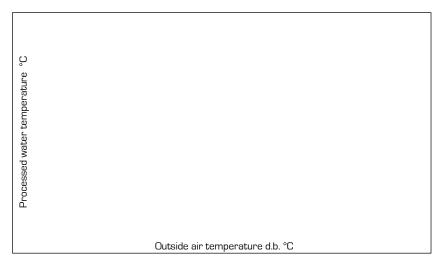
The unit can be activated with external air at -15°C and inlet water at 20°C in the winter function.

Under these conditions the unit function is possible only for a short time in order to bring the system up to right temperature.

To reduce the time of this operation a three-way valve allowing to by-pass the water from the supply to the system should be fitted, until the conditions enabling the unit to operate within the permitted operating limits are reached.

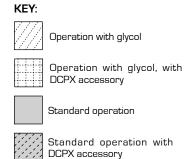


#### 8.2. HEATING MODE



For buffer tanks 09-10 (double water ring) the temperature of the plant is the temperature produced by the unit:  $\frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int_$ 

- 3 °C higher in cooling mode;
- 3°C lower in heating mode.



#### 9. CORRECTION FACTORS

## 9.1. COOLING CAPACITY AND INPUT POWER

#### -"HIGH EFFICIENCY VERSIONS"

The refrigerating capacity yielded and the input electrical capacity in conditions other than rated conditions are obtained by multiplying the rated values (Pf, Pa) by the respective correction coefficients (Cf, Ca).

The following diagrams allow you to obtain the correction coefficients to be used for the various versions of the devices, in cold mode; next to each curve you can see the outside air temperature to which it refers.

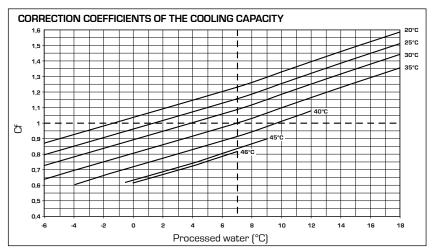
#### KEY

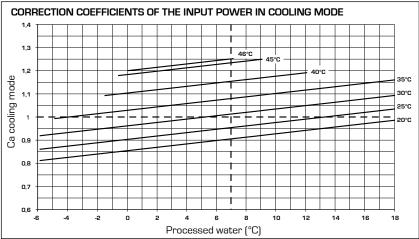
**Cf**: correction coefficient of the cooling capacity.

**Ca:** correction coefficient of the input power.

#### FOR $\Delta t$ DIFFERENT FROM 5°C

For the evaporator, refer to Tab. 9.3.1 to obtain the cooling capacity and input power correction factors. To take into account the exchanger soiling, apply the relative fouling factors, Tab. 9.4.1.





## 9.2. HEATING CAPACITY AND INPUT POWER

#### - "HEAT PUMP VERSIONS"

The heating capacity yielded and the input electrical capacity in conditions other than rated conditions are obtained by multiplying the rated values (Pt, Pa) by the respective correction coefficients (Ct, Ca).

The diagram allows you to obtain the correction coefficients; in line with each curve you will see the hot processed water temperature to which it refers, assuming a difference of temperature between the condenser inlet and outlet water equal to 5°C.

The outputs are intended as net of the defrosting cycles.

KEY

**Ca:** Correction coefficient of the input power.

**Ct:** correction coefficient of the heating capacity.

#### CORRECTION COEFFICIENTS OF THE HEATING CAPACITY

ಕ

External air temperature (°C)

#### CORRECTION COEFFICIENTS OF THE INPUT POWER IN HEATING MODE

Ca in heating mode

External air temperature (°C)

## 9.3. FOR $\Delta t$ DIFFERENT FROM THE RATED VALUE

The performance levels indicated in the technical data are obtained with  $\Delta t$  5°C. To obtain the correction factors for a cooling capacity and input power different from  $\Delta t$  5°C, use table 9.3.1.

9.3.1. At different from the rated value	3	5	8	10
Cooling capacity correction factors	0.99	1	1.02	1.03
Cooling capacity correction factors	0.99	1	1.01	1.02

#### 9.4. FOULING FACTORS

The performance levels indicated in the technical data refer to conditions with clean tubes, with a fouling factor = 1. For other fouling factor values, multiply the data of performance table 9.4.1. by the coefficients given.

9.4.1. Fouling factors [k*m <sup>2</sup> ]/[w]	0.00005	0.0001	0.0002
Cooling capacity correction factors	1	0.98	0.94
Cooling capacity correction factors	1	0.98	0.95

#### 10. ETHYLENE GLYCOL SOLUTION

- The cooling capacity and input power correction factors make allowance for the presence of glycol and the different evaporation temperature.
- The pressure drop correction factor already takes account of the different flow rate deriving from the application of the water flow rate correction factor.
- The correction factor of the water flow rate is calculated so as to maintain the same Δt that would be used in the absence of glycols.

#### NB

To make it easier to read the following graph, an example is given.

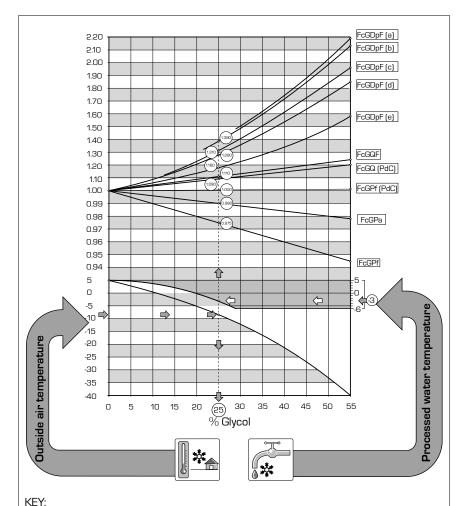
By using the diagram below it possible to establish the percentage of glycol necessary; this percentage can be calculated taking into account one of the following factors:

On the basis of the fluid considered (water or air), it will be necessary to enter the graph from the right or left side, from the intersection of the outside air temperature or processed water temperature straight lines and the relative curves, a point is obtained through which the vertical line that will identify both the percentage of glycol and the relative correction coefficients will have to pass.

## 10.1. HOW TO READ THE GLYCOL CURVES

The curves shown in the figure summarise a notable quantity of data, each of which is represented by a specific curve. In order to use these curves correctly, it is necessary to make some initial considerations:

- If you want to calculate the percentage of glycol on the basis of the outside air temperature, you must enter from the left-hand axis and, once you have intersected the curve, trace a vertical line which, in turn, will intercept all the other curves; the points obtained from the upper curves represent the coefficients for the correction of the cooling capacity and input power, for the flow rates and the pressure drops (remember that these coefficients must anyway be multiplied by the nominal value of the sizes examined); the lower axis advises the percentage of glycol necessary on the basis of the outside air temperature considered.
- If you want to calculate the percentage of glycol on the basis of the temperature of the processed water, you must enter from the right-hand



FCGPf Correction factor of the cooling capacity

FCGPa Correction factor of the input power

FCGDpF (a) Correction factor of the pressure drops (evaporator) (average temp. = -3.5°C)

TODUTE (b). Connection factor of the approximations (support to the connection of the approximation of the approximation factor of the approximation (support to the connection).

FcGDpF (b) Correction factor of the pressure drops (average temp. =  $0.5^{\circ}$ C) FcGDpF (c) Correction factor of the pressure drops (average temp. =  $5.5^{\circ}$ C)

FcGDpF(d) Correction factor of the pressure drops (average temp. =  $9.5^{\circ}$ C)

FcGDpF (e) Correction factor of the pressure drops (average temp. = 47.5°C)
FcGQF Correction factor of the outputs (evaporator) (average temp. = 9.5°C)

FcGQC Correction factor of the outputs (condenser) (average temp. =  $47.5^{\circ}$ C)

#### NB

Although the graph reaches outside air temperatures of -40°C, it is necessary to maintain the machine's operating limits as reference.

axis and, once you have intersected the curve, trace a vertical line which, in turn, will intercept all the other curves; the points obtained from the upper curves represent the coefficients for the cooling capacity and input power, for the flow rates and the pressure drops (remember that these coefficients must anyway be multiplied by the nominal value of the sizes examined); the lower axis advises the percentage of glycol necessary to produce water at the required temperature.

 Remember that the initial sizes "OUTSIDE AIR TEMPERATURE" and "PROCESSED WATER TEM-PERATURE", are not directly linked to each other, so it is not possible to enter the curve of one of these sizes, and obtain the corresponding point on the other curve.

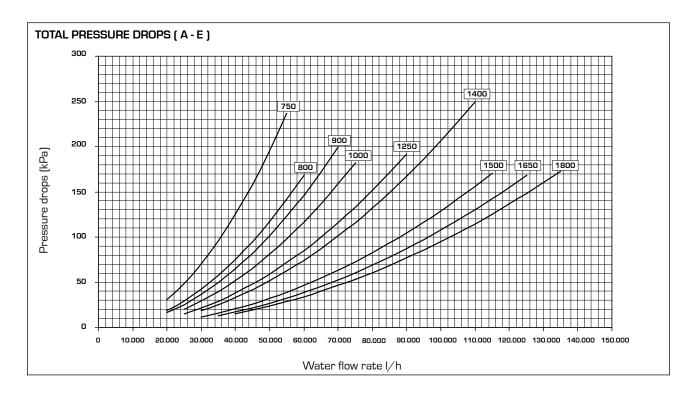
#### 11. PRESSURE DROPS

#### 11.1. TOTAL PRESSURE DROPS

NB

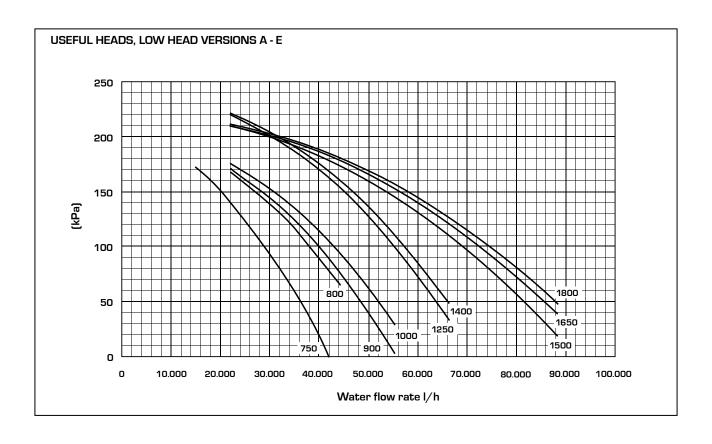
Standard NRL cooling only unit ( A - E )

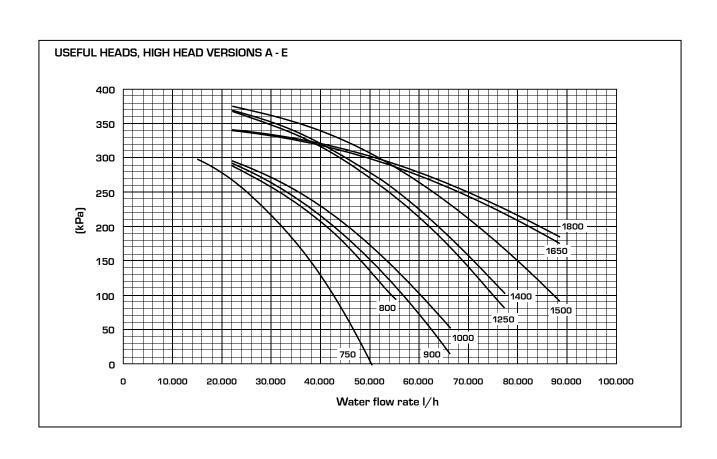
The pressure drops and useful heads are calculated in cooling mode, with water at  $10^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

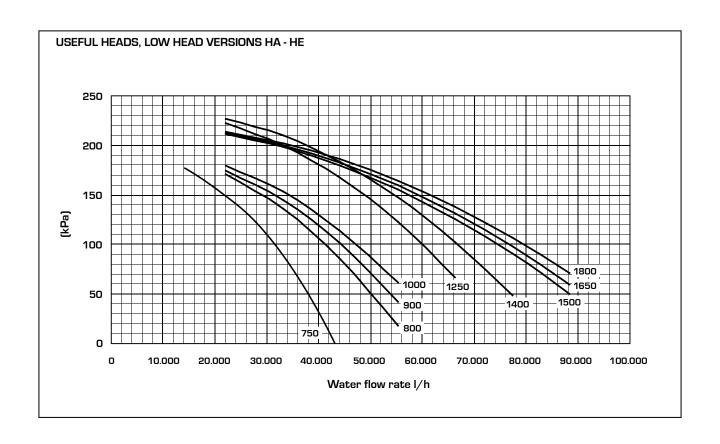


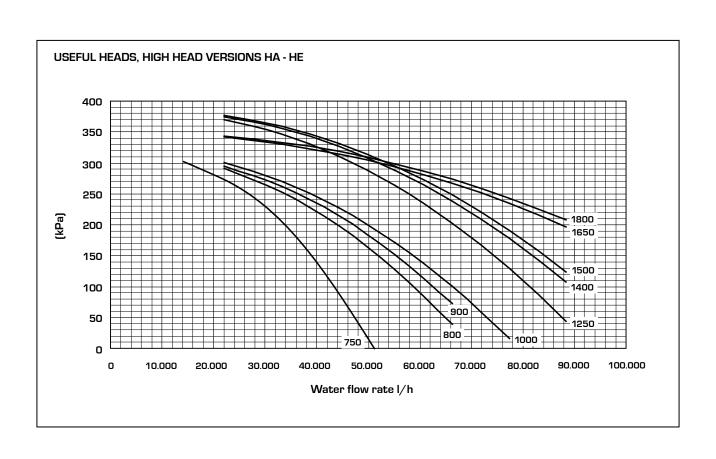
Average water temperature	5	10	15	20	30	40	50
Multiplicational coefficient	1.02	1	0.985	0.97	0.95	0.93	0.91

#### 12. USEFUL HEADS









#### 13. ACCUMULATION

## 13.1. MAXIMUM/MINIMUM WATER CONTENT IN THE SYSTEM

## 13.1.1. Maximum water content recommended

Table 13.2 indicates the maximum water content, in litres, of the hydraulic system, compatible with the capacity of the expansion tank. The values shown in the table refer to three conditions of maximum and minimum water temperature. If the effective water content of the hydraulic system (including the accumulation tank, if present) is greater than that shown in the operational conditions table, another, additional expansion tank must be installed, measured (using the common criteria) with reference to the additional volume of water.

From tables 13.3, it is possible to obtain the values of maximum system content, also for other operational conditions with glycol water.

The values are obtained by multiplying the reference value by the correction coefficient.

#### 13.1.2. Expansion tank calibration

The standard pressure value for precharging the expansion tank is 1.5 bar, and the volume is 24 litres (maximum value 6 bar).

The tank must be calibrated according to the maximum difference in height (H) of the device (see figure) according to the formula: p (calibration) [bar] = H [m] / 10.2 + 0.3. For example, if the level difference H is 20m, the calibration value of the tank will be 2.3 bar.

If the calibration value obtained from the calculation is lower than 1.5 bar (i.e. for H  $\!<\!$  12.25), maintain the standard calibration.

## 13.4. MINIMUM WATER CONTENT RECOMMENDED

NRL	Compressor no.	(1) I/KW	(2) I/KW
0750			
0800			
0900	4	4	8
1000			
1250			
1400	5	4	8
1500			
1650	6	4	8
1800			

#### 13.2.

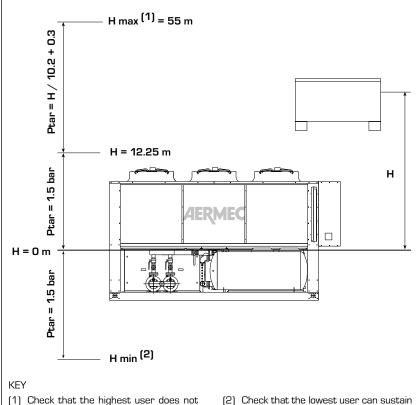
Hydraulic height	Hm	30	25	20	15	≥ 12.25
Expansion tank calibration	bar	3.2	2.8	2.3	1.8	1.5
Water content reference value	<sub>1</sub> (1)	2,174	2,646	3,118	3590	3852
Water content reference value	l (5)	978	1190	1404	1616	1732
Water content reference value	<sub>1</sub> (3)	510	622	732	844	904

#### 13.3.

Chical water	Water t	emp. °C	Correction	Reference
Glycol water	max.	min.	coefficient	condition
10%	40	-2	0.507	[1]
10%	60	-2	0.686	(2)
10%	85	-2	0.809	(3)
20%	40	-6	0.434	[1]
20%	60	-6	0.604	(2)
20%	85	-6	0.729	(3)
35%	40	-6	0.393	[1]
35%	60	-6	0.555	(2)
35%	85	-6	0.677	(3)

Working reference conditions:

- (1) Cooling: Max. water temp. = 40°C, Min. water temp. = 4°C.
- (2) Heating (heat pump): Max. water temp. =  $60^{\circ}$ C, Min. water temp. =  $4^{\circ}$ C.
- (3) Heating (boiler): Max. water temp. = 85°C, Min. water temp. = 4°C.



4 8 exceed a level difference of 55 metres.

(2) Check that the lowest user can sustain the global pressure acting at that point.

[1] Minimum water content
 Minimum water content in the case of process applications or operation with low outside temperatures and low load.
 [2] Adjusting the outlet water temperature project Δt less than 5°C.

#### 14. CAPACITY CONTROL

[*] Cooling capacity %		Levels of power							
Versions	1°	2°	3°	<b>4</b> °	5°	6°			
NRL 750	27	53	77	100	-	-			
NRL 800	27	53	77	100	-	-			
NRL 900	27	53	77	100	-	-			
NRL 1000	27	53	77	100	-	-			
NRL 1250	27	53	77	100	-	-			
NRL 1400	23	44	63	82	100	-			
NRL 1500	19	37	55	71	86	100			
NRL 1650	19	37	55	71	86	100			
NRL 1800	19	37	55	71	86	100			

[*] Input power %		Levels of power								
Versions	1°	2°	3°	4°	5°	6°				
NRL 750	23	47	73	100	-	-				
NRL 800	23	47	73	100	-	-				
NRL 900	23	47	73	100	-	-				
NRL 1000	23	47	73	100	-	-				
NRL 1250	23	47	73	100	-	-				
NRL 1400	18	37	56	77	100	-				
NRL 1500	14	29	46	63	81	100				
NRL 1650	14	29	46	63	81	100				
NRL 1800	14	29	46	63	81	100				

[*] Heating capacity %		Levels of power								
Versions	1°	2°	3°	4°	5°	6°				
NRL 750	27	52	77	100	-	-				
NRL 800	27	52	77	100	-	-				
NRL 900	27	52	77	100	-	-				
NRL 1000	27	52	77	100	-	-				
NRL 1250	27	52	77	100	-	-				
NRL 1400	24	43	62	83	100	-				
NRL 1500	18	36	53	69	85	100				
NRL 1650	18	36	53	69	85	100				
NRL 1800	18	36	53	69	85	100				

[*] Input power %		Levels of power							
Versions	1°	2°	3°	4°	5°	6°			
NRL 750	23	47	73	100	-	-			
NRL 800	23	47	73	100	-	-			
NRL 900	23	47	73	100	-	-			
NRL 1000	23	47	73	100	-	-			
NRL 1250	23	47	73	100	-	-			
NRL 1400	20	37	56	79	100	-			
NRL 1500	14	29	46	63	81	100			
NRL 1650	14	29	46	63	81	100			
NRL 1800	14	29	46	63	81	100			

#### KEY

The performance levels refer to the following conditions:

Processed water temperature: 7°C
 Outside air temperature: 35°C
 Processed water temperature: 50°C

★ External air temperature: 7°CDB./6°CWB.

#### WARNING

As can be seen from the table, in choke mode the reduction of the input power is greater than the reduction of the output power, hence obtaining an E.E.R. greater than that in full load operation.

This is because during capacity control the heat exchangers are "oversized" in relation to the respective refrigerant flow rates, thereby allowing

greater energy efficiency. For this reason, this series of devices is especially suitable for reducing energy consumption with variable load (typical of the comfort applications).

#### 15. DESUPERHEATER

The heating capacity that can be obtained from the desuperheater is obtained by multiplying the nominal value (Pd) shown in table 15.1.1 by a suitable coefficient (Cd).

The diagrams will give you the correction coefficients to be used for the chillers in the various versions; next to each curve you can see the outside air temperature to which it refers. In the heat pump versions, the desuperheater must be intercepted during heat pump operation: otherwise, the guarantee will no longer be considered valid.

#### 15.1. PRESSURE DROPS

All sizes of the NRL models with desuperheater have 2 desuperheaters (arranged parallel to each other).

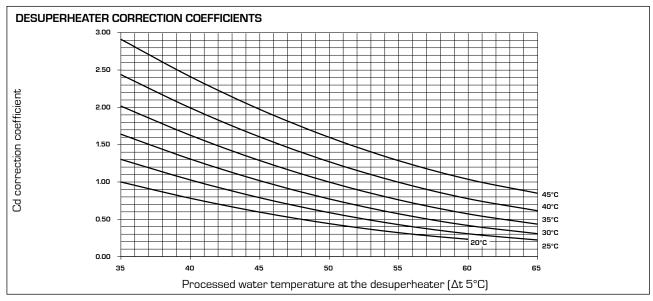
#### NB

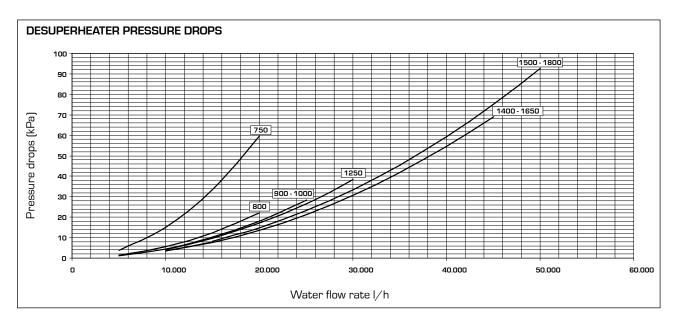
the characteristics of the desuperheaters and the pressure drop curves are shown below. For processed water temperatures different from  $50^{\circ}$ C, the result obtained is multiplied by the correction factor that can be obtained from Table 15.1.2.

The nominal value refers to:

-air temperature  $35^{\circ}\text{C}$ -water at the desuperheater  $45/50^{\circ}\text{C}$ - $\Delta t$   $5^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

15.1.1. NRL (D)		750	800	900	1000	1250	1400	1500	1650	1800
Heat capacity recovered	kW	69.0	74.3	84.8	95.4	110.9	126.7	142.6	155.1	167.7
Desuperheater water flow rate	l/h	11870	12790	14590	16400	19070	21800	24520	26680	28840
Desuperheater pressure drops	kPa	21	9.0	9.6	12.5	15.5	16.5	22.5	24.3	30.9





15.1.2.

Average water temperature	30	40	50	60	70
Multiplicational coefficient	1.04	1.02	1	0.98	0.96

#### 16. SOUND DATA

#### Sound power

Aermec determines the sound power value on the basis of measurements taken in accordance with standard 9614-2, in compliance with the Eurovent certification.

#### Sound pressure

Sound pressure in free field, on a reflecting plane (directional factor Q=2), in accordance with standard ISO 3744.

#### NB

The data refer to the version with standard fans.

	Total	sound l	evels			Octa	ve band	d[Hz]		
NRL	Pow.	Pres	sure	125	250	500	1000	2000	4000	8000
TVITE	dB(A)	dB(A) 10m	dB(A) 1m	So	und pov	ver by c	entral ba	and freq	uency [d	В]
NRL 0750 A	85,0	53,0	66,0	72,8	73,3	78,1	78,5	80,0	76,2	65,2
NRL 0750 E	77,0	45,0	58,0	65,9	67,9	68,8	69,8	71,2	65,5	61,9
NRL 0750 HE	77,0	45,0	58,0	65,9	67,9	68,8	69,8	71,2	65,5	61,9
NRL 0750 HA	85,0	53,0	66,0	72,8	73,3	78,1	78,5	80,0	76,2	65,2
NRL 0800 A	88,0	56,0	69,5	97,7	86,5	84,5	82,0	78,5	74,5	66,0
NRL 0800 E	83,0	51,0	64,5	95,0	82,5	78,0	74,5	73,0	69,0	65,0
NRL 0800 HA	88,5	56,5	70,0	99,5	87,5	84,5	83,0	76,5	72,0	64,0
NRL 0800 HE	83,0	51,0	64,5	96,5	80,0	77,0	75,5	69,0	65,0	59,0
NRL 0900 A	88,0	56,0	69,5	97,7	86,5	84,5	82,0	78,5	74,5	66,0
NRL 0800 E	83,0	51,0	64,5	95,0	82,5	78,0	74,5	73,0	69,0	65,0
NRL 0900 HA	88,5	56,5	70,0	99,5	87,5	84,5	83,0	76,5	72,0	64,0
NRL 0900 HE	83,0	51,0	64,5	96,5	80,0	77,0	75,5	69,0	65,0	59,0
NRL 1000 A	88,0	56,0	69,5	97,5	86,5	84,5	82,0	78,5	74,5	66,0
NRL 1000 E	83,0	51,0	64,5	95,0	82,5	78,0	74,5	73,0	69,0	65,0
NRL 1000 HA	88,5	56,5	70,0	98,0	87,0	84,8	82,9	79,1	75,1	67,0
NRL 1000 HE	83,5	51,5	65,0	96,0	82,7	78,6	74,2	73,3	69,3	65,4
NRL 1250 A	91,0	59,0	72,5	100,0	91,0	88,0	84,5	81,0	77,0	73,0
NRL 1250 E	86,0	54,0	67,5	97,0	86,0	82,3	78,7	75,0	71,0	69,0
NRL 1250 HA	91,5	59,5	73,0	99,2	93,5	87,5	85,5	82,2	76,0	65,2
NRL 1250 HE	86,0	54,0	67,5	95,5	88,0	80,5	79,5	77,0	70,0	62,0
NRL 1400 A	90,5	58,5	72,0	102,0	90,0	87,0	83,0	79,5	75,0	69,0
NRL 1400 E	85,5	53,5	67,0	97,6	82,2	80,1	80,0	74,0	68,0	59,7
NRL 1400 HA	91,0	59,0	72,5	101,0	90,0	86,0	87,0	79,0	71,0	64,0
NRL 1400 HE	85,5	53,5	67,0	98,0	83,0	80,5	79,5	73,0	64,0	58,0
NRL 1500 A	90,5	58,5	72,0	102,0	90,5	87,0	82,5	79,5	74,5	69,0
NRL 1500 E	85,0	53,0	66,5	95,5	85,0	81,0	78,5	75,0	69,1	62,1
NRL 1500 HA	90,5	58,5	72,0	102,0	89,0	86,0	85,0	79,0	71,5	65,0
NRL 1500 HE	85,0	53,0	66,5	99,0	82,0	79,0	76,0	72,0	63,0	57,0
NRL 1650 A	91,5	59,5	73,0	101,5	90,5	88,0	86,0	81,0	75,0	69,0
NRL 1650 E	86,5	54,5	68,0	98,0	84,0	81,0	79,5	78,0	72,5	66,5
NRL 1650 HA	92,0	60,0	73,5	101,0	92,5	88,5	87,0	81,0	73,0	66,0
NRL 1650 HE	86,5	54,5	68,0	99,0	84,0	79,5	80,0	77,0	67,0	62,0
NRL 1800 A	93,5	61,5	75,0	103,0	92,0	90,0	88,0	84,0	78,0	73,0
NRL 1800 E	88,5	56,5	70,0	96,0	86,0	83,0	83,0	82,0	75,0	69,0
NRL 1800 HA	94,0	62,0	75,5	102,0	95,0	90,5	89,5	82,0	73,0	67,0
NRL 1800 HE	88,5	56,5	70,0	100,0	87,5	81,8	83,0	78,5	69,0	63,4

#### The values refer to:

12°C water inlet temperature 7°C processed water temperature 35°C

- outside air temperature

### 17. SAFETY AND CHECK PARAMETER SETTING

CHECK PARAMETERS			
		MIN.	-10°C
Cold Setting	Water inlet temperature in cooling mode	MAX.	20°C
		DEFAULT	7.0°C
		MIN.	30°C
heating Setting	Water inlet temperature in heat mode	MAX.	50°C
		DEFAULT	50°C
	A sign of the sign	MIN.	-15°C
Anti-freeze intervention	Anti-freeze alarm intervention temperature on EV side (water output	MAX.	4°C
	temperature).	DEFAULT	3°C
	5 2 12 2 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13	MIN.	3°C
Total differential	Proportional temperature band within which the compressors are activated and deactivated	MAX.	10°C
	anu ueacuvateu	DEFAULT	5°C
Autostart	auto		

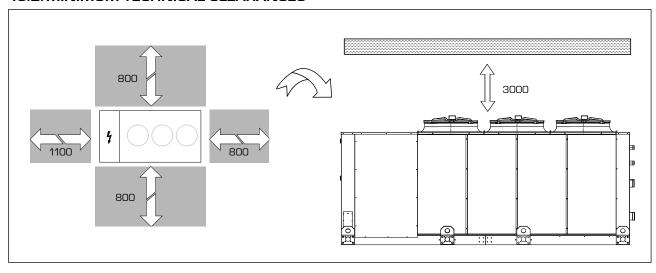
NRL	0750	0800	0900	1000	1250	1400	1500	1650	1800
COMPRESSOR THERMOMAGNETIC SWITCHES 400V									
MTC1	29A	40A	40A	51A	62A	62	51A	51A	62A
mtc1a	29A	40A	40A	51A	62A	62	51A	51A	62A
mtc1b	-	-	-	-	-	-	51A	51A	62A
mtc2	40A	40A	51A	51A	62A	51A	51A	62A	62A
mtc2a	40A	40A	51A	51A	62A	51A	51A	62A	62A
mtc2b	-	-	-	-	-	51A	51A	62A	62A
HIGH PRESSURE SWITCH WITH MANUAL RESET									
PA (bar)	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
High pressure transducer									
TAP (bar)	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39
LOW PRESSURE TRANSDUCER									
TBP (bar)	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CHILLER CIRCUIT SAFETY VALVE									
AP (bar)	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45
BP (bar) only in heat pump	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
FAN THERMOMAGNETIC SWITCHES - the calibration is	made on	a thermo	magnetic	switch (	single ven	tilation li	ne)		
Fans A	11A	11A	11A	13A	13A	_			
Fans E	IIA	IIA	IIA	ISA	IJA	-	-	-	-
Fans HA	14A	_		_		_	_	_	_
Fans HE	IAA	_	-		-	_	_		_
FAN THERMOMAGNETIC SWITCHES - the calibration is	made on	2 thermo	omagnetic	switche	s (2 venti	lation line	s)		
Fans A		_		_	_	7A	7A	11A	11A
Fans E	_	_	_		-	/A	/A	IIA	IIA
Fans HA	_	9A	9A	9A	14A	14A	14A	18A	18A
Fans HE	_	JA	JA	JA	IHA	144	IHA	IUA	IUA
NUMBER OF FANS									
No. of fans A									
No. of fans E	3	4	4	4	6	6	6	8	8
No. of fans HA				7				U	
No. of fans HE									

### 18. DIMENSIONS

#### 18.1. NRL 0750 - 0800 - 0900 - 1000 - 1250 - 1400 - 1500 - 1650 - 1800

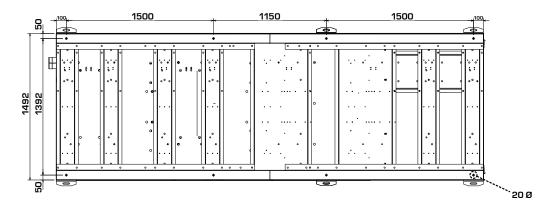
					В
MOD.	VERSIONS	A (mm)	B (mm)	C (mm)	
0750	A-E-HA-HE	1500	4350	1975	
0800	A-E-HA-HE	2200	3400	2450	
0900	A-E-HA-HE	2200	3400	2450	4 .
1000	A-E-HA-HE	2200	3400	2450	
1250	A-E-HA-HE	2200	4250	2450	
1400	A-E-HA-HE	2200	4250	2450	
1500	A-E-HA-HE	2200	4250	2450	
1650	A-E-HA-HE	2200	5750	2450	
1800	A-E-HA-HE	2200	5750	2450	
					The drawings shown here an example of the machine

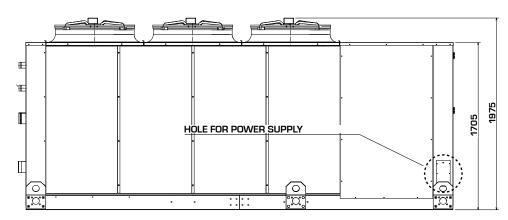
#### 18.2. MINIMUM TECHNICAL CLEARANCES

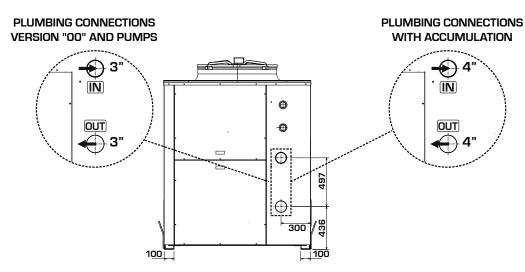


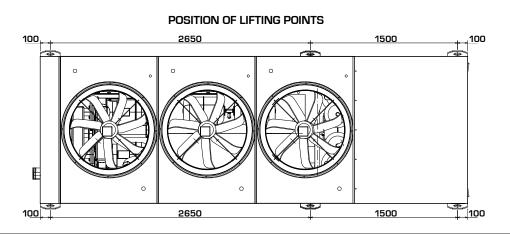
## 19. POSITION OF PLUMBING CONNECTIONS POSITION OF VIBRATION DAMPERS

#### 19.1. NRL 750 HIGH EFFICIENCY

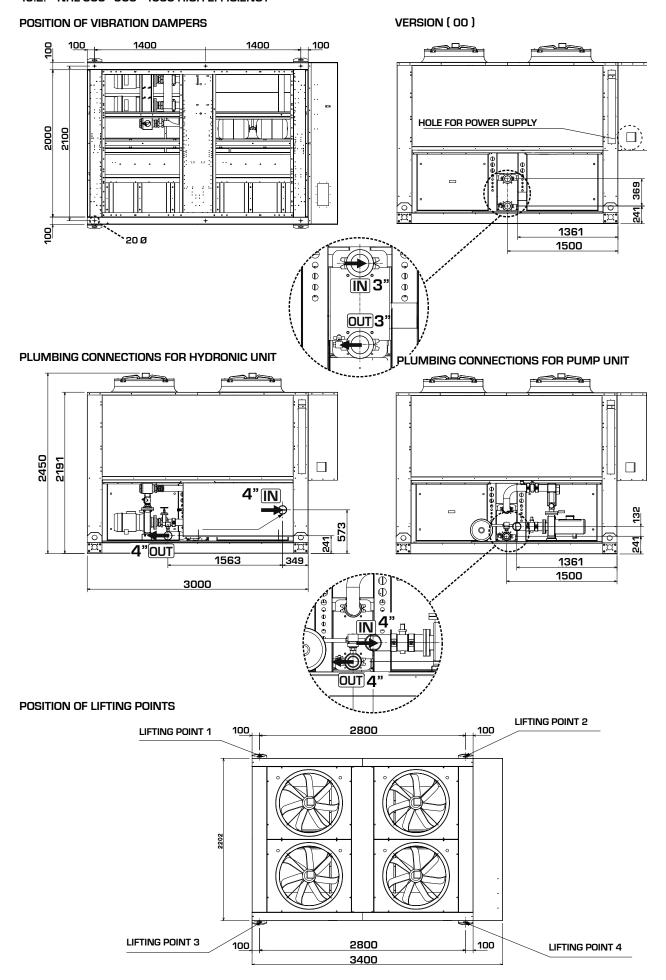




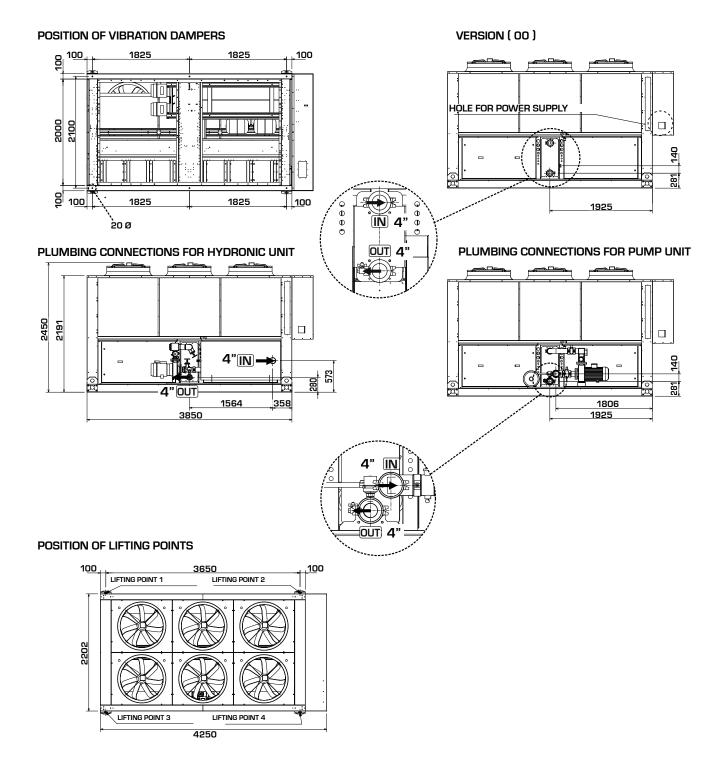




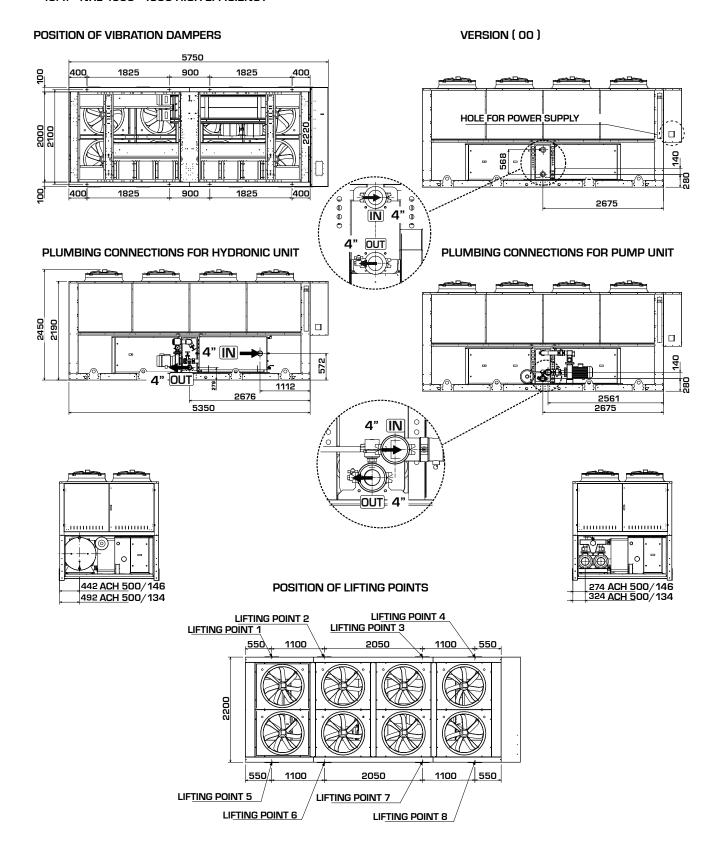
#### 19.2. NRL 800 - 900 - 1000 HIGH EFFICIENCY



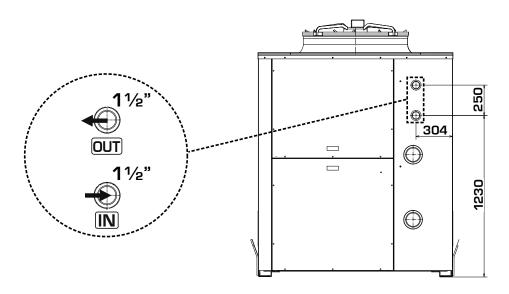
#### 19.3. NRL 1250 - 1400 - 1500 HIGH EFFICIENCY



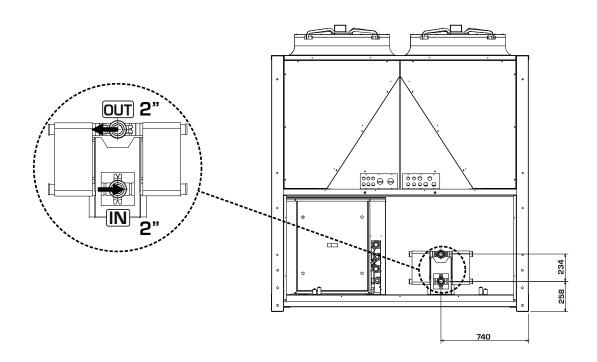
#### 19.4. NRL 1650 - 1800 HIGH EFFICIENCY



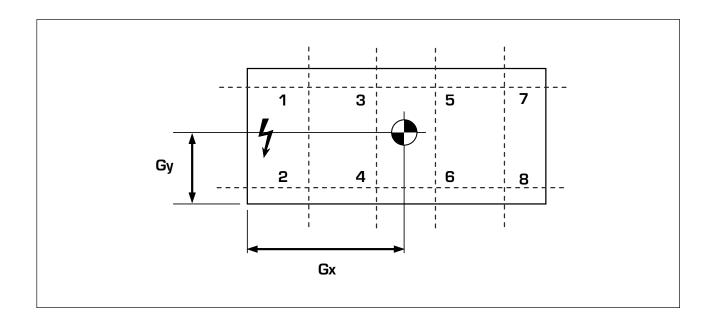
## 19.5. NRL 0750 DESUPERHEATER (HIGH EFFICIENCY)



19.6. NRL 0800 - 0900 - 1000 - 1250 - 1400 - 1500 - 1650 - 1800 DESUPERHEATER (HIGH EFFICIENCY)



## 20. WEIGHT DISTRIBUTION AND CENTRES OF GRAVITY



# 20.1. PERCENTAGE WEIGHT DISTRIBUTION ON THE SUPPORTS VERSION ( A - E )

			EMPTY			OPERA	ATING			DEDCEN	TAGE WE	ICUT DIE	TDIDI ITIC	ON ON SU	IDDODTE		
MODI	EL	WEIGHT		RE OF VITY	TOTAL V	WEIGHT		RE OF		PENCEIV		MACHINE			PPUNIS		VT KIT
		(kg)	Gy	Gx	kg	Water	Gy	Gx	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
750A	00	1663	723	1,905	1699	36	732	1,909	9%	10%	15%	15%	23%	24%	3%	3%	23
750A	01	1873	726	1,988	2609	736	739	2,097	6%	7%	15%	15%	27%	28%	2%	2%	23
750A	02	1933	727	2,028	2669	736	739	2,124	6%	6%	14%	15%	27%	28%	2%	2%	23
750A	03	1873	726	1,988	2609	736	739	2,097	6%	<b>7</b> %	15%	15%	27%	28%	2%	2%	23
750A	04	1933	727	2,028	2669	736	739	2,124	6%	6%	14%	15%	27%	28%	2%	2%	23
750A	P1	1723	724	1,953	1759	36	733	1,955	9%	9%	14%	15%	23%	24%	3%	3%	23
750A	P2	1783	725	1,997	1819	36	734	1,999	9%	9%	13%	14%	24%	25%	3%	3%	23
750A	РЗ	1723	724	1,953	1759	36	733	1,955	9%	9%	14%	15%	23%	24%	3%	3%	23
750A	P4	1783	725	1,997	1819	36	734	1,999	9%	9%	13%	14%	24%	25%	3%	3%	23
750 E	00	1663	723	1,905	1699	36	732	1,909	9%	10%	15%	15%	23%	24%	3%	3%	23
750 E	01	1873	726	1,988	2609	736	739	2,097	6%	7%	15%	15%	27%	28%	2%	2%	23
750 E	02	1933	727	2,028	2669	736	739	2,124	6%	6%	14%	15%	27%	28%	2%	2%	23
750 E	03	1873	726	1,988	2609	736	739	2,097	6%	7%	15%	15%	27%	28%	2%	2%	23
750 E	04	1933	727	2,028	2669	736	739	2,124	6%	6%	14%	15%	27%	28%	2%	2%	23
750 E	P1	1723	724	1,953	1759	36	733	1,955	9%	9%	14%	15%	23%	24%	3%	3%	23
750 E	P2	1783	725	1,997	1819	36	734	1,999	9%	9%	13%	14%	24%	25%	3%	3%	23
750 E	РЗ	1723	724	1,953	1759	36	733	1,955	9%	9%	14%	15%	23%	24%	3%	3%	23
750 E	P4	1783	725	1,997	1819	36	734	1,999	9%	9%	13%	14%	24%	25%	3%	3%	23

			EMPTY			OPER/	ATING			DEDOEN	TAGE 14/5	IOLIT DIO	TOIDI ITIC	ON ON OU	DDODTO		
MODE	≣L	WEIGHT	CENT GRA		TOTAL	WEIGHT		RE OF VITY		PERCEN		MACHINE		ON ON SU ING (%)	IPPURIS		VT KIT
		(kg)	Xg	Yg	kg	Water	Xg	Yg	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
800 A	00	2126	1327	843	2139	13	1331	821	11.2 %	18.8 %	19.5 %	32.7%	6.7 %	11.2 %	-	-	704
800 A	01	2446	1317	949	3189	743	1294	1146	17.3 %	15.9 %	25.1 %	23.1%	9.7 %	8.9 %	-	-	
800 A	02	2486	1315	963	3229	743	1293	1155	17.5 %	15.9 %	25.2 %	22.8%	9.8 %	8.8%	-	-	705
800 A	03	2476	1315	960	3219	743	1294	1152	17.5 %	15.9 %	25.2 %	22.9%	9.7 %	8.9 %	-	-	705
800 A	04	2546	1313	983	3289	743	1292	1167	17.8 %	15.7 %	25.4%	22.5%	9.9 %	8.8%	-	-	
800 A	P1	2271	1297	884	2360	89	1278	919	13.3 %	18.6 %	21.7%	30.3%	6.7 %	9.4 %	-	-	
800 A	P2	2311	1289	900	2410	99	1269	935	13.7 %	18.6 %	22.1 %	29.8 %	6.7 %	9.1 %	-	-	]
800 A	РЗ	2301	1291	896	2390	89	1272	930	13.6%	18.6 %	21.9 %	30.0%	6.7 %	9.2 %	-	-	706
800 A	P4	2351	1280	915	2430	79	1266	942	13.9 %	18.5%	22.2 %	29.7%	6.7 %	9.0 %	-	-	1
800 E	00	2141	1327	843	2154	13	1331	821	11.2 %	18.8 %	19.5 %	32.7%	6.7 %	11.2 %	-	-	704
800 E	01	2461	1317	949	3204	743	1294	1146	17.3 %	15.9 %	25.1 %	23.1%	9.7 %	8.9 %	-	-	
800 E	02	2501	1315	963	3244	743	1293	1155	17.5 %	15.9 %	25.2 %	22.8%	9.8 %	8.8%	-	-	
800 E	03	2491	1315	960	3234	743	1294	1152	17.5 %	15.9 %	25.2 %	22.9%	9.7 %	8.9 %	-	-	705
800 E	04	2561	1313	983	3304	743	1292	1167	17.8 %	15.7 %	25.4%	22.5%	9.9 %	8.8%	-	-	
800 E	P1	2286	1297	884	2375	89	1278	919	13.3 %	18.6 %	21.7%	30.3%	6.7 %	9.4 %	-	-	
800 E	P2	2326	1289	900	2425	99	1269	935	13.7 %	18.6 %	22.1 %	29.8 %	6.7 %	9.1 %	-	-	
800 E	РЗ	2316	1291	896	2405	89	1272	930	13.6%	18.6 %	21.9 %	30.0%	6.7 %	9.2 %	-	-	706
800 E	P4	2366	1280	915	2445	79	1266	942	13.9 %	18.5%	22.2 %	29.7%	6.7 %	9.0 %	-	-	
900 A	00	2273	1371	814	2287	14	1374	794	10.1%	17.9 %	19.1 %	33.8%	6.9 %	12.2 %	-	-	710
900 A	01	2593	1355	919	3337	744	1325	1113	16.1 %	15.7 %	24.7%	24.1%	9.8 %	9.6 %	-	-	
900 A	02	2633	1353	931	3377	744	1324	1122	16.3 %	15.7 %	24.8%	23.8%	9.9 %	9.5 %	-	-	
900 A	03	2623	1354	928	3367	744	1325	1119	16.2 %	15.7 %	24.8%	23.9%	9.9 %	9.5 %	-	-	711
900 A	04	2693	1350	951	3437	744	1322	1134	16.5 %	15.6 %	25.0%	23.5%	10.0 %	9.4 %	-	-	
900 A	P1	2418	1340	854	2510	92	1321	888	12.2 %	18.0 %	21.2%	31.4%	7.0 %	10.3 %	-	-	
900 A	P2	2458	1331	869	2550	92	1311	904	12.5 %	17.9 %	21.6 %	30.9%	7.0 %	10.0 %	-	-	1
900 A	РЗ	2448	1333	866	2540	92	1314	899	12.4 %	18.0 %	21.5%	31.1%	7.0 %	10.1%	-	-	712
900 A	P4	2498	1323	884	2570	72	1307	911	12.7%	17.9 %	21.7%	30.8%	7.0 %	9.9 %	-	-	1
900 E	00	2288	1371	814	2302	14	1374	794	10.1%	17.9 %	19.1 %	33.8%	6.9 %	12.2 %	-	-	710
900 E	01	2608	1355	918	3352	744	1325	1113	16.1 %	15.7 %	24.7%	24.1%	9.8 %	9.6 %	-	-	
900 E	02	2648	1353	931	3392	744	1324	1122	16.3 %	15.7 %	24.8%	23.8%	9.9 %	9.5 %	-	-	
900 E	03	2638	1354	928	3382	744	1325	1119	16.2 %	15.7 %	24.8%	23.9%	9.9 %	9.5 %	-	-	711
900 E	04	2708	1350	951	3452	744	1322	1134	16.5 %	15.6 %	25.0%	23.5%	10.0 %	9.4 %	-	-	
900 E	P1	2433	1340	854	2525	92	1321	888	12.2 %	18.0 %	21.2%	31.4%	7.0 %	10.3 %	-	-	
900 E	P2	2473	1331	869	2565	92	1311	904	12.5 %	17.9 %	21.6 %	30.9%	7.0 %	10.0 %	-	-	
900 E	P3	2463	1333	866	2555	92	1314	899	12.4 %	18.0 %	21.5%	31.1%	7.0 %	10.1%	-	-	712
900 E	P4	2513	1323	884	2585	72	1307	911	12.7%	17.9 %	21.7%	30.8%	7.0 %	9.9 %	-	-	

			EMPTY			OPER	ATING			DEDOEN	TACE VA	ICUT DIC	TDIDLITIC	ON ON SU	DDODTO		
MODE	EL	WEIGHT	CENT	RE OF VITY	TOTAL	WEIGHT		RE OF VITY		PERCEN		MACHINE			PPURIS		VT KIT
		(kg)	Xg	Yg	kg	Water	Xg	Yg	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	1
1000 A	00	2423	1351	812	2439	16	1354	793	10.2 %	18.1 %	19.4%	34.4 %	6.5 %	11.5 %	-	-	716
1000 A	01	2743	1339	910	3489	746	1314	1098	15.9 %	16.0 %	24.8%	24.8%	9.3 %	9.3 %	-	-	
1000 A	02	2783	1337	923	3529	746	1312	1107	16.1 %	15.9 %	24.9%	24.6%	9.3 %	9.2 %	-	-	
1000 A	03	2773	1337	920	3519	746	1313	1104	16.0 %	15.9 %	24.8%	24.6%	9.3 %	9.2 %	-	-	711
1000 A	04	2843	1335	942	3589	746	1311	1119	16.3 %	15.8 %	25.1 %	24.2%	9.5 %	9.1 %	-	-	
1000 A	P1	2568	1323	850	2660	92	1305	882	12.1 %	18.1 %	21.4%	32.0%	6.6 %	9.8 %	-	-	
1000 A	P2	2608	1315	864	2700	92	1297	897	12.5 %	18.1 %	21.8 %	31.6%	6.6 %	9.5 %	-	-	1
1000 A	P3	2598	1317	861	2690	92	1300	892	12.4 %	18.1 %	21.6 %	31.7%	6.6 %	9.6 %	-	_	712
1000 A	P4	2648	1307	879	2720	72	1293	904	12.6 %	18.1 %	21.9 %	31.4%	6.6 %	9.4 %	_	-	
1000 E	00	2438	1351	812	2454	16	1354	793	10.2 %	18.1 %	19.4%	34.4 %	6.5 %	11.5 %		-	716
1000 E	01	2758	1339	910	3504	746	1314	1098	15.9 %	16.0 %	24.8%	24.8%	9.3 %	9.3 %	_	_	710
1000 E	02	2798	1337	923	3544	746	1312	1107	16.1 %	15.9 %	24.0%	24.6%	9.3 %		-		
														9.2 %	-	-	711
1000 E	03	2788	1337	920	3534	746	1313	1104	16.0 %	15.9 %	24.8%	24.6%	9.3 %	9.2 %	-	-	
1000 E	04	2858	1335	942	3604	746	1311	1119	16.3 %	15.8 %	25.1 %	24.2%	9.5 %	9.1 %	-	-	
1000 E	P1	2583	1323	850	2675	92	1305	882	12.1 %	18.1 %	21.4%	32.0%	6.6 %	9.8 %	-	-	
1000 E	P2	2623	1315	864	2715	92	1297	897	12.5 %	18.1 %	21.8 %	31.6%	6.6 %	9.5 %	-	-	712
1000 E	P3	2613	1317	861	2705	92	1300	892	12.4 %	18.1 %	21.6 %	31.7%	6.6 %	9.6 %	-	-	
1000 E	P4	2663	1307	879	2735	72	1293	904	12.6 %	18.1 %	21.9 %	31.4%	6.6 %	9.4 %	-	-	
1250 A	00	2718	1751	813	2738	20	1748	796	10.5 %	18.5%	18.7 %	33.1%	7.0 %	12.3 %	-	-	719
1250 A	01	3043	1679	902	3793	750	1568	1075	16.7 %	17.5 %	25.0%	26.2 %	7.2 %	7.5 %	-	-	
1250 A	02	3088	1671	915	3838	750	1562	1084	16.9 %	17.4%	25.2 %	25.9 %	7.1 %	7.4 %	-	-	700
1250 A	03	3073	1672	911	3823	750	1564	1081	16.9 %	17.5 %	25.1 %	26.0 %	7.1 %	7.4 %	-	-	720
1250 A	04	3148	1660	932	3898	750	1555	1095	17.2 %	17.4%	25.4%	25.7%	7.1 %	7.2 %	-	-	
1250 A	P1	2868	1715	848	2970	102	1697	875	12.1 %	18.3 %	20.5%	31.1%	7.1 %	10.8 %	-	-	
1250 A	P2	2913	1705	862	3020	107	1688	889	12.4 %	18.3 %	20.9 %	30.8%	7.2 %	10.6 %	-	-	1
1250 A	РЗ	2898	1708	858	3000	102	1691	884	12.3 %	18.3 %	20.7%	30.9%	7.1 %	10.6 %	-	-	721
1250 A	P4	2953	1697	875	3040	87	1684	895	12.5 %	18.3 %	21.0 %	30.6%	7.2 %	10.4%		-	1
1250 E	00	2733	1751	813	2753	20	1748	796	10.5 %	18.5%	18.7 %	33.1%	7.0 %	12.3 %	-	-	719
1250 E	01	3058	1679	902	3808	750	1568	1075	16.7 %	17.5 %	25.0%	26.2 %	7.2 %	7.5 %	-	-	
1250 E	02	3103	1671	915	3853	750	1562	1084	16.9 %	17.4%	25.2 %	25.9 %	7.1 %	7.4 %	-	-	
1250 E	03	3088	1672	911	3838	750	1564	1081	16.9 %	17.5 %	25.1 %	26.0 %	7.1 %	7.4 %		-	720
1250 E	04	3163	1660	932	3913	750	1555	1095	17.2 %	17.4%	25.4%	25.7%	7.1 %	7.2 %	_	_	1
1250 E	P1	2883	1715	848	2985	102	1697	875	12.1 %	18.3 %	20.5%	31.1%	7.1 %	10.8 %		_	
1250 E	P2	2928	1705	862	3035	107	1688	889	12.4 %	18.3 %		30.8%	7.2 %	10.6 %			1
1250 E	P3	2913	1708	858	3015	102	1691	884	12.3 %	18.3 %	20.7%	30.9%	7.1 %	10.6 %		_	721
1250 E	P4	2968	1697	875	3055	87	1684	895	12.5 %	18.3 %	21.0 %	30.6%	7.2 %	10.4%		_	-
1400 A	00	2924	1788	905	2947	23	1789	907	10.9 %	15.6 %	22.4 %	32.0%	7.8 %	11.2 %	_	-	725
1400 A	01	3249	1719	995	4002	753	1607	1143	16.7 %	15.5 %	27.6 %	25.5 %	7.6 %	7.1 %	-	-	723
1400 A	02	3294	1710	1006	4002	753		1150	16.9 %	15.4 %	27.0 %	25.3 %	7.6 %	7.0 %	-	-	-
	03	3279					1601								-	-	726
1400 A			1713	1002	4032	753	1603	1148	16.8 %	15.4 %	27.7 %	25.4%	7.6 %	7.0 %	-	-	-
1400 A	04	3354	1699	1020	4107	753	1594	1160	17.2 %	15.4 %	27.9 %	25.1 %	7.6 %	6.8 %	-	-	
1400 A	P1	3074	1754	948	3170	96	1738	973	12.4 %	15.7 %	23.9%	30.2%	7.9 %	9.9 %	-	-	4
1400 A	P2	3119	1744	961	3210	91	1729	984	12.7%	15.7 %	24.2%	29.8 %	7.9 %	9.7 %	-	-	727
1400 A	P3	3104	1748	957	3200	96	1732	981	12.6 %	15.7 %	24.1%	30.0%	7.9 %	9.8 %	-	-	
1400 A	P4	3159	1736	972	3230	71	1725	989	12.8 %	15.7 %	24.3%	29.7%	7.9 %	9.6 %	-	-	
1400 E	00	2939	1788	905	2962	23	1789	907	10.9 %	15.6 %	22.4 %	32.0%	7.8 %	11.2 %	-	-	725
1400 E	01	3264	1719	995	4017	753	1607	1143	16.7 %	15.5 %	27.6 %	25.5 %	7.6 %	7.1 %	-	-	1
1400 E	02	3309	1710	1006	4062	753	1601	1150	16.9 %	15.4 %	27.7 %	25.3 %	7.6 %	7.0 %	•	-	726
1400 E	03	3294	1713	1002	4047	753	1603	1148	16.8 %	15.4 %	27.7 %	25.4%	7.6 %	7.0 %	-	-	
1400 E	04	3369	1699	1020	4122	753	1594	1160	17.2 %	15.4 %	27.9 %	25.1 %	7.6 %	6.8 %	-	-	
1400 E	P1	3089	1754	948	3185	96	1738	973	12.4 %	15.7 %	23.9%	30.2%	7.9 %	9.9 %	-	-	
1400 E	P2	3134	1744	961	3225	91	1729	984	12.7%	15.7 %	24.2%	29.8 %	7.9 %	9.7 %	-	-	707
1400 E	РЗ	3119	1748	957	3215	96	1732	981	12.6 %	15.7 %	24.1%	30.0%	7.9 %	9.8 %	-	-	727
		3174	1736	972	3245	71	1725	989	12.8 %	15.7 %	24.3%	29.7%	7.9 %	9.6 %	-	-	1

			EMPTY			OPER	ATING			DEDOEL	T4 05 14/5						
MODE	ΞL	WEIGHT	CENT		TOTAL	WEIGHT		RE OF VITY		PERCEN			OPERAT		IPPORTS		VT KIT
		(kg)	Xg	Yg	kg	Water	Xg	Yg	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
1500 A	00	3146	1771	767	3172	26	1772	771	8.9 %	16.6 %	20.1 %	37.3 %	6.0 %	11.1 %	-	-	730
1500 A	01	3501	1702	873	4257	756	1600	1034	14.7 %	16.6 %	26.0 %	29.3%	6.3 %	7.1 %	-	-	
1500 A	02	3576	1690	892	4332	756	1591	1047	15.0 %	16.5 %	26.3 %	28.9%	6.3 %	6.9 %	-	-	
1500 A	03	3501	1702	873	4257	756	1600	1034	14.7 %	16.6 %	26.0 %	29.3%	6.3 %	7.1 %	-	-	731
1500 A	04	3576	1690	892	4332	756	1591	1047	15.0 %	16.5 %	26.3 %	28.9%	6.3 %	6.9 %	-	-	
1500 A	P1	3326	1734	824	3420	94	1720	851	10.5 %	16.7 %	21.9 %	34.8 %	6.2 %	9.8 %	-	_	
1500 A	P2	3401	1720	845	3490	89	1707	871	11.0 %	16.7 %	22.4 %	34.2%	6.2 %	9.5 %	_	_	1
1500 A	P3	3326	1734	824	3420	94	1720	851	10.5 %	16.7 %	21.9 %	34.8 %	6.2 %	9.8 %	_	_	732
1500 A	P4	3381	1724	840	3450	69	1714	860	10.7 %	16.7 %	22.2 %	34.5%	6.2 %	9.7 %	_	-	1
															-		700
1500 E	00	3161	1771	767	3187	26	1772	771	8.9 %	16.6 %	20.1 %	37.3 %	6.0 %	11.1 %	-	-	730
1500 E	01	3516	1702	873	4272	756	1600	1034	14.7 %	16.6 %	26.0 %	29.3%	6.3 %	7.1 %	-	-	
1500 E	02	3591	1690	892	4347	756	1591	1047	15.0 %	16.5 %	26.3 %	28.9%	6.3 %	6.9 %	-	-	731
1500 E	03	3516	1702	873	4272	756	1600	1034	14.7 %	16.6 %	26.0 %	29.3%	6.3 %	7.1 %	-	-	
1500 E	04	3591	1690	892	4347	756	1591	1047	15.0 %	16.5 %	26.3 %	28.9%	6.3 %	6.9 %	-	-	
1500 E	P1	3341	1734	824	3435	94	1720	851	10.5 %	16.7 %	21.9 %	34.8 %	6.2 %	9.8 %	-	-	
1500 E	P2	3416	1720	845	3505	89	1707	871	11.0 %	16.7 %	22.4 %	34.2%	6.2 %	9.5 %	-	-	700
1500 E	РЗ	3341	1734	824	3435	94	1720	851	10.5 %	16.7 %	21.9 %	34.8 %	6.2 %	9.8 %	-	-	732
1500 E	P4	3396	1724	840	3465	69	1714	860	10.7 %	16.7 %	22.2 %	34.5%	6.2 %	9.7 %	-	-	
1650 A	00	3637	2503	789	3667	30	2504	792	8.4%	15.0 %	11.7 %	20.7%	9.8 %	17.5 %	6.1 %	10.8 %	734
1650 A	01	3992	2475	879	4752	760	2433	1023	9.8 %	11.3 %	18.0 %	20.7%	12.7%	14.7 %	5.9 %	6.8 %	
1650 A	02	4067	2470	896	4827	760	2429	1035	9.9 %	11.2 %	18.3 %	20.7%	12.9 %	14.5%	5.9 %	6.6 %	
1650 A	03	4022	2473	886	4782	760	2431	1028	9.9 %	11.3 %	18.1 %	20.7%	12.8 %	14.6 %	5.9 %	6.8 %	735
1650 A	04	4127	2466	909	4887	760	2426	1044	10.0 %	11.0 %	18.6 %	20.6 %	13.0 %	14.4 %	5.9 %	6.5 %	
1650 A	P1	3817	2488	837	3920	103	2483	860	8.9 %	13.9 %	13.4 %	20.9 %	10.7 %	16.6 %	6.1 %	9.6 %	
1650 A	P2	3892	2482	855	3990	98	2478	878	9.0 %	13.6%	13.8 %	20.9 %	10.9 %	16.4 %	6.1 %	9.2 %	1
1650 A	P3	3847	2486	844	3950	103	2481	867	8.9 %	13.7 %	13.6%	20.9 %	10.8 %	16.5 %	6.1 %	9.4 %	736
1650 A	P4	3932	2479	865	4010	78	2476	882	9.0 %	13.5 %	14.0 %	20.9 %	11.0 %	16.4 %	6.1 %	9.2 %	1
1650 E	00	3652	2503	789	3682	30		792	8.4%		11.7 %	20.5 %	9.8 %	17.5 %	6.1 %	10.8 %	734
							2504			15.0 %							/34
1650 E	01	4007	2475	879	4767	760	2433	1023	9.8 %	11.3 %	18.0 %	20.7%	12.7%	14.7 %	5.9 %	6.8 %	
1650 E	02	4082	2470	896	4842	760	2429	1035	9.9 %	11.2 %	18.3 %	20.7%	12.9 %	14.5%	5.9 %	6.6 %	735
1650 E	03	4037	2473	886	4797	760	2431	1028	9.9 %	11.3 %	18.1 %	20.7%	12.8 %	14.6 %	5.9 %	6.8 %	
1650 E	04	4142	2466	909	4902	760	2426	1044	10.0 %	11.0 %	18.6 %	20.6 %	13.0 %	14.4 %	5.9 %	6.5 %	
1650 E	P1	3832	2488	837	3935	103	2483	860	8.9 %	13.9 %	13.4 %	20.9 %	10.7 %	16.6 %	6.1 %	9.6 %	
1650 E	P2	3907	2482	855	4005	98	2478	878	9.0 %	13.6%	13.8 %	20.9 %	10.9 %	16.4 %	6.1 %	9.2 %	736
1650 E	P3	3862	2486	844	3965	103	2481	867	8.9 %	13.7 %	13.6%	20.9 %	10.8 %	16.5 %	6.1 %	9.4 %	, , , ,
1650 E	P4	3947	2479	865	4025	78	2476	882	9.0 %	13.5 %	14.0 %	20.9 %	11.0 %	16.4 %	6.1 %	9.2 %	
1800 A	00	3764	2500	803	3797	33	2502	807	8.5 %	14.7 %	12.1 %	20.9 %	9.9 %	17.0 %	6.2 %	10.7 %	737
1800 A	01	4119	2473	890	4882	763	2432	1029	9.9 %	11.3 %	18.2 %	20.7%	12.7%	14.4 %	6.0 %	6.8 %	
1800 A	02	4194	2468	906	4957	763	2429	1041	9.9 %	11.1 %	18.6 %	20.7%	12.8 %	14.3%	6.0 %	6.6 %	700
1800 A	03	4149	2471	897	4912	763	2431	1034	9.9 %	11.2 %	18.4 %	20.7%	12.7%	14.4 %	6.0 %	6.8 %	738
1800 A	04	4254	2464	919	5017	763	2426	1050	10.0 %	10.9 %	18.9%	20.7%	12.9 %	14.2 %	5.9 %	6.5 %	
1800 A	P1	3944	2485	849	4040	96	2481	872	9.0 %	13.7 %	13.8 %	20.9 %	10.7 %	16.3 %	6.2 %	9.5 %	
1800 A	P2	4019	2480	867	4110	91	2476	889	9.1 %	13.4 %	14.2 %	20.9 %	10.9 %	16.1 %	6.2 %	9.2 %	
1800 A	P3	3974	2483	856	4070	96	2479	879	9.0 %	13.6%	13.9 %	20.9 %	10.8 %	16.2 %	6.2 %	9.3 %	736
1800 A	P4	4059	2477	876	4130	71	2475	894	9.1 %	13.3 %	14.3%	20.9 %	11.0 %	16.0 %	6.2 %	9.1 %	
1800 E	00	3779	2500	803	3812	33	2502	807	8.5 %	14.7 %	12.1 %	20.9 %	9.9 %	17.0 %	6.2 %	10.7 %	737
1800 E	01	4134	2473	890	4897	763	2432	1029	9.9 %	11.3 %	18.2 %	20.7%	12.7%	14.4 %	6.0 %	6.8 %	
1800 E	02	4209	2468	906	4972	763	2429	1041	9.9 %	11.1 %	18.6 %	20.7%	12.8 %	14.3%	6.0 %	6.6 %	
1800 E	03	4164	2471	897	4927	763	2431	1034	9.9 %	11.2 %	18.4 %	20.7%	12.7%	14.4 %	6.0 %	6.8 %	738
1800 E	03	4269	2464	919	5032	763	2426	1054	10.0 %	10.9 %	18.9%	20.7%	12.9 %	14.4 %	5.9 %	6.5 %	
1800 E	P1	3959	2485	849	4055	96	2481	872	9.0 %	13.7 %	13.8 %	20.9 %	10.7 %	16.3 %	6.2 %	9.5 %	
1800 E	P2	4034	2480	867	4125	91	2476	889	9.1 %	13.4 %	14.2 %	20.9 %	10.9 %	16.1 %	6.2 %	9.2 %	736
1800 E	P3	3989	2483	856	4085	96	2479	879	9.0 %	13.6%	13.9 %	20.9 %	10.8 %	16.2 %	6.2 %	9.3 %	
1800 E	P4	4074	2477	876	4145	71	2475	894	9.1 %	13.3 %	14.3%	20.9 %	11.0 %	16.0 %	6.2 %	9.1 %	

# 20.2. PERCENTAGE WEIGHT DISTRIBUTION ON THE SUPPORTS VERSION (HA - HE)

			EMPTY			OPER/	ATING			DEDCEN	TAGE WE	IGHT DIS	TRIBUTIO	N ON SI	IDDODTS		
MODE	L	WEIGHT	CENT GRA	RE OF VITY	TOTAL \	WEIGHT	CENT GRA	RE OF VITY		LINGLIA			OPERAT		in r Girro		VT KIT
		(kg)	Gy	Gx	kg	Water	Gy	Gx	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
750 HA-HE	00	1748	775	1865	1788	40	767	1868	9%	10%	15%	16 %	22 %	23%	3%	3%	23
750 HA-HE	01	1958	773	1949	2698	740	761	2064	7%	7%	15%	15%	26 %	27%	2%	2%	23
750 HA-HE	02	2018	772	1988	2758	740	761	2090	7%	7%	15%	15%	27%	27%	2%	2%	23
750 HA-HE	03	1958	773	1949	2698	740	761	2064	7%	7%	15%	15%	26 %	27%	2%	2%	23
750 HA-HE	04	2018	772	1988	2758	740	761	2090	7%	7%	15%	15%	27%	27%	2%	2%	23
750 HA-HE	P1	1808	774	1912	1848	40	766	1913	9%	10%	15%	15%	22 %	23%	3%	3%	23
750 HA-HE	P2	1868	774	1956	1908	40	766	1956	9%	9%	14%	15%	23%	24%	3%	3%	23
750 HA-HE	РЗ	1808	774	1912	1848	40	766	1913	9%	10%	15%	15%	22 %	23%	3%	3%	23
750 HA-HE	P4	1868	774	1956	1908	40	766	1956	9%	9%	14%	15%	23%	24%	3%	3%	23

			EMPTY			OPER	ATING			DEDOCA	TACE \A	ICUT DIO	TDID! IT!		IDDODTO		
MODE	L	WEIGHT	CENT		TOTAL \	WEIGHT	CENT			PERCEN		MACHINE		ON ON SU ING (%)	IPPURTS		VT KIT
		(kg)	Gy	Gx	kg	Water	Gy	Gx	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
800 HA	00	2150	1333	816	2160	10	1334	818	11.0 %	18.5%	19.6 %	33.2 %	6.6 %	11.1 %	-	-	704
800 HA	01	2470	1318	943	3210	740	1297	1139	17.1 %	15.9 %	25.2 %	23.5%	9.5 %	8.9 %	-	-	
800 HA	02	2510	1317	957	3250	740	1296	1147	17.2 %	15.8 %	25.3 %	23.2 %	9.6 %	8.8%	-	-	
800 HA	03	2500	1317	954	3240	740	1296	1145	17.2 %	15.8 %	25.3 %	23.3 %	9.6 %	8.8%	-	-	705
800 HA	04	2570	1314	977	3310	740	1294	1159	17.5 %	15.7 %	25.5 %	22.9%	9.7 %	8.7 %	-	-	
800 HA	P1	2290	1299	878	2390	100	1283	912	13.1 %	18.4 %	21.8 %	30.8%	6.6 %	9.3 %	-	-	
800 HA	P2	2330	1291	894	2430	100	1275	927	13.4 %	18.4 %	22.1 %	30.4 %	6.6 %	9.1 %	-	-	1
800 HA	РЗ	2320	1293	890	2420	100	1277	923	13.3 %	18.4 %	22.0 %	30.5 %	6.6 %	9.1 %	-	-	706
800 HA	P4	2370	1282	909	2470	100	1267	941	13.7 %	18.4 %	22.4 %	30.0%	6.6 %	8.8%	-	-	
800 HE	00	2155	1333	816	2165	10	1334	818	11.0 %	18.5%	19.6 %	33.2 %	6.6 %	11.1 %	-	-	704
800 HE	01	2475	1318	943	3215	740	1297	1139	17.1 %	15.9 %	25.2 %	23.5%	9.5 %	8.9 %	-	-	
800 HE	02	2515	1317	957	3255	740	1296	1147	17.2 %	15.8 %	25.3 %	23.2 %	9.6 %	8.8%	-	-	
800 HE	03	2505	1317	954	3245	740	1296	1145	17.2 %	15.8 %	25.3 %	23.3 %	9.6 %	8.8%	-	-	705
800 HE	04	2575	1314	977	3315	740	1294	1159	17.5 %	15.7 %	25.5 %	22.9%	9.7 %	8.7 %	-	-	
800 HE	P1	2295	1299	878	2395	100	1283	912	13.1 %	18.4 %	21.8 %	30.8%	6.6 %	9.3 %	-	-	
800 HE	P2	2335	1291	894	2435	100	1275	927	13.4 %	18.4 %	22.1 %	30.4 %	6.6 %	9.1 %	-	-	]
800 HE	РЗ	2325	1293	890	2425	100	1277	923	13.3 %	18.4 %	22.0 %	30.5 %	6.6 %	9.1 %	-	-	706
800 HE	P4	2375	1282	909	2475	100	1267	941	13.7 %	18.4 %	22.4 %	30.0%	6.6 %	8.8%	-	-	
900 HA	00	2300	1376	789	2320	20	1377	792	9.9 %	17.7 %	19.3 %	34.3 %	6.8 %	12.0 %	-	-	710
900 HA	01	2620	1357	913	3360	740	1328	1106	15.8 %	15.7 %	24.8%	24.5 %	9.6 %	9.5 %	-	-	
900 HA	02	2660	1355	926	3400	740	1327	1114	16.0 %	15.6 %	24.9%	24.3%	9.7 %	9.5 %	-	-	744
900 HA	03	2650	1355	923	3390	740	1327	1112	16.0 %	15.6 %	24.9%	24.3%	9.7 %	9.5 %	-	-	711
900 HA	04	2720	1352	945	3460	740	1325	1126	16.2 %	15.5 %	25.1 %	23.9%	9.8 %	9.4 %	-	-	
900 HA	P1	2440	1342	849	2540	100	1325	883	11.9 %	17.7 %	21.4%	31.9 %	6.9 %	10.2 %	-	-	
900 HA	P2	2480	1333	864	2580	100	1316	897	12.2 %	17.7 %	21.7%	31.5 %	6.9 %	10.0 %	-	-	740
900 HA	РЗ	2470	1335	860	2570	100	1318	893	12.1 %	17.7 %	21.6 %	31.6%	6.9 %	10.0 %	-	-	712
900 HA	P4	2520	1324	879	2620	100	1309	911	12.5 %	17.7 %	22.0 %	31.1%	6.9 %	9.7 %	-	-	
900 HE	00	2305	1376	789	2325	20	1377	792	9.9 %	17.7 %	19.3 %	34.3 %	6.8 %	12.0 %	-	-	710
900 HE	01	2625	1357	913	3365	740	1328	1106	15.8 %	15.7 %	24.8%	24.5 %	9.6 %	9.5 %		-	
900 HE	02	2665	1355	926	3405	740	1327	1114	16.0 %	15.6 %	24.9%	24.3%	9.7 %	9.5 %	•	-	744
900 HE	03	2655	1355	923	3395	740	1327	1112	16.0 %	15.6 %	24.9%	24.3%	9.7 %	9.5 %		-	711
900 HE	04	2725	1352	945	3465	740	1325	1126	16.2 %	15.5 %	25.1 %	23.9%	9.8 %	9.4 %	•	-	
900 HE	P1	2445	1342	849	2545	100	1325	883	11.9 %	17.7 %	21.4%	31.9 %	6.9 %	10.2 %	-	-	
900 HE	P2	2485	1333	864	2585	100	1316	897	12.2 %	17.7 %	21.7%	31.5 %	6.9 %	10.0 %	-	-	740
900 HE	РЗ	2475	1335	860	2575	100	1318	893	12.1 %	17.7 %	21.6 %	31.6%	6.9 %	10.0 %	,	-	712
900 HE	P4	2525	1324	879	2625	100	1309	911	12.5 %	17.7 %	22.0 %	31.1%	6.9 %	9.7 %	-	-	

			EMPTY			OPER	ATING			PERCEN	TAGE WE	IGHT DIS	TRIBLITIC	ON ON SU	IPPORTS		
MODE	L	WEIGHT	CENT	RE OF VITY	TOTAL	WEIGHT		RE OF		LINOLIN		MACHINE			,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		VT
		(kg)	Xg	Yg	kg	Water	Xg	Yg	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
1000 HA	00	2460	1356	787	2480	20	1358	790	10.0 %	17.8 %	19.6 %	35.0 %	6.3 %	11.3 %	-	-	716
1000 HA	01	2780	1341	904	3530	750	1317	1091	15.6 %	15.8 %	24.9%	25.3 %	9.1 %	9.2 %	-	-	
1000 HA	02	2820	1339	917	3570	750	1316	1099	15.7 %	15.8 %	25.0%	25.1 %	9.2 %	9.2 %	-	-	1
1000 HA	03	2810	1339	914	3560	750	1316	1097	15.7 %	15.8 %	25.0%	25.2 %	9.1 %	9.2 %	-	-	711
1000 HA	04	2880	1337	935	3630	750	1314	1110	16.0 %	15.7 %	25.2 %	24.8%	9.3 %	9.1 %	-	-	1
1000 HA	P1	2600	1325	844	2710	110	1310	876	11.8 %	17.9 %	21.6 %	32.6 %	6.4 %	9.7 %	-	-	
1000 HA	P2	2640	1318	858	2750	110	1303	890	12.1 %	17.8 %	21.9 %	32.3 %	6.4 %	9.5 %	_	-	1
1000 HA	P3	2630	1319	855	2740	110	1305	886	12.0 %	17.8 %	21.8 %	32.4 %	6.4 %	9.5 %	-	-	712
1000 HA	P4	2680	1310	872	2790	110	1296	903	12.4 %	17.8 %	22.2 %	31.9 %	6.4 %	9.2 %	_	_	-
		2465		787													
1000 HE	00		1356		2485	20	1358	790	10.0 %	17.8 %	19.6 %	35.0 %	6.3 %	11.3 %	-	-	716
1000 HE	01	2785	1341	904	3535	750	1317	1091	15.6 %	15.8 %	24.9%	25.3 %	9.1 %	9.2 %	-	-	
1000 HE	02	2825	1339	917	3575	750	1316	1099	15.7 %	15.8 %	25.0%	25.1 %	9.2 %	9.2 %	-	-	711
1000 HE	03	2815	1339	914	3565	750	1316	1097	15.7 %	15.8 %	25.0%	25.2 %	9.1 %	9.2 %	-	-	
1000 HE	04	2885	1337	935	3635	750	1314	1110	16.0 %	15.7 %	25.2 %	24.8%	9.3 %	9.1 %	-	-	
1000 HE	P1	2605	1325	844	2715	110	1310	876	11.8 %	17.9 %	21.6 %	32.6 %	6.4 %	9.7 %	-	-	
1000 HE	P2	2645	1318	858	2755	110	1303	890	12.1 %	17.8 %	21.9 %	32.3 %	6.4 %	9.5 %	-	-	740
1000 HE	РЗ	2635	1319	855	2745	110	1305	886	12.0 %	17.8 %	21.8 %	32.4 %	6.4 %	9.5 %	-	-	712
1000 HE	P4	2685	1310	872	2795	110	1296	903	12.4 %	17.8 %	22.2 %	31.9 %	6.4 %	9.2 %	-	-	1
1250 HA	00	2750	1749	791	2775	25	1751	794	10.3 %	18.2 %	18.9%	33.6 %	6.8 %	12.1 %	-	-	719
1250 HA	01	3070	1682	896	3830	760	1572	1071	16.5 %	17.4%	25.1 %	26.5 %	7.1 %	7.4 %	-	-	
1250 HA	02	3110	1674	907	3870	760	1567	1077	16.6 %	17.3 %	25.3 %	26.3 %	7.1 %	7.3 %	-	-	1
1250 HA	03	3100	1676	905	3860	760	1569	1075	16.6 %	17.4%	25.2 %	26.4 %	7.1 %	7.4 %	-	-	720
1250 HA	04	3170	1663	924	3930	760	1560	1088	16.9 %	17.3 %	25.5 %	26.1 %	7.0 %	7.2 %	-	-	1
1250 HA	P1	2900	1717	841	3010	110	1701	871	11.9 %	18.1 %	20.7%	31.6%	7.0 %	10.7 %	-	-	
1250 HA	P2	2940	1708	854	3050	110	1693	883	12.1 %	18.1 %	21.0 %	31.3 %	7.0 %	10.5 %	_	-	-
	P3																721
1250 HA		2930	1711	851	3040	110	1695	880	12.1 %	18.1 %	20.9 %	31.3 %	7.0 %	10.6 %	-	-	4
1250 HA	P4	2980	1700	867	3090	110	1685	895	12.4 %	18.1 %	21.2%	31.0 %	7.1 %	10.3 %	-	-	
1250 HE	00	2755	1749	791	2780	25	1751	794	10.3 %	18.2 %	18.9%	33.6 %	6.8 %	12.1 %	-	-	719
1250 HE	01	3075	1682	896	3835	760	1572	1071	16.5 %	17.4%	25.1 %	26.5 %	7.1 %	7.4 %	-	-	
1250 HE	02	3115	1674	907	3875	760	1567	1077	16.6 %	17.3 %	25.3 %	26.3 %	7.1 %	7.3 %	-	-	720
1250 HE	03	3105	1676	905	3865	760	1569	1075	16.6 %	17.4%	25.2 %	26.4 %	7.1 %	7.4 %	-	-	] /20
1250 HE	04	3175	1663	924	3935	760	1560	1088	16.9 %	17.3 %	25.5 %	26.1 %	7.0 %	7.2 %	-	-	
1250 HE	P1	2905	1717	841	3015	110	1701	871	11.9 %	18.1 %	20.7%	31.6%	7.0 %	10.7 %	-	-	
1250 HE	P2	2945	1708	854	3055	110	1693	883	12.1 %	18.1 %	21.0 %	31.3 %	7.0 %	10.5 %	-	-	704
1250 HE	РЗ	2935	1711	851	3045	110	1695	880	12.1 %	18.1 %	20.9 %	31.3 %	7.0 %	10.6 %	-	-	721
1250 HE	P4	2985	1700	867	3095	110	1685	895	12.4 %	18.1 %	21.2%	31.0 %	7.1 %	10.3 %	-	-	
1400 HA	00	2990	1791	900	3020	30	1792	902	10.6 %	15.2 %	22.8%	32.8 %	7.6 %	10.9 %	-	-	725
1400 HA	01	3315	1724	988	4075	760	1613	1135	16.3 %	15.3 %	27.9 %	26.1 %	7.5 %	7.0 %	-	-	
1400 HA	02	3360	1715	999	4120	760	1607	1142	16.5 %	15.3 %	28.0 %	25.9 %	7.4 %	6.9 %	-	-	
1400 HA	03	3345	1718	996	4105	760	1609	1140	16.4 %	15.3 %	28.0 %	26.0 %	7.4 %	6.9 %	-	-	726
1400 HA	04	3420	1704	1013	4180	760	1600	1152	16.7 %	15.2 %	28.2 %	25.7%	7.4 %	6.7 %	-	-	
1400 HA	P1	3140	1758	943	3250	110	1742	967	12.1 %	15.4 %	24.3%	30.9%	7.7 %	9.8 %	-	-	
1400 HA	P2	3190	1749	955	3300	110	1734	979	12.3 %	15.4 %	24.5 %	30.6%	7.7 %	9.6 %	-	-	1
1400 HA	P3	3170	1752	951	3280	110	1734	975	12.2 %	15.4 %	24.4 %	30.7 %	7.7 %	9.6 %	-	-	727
	P4		1732	966					12.6 %					9.4 %			-
1400 HA		3230			3340	110	1726	989		15.4 %	24.7%	30.3%	7.7 %		-	-	707
1400 HE	00	3000	1791	900	3030	30	1792	902	10.6 %	15.2 %	22.8%	32.8 %	7.6 %	10.9 %	-	-	725
1400 HE	01	3325	1724	988	4085	760	1613	1135	16.3 %	15.3 %	27.9 %	26.1 %	7.5 %	7.0 %	-	-	
1400 HE	02	3370	1715	999	4130	760	1607	1142	16.5 %	15.3 %	28.0 %	25.9 %	7.4 %	6.9 %	-	-	726
1400 HE	03	3355	1718	996	4115	760	1609	1140	16.4 %	15.3 %	28.0 %	26.0 %	7.4 %	6.9 %	-	-	
1400 HE	04	3430	1704	1013	4190	760	1600	1152	16.7 %	15.2 %	28.2 %	25.7%	7.4 %	6.7 %	-	-	
1400 HE	P1	3150	1758	943	3260	110	1742	967	12.1 %	15.4 %	24.3%	30.9%	7.7 %	9.8 %	-	-	
1400 HE	P2	3200	1749	955	3310	110	1734	979	12.3 %	15.4 %	24.5 %	30.6%	7.7 %	9.6 %	-	-	707
1400 HE	РЗ	3180	1752	951	3290	110	1737	975	12.2 %	15.4 %	24.4 %	30.7 %	7.7 %	9.6 %	-	-	727
	P4	3240	1741	966	3350	110	1726	989	12.6 %	15.4 %	24.7%	30.3%	7.7 %	9.4 %	-	-	

			EMPTY			OPER	ATING			PERCEN	TAGE WE	IGHT DIS	TRIBLITIC	N ON SI	JPPORTS		
MODE	L	WEIGHT	CENT		TOTAL	WEIGHT		RE OF		FLHCLIV			OPERAT		FFORIS		VT KIT
		(kg)	Xg	Yg	kg	Water	Xg	Yg	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
1500 HA	00	3190	1774	765	3220	30	1775	768	8.7 %	16.3 %	20.3 %	37.8 %	5.9 %	10.9 %	-	-	730
1500 HA	01	3550	1706	868	4310	760	1605	1028	14.4 %	16.4 %	26.1 %	29.8 %	6.2 %	7.1 %	-	-	
1500 HA	02	3620	1694	888	4380	760	1596	1042	14.7 %	16.4 %	26.4 %	29.4 %	6.2 %	6.9 %	-	-	
1500 HA	03	3550	1706	868	4310	760	1605	1028	14.4 %	16.4 %	26.1 %	29.8 %	6.2 %	7.1 %	-	-	731
1500 HA	04	3620	1694	888	4380	760	1596	1042	14.7 %	16.4 %	26.4 %	29.4 %	6.2 %	6.9 %	-	-	
1500 HA	P1	3375	1738	820	3485	110	1724	847	10.3 %	16.5 %	22.1 %	35.4 %	6.1 %	9.7 %	-	-	
1500 HA	P2	3450	1724	841	3560	110	1711	867	10.7 %	16.5 %	22.6 %	34.7 %	6.1 %	9.4 %	-	-	
1500 HA	РЗ	3375	1738	820	3485	110	1724	847	10.3 %	16.5 %	22.1 %	35.4 %	6.1 %	9.7 %	_	_	732
1500 HA	P4	3430	1728	836	3540	110	1714	862	10.6 %	16.5 %	22.5%	34.9 %	6.1 %	9.5 %	_	_	
1500 HE	00	3200	1774	765	3230	30	1775	768	8.7 %	16.3 %	20.3 %	37.8 %	5.9 %	10.9 %	-	-	700
1500 HE	01	3560	1706	868	4320	760	1605	1028	14.4 %	16.4 %	26.1 %	29.8 %	6.2 %	7.1 %		-	730
	02			888		760									-		
1500 HE		3630	1694		4390		1596	1042	14.7 %	16.4 %	26.4 %	29.4 %	6.2 %	6.9 %	-	-	731
1500 HE	03	3560	1706	868	4320	760	1605	1028	14.4 %	16.4 %	26.1 %	29.8 %	6.2 %	7.1 %	-	-	
1500 HE	04	3630	1694	888	4390	760	1596	1042	14.7 %	16.4 %	26.4 %	29.4 %	6.2 %	6.9 %	-	-	
1500 HE	P1	3385	1738	820	3495	110	1724	847	10.3 %	16.5 %	22.1 %	35.4 %	6.1 %	9.7 %	-	-	
1500 HE	P2	3460	1724	841	3570	110	1711	867	10.7 %	16.5 %	22.6 %	34.7 %	6.1 %	9.4 %	-	-	732
1500 HE	РЗ	3385	1738	820	3495	110	1724	847	10.3 %	16.5 %	22.1 %	35.4 %	6.1 %	9.7 %	-	-	,52
1500 HE	P4	3440	1728	836	3550	110	1714	862	10.6 %	16.5 %	22.5%	34.9 %	6.1 %	9.5 %	-	-	
1650 HA	00	3680	2506	786	3710	30	2507	789	8.2 %	14.7 %	11.7 %	21.0 %	9.9 %	17.8 %	6.0 %	10.7 %	734
1650 HA	01	4040	2478	875	4800	760	2436	1018	9.7 %	11.2 %	18.0 %	20.9 %	12.8 %	14.9 %	5.8 %	6.8 %	
1650 HA	02	4110	2473	892	4870	760	2432	1030	9.7 %	11.1 %	18.3 %	20.8 %	13.0 %	14.7 %	5.8 %	6.6 %	
1650 HA	03	4070	2476	882	4830	760	2434	1022	9.7 %	11.2 %	18.1 %	20.9 %	12.9 %	14.8 %	5.8 %	6.7 %	735
1650 HA	04	4170	2469	905	4930	760	2429	1039	9.8 %	10.9 %	18.6 %	20.8 %	13.1 %	14.6 %	5.8 %	6.4 %	
1650 HA	P1	3865	2491	833	3975	110	2486	856	8.7 %	13.7 %	13.4 %	21.1 %	10.8 %	16.9 %	6.0 %	9.4 %	
1650 HA	P2	3940	2485	852	4050	110	2481	874	8.8%	13.4 %	13.9 %	21.1 %	11.0 %	16.7 %	6.0 %	9.1 %	
1650 HA	РЗ	3895	2489	841	4005	110	2484	863	8.8%	13.6%	13.6%	21.1 %	10.9 %	16.8 %	6.0 %	9.3 %	736
1650 HA	P4	3980	2482	861	4090	110	2478	883	8.9 %	13.3 %	14.1 %	21.1 %	11.1 %	16.6 %	6.0 %	9.0 %	
1650 HE	00	3690	2506	786	3720	30	2507	789	8.2 %	14.7 %	11.7 %	21.0 %	9.9 %	17.8 %	6.0 %	10.7 %	734
1650 HE	01	4050	2478	875	4810	760	2436	1018	9.7 %	11.2 %	18.0 %	20.9 %	12.8 %	14.9 %	5.8 %	6.8 %	734
1650 HE	02	4120	2473	892	4880	760	2432	1030	9.7 %	11.1 %	18.3 %	20.8 %	13.0 %	14.7 %	5.8 %	6.6 %	
1650 HE	03			882		760		1022			18.1 %	20.8 %				6.7 %	735
		4080	2476		4840		2434		9.7 %	11.2 %			12.9 %	14.8 %	5.8 %		
1650 HE	04	4180	2469	905	4940	760	2429	1039	9.8 %	10.9 %	18.6 %	20.8 %	13.1 %	14.6 %	5.8 %	6.4 %	
1650 HE	P1	3875	2491	833	3985	110	2486	856	8.7 %	13.7 %	13.4 %	21.1 %	10.8 %	16.9 %	6.0 %	9.4 %	
1650 HE		3950	2485	852	4060	110	2481	874	8.8%	13.4 %	13.9 %	21.1 %	11.0 %	16.7 %	6.0 %	9.1 %	736
1650 HE	РЗ	3905	2489	841	4015	110	2484	863	8.8%	13.6%	13.6%	21.1 %	10.9 %	16.8 %	6.0 %	9.3 %	
1650 HE	P4	3990	2482	861	4100	110	2478	883	8.9 %	13.3 %	14.1 %	21.1 %	11.1 %	16.6 %	6.0 %	9.0 %	
1800 HA	00	3800	2503	802	3840	40	2505	805	8.4%	14.5%	12.2 %	21.1 %	10.0 %	17.3 %	6.0 %	10.5 %	737
1800 HA	01	4165	2477	887	4925	760	2436	1024	9.7 %	11.1 %	18.2 %	20.9 %	12.8 %	14.7 %	5.9 %	6.7 %	
1800 HA	02	4240	2471	903	5000	760	2432	1036	9.8 %	11.0 %	18.6 %	20.9 %	12.9 %	14.5%	5.8 %	6.6 %	738
1800 HA	03	4195	2474	893	4955	760	2434	1029	9.7 %	11.1 %	18.4 %	20.9 %	12.8 %	14.6 %	5.9 %	6.7 %	/36
1800 HA	04	4300	2468	916	5060	760	2429	1045	9.8 %	10.8 %	18.8 %	20.8 %	13.0 %	14.4 %	5.8 %	6.4 %	
1800 HA	P1	3995	2489	847	4105	110	2485	869	8.8%	13.5 %	13.8 %	21.2%	10.8 %	16.6 %	6.1 %	9.3 %	
1800 HA	P2	4065	2484	864	4175	110	2479	886	8.9 %	13.2 %	14.3%	21.2%	11.0 %	16.4 %	6.1 %	9.0 %	700
1800 HA	РЗ	4025	2487	854	4135	110	2482	876	8.8%	13.4 %	14.0 %	21.2%	10.9 %	16.5 %	6.1 %	9.2 %	736
1800 HA	P4	4105	2481	874	4215	110	2477	895	9.0 %	13.1 %	14.5%	21.2%	11.1 %	16.3 %	6.1 %	8.9 %	
1800 HE	00	3810	2503	802	3850	40	2505	805	8.4%	14.5%	12.2 %	21.1 %	10.0 %	17.3 %	6.0 %	10.5 %	737
1800 HE	01	4175	2477	887	4935	760	2436	1024	9.7 %	11.1 %	18.2 %	20.9 %	12.8 %	14.7 %	5.9 %	6.7 %	
1800 HE	02	4250	2471	903	5010	760	2432	1036	9.8 %	11.0 %	18.6 %	20.9 %	12.9 %	14.5%	5.8 %	6.6 %	
1800 HE	03	4205	2474	893	4965	760	2434	1029	9.7 %	11.1 %	18.4 %	20.9 %	12.8 %	14.6 %	5.9 %	6.7 %	738
1800 HE	03	4310	2468	916	5070	760	2429	1045	9.8 %	10.8 %	18.8 %	20.8 %	13.0 %	14.4 %	5.8 %	6.4 %	
	D4	4005		847	4115	110											
1800 HE			2489				2485	869	8.8%	13.5 %	13.8 %	21.2%	10.8 %	16.6 %	6.1 %	9.3 %	
1800 HE	P2	4075	2484	864	4185	110	2479	886	8.9 %	13.2 %	14.3%	21.2%	11.0 %	16.4 %	6.1 %	9.0 %	736
1800 HE	P3	4035	2487	854	4145	110	2482	876	8.8%	13.4 %	14.0 %	21.2%	10.9 %	16.5 %	6.1 %	9.2 %	
1800 HE	P4	4115	2481	874	4225	110	2477	895	9.0 %	13.1 %	14.5%	21.2%	11.1 %	16.3 %	6.1 %	8.9 %	

## 21. SAFETY WARNINGS AND REGULATIONS



## Safety warnings

The unit must be installed by an authorised and qualified technician, in compliance with the national legislation in force in the country of destination (MD 329/2004).

We shall not be held responsible for any damage whatsoever resulting from the non-compliance with these instructions.

the personnel in charge must know

Before starting any kind of work, it is necessary TO READ CAREFULLY THE INSTRUCTIONS, AND TO PER-FORM THE SAFETY CHECKS TO RE-DUCE ANY RISK TO A MINIMUM. AII

the operations and possible risks that may arise when all the unit installation operations begin.

## Danger!

The refrigerant circuit is under steam. High temperatures are also possible. The unit may only be opened by a SAT service technician or by an authorised and qualified technician. The operations in the cooling circuit can only be performed by a qualified refrigeration technician.

#### GAS R410A

The unit is delivered with the necessary amount of refrigerant R410A for its operation. It is a refrigerant without chlorine that is not harmful for the ozone layer. R410A is not flammable. However, all maintenance operations must only be carried out by a specialised technician with the suitable protection equipment

Risk of electric discharge!

Before opening the unit, it is necessary to disconnect the device completely from the mains.

## 22. RECEIVING THE PRODUCT

#### 22.1. HANDLING

Before installing the unit, decide with the customer the position in which it will be placed, pay attention to the following points:

- The support surface must be able to withstand the weight of the unit.
- The selected place must be large enough for laying the necessary pipes.
- Take into account that when the chiller is working, vibrations may be generated; it is therefore advisable to install anti-vibration supports (VT - AVX accessories), fitting them to the holes in the base according to the assembly diagram.
- It is compulsory to provide the nec-

essary technical clearances, to allow ROUTINE AND EXTRAORDINARY MAINTENANCE INTERVENTIONS.

## 22.2. POSITIONING

Before moving the unit, check the lifting capacity of the machines used.

Once the packaging has been removed, the unit must

be handled by qualified personnel, using the appropriate equipment.

To handle the machine:

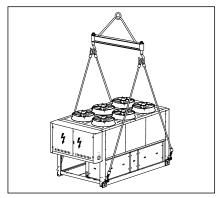
"IN THE EVENT OF LIFTING", hook the lifting cables to the special eyebolts (as indicated in the figure).

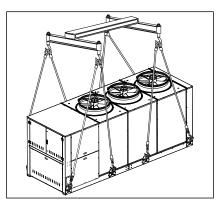
In order to avoid damaging the unit with the cables, insert protection elements between them and the machine. Is it absolutely forbidden to stand beneath the unit.

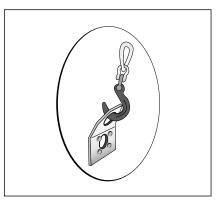
#### NR

The warranty of the device does not in any case cover costs owing to ladder trucks, lifts or other lifting systems that may be required in order to carry out the interventions under guarantee.

## 22.3. HANDLING EXAMPLE



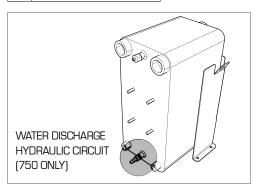


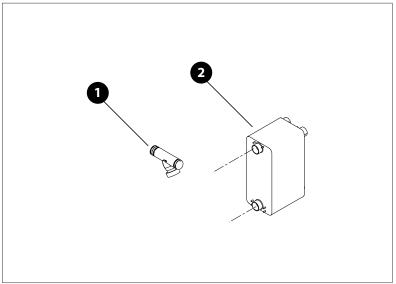


## 23. HYDRAULIC CIRCUITS

# 23.1. HYDRAULIC CIRCUIT INTERNAL NRL "00"

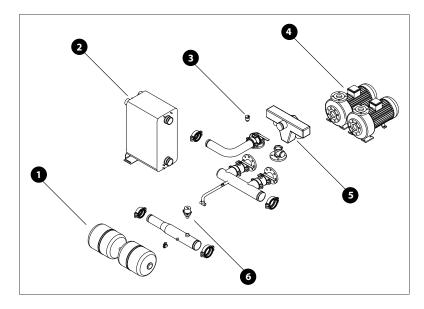
Key	
1	Heat exchanger
2	Water filter

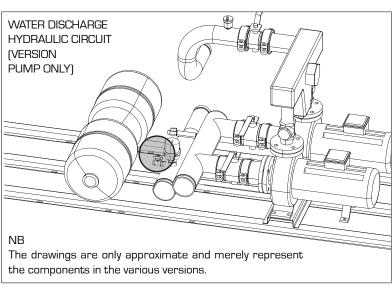




23.2. INTERNAL HYDRAULIC CIR-CUIT NRL"P1-P2-P3-P4"

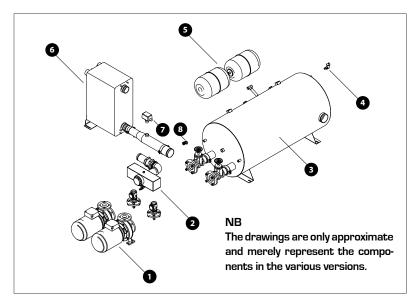
Key	
1	Expansion tanks
2	Plate heat exchanger
3	Drain valve
4	Pump unit
5	Water filter
6	Flow switch

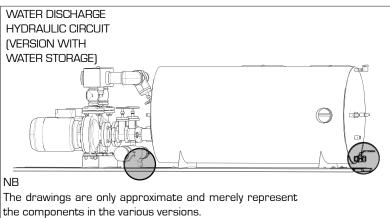




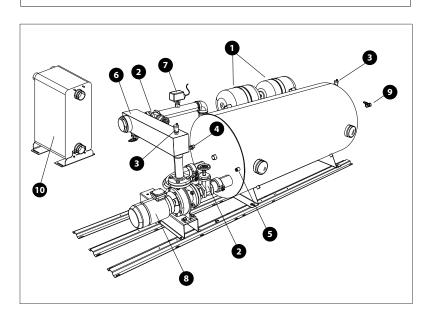
# 23.3. INTERNAL HYDRAULIC CIRCUIT NRL "01-02-03-04-05-06-07-08"

Key			
1	Pump unit	5	Expansion tanks
2	Water filter	6	Heat exchanger
3	Accumulation	7	Flow switch
4	Drain valve	8	Safety valve





# 23.4. INTERNAL HYDRAULIC CIRCUIT NRL "09 -10"



Key			
1	Expansion vessel	6	Filter
2	Shut-off valve	7	Flow switch
3	Vent valve	8	Pump
4	Safety valve (6 bar)	9	Storage tank draining
5	Probe	10	Plate heat exchanger

#### NB:

The presence of the filter should be considered obligatory, and ITS REMOV-AL WILL MAKE THE GUARANTEE void. It must be kept clean, so it is necessary to check its clean state after the installation of the unit, and check it regularly.

The installation of the shutoff valves is recommended, to be able to disconnect the machine from the system, or for maintenance operations.

## EXTERNAL HYDRAULIC CIRCUIT RECOMMENDED

The choice and installation of components aside of the NRL is the responsibility of the installer, who must

use good working practices and observe the standards in force in the destination country (M.D. 329/2004).

#### You are advised to install:

- the charging unit/air vent
- anti-vibration joints
- a pump (if it is not supplied with the machine)
- an expansion tank (if it is not supplied with the machine)
- shutoff taps
- a flow switch
- a safety valve (if it is not supplied with the machine)
- pressure gauges
- Drain tap chiller in the tube, outgoing evaporator (for standard versions, except size 750)

#### NB

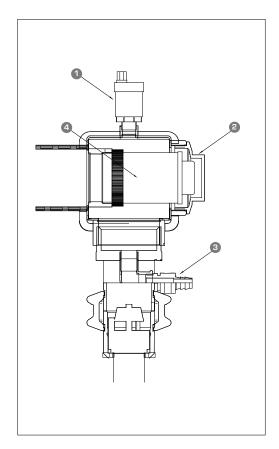
The hydraulic piping for connection to the machine must be properly scaled for the actual water flow rate required by the plant when working. The water flow rate to the heat exchanger must always be constant.

## 24. FILTER MAINTENANCE

#### 24.1. FILTER CLEANING PROCE-DURE:

(type of filter only assembled in the version with water accumulator and pump).

- Stop the machine.
- Turn on the filter discharge tap.
- Loosen the hexagonal nut on the filter head, remove the metal ring nut, and clean it.
- Replace the ring nut in the filter housing and retighten the hexagonal nut.



Key	
1	Drain valve
2	Hexagonal nut
3	Filter discharge tap
4	Metal ring nut housing

1

All electrical operations must be carried out BY QUALIFIED PERSONNEL, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CORRESPONDING REGULATIONS, trained and informed about the risks related to such operations.



The characteristics of electric lines and related components must be established by PERSONNEL AUTHORISED TO DESIGN ELECTRIC INSTALLATIONS, following international regulations and the national regulations of the country in which the unit is installed, in compliance with the legislative regulations in force at the moment of installation.



For installation requirements, the wiring layout supplied with the unit must be compulsory referred to. The wiring layout together with the manuals must be kept in good conditions and readily ACCESSIBLE FOR FUTURE OPERATIONS ON THE UNIT.



It is compulsory to check the machine sealing before connecting the electrical wiring. The machine should only be powered once the hydraulic and electric operations are completed.

The units are fully wired in the factory, and therefore only need to be connected to the mains supply. You are advised to check the characteristics of the mains supply, to ensure it is suitable for the levels indicated in the electric data table, also taking into consideration any other equipment that may be operating at the same time.

## 24.2. LINES AND ELECTRIC DATA FOR THE UNIT

#### NB

## Connection cables are not supplied.

The cable sections shown in tab. 24.2 are recommended for a maximum length of 50m. For longer lengths, the DESIGN-ER must size the power supply line and the earthing connection accordingly, on the basis of:

- the length
- the type of cable
- unit absorption, its physical position and the room temperature

#### 24.3. ELECTRICAL DATA

0750         all         95mm²         1.5mm²         50mm²         200A           0800         all         95mm²         1.5mm²         50mm²         200A           0900         all         95mm²         1.5mm²         50mm²         250A	MODEL	ODEL VERSION	SECT. A mm <sup>2</sup>	SECT. B mm <sup>2</sup>	Earth (section PER) mm <sup>2</sup>	IL A
0900 all 95mm² 1.5mm² 50mm² 250A	0750	750 all	95mm²	1.5mm <sup>2</sup>	50mm <sup>2</sup>	200A
	0800	800 all	95mm²	1.5mm <sup>2</sup>	50mm <sup>2</sup>	200A
4000 " 05 0 45 0 50 0 0504	0900	900 all	95mm²	1.5mm <sup>2</sup>	50mm <sup>2</sup>	250A
1000   all   95mm <sup>2</sup>   1.5mm <sup>2</sup>   50mm <sup>2</sup>   250A	1000	DOO all	95mm²	1.5mm <sup>2</sup>	50mm <sup>2</sup>	250A
1250 all 120mm <sup>2</sup> 1.5mm <sup>2</sup> 70mm <sup>2</sup> 315A	1250	250 all	120mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5mm <sup>2</sup>	70mm <sup>2</sup>	315A
1400 all 120mm <sup>2</sup> 1.5mm <sup>2</sup> 70mm <sup>2</sup> 315A	1400	400 all	120mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5mm <sup>2</sup>	70mm <sup>2</sup>	315A
1500 all 185mm <sup>2</sup> 1.5mm <sup>2</sup> 95mm <sup>2</sup> 350A	1500	500 all	185mm²	1.5mm <sup>2</sup>	95mm²	350A
1650 all 2x185mm <sup>2</sup> 1.5mm <sup>2</sup> 150mm <sup>2</sup> 400A	1650	650 all	2x185mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5mm <sup>2</sup>	150mm <sup>2</sup>	400A
1800 all 2x185mm² 1.5mm² 150mm² 400A	1800	BOO all	2x185mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5mm <sup>2</sup>	150mm <sup>2</sup>	400A

## NΒ

Check that all power cables are correctly secured to the terminals when switched on for the first time and after 30 days of use. Afterwards, check the connection of the power cables every six months.

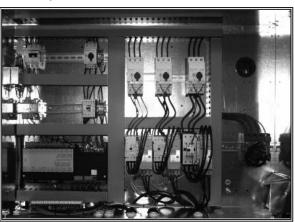
Slack terminals could cause the cables and components to overheat.

Key	
[*]Sect A	Power supply
Sect. B	Remote panel
Earth	Earth to bring to the machine
IL	Main switch

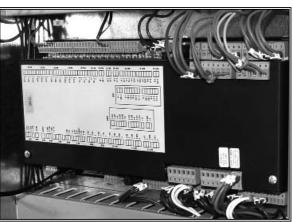
## [\*]Sect A

Power supply 400V-3N-50Hz only for size 750 Power supply 400V-3-50Hz from size 800 to size 1800

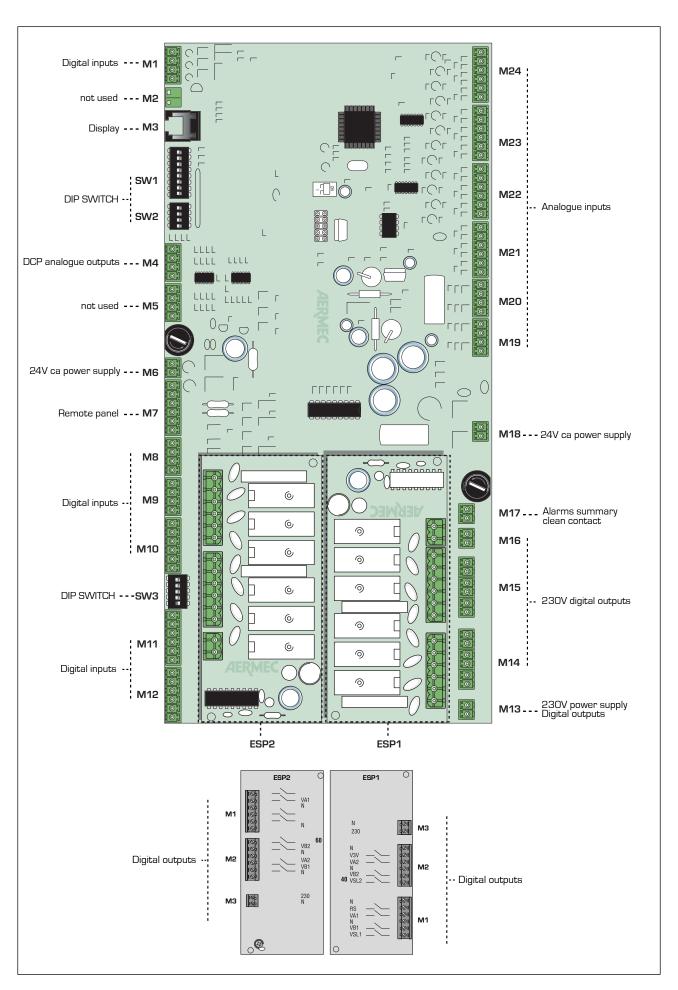
## Electrical panel



#### GR3



## 24.4. "GR3" CONTROL BOARD

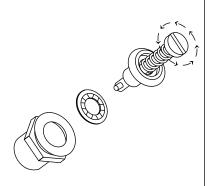


# 24.5. CONNECTION TO THE ELECTRICAL POWER SUPPLY

 Check there is no voltage on the electric line you want to use.

## To access the electric box:

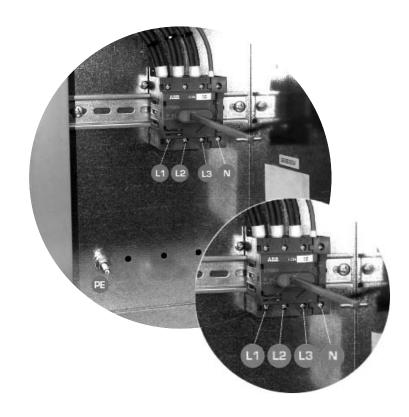
- 1 Make a 1/4 turn of the screw, anticlockwise



 2 Turn the handle of the door-block disconnecting switch to OFF, then lock it and affix the warning notice.



The figures below show the various parts to facilitate the various line connections.



Key			
L1	Line 1	N	Neutral
L2	Line 2	PE	Earth
L3	Line 3		



Hole for electric cables



PE: earth connection

## 25. START-UP

## 25.1. PRELIMINARY OPERATIONS

#### WARNING

Before carrying out the controls indicated below, ensure that the unit is disconnected from the mains supply.

Ensure that the main switch is turned to OFF and locked in position, and attach a warning sign to the switch. Before beginning the operations, check the absence of voltage by means of a voltmeter or a phase detector.

#### 25.1.1. Electrical checks

- Check the general power supply cables are of a suitable section, able to withstand the overall absorption of the unit (see electrical data), and that the unit has been duly earthed.
- Check all the electrical connections are correctly fixed and all the terminals adequately closed. The following operations must be carried out when the unit is not powered up.
- Power up the unit by turning the main switch to ON. The display will come on a few seconds after the machine is powered up, check that the operation status is at OFF (OFF BY KEYB at the bottom of the display).
- Using a tester, check that the value of the supply voltage to the RST phases is equal to 400V ±10%, furthermore, check that the imbalance between the phases is not more than 3%.
- Check that the connections made by the installer comply with the data given here.
- Check that the electric heater(s) of the compressor casing are working, by measuring the rise in the temperature in the oil sump. The heater(s) must work for at least 24 hours before the compressor start-up, and in any case the temperature of the oil sump must be 10-15°C higher than the room temperature.

### WARNING

At least 24 hours before starting up the unit (or at the end of each period of prolonged inactivity) the unit must be powered up, to allow the heaters of the compressor carter to evaporate any refrigerant that may be present in the oil. If this precaution is not performed the compressor could be seriously damaged and the guarantee would no longer be valid.

## 25.1.2. Hydraulic circuit controls

- Check that all the hydraulic connections are correctly made and that the indications on the plates are observed.
- Check that the hydraulic system is full and under pressure, and check also that there is no air (if there is air, bleed it).

- Check that any interception valves on the system are correctly opened.
- Check that the circulation pump(s) are working, and that the water flow rate is sufficient to close the flow switch contact.
- Check the correct working of the flow switch: closing the shutoff valve at the heat exchanger outlet, the lockout alarm must appear on the display. Finally, reopen the valve and rest the lockout.

#### 25.2. START-UP

#### WARNING

Bear in mind that a free start-up service is offered by the AERMEC After Sales Service for the units of this series, at the request of Aermec customers or legitimate owners (VALID IN ITALY ONLY).

Placing machines in operation must be previously agreed on the basis of the system creation times. Before the intervention of the AERMEC After Sales Service department all the works (electrical and plumbing connections, charging and bleeding of the air of the system) must have been completed.

Before performing the checks indicated below, make sure that the unit is disconnected from the mains, using the suitable instruments

## 25.2.1. Chiller circuit checks

- Check for refrigerant gas leaks, especially near the pressure test points, pressure gauges, pressure transducers and pressure switches; (vibration during transport may have loosened the connectors).
- After a brief working period, check the level of oil in the compressor and the absence of bubbles in the liquid indicator glass. A continuous passage of vapour bubbles in cooling mode may indicate an insufficient refrigerant charge or that the thermostatic valve is incorrectly set. The presence of vapour for brief periods is, however, possible.

## 25.2.2. Overheating

Check the level of overheating by comparing the temperature indicated with a contact thermostat placed on the compressor suction and the temperature shown on the low pressure gauge (saturation temperature corresponding to the evaporation pressure).

The difference between these two temperatures gives the superheating value. Optimum values are between 4 and 8°C.

### 25.2.3. Under-cooling

Check the level of under-cooling by comparing the temperature indicated with a contact thermostat placed on the tube at the condenser outlet and the temperature shown on the high pressure gauge (saturation temperature corresponding to the con

densation pressure).

The difference between these two temperatures gives the under-cooling value. Optimum values are between 4 and 5°C in cooling mode, and between 1°C and 3°C in heat mode.

### 25.2.4. Discharge temperature

If the values of under-cooling and overheating are regular, the temperature measured in the discharge tube

at the compressor outlet must be 30/40°C higher than the condensation temperature.

#### 25.3. SYSTEM LOADING/UNLOADING

During the winter, if the system remains idle, the water in the heat exchanger may freeze, causing irreparable damage to the heat exchanger itself, the complete draining of the refrigerating circuits and, sometimes, damage to the compressors.

To avoid the risk of freezing, there are three possible solutions:

- the complete draining of the water from the heat exchanger at the end of the season, and the refilling at the start of the next season, by means of the drain valve located on the accumulation tank in the versions with accumulation and/or pump (Chapter 23)
- the operation with glycol water, with a glycol percentage chosen on the basis of the minimum outside temperature envisaged. In this case, it is necessary to take into consideration the different yields and absorption of the chiller, the measurements of the pumps and the output of the terminals
- the use of heaters in the heat exchanger (standard on all devices). In this case the heaters must always be powered for the entire winter period (machine in standby).

## **26. MAINTENANCE**

#### NB

All the routine and extraordinary maintenance operations must be carried out only by qualified personnel. Before starting any cleaning or maintenance operation, it is advisable to disconnect the unit from the power supply.

All the units are subject to wear along time.

Maintenance operations allow you to:

- uphold unit efficiency
- reduce the speed of wear
- collect information and data and understand the unit efficiency status, to prevent possible failures

IT is therefore essential to carry out regular checks:

- ANNUALLY
- SPECIAL CASES

It is advisable to keep a machine booklet (not supplied, but provided by the user), in order to keep trace of the operations carried out on the unit. In this way, it will be easier to organise the operations properly and facilitate troubleshooting. In the booklet, write down date, type of operation carried out (routine maintenance, inspection or repair), description of the operation, measures taken...

## Annual checks

Chiller circuit

- Check the chiller circuit seal, and make sure that the pipes in it have not suffered damage.
- Perform the acidity test on the oil of the chiller circuit.
- Check the functioning of the high and low pressure switches; in the event of poor functioning, replace them.
- Check for any scaling on the filterdrier and replace it if necessary.

#### Electrical checks

- Check the conditions of the electrical wires and their insulators.
- Check the functioning of the evaporator heater, and the compressor casing.

#### Mechanical checks

Check the screws on the fan grilles (and the fans themselves) are firmly tightened, as well as the compressors and the electric box, and the outer panelling of the unit. If they are poorly tightened, they produce abnormal noise and vibrations

Check the structure conditions.

If necessary, treat oxidised parts with paints suitable for eliminating or reducing oxidation.

#### Hydraulic checks

- Clean the water filter
- Eliminate the air from the circuit
- Check the water flow rate to the evaporator is always constant
- Check the state of the hydraulic piping thermal insulation
- Check the glycol percentage, when present.

## 27. DISPOSAL

#### 27.1. DISCONNECTING THE UNIT

The unit disconnection operations must be carried out by a registered technician.

Before disconnecting the unit, the following elements must be removed, if present:

- The refrigerant gas: the gas must be removed with suction devices that operate in closed circuit so that there is no gas leak in the environment.
- The glycol must not be thrown away in such a manner that affects the environment when it is removed. It must be placed in suitable containers.

## NΒ

The disposal of refrigerant gas, any glycol water, and any other material or substance must be carried out by qualified personnel and in compliance with the legislation in force, in order to avoid damage to things or people or pollution of the surrounding area.

When the unit is pending disposal, it can also be stored in the open, as exposure to the elements and temperature changes do not cause harmful effects for the environment, as long as the unit electrical, cooling and hydraulic circuits are closed and in good conditions.

## 27.2. DISMANTLING AND DIS-POSAL

In the dismantling phase, the fan, the motor and the coil, if operating, could be taken from the specialised centres for possible reuse.

#### NB

For lo dismantling/disposal, all the materials must be sent to the authorised centres in compliance with the national regulations in force. For further information on discharge contact the head office.

## 28. IMPROPER USE

The device is designed and built to ensure the maximum safety in its immediate vicinity (IP24) as well as to resist atmospheric agents.

The fans have protection grilles to prevent the unwanted intrusion of foreign bodies. The accidental opening of the electric panel with the machine in operation is prevented by the door lock sectioning device. Do not rest tools or heavy objects directly on the side heat exchanger coils, so as not to ruin the fins.

#### NIE

Do not introduce objects or allow them to fall through the grilles of the fan motors. Do not rest cutting surfaces against the thermal exchange coils.

#### 28.1. IMPORTANT SAFETY INFOR-MATION

The machine must not exceed the pressure and temperature limits indicated in the table given in the "Operating limits" paragraph of the technical manual.

Correct functioning is not guaranteed after a fire; before starting up the machine again, contact an authorised Assistance Centre.

The machine is equipped with safety valves which, in the event of excessive pressure, can discharge the high temperature gases into the atmosphere.

Wind, earthquakes and other natural phenomena of exceptional intensity have not been

taken into account.

If the unit is used in an aggressive atmosphere or with aggressive water, consult the company head office.

## WARNING

Following extraordinary maintenance interventions on the refrigerating circuit, with the replacement of components, before restarting the machine it is necessary to carry out the following operations:

- Pay the closest attention when restoring the refrigerant load indicated on the machine's rating plate (inside the electrical panel).
- Open all the taps in the chiller circuit
- Correctly connect the power supply and the earthing
- Check the hydraulic connections
- Check the water pump works properly
- Clean the water filters
- Check that the condenser coils are not dirty or clogged
- Check the correct rotation of the fan unit

## 29. REFRIGERANT GAS R410A

CHEMICAL NAME	CONCENTRATION [%]
Difluoromethane (R32)	50%
Pentafluoromethane (R125)	50%

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES		
Physical form	Liquefied gas	
Colour	Colourless	
Odour	Ethereal	
PH	neutral at (25°C)	
Boiling point/interval	-52.8°C (-63°F)	
Flash point	not inflammable	
Vapour pressure	11 740 hPa at 25°C	
Vapour pressure	21 860 hPa at 50°C	
Relative density	1.08g/cm3	
Solubility	Water: 0.15g/100ml.	

## DANGER IDENTIFICATION

if the skin comes into contact with the quickly evaporating liquid, this may cause the tissues to freeze. High vapour concentrations can provoke headaches, dizziness, sleepiness, nausea, and also lead to lipothymia. irregular heartbeat (arrhythmia).

FIRST-AID MEASURES		
	If the person is unconscious, place him on his side in a stable position and call a doctor. Do	
General information	not give anything to eat or drink to persons who have fainted. If the breathing is irregular or	
	has stopped, practise artificial respiration. If the disturbances persist, contact a doctor.	
	In the event of inhalation, breathe in fresh air. If the person has trouble breathing, give him	
Inhalation	oxygen. If breathing has stopped, practise artificial respiration.	
	Contact a doctor.	
	if the skin comes into contact with the quickly evaporating liquid, this may cause the tissues	
Contact with the skin	to freeze. In the event of contact with the liquid, heat the frozen tissues with water and call a	
Gontact with the skill	doctor. Remove contaminated clothes and footwear.	
	Wash the clothes before using them again.	
Contact with the eyes	Rinse the eyes immediately with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping the eyelids	
Contact with the eyes	open. If the irritation persists, contact a doctor.	
Note for the doctor	Do not give adrenaline or similar substances.	

	Inhalation: irregular heartbeat (arrhythmia).
	Ingestion: no specific risk.
Toxicological information	Contact with the skin: if the skin comes into contact with the quickly evaporating liquid, this
	may cause the tissues to freeze. Slightly irritating for the skin.
	Contact with the eyes: slightly irritating for the eyes.

FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES		
	Not inflammable.	
Extinction means	ASTM D-56-82; ASTM E-681.	
	In the event of a fire, use vapourised water, foam, dry chemical products or CO2.	
	Possibility of dangerous reactions being generated during a fire, due to the presence of	
	F and/or Cl groups. In the event of a fire or overheating, there is an increase in pressure and	
Particular risks from exposure	the container could explode. Use vapourised water to keep the fire-exposed containers	
Particular risks from exposure	cool. This product is not inflammable at room temperature and atmospheric	
	pressure. It could become inflammable however if mixed with pressurised air and	
	exposed to strong ignition sources.	

MEASURES TO BE ADOPTED IN THE EVENT OF ACCIDENTAL LEAKAGE	
Environmental precautions Stop the leak if there is no risk involved. Any leaks will quickly evaporate.	
Cleaning methods	The mixture evaporates

STORAGE AND HANDLING		
Handling	Open carefully to allow any internal pressure to be released gradually. Store and use away from heat, sparks, naked flames or other combustion sources. Pressurised container. Protect from direct sunlight and do not expose to temperatures above 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Ensure adequate ventilation.  Wash your hands well after touching the product.	
Warnings for safe use	<ul> <li>Ensure there is a good air flow and/or aspiration in the working environment. For saving, maintenance, dismantling and disposal, use an autonomous breathing apparatus. The vapours are heavier than the air and can provoke suffocation, reducing the oxygen available for breathing.</li> <li>Protect your hands with heatproof gloves</li> <li>Protect your eyes with safety goggles</li> <li>When handling, observe the good practices of industrial hygiene and safety.</li> </ul>	

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION	
Substance	FORANE 32
In water	Not easily biodegradable: 5% after 28d
in water	(Policy OCDE 107)
	Degradation by OH radicals: t½ life= 1472d
In the air	Ozone destruction potential: ODP (R-11) = 0
	Greenhouse effect potential of the halogenated hydrocarbons: HGWP (R-11=1) = 0.13
Bio-accumulation	Practically non-biaccumulable: log Pow = 0.21
	Policy OCDE 107

REGULATIONS INFORMATION		
EEC Directive	D.91/155/EEC modified by D. 93/112/EEC and D.2001/58/EC:	
Safety cards	Dangerous substances and preparations	
Dangerous preparations	D.199/45/EC modified by D.2001/60/EC	
	Not classified as dangerous	

DISPOSAL	
Disposal methods	Dispose of excess products and those that cannot be recycled via an authorised waste disposal firm. Refer to the information provided by the manufacturer/supplier with regard to recovery/recycling.

PERSONAL PROTECTION	
Professional exposure limit:	Difluoromethane (R32): LTEL - UK (ppm): 1000

## SYMBOLS





















### GB

Contains fluorinated greenhouse gases covered by the Kyoto Protocol R410A (Global warming potential 1980)

## ES

Contiene gases fluorados de efecto invernadero regulados por el Protocolo de Kioto R410A (Potencial de calentamiento atmosférico 1980)

#### DE

Enthält vom Kyoto-Protokoll erfasste fluorierte Treibhausgase R410A (Treibhauspotenzial 1980)

## FR

Contient des gaz à effet de serre fluorés relevant du protocole de Kyoto R410A (Potentiel de réchauffement planétaire 1980)

### IT

Contiene gas fluorurati ad effetto serra disciplinati dal protocollo di Kyoto R410A (Potenziale di riscaldamento globale 1980)

## РΤ

Contém gases fluorados com efeito de estufa abrangidos pelo Protocolo de Quioto R410A (Potencial de aquecimento global 1980)

## GR

Περιέχει φθοριούχα αέρια θερμοκηπίου καλυπτόμενα από το πρωτόκολλο του Κιότο R410A (Δυναμικό θέρμανσης του πλανήτη 1980)

## PL

Zawiera fluorowane gazy cieplarniane objęte Protokołem z Kioto R410A (Współczynnik ocieplenia globalnego 1980)

## SE

Innehåller sådana fluorerade växthusgaser som omfattas av Kyotoprotokollet R410A (Faktor för global uppvärmningspotential 1980)



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